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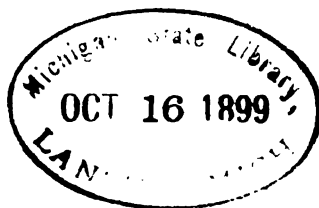
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BLUE BOOK



WISCONSIN 1899



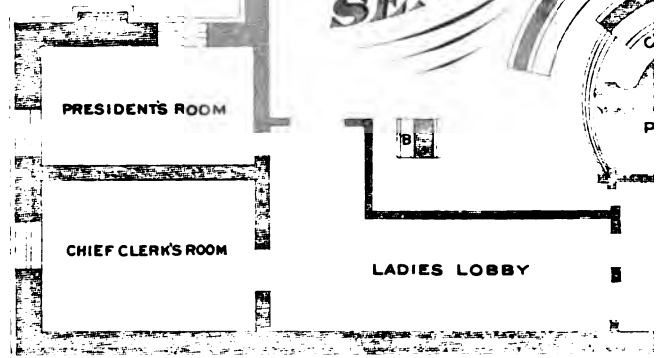
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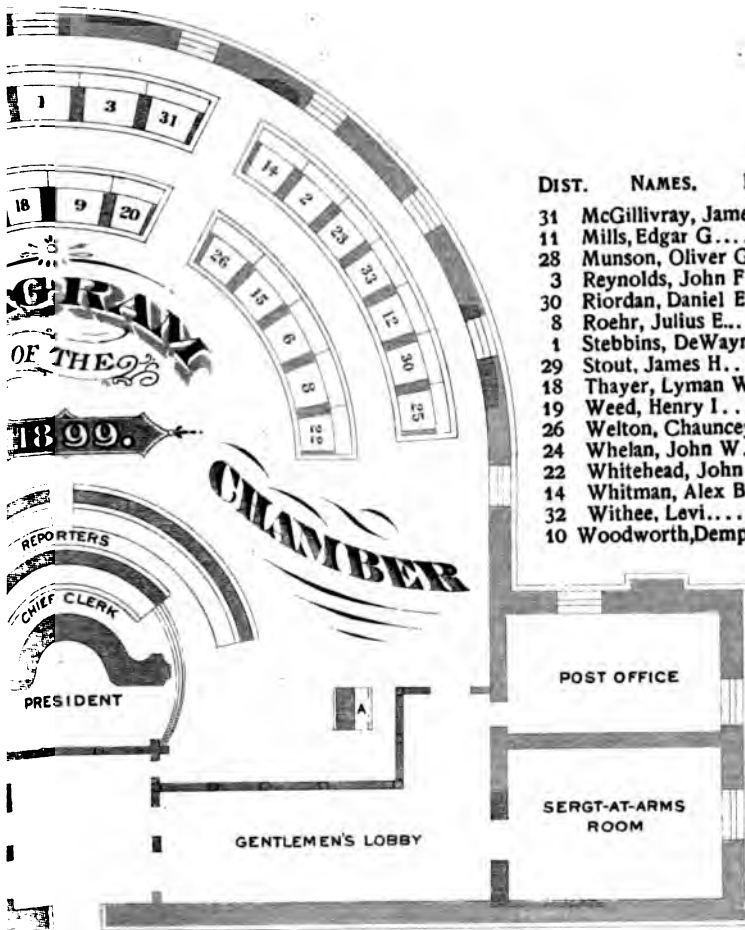
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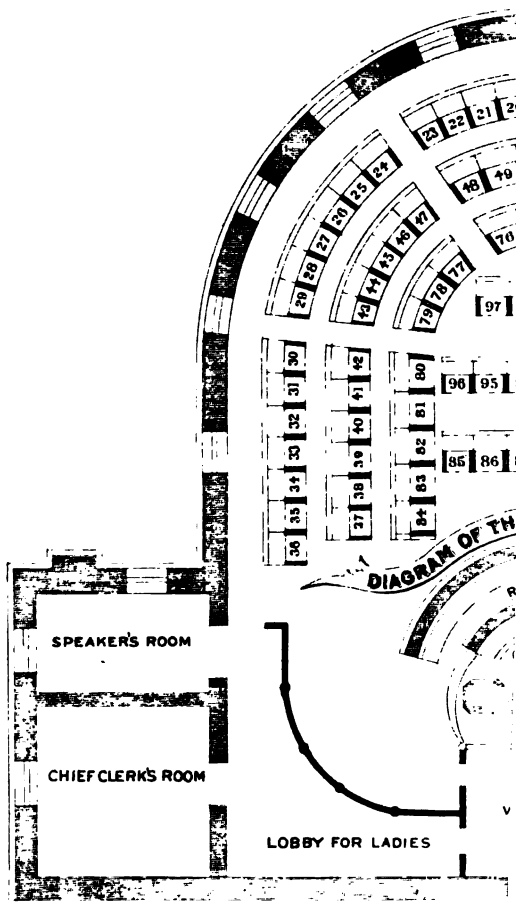
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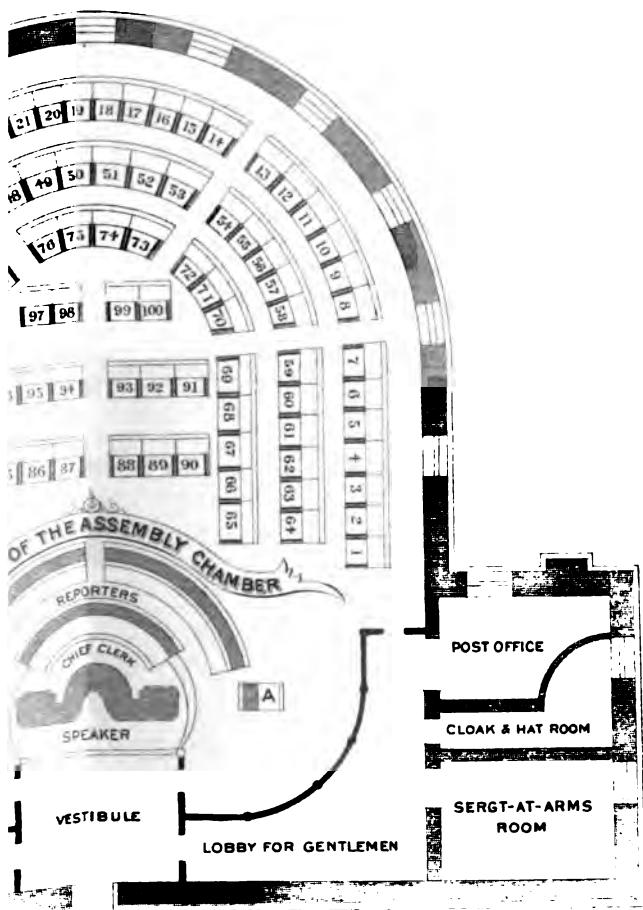
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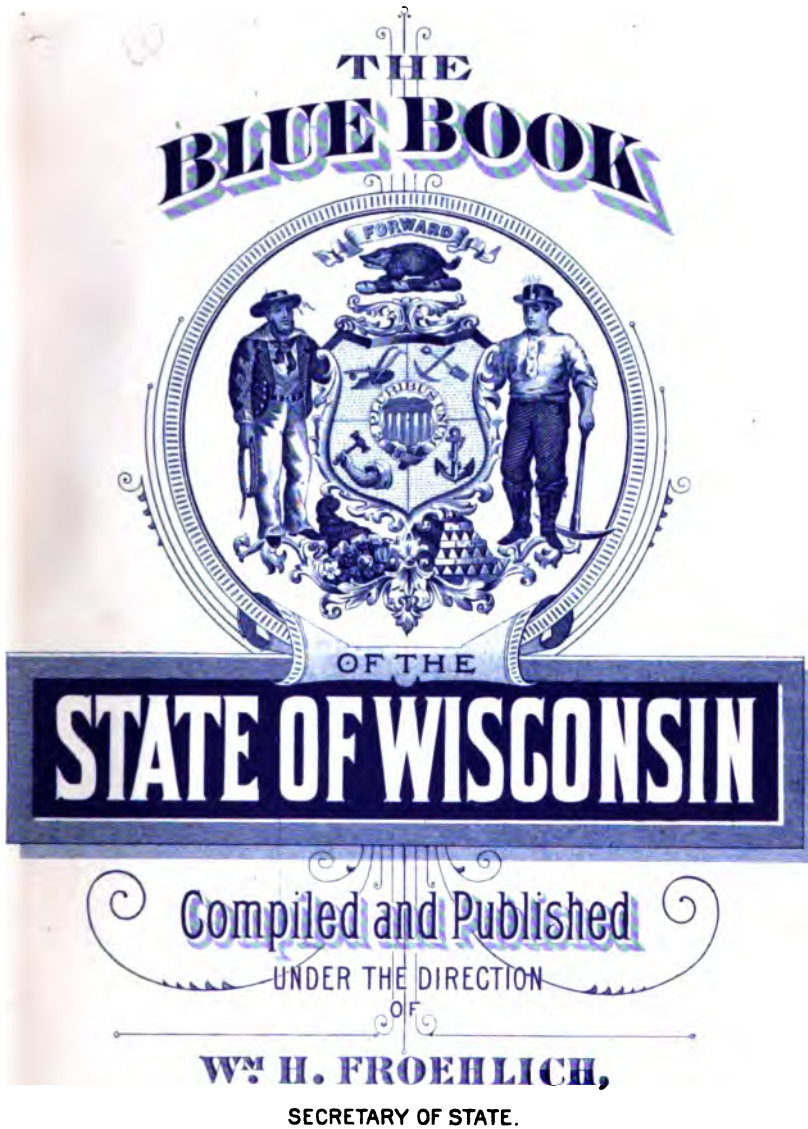
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WISCONSIN STATE CAPITOL.

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INTRODUCTORY.

With this edition of the Blue Book Wisconsin issues its thirtieth consecutive volume of official statistics and information. The matter presented has been carefully prepared and digested, and while the features of the book do not materially differ from those of its predecessor, great care has been exercised to make it a complete official resume of matters pertaining to the state government for the past two years, as well as those relating to the national government and to the various states of the Union.

As the last forms of the Blue Book go to press, a new state institution has been made an established fact, a brief history of which must be given here, inasmuch as it is too late to appear in its proper place in the book. In 1895, the legislature authorized the appointment of a commission to examine certain lands in Polk county, with a view of establishing, in conjunction with the state of Minnesota, an inter-state park on the dalles of the St. Croix river. The legislature of 1899, under the provisions of chapter 102, which became a law April 1, 1899, appropriated \$6,500 to purchase park territory, and to maintain the same, the state of Minnesota having already acquired the land on her side of the river. As evidence of the character of the new park, the following statement from an eminent authority on parks, living in New York, will be of interest: "It is such marvels as Niagara, the Pallsades, the Dalles of the St. Croix, the Yosemite valley, and the great gorge of the Colorado which ought to appeal to us as a special charge for which our civilization is responsible." Among the many features of the inter-state park, wrought by the hand of nature, are: Old St. Croix Fireplace (the coloring of this is remarkable), the Devil's Chair, the Kitchen, Bake-oven, Sitting Room, Pulpit, the Cross, Old Man of the Dalles or Sentinel, the Cave, the Gopher, the Hammer-head or Two-faced Man, the Pulpit, Desk Rock, Echo Rock, Eagle Nest Point. Two views from the inter-state park will be found among the illustrations.

Many inaccuracies have appeared heretofore in the reproduction of the state's constitution. The pages devoted to that instrument in the present volume correctly set forth its provision to the minutest detail, together with a brief history of its inception.

The illustrations contained herein show the changes which have been made in several of the buildings of state institutions since the last edition of the Blue Book was printed.

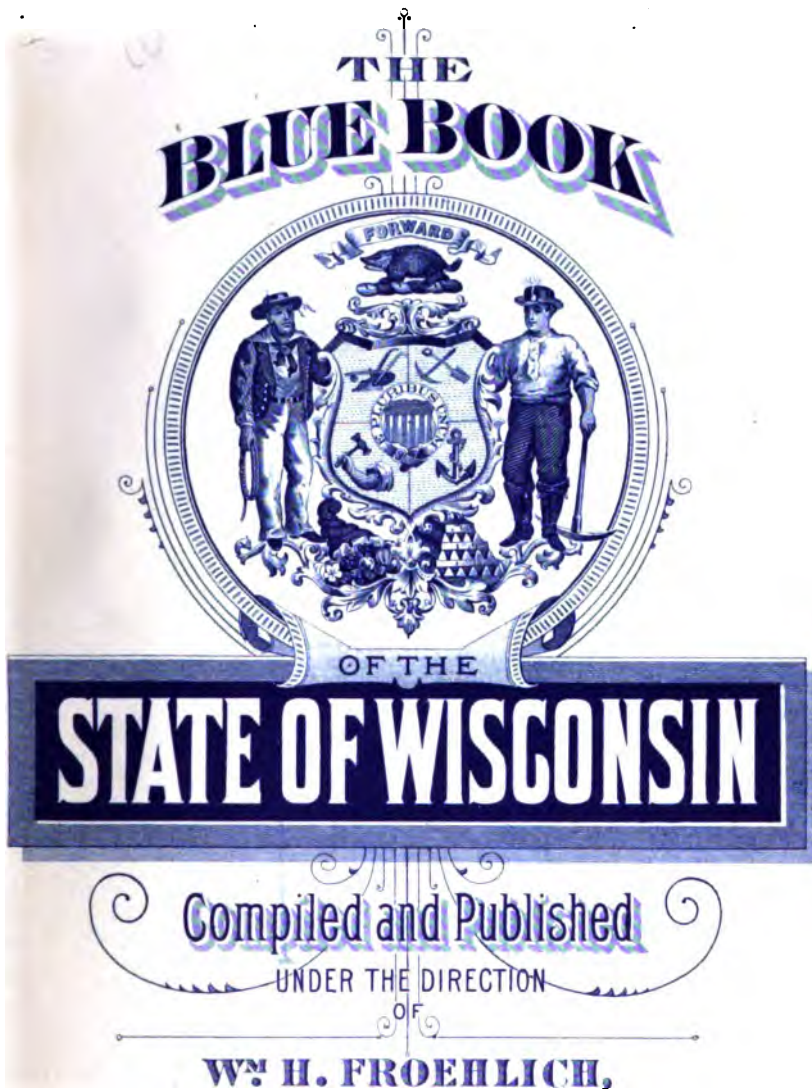
WILLIAM H. FROELICH.

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SECRETARY OF STATE.

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DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE.

UNANIMOUSLY PASSED BY THE CONGRESS OF THE THIRTEEN UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, JULY 4, 1776.

When, in the course of human events, it becomes necessary for one people to dissolve the political bands which have connected them with another, and to assume among the powers of the earth the separate and equal station to which the laws of nature and of nature's God entitle them, a decent respect to the opinions of mankind requires that they should declare the causes which impel them to the separation.

We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights; that among these are life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness. That to secure these rights, governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed; and that whenever any form of government becomes destructive of these ends, it is the right of the people to alter or to abolish it, and to institute a new government, laying its foundation on such principles, and organizing its powers in such form, as to them shall seem most likely to effect their safety and happiness. Prudence, indeed, will dictate that governments long established should not be changed for light and transient causes; and, accordingly, all experience hath shown that mankind are more disposed to suffer, while evils are sufferable, than to right themselves by abolishing the forms to which they are accustomed. But when a long train of abuses and usurpations, pursuing invariably the same object, evinces a design to reduce them under absolute despotism, it is their right, it is their duty, to throw off such government, and to provide new guards for their future security. Such has been the patient sufferance of these colonies, and such is now the necessity which constrains them to alter their former systems of government. The history of the present king of Great Britain is a history of repeated injuries and usurpations, all having in direct object, the establishment of an absolute tyranny over these States. To prove this, let facts be submitted to a candid world:

He has refused his assent to laws the most wholesome and necessary for the public good. He has forbidden his Governors to pass laws of immediate and pressing importance, unless suspended in their operation till his assent should be obtained; and, when so suspended, he has utterly neglected to attend to them. He has refused to pass other laws for the accommodation of large districts of people unless these people would relinquish the right of representation in the legislature—a right inestimable to them, and formidable to tyrants only. He has called together legislative bodies at places unusual, uncomfortable, and distant from the depository of their public records, for the sole purpose of fatiguing them into compliance with his measures. He has dissolved representative houses repeatedly for opposing, with manly firmness, his invasions on the rights of the people. He has refused, for a long time after such dissolutions, to cause others to be elected; whereby the legislative powers, incapable of annihilation, have returned to the people at large for their exercise, the State remaining, in the meantime, exposed to all the danger of invasion from without and convulsions within. He has endeavored to prevent the population of these States; for that purpose, obstructing the laws for naturalization of foreigners; refusing to pass others to encourage their emigration hither, and raising the conditions of new appropriations of lands. He has obstructed the administration of justice, by refusing his assent to laws for establishing judiciary powers. He

has made judges dependent on his will alone for the tenure of their offices and the amount and payment of their salaries. He has erected a multitude of new offices, and sent hither swarms of officers to harass our people, and eat out their substance. He has kept among us, in times of peace, standing armies, without the consent of our legislature. He has affected to render the military independent of and superior to the civil power. He has combined with others to subject us to a jurisdiction foreign to our constitution, and unacknowledged by our laws; giving his assent to their acts of pretended legislation:

For quartering large bodies of armed troops among us; for protecting them, by a mock trial, from punishment, for any murders which they should commit on the inhabitants of these States; for cutting off our trade with all parts of the world; for imposing taxes on us without our consent; for depriving us, in many cases, of the benefits of trial by jury. For transporting us beyond seas to be tried for pretended offences. For abolishing the free system of English laws in a neighboring province, establishing therein an arbitrary government, and enlarging its boundaries, so as to render it at once an example and fit instrument for introducing the same absolute rule into these colonies; for taking away our charters, abolishing our most valuable laws, and altering, fundamentally, the powers of our governments; for suspending our own legislatures, and declaring themselves invested with power to legislate for us in all cases whatsoever. He has abdicated government here, by declaring us out of his protection, and waging war against us. He has plundered our seas, ravaged our coast, burnt our towns, and destroyed the lives of our people. He is at this time, transporting large armies of foreign mercenaries to complete the works of death, desolation, and tyranny, already begun, with circumstances of cruelty and perfidy scarcely paralleled in the most barbarous ages, and totally unworthy the head of a civilized nation. He has constrained our fellow citizens, taken captive on the high seas, to bear arms against their country, to become the executioners of their friends and brethren, or to fall themselves by their hands. He has excited domestic insurrections among us, and has endeavored to bring on the inhabitants of our frontiers the merciless Indian savages, whose known rule of warfare is an undistinguished destruction of all ages, sexes, and conditions.

In every stage of these oppressions, we have petitioned for redress, in the most humble terms: our repeated petitions have been answered only by repeated injury. A prince whose character is thus marked by every act which may define a tyrant, is unfit to be the ruler of a free people.

Nor have we been wanting in attention to our British brethren. We have warned them, from time to time, of attempts made by their legislature to extend an unwarrantable jurisdiction over us. We have reminded them of the circumstances of our emigration and settlement here. We have appealed to their native justice and magnanimity, and we have conjured them, by the ties of our common kindred, to disavow these usurpations, which would inevitably interrupt our connections and correspondence. They, too, have been deaf to the voice of justice and consanguinity. We must, therefore, acquiesce in the necessity which denounces our separation, and hold them, as we hold the rest of mankind, enemies in war—in peace, friends.

We, therefore, the representatives of the United States of America, in General Congress assembled, appealing to the Supreme Judge of the world for the rectitude of our intentions, do, in the name and by the authority of the good people of these colonies, solemnly publish and declare, that these United Colonies are, and of right ought to be, free and independent States; that they are absolved from all allegiance to the British crown, and that all political connections between them and the State of Great Britain is, and ought to be, totally dissolved; and that, as free and independent States, they have full power to levy war, conclude peace, contract alliances, establish commerce, and to do all other acts and things which independent States may of right do. And for the support of this declaration, with a firm reliance on the protection of Divine Providence, we mutually pledge to each other our lives, our fortunes, and our sacred honor.

(Signed)

JOHN HANCOCK.

And by the delegates from New Hampshire, Massachusetts Bay, Connecticut, Rhode Island, &c., New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, and Georgia.

CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES.

PREAMBLE.

WE, the people of the United States, in order to form a more perfect union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquillity, provide for the common defense, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity, do ordain and establish this Constitution for the United States of America.

ARTICLE I.

SECTION 1. All legislative powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

SECTION 2. The House of Representatives shall be composed of members chosen every second year by the people of the several States, and the electors in each State shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the State legislature.

No person shall be a Representative who shall not have attained to the age of twenty-five years, and been seven years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that State in which he shall be chosen.

Representatives and direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several states which may be included within this Union, according to their respective numbers, which shall be determined by adding to the whole number of free persons, including those bound to service for a term of years, and excluding Indians not taxed, three-fifths of all other persons. The actual enumeration shall be made within three years after the first meeting of the Congress of the United States, and within every subsequent term of ten years, in such manner as they shall by law direct. The number of Representatives shall not exceed one for every thirty thousand, but each State shall have at least one Representative; and until such enumeration shall be made, the State of *New Hampshire* shall be entitled to choose three, *Massachusetts* eight, *Rhode Island and Providence Plantations* one, *Connecticut* five, *New York* six, *New Jersey* four, *Pennsylvania* eight, *Delaware* one, *Maryland* six, *Virginia* ten, *North Carolina* five, *South Carolina* five, *Georgia* three.

When vacancies happen in the representation from any State, the executive authority thereof shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies.

The House of Representatives shall choose their Speaker and other officers, and shall have the sole power of impeachment.

SECTION 3. The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two Senators from each State, chosen by the legislature thereof, for six years; and each Senator shall have one vote.

Immediately after they shall be assembled in consequence of the first election, they shall be divided as equally as may be into three classes. The seats of the Senators of the first class shall be vacated at the expiration of the second year; of the second class, at the expiration of the fourth year, and of the third class, at the expiration of the sixth year, so that one-third may be chosen every second year; and if vacancies happen by resignation or otherwise, during the recess

of the legislature of any State, the executive thereof may make temporary appointments until the next meeting of the legislature, which shall then fill such vacancies.

No person shall be a Senator who shall not have attained to the age of thirty years, and been nine years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that State for which he shall be chosen.

The Vice President of the United States shall be President of the Senate, but shall have no vote unless they be equally divided.

The Senate shall choose their other officers, and also a President *pro tempore* in the absence of the Vice President, or when he shall exercise the office of President of the United States.

The Senate shall have the sole power to try all impeachments. When sitting for that purpose, they shall be on oath or affirmation. When the President of the United States is tried, the Chief Justice shall preside; and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present.

Judgment in cases of impeachment shall not extend further than to removal from office, and disqualification to hold and enjoy any office of honor, trust or profit under the United States; but the party convicted shall, nevertheless, be liable and subject to indictment, trial, judgment and punishment, according to law.

SECTION 4. The times, places, and manner of holding elections for Senators and Representatives shall be prescribed in each State by the legislature thereof; but the Congress may at any time by law make or alter such regulations, except as to the places of choosing Senators.

The Congress shall assemble at least once in every year, and such meeting shall be on the first Monday in December, unless they shall by law appoint a different day.

SECTION 5. Each house shall be the judge of the elections, returns, and qualifications of its own members, and a majority of each shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may be authorized to compel the attendance of absent members, in such manner and under such penalties, as each house may provide.

Each house may determine the rules of its proceedings, punish its members for disorderly behavior, and with the concurrence of two-thirds, expel a member.

Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and from time to time publish the same, excepting such parts as may in their judgment require secrecy, and the yeas and nays of the members of either house on any question shall, at the desire of one-fifth of those present, be entered on the journal.

Neither house, during the session of Congress, shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other place than that in which the two houses shall be sitting.

SECTION 6. The Senators and Representatives shall receive a compensation for their services, to be ascertained by law, and paid out of the Treasury of the United States. They shall, in all cases except treason, felony and breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance at the session of their respective houses, and in going to and returning from the same; and for any speech or debate in either house, they shall not be questioned in any other place.

No Senator or Representative shall, during the time for which he was elected, be appointed to any civil office under the authority of the United States, which shall have been created, or the emoluments whereof shall have been increased during such time; and no person holding any office under the United States shall be a member of either house during his continuance in office.

SECTION 7. All bills for raising revenue shall originate in the House of Representatives; but the Senate may propose or concur with amendments as on other bills.

Every bill which shall have passed the House of Representatives and the Senate, shall, before it becomes a law, be presented to the President of the United States: If he approve, he shall sign it, but if not he shall return it, with his objections, to that house in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the objections at large on their journal and proceed to reconsider it. If after such reconsideration two-thirds of that house shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be

sent, together with the objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of that house it shall become a law. But in all cases the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the persons voting for and against the bill shall be entered on the Journal of each house respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the President within ten days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law in like manner as if he had signed it unless the Congress by their adjournment prevents its return, in which case it shall not be a law.

Every order, resolution or vote to which the concurrence of the Senate and House of Representatives may be necessary (except on a question of adjournment) shall be presented to the President of the United States; and before the same shall take effect, shall be approved by him, or, being disapproved by him, shall be repassed by two-thirds of the Senate and House of Representatives, according to the rules and limitations prescribed in the case of a bill.

SECTION 8. The Congress shall have power to lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts and excises, to pay the debts and provide for the common defense and general welfare of the United States; but all duties, imposts and excises shall be uniform throughout the United States;

To borrow money on the credit of the United States;

To regulate commerce with foreign nations, and among the several States and with the Indian tribes;

To establish an uniform rule of naturalization, and uniform laws on the subject of bankruptcies throughout the United States;

To coin money, regulate the value thereof, and of foreign coin, and fix the standard of weights and measures;

To provide for the punishment of counterfeiting the securities and current coin of the United States;

To establish post offices and post roads;

To promote the progress of science and useful arts, by securing for limited times to authors and inventors the exclusive right to their respective writings and discoveries;

To constitute tribunals inferior to the Supreme Court;

To define and punish piracies and felonies committed on the high seas, and offenses against the laws of nations;

To declare war, grant letters of marque and reprisal, and make rules concerning captures on land and water;

To raise and support armies, but no appropriation of money to that use shall be for a longer term than two years;

To provide and maintain a navy;

To make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces;

To provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections and repel invasions;

To provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining the militia, and for governing such part of them as may be employed in the service of the United States, reserving to the States respectively, the appointment of the officers, and the authority of training the militia according to the discipline prescribed by Congress;

To exercise exclusive legislation in all cases whatsoever, over such district (not exceeding ten miles square) as may, by cession of particular States, and the acceptance of Congress, become the seat of government of the United States, and to exercise like authority over all places purchased by the consent of the legislature of the State in which the same shall be, for the erection of forts, magazines, arsenals, dockyards, and other needful buildings; and

To make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the foregoing powers, and all other powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any department or officer thereof.

SECTION 9. The migration or importation of such persons as any of the States now existing shall think proper to admit, shall not be prohibited by the Congress prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, but a tax or duty may be imposed on such importation, not exceeding ten dollars for each person.

The privilege of the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended, unless when in cases of rebellion or invasion the public safety may require it.

No bill of attainder or ex post facto law shall be passed.

No capitation, or other direct tax shall be laid, unless in proportion to the census or enumeration hereinbefore directed to be taken.

No tax or duty shall be laid on articles exported from any State.

No preference shall be given by any regulation of commerce or revenue to the ports of one State over those of another; nor shall vessels bound to, or from one State, be obliged to enter, clear or pay duties in another.

No money shall be drawn from the treasury, but in consequence of appropriations made by law; and a regular statement and account of the receipts and expenditures of all public money shall be published from time to time.

No title of nobility shall be granted by the United States; and no person holding an office of profit or trust under them, shall, without the consent of the Congress, accept of any present, emolument, office or title of any kind whatever, from any king, prince or foreign State.

SECTION 10. No State shall enter into any treaty, alliance or confederation; grant letters of marque and reprisal; coin money; emit bills of credit; make anything but gold and silver coin a tender in payment of debts; pass any bill of attainder, ex post facto law, or law impairing the obligation of contracts, or grant any title of nobility.

No state shall, without the consent of the Congress, lay any imposts or duties on imports or exports, except what may be absolutely necessary for executing its inspection laws; and the net produce of all duties and imposts, laid by any State on imports or exports, shall be for the use of the Treasury of the United States; and all such laws shall be subject to the revision and control of the Congress.

No State shall, without the consent of Congress, lay any duty of tonnage, keep troops or ships of war in time of peace, enter into any agreement or compact with another State, or with a foreign power, or engage in war, unless actually invaded, or in such imminent danger as will not admit of delay.

ARTICLE II.

SECTION 1. The executive power shall be vested in a President of the United States of America. He shall hold his office during the term of four years, and together with the Vice President, chosen for the same term, be elected as follows:

Each state shall appoint, in such manner as the legislature thereof may direct, a number of electors, equal to the whole number of Senators and Representatives to which the State may be entitled in the Congress; but no Senator or Representative, or person holding an office of trust or profit under the United States shall be appointed an elector.

The electors shall meet in their respective States, and vote by ballot for two persons, of whom one at least shall not be an inhabitant of the same State with themselves. And they shall make a list of all the persons voted for, and of the number of votes for each; which list they shall sign and certify, and transmit, sealed, to the seat of government of the United States, directed to the President of the Senate. The President of the Senate shall, in the presence of the Senate and House of Representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted. The person having the greatest number of votes shall be the President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if there be more than one who have such a majority, and have an equal number of votes, then the House of Representatives shall immediately choose by ballot one of them for President; and if no person have a majority, then from the five highest on the list the said House shall in like manner choose the President. But in choosing the President, the votes shall be taken by States, the representation from each State having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the States, and a majority of all the States shall be necessary to a choice. In every case, after the choice of the President, the person having the greatest number of votes of the electors, shall be the Vice President. But if there should remain two or more who have equal votes, the Senate shall choose from them by ballot the Vice President.

The Congress may determine the time of choosing the electors, and the day on which they shall give their votes; which day shall be the same throughout the United States.

No person except a natural-born citizen, or a citizen of the United States, at the time of the adoption of this Constitution, shall be eligible to the office of President; neither shall any person be eligible to that office, who shall not have attained to the age of thirty-five years, and been fourteen years a resident within the United States.

In case of the removal of the President from office, or of his death, resignation, or inability to discharge the powers and duties of the said office, the same shall devolve on the Vice President, and the Congress may by law provide for the case of removal, death, resignation or inability both of the President and Vice President, declaring what officer shall then act as President, and such officer shall act accordingly, until the disability be removed, or a President shall be elected.

The President shall, at stated times, receive for his services a compensation which shall be neither increased nor diminished during the period for which he shall have been elected, and he shall not receive within that period any other emolument from the United States, or any of them.

Before he enters on the execution of his office, he shall take the following oath or affirmation:

"I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully execute the office of President of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, preserve, protect, and defend the constitution of the United States."

SECTION 2. The President shall be commander-in-chief of the army and navy of the United States, and of the militia of the several States, when called into the actual service of the United States; he may require the opinion, in writing of the principal officer in each of the executive departments, upon any subject relating to the duties of their respective offices, and he shall have power to grant reprieves and pardons for offenses against the United States, except in cases of impeachment.

He shall have power, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to make treaties, provided two-thirds of the Senators present concur; and he shall nominate, and by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall appoint ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, judges of the Supreme Court, and all other officers of the United States whose appointments are not herein otherwise provided for, and which shall be established by law; but the Congress may by law vest the appointment of such inferior officers as they think proper, in the President alone, in the courts of law or in the heads of departments.

The President shall have power to fill up all vacancies that may happen during the recess of the Senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session.

SECTION 3. He shall from time to time give to the Congress such information of the state of the Union, and recommend to their consideration measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient; he may on extraordinary occasions convene both Houses, or either of them, and in case of disagreement between them, with respect to the time of adjournment, he may adjourn them to such time as he shall think proper; he shall receive ambassadors and other public ministers; he shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed, and shall commission all of the officers of the United States.

SECTION 4. The President, Vice President, and all civil officers of the United States, shall be removed from office on impeachment for, and conviction of treason, bribery or other high crimes and misdemeanors.

ARTICLE III.

SECTION 1. The judicial power of the United States shall be vested in one Supreme Court, and in such inferior courts as the Congress may from time to time ordain and establish. The judges, both of the supreme and inferior courts, shall hold their offices during good behavior, and shall at stated times receive for their services a compensation which shall not be diminished during their continuance in office.

SECTION 2. The judicial power shall extend to all cases, in law and equity, arising under this Constitution, the laws of the United States, and treaties made

or which shall be made, under their authority; to all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls; to all cases of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction; to controversies to which the United States shall be a party; to controversies between two or more States; between a State and citizens of another State; between citizens of different States; between citizens of the same State claiming lands under grants of different States, and between a State or the citizens thereof, and foreign States, citizens or subjects.

In all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, and those in which a State shall be a party, the Supreme Court shall have original jurisdiction. In all the other cases before mentioned, the Supreme Court shall have appellate jurisdiction, both as to law and fact; with such exceptions, and under such regulations as the Congress shall make.

The trial of all crimes, except in cases of impeachment, shall be by jury; and such trial shall be held in the State where the said crime shall have been committed; but when not committed within any State, the trial shall be at such place or places as the Congress may by law have directed.

SECTION 3. Treason against the United States shall consist only in levying war against them, or in adhering to their enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court.

The Congress shall have power to declare the punishment of treason, but no attainder of treason shall work corruption of blood or forfeiture except during the life of the person attainted.

ARTICLE IV.

SECTION 1. Full faith and credit shall be given in each State to the public acts, records, and judicial proceedings of every other State. And the Congress may by general laws prescribe the manner in which such acts, records and proceedings shall be proved, and the effect thereof.

SECTION 2. The citizens of each State shall be entitled to all privileges and immunities of citizens in the several States.

A person charged in any State with treason, felony, or other crime, who shall flee from justice and be found in another State, shall, on demand of the executive authority of the State from which he fled, be delivered up, to be removed to the State having jurisdiction of the crime.

No person held to service or labor in one State, under the laws thereof, escaping into another, shall, in consequence of any law or regulation therein, be discharged from such service or labor, but shall be delivered up on claim of the party to whom such service or labor may be due.

SECTION 3. New States may be admitted by the Congress into this Union; but no new State shall be formed or erected within the jurisdiction of any other State; nor any State be formed by the junction of two or more States, or part of States, without the consent of the legislature of the States concerned as well as of the Congress.

The Congress shall have power to dispose of and make all needful rules and regulations respecting the territory or other property belonging to the United States; and nothing in this Constitution shall be so construed as to prejudice any claims of the United States, or of any particular State.

SECTION 4. The United States shall guarantee to every State in this Union a republican form of government, and shall protect each of them against invasion, and on application of the legislature, or of the executive (when the legislature cannot be convened), against domestic violence.

ARTICLE V.

The Congress, whenever two-thirds of both houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose amendments to this Constitution, or, on the application of the legislature of two-thirds of the several States, shall call a convention for proposing amendments, which in either case, shall be valid to all intents and purposes, as part of this Constitution, when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of

the several States, or by conventions in three-fourths thereof, as the one or the other mode of ratification may be proposed by the Congress; provided that no amendment which may be made prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, shall in any manner affect the first and fourth clauses in the ninth section of the first article; and that no State, without its consent, shall be deprived of its equal suffrage in the Senate.

ARTICLE VI.

All debts contracted and engagements entered into, before the adoption of this Constitution, shall be as valid against the United States under this Constitution as under the Confederation.

This Constitution, and the laws of the United States which shall be made in pursuance thereof, and all treaties made, or which shall be made, under the authority of the United States, shall be the supreme law of the land; and the judges in every State shall be bound thereby, anything in the Constitution or laws of any State to the contrary notwithstanding.

The Senators and Representatives before mentioned, and the members of the several State legislatures, and all executive and judicial officers, both of the United States and of the several States, shall be bound by oath or affirmation, to support this Constitution; but no religious test shall ever be required as a qualification to any office or public trust under the United States.

ARTICLE VII.

The ratification of the conventions of nine States shall be sufficient for the establishment of this Constitution between the States so ratifying the same. Done in convention by the unanimous consent of the States present, the seventeenth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven, and of the Independence of the United States of America the twelfth. In witness whereof we have hereunto subscribed our names.

GEO. WASHINGTON,

President and Deputy from Virginia.

New Hampshire.

JOHN LANGDON,
NICHOLAS GILMAN.

Massachusetts.

NATHANIEL GORHAM,
RUFUS KING.

Connecticut.

WM. SAM'L JOHNSON,
ROGER SHERMAN,

New York.

ALEXANDER HAMILTON

New Jersey.

WIL. LIVINGSTON
DAVID BREARLY,
WM. PATERSON,
JONA. DAYTON.

Pennsylvania.

B. FRANKLIN,
THOMAS MIFFLIN,
ROBERT MORRIS,
GEO. CLYMER,
THOMAS FITZSIMONS,
JARED INGERSOLL,
JAMES WILSON,
GOUV. MORRIS.

Attest: WILLIAM JACKSON, *Secretary.*

Delaware.

GEO. READ,
GUNNING BEDFORD, Jun'r,
JOHN DICKINSON,
RICHARD BASSETT,
JACO. BROOM.

Maryland.

JAMES MCHENRY,
DAN. OF ST. THOMAS JENIFER,
DAN'L. CARROLL.

Virginia.

JOHN BLAIR,
JAMES MADISON, Jun'r.

North Carolina.

WM. BLOUNT,
RICHARD DOBBS SPAIGHT,
HU. WILLIAMSON,

South Carolina.

J. RUTLEDGE,
CH'S COATESWORTH PINCKNEY
CHARLES PINCKNEY,
PIERCE BUTLER.

Georgia.

WILLIAM FEW,
ABR. BALDWIN

AMENDMENTS.

[The first ten amendments were proposed at the first session of the first Congress of the United States, which was begun and held at the city of New York, on the 4th of March, 1789, and were adopted by the requisite number of States.—1 vol. Laws of U. S., p. 72.]

[The preamble and resolution following, preceded the original proposition of the amendments, and, as they have been supposed by a high equity judge (8 Wendell's reports, p. 100) to have an important bearing on the construction of those amendments, they are here inserted. They will be found in the journals of the first session of the first Congress.]

CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES, begun and held at the city of New York, on Wednesday, the 4th of March, 1789. The conventions of a number of the States having at the time of their adopting the Constitution, expressed a desire, in order to prevent misconstruction or abuse of its powers, that further declaratory and restrictive clauses should be added; and as extending the ground of public confidence in the government, will best insure the beneficent ends of its institution,—

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, two-thirds of both houses concurring, That the following articles be proposed to the legislatures of the several States, as amendments to the Constitution of the United States, all or any of which articles, when ratified by three-fourths of said legislatures, to be valid to all intents and purposes as part of said Constitution, namely:

ARTICLE I.

Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the government for a redress of grievances.

ARTICLE II.

A well regulated militia, being necessary to the security of a free State, the right of the people to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed.

ARTICLE III.

No soldier shall in time of peace, be quartered in any house, without the consent of the owner, nor in time of war, but in a manner to be prescribed by law.

ARTICLE IV.

The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers and effects against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no warrants shall issue, but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.

ARTICLE V.

No person shall be held to answer for a capital, or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a grand jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the militia, when in actual service in time of war or public danger; nor shall any person be subject for the same offense to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself, nor be deprived of life, liberty, or property.

without due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use, without just compensation.

ARTICLE VI.

In all criminal prosecutions the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury of the state and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor, and to have the assistance of counsel for his defense.

ARTICLE VII.

In suits at common law, where the value in controversy shall exceed twenty dollars, the right of trial by jury shall be preserved, and no fact tried by a jury shall be otherwise re-examined in any court of the United States, than according to rules of the common law.

ARTICLE VIII.

Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments inflicted.

ARTICLE IX.

The enumeration in the Constitution, of certain rights shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people.

ARTICLE X.

The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States, are reserved to the States respectively, or to the people.

ARTICLE XI.

The judicial power of the United States shall not be construed to extend to any suit in law or equity, commenced or prosecuted against one of the United States by citizens of another State, or by citizens or subjects of any foreign State.

ARTICLE XII.

The electors shall meet in their respective States and vote by ballot for President and Vice President, one of whom at least, shall not be an inhabitant of the same State with themselves; they shall name in their ballots the persons voted for as President, and in distinct ballots the person voted for as Vice President, and they shall make distinct lists of all persons voted for as President, and of all persons voted for as Vice President and of the number of votes for each; which list they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to the seat of government of the United States, directed to the President of the Senate. The President of the Senate shall, in the presence of the Senate and House of Representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted; the person having the greatest number of votes for President shall be the President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if no person have such majority, then from the persons having the highest numbers, not exceeding three on the list of those voted for as President, the House of Representatives shall choose immediately, by ballot, the President. But in choosing the President, the vote shall be taken by States, the representation from each state having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two thirds of the States, and a majority of all the States shall be necessary to a choice. And if the House of Representatives shall not choose a President whenever the right of choice shall devolve upon them, before the fourth day of March next following, then the Vice President shall act as President, as in the case of the death or other constitutional disability of the President.

The person having the greatest number of votes as Vice President shall be the Vice President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed, and if no person have a majority, then from the two highest numbers on the list, the Senate shall choose the Vice President; a quorum for the purpose shall consist of two-thirds of the whole number of Senators, and a majority of the whole number shall be necessary to a choice. But no person constitutionally ineligible to the office of President shall be eligible to that of Vice President of the United States.

ARTICLE XIII.

SECTION 1. Neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime, whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States, or any place subject to their jurisdiction.

SECTION 2. Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

ARTICLE XIV.

SECTION 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States, and of the State wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States, nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty or property without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

SECTION 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several States according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each State, excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for President and Vice President of the United States, Representatives in Congress, the executive and judicial officers of a State, or the members of the Legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such State, being twenty-one years of age, and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged, except for participation in rebellion or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such State.

SECTION 3. No person shall be a Senator or Representative in Congress, or elector of President or Vice President, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States, or under any State, who, having previously taken an oath as member of Congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof: but Congress may, by a vote of two-thirds of each House, remove such disability.

SECTION 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States, authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing the insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned. But neither the United States nor any State shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations and claims shall be held illegal and void.

SECTION 5. The Congress shall have power to enforce, by appropriate legislation, the provisions of this article.

ARTICLE XV.

SECTION 1. The right of the citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State on account of race, color or previous condition of servitude.

SECTION 2. The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

HISTORY OF THE AMENDMENTS.

Twelve amendments were proposed by Congress, September 25, 1789, the last ten of which were adopted, and they are the first ten as given above. They were proclaimed in force, December 15, 1791.

The rejected Articles were as follows:

I. After the first enumeration required by the First Article of the Constitution, there shall be one representative for every 30,000 persons, until the number shall amount to one hundred; after which the proportion shall be so regulated by Congress, that there shall not be less than one hundred Representatives nor more than one for every 40,000 persons, until the number shall amount to two hundred; after which the proportion shall be so regulated by Congress that there shall not be less than two hundred Representatives, nor more than one Representative for every 50,000 persons.

II. No law varying the compensation for the services of the Senators and Representatives shall take effect until an election of Representatives shall have intervened.

The twelve proposed amendments were acted upon as follows: All ratified by Kentucky, Maryland, New Jersey, North Carolina, South Carolina, Vermont and Virginia—7.

All excepting Art. I ratified by Delaware—1.

All excepting Art. II ratified by Pennsylvania—1.

All excepting Arts. I and II ratified by New Hampshire, New York, Rhode Island—3.

All rejected by Connecticut, Georgia and Massachusetts—3.

Article XI was proposed by Congress March 12, 1794, and declared in force January 8, 1798.

Article XII was proposed in the first session of the Eighth Congress and declared in force September 25, 1804.

Article XIII was proposed by Congress February 1, 1865, and declared in force December 18, 1865.

It was ratified by Alabama, Arkansas, Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia and Wisconsin—34.

Ratified conditionally by Alabama and Mississippi. Rejected by Delaware and Kentucky—2.

Article XIV was proposed by Congress June 13, 1866, and declared in force July 28, 1868.

It was ratified by Alabama, Arkansas, Colorado, Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia and Wisconsin—33.

Of the above, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Texas and Virginia first rejected the amendment but finally ratified it. New Jersey and Ohio rescinded their ratification.

No final action was taken by California—1.

Rejected by Delaware, Kentucky and Maryland—3.

Article XV was proposed by Congress February 26, 1869, and declared in force March 30, 1870.

It was ratified by Alabama, Arkansas, Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Illinois

Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Texas, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia and Wisconsin—30.

Of the above Georgia and Ohio first rejected but finally ratified. New York rescinded her ratification. The amendment was rejected by California, Delaware, Kentucky, Maryland, New Jersey and Oregon—6.

No final action was taken by Tennessee—1.



TAYLORS FALLS, MINN.

THE INTERSTATE PARK.
The Dalles of the St. Croix River.

ST. CROIX FALLS, WIS.

HISTORICAL OUTLINE OF THE ADMISSION OF WISCONSIN TO THE UNION.

[By REUBEN G. THWAITES, Secretary of State Historical Society of Wisconsin.]

Previous to the fall of New France (1763), what is now Wisconsin was held by the French, who had several military posts within its borders—the chief among them, at Green Bay and Prairie du Chien, and on Lake Pepin. Upon the assumption of British control, the country northwest of the River Ohio (including the present Wisconsin) was made a part of the Province of Quebec; but by the treaty of peace consequent upon the successful issue of the Revolution (1783), the country became a part of the United States. There were, at first, claims by tide-water States to some of the land in the then Northwest, but eventually these were abandoned, and the district became national domain. By the famous Ordinance of 1787, the trans-Ohio country was erected into the Northwest Territory; the ordinance provided for the ultimate establishment from this Territory, of five States. The story of how Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, and Illinois were in due course of time detached, will be found set forth in detail in the article on "The Boundaries of Wisconsin," in *Wisconsin Historical Collections*, Vol. XI.

The country west of Lake Michigan and north of the Illinois line, became in course of time, a part of Michigan Territory. But the great distance from Detroit, at a time when there were no railways or telegraphs, was such as to render the exercise of civil government here, almost impracticable. Hence, after much complaint and recrimination, Congress was, in 1836, induced to erect Wisconsin Territory—the name being derived from its principal river. It is an Indian name, the exact meaning of which is unknown; popular writers are fond of telling us that it signifies "gathering of the waters," or "meeting of the waters"—but there is no warrant for this. The earliest-known French form of the word, is "Misconsin," which gradually became crystallized into "Ouisconsin." When the English language became dominant, it was necessary to change the spelling in order to preserve the sound; it thus, at first, became "Wiskonsan," or "Wiskonsin," but finally, by official action, "Wisconsin." The "k" was, however, rather strenuously insisted on by Governor Doty and many newspaper editors, in the days of the Territory.

Preliminary Agitation.—Some of the people of Wisconsin were not long content with a Territorial government. The Territory was only two years old, when a bill was introduced in Congress for a State government, but the attempt proved abortive. In 1841, Governor Doty, the leader in the movement, had the question put to popular vote, 92 voting for, and 499 against it; in 1842, there was still another vote,—ayes 619, nays 1,821; in 1843, a third attempt was defeated in the Territorial Council; and in 1845, still another met defeat in the House.

But at last, after ten years of Territorial existence, popular sentiment had been educated to a general desire for Statehood. Accordingly, Morgan L. Martin, of Green Bay, then the Territorial representative in Congress, gave notice in the House of Representatives (January 9, 1846), "of a motion for leave to introduce a bill to enable the people of Wisconsin to form a constitution and State government, and for the admission of such State into the Union." He followed this (January 13) by the introduction of a bill to that effect; the measure was approved by President Polk, August 16.

Meanwhile, the Council and House of Wisconsin Territory had favorably voted on the proposition, and took time by the forelock by discussing some of the principal features of the proposed State constitution. This was in January and February, 1846. On the 17th of April, the question of Statehood was passed upon by the people of the Territory, the returns this time showing 12,334 votes for, and 2,487 against. August 1, Governor Dodge issued a proclamation calling a convention for the drafting of a constitution, and apportioning 124 delegates to the various counties; these delegates were elected September 7.

First Constitutional Convention.—The convention was in session in the Territorial capitol at Madison, between October 5 and December 16, 1846. Don A. J. Upham was president, and LaFayette Kellogg secretary. The membership was as follows:

Brown—David Agry, Henry S. Baird.
Calumet—Lemuel Goodell.
Columbia—Jeremiah Drake, La Fayette Hill.
Crawford—Peter A. R. Brace.
Dane—John Y. Smith, Abel Dunning, Benjamin Fuller, George B. Smith, Nathaniel F. Hyer, John M. Babcock.
Dodge—William M. Dennis, Stoddard Judd, Hiram Barber, Benjamin Granger, Horace D. Patch, John H. Manahan.
Fond du Lac—Warren Chase, Lorenzo Hazen, Moses S. Gibson.¹
Grant—Thomas P. Burnett, Thomas Cruson, Lorenzo Bevans, Neeley Gray, J. Allen Barber, James Gilmore, Franklin Z. Hicks, Daniel R. Burt, James R. Vineyard.
Green—Davis Bowen, Noah Phelps, William C. Green, Hiram Brown.
Iowa—William R. Smith, Moses M. Strong, Daniel M. Parkinson, Thomas Jenkins, William J. Madden, Ninian E. Whitesides, Joshua L. White, Thomas James, Andrew Burnside, Moses Meeker, Elihu B. Goodsell.
Jefferson—Patrick Rogan, Theodore Prentiss,¹ Aaron Rankin, Elihu L. Atwood, Samuel T. Clothier, Peter H. Turner, George Hyer.
La Pointe—James P. Hayes.
Marquette—Samuel W. Beall.
Manitowoc—Evander M. Soper.
Milwaukee—Don A. J. Upham, Franz Hübschmann, Wallace W. Graham, Garret Vilet, John Crawford, Asa Kinney, Garret M. Fitzgerald, John Cooper, John H. Tweedy, James Magone, Horace Chase, Charles E. Browne.
Portage—Henry C. Goodrich.
Racine—Edward G. Ryan, Marshall M. Strong, Frederick S. Lovell, Elijah Steele, Stephen O. Bennett, Nathaniel Dickinson, Daniel Harkin, Chauncey Kellogg, Haynes French, Chatfield H. Parsons, Victor M. Willard, James H. Hall, James B. Carter, T. S. Stockwell.²
Rock—A. Hyatt Smith, David Noggle, Sanford P. Hammond, James Chamberlain, Joseph S. Pierce, George B. Hall, David L. Mills, John Hackett, Joseph Kinney, Jr., Israel Inman, Jr.
Richland—Edward Coumbe.
Sauk—William H. Clark.
St. Croix—William Holcombe.
Sheboygan—David Giddings.¹
Washington—Bostwick O'Connor, Edward H. Janssen, Patrick Toland, Charles J. Kern, Hopewell Coxe, Joel F. Wilson.
Waukesha—Andrew E. Elmore,¹ Pitts Ellis, George Reed, Elisha W. Edgerton, Rufus Parks, William R. Hesk, Barnes, Babcock, Charles Burchard,² James M. Moore, Benjamin Hunkins,¹ Alexander W. Randall.
Walworth—Salmous Wakeley, Joseph Bowker, Charles M. Baker, John W. Boyd, William Bell, Lyman H. Seaver, Sewall Smith, Josiah Topping, William Berry, M. T. Hawes.³
Winnebago—James Duane Doty.

The convention, as above constituted, was an able body of thoroughly repre-

¹Known to be living, in January, 1899.

²This member never took his seat.

³Seat unsuccessfully contested by Matthias J. Bovee.

representative men, of whom 42 were natives of New York State, 20 of New England, and 12 of foreign birth: 69 of them were farmers, and 26 lawyers. The oldest man was 65 years, and the youngest 23. The speeches, as recorded in the newspapers of the day, were of an exceptionally high order of excellence. The constitution which these men framed was submitted to popular vote, April 5, 1847, the result being 14,119 ayes and 20,231 nays. The contest over the document had been of an exciting nature; the defeat was owing to differences of opinion upon the article relating to the rights of married women, the article on exemptions, and those on banks, the elective judiciary, and the numerical size of the legislature.

Second Constitutional Convention.—As soon as practicable, Governor Dodge (Sept. 27, 1847) called a special session of the legislature, which convened at Madison October 18, and made provisions for a second constitutional convention, with 69 members. Most of the members of the first convention declined re-election to the second; six alone were returned—Messrs. S. W. Beall, Warren Chase, Stoddard Judd, Theodore Prentiss, Garret M. Fitzgerald, and Frederick S. Lovell. The membership was as follows, Morgan L. Martin being president, and Thomas McHugh secretary:

Brown—Morgan L. Martin.
Calumet—G. W. Featherstonhaugh.¹
Chippewa and Crawford—Daniel G. Fenton.
Columbia—James T. Lewis.¹
Dane—Charles M. Nichols, William A. Wheeler, William H. Fox.
Dodge—Stoddard Judd, Samuel W. Lyman, Charles H. Larrabee.
Fond du Lac—Samuel W. Beall, Warren Chase.
Grant—George W. Lakin, John H. Roundtree, Alexander D. Ramsay, Orsamus Cole,¹ William Richardson.
Green—James Biggs, William McDowell.
Iowa—Stephen P. Hollenbeck, Charles Bishop, Joseph Ward.
Jefferson—Theodore Prentiss,¹ Milo Jones, Abram Vanderpool, Jonas Folts.
La Fayette—Charles Dunn, Allen Warden, John O'Connor.
Marquette and Winnebago—Harrison Reed.¹
Milwaukee—Byron Kilbourn, Rufus King, Charles H. Larkin, John L. Doran, Garret M. Fitzgerald, Moritz Schöffler, Albert Fowler.
Portage—William H. Kennedy.
Racine—Theodore Secor,¹ Samuel R. McClellan, Horace T. Sanders, Frederick S. Lovell, Stephen A. Davenport, Andrew B. Jackson, Albert G. Cole, James D. Reymert.
Rock—Almerin M. Carter, Ezra A. Foot, Edward V. Whiton, Paul Crandall, Joseph Colley, Lotus P. Harvey.
St. Croix—George W. Brownell.
Shoeboggon and Manitowoc—Silas Steadman.
Walworth—James Harrington, Augustus C. Kinnle, George Gale, Experience Estabrook, Hollis Latham, Ezra J. Mulford.
Washington—Patrick Pentony, James Fagan, Harvey G. Turner.
Waukesha—Peter D. Gifford, George Scagel, Squire S. Case, Alfred L. Castleman, Emulous P. Cotton, Eleazer Root.

The second convention, which, on the whole, was thought to represent a more conservative element than the first, was in session at Madison from December 15, 1847, to February 1, 1848. The nativity list shows that 25 were born in New York State, 24 in New England, and only 7 in foreign lands. The oldest man was 65, and the youngest 25, with an average age of about 37.

The members of both conventions were men of high standing in their respective communities; and later, many of them held prominent positions in the service of the nation and the State.

The State Admitted.—As soon as possible after the close of the convention, notice was given in Congress (February 21, 1848) by our representative, John H. Tweedy, of his intention to introduce another bill for the admission of Wis-

¹Known to be living, in January, 1899.

consin into the Union. March 13, the people of the Territory voted on the new constitution, and it was adopted by 16,799 ayes and 6,384 nays. March 16, in a special message, President Polk submitted to Congress the Wisconsin constitution, with accompanying documents. March 20, Mr. Tweedy introduced his promised bill, which on April 13 was favorably reported from the committee on territories, read first and second times, and referred to the committee of the whole. It was made special order for May 9, and "each day thereafter until disposed of;" and on the 11th was engrossed, read a third time, and passed. The Senate at once took action; May 12, the bill was there read first and second times and referred to committee on territories; a week later (May 19), the bill was concurred in, and ten days later (May 29) it was approved by the President.

The State Begins Business.—Wisconsin was thus admitted to the Union of States, by the Act of Congress approved May 29, 1848.

Upon the day of the general vote on the new constitution (March 13), the Territorial legislature adjourned *sine die*, after making full arrangements for the new government which was to succeed it; for it was well understood what the popular verdict would be.

The general election for the first State officers and the members of the first State legislature, was held May 8. Upon the 7th of June, Governor Nelson Dewey and his fellow officials were sworn into office, and the legislature opened its first session. Thus the State of Wisconsin began business.

Why the "Badger" State?—In the early lead-mining days in Southwestern Wisconsin, the miners from Southern Illinois and farther south returned home every winter and came back to the diggings in the spring, thus imitating the migrations of the fish popularly called the "sucker," in the Rock, Illinois, and other south-flowing rivers of the region. For this reason, the south-winterers were jocosely called "Suckers," and Illinois became known as "The Sucker State." On the other hand, lead-miners from the Eastern States were unable to return home every winter, and at first lived in rude dug-outs—burrowing into the hillsides after the fashion of the badger (*Taxidea americana*). These men were the first permanent settlers in the mines north of the Illinois line; and thus Wisconsin, in later days, became dubbed "The Badger State." Contrary to general belief, the badger itself is not frequently found in Wisconsin.

CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF WISCONSIN.

[The text of the State Constitution given below follows the original certified copy on file in the Department of State. The use of capital letters and punctuation marks conforms with the original.]

PREAMBLE.

We, the people of Wisconsin, grateful to Almighty God for our freedom; in order to secure its blessings, form a more perfect government, insure domestic tranquillity and promote the general welfare; do establish this Constitution.

ARTICLE I.

DECLARATION OF RIGHTS.

SECTION 1. All men are born equally free and independent, and have certain inherent rights; among these are life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness: to secure these rights governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed.

SECTION 2. There shall be neither slavery, nor involuntary servitude in this state, otherwise than for the punishment of crime, whereof the party shall have been duly convicted.

SECTION 3. Every person may freely speak, write and publish his sentiments on all subjects, being responsible for the abuse of that right, and no laws shall be passed to restrain or abridge the liberty of speech, or of the press. In all criminal prosecutions, or indictments for libel, the truth may be given in evidence, and if it shall appear to the jury, that the matter charged as libelous be true, and was published with good motives and for justifiable ends, the party shall be acquitted; and the jury shall have the right to determine the law and the fact.

SECTION 4. The right of the people peaceably to assemble, to consult for the common good, and to petition the government, or any department thereof, shall never be abridged.

SECTION 5. The right of trial by jury shall remain inviolate; and shall extend to all cases at law, without regard to the amount in controversy; but a jury trial may be waived by the parties in all cases, in the manner prescribed by law.

SECTION 6. Excessive bail shall not be required, nor shall excessive fines be imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments be inflicted.

SECTION 7. In all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall enjoy the right to be heard by himself and counsel; to demand the nature and cause of the accusation against him; to meet the witnesses face to face; to have compulsory process to compel the attendance of witnesses in his behalf; and in prosecutions by indictment, or information, to a speedy public trial by an impartial jury of the county or district wherein the offence shall have been committed; which county or district shall have been previously ascertained by law.

SECTION 8. No person shall be held to answer for a criminal offence, unless on the presentment, or indictment of a Grand Jury, except in cases of impeachment, or in cases cognizable by Justices of the Peace, or arising in the Army, or Navy, or in the militia when in actual service in time of war, or public danger; and no person for the same offence shall be put twice in jeopardy of punishment, nor

shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself; all persons shall, before conviction, be bailable by sufficient sureties, except for capital offences when the proof is evident, or the presumption great; and the privilege of the writ of habeas-corpus shall not be suspended unless when, in cases of rebellion, or invasion, the public safety may require.

SECTION 9. Every person is entitled to a certain remedy in the laws, for all injuries, or wrongs which he may receive in his person, property, or character; he ought to obtain justice freely, and without being obliged to purchase it, completely and without denial, promptly and without delay, conformably to the laws.

SECTION 10. Treason against the State shall consist only in levying war against the same, or in adhering to its enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason, unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court.

SECTION 11. The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures shall not be violated; and no warrants shall issue but upon probable cause, supported by oath, or affirmation and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.

SECTION 12. No bill of attainder, ex-post facto law, nor any law impairing the obligation of contracts shall ever be passed, and no conviction shall work corruption of blood, or forfeiture of estate.

SECTION 13. The property of no person shall be taken for public use, without just compensation therefor.

SECTION 14. All lands within the State are declared to be allodial, and feudal tenures are prohibited.—Leases and grants of agricultural land, for a longer term than fifteen years, in which rent, or service of any kind shall be reserved, and all fines and like restraints upon alienation, reserved in any grant of land, hereafter made, are declared to be void.

SECTION 15. No distinction shall ever be made by law between resident aliens and citizens, in reference to the possession, enjoyment, or descent of property.

SECTION 16. No person shall be imprisoned for debt, arising out of, or founded on a contract, expressed or implied.

SECTION 17. The privilege of the debtor to enjoy the necessary comforts of life, shall be recognized by wholesome laws, exempting a reasonable amount of property from seizure, or sale for the payment of any debt, or liability hereafter contracted.

SECTION 18. The right of every man to worship Almighty God, according to the dictates of his own conscience, shall never be infringed; nor shall any man be compelled to attend, erect, or support any place of worship, or to maintain any ministry against his consent; nor shall any control of, or interference with, the rights of conscience be permitted, or any preference be given by law to any religious establishments, or modes of worship; nor shall any money be drawn from the treasury for the benefit of religious societies, or religious, or theological seminaries.

SECTION 19. No religious test shall ever be required as a qualification for any office of public trust under the State, and no person shall be rendered incompetent to give evidence in any court of law, or equity, in consequence of his opinions on the subject of religion.

SECTION 20. The military shall be in strict subordination to the civil power.

SECTION 21. Writs of error shall never be prohibited by law.

SECTION 22. The blessings of a free government can only be maintained by a firm adherence to justice, moderation, temperance, frugality and virtue, and by frequent recurrence to fundamental principles.

ARTICLE II.

BOUNDARIES.

SECTION 1. It is hereby ordained and declared, that the State of Wisconsin doth consent and accept of the boundaries prescribed in the act of Congress entitled "An act to enable the people of Wisconsin Territory to form a Constitution and State government, and for the admission of such State into the Union," ap-

proved August sixth, one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, to-wit: Beginning at the north-east corner of the State of Illinois—that is to say; at a point in the centre of Lake Michigan, where the line of forty-two degrees and thirty minutes of north latitude crosses the same; thence running with the boundary line of the State of Michigan, through Lake Michigan, Green Bay, to the mouth of the Menominee river; thence up the channel of the said river to the Brule river; thence up said last mentioned river to Lake Brule; thence along the southern shore of Lake Brule in a direct line to the centre of the channel between Middle and South Islands, in the Lake of the Desert; thence in a direct line to the head waters of the Montreal river, as marked upon the survey made by Captain Cramm; thence down the main channel of the Montreal river to the middle of Lake Superior, thence through the centre of Lake Superior to the mouth of the St. Louis river; thence up the main channel of said river to the first rapids in the same, above the Indian village, according to Nichollet's map; thence due south to the main branch of the river St. Croix; thence down the main channel of said river to the Mississippi; thence down the centre of the main channel of that river to the north-west corner of the State of Illinois; thence due east with the northern boundary of the State of Illinois to the place of beginning, as established by "an act to enable the people of the Illinois Territory to form a constitution and State government, and for the admission of such State into the Union on an equal footing with the original States", approved April 18th, 1818. Provided, however, that the following alteration of the aforesaid boundary be, and hereby is proposed to the Congress of the United States as the preference of the State of Wisconsin, and if the same shall be assented and agreed to by the Congress of the United States, then the same shall be and forever remain obligatory on the State of Wisconsin, viz.: Leaving the aforesaid boundary line at the foot of the rapids of the St. Louis river; thence in a direct line, bearing South-westerly, to the mouth of the Iskodewabo, or Rum river, where the same empties into the Mississippi river, thence down the main channel of the said Mississippi river as prescribed in the aforesaid boundary.

SECTION 2. The propositions contained in the act of Congress are hereby accepted, ratified and confirmed, and shall remain irrevocable without the consent of the United States; and it is hereby ordained that this State shall never interfere with the primary disposal of the soil within the same by the United States, nor with any regulations Congress may find necessary for securing the title in such soil to bona-fide purchasers thereof; and no tax shall be imposed on land, the property of the United States; and in no case shall non-resident proprietors be taxed higher than residents. Provided, that nothing in this Constitution, or in the Act of Congress aforesaid, shall in any manner prejudice, or affect the right of the State of Wisconsin to five hundred thousand acres of land, granted to said State, and to be hereafter selected and located by and under the Act of Congress entitled "An act to appropriate the proceeds of the sales of the public lands, and grant pre-emption rights," approved September fourth, one thousand eight hundred and forty-one.

ARTICLE III.

SUFFRAGE.

SECTION 1. Every male person of the age of twenty-one years or upwards, belonging to either of the following classes, who shall have resided in the State for one year next preceding any election, shall be deemed a qualified elector at such election:

First.—White citizens of the United States.

Second.—White persons of foreign birth who shall have declared their intention to become citizens, conformably to the laws of the United States on the subject of naturalization.

Third.—Persons of Indian blood who have once been declared by law of Congress to be citizens of the United States, any subsequent law of Congress to the contrary notwithstanding.

Fourth.—Civilized persons of Indian descent, not members of any tribe: PROVIDED, that the legislature may at any time extend, by law, the right of suffrage to persons not herein enumerated, but no such law shall be in force until the same shall have been submitted to a vote of the people at a general election, and approved by a majority of all the votes cast at such election.

SECTION 2. No person under guardianship, non-compos mentis, or insane, shall be qualified to vote at any election; nor shall any person convicted of treason, or felony, be qualified to vote at any election, unless restored to civil rights.

SECTION 3. All votes shall be given by ballot, except for such township officers as may by law be directed, or allowed to be otherwise chosen.

SECTION 4. No person shall be deemed to have lost his residence in this State, by reason of his absence on business of the United States, or of this State.

SECTION 5. No soldier, seaman, or marine in the army or navy of the United States shall be deemed a resident of this State, in consequence of being stationed within the same.

SECTION 6. Laws may be passed excluding from the right of suffrage all persons who have been or may be convicted of bribery, or larceny, or of any infamous crime, and depriving every person who shall make, or become directly, or indirectly interested, in any bet or wager depending upon the result of any election, from the right to vote at such election.

ARTICLE IV.

LEGISLATIVE.

SECTION 1. The legislative power shall be vested in a Senate and Assembly.

SECTION 2. The number of the members of the Assembly shall never be less than fifty-four, nor more than one hundred. The Senate shall consist of a number not more than one-third, nor less than one-fourth of the number of the members of the Assembly.

SECTION 3. The Legislature shall provide by law for an enumeration of the inhabitants of the State in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, and at the end of every ten years thereafter; and at their first session after such enumeration, and also after each enumeration made by the authority of the United States, the legislature shall apportion and district anew the members of the Senate and Assembly, according to the number of inhabitants, excluding Indians not taxed, and soldiers and officers of the United States Army and Navy.

SECTION 4. The members of the Assembly shall be chosen annually by single districts, on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday of November, by the qualified electors of the several districts. Such districts to be bounded by county, precinct, town, or ward lines, to consist of contiguous territory, and be in as compact form as practicable.

SECTION 5. The Senators shall be chosen by single districts of convenient contiguous territory, at the same time and in the same manner as members of the Assembly are required to be chosen, and no Assembly district shall be divided in the formation of a Senate district. The Senate districts shall be numbered in regular series, and the Senators chosen by the odd-numbered districts shall go out of office at the expiration of the first year, and the Senators chosen by the even-numbered districts shall go out of office at the expiration of the second year, and thereafter the Senators shall be chosen for the term of two years.

SECTION 6. No person shall be eligible to the Legislature, who shall not have resided one year within the State, and be a qualified elector in the district which he may be chosen to represent.

SECTION 7. Each house shall be the judge of the elections, returns and qualifications of its own members; and a majority of each shall constitute a quorum to do business: but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may compel the attendance of absent members in such manner, and under such penalties, as each house may provide.

SECTION 8. Each house may determine the rules of its own proceedings, punish for contempt and disorderly behaviour, and with the concurrence of two-

thirds of all the members elected, expel a member; but no member shall be expelled a second time for the same cause.

SECTION 9. Each house shall choose its own officers, and the Senate shall choose a temporary president, when the Lieutenant-Governor shall not attend as president, or shall act as Governor.

SECTION 10. Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings and publish the same, except such parts as require secrecy. The doors of each house shall be kept open except when the public welfare shall require secrecy. Neither house shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days.

SECTION 11. The Legislature shall meet at the seat of government, at such time as shall be provided by law, once in each year, and not oftener, unless convened by the Governor.

SECTION 12. No member of the Legislature shall, during the term for which he was elected, be appointed or elected to any civil office in the State, which shall have been created, or the emoluments of which shall have been increased, during the term for which he was elected.

SECTION 13. No person being a member of Congress, or holding any military or civil office under the United States, shall be eligible to a seat in the Legislature, and if any person shall, after his election as a member of the Legislature, be elected to Congress, or be appointed to any office, civil or military, under the government of the United States, his acceptance thereof shall vacate his seat.

SECTION 14. The Governor shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies as may occur in either house of the Legislature.

SECTION 15. Members of the Legislature shall in all cases, except treason, felony and breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest; nor shall they be subject to any civil process, during the session of the Legislature, nor for fifteen days next before the commencement and after the termination of each session.

SECTION 16. No member of the Legislature shall be liable in any civil action, or criminal prosecution whatever, for words spoken in debate.

SECTION 17. The style of the laws of the State shall be "The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:" and no law shall be enacted except by bill.

SECTION 18. No private or local bill which may be passed by the Legislature shall embrace more than one subject, and that shall be expressed in the title.

SECTION 19. Any bill may originate in either house of the Legislature, and a bill passed by one house may be amended by the other.

SECTION 20. The yeas and nays of the members of either house, on any question shall, at the request of one-sixth of those present, be entered on the journal.

SECTION 21. Each member of the Legislature shall receive for his services two dollars and fifty cents for each day's attendance during the session, and ten cents for every mile he shall travel in going to and returning from the place of the meeting of the Legislature, on the most usual route.

SECTION 22. The Legislature may confer upon the boards of supervisors of the several counties of the State, such powers of a local, legislative and administrative character, as they shall from time to time prescribe.

SECTION 23. The Legislature shall establish but one system of town and county government, which shall be as nearly uniform as practicable.

SECTION 24. The Legislature shall never authorize any lottery, or grant any divorce.

SECTION 25. The Legislature shall provide by law, that all stationery required for the use of the State, and all printing authorized and required by them to be done for their use, or for the State, shall be let by contract to the lowest bidder, but the Legislature may establish a maximum price; no member of the Legislature, or other State Officer shall be interested, either directly or indirectly, in any such contract.

SECTION 26. The Legislature shall never grant any extra compensation to any public officer, agent, servant, or contractor, after the services shall have been rendered, or the contract entered into; nor shall the compensation of any public officer be increased, or diminished during his term of office.

SECTION 27. The Legislature shall direct by law in what manner and in what courts, suits may be brought against the State.

SECTION 28. Members of the Legislature, and all officers, executive and judicial, except such inferior officers as may be by law exempted, shall before they enter upon the duties of their respective offices, take and subscribe an oath, or affirmation to support the Constitution of the United States, and the Constitution of the State of Wisconsin, and faithfully to discharge the duties of their respective offices to the best of their ability.

SECTION 29. The Legislature shall determine what persons shall constitute the militia of the State, and may provide for organizing and disciplining the same in such manner as shall be prescribed by law.

SECTION 30. In all elections to be made by the Legislature, the members thereof, shall vote viva-voce, and their votes shall be entered on the journal.

ARTICLE V.

EXECUTIVE.

SECTION 1. The Executive power shall be vested in a Governor, who shall hold his office for two years; a Lieutenant-Governor shall be elected at the same time, and for the same term.

SECTION 2. No person except a citizen of the United States, and a qualified elector of the State, shall be eligible to the office of Governor, or Lieutenant-Governor.

SECTION 3. The Governor and Lieutenant-Governor shall be elected by the qualified electors of the State, at the times and places of choosing members of the Legislature. The persons respectively having the highest number of votes for Governor and Lieutenant-Governor, shall be elected; but in case two or more shall have an equal and the highest number of votes for Governor, or Lieutenant-Governor, the two houses of the Legislature, at its next annual session, shall forthwith, by joint ballot, choose one of the persons so having an equal and the highest number of votes, for Governor, or Lieutenant-Governor. The returns of election for Governor and Lieutenant-Governor, shall be made in such manner as shall be provided by law.

SECTION 4. The Governor shall be Commander-in-Chief of the Military and Naval forces of the State. He shall have power to convene the Legislature on extraordinary occasions, and in case of invasion, or danger from the prevalence of contagious disease at the seat of government, he may convene them at any other suitable place within the State. He shall communicate to the Legislature, at every session, the condition of the State; and recommend such matters to them for their consideration as he may deem expedient. He shall transact all necessary business with the officers of the government, civil and military. He shall expedite all such measures as may be resolved upon by the Legislature, and shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed.

SECTION 5. The Governor shall receive during his continuance in office, an annual compensation of one thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

SECTION 6. The Governor shall have power to grant reprieves, commutations and pardons after conviction, for all offences, except treason and cases of impeachment, upon such conditions and with such restrictions and limitations as he may think proper, subject to such regulations as may be provided by law relative to the manner of applying for pardons. Upon conviction for treason, he shall have the power to suspend the execution of the sentence, until the case shall be reported to the Legislature at its next meeting, when the Legislature shall either pardon, or commute the sentence, direct the execution of the sentence, or grant a further reprieve. He shall annually communicate to the Legislature each case of reprieve, commutation or pardon granted, stating the name of the convict, the crime of which he was convicted, the sentence and its date, and the date of the commutation, pardon or reprieve, with his reasons for granting the same.

SECTION 7. In case of the impeachment of the Governor, or his removal from office, death, inability from mental or physical disease, resignation, or absence from the State, the powers and duties of the office shall devolve upon the Lieutenant-Governor for the residue of the term, or until the Governor, absent or

impeached, shall have returned, or the disability shall cease. But when the Governor shall, with the consent of the Legislature, be out of the State in time of War, at the head of the Military force thereof, he shall continue Commander-in-chief of the Military force of the State.

SECTION 8. The Lieutenant Governor shall be President of the Senate, but shall have only a casting vote therein. If, during a vacancy in the office of Governor, the Lieutenant-Governor shall be impeached, displaced, resign, die, or from mental, or physical disease become incapable of performing the duties of his office, or be absent from the State, the Secretary of State shall act as Governor, until the vacancy shall be filled, or the disability shall cease.

SECTION 9. The Lieutenant-Governor shall receive double the per-diem allowance of members of the Senate, for every day's attendance as President of the Senate, and the same mileage as shall be allowed to members of the Legislature.

SECTION 10. Every bill which shall have passed the Legislature shall, before it becomes a law, be presented to the Governor; If he approve, he shall sign it, but if not, he shall return it, with his objections, to that house in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the objections at large upon the Journal, and proceed to reconsider it. If, after such reconsideration two-thirds of the members present shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of the members present, it shall become a law. But in all such cases the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the members voting for or against the bill, shall be entered on the Journal of each house respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the Governor within three days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law, unless the Legislature shall, by their adjournment, prevent its return, in which case it shall not be a law.

ARTICLE VI.

ADMINISTRATIVE.

SECTION 1. There shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State, at the times and places of choosing the members of the Legislature, a Secretary of State, Treasurer and Attorney General, who shall severally hold their offices for the term of two years.

SECTION 2. The Secretary of State shall keep a fair record of the official acts of the Legislature and Executive department of the State, and shall, when required, lay the same and all matters relative thereto, before either branch of the Legislature. He shall be ex officio Auditor and shall perform such other duties as shall be assigned him by law. He shall receive as a compensation for his services yearly, such sum as shall be provided by law, and shall keep his office at the seat of government.

SECTION 3. The powers, duties and compensation of the Treasurer and Attorney General shall be prescribed by law.

SECTION 4. Sheriffs, Coroners, Registers of Deeds and District Attorneys shall be chosen by the electors of the respective counties, once in every two years, and as often as vacancies shall happen; Sheriffs shall hold no other office, and be ineligible for two years next succeeding the termination of their offices. They may be required by law, to renew their security from time to time; and in default of giving such new security, their offices shall be deemed vacant. But the county shall never be made responsible for the acts of the Sheriff. The Governor may remove any officer in this section mentioned, giving to such officer a copy of the charges against him, and an opportunity of being heard in his defence.

ARTICLE VII.

JUDICIARY.

SECTION 1. The court for the trial of Impeachments shall be composed of the Senate. The House of Representatives shall have the power of impeaching all

civil officers of this State, for corrupt conduct in office, or for crimes and misdemeanors; but a majority of all the members elected shall concur in an impeachment. On the trial of an impeachment against the Governor, the Lieutenant-Governor shall not act as a member of the court. No judicial officer shall exercise his office, after he shall have been impeached, until his acquittal. Before the trial of an impeachment, the members of the court shall take an oath or affirmation, truly and impartially to try the impeachment according to evidence; and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present. Judgment in cases of impeachment shall not extend further than to removal from office, or removal from office and disqualification to hold any office of honor, profit or trust under the State; but the party impeached shall be liable to indictment, trial and punishment according to law.

SECTION 2. The judicial power of this State, both as to matters of law and equity, shall be vested in a Supreme court, Circuit courts, Courts of Probate, and in Justices of the Peace. The Legislature may also vest such jurisdiction as shall be deemed necessary in municipal courts, and shall have power to establish inferior courts in the several counties, with limited civil and criminal jurisdiction. Provided, that the jurisdiction which may be vested in municipal courts, shall not exceed, in their respective municipalities, that of circuit courts, in their respective circuits, as prescribed in this Constitution: And that the Legislature shall provide as well for the election of Judges of the Municipal courts, as of the Judges of inferior courts, by the qualified electors of the respective jurisdictions. The term of office of the judges of the said Municipal and inferior courts shall not be longer than that of the Judges of the circuit court.

SECTION 3. The Supreme court, except in cases otherwise provided in this Constitution, shall have appellate jurisdiction only, which shall be co-extensive with the State; but in no case removed to the Supreme Court shall a trial by jury be allowed. The Supreme Court shall have a general superintending control over all inferior courts; it shall have power to issue writs of habeas-corpus, mandamus, injunction, quo warranto, certiorari; and other original and remedial writs, and to hear and determine the same.

SECTION 4. For the term of five years, and thereafter until the Legislature shall otherwise provide, the judges of the several circuit courts shall be judges of the Supreme court, four of whom shall constitute a quorum, and the concurrence of a majority of the judges present shall be necessary to a decision. The Legislature shall have power, if they should think it expedient and necessary, to provide by law, for the organization of a separate Supreme court, with the jurisdiction and powers prescribed in this Constitution, to consist of one chief justice, and two associate justices, to be elected by the qualified electors of the State, at such time and in such manner as the Legislature may provide. The separate Supreme court when so organized, shall not be changed or discontinued by the Legislature; the judges thereof shall be so classified that but one of them shall go out of office at the same time; and their term of office shall be the same as is provided for the judges of the circuit court. And whenever the Legislature may consider it necessary to establish a separate Supreme court, they shall have power to reduce the number of circuit court judges to four, and subdivide the judicial circuits, but no such subdivision or reduction shall take effect until after the expiration of the term of some one of said judges, or till a vacancy occur by some other means.

SECTION 5. The State shall be divided into five judicial circuits, to be composed as follows: The first circuit shall comprise the counties of Racine, Walworth, Rock and Green; the second circuit, the counties of Milwaukee, Waukesha, Jefferson and Dane; the third circuit, the counties of Washington, Dodge, Columbia, Marquette, Sauk and Portage; the fourth circuit, the counties of Brown, Manitowoc, Sheboygan, Fond du Lac, Winnebago and Calumet; and the fifth circuit shall comprise the counties of Iowa, La Fayette, Grant, Crawford and St. Croix; and the county of Richland shall be attached to Iowa, the county of Chippewa to the county of Crawford, and the county of La Pointe to the county of St. Croix for judicial purposes until otherwise provided by the Legislature.

SECTION 6. The Legislature may alter the limits, or increase the number of circuits, making them as compact and convenient as practicable, and bounding

them by county lines; but no such alteration or increase shall have the effect to remove a judge from office. In case of an increase of circuits, the judge or judges shall be elected as provided in this Constitution and receive a salary not less than that herein provided for the judges of the circuit court.

SECTION 7. For each circuit there shall be a judge chosen by the qualified electors therein, who shall hold his office as is provided in this Constitution, and until his successor shall be chosen and qualified; and after he shall have been elected, he shall reside in the circuit for which he was elected. One of said judges shall be designated as chief justice in such manner as the Legislature shall provide. And the Legislature shall at its first session provide by law as well for the election of, as for classifying the judges of the circuit court to be elected under this Constitution, in such manner that one of said judges shall go out of office in two years, one in three years, one in four years, one in five years and one in six years, and thereafter the judge elected to fill the office shall hold the same for six years.

SECTION 8. The circuit courts shall have original jurisdiction in all matters civil and criminal within this State, not excepted in this Constitution, and not hereafter prohibited by law; and appellate jurisdiction from all inferior courts and tribunals and a supervisory control over the same. They shall also have the power to issue writs of habeas corpus, mandamus, injunction, quo warranto, certiorari, and all other writs necessary to carry into effect their orders, judgments and decrees, and give them a general control over inferior courts and jurisdictions.

SECTION 9. When a vacancy shall happen in the office of judge of the Supreme or circuit courts, such vacancy shall be filled by an appointment of the Governor, which shall continue until a successor is elected and qualified; and when elected such successor shall hold his office the residue of the unexpired term. There shall be no election for a judge or judges at any general election for State or county officers, nor within thirty days either before or after such election.

SECTION 10. Each of the judges of the Supreme and circuit courts shall receive a salary, payable quarterly, of not less than one thousand five hundred dollars annually; they shall receive no fees of office, or other compensation than their salaries; they shall hold no office of public trust, except a judicial office, during the term for which they are respectively elected, and all votes for either of them for any office, except a judicial office, given by the Legislature or the people, shall be void. No person shall be eligible to the office of judge, who shall not, at the time of his election, be a citizen of the United States, and have attained the age of twenty-five years, and be a qualified elector within the jurisdiction for which he may be chosen.

SECTION 11. The Supreme court shall hold at least one term, annually, at the seat of government of the State, at such time as shall be provided by law. And the Legislature may provide for holding other terms, and at other places when they may deem it necessary. A Circuit Court shall be held, at least twice in each year, in each county of this State organized for judicial purposes. The judges of the circuit court may hold courts for each other, and shall do so when required by law.

SECTION 12. There shall be a clerk of the circuit court chosen in each county organized for judicial purposes, by the qualified electors thereof, who shall hold his office for two years, subject to removal, as shall be provided by law. In case of a vacancy, the judge of the circuit court shall have the power to appoint a clerk until the vacancy shall be filled by an election. The clerk thus elected or appointed shall give such security as the Legislature may require; and when elected shall hold his office for a full term. The Supreme court shall appoint its own clerk, and the clerk of a circuit court may be appointed clerk of the Supreme court.

SECTION 13. Any judge of the Supreme or circuit court may be removed from office, by address of both houses of the Legislature, if two-thirds of all the members elected to each house concur therein, but no removal shall be made by virtue of this section, unless the judge complained of shall have been served with a copy of the charges against him, as the ground of address, and shall have had an opportunity of being heard in his defence. On the question of removal, the ayes and noes shall be entered on the journals.

SECTION 14. There shall be chosen in each county, by the qualified electors thereof, a Judge of Probate, who shall hold his office for two years, and until his successors shall be elected and qualified, and whose jurisdiction, powers and duties shall be prescribed by law. Provided, however, that the Legislature shall have power to abolish the office of Judge of Probate in any county, and to confer Probate powers upon such inferior courts as may be established in said county.

SECTION 15. The electors of the several towns, at their annual town meeting, and the electors of cities and villages, at their charter elections, shall in such manner as the Legislature may direct, elect justices of the peace, whose term of office shall be for two years, and until their successors in office shall be elected and qualified. In case of an election to fill a vacancy, occurring before the expiration of a full term, the justice elected shall hold for the residue of the unexpired term. Their number and classification shall be regulated by law. And the tenure of two years shall in no wise interfere with the classification in the first instance. The justices, thus elected, shall have such civil and criminal jurisdiction as shall be prescribed by law.

SECTION 16. The Legislature shall pass laws for the regulation of tribunals of conciliation, defining their powers and duties. Such tribunals may be established in and for any township, and shall have power to render judgment to be obligatory on the parties, when they shall voluntarily submit their matter in difference to arbitration, and agree to abide the judgment, or assent thereto in writing.

SECTION 17. The style of all writs and process shall be, "The State of Wisconsin"; all criminal prosecutions shall be carried on in the name and by the authority of the same; and all indictments shall conclude against the peace and dignity of the State.

SECTION 18. The Legislature shall impose a tax on all civil suits commenced, or prosecuted in the municipal, inferior, or circuit courts, which shall constitute a fund to be applied toward the payment of the salary of judges.

SECTION 19. The testimony in causes in equity shall be taken in like manner as in cases at law, and the office of master in chancery is hereby prohibited.

SECTION 20. Any suitor, in any court of this State, shall have the right to prosecute or defend his suit either in his own proper person, or by an Attorney or agent of his choice.

SECTION 21. The Legislature shall provide by law for the speedy publication of all statute laws, and of such judicial decisions, made within the State, as may be deemed expedient. And no general law shall be in force until published.

SECTION 22. The Legislature at its first session, after the adoption of this Constitution, shall provide for the appointment of three commissioners, whose duty it shall be to inquire into, revise, and simplify the rules of practice, pleadings, forms and proceedings, and arrange a system, adapted to the courts of record of this State, and report the same to the Legislature, subject to their modification and adoption; and such commission shall terminate upon the rendering of the report, unless otherwise provided by law.

SECTION 23. The Legislature may provide for the appointment of one or more persons in each organized county, and may vest in such persons such judicial powers as shall be prescribed by law. Provided, that said power shall not exceed that of a judge of a circuit court at chambers.

ARTICLE VIII.

FINANCE.

SECTION 1. The rule of taxation shall be uniform, and taxes shall be levied upon such property as the Legislature shall prescribe.

SECTION 2. No money shall be paid out of the treasury, except in pursuance of an appropriation by law.

SECTION 3. The credit of the State shall never be given, or loaned, in aid of any individual, association, or corporation.

SECTION 4. The State shall never contract any public debt, except in the cases and manner herein provided.

SECTION 5. The Legislature shall provide for an annual tax sufficient to defray the estimated expenses of the State for each year; and whenever the expenses of any year shall exceed the income, the Legislature shall provide for levying a tax for the ensuing year, sufficient, with other sources of income, to pay the deficiency as well as the estimated expenses of such ensuing year.

SECTION 6. For the purpose of defraying extraordinary expenditures, the State may contract public debts (but such debts shall never in the aggregate exceed one hundred thousand dollars). Every such debt shall be authorized by law, for some purpose or purposes to be distinctly specified therein; and the vote of a majority of all the members elected to each house, to be taken by yeas and nays, shall be necessary to the passage of such law; and every such law shall provide for levying an annual tax sufficient to pay the annual interest of such debt, and the principal within five years from the passage of such law, and shall specially appropriate the proceeds of such taxes to the payment of such principal and interest; and such appropriation shall not be repealed, nor the taxes be postponed, or diminished, until the principal and interest of such debt shall have been wholly paid.

SECTION 7. The Legislature may also borrow money to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, or defend the State in time of war; but the money thus raised shall be applied exclusively to the object for which the loan was authorized, or to the repayment of the debt thereby created.

SECTION 8. On the passage in either house of the Legislature, of any law which imposes, continues or renews a tax, or creates a debt, or charge, or makes, continues, or renews an appropriation of public, or trust money, or releases, discharges, or commutes a claim, or demand of the State, the question shall be taken by yeas and nays, which shall be duly entered on the journal; and three-fifths of all the members elected to such house shall in all such cases be required to constitute a quorum therein.

SECTION 9. No scrip, certificate, or other evidence of State debt, whatsoever, shall be issued, except for such debts as are authorized by the sixth and seventh sections of this Article.

SECTION 10. The State shall never contract any debt for works of Internal Improvement, or be a party in carrying on such works, but whenever grants of land or other property shall have been made to the State, especially dedicated by the grant to particular works of Internal Improvement, the State may carry on such particular works, and shall devote thereto the avails of such grants, and may pledge or appropriate the revenues derived from such works in aid of their completion.

ARTICLE IX.

EMINENT DOMAIN AND PROPERTY OF THE STATE.

SECTION 1. The State shall have concurrent jurisdiction on all rivers and lakes bordering on this State, so far as such rivers or lakes shall form a common boundary to the State, and any other State, or Territory, now or hereafter to be formed, and bounded by the same: And the river Mississippi and the navigable waters leading into the Mississippi and St. Lawrence, and the carrying places between the same shall be common highways and forever free, as well to the inhabitants of the State, as to the citizens of the United States, without any tax, impost or duty therefor.

SECTION 2. The title to all lands and other property which have accrued to the Territory of Wisconsin by grant, gift, purchase, forfeiture, escheat, or otherwise, shall vest in the State of Wisconsin.

SECTION 3. The people of the State, in their right of sovereignty, are declared to possess the ultimate property, in and to all lands within the jurisdiction of the State; and all lands the title to which shall fall from a defect of heirs, shall revert or escheat to the people.

ARTICLE X.

EDUCATION.

SECTION 1. The supervision of public instruction shall be vested in a State Superintendent, and such other officers as the Legislature shall direct. The State Superintendent shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State, in such manner as the Legislature shall provide; his powers, duties and compensation shall be prescribed by law, provided that his compensation shall not exceed the sum of twelve hundred dollars annually.

SECTION 2. The proceeds of all lands, that have been or hereafter may be granted by the United States to this State for educational purposes (except the lands heretofore granted for the purposes of a University) and all moneys, and the clear proceeds of all property that may accrue to the State by forfeiture or escheat, and all moneys which may be paid as an equivalent for exemption from military duty; and the clear proceeds of all fines collected, in the several counties for any breach of the penal laws, and all moneys arising from any grant to the State where the purposes of such grant are not specified, and the five hundred thousand acres of land, to which the State is entitled by the provisions of an act of Congress entitled "An act to appropriate the proceeds of the sales of the public lands, and to grant pre-emption rights," approved the fourth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and forty-one; and also the five per-centum of the net proceeds of the public lands to which the State shall become entitled on her admission into the Union (if Congress shall consent to such appropriation of the two grants last mentioned) shall be set apart as a separate fund, to be called "The School Fund," the interest of which and all other revenues derived from the school lands, shall be exclusively applied to the following objects, to-wit:

First. To the support and maintenance of common schools, in each school district, and the purchase of suitable libraries and apparatus therefor.

Second. The residue shall be appropriated to the support and maintenance of Academies and Normal Schools, and suitable libraries and apparatus therefor.

SECTION 3. The Legislature shall provide by law for the establishment of District Schools, which shall be as nearly uniform as practicable; and such schools shall be free and without charge for tuition, to all children between the ages of four and twenty years; and no sectarian instruction shall be allowed therein.

SECTION 4. Each town and city shall be required to raise, by tax, annually, for the support of common schools therein, a sum not less than one-half the amount received by such town or city respectively for school purposes from the income of the school fund.

SECTION 5. Provision shall be made by law, for the distribution of the income of the school fund among the several towns and cities of the State, for the support of common schools therein, in some just proportion to the number of children and youth resident therein, between the ages of four and twenty years, and no appropriation shall be made from the school fund to any city, or town, for the year in which said city or town shall fail to raise such tax; nor to any school district for the year in which a school shall not be maintained at least three months.

SECTION 6. Provision shall be made by law for the establishment of a State University, at or near the seat of State government, and for connecting with the same, from time to time, such colleges in different parts of the State, as the interests of education may require. The proceeds of all lands that have been, or may hereafter be granted by the United States to the State for the support of a University, shall be and remain a perpetual fund, to be called "The University Fund," the interest of which shall be appropriated to the support of the State University, and no sectarian instruction shall be allowed in such University.

SECTION 7. The Secretary of State, Treasurer and Attorney General, shall constitute a board of commissioners for the sale of the School and University lands, and for the investment of the funds arising therefrom. Any two of said commissioners shall be a quorum for the transaction of all business pertaining to the duties of their office.

SECTION 8. Provision shall be made by law for the sale of all School and



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University lands, after they shall have been appraised; and when any portion of such lands shall be sold and the purchase money shall not be paid at the time of the sale, the commissioners shall take security by mortgage upon the land sold for the sum remaining unpaid, with seven per cent. interest thereon, payable annually at the office of the Treasurer. The commissioners shall be authorized to execute a good and sufficient conveyance to all purchasers of such lands, and to discharge any mortgages taken as security, when the sum due thereon shall have been paid. The commissioners shall have power to withhold from sale any portion of such lands, when they shall deem it expedient, and shall invest all moneys arising from the sale of such lands, as well as all other University and School funds, in such manner as the Legislature shall provide, and shall give such security for the faithful performance of their duties as may be required by law.

ARTICLE XI.

CORPORATIONS.

SECTION 1. Corporations without banking powers or privileges may be formed under general laws, but shall not be created by special act, except for municipal purposes, and in cases where in the judgment of the Legislature, the objects of the corporation cannot be attained under general laws. All general laws or special acts, enacted under the provisions of this section, may be altered or repealed by the Legislature at any time after their passage.

SECTION 2. No municipal corporation shall take private property for public use, against the consent of the owner, without the necessity thereof being first established by the verdict of a jury.

SECTION 3. It shall be the duty of the Legislature, and they are hereby empowered, to provide for the organization of cities and incorporated villages, and to restrict their power of taxation, assessment, borrowing money, contracting debts and loaning their credit, so as to prevent abuses in assessments and taxation, and in contracting debts by such municipal corporations.

SECTION 4. The Legislature shall not have power to create, authorize or incorporate, by any general, or special law, any bank, or banking power or privilege, or any institution or corporation having any banking power or privilege whatever, except as provided in this article.

SECTION 5. The Legislature may submit to the voters, at any general election, the question of "BANK," or "NO BANK," and if at any such election a number of votes equal to a majority of all the votes cast at such election on that subject shall be in favor of Banks, then the Legislature shall have power to grant Bank charters, or to pass a general banking law, with such restrictions and under such regulations as they may deem expedient and proper for the security of the bill holders. Provided, that no such grant or law shall have any force or effect until the same shall have been submitted to a vote of the electors of the State, at some general election, and been approved by a majority of the votes cast on that subject at such election.

ARTICLE XII.

AMENDMENTS.

SECTION 1. Any amendment, or amendments to this Constitution may be proposed in either house of the Legislature, and if the same shall be agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each of the two houses, such proposed amendment, or amendments, shall be entered on their journals, with the yeas and nays taken thereon, and referred to the Legislature to be chosen at the next general election; and shall be published for three months previous to the time of holding such election, and if, in the Legislature so next chosen, such proposed amendment, or amendments, shall be agreed to by a majority of all the members elected to each house, then it shall be the duty of the Legislature to submit such proposed amendment, or amendments to the people in such manner, and at such time, as the Legislature shall prescribe; and if the people shall approve and ratify such

amendment, or amendments by a majority of the electors voting thereon, such amendment, or amendments, shall become part of the Constitution; PROVIDED, that if more than one amendment be submitted, they shall be submitted in such manner that the people may vote for or against such amendments separately.

SECTION 2. If at any time a majority of the Senate and Assembly shall deem it necessary to call a convention to revise or change this Constitution, they shall recommend to the electors to vote for or against a convention at the next election for members of the Legislature. And if it shall appear that a majority of the electors voting thereon, have voted for a convention, the Legislature shall, at its next session, provide for calling such convention.

ARTICLE XIII.

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

SECTION 1. The political year for the State of Wisconsin shall commence on the first Monday in January in each year, and the general election shall be holden on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday in November in each year.

SECTION 2. Any inhabitant of this State who may hereafter be engaged, either directly or indirectly in a duel, either as principal or accessory, shall forever be disqualified as an elector, and from holding any office under the Constitution and laws of this State, and may be punished in such other manner as shall be prescribed by law.

SECTION 3. No member of Congress, nor any person holding any office of profit or trust under the United States (Postmasters excepted) or under any foreign power: no person convicted of any infamous crime in any court within the United States; and no person being a defaulter to the United States, or to this State, or to any county, or town therein, or to any State, or Territory within the United States, shall be eligible to any office of trust, profit, or honor in this State.

SECTION 4. It shall be the duty of the Legislature to provide a great seal for the State, which shall be kept by the Secretary of State, and all official acts of the Governor, his approbation of the laws excepted, shall be thereby authenticated.

SECTION 5. All persons residing upon Indian lands, within any county of the State, and qualified to exercise the right of suffrage under this Constitution, shall be entitled to vote at the polls which may be held nearest their residence, for State, United States or County officers. Provided, that no person shall vote for county officers out of the county in which he resides.

SECTION 6. The elective officers of the Legislature, other than the presiding officers, shall be a chief clerk and a sergeant-at-arms, to be elected by each house.

SECTION 7. No county with an area of nine hundred square miles, or less, shall be divided, or have any part stricken therefrom, without submitting the question to a vote of the people of the county, nor unless a majority of all the legal voters of the county, voting on the question, shall vote for the same.

SECTION 8. No county seat shall be removed until the point to which it is proposed to be removed shall be fixed by law, and a majority of the voters of the county, voting on the question, shall have voted in favor of its removal to such point.

SECTION 9. All county officers whose election, or appointment is not provided for by this Constitution, shall be elected by the electors of the respective counties, or appointed by the boards of supervisors, or other county authorities, as the Legislature shall direct. All city, town and village officers, whose election or appointment, is not provided for by this Constitution, shall be elected by the electors of such cities, town and villages, or of some division thereof, or appointed by such authorities thereof, as the Legislature shall designate for that purpose. All other officers whose election or appointment is not provided for by this Constitution, and all officers whose offices may hereafter be created by law, shall be elected by the people, or appointed, as the Legislature may direct.

SECTION 10. The Legislature may declare the cases in which any office shall be deemed vacant, and also the manner of filling the vacancy, where no provision is made for that purpose in this Constitution.

ARTICLE XIV.

SCHEDULE.

SECTION 1. That no inconvenience may arise by reason of a change from a Territorial to a permanent State government, it is declared, that all rights, actions, prosecutions, judgments, claims and contracts, as well of individuals, as of bodies corporate, shall continue as if no such change had taken place; and all process which may be issued under the authority of the Territory of Wisconsin previous to its admission into the Union of the United States, shall be as valid as if issued in the name of the State.

SECTION 2. All laws now in force, in the Territory of Wisconsin, which are not repugnant to this Constitution, shall remain in force until they expire by their own limitation, or be altered or repealed by the Legislature.

SECTION 3. All fines, penalties, or forfeitures, accruing to the Territory of Wisconsin, shall inure to the use of the State.

SECTION 4. All recognizances heretofore taken, or which may be taken before the change from Territorial to a permanent State government, shall remain valid, and shall pass to, and may be prosecuted in the name of the State; and all bonds executed to the Governor of the Territory, or to any other officer, or court, in his, or their official capacity, shall pass to the Governor or State authority, and their successors in office, for the uses therein respectively expressed, and may be sued for and recovered accordingly; and all the estate, or property, real, personal, or mixed, and all judgments, bonds, specialties, choses in action, and claims or debts of whatsoever description, of the Territory of Wisconsin, shall inure to and vest in the State of Wisconsin, and may be sued for and recovered, in the same manner and to the same extent by the State of Wisconsin, as the same could have been by the Territory of Wisconsin. All criminal prosecutions and penal actions which may have arisen, or which may arise, before the change from a Territorial to a State government, and which shall then be pending, shall be prosecuted to judgment and execution in the name of the State. All offences committed against the laws of the Territory of Wisconsin, before the change from a Territorial to a State government, and which shall not be prosecuted before such change, may be prosecuted in the name and by the authority of the State of Wisconsin, with like effect as though such change had not taken place; and all penalties incurred, shall remain the same as if this Constitution had not been adopted. All actions at law and suits in equity, which may be pending in any of the courts of the Territory of Wisconsin, at the time of the change from a Territorial to a State government, may be continued and transferred to any court of the State, which shall have jurisdiction of the subject matter thereof.

SECTION 5. All officers, civil and military, now holding their offices under the authority of the United States, or of the Territory of Wisconsin, shall continue to hold and exercise their respective offices until they shall be superseded by the authority of the State.

SECTION 6. The first session of the Legislature of the State of Wisconsin shall commence on the first Monday in June next, and shall be held at the village of Madison, which shall be and remain the seat of Government, until otherwise provided by law.

SECTION 7. All county, precinct and township officers shall continue to hold their respective offices, unless removed by the competent authority, until the Legislature shall, in conformity with the provisions of this Constitution, provide for the holding of elections to fill such offices respectively.

SECTION 8. The President of this convention shall, immediately after its adjournment, cause a fair copy of this Constitution, together with a copy of the act of the Legislature of this Territory, entitled "An act in relation to the formation of a State government in Wisconsin, and to change the time of holding the annual session of the Legislature," approved October 27th, 1847, providing for the calling of this Convention, and also a copy of so much of the last census of this Territory, as exhibits the number of its inhabitants, to be forwarded to the President of the United States, to be laid before the Congress of the United States, at its present session.

SECTION 9. This Constitution shall be submitted at an election to be held on the second Monday in March next, for ratification or rejection, to all white male persons of the age of twenty-one years or upwards, who shall then be residents of this Territory, and citizens of the United States, or shall have declared their intention to become such in conformity with the laws of Congress on the subject of naturalization, and all persons having such qualification shall be entitled to vote for, or against the adoption of this Constitution, and for all officers first elected under it. And if the Constitution be ratified by the said electors, it shall become the Constitution of the State of Wisconsin. On such of the ballots as are for the Constitution, shall be written or printed the word "yes" and on such as are against the Constitution, the word, "no". The election shall be conducted in the manner now prescribed by law, and the returns made by the clerks of the boards of supervisors or county commissioners (as the case may be) to the Governor of the Territory, at any time before the tenth day of April next. And in the event of the ratification of this Constitution, by a majority of all the votes given, it shall be the duty of the Governor of this Territory to make proclamation of the same, and to transmit a digest of the returns to the Senate and Assembly of the State, on the first day of their session. An election shall be held, for Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, Treasurer, Attorney General, members of the State Legislature, and members of Congress, on the second Monday of May next; and no other or further notice of such election shall be required.

SECTION 10. Two members of Congress shall also be elected, on the second Monday of May next; and until otherwise provided by law, the counties of Milwaukee, Waukesha, Jefferson, Racine, Walworth, Rock and Green, shall constitute the first congressional district and elect one member. And the counties of Washington, Sheboygan, Manitowoc, Calumet, Brown, Winnebago, Fond du Lac, Marquette, Sauk, Portage, Columbia, Dodge, Dane, Iowa, La Fayette, Grant, Richland, Crawford, Chippewa, St. Croix and La Pointe, shall constitute the second congressional district, and shall elect one member.

SECTION 11. The several elections, provided for in this article shall be conducted according to the existing laws of the Territory, provided that no elector shall be entitled to vote except in the town, ward or precinct where he resides. The returns of election for Senators and Members of Assembly, shall be transmitted to the clerk of the Board of Supervisors, or County Commissioners, as the case may be; and the votes shall be canvassed, and certificates of election issued as now provided by law. In the first senatorial district, the returns of the election for Senator shall be made to the proper officer in the county of Brown; in the second senatorial district, to the proper officer in the county of Columbia; in the third senatorial district, to the proper officer in the county of Crawford; in the fourth senatorial district, to the proper officer in the county of Fond du Lac; and in the fifth senatorial district, to the proper officer in the county of Iowa. The returns of election for State officers and members of Congress, shall be certified and transmitted to the Speaker of the Assembly, at the seat of government, in the same manner as the votes for delegate to Congress are required to be certified and returned by the laws of the Territory of Wisconsin, to the Secretary of said Territory, and in such time, that they may be received on the first Monday in June next; and as soon as the Legislature shall be organized, the Speaker of the Assembly, and the President of the Senate shall, in the presence of both houses, examine the returns, and declare who are duly elected to fill the several offices hereinbefore mentioned; and give to each of the persons elected, a certificate of his election.

SECTION 12. Until there shall be a new apportionment, the Senators and Members of the Assembly, shall be apportioned among the several districts, as hereinafter mentioned; and each district shall be entitled to elect one Senator, or member of the Assembly, as the case may be.

The counties of Brown, Calumet, Manitowoc and Sheboygan shall constitute the First Senate District.

The counties of Columbia, Marquette, Portage and Sauk shall constitute the Second Senate District.

The counties of Crawford, Chippewa, St. Croix and La Pointe shall constitute the Third Senate District.

The counties of Fond du Lac and Winnebago shall constitute the Fourth Senate District.

The counties of Iowa and Richland shall constitute the Fifth Senate District.

The county of Grant shall constitute the Sixth Senate District.

The county of La Fayette shall constitute the Seventh Senate District.

The county of Green shall constitute the Eighth Senate District.

The county of Dane shall constitute the Ninth Senate District.

The county of Dodge shall constitute the Tenth Senate District.

The county of Washington shall constitute the Eleventh Senate District.

The county of Jefferson shall constitute the Twelfth Senate District.

The county of Waukesha shall constitute the Thirteenth Senate District.

The county of Walworth shall constitute the Fourteenth Senate District.

The county of Rock shall constitute the Fifteenth Senate District.

The towns of Southport, Pike, Pleasant Prairie, Paris, Bristol, Brighton, Salem and Wheatland, in the county of Racine, shall constitute the Sixteenth Senate District.

The towns of Racine, Caledonia, Mount Pleasant, Raymond, Norway, Rochester, Yorkville and Burlington, in the county of Racine, shall constitute the Seventeenth Senate District.

The third, fourth and fifth wards of the City of Milwaukee, and the towns of Lake, Oak Creek, Franklin and Greenfield, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute the Eighteenth Senate District.

The first and second wards of the city of Milwaukee, and the towns of Milwaukee, Wauwatosa and Granville, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute the Nineteenth Senate District.

The county of Brown shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Calumet shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Manitowoc shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Columbia shall constitute an Assembly District.

The counties of Crawford and Chippewa shall constitute an Assembly District.

The counties of St. Croix and La Pointe shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Windsor, Sun Prairie and Cottage Grove, in the county of Dane, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Madison, Cross Plains, Clarkson, Springfield, Verona, Montrose, Oregon and Greenfield, in the county of Dane, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Rome, Dunkirk, Christiana, Albion and Rutland, in the county of Dane, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Burnett, Chester, Le Roy and Williamstown, in the county of Dodge, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Fairfield, Hubbard and Rubicon, in the county of Dodge, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Hustisford, Ashippun, Lebanon and Emmett, in the county of Dodge, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Elba, Lowell, Portland and Clyman, in the county of Dodge, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Calamus, Beaver Dam, Fox Lake and Trenton, in the county of Dodge, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Calumet, Forest, Auburn, Byron, Taychedah and Fond du Lac, in the county of Fond du Lac, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Alto, Metomen, Ceresco, Rosendale, Waupun, Oakfield and Seven Mile Creek, in the county of Fond du Lac, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Hazel Green, Fairplay, Smelser's Grove and Jamestown, in the county of Grant, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Platteville, Head of Platte, Centreville, Muscoda and Fennimore, in the county of Grant, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Pleasant Valley, Potosi, Waterloo, Hurricane and New Lisbon, in the county of Grant, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Beetown, Patch Grove, Cassville, Millville and Lancaster, in the county of Grant, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Green shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Dallas, Peddler's Creek, Mineral Point and Yellow Stone, in the county of Iowa, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Franklin, Dodgeville, Porter's Grove, Arena and Percussion, in the county of Iowa, and the county of Richland, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Watertown, Aztalan and Waterloo, in the county of Jefferson, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Ixonia, Concord, Sullivan, Hebron, Cold Spring and Palmyra, in the county of Jefferson, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Lake Mills, Oakland, Koshkonong, Farmington and Jefferson, in the county of Jefferson, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Benton, Elk Grove, Belmont, Willow Springs, Prairie, and that part of Shullsburg precinct north of town one, in the county of La Fayette, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Wiota, Wayne, Gratiot, White Oak Springs, Fever River, and that part of Shullsburg precinct south of town two, in the county of La Fayette, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Marquette shall constitute an Assembly District.

The first ward of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute an Assembly District.

The second ward of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute an Assembly District.

The third ward of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute an Assembly District.

The fourth and fifth wards of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Franklin and Oak Creek, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Greenfield and Lake, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Granville, Wauwatosa and Milwaukee, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Portage shall constitute an Assembly District.

The town of Racine, in the county of Racine, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Norway, Raymond, Caledonia and Mount Pleasant, in the county of Racine, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Rochester, Burlington and Yorkville, in the county of Racine, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Southport, Pike and Pleasant Prairie, in the county of Racine, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Paris, Bristol, Brighton, Salem and Wheatland, in the county of Racine, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Janesville and Bradford, in the county of Rock, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Beloit, Turtle and Clinton, in the county of Rock, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Magnolia, Union, Porter and Fulton, in the county of Rock, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Milton, Lima and Johnstown, in the county of Rock, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Newark, Rock, Avon, Spring Valley and Center, in the county of Rock, shall constitute an Assembly District. *Provided*, That if the Legislature shall divide the town of Center, they may attach such part of it to the district lying next north, as they deem expedient.

The county of Sauk shall constitute an Assembly District.

Precincts numbered one, three and seven, in the county of Sheboygan, shall constitute an Assembly District.

Precincts number two, four, five and six, in the county of Sheboygan, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Troy, East Troy and Spring Prairie, in the county of Walworth, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Whitewater, Richmond and Lagrange, in the county of Walworth, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Geneva, Hudson and Bloomfield, in the county of Walworth, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Darien, Sharon, Walworth and Linn, in the county of Walworth, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Delavan, Sugar Creek, La Fayette and Elkhorn, in the county of Walworth, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Lisbon, Menomonee and Brookfield, in the county of Waukesha, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Warren, Oconomowoc, Summit and Ottawa, in the county of Waukesha, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Delafield, Genesee and Pewaukee, in the county of Waukesha, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Waukesha and New Berlin, in the county of Waukesha, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Eagle, Mukwonago, Vernon and Muskego, in the county of Waukesha, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Port Washington, Fredonia and Clarence, in the county of Washington, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Grafton and Jackson, in the county of Washington, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Mequon and Germantown, in the county of Washington, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Polk, Richfield and Erin, in the county of Washington, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Hartford, Addison, West Bend and North Bend, in the county of Washington, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Winnebago shall constitute an Assembly District.

The foregoing Districts are subject, however, so far to be altered that when any new town shall be organized, it may be added to either of the adjoining Assembly Districts.

SECTION 13. Such parts of the common law as are now in force in the Territory of Wisconsin, not inconsistent with this Constitution, shall be and continue part of the law of this State until altered or suspended by the Legislature.

SECTION 14. The Senators first elected in the even numbered Senate Districts, the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, and other State officers first elected under this Constitution, shall enter upon the duties of their respective offices on the first Monday of June next, and shall continue in office for one year from the first Monday of January next; the Senators first elected in the odd-numbered Senate districts, and the members of the Assembly, first elected, shall enter upon their duties respectively on the first Monday of June next, and shall continue in office until the first Monday in January next.

SECTION 15. The oath of office may be administered by any Judge or Justice of the Peace, until the Legislature shall otherwise direct.

RESOLUTIONS.

Resolved.—That the Congress of the United [sic] be and is hereby requested, upon the application of Wisconsin for admission into the Union, so to alter the provisions of an act of Congress entitled "an act to grant a quantity of land to the Territory of Wisconsin, for the purpose of aiding in opening a canal to connect the waters of Lake Michigan with those of Rock river," approved June eighteenth, eighteen hundred and thirty eight, and so to alter the terms and conditions of the grant made therein, that the odd-numbered sections thereby granted and remaining unsold may be held and disposed of by the State of Wisconsin as part of the five hundred thousand acres of land to which said State is entitled by the provisions of an act of Congress entitled "an act to appropriate the proceeds of the sales of the public lands, and to grant pre-emption rights," approved the fourth day of September, eighteen hundred and forty one; and further, that the even-numbered sections reserved by Congress, may be offered for sale by the United States for the same minimum price, and subject to the same rights of pre-emption as other public lands of the United States.

Resolved.—That Congress be further requested to pass an act whereby the excess price over and above one dollar and twenty five cents per acre, which may have been paid by the purchasers of said even-numbered sections which shall have been sold by the United States, be refunded to the present owners thereof, or they be allowed to enter any of the public lands of the United States to an amount equal in value to the excess so paid.

Resolved.—That in case the said odd-numbered sections shall be ceded to the State as aforesaid, the same shall be sold by the State in the same manner as other school lands, provided that the same rights of pre-emption as are now granted by the laws of the United States, shall be secured to persons who may be actually settled upon such lands at the time of the adoption of this Constitution; and provided further, that the excess price, over and above one dollar and twenty five cents per acre, absolutely or conditionally contracted to be paid by the purchasers of any part of said sections which shall have been sold by the Territory of Wisconsin, shall be remitted to such purchasers, their representatives or assigns.

Resolved.—That Congress be requested, upon the application of Wisconsin for admission into the Union, to pass an act whereby the grant of five hundred thousand acres of land, to which the State of Wisconsin is entitled by the provisions of an Act of Congress entitled "an act to appropriate the proceeds of the sales of the public lands, and to grant pre-emption rights," approved the fourth day of September, eighteen hundred and forty-one, and also the five per-centum of the net proceeds.....of the public lands lying within the State, to which it shall become entitled on its admission into the Union, by the provisions of an Act of Congress entitled "an act to enable the people of Wisconsin Territory to form a Constitution and State government, and for the admission of such State into the Union," approved the sixth day of August, eighteen hundred and forty six, shall be granted to the State of Wisconsin for the use of schools, instead of the purposes mentioned in the said acts of Congress respectively.

Resolved.—That the Congress of the United States be and hereby is requested, upon the admission of this State into the Union, so to alter the provisions of the Act of Congress entitled "an act to grant a certain quantity of land to aid in the improvement of the Fox and Wisconsin rivers, and to connect the same by a canal in the Territory of Wisconsin," that the price of the lands reserved to the United States, shall be reduced to the minimum price of the public lands.

Resolved.—That the Legislature of this State shall make provision by law for the sale of the lands granted to the State in aid of said improvements, subject to the same rights of pre-emption to the settlers thereon, as are now allowed by law to settlers on the public lands.

Resolved.—That the foregoing resolutions be appended to, and signed with the Constitution of Wisconsin, and submitted therewith to the people of this Territory, and to the Congress of the United States.

We, the undersigned, members of the Convention to form a Constitution for the State of Wisconsin, to be submitted to the people thereof for their ratification or rejection do hereby certify that the foregoing is the Constitution adopted by the Convention.

In testimony whereof, we have hereunto set our hands, at Madison, the first day of February A. D. eighteen hundred and forty-eight.

MORGAN L. MARTIN,

President of the Convention and Delegate from Brown County.

THOS. McHUGH, *Secretary.*

CALUMET—

G. W. FEATHERSTONHAUGH.

COLUMBIA—

JAMES T. LEWIS.

CRAWFORD—

DANIEL G. FENTON.

DANE—

WILLIAM H. FOX,
CHARLES M. NICHOLS,
WILLIAM A. WHEELER

DODGE—

STODDARD JUDD,
CHARLES H. LARRABEE,
SAMUEL W. LYMAN.

FOND DU LAC—

SAMUEL W. BEALL,
WARREN CHASE.

GRANT—

ORSAMUS COLE,
GEORGE W. LAKIN,
ALEXANDER D. RAMSAY,
WILLIAM RICHARDSON,
JOHN HAWKINS ROUNTREE.

GREEN—

JAMES BIGGS.

IOWA—

CHARLES BISHOP,
STEPHEN P. HOLLENBECK,
JOSEPH WARD.

JEFFERSON—

JONAS FOLTS,
MILO JONES,
THEODORE PRENTISS,
ABRAM VANDERPOOL.

LA FAYETTE—

CHARLES DUNN,
JOHN O'CONNOR,
ALLEN WARDEN.

MILWAUKEE—

JOHN L. DORAN,
GARRET M. FITZGERALD,
ALBERT FOWLER,
BYRON KILBOURN,

MILWAUKEE (*continued*).

RUFUS KING,
CHARLES H. LARKIN,
MORITZ SCHOEFFLER.

PORTAGE—

WILLIAM H. KENNEDY.

RACINE—

ALBERT G. COLE,
STEPHEN A. DAVENPORT,
ANDREW B. JACKSON,
FREDERICK S. LOVELL,
SAMUEL R. McCLELLAN,
JAMES D. REYMERT,
HORACE T. SANDERS,
THEODORE SECOR.

ROCK—

ALMERIN M. CARTER,
JOSEPH COLLEY,
PAUL CRANDALL,
EZRA A. FOOT,
LOUIS P. HARVEY,
EDWARD V. WHITON.

SHEBOYGAN—

SILAS STEADMAN.

WALWORTH—

EXPERIENCE ESTABROOK,
GEORGE GALE,
JAMES HARRINGTON,
AUGUSTUS C. KINNE,
HOLLIS LATHAM,
EZRA A. MULFORD.

WASHINGTON—

JAMES FAGAN,
PATRICK PENTONY,
HARVEY G. TURNER.

WAUKESHA—

SQUIRE S. CASE,
ALFRED L. CASTLEMAN,
PETER D. GIFFORD,
ELEAZER ROOT,
GEORGE SCAGEL.

WINNEBAGO—

HARRISON REED.

AMENDMENTS.

ARTICLE I.

[Section 8, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 8, 1870.]

SECTION 8. No person shall be held to answer for a criminal offense without due process of law, and no person, for the same offense, shall be put twice in jeopardy of punishment, nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself. All persons shall before conviction be ballable by sufficient sureties, except for capital offenses when the proof is evident or the presumption great; and the privilege of the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended unless when in case of rebellion or invasion the public safety may require it.

ARTICLE III.

[Section 1, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 7, 1882.]

SECTION 1. Every male person of the age of twenty-one years or upwards belonging to either of the following classes who shall have resided within the State for one year next preceding any election, and in the election district where he offers to vote, such time as may be prescribed by the Legislature, not exceeding thirty days, shall be deemed a qualified elector at such election.

1. Citizens of the United States.

2. Persons of foreign birth who shall have declared their intention to become citizens conformably to the laws of the United States on the subject of naturalization.

3. Persons of Indian blood who have once been declared by law of congress to be citizens of the United States, any subsequent law of congress to the contrary notwithstanding.

4. Civilized persons of Indian descent not members of any tribe; provided, that the legislature may at any time extend by law the right of suffrage to persons not herein enumerated; but no such law shall be in force until the same shall have been submitted to a vote of the people at a general election and approved by a majority of all the votes cast at such election; and provided further, that in incorporated cities and villages, the legislature may provide for the registration of electors and prescribe proper rules and regulations therefor.

ARTICLE IV.

[Sections 4, 5, 11, and 21, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 8, 1881.]

SECTION 4. The members of the assembly shall be chosen biennially, by single districts, on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday of November after the adoption of this amendment, by the qualified electors of the several districts; such districts to be bounded by county, precinct, town or ward lines, to consist of contiguous territory, and be in as compact form as practicable.

SECTION 5. The senators shall be elected by single districts of convenient contiguous territory, at the same time and in the same manner as members of the assembly are required to be chosen, and no assembly district shall be divided in the formation of a senate district. The senate districts shall be numbered in the regular series, and the senators shall be chosen alternately from the odd and

even-numbered districts. The Senators elected, or holding over at the time of the adoption of this amendment, shall continue in office till their successors are duly elected and qualified; and after the adoption of this amendment, all senators shall be chosen for the term of four years.

SECTION 11. The legislature shall meet at the seat of government at such time as shall be provided by law, once in two years and no oftener, unless convened by the governor in special session, and when so convened no business shall be transacted except as shall be necessary to accomplish the special purposes for which it was convened.

SECTION 21. Each member of the legislature shall receive for his services, for and during a regular session, the sum of five hundred dollars, and ten cents for every mile he shall travel in going to and returning from the place of meeting of the legislature on the most usual route. In case of an extra session of the legislature, no additional compensation shall be allowed to any member thereof, either directly or indirectly, except for mileage, to be computed at the same rate as for a regular session. No stationery, newspapers, postage or other perquisite, except the salary and mileage above provided, shall be received from the state by any member of the legislature for his services, or in any other manner as such member.

[Sections 31 and 32, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 7, 1871, and amendment to section 31, adopted November 8, 1892.]

SECTION 31. The Legislature is prohibited from enacting any special or private laws in the following cases: 1st. For changing the name of persons or constituting one person the heir-at-law of another. 2d. For laying out, opening or altering highways except in cases of State roads extending into more than one county, and military roads, to aid in the construction of which lands may be granted by Congress. 3d. For authorizing persons to keep ferries across streams, at points wholly within this state. 4th. For authorizing the sale or mortgage of real or personal property of minors or others under disability. 5th. For locating or changing any county seat. 6th. For assessment or collection of taxes or for extending the time for collection thereof. 7th. For granting corporate powers or privileges, except to cities. 8th. For authorizing the apportionment of any part of the school fund. 9th. For incorporating any city, town or village, or to amend the charter thereof.

ARTICLE V.

[Sections 5 and 9, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 2, 1869.]

SECTION 5. The Governor shall receive, during his continuance in office, an annual compensation of five thousand dollars which shall be in full for all traveling or other expenses incident to his duties.

SECTION 9. The Lieutenant Governor shall receive, during his continuance in office, an annual compensation of one thousand dollars.

ARTICLE VI.

[Section 4, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election November 7, 1882.]

SECTION 4. Sheriffs, coroners, registers of deeds, district attorneys, and all other county officers except judicial officers, shall be chosen by the electors of the respective counties, once in every two years. Sheriffs shall hold no other office, and be ineligible for two years next succeeding the termination of their offices: they may be required by law to renew their security from time to time, and in default of giving such new security their office shall be deemed vacant: but the county shall never be made responsible for the acts of the sheriff. The Governor may remove any officer in this section mentioned, giving to such a copy of the charges against him and an opportunity of being heard in his defense. All vacancies shall be filled by appointment; and the person appointed to fill a vacancy shall hold only for the unexpired portion of the term to which he shall be appointed and until his successor shall be elected and qualified.

ARTICLE VII.

[Section 4, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 6, 1877.]

SECTION 4. The supreme court shall consist of one chief justice and four associate justices to be elected by the qualified electors of the State. The Legislature shall, at its first session after the adoption of this amendment, provide by law for the election of two associate justices of said court, to hold their offices for terms ending two and four years respectively, after the end of the term of the justice of the said court then last to expire. And thereafter the chief justice and associate justices of the said court shall be elected and hold their offices respectively for the term of ten years

[Section 4, as amended by a vote of the people at an election held April 2, 1889.]

SECTION 4. The chief justice and associate justices of the supreme court shall be severally known as justices of said court with the same terms of office, respectively, as now provided. The supreme court shall consist of five justices (any three of whom shall be a quorum), to be elected as now provided. The justice having been longest a continuous member of the court (or in case of two or more of such senior justices having served for the same length of time, then the one whose commission first expires), shall be ex-officio the chief justice.

[Section 7, as amended by a vote of the people at an election held April 6, 1897.]

SECTION 7. For each circuit there shall be chosen by the qualified electors thereof, one circuit judge, except that in any circuit composed of one county only, which county shall contain a population according to the last state or United States census, of one hundred thousand inhabitants or over, the Legislature may, from time to time, authorize additional circuit judges to be chosen. Every circuit judge shall reside in the circuit from which he is elected, and shall hold his office for such term and receive such compensation as the Legislature shall prescribe.

[Section 12, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 7, 1882.]

SECTION 12. There shall be a clerk of the circuit court chosen in each county organized for judicial purposes by the qualified electors thereof, who shall hold his office for two years, subject to removal as shall be provided by law; in case of a vacancy the judge of the circuit court shall have power to appoint a clerk until the vacancy shall be filled by an election; the clerk thus elected or appointed shall give such security as the Legislature may require. The supreme court shall appoint its own clerk; and a clerk of the circuit court may be appointed a clerk of the supreme court.

ARTICLE VIII.

[Section 2, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 6, 1877.]

SECTION 2. No money shall be paid out of the treasury, except in pursuance of an appropriation by law. No appropriation shall be made for the payment of any claim against the State, except claims of the United States, and judgments, unless filed within six years after the claim accrued.

ARTICLE XI.

[Section 3, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 3, 1874.]

SECTION 3. It shall be the duty of the Legislature, and they are hereby empowered, to provide for the organization of cities and incorporated villages, and to restrict their power of taxation, assessment, borrowing money, contracting debts, and loaning their credit, so as to prevent abuses in assessments and taxation, and in contracting by such municipal corporations. No county, city, town, village, school district, or other municipal corporation, shall be allowed to become indebted in any manner or for any purpose, to any amount, including existing indebtedness, in the aggregate exceeding five per centum on the value of the taxable property therein, to be ascertained by the last assessment for state and county taxes, previous to the incurring of such indebtedness. Any county, city, town, village, school district, or other municipal corporation, incurring any indebtedness as aforesaid, shall, before or at the time of doing so, provide for the collection of a direct annual tax sufficient to pay the interest on said debt as it falls due, and also to pay and discharge the principal thereof within twenty years from the time of contracting the same.

ARTICLE XIII.

[Section 1, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 7, 1882.]

SECTION 1. The political year for the State of Wisconsin shall commence on the first Monday in January in each year, and the general elections shall be holden on the Tuesday next succeeding the first Monday in November. The first general election for all state and county officers, except judicial officers, after the adoption of this amendment, shall be holden in the year A. D. 1884, and thereafter the general election shall be held biennially. All state, county or other officers elected at the general election in the year 1881, and whose term of office would otherwise expire on the first Monday of January in the year 1884, shall hold and continue in such office respectively, until the first Monday in January in the year 1885.

MANUAL OF PARLIAMENTARY PRACTICE

BY THOMAS JEFFERSON.

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MANUAL OF PARLIAMENTARY PRACTICE.

NOTE—The rules and practices peculiar to the SENATE are printed between brackets, [. Those of PARLIAMENT are not so distinguished.

IMPORTANCE OF RULES.

SECTION I.

IMPORTANCE OF ADHERING TO RULES.

Mr. ONSLOW, the ablest among the Speakers of the House of Commons, used to say: "It was a maxim he had often heard when he was a young man, from old and experienced Members, that nothing tended more to throw power into the hands of the administration, and those who acted with a majority of the House of Commons, than a neglect of, or departure from, the rules of proceeding; that these forms, as instituted by our ancestors, operated as a check and control on the actions of the majority, and that they were in many instances, a shelter and protection to the minority, against the attempts of power." So far the maxim is certainly true, and it is founded in good sense, that as it is always in the power of the majority, by their numbers, to stop any improper measures proposed on the part of their opponents, the only weapons by which the minority can defend themselves against similar attempts from those in power, are the forms and rules of proceeding which have been adopted as they were found necessary, from time to time, and are become the law of the House; by a strict adherence to which, the weaker party can only be protected from those irregularities and abuses which these forms were intended to check, and which the wantonness of power is but too often apt to suggest to large and successful majorities. 2 *Hats.*, 171, 172.

And whether these forms be in all cases the most rational or not, is really not of so great importance. It is much more material that there should be a rule to go by, than what that rule is; that there may be a uniformity of proceeding in business, not subject to the caprice of the Speaker, or captiousness of the Members. It is very material that order, decency and regularity be preserved in a dignified public body. 2 *Hats.*, 140.

SECTION II.

LEGISLATIVE.

[All legislative powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives—*Constitution of the United States, Art. I, Sec. 1.*]

[The Senators and Representatives shall receive a compensation for their services, to be ascertained by law and paid out of the Treasury of the United States. *Constitution of the United States, Art. I, Sec. 6.*]

[For the powers of Congress, see the following Articles and Sections of the Constitution of the United States. I, 4, 7, 8, 9. II, 1, 2. III, 3. IV, 1, 3, 5, and all the amendments.]



WISCONSIN STATE PRISON, WAUPUN.

SECTION III.

PRIVILEGE.

The privileges of Members of Parliament, from small and obscure beginnings, have been advancing for centuries with a firm and never yielding pace. Claims seem to have been brought forward from time to time, and repeated, till some example of their admission enabled them to build law on that example. We can only, therefore, state the points of progression at which they now are. It is now acknowledged, 1st. That they are at all times exempted from question elsewhere for anything said in their own House; that during the time of privilege, 2d. Neither a Member himself, his wife, nor his servants (familiarly sui), for any matter of their own, may be arrested on mesne process, in any civil suit; 3d. Nor be detained under execution, though levied before time of privilege; 4th. Nor impleaded, cited or subpoenaed in any court; 5th. Nor summoned as a witness or juror; 6th. Nor may their lands or goods be distrained; 7th. Nor their persons assaulted, or characters traduced. And the period of time covered by privilege, before and after the session, with the practice of short prorogations under the connivance of the Crown, amounts in fact to a perpetual protection against the course of justice. In one instance, indeed, it has been relaxed by the 10 G. 3, c. 50, which permits judicial proceedings to go on against them. That these privileges must be continually progressive, seems to result from their rejecting all definition of them; the doctrine being that "their dignity and independence are preserved by keeping their privileges indefinite; and that the maxims upon which they proceed, together with the method of proceeding, rest entirely in their own breast, and are not defined and ascertained by any particular stated laws." 1 *Blackst.*, 163, 164.

[It was probably from this view of the encroaching character of privilege that the framers of our constitution, in their care to provide that the law shall bind equally on all, and especially that those who make them shall not exempt themselves from their operation, have only privileged "Senators and Representatives" themselves from the single act of "arrest in all cases except treason, felony and breach of the peace, during their attendance at the session of their respective Houses, and in going to and returning from the same, and from being questioned in any other place for any speech or debate in either House." *Const. U. S.*, Art. I, Sec. 6. Under the general authority "to make all laws necessary and proper for carrying into execution the powers given them," *Const. U. S.*, Art. II, Sec. 8, they may provide by law the details which may be necessary for giving full effect to the enjoyment of this privilege. No such law being yet made, it seems to stand at present on the following grounds: 1. The act of arrest is void, ab initio¹ 2. The member arrested may be discharged on motion, 1 *Bl.*, 166; 3 *Stra.*, 900; or by habeas corpus under the Federal or State authority as the case may be; or by a writ of privilege out of the Chancery, 2 *Stra.*, 989, in those States which have adopted that part of the laws of England. *Orders of the House of Commons*, 1550, February 20. 3. The arrest being unlawful, is a trespass for which the officer and others concerned are liable to action and indictment in the ordinary courts of justice, as in other cases of unauthorized arrest. 4. The court before which the process is returnable is bound to act as in other cases of unauthorized proceeding, and liable also, as in other similar cases, to have their proceedings stayed or corrected by the superior courts.]

[The time necessary for going to, and returning from, Congress, not being defined, it will, of course, be judged of in every particular case by those who will have to decide the case.] While privilege was understood in England to extend, as it does here, only to exemption from arrest, eundo, morando, et redeundo, the House of Commons themselves decided that "a convenient time was to be understood." (1580.) 1 *Hats.*, 90, 100. Nor is the law so strict in point of time as to require the party to set out immediately on his return, but allows him time to settle his private affairs, and to prepare for his journey; and does not even

¹Order of House of Commons, 1663, July 16.

²*Elsynge*, 217; 1 *Hats.*, 21; *Grey's Deb.*, 133.

³*Stra.*, 989.

scan his road very nicely, nor forfeit his protection for a little deviation from that which is most direct; some necessity perhaps constraining him to it. 2 *Str.*, 986, 987.

This privilege from arrest, privileges of course against all process, the disobedience to which is punishable by an attachment of the person; as a subpoena ad respondendum, or, testificandum, or a summons on a jury; and with reason, because a member has superior duty to perform in another place. [When a representative is withdrawn from his seat by summons, the 40,000 people whom he represents, lose their voice in debate and vote, as they do on his voluntary absence; when a Senator is withdrawn by summons, his State loses half its voice in debate and vote, as it does on his voluntary absence. The enormous disparity of evil admits no comparison.]

[So far there will probably be no difference of opinion as to the privileges of the two Houses of Congress; but in the following cases it is otherwise. In December, 1795, the House of Representatives committed two persons of the name of Randall and Whitney, for attempting to corrupt the integrity of certain members, which they considered as a contempt and breach of the privileges of the House; and the facts being proved, Whitney was detained in confinement a fortnight, and Randall three weeks, and was reprimanded by the Speaker. In March, 1796, the House of Representatives voted a challenge given to a member of their House to be a breach of the privileges of the House; but satisfactory apologies and acknowledgments being made, no further proceeding was had. The editor of the *Aurora* having, in his paper of February 19, 1800, inserted some paragraphs defamatory of the Senate, and failed in his appearance, he was ordered to be committed. In debating the legality of this order, it was insisted, in support of it that every man, by the law of nature, and every body of men, possesses the right of self-defense; that all public functionaries are essentially invested with the powers of self-preservation; that they have an inherent right to all acts necessary to keep themselves in a condition to discharge the trusts confided to them; that whenever authorities are given, the means of carrying them into execution are given by necessary implication; that thus we see the British Parliament exercise the right of punishing contempts; all the State Legislatures exercise the same power, and every court does the same; that, if we have it not, we sit at the mercy of every intruder who may enter our doors or gallery, and, by noise and tumult, render proceeding in business impracticable; that if our tranquillity is to be perpetually disturbed by newspaper defamation, it will not be possible to exercise our functions with the requisite coolness and deliberation; and that we must, therefore, have a power to punish these disturbers of our peace and proceedings. To this it was answered, that the Parliament and courts of England have cognizance of contempts by the express provisions of their law; that the State Legislatures have equal authority, because their powers are plenary; they represent their constituents completely, and possess all their powers, except such as their Constitutions have expressly denied them; that the courts of the several States have the same powers by the laws of their States, and those of the Federal Government by the same State laws adopted in each State, by a law of Congress; that none of these bodies, therefore, derive those powers from natural or necessary right, but from express law; that Congress have no such natural or necessary power, nor any powers but such as are given them by the Constitution; that that has given them, directly, exemption from personal arrest, exemption from question elsewhere for what is said in their House, and power over their own members and proceedings; for these no further law is necessary, the Constitution being the law; that, moreover, by that article of the Constitution which authorizes them "to make all laws necessary and proper for carrying into execution the power vested by the Constitution in them," they may provide by law for an undisturbed exercise of their functions, e. g., for the punishment of contempt, of affrays or tumult in their presence, etc., but, till the law be made, it does not exist; and does not exist, from their own neglect; that in the mean time, however, they are not unprotected, the ordinary magistrates and courts of law being open and competent to punish all unjustifiable disturbances or defamations, and even their own sergeant, who may appoint deputies *ad libitum* to aid him, 3 *Grey*, 59, 147, 255 is equal to small disturbances; that in requiring a previous law, the Constitution had regard to the inviolability of the citizen, as well as of the member; as, should one House, in

the regular form of a bill, aim at too broad privileges, it may be checked by the other, and both by the President; and also as, the law being promulgated, the citizen will know how to avoid offense. But if one branch may assume its own privileges without control; if it may do it on the spur of the occasion, conceal the law in its own breast, and after the fact committed, make its sentence both the law and the judgment on that fact, if the offense is to be kept undefined, and to be declared only *ex re nata*, and according to the passion of the moment, and there be no limitation either in the manner or measure of the punishment, the condition of the citizen will be perilous indeed. Which of these doctrines is to prevail, time will decide. Where there is no fixed law, the judgment on any particular case, is the law of that single case only, and dies with it. When a new and even similar case arises, the judgment which is to make and at the same time apply the law, is open to question and consideration, as are all new laws. Perhaps Congress, in the meantime, in their care for the safety of the citizen as well as that for their own protection, may declare by law what is necessary and proper to enable them to carry into execution the powers vested in them, and thereby hang up a rule for the inspection of all, which may direct the conduct of the citizen, and at the same time test the judgments they shall themselves pronounce in their own case.]

Privilege from arrest takes place by force of the election; and before a return be made a member elected may be named of a committee, and is to every extent a member, except that he cannot vote until he is sworn. *Memor.*, 107, 108. *D'Ewes*, 642, col. 2: 613, col. 1. *Pet. Miscel. Part.*, 119. *Lex. Parl.*, c. 23. 2 *Hats.*, 22, 62.

Every man must, at his peril, take notice who are members of either House returned of record. *Lex Parl.*, 23: 4 *Inst.*, 24.

On complaint of a breach of privilege the party may either be summoned or sent for in custody of the sergeant. *Grey*, 88, 95.

The privilege of a member is the privilege of the House. If the member waive it without leave, it is a ground for punishing him, but cannot in effect waive the privilege of the House. 3 *Grey*, 140, 222.

For any speech or debate in either House, they shall not be questioned in any other place. *Const. U. S.*, I, 6, 8. *P.*, *Protest of the Commons to James I.* 1621. 2 *Rapin*, No. 54, pp. 211, 212. But this is restrained to things done in the House in a parliamentary course. 1 *Rush.*, 663. For he is not to have privilege contra morem parliamentarum, to exceed the bounds and limits of his place and duty. *Com. p.*

If an offense be committed by a member of the House, of which the House has cognizance, it is an infringement of their right for any person or court to take notice of it, till the House has punished the offender, or referred him to a due course. *Lex Parl.*, 63.

Privilege is in the power of the House, and is a restraint to proceedings of inferior courts, but not of the House itself. 2 *Nelson*, 450; 2 *Grey*, 390. For whatever is spoken in the House is subject to the censure of the House; and offenses of this kind have been severely punished by calling the person to the bar to make submission, committing him to the tower, expelling the House, etc. *Scob.*, 72: *U. Parl.*, c. 22.

It is a breach of order for the speaker to refuse to put a question which is in order. 2 *Hats.*, 175-6; 5 *Grey*, 133.

And even in cases of treason, felony, and breach of the peace, to which privilege does not extend as to substance, yet in Parliament a member is privileged as to the mode of proceeding. The case is first to be laid before the House, that it may judge of the fact and of the grounds of the accusation, and how far forth the manner of the trial may concern their privilege; otherwise it would be in the power of the other branches of government, and even of every private man, under pretense of treason, etc., to take any man from his service in the House, and so as many, one after another, as would make the House what he pleaseth. *Dec. of Com. on the King's declaring Sir John Hotham a traitor.* 4 *Rush.*, 586. So when a member stood indicted for felony, it was adjudged that he ought to remain of the House till conviction; for it may be any man's case who is guiltless, to be accused and indicted of felony or the like crime. 23 *El.* 1580; *D'Ewes*, 283, col. 1; *Lex Parl.*, 133.

When it is found necessary for the public service to put a member under arrest, or when on any public inquiry, matter comes out which may lead to affect the person of a member, it is the practice immediately to acquaint the House, that they may know the reasons for such a proceeding, and take such steps as they think proper. 2 *Hats.*, 250. Of which see many examples. *Ib.*, 256, 257, 258. But the communication is subsequent to the arrest. 1 *Blackst.*, 167.

It is highly expedient, says Hatsel, for the due preservation of the privileges of the separate branches of the Legislature, that neither should encroach on the other or interfere in any manner depending before them, so as to preclude or even influence that freedom of debate, which is essential to a free council. They are therefore not to take notice of any bills or other matters depending or of votes that have been given, or of speeches which have been held, by the members of either of the other branches of the Legislature, until the same have been communicated to them in the usual parliamentary manner. 2 *Hats.*, 252. 4 *Inst.*, 15. *Scid. Jud.*, 53. Thus the King's taking notice of the bill for suppressing soldiers, depending before the House; his proposing a provisional clause for a bill before it was presented to him by the two Houses; his expressing displeasure against some persons for matters moved in parliament during the debate and preparation of a bill, were breaches of privilege; 2 *Nelson*, 347; and in 1783, December 17, it was declared a breach of fundamental privileges, etc., to report any opinion or pretended opinion of the King on any bill or proceeding depending in either House of Parliament with a view to influence the votes of the members. 2 *Hats.*, 251, 6.

SECTION IV.

ELECTIONS.

[The times, places, and manner of holding elections for senators and representatives shall be prescribed in each state by the legislature thereof; but the Congress may at any time by law make or alter such regulations, except as to the places of choosing senators. *Const.*, I, 4.]

[Each House shall be the judge of the elections, returns and qualifications of its own members. *Const.*, I, 5.]

SECTION V.

QUALIFICATIONS.

[The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two Senators from each State chosen by the Legislature thereof for six years; and each Senator shall have one vote.]

[Immediately after they shall be assembled in consequence of the first election, they shall be divided as equally as may be into three classes. The seats of the Senators of the first class shall be vacated at the end of the second year; of the second class at the expiration of the fourth year, and of the third class, at the expiration of the sixth year; so that one-third may be chosen every second year; and if vacancies happen, by resignation or otherwise, during the recess of the Legislature of the State, any Executive thereof may make temporary appointments, until the next meeting of the Legislature, which shall then fill such vacancies.]

[No person shall be a Senator, who shall not have attained to the age of thirty years, and been nine years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that State for which he shall be chosen. *Const.*, I, 3.]

[The House of Representatives shall be composed of members chosen every second year by the people of the several States; and the electors of each State shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the State Legislature.]

[No person shall be a Representative who shall not have attained to the age of twenty-five years, and been seven years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that State in which he shall be chosen.]

[Representatives and direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several States which may be included within this Union, according to their respective numbers; which shall be determined by adding to the whole number of free persons; including those bound to service for a term of years, and excluding Indians not taxed, three-fifths of all other persons. The actual enumeration shall be made within three years after the first meeting of the Congress of the United States and within every subsequent term of ten years, in such manner as they shall by law direct. The number of representatives shall not exceed one for every thirty thousand, but each State shall have at least one representative. *Constitution of the United States*, I, 2.]

[When vacancies happen in the representation from any State the executive authority thereof shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies. *Const., U. S. Art. I, Sec. 2.*]

[No Senator or Representative shall, during the time for which he was elected, be appointed to any civil office under the authority of the United States, which shall have been created, or the emoluments whereof shall have been increased during such time; and no person, holding any office under the United States, shall be a member of either House during his continuance in office. *Const., I, 6.*]

SECTION VI.

QUORUM.

[A majority of each House shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may be authorized to compel the attendance of absent members, in such manner and under such penalties as each House may provide. *Const., I, 5.*]

In general, the chair is not to be taken till a quorum for business is present; unless, after due waiting, such a quorum be despaired of, when the chair may be taken and the House adjourned. And whenever, during business, it is observed that a quorum is not present, any member may call for the House to be counted; and being found deficient, business is suspended. 2 *Hats.*, 125, 126.

[The President having taken the chair, and a quorum being present, the journal of the preceding day shall be read, to the end that any mistakes may be corrected that shall have been made in the entries. *Rules of the Senate.*]

SECTION VII.

CALL OF THE HOUSE.

On a call of the House, each person rises up as he is called and answereth; the absentees are then only noted, but no excuse to be made till the House be fully called over. Then the absentees are called a second time, and if still absent, excuses are to be heard. *Ord. House of Commons*, 92.

They rise that their persons may be recognized; the voice in such a crowd, being an insufficient verification of their presence. But in so small a body as the Senate of the United States, the trouble of rising cannot be necessary.

Orders for calls on different days may subsist at the same time. 2 *Hats.*, 72.

SECTION VIII.

ABSENCE.

[No member shall absent himself from the service of the Senate without leave of the Senate first obtained. And in case a less number than a quorum of the Senate shall convene, they are hereby authorized to send the Sergeant-at-Arms, or any other person or persons by them authorized, for any or all absent members, as the majority of such members present shall agree, at the expense of such absent members, respectively, unless such excuse for non-attendance shall be made as the Senate, when a quorum is convened, shall judge sufficient; and in that case

the expense shall be paid out of the contingent fund. And this rule shall apply as well to the first convention of the Senate, at the legal time of meeting, as to each day of the session, after the hour is arrived to which the Senate stood adjourned. *Rule 8.*]

SECTION IX.

SPEAKER.

[The Vice President of the United States shall be President of the Senate, but shall have no vote unless they be equally divided. *Constitution*, I, 3.]

[The Senate shall choose their officers, and also a President pro tempore in the absence of the Vice President, or when he shall exercise the office of President of the United States. *Ib.*]

[The House of Representatives shall choose their Speaker and other officers. *Const.* I, 2.]

When but one person is proposed, and no objection made, it has not been usual in Parliament to put any question to the house; but without a question the members proposing him conduct him to the chair. But if there be objection, or another proposed, a question is put by the clerk. 2 *Hats.*, 168. As are also questions of adjournment. 6 *Grey*, 406. Where the House debated and exchanged messages and answers with the King for a week, without a Speaker, till they were prorogued. They have done it de die in diem for 14 days. 1 *Chand.*, 331, 335.

[In the Senate, a President pro tempore in the absence of the Vice President is proposed and chosen by ballot. His office is understood to be determined on the Vice President's appearing and taking the chair, or at the meeting of the Senate after the first recess.

Where the Speaker has been ill, other Speakers pro tempore have been appointed. Instances of this are 1 *H.*, 4. Sir John Cheyney, and for Sir Wm. Sturton, and in 15 *H.*, 6, Sir John Tyrrell, in 1656, January 27; 1658, March 9; 1659, January 13.

Sir Job Charlton ill, Seymour chosen, 1673.
February 18.

Seymour being ill, Sir Robert Sawyer
chosen, 1678, April 15.

Sawyer being ill, Seymour chosen.

} Not merely pro tempore. 1
Chand., 169, 276, 277.

Thorpe in execution, a new speaker chosen, 31 *H.*, VI, 3 *Grey*, 11; and March 14, 1694, Sir John Trevor chosen. There have been no later instances. 2 *Hats.*, 161; 4 *Inst.*; 8, *L. Parl.*, 263.

A speaker may be removed at the will of the House and a Speaker pro tempore appointed.* 2 *Grey*, 186; 5 *Grey*, 134.

SECTION X.

ADDRESS.

[The President shall, from time to time, give to the Congress information of the state of the Union, and recommend to their consideration such measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient. *Const.*, II, 3.]

A joint address of both houses of Parliament is read by the Speaker of the House of Lords. It may be attended by both Houses in a body, or by a committee from each House, or by the two Speakers only. An address of the House of Commons only may be presented by the whole House, or by the Speaker, 9 *Grey*, 473; 1 *Chandler*, 298, 301; or by such particular members as are of the privy council. 2 *Hats.*, 278.

*RULE 23. The Vice President or President of the Senate pro tempore, shall have the right to name a member to perform the duties of the chair; but such substitution shall not extend beyond an adjournment.

SECTION XI.

COMMITTEES.

Standing committees, as of privileges and elections, etc., are usually appointed at the first meeting, to continue through the session. The person first named is generally permitted to act as chairman. But this is a matter of courtesy: every committee having a right to elect their own chairman, who presides over them, puts questions, and reports their proceedings to the House. 4 *Inst.*, 11, 12; *Scob.*, 9; 1 *Grey*, 122.

At these committees the members are to speak standing, and not sitting; though there is reason to conjecture it was formerly otherwise. *D'Euxa*, 630, col. 1; 4 *Parl. Hist.*, 440; 2 *Hats.*, 77.

Their proceedings are not to be published, as they are of no force till confirmed by the House. *Rushc.*, part 3 vol. 2, 74; 3 *Grey*, 401; *Scob.*, 39. Nor can they receive a petition but through the House. 9 *Grey*, 412.

When a committee is charged with an inquiry, if a member prove to be involved, they cannot proceed against him, but must make a special report to the House; whereupon the member is heard in his place, or at the bar, or a special authority is given to the committee to inquire concerning him. 9 *Grey*, 523.

So soon as the House sits, and a committee is notified of it, the chairman is in duty bound to rise instantly, and the members to attend the service of the House. 2 *Nals.*, 319.

It appears that on joint committees of the Lords and Commons, each committee acted integrally in the following instances: 7 *Grey*, 261, 278, 285, 338; 1 *Chandler*, 357, 462. In the following instances it does not appear whether they did or not: 6 *Grey*, 129; 7 *Grey*, 213, 229, 321.

SECTION XII.

COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE.

The speech, message, and other matters of great concernment, are usually referred to a committee of the whole House (6 *Grey*, 311), where general principles are digested in the form of resolutions, which are debated and amended till they get into a shape which meets the approbation of a majority. These being reported and confirmed by the House, are then referred to one or more select committees, according as the subject divides itself into one or more bills. *Scob.*, 36, 44. Propositions for any charge on the people are especially to be first made in a committee of the whole. 3 *Hats.*, 127. The sense of the whole is better taken in committee, because in all committees every one speaks as often as he pleases. *Scob.*, 49. They generally acquiesce in the chairman named by the Speaker; but, as well as all other committees, have a right to elect one, some member, by consent, putting the question. *Scob.*, 36; 3 *Grey*, 301. The form of going from the House into committee, is for the Speaker on motion, to put the question that the House do now resolve itself into a Committee of the Whole, to take into consideration such a matter, naming it. If determined in the affirmative he leaves the chair and takes a seat elsewhere, as any other member; and the person appointed chairman seats himself at the clerk's table. *Scob.*, 36. Their quorum is the same as that of the House, and if a defect happens, the chairman, on a motion and question, rises, the Speaker resumes the chair, and the chairman can make no other report than to inform the House of the cause of their dissolution. If a message is announced during a committee, the Speaker takes the chair, and receives it, because the committee cannot. 2 *Hats.*, 125, 126.

In a Committee of the Whole, the tellers on a division, differing as to numbers, great heats and confusion arose, and danger of a decision by the sword. The Speaker took the chair, the mace was forcibly laid on the table; whereupon the members retiring to their places, the Speaker told the House "he had taken the chair without an order to bring the House into order." Some excepted against it but it was generally approved, as the only expedient to suppress the disorder.

And every member was required, standing up in his place, to engage that he would proceed no further, in consequence of what had happened in the grand committee, which was done. 3 *Grey*, 128.

A Committee of the Whole being broken up in disorder, and the chair resumed by the Speaker without an order, the House was adjourned. The next day the committee was considered as thereby dissolved, and the subject again before the House; and it was decided in the House without returning into the committee. 3 *Grey*, 130.

No previous question can be put in a committee, nor can this committee adjourn as others may; but if their business is unfinished, they rise, on a question, the House is resumed, and the chairman reports that the Committee of the Whole have, according to order, had under their consideration such a matter, and have made progress therein; but not having had time to go through the same, have directed him to ask leave to sit again. Whereupon a question is put upon their having leave, and on the time the House will again resolve itself into a committee. *Scob.*, 38. But if they have gone through the matter referred to them, a member moves that the committee may rise, and the chairman report their proceedings to the House; which being resolved, the chairman rises, the speaker resumes the chair, the chairman informs him that the committee have gone through the business referred to them, and that he is ready to make report when the House shall think proper to receive it. If the House have time to receive it, there is usually a cry of "Now, now," whereupon he makes the report; but if it be late, the cry is, "to-morrow, to-morrow," or "Monday," etc.; or a motion is made to that effect, and a question put, that it be received to-morrow, etc. *Scob.*, 38.

In other things the rules of proceedings are to be the same as in the House. *Scob.*, 39

SECTION XIII.

EXAMINATION OF WITNESSES.

Common fame is a good ground for the house to proceed by inquiry and even to accusation. *Resolution House of Commons*, 1 *Car.*, 1, 1624; *Rush.*, *L. Parl.*, 115; 1 *Grey*, 16-22, 92; *Grey*, 21, 23, 27, 45.

Witnesses are not to be produced but where the House has previously instituted an inquiry (2 *Hats.*, 102), nor then are orders for their attendance given blank. 3 *Grey*, 51.

When any person is examined before a committee, or at the bar of the House, any member wishing to ask the person a question, must address it to the Speaker or chairman, who repeats the question to the person, or says to him, "you hear the question — answer it." But if the propriety of the question be objected to, the Speaker directs the witness, counsel and parties to withdraw, for no question can be moved or put, or debated, while they are there. 2 *Hats.*, 108. Sometimes the questions are previously settled in writing before the witness enters. *Ib.*, 106, 107; 8 *Grey*, 64. The question asked must be entered in the journals. 3 *Grey*, 81. But the testimony given in answer before the House is never written down; but before a committee it must be, for the information of the House, who are not present to hear it. 7 *Grey*, 52, 334.

If either House have occasion for the presence of a person in custody of the other, they ask the other their leave that he may be brought up to them in custody. 3 *Hats.*, 52.

A Member, in his place, gives information to the House of what he knows of any matter under hearing at the bar. *Jour. H. of C.*, Jan. 22, 1744-'45.

Either House may request, but not demand, the attendance of a member of the other. They are to make the request by message to the other House, and to express clearly the purpose of attendance, that no improper subject of examination may be tendered to him. The House then gives leave to the member to attend, if he chooses it; waiting first to know from the Member himself whether he chooses to attend, till which they do not take the message into consideration. But when the Peers are sitting as a court of criminal judicature, they may order attendance,



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unless where it be a case of impeachment by the Commons. There, it is to be a request. 3 *Hats.*, 17; 9 *Grey*, 308, 406; 10 *Grey*, 133.

Counsel are to be heard only on private, not on public bills, and on such points of law only as the House shall direct. 10 *Grey*, 61.

SECTION XIV.

ARRANGEMENT OF BUSINESS.

The Speaker is not precisely bound to any rules as to what bills or other matter shall be first taken up; but is left to his own discretion, unless the House on the question decide to take up a particular subject. *Hacks.*, 136.

A settled order of business is, however, necessary for the government of the presiding person, and to restrain individual members from calling up favorite measures, or matters under their special patronage, out of their just turn. It is useful also for directing the discretion of the House, when they are moved to take up a particular matter, to the prejudice of the others having priority of right to their attention in the general order of business.

[In Senate, the bills and other papers which are in possession of the House, and in a state to be acted on, are arranged every morning, and brought on in the following order:]

[1. Bills ready for a second reading are read, that they may be referred to committees and so be put under way. But if, on their being read, no motion is made for commitment, they are then laid on the table in the general file, to be taken up in their just turn.]

[2. After 12 o'clock, bills ready for it are put on their passage.]

[3. Reports in possession of the House, which offer grounds for a bill, are to be taken up, that the bill may be ordered in.]

[4. Bills or other matters before the House, and unfinished on the preceding day, whether taken up in turn or on special order, are entitled to be resumed and passed on through their present stage.]

[5. These matters being dispatched, for preparing and expediting business, the general file of bills and other papers is then taken up, and each article of it is brought on according to its seniority, reckoned by the date of its first introduction to the House. Reports on bills belong to the dates of their bill.]

[The arrangement of the business of the Senate is now as follows:]

[1. Motions previously submitted.]

[2. Reports of Committees previously made.]

[3. Bills from the House of Representatives and those introduced on leave, which have been read the first time, are read the second time; and if not referred to a committee, are considered in Committee of the Whole, and proceeded with as in other cases.]

[4. After twelve o'clock, engrossed bills of the Senate, and bills of the House of Representatives, on third reading are put on their passage.]

[5. If the above are finished before one o'clock, the general file of bills, consisting of those reported from committees on the second reading, and those reported from committees after having been referred, are taken up in the order in which they were reported to the Senate by the respective committees.]

[6. At one o'clock, if no business be pending, or if no motion be called to proceed to other business, the special orders are called, at the head of which stands the unfinished business of the preceding day.]

[In this way we do not waste our time in debating what shall be taken up. We do one thing at a time: follow up a subject while it is fresh, and till it is done with, clear the House of business gradually as it is brought on, and prevent to a certain degree, its immense accumulation towards the close of the session.]

[Arrangements, however, can only take hold of matters in possession of the House. New matter may be moved at any time when no question is before the House. Such are original motions and reports on bills. Such are bills from the other House, which are received at all times, and receive their first reading as soon as the question then before the House is disposed of; and bills brought in on leave, which are read first whenever presented. So messages from the other

House respecting amendments to bills are taken up as soon as the House is clear of a question, unless they require to be printed for better consideration. Orders of the day may be called for even when another question is before the House.]

SECTION XV.

ORDER.

[Each House may determine the rules of its proceedings; punish its members for disorderly behavior; and, with the concurrence of two-thirds, expel a member. *Const.*, 1, 5.]

In Parliament, "Instances make order," per Speaker Onslow, 2 *Hats.*, 141. But what is done only by one Parliament, cannot be called custom of Parliament; by Prynne. 1 *Grey*, 52.

SECTION XVI.

ORDER RESPECTING PAPERS.

The Clerk is to let no journals, records, accounts or papers, be taken from the table or out of his custody. 2 *Hats.*, 193, 194.

Mr. Prynne having at a Committee of the Whole amended a mistake in a bill without order or knowledge of the committee was reprimanded. 1 *Chand.*, 77.

A bill being missing, the House resolved that a protestation should be made and subscribed by the members "before Almighty God and this Honorable House, that neither myself nor any other to my knowledge have taken away, or do at this present conceal a bill entitled," etc. 5 *Grey*, 202.

After a bill is engrossed, it is put into the Speaker's hands, and he is not to let any one have it to look into. *Town.*, col. 200.

SECTION XVII.

ORDER IN DEBATE.

When the Speaker is seated in his chair, every member is to sit in his place. *Scob.*, 6; 3 *Grey*, 403.

When any member means to speak, he is to stand up in his place, uncovered, and to address himself, not to the House, or any particular member, but to the Speaker, who calls him by his name, that the House may take notice who it is that speaks. *Scob.*, 6; *D'Eccs.*, 487, col. 1; 2 *Hats.*, 77; 4 *Grey*, 66; 8 *Grey*, 108. But members who are indisposed may be indulged to speak sitting. 2 *Hats.*, 75; 1 *Grey*, 143.

[In Senate, every member, when he speaks, shall address the chair, standing in his place, and when he has finished, shall sit down. *Rule* 3.]

When a member stands up to speak, no question is to be put, but he is to be heard unless the House overrules him. 4 *Grey*, 390; 5 *Grey*, 6, 143.

If two or more rise to speak nearly together, the Speaker determines who was first up and calls him by name; whereupon he proceeds, unless he voluntarily sits down and gives way to the other. But sometimes the House does not acquiesce in the Speaker's decision, in which case the question is put, "Which member was first up?" 2 *Hats.*, 76; *Scob.*, 7; *D'Eccs.*, 434, col. 1, 2.

[In the Senate of the United States, the President's decision is without appeal. Their rule is in these words: *When two members rise at the same time, the President shall name the person to speak; but in all cases the member who shall first rise and address the Chair shall speak first. Rule* 5.]

No man may speak more than once on the same bill on the same day; or even on another day, if the debate be adjourned. But if it be read more than once in the same day, he may speak once at every reading. *Co.*, 12, 115; *Hakew.*, 148; *Scob.*, 58; 2 *Hats.*, 75. Even a change of opinion does not give a right to be heard a second time. *Smyth's Comw.*, L. 2, c. 3; *Arcau Parl.*, 17.

[The corresponding rule of the Senate is in these words: No member shall speak more than twice, in any one debate on the same day, without leave of the Senate. *Rule 4.*]

But he may be permitted to speak again to a clear matter of fact (3 *Grey*, 357, 416); or merely to explain himself (2 *Hats.*, 73) in some material part of his speech (*Ib.*, 75); or to the manner of words of the question, keeping himself to that only, and not travelling into the merits of it (*Memorials in Hakew.*, 29) or to the orders of the House, if they be transgressed, keeping within that line, and not falling into the matter itself. *Memorials Hakew.*, 30, 31.

But if the Speaker rise to speak, the member standing up ought to sit down, that he may be first heard. *Town. col.*, 205; *Hale Parl.*, 133; *Mcm. in Hakew.*, 30, 31. Nevertheless, though the Speaker may of right speak to matters of order, and be first heard, he is restrained from speaking on any other subject, except where the House have occasion for facts within his knowledge; then he may, with their leave, state the matter of fact. 3 *Grey*, 38.

No one is to speak impertinently or beside the question, superfluously or tediously. *Scob.*, 31, 33; 2 *Hats.*, 166, 168; *Hale Parl.*, 133.

No person is to use indecent language against the proceedings of the House; no prior determination of which is to be reflected on by any member, unless he means to conclude with a motion to rescind it. 2 *Hats.*, 169, 170; *Rushc.*, p. 3, r. 1, fol. 42. But while a proposition under consideration is still *in fieri*, though it has even been reported by a committee, reflections on it are no reflections on the House. 9 *Grey*, 508.

No person in speaking, is to mention a member then present by his name, but to describe him by his seat in the House, or who spoke last, or on the other side of the question, etc. (*Mcm. in Hakew.*, 3; *Smth's Comr.*, l. 2, c. 3); nor to digress from the matter to fall upon the person (*Scob.* 31; *Hale Parl.*, 133; 2 *Hats.*, 169) by speaking, reviling, nipping or unmanly words against a particular member. *Smth's Comr.*, l. 2, c. 3. The consequences of a measure may be reprobated in strong terms; but to arraign the motives of those who propose to advocate it, is a personality, and against order. *Qui digreditur a materia ad personam*, Mr. Speaker ought to suppress. *Ord. Com.*, 1604, Apr. 19.

[* * * When a member shall be called to order by the President or a Senator, he shall sit down, and shall not proceed without leave of the Senate; and every question of order shall be decided by the President, without debate, subject to an appeal to the Senate; and the President may call for the sense of the Senate on any question of order. *Rule 6.*]

[No member shall speak to another or otherwise interrupt the business of the Senate, or read any newspaper while the Journals or public papers are reading, or when any member is speaking in any debate. *Rule 2.*]

No one is to disturb another in his speech by hissing, coughing, spitting; (6 *Grey*, 332; *Scob.*, 8; *D'Ewes*, 332, col. 1, 640, col. 1) speaking or whispering to another *Scob.*, 6; *D'Ewes*, 487, col. 1); nor stand up to interrupt him (*Town.*, col. 205; *Mcm. in Hakew.*, 31); nor to push between the Speaker and the speaking member, nor to go across the House (*Scob.*, 6), or to walk up and down it, or to take books or papers from the table, or write there. 2 *Hats.*, 171.

Nevertheless, if a member finds that it is not the inclination of the House to hear him, and that by conversation or any other noise they endeavor to drown his voice, it is his most prudent way to submit to the pleasure of the House, and sit down; for it scarcely ever happens that they are guilty of this piece of ill manners without sufficient reason, or inattentive to a member who says anything worth their hearing. 2 *Hats.*, 77, 78.

If repeated calls do not produce order, the Speaker may call by his name any member obstinately persisting in irregularity; whereupon the House may require the member to withdraw. He is then to be heard in exculpation, and to withdraw. Then the Speaker states the offense committed, and the House considers the degree of punishment they will inflict. 3 *Hats.*, 167, 7, 8, 172.

For instances of assaults and affrays in the House of Commons, and the proceedings thereon, see 1 *Pet. Misc.*, 82; 3 *Grey*, 128; 4 *Grey*, 328; 5 *Grey*, 382; 6 *Grey*, 254; 10 *Grey*, 8. Whenever warm words or an assault have passed between members, the House, for the protection of their members, requires them to declare

in their places not to prosecute any quarrel (3 *Grey*, 127, 203; 5 *Grey*, 280) : or orders them to attend the Speaker, who is to accommodate their differences, and report to the House (3 *Grey*, 419) ; and they are put under restraint if they refuse, or until they do. 9 *Grey*, 234, 312.

Disorderly words are not to be noticed till the member has finished his speech. 5 *Grey*, 356; 6 *Grey*, 60. Then the person objecting to them, and desiring them to be taken down by the clerk at the table, must repeat them. The Speaker then may direct the clerk to take them down in his minutes; but if he thinks them not disorderly, he delays the direction. If the call becomes pretty general, he orders the clerk to take them down, as stated by the objecting member. They are then part of his minutes, and when read to the offending member, he may deny they were his words, and the House must then decide by a question whether they are his words or not. Then the member may justify them, or explain the sense in which he used them, or apologize. If the House is satisfied, no further proceeding is necessary. But if two members still insist to take the sense of the House, the member must withdraw before that question is stated, and then the sense of the House is to be taken. 2 *Hats.*, 199; 4 *Grey*, 170; 6 *Grey*, 59. When any member has spoken, or other business intervenes, after offensive words spoken, they cannot be taken notice of for censure. And this is for the common security of all, and to prevent mistakes which must happen if words are not taken down immediately. Formerly they might be taken down at any time the same day. 2 *Hats.*, 196; *Mem. in Haccv.*, 71; 3 *Grey*, 48; 9 *Grey*, 514.

Disorderly words spoken in a committee must be written down as in the House: but the committee can only report them to the House for animadversion. 6 *Grey*, 46.

[The rule of the Senate says: "If the member be called to order by a Senator for words spoken, the exceptionable words shall immediately be taken down in writing, that the President may be better enabled to judge of the matter." Rule 7.]

In Parliament, to speak irreverently or seditiously against the King is against order. *Smyth's Comw.*, L. 2, c. 3; 2 *Hats.*, 170.

It is a breach of order in debate to notice what has been said on the same subject in the other House, on the particular vote or majorities on it there; because the opinion of each House shall be left to its own independency; not to be influenced by the proceedings of the other; and the quoting them might beget reflections leading to a misunderstanding between the two Houses. 8 *Grey*, 22.

Neither House can exercise any authority over a member or officer of the other, but should complain to the House of which he is, and leave the punishment to them. Where the complaint is of words disrespectfully spoken by a member of another House, it is difficult to obtain punishment, because of the rules supposed necessary to be observed (as to the immediate noting down of words), for the security of members. Therefore, it is the duty of the House, and more particularly of the Speaker, to interfere immediately, and not to permit expressions to go unnoticed which may give a ground of complaint to the other House, and introduce proceedings and mutual accusations between the two Houses, which can hardly be terminated without difficulty and disorder. 3 *Hats.*, 51.

No member may be present when a bill or any business concerning himself is debating; nor is any member to speak to the merits of it till he withdraws. 2 *Hats.*, 219. The rule is, that if a charge against a member arise out of a report of a committee, or of examination of witnesses in the House, as the member knows from that to what points he is to direct his exculpation, he may be heard to those points, before any question is moved or stated against him. He is then to be heard, and withdraw before any question is moved. But if the question itself is the charge, as for breach of order, or matter arising in the debate, then the charge must be stated (that is the question must be moved), himself heard and then to withdraw. 2 *Hats.*, 121, 122.

Where the private interests of a member are concerned in a bill or question, he is to withdraw. And where such an interest has appeared, his voice has been disallowed even after a division. In a case so contrary, not only to the laws of decency, but to the fundamental principle of the social compact which denies to any man to be a judge in his own cause, it is for the honor of the House that this rule

of immemorial observance, should be strictly adhered to. 2 *Hats.*, 119, 121; 3 *Grey*, 368.

No member is to come into the House with his head covered, nor to remove from one place to another with his hat on, nor is to put on his hat in coming in or removing until he be set down in his place. *Scob.*, 6.

A question of order may be adjourned to give time to look into precedents. 2 *Hats.*, 118.

In Parliament, all decisions of the Speaker may be controlled by the House. 3 *Grey*, 319.

SECTION XVIII.

ORDERS OF THE HOUSE.

Of right, the doors of the House ought not to be shut, but to be kept by porters, or sergeant-at-arms, assigned for that purpose. *Mod. Tcn. Parl.*, 23.

[By rules of the Senate, on motion made and seconded to shut the doors of the Senate on the discussion of any business which may, in the opinion of a member, require secrecy, the President shall direct the gallery to be cleared and during the discussion of such motion the doors shall remain shut. *Rule 18.*]

[No motion shall be deemed in order to admit any person or persons whatsoever within the doors of the Senate Chamber to present any petition, memorial or address, or to hear any such read. *Rule 19.*]

The only case where a member has a right to insist on anything, is where he calls for the execution of a subsisting order of the House. Here, there having been already a resolution, any person has a right to insist that the Speaker, or any other whose duty it is, shall carry it into execution; and no debate or delay can be had on it. Thus any member has a right to have the House or gallery cleared of strangers, an order existing for that purpose; or to have the House told where there is no quorum present. *Hats.*, 87, 129. How far an order of the House is binding, see *Hakew.*, 392.

But where an order is made that any particular matter be taken up on a particular day, there a question is to be put, when it is called for, whether the House will now proceed to that matter? Where orders of the day are on important or interesting matter, they ought not to be proceeded on till an hour at which the House is usually full [*which in Senate is at noon*].

Orders of the day may be discharged at any time, and a new one made for a different day. 3 *Grey*, 48, 313.

When a session is drawn to a close, and the important bills are all brought in, the House, in order to prevent interruption by further unimportant bills, sometimes come to a resolution that no new bill be brought in, except it be sent from the other House. 3 *Grey*, 156.

All orders of the House determine with the session; and one taken under such an order may, after the session is ended, be discharged on a habeas corpus. *Raym.*, 120; *Jacob's L. D.*, by *Roughead*; *Parliament*, 1 *Lex.*, 165 (*Pritchard's case*).

[Where the Constitution authorizes each House to determine the rules of its proceedings, it must mean in those cases (legislative, executive or judiciary) submitted to them by the Constitution, or in something relating to these, and necessary towards their execution. But orders and resolutions are sometimes entered in the journals, having no relation to these, such as acceptances of invitations to attend orations, to take part in processions, etc. These must be understood to be merely conventional among those who are willing to participate in the ceremony, and are, therefore, perhaps, improperly placed among the records of the House.]

SECTION XIX.

PETITIONS.

A petition prays something. A remonstrance has no prayer. 1 *Grey*, 58.

Petitions must be subscribed by the petitioners (*Scob.*, 87; *L. Parl.*, c. 22; 3 *Grey*, 362), unless they are attending (1 *Grey*, 401); or unable to sign, and

averred by a member (3 *Grey*, 418). But a petition not subscribed, but which the member presenting it affirmed to be all in the handwriting of the petitioner, and his name written in the beginning, was on the question (Mar. 14, 1800) received by the Senate. The averment of a member, or of somebody without doors, that they know the handwriting of the petitioners, is necessary, if it be questioned. 6 *Grey*, 36. It must be presented by a member, not by the petitioners, and must be opened by him holding it in his hand. 10 *Grey*, 57.

[Before any petition or memorial addressed to the Senate shall be received and read at the table, whether the same shall be introduced by the President or a member, a brief statement of the contents of the petition or memorial shall verbally be made by the introducer. *Rule* 24.]

Regularly, a motion for receiving it must be made and seconded, and a question put, whether it shall be received. But a cry from the House of "Received," or even its silence, dispenses with the formality of this question; it is then to be read at the table, and disposed of.

SECTION XX.

MOTIONS.

When a motion has been made, it is not to be put to the question, or debated until it is seconded. *Scob.*, 21.

[The Senate say, No motion shall be debated until the same shall be seconded. *Rule* 9.]

It is then, and not till then, in possession of the House, and cannot be withdrawn but by leave of the House. It is to be put into writing if the House or Speaker require it, and must be read to the House by the Speaker as often as any member desires it for his information. 2 *Hats.*, 82.

[The rule of the Senate is: When a motion shall be made and seconded, it shall be reduced to writing, if desired by the President or any member, delivered in at the table, and read before the same shall be debated. * * * *Rule* 10.]

It might be asked, whether a motion for adjournment or for the orders of the day, can be made by any one member while another is speaking. It cannot. When two members offer to speak, he who rose first is to be heard; and it is a breach of order in another to interrupt him, unless by calling him to order. If he departs from it. And the question of order being decided, he is still to be heard through. A call for adjournment, or for the order of the day, or for the question, by gentlemen from their seats, is not a motion. No motion can be made without arising and addressing the Chair. Such calls are themselves breaches of order which, though the member who has risen may respect as an expression of impatience of the House against further debate, yet, if he chooses he has a right to go on.

SECTION XXI.

RESOLUTIONS.

When the House commands, it is by an "order." But facts, principles, and their own opinions and purposes, are expressed in the form of resolutions.

[A resolution for an allowance of money to the clerks being moved, it was objected to as not in order, and so ruled by the Chair; but on an appeal to the Senate (i. e., a call for their sense by the President, on account of doubt in his mind, according to rule 26), the decision was overruled. *Jour. Sen.*, June 1, 1795. I presume the doubt was whether an allowance of money could be made otherwise than by bill.]

SECTION XXII.

BILLS.

[Every bill shall receive three readings previous to its being passed and the President shall give notice at each whether it be first, second or third; which readings shall be on three different days, unless the Senate unanimously direct otherwise. * * * *Rule* 26.]

SECTION XXII.

BILLS, LEAVE TO BRING IN.

[One day's notice, at least, shall be given of an intended motion for leave to bring in a bill. *Rule 25.*]

When a member desires to bring in a bill on any subject, he states to the House in general terms the causes for doing it, and concludes by moving for leave to bring in a bill entitled, etc. Leave being given on the question, a committee is appointed to prepare and bring in the bill. The mover and seconder are always appointed of this committee, and one or more in addition. *Hakew.*, 122; *Scob.*, 40.

It is to be presented fairly written, without any erasure or interlineation, or the Speaker may refuse. *Scob.*, 41; 1 *Grey*, 82, 84.

SECTION XXIV.

BILLS, FIRST READING.

When a bill is first presented, the Clerk reads it at the table, and hands it to the Speaker, who, rising, states to the House the title of the bill; that this is the first time of reading it; and the question will be, whether it shall be read a second time? then sitting down to give an opening for objections. If none be made, he rises again, and puts the question, whether it shall be read a second time? *Hakew.*, 137, 141. A bill cannot be amended on the first reading (6 *Grey*, 286); nor is it usual for it to be opposed then, but it may be done, and rejected. *D'Ewes*, 335; *col. 1*; 3 *Hats.*, 198.

SECTION XXV.

BILLS, SECOND READING.

The second reading must regularly be on another day. *Hakew.*, 143. It is done by the Clerk at the table, who then hands it to the Speaker. The Speaker, rising, states to the House the title of the bill; that this is the second time of reading it; and that the question will be, whether it shall be committed or engrossed and read a third time? But if the bill came from the other House, as it always comes engrossed, he states that the question will be, whether it shall be read a third time, and before he has so reported the state of the bill, no one is to speak to it. *Hakew.*, 143, 146.

[In the Senate of the United States the President reports the title of the bill; that this is the second time of reading it; that it is now to be considered as in a committee of the whole; and the question will be, whether it shall be read a third time? or that it may be referred to a special committee?]

SECTION XXVI.

BILLS, COMMITMENT.

If on motion and question it be decided that the bill shall be committed, it may then be moved to be referred to Committee of the Whole House or to a special committee. If the latter, the Speaker proceeds to name the committee. Any member also may name a single person, and the Clerk is to write him down as of the committee. But the House have a controlling power over the names and number. If a question be moved against anyone; and may in any case put in and put out whom they please.

Those who take exceptions to some particulars in the bill are to be of the committee, but none who speak directly against the body of the bill, for he that would totally destroy will not amend it (*Hakew.*, 146; *Toien.*, *col. 208*; *D'Ewes*, 634, *col. 2*; *Scob.*, 47); or, as it is said (5 *Grey*, 145), the child is not to be put to a nurse that cares not for it (6 *Grey*, 373). It is therefore a constant rule "that

no man is to be employed in any matter who has declared himself against it." And when any member who is against the bill hears himself named of its committee, he ought to ask to be excused. Thus (March 7, 1806) Mr. Hadley was, on the question being put, excused from being of a committee, declaring himself to be against the matter itself. *Scob.*, 46.

[No bill shall be committed or amended until it shall have been twice read; after which it may be referred to a committee. *Rule 27.*]

[In the appointment of the standing committees, the Senate will proceed by ballot, severally, to appoint the Chairman of each committee; and then, by one ballot, the other members necessary to complete the same; and a majority of the whole number of votes given shall be necessary to the choice of a chairman of a standing committee. All other committees shall be appointed by ballot, and a plurality of votes shall make a choice. When any subject or matter shall have been referred to a committee, any other subject or matter of a similar nature may, or motion, be referred to such committee. *Rule 34.*]

The Clerk may deliver the bill to any member of the committee (*Town.*, col. 38); but it is usual to deliver it to him who is first named.

In some cases the House has ordered a committee to withdraw immediately into the Committee Chamber and act on and bring back the bill, sitting in the House. *Scob.*, 48. A committee meet when and where they please, if the House has not ordered time and place for them (*6 Grey*, 370); but they can only act when together, and not by separate consultation and consent—nothing being the report of the committee but what has been agreed to in committee actually assembled.

A majority of the committee constitutes a quorum for business. *Elysng's Method of Passing Bills*, 11.

Any member of the House may be present at any select committee, but cannot vote, and must give place to all of the committee, and sit below them. *Elysng.*, 12; *Scob.*, 49.

The committee have full power over the bill or other paper committed to them, except that they cannot change the title or subject. *8 Grey*, 228.

The paper before a committee, whether select or of the whole, may be a bill, resolutions, draught of an address, etc., and it may either originate with them or be referred to them. In every case the whole paper is read first by the clerk and then by the chairman, by paragraphs (*Scob.*, 49), pausing at the end of each paragraph, and putting questions for amending, if proposed. In the case of resolutions on distinct subjects, originating with themselves, a question is put on each separately, as amended or unamended, and no final question on the whole (*3 Hats.*, 276); but if they relate to the same subject, a question is put on the whole. If it be a bill, draught of an address, or other paper originating with them, they proceed by paragraphs; putting questions for amending either by insertion or striking out, if proposed, but no question on agreeing to the paragraphs separately; this is reserved to the close, when a question is put on the whole for agreeing to it as amended or unamended. But if it be a paper referred to them, they proceed to put questions of amendment, if proposed, but no final question on the whole, because all parts of the paper, having been adopted by the House, stand, of course, unless altered or struck out by a vote. Even if they are opposed to the whole paper, and think it cannot be made good by amendments, they cannot reject it, but must report it back to the House without amendments and there make their opposition.

The natural order in considering and amending any paper is to begin at the beginning, and proceed through it by paragraphs, and this order is so strictly adhered to in Parliament, that when a latter part has been amended, you can not recur back and make any alterations in a former part. *2 Hats.*, 90. In numerous assemblies this restraint is doubtless important. [But in the Senate of the United States, though in the main we consider and amend the paragraphs in their natural order, yet recurrences are indulged; and they seem on the whole, in that small body, to produce advantages overweighing their inconveniences.]

To this natural order of beginning at the beginning, there is a single exception found in parliamentary usage. When a bill is taken up in committee, or on its second reading, they postpone the preamble till the other parts of the bill are gone through. The reason is, that on consideration of the body of the bill, such altera-



tions may therein be made as may also occasion the alteration of the preamble. *Scob.*, 50; 7 *Grey*, 431.

On this head the following case occurred in the Senate, March 6, 1800: A resolution which had no preamble having been already amended by the House, so that a few words only of the original remained in it, a motion was made to prefix a preamble, which having an aspect very different from the resolution, the mover intimated that he should afterwards propose a corresponding amendment in the body of the resolution. It was objected that a preamble could not be taken up till the body of the resolution is done with; but the preamble was received, because we are in fact through the body of the resolution; we have amended that as far as amendments have offered, and, indeed, till little of the original is left. It is the proper time, therefore, to consider a preamble; and whether the one offered be consistent with the resolution is for the House to determine. The mover, indeed, has intimated that he shall offer a subsequent proposition for the body of the resolution; but the House is not in possession of it; it remains in his breast, and may be withheld. The rules of the House can only operate on what is before them. [The practice of the Senate, too, allows recurrences backwards and forwards, for the purposes of amendment, not permitting amendments in a subsequent to preclude those in a prior part, or, *c. converso*.]

When the committee is through the whole, a member moves that the committee may rise, and the chairman report the paper to the House, with or without amendments, as the case may be. 2 *Hats.*, 289, 292; *Scob.*, 53; 2 *Hats.*, 290; 8 *Scob.*, 50.

When a vote is once passed in a committee, it cannot be altered, but by the House, their votes being binding on themselves. 1607, *June* 4.

The committee may not erase, interline, or blot the bill itself; but must, in a paper by itself, set down the amendments, stating the words which are to be inserted or omitted (*Scob.* 50), and where, by references to the page, line and word of the bill. *Scob.*, 50.

SECTION XXVII.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE.

The chairman of the committee, standing in his place, informs the House that the committee, to whom was referred such a bill, have, according to order, had the same under consideration, and have directed him to report the same without any amendment or with sundry amendments (as the case may be), which he is ready to do when the House pleases to receive it. And he or any other may move that it be now received; but the cry of "now, now," from the House, generally dispenses with the formality of a motion and question. He then reads the amendment, with the coherence in the bill, and opens the alterations and the reasons of the committee for such amendments, until he has gone through the whole. He then delivers it at the clerk's table, where the amendments reported are read by the clerk without the coherence; whereupon the papers lie upon the table till the House, at its convenience, shall take up the report. *Scob.*, 52; *Hakec.*, 148.

The report being made, the committee is dissolved and can act no more without a new power. *Scob.*, 51. But it may be revived by a vote, and the same matter recommitted to them. 4 *Grey*, 361.

SECTION XXVIII.

BILL, RECOMMITMENT.

After a bill has been committed and reported, it ought not in an ordinary course to be recommitted; but in case of importance, and for special reasons, it is sometimes recommitted, and usually to the same committee. *Hakec.*, 151. If a report be recommitted before agreed to in the House, what has passed in committee is of no validity; the whole question is again before the committee, and a new resolution must be again moved, as if nothing had passed. 2 *Hats.*, 131—note.

In Senate, January, 1800, the salvage bill was recommitted three times after the commitment.

A particular clause of a bill may be committed without the whole bill (3 *Hats.*, 131); or so much of a paper to one and so much to another committee.

SECTION XXIX.

BILL, REPORTS TAKEN UP.

When the report of a paper originating with a committee is taken up by the House, they proceed exactly as in committee. Here, as in committee, when the paragraphs have, on distinct questions, been agreed to *seriatim* (5 *Grey*, 366; 6 *Grey*, 368; 8 *Grey*, 47, 104, 360; 1 *Torbuck's Deb.*, 125; 3 *Hats.*, 348), no question need be put on the whole report. 5 *Grey*, 381.

On taking up a bill reported with amendments, the amendments only are read by the Clerk. The Speaker then reads the first, and puts it to the question, and so on until the whole are adopted or rejected, before any other amendment be admitted, except it be an amendment to an amendment. *Elsynge's Mem.*, 53. When through the amendments of the committee, the Speaker pauses, and gives time for amendments to be proposed in the house to the body of the bill as he does also if it has been reported without amendments, putting no questions but on amendments proposed; and when through the whole, he puts the question whether the bill be read the third time.

SECTION XXX.

QUASI-COMMITTEE.

If on motion and question the bill be not committed or if no proposition for commitment be made, then the proceedings in the Senate of the United States and in Parliament are totally different. The former shall be first stated.

[The 28th rule of the Senate says: "All bills on a second reading shall first be considered by the Senate in the same manner as if the Senate were in Committee of the Whole, before they shall be taken up and proceeded on by the Senate agreeably to the standing rules, unless otherwise ordered;" (that is to say, unless ordered to be referred to a special committee). And when the Senate shall consider a treaty, bill, or resolution, as in Committee of the Whole, the Vice-President or President *pro tempore* may call a member to fill the chair during the time the Senate shall remain in Committee of the Whole; and the chairman (so called) shall, during such time, have the powers of a President *pro tempore*.]

[The proceedings of the Senate, as in a Committee of the Whole, or in Quasi-Committee are precisely as in a real Committee of the Whole, taking no question but on amendments. When through the whole they consider the Quasi-Committee as risen, the House resumes without any motion, question or resolution to that effect, and the President reports that "The House, acting as in a Committee of the Whole, have had under their consideration the bill entitled, etc., and have made sundry amendments, which he will now report to the House." The bill is then before them, as it would have been if reported from a committee and the questions are regularly to be put again on every amendment; which being gone through, the President pauses to give time to the House to propose amendments to the body of the bill, and when through, puts the question whether it shall be read a third time.]

[After progress in amending the bill in Quasi-Committee a motion may be made to refer it to a special committee. If the motion prevails, it is equivalent in effect to the several votes, that the committee rise, the House resume itself, discharge the Committee of the Whole, and refer the bill to a special committee. In that case the amendments already made fall. But if the motion fails, the Quasi-Committee stands *in statu quo*.]

[How far does this 28th rule subject the House, when in Quasi-Committee, to the laws which regulate the proceedings of Committees of the Whole?] The particulars in which these differ from proceedings in the House are the following: 1. In a committee every member may speak as often as he pleases. 2. The votes of a committee may be rejected or altered when reported to the House. 3. A committee, even of the whole, cannot refer any matter to another committee. In a committee, no previous question can be taken; the only means to avoid any improper discussion is to move that the committee rise; and if it be apprehended that the

same discussion will be attempted on returning into committee, the House can discharge them, and proceed itself on the business, keeping down the improper discussions by the previous question. 5. A committee cannot punish a breach of order in the House or in the gallery. 9 *Grey*, 113. It can only rise and report to the House, who may proceed to punish. [The first and second of these peculiarities attach to the Quasi-Committee of the Senate, as every day's practice proves, and seem to be the only ones to which the 28th rule meant to subject them; for it continues to be a House, and, therefore, though it acts in some respects as a committee, in others it preserves its character as a House. Thus: 3. It is in the daily habit of referring its business to a special committee. 4. It admits of the previous question; if it did not, it would have no means of preventing an improper discussion, not being able, as a committee is, to avoid it by returning into the House, for the moment it would resume the same subject there, the 28th rule declares it again a Quasi-Committee. 5. It would doubtless exercise its powers as a House on any breach of order. 6. It takes a question by yea and nay as the House does. 7. It receives messages from the President and the other House. 8. In the midst of a debate it receives a motion to adjourn, and adjourns as a House, not a committee.]

SECTION XXXI.

BILLS, SECOND READING IN THE HOUSE.

In Parliament after the bill has been read a second time, if on the motion and question it be not committed, or if no proposition for commitment be made, the Speaker reads it by paragraphs, pausing between each, but putting no question but on amendments proposed; and when through the whole, he puts the question whether it shall be read a third time? if it come from the other House; or, if originating with themselves whether it shall be engrossed and read a third time? The Speaker reads sitting, but rises to put questions. The Clerk stands while he reads.

[*But the Senate of the United States is so much in the habit of making many and material amendments at the third reading, that it has become the practice not to engross a bill until it has passed—an irregular and dangerous practice, because in this way the paper which passes the Senate is not that which goes to the other House, and that which goes to the other House as the act of the Senate has never been seen in the Senate. In reducing numerous, difficult and illegible amendments into the text, the Secretary may, with the most innocent intentions, commit errors which can never be again corrected.]

The bill being now as perfect, as its friends can make it, this is the proper stage for those fundamentally opposed to make their first attack. All attempts at earlier periods are with disjointed efforts, because many who do not expect to be in favor of the bill ultimately are willing to let it go on to its perfect state, to take time to examine it themselves and to hear what can be said for it, knowing that after all they will have sufficient opportunities of giving it their veto. Its last two stages, therefore, are reserved for this—that is to say, on the question whether it shall be engrossed and read a third time, and lastly, whether it shall pass? The first of these is usually the most interesting contest, because then the whole sub-

*The former practice of the Senate referred to in this paragraph has been changed by the following rule:

[RULE 29. The final question upon the second reading of every bill, resolution, constitutional amendment or motion, originating in the Senate, and requiring three readings previous to being passed, shall be, "Whether it shall be engrossed and read a third time?" and no amendment shall be received for discussion at the third reading of any bill, resolution, amendment or motion, unless by unanimous consent of the members present; but it shall at all times be in order before the final passage of any such bill, resolution, constitutional amendment or motion, to move its commitment; and should such commitment take place, and any amendment be reported by the committee, the said bill, resolution, constitutional amendment or motion, shall be again read a second time, and considered as in Committee of the Whole, and then the aforesaid question shall be again put.]

ject is new and engaging; and the minds of the members having not yet been declared by any trying vote, the issue is the more doubtful. In this stage, therefore, is the main trial of strength between its friends and opponents, and it behooves every one to make up his mind decisively for this question, or he loses the main battle; and accident and management may, and often do, prevent a successful rallying on the next and last question, whether it shall pass.

When the bill is engrossed, the title is to be indorsed on the back and not within the bill. *Hakew.*, 250.

SECTION XXXII.

READING PAPERS.

Where papers are laid before the House or referred to a committee, every member has a right to have them once read at the table before he can be compelled to vote on them; but it is a great though common error to suppose that he has a right *toties quoties*, to have acts, journals, accounts, or papers on the table, read independently of the will of the House. The delay and interruption which this might be made to produce evince the impossibility of the existence of such a right. There is, indeed, so manifest a propriety of permitting every member to have as much information as possible on every question on which he is to vote, that when he desires the reading, if it be seen that it is really for information and not for delay, the Speaker directs it to be read without putting a question, if no one objects; but if objected to, a question must be put. 2 *Hats.*, 117, 118.

It is equally an error to suppose that any member has a right, without a question put, to lay a book or paper on the table, or have it read, on suggesting that it contains matter infringing on the privileges of the House. *Ib.*

For the same reason a member has not a right to read a paper in his place, if it be objected to, without leave of the House. But this rigor is never exercised but where there is an intentional or gross abuse of the time and patience of the House.

A member has not a right even to read his own speech, committed to writing, without leave. This also is to prevent an abuse of time and therefore is not refused but where that is intended. 2 *Grey*, 226.

A report of a committee of the Senate on a bill from the House of Representatives being under consideration, on motion that the report of the committee of the House of Representatives on the same bill be read in the Senate, it passed in the negative. *Fcb.* 28, 1793.

Formerly when papers were referred to a committee, they used to be first read: but of late only the titles, unless a number insist that they shall be read, and then nobody can oppose it. 2 *Hats.*, 117.

SECTION XXXIII.

PRIVILEGED QUESTIONS.

[*While a question is before the Senate, no motion shall be received, unless for an amendment, for the previous question, or for postponing the main question, or to commit it, or to adjourn. *Rule 11.*]

It is no possession of a bill unless it be delivered to the Clerk to be read or the Speaker reads the title. *Lex Parl.*, 274; *Elysng's Mem.*, 85; *Ord. House of Commons*, 64.

It is a general rule that the question first moved and seconded shall be first put. *Scob.*, 28, 22; 2 *Hats.*, 81. But this rule gives way to what may be called privi-

* This rule has been modified so as to specify the questions entitled to preference. The rule is now as follows:

[When a question is under debate, no motion shall be made but to adjourn, to lay on the table, to postpone indefinitely, to postpone to a day certain, to commit or to amend; which several motions shall have precedence in the order they stand arranged, and the motion for adjournment shall always be in order, and be decided without debate.]

leged questions; and the privileged questions are of different grades among themselves.

A motion to adjourn simply takes place of all others, for otherwise the House might be kept sitting against its will, and indefinitely. Yet this motion cannot be received after another question is actually put, and while the House is engaged in voting.

Orders of the day take place of all other questions, except for adjournment—that is to say, the question which is the subject of an order is made a privileged one, *pro hac vice*. The order is a repeal of the general rule as to this special case. When any member moves, therefore, for the Order of the Day to be read, no further debate is permitted on the question which was before the House; for if the debate might proceed, it might continue through the day and defeat the order. This motion, to entitle it to precedence, must be for the orders generally, and not for any particular one; and if it be carried on the question, "Whether the House will now proceed to the orders of the day?" they must be read and proceeded on in the course in which they stand (2 *Hats.*, 83), for priority of order gives priority of right, which cannot be taken away by another special order.

After these there are other privileged questions which will require considerable explanation.

It is proper that every parliamentary assembly should have certain forms of questions, so adapted as to enable them fitly to dispose of every proposition which can be made to them. Such are: 1. The previous question. 2. To postpone indefinitely. 3. To adjourn a question to a definite day. 4. To lie on the table. 5. To commit. 6. To amend. The proper occasion for each of these questions should be understood.

1. When a proposition is moved which it is useless or inexpedient now to express or discuss, the previous question has been introduced for suppressing for that time the motion and its discussion. 3 *Hats.*, 188, 189.

2. But as the previous question gets rid of it only for that day, and the same proposition may recur the next day, if they wish to suppress it for the whole of that session, they postpone it indefinitely. 3 *Hats.*, 183. This quashes the proposition for that session, as an indefinite adjournment is a dissolution, or the continuance of a suit *sine die* is a discontinuance of it.

3. When a motion is made which it will be proper to act on, but information is wanted, or something more pressing claims the present time, the question or debate is adjourned to such day within the session as will answer the views of the House. 2 *Hats.*, 81. And those who have spoken before may not speak again when the adjourned debate is resumed. 2 *Hats.*, 73. Sometimes, however, this has been abusedly used by adjourning it to a day beyond the session, to get rid of it altogether, as would be done by an indefinite postponement.

4. When the House has something else which claims its present attention, but would be willing to reserve in their power to take up a proposition whenever it shall suit them, they order it to lie on the table. It may then be called for at any time.

5. If the proposition will want more amendment and digestion than the formalities of the House will conveniently admit, they refer it to a committee.

6. But if the proposition be well digested, and may need but few and simple amendments, and especially if these be of leading consequence, they then proceed to consider and amend it themselves.

The Senate, in their practice, vary from this regular gradation of forms. Their practice, comparatively with that of Parliament, stands thus:

FOR THE PARLIAMENT:

Postponement indefinite,
Adjournment,

Lying on the table.

THE SENATE USES:

Postponement to a day beyond the session,
Postponement to a day within the session,
Postponement indefinite,
Lying on the table.

In their eighth rule, therefore, which declares that while the question is before the Senate, no motion shall be received, unless it be for the previous question, or to postpone, commit, or amend the main question, the term postponement must be understood according to their broad use of it and not in the parliamentary

sense. Their rule then establishes as privileged questions, the previous questions, postponement, commitment and amendment.

But it may be asked, Have these questions any privileges among themselves? or are they so equal that the common principle of the "first moved first put," takes the place among them? This will need explanation. Their competitions may be as follows:

1. Previous question and postpone.....	} In the first, second and third classes, and the first member of the fourth class, the rule, "first moved first put" takes place.
commit.....	
amend.....	
2. Postpone and previous question.....	
commit.....	
amend.....	
3. Commit and previous question.....	
postpone.....	
amend.....	
4. Amend and previous question.....	
postpone.....	
commit.....	

In the first class, where the previous question is first moved, the effect is peculiar; for it not only prevents the after motion to postpone or commit from being put to question before it, but also from being put after it; for if the previous question be decided affirmatively, to wit, that the main question shall *now* be put. It would of course be against the decision to postpone or commit; and if it be decided negatively, to wit, that the main question shall not now be put, this puts the House out of possession of the main question, and consequently there is nothing before them to postpone or commit. So that neither voting for nor against the previous question will enable the advocates for postponing or committing to get at their object. Whether it may be amended shall be examined hereafter.

Second class. If postponement be decided affirmatively, the proposition is removed from before the House, and consequently there is no ground for the previous question, commitment, or amendment; but if decided negatively (that it shall not be postponed), the main question may then be suppressed by the previous question, or may be committed or amended.

The third class is subject to the same observations as the second.

The fourth class. Amendment of the main question first moved, and afterwards the previous question, the question of amendment shall be first put.

Amendment and postponement competing, postponement is first put, as the equivalent proposition to adjourn the main question would be in Parliament. The reason is, that the question for amendment is not suppressed by postponement or adjourning the main question, but remains before the House whenever the main question is resumed; and it might be that the occasion for other urgent business might go by, and be lost by length of debate on the amendment, if the House had it not in their power to postpone the whole subject.

Amendment and commitment. The question for committing though last moved, shall be first put; because, in truth, it facilitates and befriends the motion to amend. *Scobell* is express: "(On motion to amend a bill, any one may, notwithstanding, move to commit it, and the question for commitment shall be first put." *Scob.*, 46.

We have hitherto considered the question of two or more of the privileged questions contending for privilege between themselves, when both are moved on the original or main question; but now let us suppose one of them to be moved not on the original primary question, but on the secondary one, *e. g.*

Suppose a motion to postpone, commit or amend the main question, and that it be moved to suppress that motion by putting a previous question on it. This is not allowed, because it would embarrass questions too much to allow them to be piled on one another several stories high; and the same result may be had in a more simple way, by deciding against the postponement, commitment or amendment. 2 *Hats.*, 81, 2, 3, 4.

Suppose a motion for the previous question, or commitment or amendment of

the main question, and that it be then moved to postpone the motion for the previous question, or for commitment or amendment of the main question. 1. It would be absurd to postpone the previous question, commitment or amendment alone, and thus separate the appendage from its principal: yet it must be postponed separately from its original, if at all, because the eighth rule of the Senate says that "when a main question is before the House, no motion shall be received but to commit, amend or pre-question the original question," which is the parliamentary doctrine also; therefore the motion to postpone the secondary motion for the previous question, or for committing or amending, cannot be received. 2. This is a piling of questions one on another; which to avoid embarrassment, is not allowed. 3. The same result may be had more simply by voting against the previous question, commitment or amendment.

Suppose a commitment moved of a motion for the previous question, or to postpone or amend. The first, second and third reasons before stated, all hold good against this.

Suppose an amendment moved to a motion for the previous question. Answer: the previous question cannot be amended. Parliamentary usage, as well as the ninth rule of the Senate, has fixed its form to be, Shall the main question be now put?—*i. e.*, at this instant; and as the present instant is but one, it can admit of no modification. To change it to tomorrow, or any other moment, is without example and without utility. But suppose a motion to amend a motion for postponement as to one day instead of another, or to a special instead of an indefinite time. The useful character of amendment gives it a privilege of attaching itself to a secondary and privileged motion; that is, we may amend a postponement of a main question. So, we may amend a commitment of a main question, as by adding, for example, "with instructions to inquire," etc. In like manner, if an amendment be moved to an amendment, it is admitted; but it would not be admitted in another degree, to wit: to amend an amendment to an amendment of a main question. This would lead to too much embarrassment. The line must be drawn somewhere, and usage has drawn it after the amendment to the amendment. The same result must be sought by deciding against the amendment to the amendment, and then moving it again as it wished to be amended. In this form it becomes only amendment to an amendment.

[When motions are made for reference of the same subject to a select committee and to a standing committee, the question on reference to the standing committee shall be first put. *Rule 36.*]

[In filling a blank with a sum, the largest sum shall be first put to the question, by the thirteenth rule of the Senate,*] contrary to the rule of Parliament, which privileges the smallest sum and longest time. 5 *Grey*, 179; 2 *Hats.*, 8, 83; 3 *Hats.*, 132, 133. And this is considered to be not in the form of an amendment to the question, but as alternative or successive originals. In all cases of time or number, we must consider whether the larger comprehends the lesser as in a question to what day a postponement shall be, the number of a committee, amount of fine, term of imprisonment, term of irredeemability of a loan, or the *terminus ad quem* in any other case; then the question must begin *a maximo*. Or whether the lesser includes the greater, as in questions on the limitation of the rate of interest, on what day the session shall be closed by adjournment, on what day the next shall commence, when an act shall commence, or the *terminus a quo* in any other case where the question must begin *a minimo*; the object being not to begin at that extreme which, and more, being within every man's wish, no one could negative it, and yet, if he should vote in the affirmative, every question for more would be precluded; but at that extreme which would unite few, and then to advance or recede till you get a number which will unite a bare majority. 3 *Grey*, 376, 384, 385. "The fair question in this case, is not that to which, and more, all will agree, whether there shall be addition to the question." *Grey*, 355.

Another exception to the rule of priority is when a motion has been made to strike out or agree to a paragraph. Motions to amend it are to be put to the question before a vote is taken on striking out or agreeing to the whole paragraph.

But there are several questions which, being incidental to every one, will take

[*Rule 13. In filling up blanks, the largest sum and longest time shall be first put.]

place of every one, privileged or not, to wit: a question of order arising out of any other question must be decided before that question. 2 *Hats.*, 88.

A matter of privilege arising out of any question, or from a quarrel between two members or any other cause, supersedes the consideration of the original question, and must be first disposed of. 2 *Hats.*, 88.

Reading papers relative to the question before the House. This question must be put before the principal one. 2 *Hats.*, 88.

Leave asked to withdraw a motion. The rule of Parliament being that a motion made and seconded is in the possession of the House, and cannot be withdrawn without leave, the very terms of the rule imply that leave may be given, and, consequently, may be asked and put to the question.

SECTION XXXIV.

THE PREVIOUS QUESTION.

When any question is before the House, any member may move a previous question, "Whether that question (called the main question) shall now be put?" If it pass in the affirmative, then the main question is to be put immediately, and no man may speak anything further to it, either to add or alter. *Memor. in Hakew.*, 28; 4 *Grey*, 27.

The previous question being moved and seconded, the question from the chair shall be, "Shall the main question be now put?" and if the nays prevail, the main question shall not then be put.

This kind of question is understood by Mr. Hatsell to have been introduced in 1604. 1 *Hats.*, 80. Sir Henry Vane introduced it. 2 *Grey*, 113, 114; 3 *Grey*, 384. When the question was put in this form, "Shall the main question be put?" a determination in the negative suppressed the main question during the session; but since the words, "now put" are used they exclude it for the present only; formerly, indeed, only till the present debate was over (4 *Grey*, 43), but now for that day and no longer. 2 *Grey*, 113, 114.

Before the question "Whether the main question shall now be put?" any person might formerly have spoken to the main question, because otherwise he would be precluded from speaking to it at all. *Mem. in Hakew.*, 28.

The proper occasion for the previous question is when a question is brought forward of a delicate nature as to high personages, etc., or the discussion of which may call forth observations which might be of injurious consequences. Then the previous question is proposed; and in the modern usage, the discussion of the main question is suspended, and the debate confined to the previous question. The use of it has been extended abusively to other cases but in these it has been an embarrassing procedure; its uses would be as well answered by other more simple parliamentary forms, and therefore it should not be favored, but restricted within as narrow limits as possible.

Whether a main question may be amended after the previous question on it has been moved and seconded? 2 *Hats.*, 88, says, if the previous question has been moved and seconded, and also proposed from the chair (by which he means stated by the Speaker for debate), it has been doubted whether an amendment can be admitted to the main question. He thinks it may, after the previous question is moved and seconded; but not after it has been proposed from the chair. In this case he thinks the friends to the amendment must vote that the main question be not now put; and then move their amended question, which being made new by the amendment, is no longer the same which has just been suppressed, and therefore may be proposed as a new one. But this proceeding certainly endangers the main question, by dividing its friends, some of whom may choose it unamended, rather than lose it altogether; while others of them may vote, as Hastell advises, that the main question be not now put, with a view to move it again in an amended form. The enemies of the main question, by this manœuvre to the previous question, get the enemies to the amendment added to them on the first vote and throw the friends of the main question under the embarrassment of rallying again as they can. To support his opinion, too, he makes the deciding circumstances, whether an amendment may or may not be made, to be, that the previous question has been proposed from the Chair. But, as the rule is that the House is in possession of a

question as soon as it is moved and seconded, it cannot be more than possessed of it by its being also proposed from the Chair. It may be said, indeed, that the object of the previous question, being to get rid of a question, which it is not expedient should be discussed, this object may be defeated by moving to amend, and, in the discussion of that motion, involving the subject of the main question. But so may the object of the previous question be defeated, by moving the amended question, as Mr. Hastell proposes after the decision against putting the original question. He acknowledges, too, that the practice has been to admit previous amendments, and only cites a few late instances to the contrary. On the whole, I should think it best to decide it as inconvenient, to wit: which is most inconvenient, to put it in the power of one side of the House to defeat a proposition by hastily moving the previous question, and thus forcing the main question to be put unamended; or to put it in the power of the other side to force on, incidentally at least, a discussion which would be better avoided? Perhaps the last is the least inconvenience; inasmuch as the Speaker, by confining the discussion rigorously to the amendment only, may prevent their going into the main question, and inasmuch also as so great a proportion of the cases in which the previous question is called for, are fair and proper subjects for public discussion, and ought not to be obstructed by a formality introduced for questions of a peculiar character.

SECTION XXXV.

AMENDMENTS.

On an amendment being moved, a member who has spoken to the main question may speak again to the amendment. *Scob.*, 23.

If an amendment be proposed inconsistent with one already agreed to, it is a fit ground for its rejection by the House, but not within the competence of the Speaker to suppress as if it were against order; for were he permitted to draw questions of consistence within the vortex of order, he might usurp a negative on important modifications, and suppress, instead of subserving the legislative will.

Amendments may be made so as totally to alter the nature of the proposition; and it is a way of getting rid of a proposition by making it bear a sense different from what it was intended by the movers, so that they vote against it themselves. *2 Hats.*, 79, 4, 82, 84. A new bill may be engrafted by way of amendment, on the words, "Be it enacted," etc. *1 Grey*, 190, 192.

If it be proposed to amend by leaving out certain words, it may be moved, as an amendment to this amendment, to leave out a part of the words of the amendment, which is equivalent to leaving them in the bill. *2 Hats.*, 80, 9. The parliamentary question is, always, whether the words shall stand part of the bill.

When it is proposed to amend by inserting a paragraph, or part of one, the friends of the paragraph may make it as perfect as they can by amendment's before the question is put for inserting it. If it be received, it cannot be amended afterwards, in the same stage, because the House has, on a vote, agreed to it in that form. In like manner, if it is proposed to amend by striking out a paragraph, the friends of the paragraph are first to make it as perfect as they can by amendments, before the question is put for striking it out. If on the question it be retained, it cannot be amended afterwards, because a vote against striking out is equivalent to a vote agreeing to it in that form.

When it is moved to amend by striking out certain words and inserting others, the manner of stating the question is first to read the whole passage to be amended as it stands at present, then the words proposed to be struck out, next those to be inserted, and lastly the whole passage as it will be when amended. And the question, if desired, is then to be divided, and put first on striking out. If carried, it is next on inserting the words proposed. If that be lost, it may be moved to insert others. *2 Hats.*, 80, 7.

A motion is made to amend by striking out certain words and inserting others in their place, which is negatived. Then it is moved to strike out the same words, and to insert others of a tenor entirely different from those first proposed. It is negatived. Then it is moved to strike out the same words and insert nothing, which is agreed to. All this is admissible, because to strike out and insert A. is one proposition. To strike out and insert B. is a different proposition. And to

strike out and insert nothing, is still different. And the rejection of one proposition does not preclude the offering a different one. Nor would it change the case were the first motion divided by putting the question first on striking out, and that negatived; for, as putting the whole motion to the question at once would not have precluded, the putting the half of it cannot do it.*

But if it had been carried affirmatively to strike out the words and to insert A, it could not afterwards be permitted to strike out A and insert B. The mover of B should have notified, while the insertion of A was under debate, that he would move to insert B; in which case those who preferred it would join in rejecting A.

After A is inserted, however, it may be moved to strike out a portion of the original paragraph, comprehending A, provided the coherence to be struck out be so substantial as to make this effectively a different proposition, for then it is resolved into the common case of striking out a paragraph after amending it. Nor does anything forbid a new insertion, instead of A and its coherents.

In Senate, January 25, 1798, a motion to postpone until the second Tuesday in February some amendments proposed to the Constitution; the words, "until the second Tuesday in February" were struck out by way of amendment. Then it was moved to add, "until the first day of June." Objected that it was not in order, as the question should be first put on the longest time; therefore, after a shorter time decided against a longer, cannot be put to question. It was answered that this rule takes place only in filling blanks for time. But when a specific time stands part of motion, that may be struck out as well as any other part of a motion: and when struck out a motion may be received to insert any other. In fact, it is not until they are struck out, and a blank for the time thereby produced, that the rule can begin to operate, by receiving all the propositions for different times, and putting the question successively on the longest. Otherwise it would be in the power of the mover, by inserting originally a short time, to preclude the possibility of a longer, for till the short time is struck out, you cannot insert a longer; and if, after it is struck out, you cannot do it, then it cannot be done at all. Suppose the first motion had been made to amend by striking out "the second Tuesday in February," and inserting instead thereof "the first of June," it would have been regular, then, to divide the question, by proposing the first question to strike out and then that to insert. Now this is precisely the effect of the present proceeding; only, instead of one motion and two questions, there are two motions and two questions to effect it—the motion being divided as well as the question.

When the matter contained in two bills might better be put into one, the manner is to reject the one, and incorporate its matter into another bill by way of amendment. So if the matter of one bill would be better distributed into two, any part may be struck out by way of amendment, and put into a new bill. If a section is to be transposed, a question must be put on striking it out where it stands, and another for inserting it in the place desired.

A bill passed by the one House with blanks. These may be filled up by the other by way of amendments, returned to the first as such, and passed. 3 *Hats.*, 83.

The number prefixed to the section of a bill, being merely a marginal indication, and no part of the text of the bill, the clerk regulates that—the House or committee is only to amend the text.

*In the case of a division of the question, and a decision against striking out, I advance doubtfully the opinion here expressed. I find no authority either way, and I know it may be viewed under a different aspect. It may be thought that having decided separately not to strike out the passage, the same question for striking out cannot be put over again, though with a view to a different insertion. Still I think it more reasonable and convenient to consider the striking out and insertion as forming one proposition; but should readily yield to any evidence that the contrary is the practice in Parliament.

SECTION XXXVI.

DIVISION OF THE QUESTION.

If a question contain more parts than one it may be divided into two or more questions. *Mem. in Hakeuc.*, 39. But not as the right of an individual member, but with the consent of the House. For who is to decide whether a question is complicated or not?—where it is complicated?—into how many propositions it may be divided? The fact is, that the only mode of separating a complicated question is by moving amendments to it; and these must be decided by the House, on a question, unless the House orders it to be divided; as, on a question, December 2, 1640, making void the election of the knights of Worcester, on a motion it was resolved to make two questions of it, to wit: one on each knight. 2 *Hats.*, 85, 86. So, wherever there are several names in question, they may be divided and put one by one. 9 *Grey*, 444. So, 1729, April 17, on an objection that a question was complicated, it was separated by amendment. 2 *Hats.*, 79.

The soundness of these observations will be evident from the embarrassments produced by the 12th rule of the Senate, which says, "If the question in debate contain several points, any member may have the same divided."

1798, May 30, the alien bill in quasi-committee. To a section and proviso in the original had been added two new provisos by way of amendment. On a motion to strike out the section as amended, the question was desired to be divided. To do this it must be put first on striking out either the former proviso or some distinct member of the section. But when nothing remains but the last member or the section and the proviso, they cannot be divided so as to put the last member to question by itself; for the proviso might then be left standing alone as exceptions to a rule when the rule is taken away; or the new provisos might be left to a second question, after having been decided on once before at the same reading, which is contrary to rule. But the question must be on striking out the last member of the section as amended. This sweeps away the exceptions with the rule, and relieves from inconsistency. A question to be divisible, must comprehend points so distinct and entire that one of them being taken away the other may stand entire. But a proviso or an exception, without an enacting clause does not contain an entire point or proposition.

May 31. The same bill being before the Senate. There was a proviso that the bill should not extend, 1. To any foreign minister; nor, 2. To any person to whom the President should give a passport; nor, 3. To any alien merchant conforming himself to such regulations as the President shall prescribe, and a division of the question into its simplest elements was called for. It was divided into four parts, the fourth taking in the words, "conforming himself," etc. It was objected that the words, "any alien merchant" could not be separated from their modifying words, "conforming," etc., because these words if left by themselves contain no substantive idea—will make no sense. But admitting that the divisions of a paragraph into separate questions must be so made that each part may stand by itself, yet the House having on the question, retained the two first divisions, the words "any alien merchant" may be struck out, and their modifying words will then attach themselves to the preceding description of persons, and become a modification of that description.

When a question is divided, after the question on the first member, the second is open to debate and amendment, because it is a known rule that a person may rise and speak at any time before the question has been completely decided, by putting the negative as well as the affirmative side. But the question is not completely put when the vote has been taken on the first member only. One-half of the question, both affirmative and negative remains still to be put. See *Execut. Jour.*, June 25, 1795. The same decision by President Adams.

SECTION XXXVII.

CO-EXISTING QUESTIONS.

It may be asked whether the House can be in possession of two motions or propositions at the same time, so that one of them being decided, the other goes to question without being moved anew? The answer must be special. When a question is interrupted by a vote of adjournment, it is thereby removed from before the House, and does not stand *ipso facto* before them at their next meeting, but must come forward in the usual way. So, when it is interrupted by the order of the day. Such other privileged questions also as dispose of the main question (*e. g.*, the previous question, postponement, or commitment), remove it from before the House. But it is only suspended by a motion to amend, to withdraw, to read papers, or by a question of order or privilege, and stands again before the House when these are decided. None but the class of privileged questions can be brought forward while there is another question before the House, the rule being that when a motion has been made and seconded, no other can be received, except it be a privileged one.

SECTION XXXVIII.

EQUIVALENT.

If, on a question for rejection, a bill be retained, it passes of course to its next reading. *Hakac.*, 141; *Scob.*, 42. And a question for a second reading determined negatively, is a rejection without further question. 4 *Grey*, 145. And see *Elsynge's Memor.*, 42, in what cases questions are to be taken for rejection.

Where questions are perfectly equivalent, so that the negative of the one amounts to the affirmative of the other, and leaves no other alternative, the decision of the one concludes necessarily the other. 4 *Grey*, 157. Thus the negative of striking out amounts to the affirmative of agreeing; and therefore to put a question on agreeing after that on striking out, would be to put the same question in effect twice over. Not so in questions of amendments between the two Houses. A motion to recede being negatived, does not amount to a positive vote to insist, because there is another alternative, to wit: to adhere:

A bill originating in one House is passed by the other with an amendment. A motion in the originating House to agree to the amendment is negatived. Does there result from this a vote of disagreement, or must the question on disagreement be expressly voted? The questions respecting amendments from another House are—1st, to agree; 2d, to disagree; 3d, to recede; 4th, insist; 5th, adhere.

1st. To agree.

2d. To disagree.

} Either of these concludes the other necessarily, for the positive of either is exactly the equivalent of the negative of the other, and no other alternative remains. On either motion amendments to the amendments may be proposed: *e. g.*, If it be moved to disagree, those who are for the amendment have a right to propose amendments, and to make it as perfect as they can, before the question of disagreeing is put.

3d. To recede.

4th. To insist.

5th. To adhere.

} You may then either insist or adhere.
 } You may then either recede or adhere.
 } You may then either recede or insist.

Consequently the negative of these is not equivalent to a positive vote the other way. It does not raise so necessary an implication as may authorize the Secretary by inference to enter another vote; for two alternatives still remain, either of which may be adopted by the House.

SECTION XXXIX.

THE QUESTION.

The question is to be put first on the affirmative and then on the negative side.

After the Speaker has put the affirmative part of the question, any member who has not spoken before to the question may rise and speak before the negative be put; because it is no full question till the negative part be put. *Scob.*, 23; 2 *Hats.*, 73.

But in small matters, and which are, of course, such as receiving petitions, reports, withdrawing motions, reading papers, etc., the Speaker most commonly supposes the consent of the House where no objection is expressed, and does not give them the trouble of putting the question formally. *Scob.*, 22; 2 *Hats.*, 87; 5 *Grey*, 129; 9 *Grey*, 301.

SECTION XL.

BILLS, THIRD READING.

To prevent bills from being passed by surprise, the House, by a standing order, directs that they shall not be put on their passage before a fixed hour, naming one at which the House is commonly full. *Hackw.*, 153.

[The usage of the Senate is, not to put bills on their passage till noon.]

A bill reported and passed to the third reading cannot on that day be read the third time and passed; because this would be to pass on two readings in the same day.

At the third reading the Clerk reads the bill and delivers it to the Speaker, who states the title, that it is the third time of reading the bill, and that the question will be whether it shall pass? Formerly the Speaker or those who prepared a bill, prepared also a breviat or summary statement of its contents, which the Speaker read when he declared the state of the bill, at the several readings. Sometimes, however, he read the bill itself, especially on its passage. *Hackw.*, 136, 137, 153; *Coke*, 22, 115. Latterly, instead of this, he at the third reading, states the whole contents of the bill, verbatim, only, instead of reading the formal parts "Be it enacted, etc.," he states that "preamble recites so and so—the first section enacts that, etc., the 2d section enacts," etc.

[But in the Senate of the United States both of these formalities are dispensed with; the breviat presenting but an imperfect view of the bill, and being capable of being made to present a false one; and the full statement being a useless waste of time, immediately after a full reading by the Clerk, and especially as every member has a printed copy in his hand.]

A bill on the third reading is not to be committed for the matter or body thereof; but to receive some particular clause or proviso, it has been sometimes suffered, but as a thing very unusual. *Hackw.*, 126. Thus, 27 *El.*, 1584, a bill was committed on the third reading, having been formerly committed on the second, but it is declared not usual. *D'Eves*, 337, *col.*, 2; 414, *col.*, 2.

When an essential provision has been omitted, rather than erase the bill and render it suspicious, they add a clause on a separate paper, engrossed and called a rider, which is read and put to the question three times. *Eiseng's Memorials*, 50; 6 *Grey*, 335; 1 *Blackst.*, 183. For example of riders, see 3 *Hats.*, 121, 122, 124, 126. Every one is at liberty to bring in a rider without asking leave. 10 *Grey*, 52.

It is laid down as a general rule, that amendments proposed at the second reading, shall be twice read, and those proposed at the third reading thrice read; as also all amendments from the other House. *Town*, *col.*, 19, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28.

It is with great and almost invincible reluctance that amendments are admitted at this reading, which occasion erasures or interlineations. Sometimes a proviso has been cut off from a bill; sometimes erased. 9 *Grey*, 513.

This is the proper stage for filling up blanks; for if filled up before, and now altered by erasure, it would be peculiarly unsafe.

At this reading the bill is debated afresh, and for the most part is more spoken to at this time than on any of the former readings. *Hakew.*, 153.

The debate on the question whether it should be read a third time, has discovered to its friends and opponents the arguments on which each side relies, and which of these appear to have influence with the House; they have had time to meet them with new arguments, and to put their old ones into new shapes. The former vote has tried the strength of the former opinion, and furnished grounds to estimate the issue; and the question now offered for its passage is the last occasion which is ever to be offered for carrying or rejecting it.

When the debate is ended, the Speaker, holding the bill in his hand, puts the question for its passage by saying, "Gentlemen, all of you who are of opinion that this bill shall pass, say aye;" and after the answer of the ayes, "All those of the contrary opinion, say no." *Hakew.*, 154.

After the bill is passed there can be no further alteration of it in any point. *Hakew.*, 159.

SECTION XLI.

DIVISION OF THE HOUSE.

The affirmative and negative of the question having been both put and answered, the Speaker declares whether the yeas or nays have it by the sound, if he be himself satisfied, and it stands as the judgment of the House. But if he be not himself satisfied which voice is the greater, or if before any other member comes into the House, or before any new motion is made (for it is too late after that), any member shall rise and declare himself dissatisfied with the Speaker's decision, then the Speaker is to divide the House. *Scob.*, 24; 2 *Hats.*, 140.

When the House of Commons is divided, the one party goes forth, and the other remains in the House. This has made it important which go forth and which remain; because the latter gain all the indolent, the indifferent and inattentive. Their general rule therefore, is, that those who give their vote for the preservation of the orders of the House, shall stay in; and those who are for introducing any new matter or alteration, or proceeding contrary to the established course, are to go out. But this rule is subject to many exceptions and modifications. 2 *Hats.*, 134; 1 *Rush*, p. 3. fol. 92; *Scob.*, 43, 52; *Co.*, 12, 116; *D'Eves*, 505, col. 1; *Mcm. in Hakew.*, 25, 29, as will appear by the following statement of who go forth.

Petition that it be received ¹	}	Ayes.
Read		
Lie on the table.....	}	Noes.
Rejected after refusal to lie on the table.....		
Referred to committee for further proceeding.....		Ayes.
Bill, that it be brought in.....	}	Ayes.
Read first or second time.....		
Engrossed or read a third time.....		
Proceedings on every other stage.....		
Committed		
To committee of the whole.....		Noes.
To select committee.....		Ayes.
Report of bill to lie on table.....		Noes.
Be now read.....	}	Ayes.
Be taken into consideration three months hence.....		
Amendments to be read a second time.....		
Clause offered on report of bill be read a second time.....	}	Ayes.
For receiving a clause.....		
With amendments be engrossed.....		334
		395

¹Noes. 9 Grey, 365.

That a bill be <i>now</i> read a third time.....	Noes.	358
Receive a rider.....	} 260	Ayes. 256
Pass.....		
Be printed.....	} 201	Noes.
Committees. That A take the chair.....		
To agree to the whole or any part of report.....	} 201	Noes.
That the House do <i>now</i> resolve into committee.....		
Speaker. That he now leave the chair, after order to go into committee.....	} 344	Ayes.
That he issue warrant for new writ.....		
Member. That none be absent without leave.....	} 344	Noes.
Witness. That he be further examined.....		
Previous question.....	} Ayes.	Noes.
Blanks. That they be filled with the largest sum.....		
Amendments. That words stand part of.....	} Ayes.	Noes.
Lords. That their amendment be read a second time.....		
Messenger be received.....	} Ayes.	Noes.
Orders of day to be now read if before 2 o'clock.....		
If after 2 o'clock.....	} Ayes.	Noes.
Adjournment. Till the next sitting day, if before 4 o'clock....		
If after 4 o'clock.....	} Ayes.	Noes.
Over a sitting day (unless a previous resolution).....		
Over the 30th of January.....	} Ayes.	Noes.
For sitting on Sunday, or any other day not being a sitting day.		

The one party being gone forth, the Speaker names two tellers from the affirmative and two from the negative side, who first count those sitting in the House and report the number to the Speaker. Then they place themselves within the door, two on each side, and count those who went forth as they come in, and report the number to the Speaker. *Mem. in Hancr.*, 26.

A mistake in the report of the tellers may be rectified after the report made. *2 Hats.*, 145, *note*.

[But in both Houses of Congress all these intricacies are avoided. The ayes first rise, and are counted standing in their places by the President or Speaker. Then they sit, and the noes rise and are counted in like manner.]

[In Senate, if they are equally divided, the Vice President announces his opinion, which decides.]

[The Constitution, however, has directed that "the yeas and nays of the members of either House on any question shall, at the desire of one-fifth of those present, be entered on the journal." And again; that in all cases of reconsidering a bill disapproved by the President and returned with his objections, "the votes of both Houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the persons voting for and against the bill shall be entered on the journals of each House respectively."]

[By the 16th and 17th rules of the Senate, when the yeas and nays shall be called for by one-fifth of the members present, each member called upon shall, unless for special reasons he be excused by the Senate, declare openly, and without debate, his assent or dissent to the question. In taking the yeas and nays and upon the call of the House, the names of the members shall be taken alphabetically.]

[When the yeas and nays shall be taken upon any question in pursuance of the above rule no member shall be permitted, under any circumstances whatever, to vote after the decision is announced from the Chair.]

[When it is proposed to take the vote by yeas and nays, the President or Speaker states that "the question is whether, *e. g.*, the bill shall pass—that it is proposed that the yeas and nays shall be entered on the journal. Those, therefore, who desire it, will rise." If he finds and declares that one-fifth have risen, he then states that "those who are of the opinion that the bill shall pass are to answer in the affirmative; those of a contrary opinion in the negative." The Clerk then calls over the names alphabetically, notes the yea or nay of each, and gives the list to the President or Speaker, who declares the result. In the Sen-

ate, if there be an equal division, the Secretary calls on the Vice President and notes his affirmative or negative, which becomes the decision of the House.]

In the House of Commons every member must give his vote, the one way or the other (*Scob.*, 24), as it is not permitted to any one to withdraw who is in the House when the question is put, nor is any one to be told in the division who was not in when the question was put. *2 Hats.*, 140.

This last position is always true when the vote is by yeas and nays; where the negative as well as affirmative of the question is stated by the President at the same time, and the vote of both sides begins and proceeds *pari passu*. It is true also when the question is put in the usual way, if the negative has also been put; but if it has not, the member entering, or any other member, may speak, and even propose amendments, by which the debate may be opened again, and the question be greatly deferred. And as some who have answered aye may have been changed by the new arguments, the affirmative must be put over again. If, then, the member entering may, by speaking a few words, occasion a repetition of a question, it would be useless to deny it on his simple call for it.

While the House is telling, no member may speak or move out of his place, for if any mistake be suspected it must be told again. *Mcm. in Hakew.*, 26; *2 Hats.*, 143.

If any difficulty arises in point of order during the division, the Speaker is to decide peremptorily, subject to the future censure of the House, if irregular. He sometimes permits old experienced members to assist him with their advice, which they do sitting in their seats, covered to avoid the appearance of debate; but this can only be with the Speaker's leave, else the division might last several hours. *2 Hats.*, 143.

The voice of the majority decides; for the *lex majoris partis* is the law of all councils, elections, etc., where not otherwise expressly provided. *Hakew.*, 93. But if the House be equally divided, "*semper presumatur pro negante*;" that is, the former law is not to be changed but by a majority. *Towns.*, col. 134.

[But in the Senate of the United States, the Vice President decides when the House is divided. *Const. U. S.*, I, 3.]

When, from counting the House on a division, it appears that there is not a quorum, the matter continues exactly in the state in which it was before the division, and must be resumed at that point on any future day. *2 Hats.*, 126.

1606, May 1, on a question whether a member having said yea may afterwards sit and change his opinion, a precedent was remembered by the Speaker, of Mr. Morris, attorney of the wards, in 39 *Eliz.*, who in like case changed his opinion. *Mcm. Hakew.*, 27.

SECTION XLII.

TITLES.

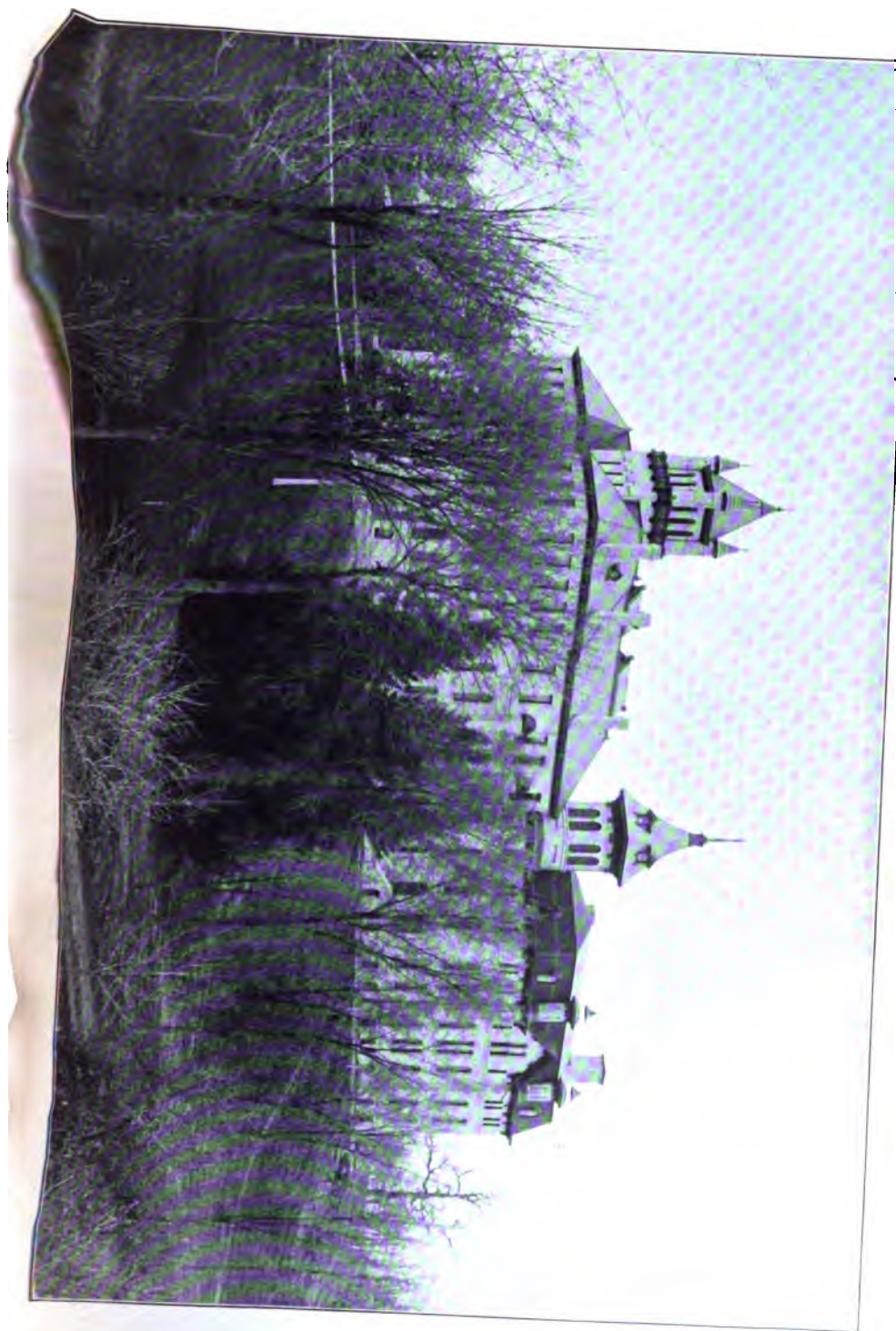
After the bill has passed, and not before, the title may be amended, and is to be fixed by a question; and the bill is then sent to the other House.

SECTION XLIII.

RECONSIDERATION.

[When a question has been once made and carried in the affirmative or negative, it shall be in order for any member of the majority to move for the reconsideration thereof; but no motion for the reconsideration of any vote shall be in order after a bill, resolution, message, report, amendment, or motion upon which the vote was taken shall have gone out of the possession of the Senate announcing their decision; nor shall any motion for reconsideration be in order unless made on the same day on which the vote was taken, or within the two next days of the actual session of the Senate thereafter.* *Rule 20.*]

*This part of the rule has been added since the Manual was compiled.



[1798, Jan. A bill on its second reading being amended and on the question whether it shall be read a third time negatived, was restored by a decision to reconsider that question. Here the votes of negative and reconsideration, like positive and negative quantities in an equation, destroy one another, and are as if they were expunged from the Journal. Consequently the bill is open for amendment, just so far as it was the moment preceding the question for the third reading; that is to say, all parts of the bill are open for amendment except those on which votes have been already taken in its present stage. So, also, it may be re-committed.]

[*The rule permitting a reconsideration of a question affixing to it no limitation of time or circumstance, it may be asked whether there is no limitation? If, after the vote, the paper on which it is passed has been parted with, there can be no reconsideration; as if a vote has been for the passage of a bill, and the bill has been sent to the other house. But where the paper remains, as on a bill rejected, when, or under what circumstances does it cease to be susceptible of reconsideration? This remains to be settled: unless, a sense that the right of reconsideration is a right to waste the time of the House in repeated agitations of the same question, so that it shall never know when a question is done with, should induce them to reform this anomalous proceeding.]

In Parliament, a question once carried cannot be questioned again at the same session, but must stand as the judgment of the House. *Townes.*, col. 67; *Mcm. in Hakec.*, 33. And a bill once rejected, another of the same substance cannot be brought in again the same session. *Hakec.*, 158; 6 *Grey*, 392. But this does not extend to prevent putting the same question in different stages of a bill; because every stage of a bill submits the whole and every part of it to the opinion of the House, as open for amendment, either by insertion or omission though the same amendment has been accepted or rejected in a former stage. So in reports of committees, *c. g.*, report of an address, the same question is before the House and open for free discussion. *Townes.*, col. 26; 2 *Hats.*, 98, 100, 101. So orders of the House, or instructions to committee, may be discharged. So a bill, begun in one house, and sent to the other, and there rejected, may be renewed again in that other, passed and sent back. *Ib.*, 92; 3 *Hats.*, 161. Or if, instead of being rejected, they read it once and lay it aside, or amend it, and put it off a month, they may order in another to the same effect, with the same or different title. *Hakec.*, 97, 98.

Divers expedients are used to correct the effects of this rule: as by passing an explanatory act, if anything has been omitted or ill expressed (3 *Hats.*, 278), or an act to enforce, and make more effectual an act, etc., or to rectify mistakes in act, etc., or a committee on one bill may be instructed to receive a clause to rectify the mistakes of another. Thus, June 24, 1685, a clause was inserted in a bill for rectifying a mistake committed by a clerk, in engrossing a bill of supply. 2 *Hats.*, 194, 6. Or the session may be closed for one, two, three, or more days, and a new one commenced. But then all matters depending must be finished, or they fall, and are to begin de novo. 3 *Hats.*, 94, 98. Or a part of the subject may be taken up by another bill, or taken up in a different way. 6 *Grey*, 304, 316.

And in cases of the last magnitude, this rule has not been so strictly and verbally observed as to stop indispensable proceedings altogether. 2 *Hats.*, 92, 98. Thus when the address on the preliminaries of peace in 1782 had been lost by a majority of one, on account of the importance of the question, and smallness of the majority, the same question in substance, though with some words not in the first, and which might change the opinion of some members, was brought on again and carried, as the motives for it were thought to outweigh the objection of form. 2 *Hats.*, 99, 100.

A second bill may be passed to continue an act of the same session, or to enlarge the time limited for its execution. 2 *Hats.*, 95, 98. This is not in contradiction to the first act.

*This rule now fixes the limitation.

SECTION XLIV.

BILLS SENT TO THE OTHER HOUSE.

[All bills passed in the Senate, shall, before they are sent to the House of Representatives, be examined by a committee, consisting of three members, whose duty shall be to examine all bills, amendments, resolutions or motions, before they go out of the possession of the Senate and to make report that they are correctly engrossed, which report shall be entered on the journal. *Rule 33.*]

A bill from the other House is sometimes ordered to lie on the table. 2 *Hats.*, 97.

When bills passed in one house and sent to the other, are grounded on special facts requiring proof, it is usual, either by message or at a conference, to ask the grounds and evidence; and this evidence, whether arising out of papers, or from the examination of witnesses, is immediately communicated. 3 *Hats.*, 48.

SECTION XLV.

AMENDMENTS BETWEEN THE HOUSES.

When either house, *e. g.*, the House of Commons, sends a bill to the other, the other may pass it with amendments. The regular progression in this case is, that the commons disagree to the amendment; the lords insist on it; the commons insist on their disagreement; the lords adhere to their amendment; the commons adhere to their disagreement. The term of insisting may be repeated as often as they choose to keep the question open. But the first adherence by either renders it necessary for the other to recede or adhere also; when the matter is usually suffered to fall. 10 *Grey*, 148. Latterly, however, there are instances of their having gone to a second adherence. There must be an absolute conclusion of the subject somewhere, or otherwise transactions between the houses would become endless. 3 *Hats.*, 268, 270. The term of insisting, we are told by Sir John Trevor, was then (1679) newly introduced into parliamentary usage by the lords. 7 *Grey*, 94. It was certainly a happy innovation, as it multiplies the opportunities of trying modifications which may bring the houses to concurrence. Either house, however, is free to pass over the term of insisting, and to adhere in the first instance; 10 *Grey*, 146; but it is not respectful to the other. In the ordinary parliamentary course, there are two free conferences, at least, before an adherence. 10 *Grey*, 147.

Either house may recede from its amendment and agree to the bill; or recede from their disagreement to the amendment, and agree to the same absolutely, or with an amendment; for here the disagreement and receding destroy one another, and the subject stands as before the disagreement. *Elsynge*, 23, 27; 9 *Grey*, 476.

But the house cannot recede from, or insist on its own amendment, with an amendment for the same reason that it cannot send to the other house an amendment to its own act after it has passed the act. They may modify an amendment from the other house by ingrafting an amendment on it, because they have never assented to it; but they cannot amend their own amendment, because they have on the question, passed it in that form. 9 *Grey*, 363; 10 *Grey*, 240. In the Senate, March 20, 1798. Nor where one house has adhered to their amendment, and the other agrees with an amendment, can the first house depart from the form which they have fixed by an adherence.

In the case of a money bill, the lords' proposed amendments become, by delay, confessedly necessary. The commons, however, refused them, as infringing on their privileges as to money bills; but they offered themselves to add to the bill a proviso to the same effect, which had no coherence with the lords' amendments; and urged that it was an expedient warranted by precedent, and not unparliamentary in a case become impracticable, and irremediable in any other way. 3 *Yates*, 256, 266, 270, 271. But the lords refused, and the bill was lost. 1

Chand., 288. A like case, 1 *Chand.*, 311. So the commons resolved that it was unparliamentary to strike out, at a conference anything in a bill which had been agreed and passed by both Houses. 6 *Grey*, 274; 1 *Chand.*, 312.

A motion to amend an amendment from the other House takes precedence of a motion to agree or disagree.

A bill originating in one House is passed by the other with an amendment.

The originating House agrees to their amendment with an amendment. The other may agree to their amendment with an amendment, that being only in the 2d and not the 3d degree; for, as to the amending House, the first amendment with which they passed the bill is a part of its text. It is the only text they have agreed to. The amendment to that text by the originating House, therefore, is only in the first degree, and the amendment to that again by the amending House is only in the 2d, to wit: an amendment to an amendment, and so admissible. Just so, when on a bill from the originating House, the other, at its second reading makes an amendment; on the third reading this amendment is become the text of the bill, and if an amendment to it be moved, an amendment to that amendment may also be moved, as being only in the 2d degree.

SECTION XLVI.

CONFERENCES.

It is on the question of amendments between the Houses that Conferences are usually asked; but they may be asked in all cases of difference of opinion between the two Houses on matters depending between them. The request of a conference, however, must always be with the House which is possessed of the papers. 3 *Hats.*, 31; 1 *Grey*, 425.

Conferences may be either simple or free. At a conference simply, written reasons are prepared by the House asking it, and they are read and delivered, without debate, to the managers of the other House at the conference; but are not then to be answered; 4 *Grey*, 144. The other House, then, if satisfied, vote the reason satisfactory, or say nothing; if not satisfied, they resolve them not satisfactory, and ask a conference on the subject of the last conference, where they read and deliver, in like manner, written answers to those reasons. 3 *Grey*, 183. They are meant chiefly to record the jurisdiction of each House to the nation at large, and to posterity, and in proof that the miscarriage of a necessary measure is not imputable to them. 3 *Grey*, 255. At free conferences the managers discuss, viva voce and freely, and interchange propositions for such modifications as may be made in a parliamentary way, and may bring the sense of the two Houses together. And each party reports in writing to their respective Houses the substance of what is said on both sides, and it is entered in their journals. 9 *Grey*, 220; 3 *Hats.*, 280. This report can not be amended or altered, as that of a committee may be. *Journal of Senate*, May 24, 1796.

A conference may be asked, before the House asking it has come to a resolution of disagreement, insisting or adhering. 3 *Hats.*, 269, 341. In which case the papers are not left with the other conferees, but are brought back to be the foundation of the vote to be given. And this is the most reasonable and respectful proceeding; for, as was urged by the lords on a particular occasion, "It is held vain, and below the wisdom of Parliament, to reason or argue against fixed resolutions, and upon terms of impossibility to persuade." 3 *Hats.*, 226. So the commons say, "an adherence is never delivered at a free conference, which implies debate." 10 *Grey*, 137. And on another occasion the lords made it an objection that the commons had asked a free conference after they had made resolutions of adhering. It was then affirmed, however, on the part of the commons, that nothing was more parliamentary than to proceed with free conferences after adhering (3 *Hats.*, 269), and we do in fact see inferences of conferences, or of free conference, asked after the resolution of disagreeing (3 *Hats.*, 251, 253, 260, 280, 291, 316, 349); of insisting (*Ib.*, 280, 296, 299, 319, 322, 355); of adhering (269, 270, 283, 300); and even of a second or final adherence. 3 *Hats.*, 270. And in all

cases of conference asked after a vote of disagreement, etc., the conferees of the House asking it are to leave the papers with the conferees of the other; and in one case where they refused to receive them, they were left on the table in the conference chamber. *Ib.*, 317, 323, 354; 10 *Grey*, 146.

After a free conference, the usage is to proceed with free conferences, and not return again to a conference. 3 *Hats.*, 270; 9 *Grey*, 229.

After a conference denied, a free conference may be asked. 1 *Grey*, 45.

When a conference is asked, the subject of it must be expressed, or the conference not agreed to. *Ord. H. Com.*, 89; 1 *Grey*, 425; 8 *Grey*, 31. They are sometimes asked to inquire concerning an offense or default of a member of the other House. 6 *Grey*, 181; 1 *Chand.*, 304. Or the failure of the other House to present to the King a bill passed by both Houses. 8 *Grey*, 302. Or on information received, and relating to the safety of the nation. 10 *Grey*, 171. Or when the methods of Parliament are thought by the one House to have been departed from by the other, a conference is asked to come to a right understanding thereon. 10 *Grey*, 148. So when an unparliamentary message has been sent, instead of answering it, they ask a conference. 3 *Grey*, 155. Formerly an address or article of impeachment, or a bill with amendments, or a vote of the House, or concurrence in a vote, or a message from the King, were sometimes communicated by way of conference. 6 *Grey*, 128, 300, 357; 7 *Grey*, 80; 8 *Grey*, 210, 255; 1 *Tombuck's Deb.*, 278; 10 *Grey*, 293; 1 *Chandler*, 49, 287. But this is not the modern practice. 8 *Grey*, 255.

A conference has been asked after the first reading of the bill. 1 *Grey*, 194. This is a singular instance.

SECTION XLVII.

MESSAGES.

Messages between the Houses are to be sent only while both Houses are sitting. 2 *Hats.*, 15. They are received during debate without adjourning the debate. 3 *Hats.*, 22.

[In Senate the messages are introduced in any state of business, except: 1. While a question is putting. 2. While the yeas and nays are calling. 3. While the ballots are counting. *Rule* 47. The first case is short; the second and third are cases where any interruption might occasion errors difficult to be corrected. So arranged June 15, 1788.]

In the House of Representatives, as in Parliament, if the House be in committee when a messenger attends, the Speaker takes the chair to receive the message, and then quits it to return into committee, without any question or interruption. 4 *Grey*, 226.

Messengers are not saluted by the members, but by the Speaker of the House. 2 *Grey*, 253, 274.

If messengers commit an error in delivering their message, they may be admitted or called in to correct their message. 4 *Grey*, 41. Accordingly, March 13, 1800, the Senate having made two amendments to a bill from the House of Representatives, their Secretary, by mistake, delivered one only, which being inadmissible by itself, that House disagreed, and notified the Senate of their disagreement. This produced a discovery of the mistake. The Secretary was sent to the other House to correct his mistake, the correction was received, and the two amendments acted on de novo.

As soon as the messenger who has brought the bills from the other House, has retired, the Speaker holds the bills in his hand, and acquaints the House "that the other House have by their messenger sent certain bills," and then reads their titles, and delivers them to the Clerk, to be safely kept till they shall be called for to be read. *Haker.*, 178.

It is not the usage for one House to inform the other by what numbers a bill has passed. 10 *Grey*, 150. Yet they have sometimes recommended a bill as of great importance, to the consideration of the House to which it is sent. 3 *Hats.*,

25. Nor when they have rejected a bill from the other House, do they give notice of it; but it passes sub-silentio, to prevent unbecoming altercations. *Blackst.*, 183.

[But in Congress the rejection is notified by message to the House in which the bill originated.]

A question is never asked by the one House of the other by way of message, but only at a conference; for this is an interrogatory, not a message. 3 *Grey*, 151, 181.

When a bill is sent by one House to the other, and is neglected, they may send a message to remind them of it. 3 *Hats.*, 25; 5 *Grey*, 154. But if it be mere inattention, it is better to have it done informally, by communication between the Speakers or members of the two Houses.

Where the subject of a message is of a nature that can properly be communicated to both houses of Parliament. It is expected that this communication should be made to both on the same day. But where a message was accompanied with an original declaration, signed by the party to which the message referred, its being sent to one House was not noticed by the other, because the declaration, being original, could not possibly be sent to both houses at the same time. 2 *Hats.*, 260, 261, 262.

The King having sent original letters to the commons, afterwards desires they may be returned, that he may communicate them to the lords. 1 *Chandler*, 303.

SECTION XLVIII.

ASSENT.

The House which has received a bill and passed it, may present ~~it~~ for the King's assent, and ought to do it, though they have not by message notified to the other their passage of it. Yet the notifying by message is a form which ought to be observed between the two houses, from motives of respect and good understanding. 2 *Hats.*, 142. Were the bill to be withheld from being presented to the King, it would be an infringement of the rules of Parliament. *Ib.*

[When a bill has passed both houses of Congress, the house last acting on it notifies its passage to the other, and delivers the bill to the Joint Committee of Enrollment, who see that it is truly enrolled in parchment.] When the bill is enrolled, it is not to be written in paragraphs, but solidly, and all of a piece, that the blanks between the paragraphs may not give room for forgery. 9 *Grey*, 143. [It is then put in the hands of the Clerk of the House of Representatives to have it signed by the Speaker. The Clerk then brings it by way of message to the Senate to be signed by their President. The Secretary of the Senate returns it to the Committee of enrollment, who present it to the President of the United States. If he approve, he signs, and deposits it among the rolls in the office of the Secretary of State, and notifies by message the house in which it originated that he has approved and signed it; of which that house informs the other by message. If the President disapproves, he is to return it with his objections to that house in which it shall have originated, who are to enter the objections at large on their Journal, and proceed to reconsider it. If, after such reconsideration, two-thirds of that house shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the President's objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered; and if approved by two-thirds of that house, it shall become a law. If any bill shall not be returned by the President within ten days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law, in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the Congress by its adjournment prevent its return; in which case it shall not be a law. *Const. U. S.*, I, 7.]

[Every order, resolution or vote, to which the concurrence of the Senate and House of Representatives may be necessary (except on a question of adjournment), shall be presented to the President of the United States, and before the same shall take effect, shall be approved by him; or being disapproved by him, shall be repassed by two-thirds of the Senate and House of Representatives, according to the rules and limitations prescribed in the case of a bill. *Const. U. S.*, I, 7.]

SECTION XLIX.

JOURNALS.

[Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and from time to time publish the same, excepting such parts as may, in their judgment, require secrecy. *Const.*, I, 5.]

[The proceedings of the Senate, when not acting as in a Committee of the Whole, shall be entered on the journals as concisely as possible, care being taken to detail a true account of the proceedings. Every vote of the Senate shall be entered on the journals, and a brief statement of the contents of each petition, memorial, or paper presented to the Senate, be also inserted on the journal. *Rule* 33.]

[The titles of bills, and such parts thereof only, as shall be affected by proposed amendments, shall be inserted on the journals. *Rule* 32.]

If a question is interrupted by a vote to adjourn, or to proceed to the orders of the day, the original question is never printed in the journal, it never having been a vote, nor introductory to any vote; but when suppressed by the previous question, the first question must be stated, in order to introduce and make intelligible the second. 2 *Hats.*, 83.

So also when a question is postponed, adjourned, or laid on the table, the original question, though not yet a vote, must be expressed in the journals: because it makes part of the vote of postponement, adjourning, or laying it on the table.

Where amendments are made to a question, those amendments are not printed in the journals, separated from the question; but only the question as finally agreed to by the House. The rule of entering in the journals only what the House has agreed to, is founded in great prudence and good sense; as there may be many questions proposed, which it may be improper to publish to the world in the form in which they are made. 2 *Hats.*, 85.

[In both houses of Congress, all questions whereon the yeas and nays are desired by one-fifth of the members present, whether decided affirmatively or negatively, must be entered on the journals. *Const.*, I, 5.]

The first order for printing the votes of the House of Commons was October 30, 1685. 1 *Chandler*, 387.

Some judges have been of opinion that the journals of the House of Commons are no records, but only remembrances. But this is not law. *Hob.*, 110, 111; *Lex Parl.*, 114, 115; *Jour. H. C.*, Mar. 17, 1592; *Hale, Parl.*, 105. For the lords in their house have power of judicature, the commons in their house have power of judicature; and both houses together have power of judicature; and the Book of the Clerk of the House of Commons is a record, as is affirmed by act of Parl., 6 H. 8 c. 16; 4 *Inst.*, 23, 24; and every member of the House of Commons hath a judicial place. 4 *Inst.*, 15. As records they are open to every person, and a printed vote of either house is sufficient ground for the other to notice it. Either may appoint a committee to inspect the journals of the other, and report what has been done by the other in any particular case. 2 *Hats.*, 361; 3 *Hats.*, 27-30. Every member has a right to see the journals, and take and publish votes from them. Being a record, every one may see and publish them. 6 *Grey*, 118, 119.

On information of a mis-entry or omission of an entry in the journal, a committee may be appointed to examine and rectify it, and report it to the House. 2 *Hats.*, 194, 5.

SECTION L.

ADJOURNMENT.

The two houses of Parliament have the sole, separate and independent power of adjourning each their respective Houses. The King has no authority to adjourn them; he can only signify his desire, and it is in the wisdom and prudence of

either House to comply with his requisition, or not, as they see fitting. 2 *Hats.*, 332; 1 *Blacks.*, 186; 5 *Grey*, 122.

[By the Constitution of the United States a smaller number than a majority may adjourn from day to day. I, 5. But "neither House, during the session of Congress, shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other place than that in which the two Houses shall be sitting." I, 5. And in case of disagreement between them, with respect to the time of adjournment, the President may adjourn them to such time as he shall think proper. *Const.*, 11, 3.]

A motion to adjourn, simply, cannot be amended, as by adding "to a particular day;" but must be put simply "that this House do now adjourn;" and if carried in the affirmative, it is adjourned till the next sitting day, unless it has come to a previous resolution, "that at its rising it will adjourn to a particular day," and then the House is adjourned to that day. 2 *Hats.*, 82.

Where it is convenient that the business of the House be suspended for a short time, as for a conference presently to be held, etc., it adjourns during pleasure. 2 *Hats.*, 305; or for a quarter of an hour. 5 *Grey*, 331.

If a question be put for adjournment, it is no adjournment till the Speaker announces it. 5 *Grey*, 137. And from courtesy and respect, no member leaves his place till the Speaker has passed on.

SECTION LL

A SESSION.

Parliament have three modes of separation, to-wit: By adjournment, by prorogation or dissolution by the King, or by the efflux of the term for which they were elected. Prorogation or dissolution constitutes there what is called a session, provided some act has passed. In this case all matters depending before them are discontinued, and at their next meeting are to be taken up de novo, if taken up at all. 1 *Blackst.*, 186. Adjournment, which is by themselves, is no more than a continuance of the session from one day to another, or for a fortnight, a month, etc., ad libitum. All matters depending remain in statu quo, and when they meet again, be the term ever so distant, are resumed, without any fresh commencement, at the point at which they were left. 1 *Lev.*, 165; *Les Parl.*, c. 2; 1 *Ro. Rep.*, 29; 4 *Inst.*, 7, 27, 28; *Hutt.*, 61; 1 *Mod.*, 252; *Ruffh. Jac. L. Dict. Parliament*; 1 *Blackst.*, 186. Their whole session is considered in law but as one day, and has relation to the first day thereof. *Bro. Abr. Parliament*, 86.

Committees may be appointed to sit during a recess by adjournment, but not by prorogation. 5 *Grey*, 374; 9 *Grey*, 350; 1 *Chandler*, 50. Neither house can continue any portion of itself in any parliamentary function beyond the end of the session without the consent of the other two branches. When done, it is by a bill constituting them commissioners for the particular purpose.

[Congress separate in two ways only, to-wit: by adjournment, or dissolution by the efflux of their time. What, then, constitutes a session with them? A dissolution closes one session, and the meeting of the new Congress begins another. The Constitution authorizes the President, "on extraordinary occasions to convene both houses or either of them." (I, 3.) If convened by the President's proclamation, this must begin a new session, and of course determine the preceding one to have been a session. So if it meets under the clause of the Constitution, which says, "the Congress shall assemble at least once in every year, and such meeting shall be on the first Monday in December, unless they shall by law appoint a different day" (I, 4), this must begin a new session; for even if the last adjournment was to this day, the act of adjournment is merged in the higher authority of the Constitution, and the meeting will be under that and not under their adjournment. So far we have fixed landmarks for determining sessions. In other words, it is declared by the joint vote authorizing the President of the Senate and Speaker to close the session on a fixed day, which is usually in the following form: *Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives*, That the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives be authorized to close the present session by adjourning their respective Houses on the—day of—.]

When it was said above that all matters depending before Parliament were discontinued by the determination of the session, it was not meant for judicial cases depending before the House of Lords, such as impeachments, appeals and writs of error. These stand continued, of course, to the next session. *Raym.*, 129, 381; *Ruffh. Jac. L. D., Parliament.*

[Impeachments stand, in like manner, continued before the Senate of the United States.]

SECTION LII.

TREATIES.

[The President of the United States has power, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to make treaties, provided two-thirds of the Senators present concur. *Const., U. S., II, 2.*]

[All confidential communications made by the President of the United States to the Senate, shall be by the members thereof kept secret; and that all treaties which may hereafter be laid before the Senate, shall also be kept secret, until the Senate shall, by their resolution, take off the injunction of secrecy. *Rule 39.*]

Treaties are legislative acts. A treaty is the law of the land. It differs from other laws only as it must have the consent of a foreign nation, being but a contract with respect to that nation. In all countries, I believe, except England, treaties are made by the legislative power; and there also, if they touch the laws of the land, they must be approved by Parliament. *Ware v. Hayton*, 3 *Dallas' Rep.*, 223. It is acknowledged, for instance, that the King of Great Britain cannot by a treaty make a citizen of an alien. *Vattel, b., c. 19, sec. 214.* An act of Parliament was necessary to validate the American treaty of 1783. And abundant examples of such acts can be cited. In the case of the treaty of Utrecht, in 1712, the commercial articles required the concurrence of Parliament; but a bill brought in for that purpose was rejected. France, the other contracting party, suffered these articles, in practice, to be not insisted on, and adhered to the rest of the treaty. 4 *Russell's Hist. Mod. Europe*, 457; 2 *Smollett*, 242, 246.

[By the Constitution of the United States this department of legislation is confined to two branches only of the ordinary legislature; the President originating and the Senate having a negative. To what subjects this power extends has not been defined in detail by the Constitution; nor are we entirely agreed among ourselves. 1. It is admitted that it must concern the foreign nation party to the contract, or it would be a mere nullity, *res inter alios acta*. 2. By the general power to make treaties, the Constitution must have intended to comprehend only those subjects which are usually regulated by treaty, and cannot be otherwise regulated. 3. It must have meant to except out of these rights to the States; for surely the President and Senate cannot do by treaty what the whole government is interdicted from doing in any way. 4. And also to except those subjects of legislation in which it gave a participation to the House of Representatives. This last exception is denied by some, on the ground that it would leave very little matter for the treaty power to work on. The less the better, say others. The Constitution thought it wise to restrain the Executive and Senate from entangling and embroiling our affairs with those of Europe. Besides, as the negotiations are carried on by the Executive alone, the subjecting to the ratification of the representatives such articles as are within their participation, is no more inconvenient than to the Senate. But the ground of this exception is denied as unfounded. For examine, *c. g.*, the treaty of commerce with France, and it will be found that, out of thirty-one articles, there are not more than small portions of two or three of them which would not still remain as subjects of treaties, untouched by these exceptions.]

Treaties being declared, equally with the laws of the United States, to be the supreme law of the land, it is understood that an act of the legislature alone can declare them infringed and rescinded. This was accordingly the process adopted in the case of France in 1798.

[It has been the usage for the Executive, when it communicates a treaty to the

Senate for their ratification, to communicate also the correspondence of the negotiators. This having been omitted in case of the Prussian treaty, was asked by a vote of the House, of February 12, 1800, and was obtained. And in December, 1800, the convention of that year between the United States and France, with the report of the negotiations by the envoys, but not their instructions, being laid before the Senate, the instructions were asked for, and communicated by the President.]

[The mode of voting on questions of ratification is by nominal call.]

[Whenever a treaty shall be laid before the Senate for ratification, it shall be read a first time for information only; when no motion to reject, ratify, or modify the whole, or any part, shall be received. Its second reading shall be for consideration, and on a subsequent day, when it shall be taken up as in a committee of the whole, and every one shall be free to move a question on any particular article, in this form: "Will the Senate advise and consent to the ratification of this article?" or to propose amendments thereto, either by inserting or by leaving out words, in which last case the question shall be, "shall the words stand part of the article?" And in every one of the said cases, the concurrence of two-thirds of the Senators present shall be requisite to decide affirmatively. And when, through the whole, the proceedings shall be stated to the House, and questions being again severally put thereon, for confirmation, or new ones proposed, requiring in like manner a concurrence of two-thirds for whatever is retained or inserted.]

[The votes so confirmed shall, by the House, or a committee thereof, be reduced into the form of a ratification, with or without modifications, as may have been decided, and shall be proposed on a subsequent day, when every one shall again be free to move amendments either by inserting or leaving out words; in which last case the question shall be, "Shall the words stand part of the resolution?" And in both cases the concurrence of two-thirds shall be requisite to carry the affirmative; as well as on the final question to advise and consent to the ratification in the form agreed to. *Rule 37.*]

[When any question may have been decided by the Senate, in which two-thirds of the members present are necessary to carry the affirmative, any member who voted on that side which prevailed in the question may be at liberty to move for a reconsideration, and a motion for reconsideration shall be decided by a majority of votes. *Rule 37.*]

SECTION LIII.

IMPEACHMENT.

[The House of Representatives shall have the sole power of impeachment. *Const. U. S., I. 3.*]

[The Senate shall have the sole power to try all impeachments. When sitting for that purpose, they shall be on oath or affirmation. When the President of the United States is tried, the Chief Justice shall preside; and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present. Judgment in cases of impeachment shall not extend further than to removal from office, and disqualification to hold and enjoy any office of honor, trust or profit under the United States. But the party convicted shall nevertheless be liable and subject to indictment, trial, judgment and punishment according to law. *Const., I. 3.*]

[The President, Vice-President, and all civil officers of the United States, shall be removed from office on impeachment for, and conviction of treason, bribery, or other high crimes and misdemeanors. *Const., II. 4.*]

[The trial of crimes, except in cases of impeachment, shall be by jury. *Const., III. 2.*]

These are the provisions of the Constitution of the United States on the subject of impeachments. The following is a sketch of some of the principles and practices of England on the same subject:

Jurisdiction. The Lords cannot impeach any to themselves, nor join in the accusation, because they are the judges. *Seld. Judic. in Parl.*, 12, 63. Nor can they proceed against a commoner but on complaint of the Commons. *Ib.*, 84. The

Lords may not, by the law, try a commoner for a capital offense, on the information of the King or a private person, because the accused is entitled to a trial by his peers generally; but on accusation by the House of Commons, they may proceed against the delinquent, of whatsoever degree, and whatsoever be the nature of the offense; for there they do not assume to themselves trial at common law. The commons are then instead of a jury, and the judgment is given on their demand, which is instead of a verdict. So the Lords do only judge, but not try the delinquent. *Ib.*, 6, 7. But Wooddeson denies that a commoner can now be charged capitally before the Lords, even by the commons; and cites Fitzharris's case, 1681, impeached for high treason, when the Lords remitted the prosecution to the inferior court. 8 *Grey's Deb.*, 325-7; *Wooddeson*, 601, 570; 3 *Seld.*, 1610, 1619, 1641; 4 *Blackst.*, 25; 73 *Seld.*, 1604, 1618; 9, 1650.

Accusation. The Commons, as the grand inquest of the nation, become suitors for penal justice. 2 *Woodd.*, 597; 6 *Grey*, 356. The general course is to pass a resolution containing a criminal charge against the supposed delinquent, and then to direct some member to impeach him by oral accusation, at the bar of the House of Lords, in the name of the Commons. The person signifies that the articles will be exhibited, and desires that the delinquent may be sequestered from his seat, or be committed, or that the peers will take order from his appearance. *Sachev. Trial*, 329; 2 *Woodd.*, 602, 605; *Lords' Jour.*, 3 June, 1701, 101; 1 *Wms.*, 616; 6 *Grey*, 324.

Process. If a party do not appear, proclamations are to be issued, giving him a day to appear. On their return they are strictly examined. If any error be found in them, a new proclamation issues, giving a short day. If he appear not, his goods may be arrested and they may proceed. *Seld. Judd.*, 98, 99.

Articles. The accusation (articles) of the Commons is substituted in place of an indictment. Thus, by the usage of Parliament, in impeachment for writing or speaking, the particular words need not be specified. *Sach. Tr.*, 325; 2 *Woodd.*, 602, 605; *Lords' Jour.*, 3 June, 1701; 1 *Wms.*, 616.

Appearance. If he appears and the case be capital, he answers in custody: though not if the accusations be general. He is not to be committed but on special accusations. If it be for a misdemeanor only, he answers, a Lord in his place, a Commoner at the bar, and not in custody, unless, on the answer, the Lords find cause to commit him, till he find sureties to attend, and lest he should fly. *Seld. Judd.*, 98, 99. A copy of the articles is given him and a day fixed for his answer. *T. Ray*; 1 *Rushc.*, 268; *Fost.*, 232; 1 *Clar. Hist. of the Reb.*, 379. Or a misdemeanor his appearance may be in person, or he may answer in writing, or by attorney. *Seld. Judd.*, 100. The general rule on accusations for a misdemeanor is, that in such a state of liberty or restraint as the party is when the commons complain of him, in such he is to answer. *Ib.*, 101. If previously committed by the commons, he answers as a prisoner. But this may be called in some sort *judicium parlium suorum*. *Ib.* In misdemeanors the party has a right to counsel by the common law; but not in capital cases. *Seld. Judd.*, 102-5.

Answer. The answer need not observe great strictness of form. He may plead guilty as to part, and defend as to the residue; or, saving all exceptions, deny the whole or give a particular answer to each article separately. 1 *Rushc.*, 274; 1 *Rushc.*, 1374; 12 *Parl. Hist.*, 442; 3 *Lords' Jour.*, 13 Nov., 1643; *Woodd.*, 607. But he cannot plead a pardon in bar to the impeachment. 2 *Woodd.*, 615; 2 *Ss. Tr.*, 735.

Replication, rejoinder, etc. There may be a replication, rejoinder, etc. *Seld. Jud.*, 114; 8 *Grey's Deb.*, 233; *Sach. Tr.*, 15; *Journ. H. of Commons*, March, 1640, 1.

Witnesses. The practice is to swear the witnesses in open House, and then examine them there, or a committee may be named, who shall examine them in committee, either on interrogatories agreed on in the House, or such as the committee in their discretion shall demand. *Seld. Jud.*, 120, 123.

Jury. In the case of Alice Pierce (1 R. 2), a jury was empaneled for her trial before a committee. *Seld. Jud.*, 123. But this was on a complaint not on impeachment by the commons. *Seld. Jud.*, 163. It must also have been for a misdemeanor only, as the lords spiritual sat in the case, which they do on mis-

demeanors, but not in capital cases. *Id.*, 148. The judgment was a forfeiture of all her lands and goods. *Id.*, 188. This, Selden says, is the only jury he finds recorded in Parliament for misdemeanor; but he makes no doubt, if the delinquent doth put himself on trial of his country a jury ought to be impaneled, and he adds that it is not so on impeachment by the commons; for they are in loco proprio, and there no jury ought to be impaneled. *Id.*, 124. The *Ld. Berkeley*, 6 *E.*, 3, was arraigned for the murder of *L.*, 2, on an information on the part of the King, and not impeachment of the commons; for then they had been *patria sua*. He waived his peerage, and was tried by a jury of Gloucestershire and Warwickshire. *Id.*, 125. In 1 *H.*, 7, the commons protest that they are not to be considered as parties to any judgment given, or hereafter to be given in Parliament. *Seld. Jud.*, 133. They have been generally and more justly considered, as is before stated, as the grand jury; for the conceit of Selden is certainly not accurate, and they are the *patria sua* of the accused, and that the Lords do only judge, but not try. It is undeniable that they do try; for they examine witnesses as to the facts, and acquit or condemn, according to their own belief of them. And Lord Hale says, "the peers are judges of law as well as of fact;" (2 *Hale*, *P. C.*, 275); consequently of fact as well as of law.

Presence of Commons. The Commons are to be present at the examination of witnesses. *Seld. Jud.*, 124. Indeed, they are to attend throughout, either as a committee of the whole House, or otherwise, at discretion, appoint managers to conduct the proofs. *Rushw., Tr. of Straff.*, 37; *Com. Journ.*, 4 *Feb.*, 1709-10; 2 *Woodd.*, 614. And judgment is not to be given till they demand it. *Seld. Jud.*, 124. But they are not to be present on impeachment when the Lords consider of the answer of proofs and determine of their judgment. Their presence, however, is necessary at the answer and judgment in cases of capital (*Id.*, 58, 159) as well as not capital (162). The Lords debate the judgment among themselves. Then the vote is first taken on the question of guilty or not guilty; and if they convict, the question, or particular sentence, is out of that which seemeth to be most generally agreed on. *Seld. Jud.*, 167; 2 *Woodd.*, 612.

Judgment. Judgments in Parliament, for death, have been strictly guided per legem terræ, which they cannot alter; and not at all according to their discretion. They can neither omit any legal part of the judgment nor add to it. Their sentence must be *secundum, non ultra legem*. *Seld. Jud.*, 168-171. This trial, though it varies in external ceremony, yet differs not in essentials from criminal prosecutions before inferior courts. The same rules of evidence, the same legal notions of crimes and punishments, prevail; for impeachments are not framed to alter the law, but to carry it into more effectual execution against two powerful delinquents. The judgment, therefore, is to be such as is warranted by legal principles or precedents. 6 *Sta. Tr.*, 14; 2 *Woodd.*, 611. The chancellor gives judgment in misdemeanors; the lord high steward formerly in cases of life and death. *Seld. Jud.*, 180. But now the steward is deemed not necessary. *Fort.*, 144; 2 *Woodd.*, 613. In misdemeanors the greatest corporal punishment hath been imprisonment. *Seld. Jud.*, 184. The King's assent is necessary in capital judgments (2 *Woodd.*, 614, *contra*), but not in misdemeanors. *Seld. Jud.*, 136.

Continuance. An impeachment is not discontinued by the dissolution of Parliament, but may be resumed by the new Parliament. *T. Ray.*, 383; 4 *Com. Journ.*, 23 *Dec.*, 1790; *Lords' Journ.*, May 15, 1791; 2 *Woodd.*, 618.

CUSTOMS, PRECEDENTS, FORMS AND RULES

FOR THE USE AND GOVERNMENT OF THE WISCONSIN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY.

COMPILED BY THE COMMITTEE AUTHORIZED BY JOINT RESOLUTION No. 62, S.
SESSION OF 1895.

(Adopted by the Legislature of 1899.)

CUSTOMS, PRECEDENTS AND FORMS.

ORGANIZATION.

The Legislature convenes at 12 o'clock M., on the second Wednesday of January in every odd numbered year.

Custom, so prevalent and so ancient as to have the force of law, has made it the duty of the Chief Clerk of the previous Assembly to call to order, and to conduct the proceedings generally, until a Speaker is chosen.

In the Senate the Lieutenant Governor calls the Senators to order, the Chief Clerk of the previous session acting in that capacity until his successor is chosen. The path of office is usually administered to the newly elected Senators by the Lieutenant Governor, who also administers the oath of office to the Chief Clerk and Sergeant-at-Arms. Immediately after the senators take the oath of office the election of President pro tem., Chief Clerk and Sergeant-at-Arms is proceeded with in the order named.

The Secretary of State furnishes to the clerk a certified statement of the names of the members elect, which is read. The members then advance to the Clerk's desk, and subscribe to the oath of office.

The election of President pro tem. of the Senate, Speaker of the Assembly, Clerk and Sergeant-at-Arms of both the respective Houses is required to be viva voce.

After the organization each House informs the other House that it is organized and ready to proceed to business.

A joint committee of both Houses is then appointed to convey a like message to the Governor, and inform him that the Houses are in readiness to receive any communication from him he may desire to make.

At the first opportunity after hearing the message read, the various recommendations therein contained, are referred by resolution to appropriate standing committees or select committees.

Drawing of Seats.

The drawing of seats by lot has been observed since the Assembly first took possession of the new Assembly Chamber.

The method heretofore pursued is as follows :

The members leave their seats, and take places in the open area behind their seats. The Clerk having placed in a box, slips of paper containing the names of the members respectively, a page or messenger draws them therefrom. The Clerk announces each name as it is drawn, and the member named selects his seat, and occupies it until the drawing is completed. In the Senate the seats are usually placed in such manner as will be most agreeable to the senators.

Duties of Officers.

PRESIDENT AND SPEAKER.—The duties of these officers are generally defined in the rules.

CHIEF CLERKS.—The rules set forth the duties of these officers. They have the care and custody of all the papers and records, and arrange in its proper order from day to day, after its inception, all the business of the two Houses. They must, in order to have a proper knowledge of the affairs of their departments, apportion, systematize and personally supervise the labor of all their subordinates, and, when not called therefrom by more important duties, should officiate in person at the reading desk. The duties of their subordinates are properly their duties, as all are performed under their direction, and they are responsible for any deficiencies. It is their duty to prepare and furnish to the public printer, an accurate record of each day's proceedings and a copy of every bill, report and other thing ordered to be printed "on the same day such orders are made;" to keep the pay accounts of employes and issue certificates of per diem to them; to deliver the messages of the one House to the other and to sign subpoenas.

It is their duty to prepare an index to the journal, at the close of the session, and to be present at the opening of the next session, and to attend to such preliminary business as may be necessary, and conduct the proceedings therein until a speaker is elected, and perform the duties of clerk thereof until their successors are chosen and qualified.

They are by law responsible for the safe keeping of all the bills and other documents in possession of the Legislature, and for the proper registry of all proceedings; and are required at the close of the session, to deposit all papers in their possession as Chief Clerks, properly classified and labeled, with the Secretary of State.

Regulations in the Department of the Clerk.

To insure a systematic and correct performance of the duties of their departments, the Chief Clerks of the two Houses have established the following regulations :

THE ASSISTANT CLERKS.—It is their special duty :

1. To keep a record of each day's proceedings, and to correct the proof of same when printed.
2. To officiate at the reading desk when required by the clerk, and in case of his absence to perform his duties generally.
3. To label and file in the appropriate places all papers presented, with proper dates and references.
4. To select each day all papers ordered to be printed, make the list thereof in a book provided for that purpose, and send them to the State Printer, taking his receipt therefor.
5. To keep a list of all absentees on leave, etc.

THE BOOK-KEEPER.—It is his special duty :

1. To keep the register of bills, resolutions, memorials, etc., showing therein, and opposite to each title, all actions taken and proceedings had, with regard to such papers.
2. To distribute to the proper committee, or officers, all bills, petitions and other papers referred.

3. To make out all certificates of per diem and mileage, ready for the signature of the Speaker and Clerk.

4. To prepare the message to be delivered to the other House, and when not otherwise occupied, to help the Journal Clerk in the performance of his duties.

THE ENGROSSING CLERK.—It is his special duty:

1. To engross all bills ordered to a third reading which the rules require to be engrossed, properly placing all amendments adopted prior to the order of their engrossment.

2. By the direction of the Chief or Journal Clerk to perform any necessary service appertaining to the duties of the other deputies.

THE ENROLLING CLERK.—It is his special duty:

To make clear, legible copies of all bills which have been concurred in, without erasure or interlineations.

GENERAL REGULATIONS.

1. Each deputy when not occupied in the performance of his own special duties, is to render such assistance to the Clerk and his associate deputies as may be in his power, or as the pressure of duties in a particular department may render necessary.

2. The deputies are expected to notify the Chief Clerk of any interference with their duties, and of all improper approaches or requests made to them by any person. They are not to exhibit to any person any bill or other document in their possession without leave of the Chief Clerk.

Perfect courtesy must at all times be maintained toward members, reporters, associate deputies, and all who have business to transact with the department, but interference with legislation cannot be allowed under any circumstances.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS.—This officer is executive officer of the House. He has charge of the Post Office and other appurtenant conveniences of the Assembly. He controls the police regulations, attends to the warming of the chambers, serves the subpoenas and warrants of the Assembly, announces messages from the Governor and from the Senate, provides rooms for committees, receives from the Superintendent of Public Property all public documents ordered or coming in due course, and distributes the same through the Post Office, or otherwise, to members and officers entitled thereto, and keeps the pay roll of the employees in his department. He is to organize his department with such system that each of his subordinates shall know his precise duties, and he is to see that each performs his duty promptly, thoroughly and courteously. He is required to keep the chamber open from 8 o'clock A. M. to 11 o'clock P. M.

He should have the printed bills and other documents in his possession so classified and arranged that he can at once answer any call upon him for them. His assistant assists him generally in the discharge of his duties, and takes his place when he is absent.

The **POSTMASTER** attends to the receipt and delivery of all mail matter coming to members and officers of the Assembly. Each member has a box in the Post Office of the Assembly corresponding with the number of his seat, in which his mail matter is deposited, and the Postmaster must, by himself or assistant, be at his post from 8 o'clock A. M., until 10 o'clock P. M., and until the adjournment of the Assembly for the day. He receives and forwards all mail matter deposited in his office by members or officers, in time to be mailed from the Madison Post Office. He is to prominently post in the cloak and hat room (which is the members' side of the Post Office), a notice of the hours of closing the Assembly mails. He is entitled to the exclusive use of the Post Office, and no one ought to be admitted thereto except the Sergeant-at-Arms and the Speaker.

The **ASSISTANT POSTMASTER** brings the mail to and from the Madison Post Office, and assists the Postmaster generally in his duties.

The **DOORKEEPERS** attend to the principal door; open and close it for the entry and exit of all persons; maintain order in the lobby and vestibule; see that visitors are seated and that the regulations of the House in their departments are strictly enforced.

The assistant sergeant-at-arms, postmaster, porter, watchman, doorkeepers, and gallery, committee-room and washroom attendants are appointed by the Sergeant-at-Arms, and are responsible to him.

DUTIES OF MESSENGERS.

1. To be in attendance from 8 o'clock A. M. until 10 o'clock P. M. every day (Sunday excepted), whether the Assembly is in session or not.

2. To receive the journals and printed bills from the Sergeant-at-Arms, and arrange them in order on the file of each member.

3. Not to leave the Chamber during the morning hour, or absent themselves from the session of the House during an entire day, except upon leave of the Speaker, Clerk or Sergeant-at-Arms.

4. During the morning hour to take the positions assigned to them by the Clerk, and, standing up, so as to see and be seen, hold themselves in readiness to bring all bills, resolutions, etc., from the several members to the Clerk when presented.

5. After the expiration of the morning hour, when not engaged in filing bills, etc., for the members they have in charge, to answer promptly any call, and render assistance to any member requiring it.

6. To refrain from throwing any paper balls, darts, or other missiles; to move lightly across the chamber and demean themselves respectfully towards every member and officer of the House.

Process of Passing Bills.

Some diversity of practice exists herein, but the ordinary method in the Assembly, as an illustration, is as follows:

A member having prepared a bill and endorsed the title thereof, together with his name upon the back of it, rises to his feet, at such time as the introduction of bills is under order and says: "Mr. Speaker:" If recognized the Speaker responds: "The gentleman from ————" The member announces: "I ask leave to introduce a bill." The bill is then sent to the Chief Clerk by a messenger. The Clerk then reads the title of the bill and the Speaker announces: "First reading of the bill."

The Clerk again reads the bill by its title, and the Speaker announces: "Second reading of the bill." And refers the same to some standing or select committee, as seems to him appropriate, unless special reference is made by request of the member introducing the bill. The bill is, in due course of time, reported back to the Assembly by the committee, when it is placed in the order: "Bills ready for engrossment and third reading." Under this order of business, the question put by the Speaker is as follows: "Shall this bill be engrossed and read a third time?" If decided affirmatively, the bill is sent by the Chief Clerk to the Engrossing Clerk for engrossment. When correctly engrossed and compared by the Comparing Clerks, it is delivered by the Engrossing Clerk to the committee on Engrossed Bills, who compare the engrossed bill with the original bill and amendments, if any, and cause any errors which they may find to be corrected. When found correct, or made so, the committee report them to the House as correctly engrossed, and then referred to the committee on Bills on their Third Reading and when reported by that committee the original is filed with the Chief Clerk, and the engrossed bill goes into the order of "Bills ready for a third reading." When under this order of business, the bill, unless it appropriates money, is read by its title; if it appropriates money, at length, when the Speaker says as follows:

"This bill having been read three several times, the question is, shall the bill pass?" If the bill passes, it is taken to the Senate with a message announcing its passage by the Assembly, and asking the concurrence of the Senate therein. If the Senate concurs the bill is returned to the Assembly and is sent to the Enrolling Clerk, who makes a copy thereof, as is elsewhere described. When enrolled it goes to the committee on Enrolled Bills, who compare it with the engrossed bill. When found or made correct, they report the bill to the Assembly as correctly enrolled. The engrossed bill is filed with the Chief Clerk. The enrolled bill is then endorsed by the Chief Clerk, as having originated in the Assembly, for the information of the Governor, in case he vetoes it; then it is signed by the Speaker and sent to the President of the Senate for his signature thereto. It is then sent by the Chief Clerk of the Assembly to the Governor for his approval. The Governor, if he approves the bill, informs the House in which it originated of the fact and that he has deposited it with the Secretary of State. If he vetoes the bill, information of the fact is given to the House in like manner, whereupon, the question shall be, "Shall the bill pass, notwithstanding the objections of the Governor?" The vote shall be taken by ayes and noes, and shall be lost, unless two thirds of the members present vote in favor of the passage of the bill, over the Governor's veto. Concurrence of the Senate by a two-thirds majority of the Senators present is necessary.

This is the ordinary process of a bill through all of its stages until it becomes a law.

A bill of great interest or importance, or one which is warmly contested, may, by reason of majority or minority reports, special orders, re-commitments, amendments, substitutes, committees of conference, and various other parliamentary process, pass through a vast variety of stages not before enumerated.

Senate bills going into the Assembly, after passing the Senate, are read twice by title and then referred to the appropriate committee. After being reported to the House by the committee, the question shall be: "Shall this bill be ordered to a third reading?" unless there be an amendment offered to the same, which shall be acted upon before the bill is ordered to a third reading. If it is decided affirmatively and the bill passes in the order of "Bills on third reading," and when read in that order, the question is, "shall the bill be concurred in?" If concurred in, the bill is returned to the Senate with a message informing it of that fact. If an amendment be adopted to a bill, the Senate is so informed by message, and the amendment transmitted with the bill to the Senate. The question is, "Shall the Senate concur in the amendment adopted by the Assembly to the bill?"

If it is desired to hasten the passage of a bill, it is done by motion as follows:

I move to suspend all rules which will interfere with the immediate consideration of bill No. ——. If this motion prevails, which requires an affirmative vote of two thirds of the members present, the question will be put on passage of the bill, and if passed, will go at once to the Senate.

Forms.

OF TITLE:
No. —, a bill to —.

Amending bill:

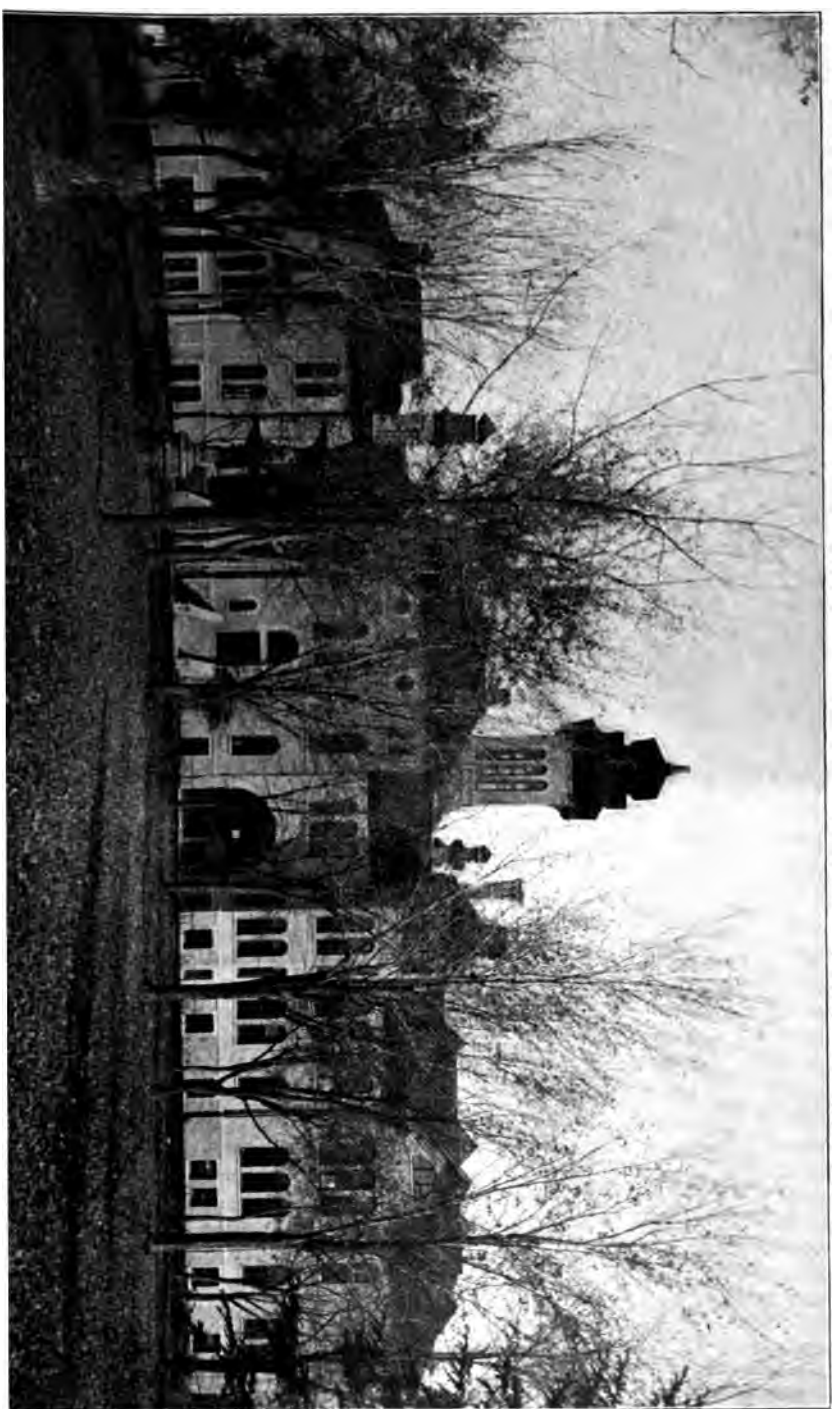
A bill relating to —, and amendatory of section — of chapter — of the —.

Repealing bill:

A bill to repeal section —, of chapter —, of the —, (relating to statutes or general laws, designating the same, and also the subject, object or purpose of the section of the chapter repealed; and in the body of every bill, the full title of the act repealed, shall be recited at length).

Appropriation bill:

"To appropriate to —, the sum of — dollars."



Titles must be written inside the bill and endorsed upon the outside as follows.*

No. —, A., <i>A bill to regulate the license to be paid by railroad companies.</i> MR. GORDON.
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RESOLUTIONS should not be entitled, but should have the name of the mover indorsed upon them. The same rule applies to amendments.

Resolutions are of no special form; the following may serve as a general guide in such matters:

Res. No. —, A.,

Resolved, That three thousand copies of the Governor's message be furnished by the public printer to the Sergeant-at-Arms, for the use of the Assembly.

"MR. TUCKER."

AN ENACTING CLAUSE must precede the body of the bill—

It must *invariably* be in the following form:

*The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:—*Const., Art. IV, Sec. 17.

Investigations.

When an investigation is required into any matter, the person most interested in having the inquiry made, should move the appointment of a committee to take the subject in charge. This is done by resolution. The resolution should be so drawn as to state the precise subject to be investigated, and to give the committee all the power which the mover may deem necessary for a thorough examination into the subject matter to be laid before them; this should be done to prevent any misapprehension as to the intention and extent of the inquiry to be made. In case of the adoption of the resolution the mover, together with other members, will be appointed a committee. They have power to send for persons and papers. The form of a subpoena is as follows:

"THE STATE OF WISCONSIN,

"To —: You are hereby commanded, that, laying aside all business and excuse, you personally appear and attend before Messrs. —, on the part of the Senate, and Messrs. —, on the part of the Assembly, a *joint* committee appointed under a resolution of the Senate and Assembly, to investigate — at the room of said committee —, in the city of Madison, the capital of the State, on the — day of —, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and —, at the hour of — in the — noon, then and there, and from time to time, as required by said committee, to testify and give evidence upon the matters of inquiry before said committee.

"Hereof fall not, under penalty in such case made and provided.

"Given at the Assembly Chamber, in the city of Madison aforesaid, this — day of —, A. D. 18—.

"—, Presiding Officer."

"Attest:

"—, Chief Clerk of the —."

*It is important that the titles of bills should be the same on the outside and inside of the bill, as the bill appears on the books of the Clerk by the indorsement, and is printed from the inside title and text.

Section 17, Article IV, Constitution of Wisconsin, provides that legislation shall be by bill, and the enacting clause is necessary to the constitutionality of the law.

In case of a refusal to appear, or a refusal to testify, the following form of certificate may be used:

"To Hon _____, (*Presiding Officer*).

"I, _____, chairman of the *joint* committee appointed to investigate _____, do hereby certify that _____ has been duly subpoenaed to appear before said committee, as will fully appear by the writ served, and affidavit of service accompanying same, on file with the Chief Clerk of the Assembly.

"I further certify that said _____ has failed to appear before said committee, according to the exigency or mandate of said writ or subpoena.

"Dated, Madison, _____, 18—, at — o'clock. _____."

Upon which a warrant in the following form may be used:

"The State of Wisconsin to the Sergeant-at-Arms of the Assembly:

It appearing that a writ of subpoena, directed to _____, commanding him to personally appear and attend before Messrs. _____, on the part of the Senate, and Messrs. _____, on the part of the Assembly, a *joint* committee appointed under a resolution of the Senate and Assembly, to investigate _____, at the room of said committee, in the city of Madison, the capital of the State, the _____ day of _____, A. D. 18—, at the hour of _____ in the _____ noon, then and there, and from time to time, as required by said committee, to testify and give evidence upon the matter of inquiry before said committee has been issued, and that the said writ of subpoena was duly personally served upon the said _____, on the _____ day of _____, A. D., 18—, and returned as provided in section one of an act entitled 'an act concerning evidence and witnesses,' approved February 3, 1857; and it further appearing by the certificate of the chairman of the said joint committee, that the said _____ has failed or neglected to appear before the said committee in obedience to the mandate of the said subpoena; therefore, you are hereby commanded, in the name of the State of Wisconsin, to take the body of him, the said _____, and bring him before the _____, so that he may testify and give evidence before the said committee, and answer for his contempt of the Assembly in not obeying the mandate of subpoena. Hereof fail not.

"Given at the _____ Chamber in the city of Madison aforesaid, this _____ day of _____, A. D. 18—.

"_____, (*Presiding Officer*).

"Chief Clerk of the _____."

To which the return, in ordinary cases, would be:

"By virtue of the within process, I did, on the _____ day of _____, 18—, arrest the body of _____, and took him before the committee within named, and the said _____ having refused to answer interrogatories propounded by said committee, I have him, by direction of said committee, now before the Assembly.

"Assembly chamber, _____ 18—.

"Sergeant-at-Arms of the Assembly."

A resolution declaring the defaulter to be in contempt, is the next proceeding.

The following form for such resolution was used at the session of 1858:

"Resolved, that the neglect or failure of _____, to appear before the joint investigating committee composed of Messrs. _____, of the Senate, and Messrs. _____, of the Assembly, in compliance with the mandate of the writ of subpoena of this Assembly, served upon him on the _____ instant, as fully appears by the said writ and the affidavit of the service thereof indorsed thereon, now on file with the Chief Clerk of this House, be and the said neglect and failure is hereby declared a contempt of this House."

This is followed by an interrogatory, as follows:

"Int. 1.—Why did you not appear before the *joint* investigating committee as required by the mandate of the subpoena served upon you the _____ inst.?"

To which the defaulter pleads before judgment is inflicted.

Another form is as follows:

"*Resolved*, That the refusal of ——— to answer the questions put to him by a member of the *joint* investigating committee, on the ——— instant, and which questions were certified to the House by ———. Chairman of said committee and are now in writing, on file with the Chief Clerk of the House, be, and the same is hereby declared a contempt of this House."

Followed by the corresponding interrogatory:

"Why did you not answer the question put or propounded to you on the ——— instant, by a member of the *joint* investigating committee, of which ——— is Chairman?"

In case the answer is satisfactory, the offender is discharged; if otherwise, he is punished by reprimand, fine or imprisonment, or both; but such imprisonment cannot extend beyond the session of the Legislature.

The report of a committee on Investigation should consist of three parts:

1. The testimony taken.
2. A statement of the facts proven thereby or conclusions derived therefrom.
3. Resolutions, or a bill providing for the action which the Committee deem proper to be taken in the premises.

Quorums.

To expel a member—

"Two-thirds of all the members elected." Const., Art. IV, Sec. 8.

To do any business, except to adjourn from day to day, and to compel the attendance of absent members—

"A majority." Const., Art. IV, Sec. 7.

To cause the ayes and nays on any question to be entered on the journal—

"One-sixth of those present." Const., Art. IV, Sec. 20.

To pass any bill which imposes, continues or renews a tax, or creates a debt or charge, or makes, continues or renews any appropriation of public trust money, or releases, discharges or commutes a claim or demand from the State—

"A majority of three-fifths." Const., Art. VIII, Sec. 8.

To adjourn from day to day—

"A smaller number" (than a majority). Const., Art. IV, Sec. 7.

To compel the attendance of absent members—

"A smaller number" than a majority). Const., Art. IV, Sec. 7.

To agree to an amendment of the Constitution—

"A majority of the members elected." Const., Art. XII, Sec. 1.

To recommend a Constitutional Convention—

"A majority" (present). Const., Art. XII, Sec. 2.

To contract a public debt—

"A majority of all the members elected." Const., Art. VIII, Sec. 6.

To pass any bill, resolution or motion—

"A majority" of a quorum.

RULES OF THE LEGISLATURE.

It is much more material that there should be a rule to go by, than what that rule is; that there may be a uniformity of proceeding in business not subject to the caprice of the speaker or captiousness of the members. It is very material that order, decency, and regularity be preserved in a dignified public body.—2 *Hats.*, 149.

MEETING, QUORUM, PRIVILEGES, ETC.

1.—The hour for the meeting of the two houses shall be at 10 o'clock A. M., unless a different hour shall be prescribed by resolution.

2.—Before proceeding to business, the roll of the members in each House shall be called, and the names of those present and those absent shall be entered on the

Journal. A majority of all the members elected must be present to constitute a quorum for the transaction of business; a smaller number, however, can adjourn from time to time, and shall have power to compel the attendance of absent members.

3.—No member or officer of either House, unless from illness or other cause he shall be unable to attend, shall absent himself from the session during the entire day, without first having obtained leave of absence.

4.—Contestants for seats shall have the privilege of the House until their respective cases are disposed of; the privilege to extend only so far as access to the Chamber during the time occupied in settling the contest.

WHO MAY BE ADMITTED TO THE FLOOR.

5.—Persons of the following classes, and no others, shall be admitted to the floor of the two Houses during the session thereof, viz.: The Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Members of the Legislature, State Officers, Regents of the University, Regents of the Normal Schools, Members of Congress, Judges of the Supreme Court and other Courts, Ex-Members of the Wisconsin Legislature, all editors of newspapers within the State, and reporters for the press, and such other persons as the presiding officer may invite.

6.—Whenever any disturbance or disorderly conduct shall occur in the lobby or gallery, the presiding officer shall have power to cause the same to be cleared of all persons, except members and officers.

7.—No member or officer of either House shall read newspapers within the bar of the House, nor smoke therein while in session.

PRESIDING OFFICERS.

8.—The Lieutenant Governor of the State, who, by the 8th Section of the 5th Article of the Constitution, is constituted ex-officio president of the Senate, shall, when present, take the Chair at the hour fixed for the meeting of the Senate, when he shall call the Senators to order, who shall thereupon take their seats, and remain with their heads uncovered, while the Senate remains in session.

9.—The Senate shall elect a President pro tempore, for the session, who shall possess all the powers and prerogatives of the President of the Senate in the absence of the President, and in the absence or inability of the President pro tem. to preside, the President shall have the right to name any Senator to perform the duties of the Chair temporarily, and who shall be invested, during such time, with all the powers of the President, but no Senator shall be excused from voting on any question by reason of his occupying the Chair; nor shall such substitute's authority as presiding officer, except to the President pro tem., extend beyond a day's adjournment of the Senate.

10.—The Assembly shall elect, viva voce, one of its members as presiding officer, who shall be styled Speaker of the Assembly, and who shall hold his office during one session.

DUTIES OF PRESIDING OFFICER.

11.—It shall be the general duty of the presiding officer:

To open the session, at the time to which adjournment is taken, by taking the chair and calling the members to order;

To announce the business before the House in the order in which it is to be acted upon;

To receive and submit, in the proper manner, all motions and propositions presented by the members;

To put to vote all questions which are regularly moved, or which necessarily arise in the course of proceedings, and to announce the result;

To restrain the members while engaged in debate, within the rules of order;

To enforce on all occasions the observance of order and decorum among the members;

To inform the House, when necessary, or when referred to for that purpose, in any point of order or practice;

To receive messages and other communications from other branches of the Government, and to announce them to the House;

To authenticate by his signature, when necessary, all the acts, orders and proceedings of the House over which he presides;

To name the members, when directed to do so in a particular case, or when it is a part of his general duty by these rules who are to serve on committees, and in general—

To represent and stand for the body over which he presides, declaring its will, and in all things obeying its commands. Every officer of each House is subordinate to his presiding officer, and, in all that relates to the discharge of his several duties, is under his supervision.

12.—The presiding officer shall preserve order and decorum; may speak to points of order in preference to others, rising from his seat for that purpose; and he shall decide questions of order, subject to an appeal by any member, on which appeal no member shall speak more than once, unless by leave of the House. On appeal being taken, the question shall be: "Shall the decision of the chair stand as the judgment of the house?" which question and the action thereon, shall be entered on the Journal.

13.—The presiding officer may call a member to the chair, but such substitution shall not extend beyond an adjournment.

14.—In the absence of the presiding officer, in either House, one of the members shall be elected to preside temporarily, until the return of the regular presiding officer.

15.—The Speaker of the Assembly shall vote on the call of yeas and nays, and his name shall be recorded with those of the other members.

16.—The Lieutenant Governor shall not vote except in the case of a tie vote in the Senate, and he shall cast the deciding vote. See Section 8 of Article V. Constitution.

CLERKS AND THEIR DUTIES.

17.—A Chief Clerk of the Senate and Assembly respectively, shall be elected at the commencement of each session, to hold his office at the pleasure of the body electing him. He shall keep a Journal of the daily proceedings of the body, and perform such other duties as may be assigned to him. He shall superintend the recording of the Journal of the proceedings; the engrossing and enrolling of bills, resolutions, etc.; shall permit no records or papers belonging to the Legislature to be taken out of his custody, otherwise than in the regular course of business; shall report any missing papers to the notice of the presiding officer, and generally shall perform, under direction of the presiding officer, all duties pertaining to his office as clerk, and shall be responsible for the official acts of his assistants. He shall appoint his assistants as provided by law.

18.—The Chief Clerk and his engrossing clerk, in all proper cases, shall correct any mere clerical errors in any bill, memorial or resolution, such as errors in orthography, or the use of one word for another, as affect for "effect," previous for "previously," are for "is," and banks for "bank," and the like; and also all mistakes for numbering the sections and references thereto, whether such errors occur in the original bill, or are caused by amendment made thereto. It shall also be competent for the Chief Clerk at any time before the passage of any bill, to insert therein an "enacting clause," when such clause has been omitted. But no corrections, other than such as are authorized by this rule, shall be made at any time by the clerk or his assistants, unless upon the order of the House. On questions of orthography, Webster's Unabridged Dictionary shall be taken as a standard.

19.—All acts, addresses and resolutions shall be signed by the presiding officer, and all writs, warrants and subpoenas issued by order of the House shall be under his hand, and attested by the clerk.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS.

20.—A Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate and Assembly respectively, shall be elected at the commencement of each session, to hold his office at the pleasure of the body electing him. It shall be his duty to execute all orders of the House or its presiding officer, and to perform all the duties that may be assigned to him connected with the police and good order of the body, and to exercise a supervision over the ingress and egress of all persons to and from the chamber; to see that messages, etc., are promptly executed; that the hall is properly ventilated and is open for the use of the members from 8 A. M. until 11 P. M., and to perform all other services pertaining to the office of Sergeant-at-Arms.

COMMITTEES.

21.—The following standing committees shall be elected by the Senate as near the commencement of the session as may be, unless otherwise directed, as follows:

A committee on Judiciary, to consist of seven members.

A committee on State Affairs, to consist of five members.

A committee on Finance, Banks and Insurance, to consist of five members.

A committee on Railroads, to consist of nine members.

A committee on Education, to consist of five members.

A committee on Manufactures, to consist of five members.

A committee on Assessment and Collection of Taxes, to consist of three members.

A committee on Corporations, to consist of five members.

A committee on Town and County Organization, to consist of three members.

A committee on Public Lands, to consist of three members.

A committee on Military Affairs, to consist of five members.

A committee on Public Health and Sanitation, to consist of three members.

A committee on Privileges and Elections, to consist of five members.

A committee on Legislative expenditures, to consist of three members.

A committee on Federal Relations, to consist of three members.

A committee on Roads and Bridges, to consist of three members.

A committee on Agriculture, to consist of five members.

A committee on Engrossed Bills, three members.

A committee on Enrolled Bills, three members.

A committee on Bills on Their Third Reading, to consist of three members.

The following joint committees shall be constituted as follows:

On Claims—Three from the Senate and five from the Assembly.

On Charitable and Penal Institutions—Three from the Senate and five from the Assembly.

On Printing—Two from the Senate and three from the Assembly.

On Fish and Game—Three from the Senate and five from the Assembly.

22.—The standing committees of the Assembly shall be appointed by the Speaker as near the commencement of the session as possible, and shall be constituted as follows:

On Judiciary—Eleven members.

On State Affairs—Seven members.

On Cities—Nine members.

On Finance, Banks and Insurance—Seven members.

On Railroads—Eleven members.

On Education—Seven members.

On Manufactures—Seven members.

On Assessment and Collection of Taxes—Seven members.

On Corporations—Seven members.

On Town and County Organization—Five members.

On Public Lands—Five members.

On Military Affairs—Seven members.

On Public Health and Sanitation—Five members.

On Privileges and Elections—Seven members.

On Legislative Expenditures—Five members.

On Federal Relations—Five members.

On Roads and Bridges—Five members.

On Agriculture—Seven members.

On Ways and Means—Five members.

On Lumber and Mining—Five members.

On Public Improvements—Five members.

On Dairy and Food—Seven members.

On Engrossed Bills—Five members.

On Enrolled Bills—Five members.

On Bills on Their Third Reading—Five members.

23.—Select or special committees may be provided for on motion or by resolution designating the number and object, and, unless otherwise ordered, shall be appointed by the presiding officer.

24.—It shall be the duty of the committee on Bills on Their Third Reading to carefully examine every bill ordered to a third reading and correct any errors of orthography, grammatical construction of sentences, and any other errors in the bill, so that the real object of the bill may be clearly stated. They shall report in writing, and the amendments they propose shall be read to the House before being acted upon.

25.—A majority of any committee shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. Sub-committees, who shall report to the regular committee, may be appointed to take charge of any part of the committee's business.

26.—All business referred to a committee shall be taken up and disposed of as soon as practicable, and reported to the House at as early a date as may be consistent with a careful consideration of the same.

27.—All reports shall be in the following form :

The committee on to whom (was or were) referred (insert here the number and title of the bill or bills, resolutions or memorials, reported by the committee), have had the same under consideration, and report the same back with the recommendation that it do (pass, be indefinitely postponed, referred to some other committee, etc.), or, if amended, with amendment or amendments, with the recommendation that the same do pass when so amended.

Signed.....Chairman.

28.—Members dissenting from a report of a committee shall be so reported when they request it.

29.—In case all the members of any committee required or entitled to report on any subject referred to them, cannot agree upon a report, the majority and minority of such committee may each make a separate report; and any member dissenting in whole or in part from the reasonings and conclusions of both majority and minority, may also present a statement for his reasons and conclusions; and all reports, if decorous in language and respectful to the House, shall be entered at length on the Journal.

30.—In all cases where there shall be both majority and minority reports submitted to the House, the bill, resolution, memorial, or other matter reported upon, shall lie upon the table until the reports thereon shall have been printed in the Journal and laid upon the desks of the members.

31.—Every committee, in reporting upon any bill or memorial, shall recite at length in their report, the title of such bill or memorial, as well as the number thereof.

32.—No committee shall absent themselves by reason of their appointment, during the sitting of the House, without special leave, except a committee of conference.

33.—All bills, resolutions, memorials, or other business, referred to a committee and reported by them to the House, shall be placed upon the calendar for the succeeding day under the order of business, "Bills ready for engrossment and third reading." Provided that during the consideration of bills under this order, one-sixth of the members present may move that any bill in said order of business shall be considered in committee of the whole, and at the close of said order of business, unless otherwise ordered, the House shall resolve itself into a committee

of the whole for the consideration of the bill or bills ordered to be so considered. The rules of the Legislature shall govern, as far as practicable, the proceedings in the committee of the whole, except that a member may speak more than twice on the same subject, and that a call for the yeas and nays, or for a previous question, cannot be made in the committee.

34.—All bills ordered to be engrossed and read the third time, shall be carefully copied under direction of the engrossing clerk, together with all amendments adopted to the original bill, and, by the engrossing clerk, delivered to the committee on engrossed bills, whose duty it shall be to carefully compare the engrossed bill and the original bill, and if correctly engrossed, to report the same to the House.

35.—Whenever a bill which is fairly written without interlineation or erasure, is ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, without amendment, the committee on engrossed bills may report the same back to the House as the engrossed bill.

36.—It shall be in order for the committee on Enrolled Bills to report at any time, except when a vote is being taken or a call of the House is being had.

37.—No standing or select committee, or any member thereof, shall report any substitute or amendment for any bill or bills, or resolutions, referred to such committee, which substitute or amendment relates to a different subject, or is intended to accomplish a different purpose than that of the bill or resolution for which it is reported, or, if adopted and passed, would require a title essentially different from the original title of the bill or resolution. Any substitute bill or resolution so reported shall be rejected whenever the House is advised that the same is in violation of this rule. And this rule shall not be suspended without the unanimous consent of the House, and shall apply to bills or resolutions originating in either House, whether under consideration of the House in which they originated or not.

38.—No motion or proposition on a subject different from that under consideration shall be admitted under color of amendment; and no bill or resolution shall at any time be amended by annexing thereto, or incorporating therein, any other bill or resolution pending before the House.

ORDER OF BUSINESS.

39.—The order of business in both Houses shall be as follows:

1. Call of the roll.
2. Correction of the Journal.
3. Communication to the Legislature.
4. Resolutions may be offered.
5. Introduction and reference of bills.
6. Reports of standing committees.
7. Reports of select committees.
8. Executive communications.
9. Communications from either House and action thereon.
10. Resolutions may be considered.
11. Bills ready for a third reading.
12. Bills to be ordered to a third reading.
13. Bills ready for engrossment.

PETITIONS, MEMORIALS, ETC.

40.—Petitions, memorials, communications, and other papers, addressed to either House, shall be presented by a member thereof in his place; a brief statement of the contents thereof shall be endorsed thereon, together with his name, by the member introducing the same.

41.—Resolutions may be offered by any member who shall endorse his name on the same. It shall then be sent to the Clerk's desk, and there read by the Clerk, and when so read shall be considered to be before the House; but it shall not be acted on the same day on which it is offered without leave.

42.—All bills and resolutions offered by any member or committee shall be endorsed by the member or committee offering the same.

43.—Every bill shall receive three several readings by title, except where otherwise provided, previous to its passage, but no bill shall receive its second and third readings on the same day. The first reading of the bill shall be for information, and if objection be made to it, the question shall be, "Shall the bill be rejected?" If no objection be made, or the question to reject lost, the bill shall go to its second reading without further question.

On the second reading, every bill or memorial requiring three readings shall be referred to the appropriate standing committee, which shall be announced by the presiding officer, unless the House, on motion, make a different order in relation thereto; and this rule shall apply as well to bills, resolutions and memorials originating in either House.

44.—All joint resolutions and all memorials, which will require the signature of the Governor, shall take the same course as to their reading and reference as bills.

45.—Three hundred copies of the Assembly Journal, and every Assembly bill, and two hundred and fifty copies of the Senate Journal, and every Senate bill, shall be printed after the second reading, unless otherwise ordered. And all bills, resolutions and memorials, that shall be printed, shall remain at least one day on the files, after being printed, before being considered. If the rules be suspended for the consideration of any bill, resolution or memorial, before such bill, resolution or memorial has been printed, the same shall be read at length at least once before its final passage, and this rule shall not be suspended without the unanimous consent of the House.

46.—The third reading of all bills appropriating money shall be at length, and the suspension of this rule shall not be made without the unanimous consent of the House.

47.—The yeas and nays shall be called upon the passage of every bill appropriating money; a majority of three-fifths of each House being necessary to pass any bill which imposes, continues, or renews a tax, or creates a debt or charge, or makes, continues or renews any appropriation of public trust money, or releases, discharges or commutes a claim or demand in favor of the State.

HOW BUSINESS IS CONDUCTED.

48.—When a member is about to speak in debate or deliver any matter to the House he shall rise in his place and respectfully address the chair and upon being recognized, shall proceed, confining himself to the question under debate, avoiding personality.

49.—When any two or more members shall rise at the same time, the presiding officer shall name the person who is first to speak.

50.—When a member is called to order he shall sit down, and shall not speak, except in explanation, until it shall have been determined whether or not he is in order; and if a member be called to order for words spoken, the exceptional words shall be taken down in writing, that the presiding officer may be better able to judge as to whether they are in violation of the rules.

51.—No member shall speak except in his place, and not more than twice on a question, except on leave of the House. And if a question pending be lost by adjournment and revived on the succeeding day, no member who shall have spoken twice on the preceding day shall be permitted again to speak without leave of the House.

52.—While the presiding officer is addressing the House, or submitting a question, no member shall cross the floor, or leave the House; nor while a member is speaking, walk between him and the chair.

53.—When a question is under debate, no motion shall be received, except:

1. To adjourn;
2. To lay on the table;
3. For the previous question;
4. To postpone to a day certain;
5. To commit to a standing committee;
6. To commit to a select committee;

7. To amend;

8. To postpone indefinitely.

These several motions shall have precedence in the order in which they stand arranged in this rule.

54.—A motion to lay on the table shall only have the effect of disposing of the matter temporarily and may be taken from the table at any time by order of the House.

55.—A motion to strike out the enacting clause of a bill shall be considered equivalent to a motion to indefinitely postpone.

56.—A motion to adjourn, to take a recess, to lay on the table, and a call for the previous question shall be decided without debate. And all incidental questions of order, arising after a motion is made for either of the questions named in this rule, and pending such motion, shall be decided, whether on appeal or otherwise, without debate.

57.—A motion to postpone to a day certain, to commit, or to postpone indefinitely, being decided shall not be again allowed on the same day, and at the same stage of a bill or proposition.

58.—When a motion is made, it shall be stated by the presiding officer, or read by the clerk, previous to debate. If any member require it, all motions, except to adjourn, postpone, or commit, shall be reduced to writing. Any motion may be withdrawn by consent of the House before division or amendment.

59.—All questions shall be put in this form: "Those who are of the opinion that the bill pass, be concurred in, etc. (as the case may be), say, aye. Those of contrary opinion, say, no;" and in doubtful cases any member may call for a division.

60.—The yeas and nays shall be ordered when demanded by one-sixth of the members present. In recording the votes taken by yeas and nays, the clerk shall report those absent or not voting.

61.—Every member present when a question is put, or when his name is called, shall vote, unless the House shall, for a special cause, excuse him, but it shall not be in order for a member to be excused after the House has commenced voting.

62.—Any member may call for a division of a question, which shall be divided if it comprehend propositions in substance so distinct, that one being taken away, a substantive proposition shall remain for the decision of the House. A motion to strike out and insert shall be deemed indivisible, but a motion to strike out being lost, shall preclude neither amendment nor a motion to strike out and insert.

63.—In filling blanks the largest sum and the longest time shall be first submitted.

64.—In all cases when the Assembly is equally divided the question shall be lost.

65.—When a motion or question shall have been once determined, either in the affirmative or negative, it shall always be in order for any member of the majority, or when the house is equally divided, for any member who voted in the negative to move for a reconsideration thereof, on the same or succeeding day. A motion to reconsider being put and lost shall not be renewed. A motion to reconsider may be made within the time specified, and consideration of the same be postponed to some future time, by order of the House.

66.—No member or other person shall visit or remain by the Clerk's table while the yeas and nays are being called.

CALL OF THE HOUSE.

67.—Five Senators, or fifteen members of the Assembly, may make a call of the House and require absent members to be sent for, but a call of the House cannot be made after the voting has commenced.

68.—On a call of the House being moved, the presiding officer shall say: "It requiring (if the call be moved in the Senate, five Senators, or if in the Assembly, fifteen members) to make a call of the House, those in favor of the call will rise." And if a sufficient number shall rise the call shall be thereby ordered.

69.—A call of the House being ordered, the Sergeant-at-Arms shall close the doors, and no member shall be allowed to leave the room.

70.—The clerk shall immediately call the roll of members, and note the absentees, whose names shall be read and entered upon the Journal in such manner as to show who are absent with leave, and who are absent without leave. The Clerk shall furnish the Sergeant-at-Arms with a list of those who are absent without leave, and the Sergeant-at-Arms shall forthwith proceed to find and bring in such absentees.

71.—While the House is under a call, no business shall be transacted, except to receive and act on the report of the Sergeant-at-Arms; and no other motion shall be in order, except a motion to adjourn, and a motion to suspend further proceedings under the call, which motions shall be determined by yeas and nays; and the motion to suspend further proceedings under the call shall not be adopted unless a majority of all the members vote in favor thereof. A majority of those present may adjourn but upon re-convening, the House shall not be considered to be under the call, but a call of the House may be again ordered in the same manner as above described.

72.—When the Sergeant-at-Arms shall make a report showing that all who were absent without leave (naming them) are present, such report shall be entered on the Journal, and the call shall be at an end; and thereupon the doors shall be opened and the business pending when the call was made shall be proceeded with.

73.—The Sergeant-at-Arms may make a report of his proceedings at any time, which report may be accepted, and further proceedings under the call thereby dispensed with; but the motion to accept such report shall be determined by yeas and nays, and it shall not be adopted unless a majority of all the members of the House shall vote in favor thereof. If such report be not accepted, the Sergeant-at-Arms shall proceed to a completion of his duties as required by rule number 60.

PREVIOUS QUESTION.

74.—When any bill, memorial or resolution is under consideration, any member being in order and having the floor, may move the "previous question," but such motion must be seconded by at least five Senators or fifteen members of the Assembly.

75.—The previous question being moved, the presiding officer shall say: "It requiring (five Senators or fifteen members of the Assembly, as the case may be), to second the motion for the previous question, those in favor of sustaining the motion will rise?" And if a sufficient number rise, the previous question shall be thereby seconded, and the question shall then be: "Shall the main question be now put?" which question shall be determined by the yeas and nays. The main question being ordered to be now put, its effect shall be to put an end to all debate, and bring the House to a direct vote upon the pending amendments, if there be any, and then upon the main question.

76.—When on taking the previous question, the House shall decide that the main question shall not now be put, the main question shall remain as the question before the House, in the same stage of proceedings as before the previous question was moved.

77.—On motion for the previous question, and prior to the ordering of the main question, one call of the House shall be in order; but after proceedings under such call shall have been once dispensed with, or after a majority shall have ordered the main question no call shall be in order prior to the decision of such question.

AMENDMENTS.

78.—Amendments may be offered to any bill, resolution or memorial, and acted upon before they are ordered engrossed for third reading; but no amendment shall be considered after a bill has been ordered engrossed, except by unanimous consent of the members present.

Amendments reported by committees shall be acted upon by the House in the same manner as though offered from the floor. On an amendment being moved, a member who has spoken to the main question may speak again to the amendment.

79.—No amendment shall be considered in order that will totally alter the nature of the original bill, resolution or memorial; and the presiding officer shall rule as to the admissibility of amendments where the question is raised as to whether or not they do materially alter the nature of the original proposition.

80.—Amendments proposed by a committee or by a member of either House, shall be reduced to writing and state clearly and definitely the object which they seek to accomplish. They shall be read by the Clerk, and stated by the presiding officer to the House before being acted upon.

81.—A bill, resolution or memorial may be re-committed at any time previous to its passage. If any amendment be reported by the committee to which the bill was re-committed, the question shall be upon the amendment, or amendment to amendment, if any be offered from the floor; and if adopted, the question for its engrossment and third reading shall then be put.

82.—Every bill, resolution or memorial, ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, shall be re-written in a plain hand, with all amendments agreed to, adopted and incorporated in the bill before being read a third time, except such bills as are fairly written, without interlineation or erasure. Upon the third reading of the bill, the question shall be stated thus: "This bill having been read three several times, the question is 'Shall the bill pass'?" or "be concurred in", as the case may be.

83.—Each bill which passes its third reading shall be certified by the clerk of the House passing it, and by him transmitted to the other House. The day of transmission shall be entered on the bill books of the Clerk.

84.—A motion to adjourn shall always be in order except when the House is voting; but this rule shall not authorize any member to move an adjournment when another member has the floor. Any motion or resolution relating to the organization of either House, or to any of its officers, members or committees, shall be privileged and need not lie over for consideration.

85.—No standing rule or order shall be rescinded or changed without one day's notice being given for the motion therefor, which motion shall embrace the proposed amendment. These rules shall not be rescinded or changed except by a vote of at least two-thirds of the members present. Unless there be unanimous consent for the suspension of the same the vote shall be taken by yeas and nays.

86.—Whenever by joint resolution of the two Houses, any bill or resolution shall have been recalled from the Governor for further consideration, said bill or resolution shall be deemed to be before the House for its action thereon, and may be reconsidered or otherwise acted upon; provided such bill or resolution shall have been actually returned to and be before the House when such action shall be taken.

87.—The Chief Clerk of the Senate and Assembly respectively, and Sergeant-at-arms of each House, shall certify to the Secretary of State the names of all persons employed in their respective departments, the capacity in which they are employed, and the amount respectively due them, which certificate shall be approved by the presiding officer of the House in which they are employed.

88.—After a bill has passed both Houses, it shall be duly enrolled by, or under the direction of, the Chief Clerk for the House in which the same originated before it shall be presented to the Governor for his approval. When a bill is duly enrolled, it shall be carefully compared by the comparing clerks, after which it shall be delivered by the enrolling clerk to the Chairman of the Committee on Enrolled Bills, which committee shall carefully compare the enrolled bill with the engrossed bill as passed in the two Houses; said committee shall cause the enrolling clerk to correct any error that may be discovered in the enrolled bill, and when perfect, shall make their report forthwith to the House.

SIGNING OF BILLS.

89.—When a bill shall have been duly reported as correctly enrolled, it shall be the duty of the Chief Clerk of the House in which it originated to present the bill, first to the presiding officer of the House in which it originated, and next,

to the presiding officer of the other House, for their signatures, which duty shall be performed at as early an hour as possible.

90.—After a bill shall have been signed by the respective presiding officers of the two Houses, it shall be presented by the Chief Clerk of the House in which it originated, to the Governor, in the Executive Chamber, for his approval; it first being indorsed on the back of the bill, certifying in which House the same originated, which certificate shall be signed by the Chief Clerk of such House. In case the bill was passed by the ayes and nays being taken thereon, the number of affirmative and negative votes in each House shall be indorsed on the back of the bill.

COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE.

91.—In all cases of disagreement between the Senate and Assembly on amendments, adopted by either House, to a bill, memorial or resolution, passed by the other House, a committee of conference consisting of three members from each House may be requested by either House, and the other House shall appoint a similar committee. The usual manner of procedure is as follows: The Senate, for instance, passes a bill and it is duly messaged to the Assembly, which body adopts an amendment to the bill and concurs in it as amended, returning the same, with record of the action of the Assembly, to the Senate; the Senate refuses to concur in the Assembly amendment and so notifies the Assembly; the Assembly adheres to its amendment and asks for a committee of conference, and appoints such committee on the part of the Assembly, and this action is reported to the Senate, whereupon, a like committee is appointed by the Senate. The joint committee shall, at a convenient hour agreed upon, meet and state to each other, verbally or in writing, the reason of their respective Houses for, or against the disagreement, and confer thereon, and shall report to their respective Houses such agreement as they may arrive at, if any, and if not the fact of a disagreement. The House having possession of the bill at the time the conference report is made, shall first act upon such report, if an agreement is reported, and duly message the same to the other House, together with the bill, which, if the conference report be concurred in and the bill concurred in as amended, shall be the bill that is finally passed.

92.—All bills, resolutions and memorials, which are to be presented to the Governor for his approval, shall also in the same manner be previously examined, enrolled and signed.

MISCELLANEOUS.

93.—These rules may be suspended by either House by vote of two-thirds of the members present thereof; the vote shall be determined by yeas and nays unless unanimous consent be given.

94.—Members may pair on any question pending in either House by filing a statement of the same with the Chief Clerk, who shall read the same to the House before the vote is taken.

95.—The title to all bills appropriating money shall state that fact in addition to the general purpose of the bill.

A BOOK FOR ENROLLED BILLS TO BE KEPT BY EACH HOUSE.

96.—It shall be the duty of the Chief Clerk of each House to keep a Senate and Assembly book of enrolled bills in which shall be accurately minuted the exact time at which each bill or resolution (indicating it by its number) was presented to the presiding officer of each House for signature, and to the Governor for his approval. Such book shall always be open for inspection, and shall be deposited with the Secretary of State, to be preserved by him, at the close of the session. The books shall be substantially in the following form:

SENATE BILLS PRESENTED FOR SIGNATURE AND APPROVAL

N.O OF BILL.	PRESENTED TO PRESIDENT.		PRESENTED TO SPEAKER.		PRESENTED TO GOVERNOR.	
	Date.	Hour.	Date.	Hour.	Date.	Hour.
No. 1, S.	Feb. 14.	9 A. M.	Feb. 15.	10 A. M.	Feb. 15.	2 P. M.

And a like book for bills originating in the Assembly shall be kept by the Chief Clerk thereof.

Of Claims.

ACCOUNTS TO BE VERIFIED.

97.—No account presented shall be acted upon, unless verified by affidavit of the person in whose favor the same may be.

ALL PAPERS CLAIMING MONEY TO BE PRESERVED.

98.—All petitions, claims, bills, accounts, or demands asking for an appropriation of money, shall be preserved by the committee to whom the same may be referred: and such committee shall endorse on every such petition, claim, bill, account or demand, whether they report in favor of allowing or disallowing the same and if in favor of allowing a part thereof, only, then the sum so reported. After such committee shall have reported upon the same, such petition, claim, bill, account or demand, and every one of them shall be delivered to the Chief Clerk of the House to which the same was first presented, to be filed with such clerk, and delivered, at the close of the session, to the Secretary of State.

CHAIRMAN OF COMMITTEES.

99.—In Joint Committees, standing or select, the chairman of the Senate Committee shall be chairman of the Joint Committee.

JOINT CONVENTION.

100.—Whenever there shall be a Joint Convention of the two Houses, the proceedings shall be entered at length upon the Journal of each House. The Lieutenant Governor or President of the Senate shall preside over such Joint Convention, and the Chief Clerk of the Assembly shall act as Clerk thereof, assisted by the Chief Clerk of the Senate; *provided*, that the Lieutenant Governor shall not act in said convention except as the presiding officer, and in no case shall have the right to give the casting vote.

101.—The rules of parliamentary practice, comprised in Jefferson's Manual, shall be the standard in all cases to which they are applicable, and in which they are not inconsistent with these rules.

ADJOURNMENT.

102.—Neither House shall adjourn during any session thereof, without the consent of the other, for a longer period than three days.

ELECTION OF UNITED STATES SENATORS

Chapter VIII, W. S. 1898.

SECTION 90. Senators in Congress shall hereafter be elected as provided by the statutes of the United States. The meeting of the Senate and Assembly in joint convention shall be held in the hall of the Assembly. Each member shall vote viva voce upon a call of the roll, and such vote shall be entered upon the journal of the convention. The President of the Senate and Speaker of the Assembly shall cause a statement in duplicate of the result of such election to be made under their hands, certifying who has been chosen such Senator; one of which statements they shall deliver to the Governor, to be filed and recorded in the executive office, and the other they shall deliver to the Secretary of State, who shall file and record the same in his office. In case the President of the Senate and Speaker of the Assembly, or either of them, shall neglect or refuse to execute and deliver such statement, the Chief Clerk of the Senate or of the Assembly, respectively, shall make and deliver, as aforesaid, such statement in duplicate, setting forth the whole number of votes given on the final ballot and the number thereof received by each person then voted for.

SECTION 91. Immediately thereafter, the Governor shall certify the election of such Senator under the Great Seal to the President of the Senate of the United States, and the Secretary of State shall countersign such certificate.

Sec. 1, Ch. 131, Laws of 1890.

SECTION 1. In any legislative caucus for the nomination of a candidate for United States senator, each member shall vote viva voce upon a call of the roll and such votes shall be entered upon the minutes of the caucus. The person receiving the number of votes required by the usages of the party holding the caucus shall be declared the nominee of such party.

STATUTES OF THE UNITED STATES RELATIVE TO ELECTION OF SENATORS.

(Title II, Chapter 1, Rev. Stat. U. S.)

SECTION 14. The Legislature of each State which is chosen next preceding the expiration of the time for which any Senator was elected to represent such State in Congress shall, on the second Tuesday after the meeting and organization thereof, proceed to elect a Senator in Congress.

SECTION 15. Such election shall be conducted in the following manner: Each House shall openly, by a viva voce vote of each member present, name one person for Senator in Congress from such State, and the name of the person so voted for, who receives a majority of the whole number of votes cast in each House, shall be entered on the journal of that House by the Clerk or Secretary thereof; or if either House fails to give such majority to any person on that day, the fact shall be entered on the journal. At twelve o'clock meridian of the day following that on which proceedings are required to take place as aforesaid, the members of the two Houses shall convene in joint assembly, and the journal of each House shall then be read, and if the same person has received a majority of all the votes in each House, he shall be declared duly elected Senator. But if the same person has not received a majority of the votes in each House, or if either House has failed to take proceedings as required by this section, the joint assembly shall then proceed to choose, by a viva voce vote of each member present, a person for Senator; and the person who receives a majority of all the votes of the joint assembly, a majority of all the members elected to both Houses being present and voting, shall be declared duly elected. If no person receive such majority on the first day, the joint assembly shall meet at twelve o'clock meridian of each succeeding day during the session of the Legislature, and shall take at least one vote until a Senator is elected.

SECTION 16. Whenever, on the meeting of the Legislature of any State, a vacancy exists in the representation of such State in the Senate, the Legislature shall proceed on the second Tuesday after meeting and organization, to elect a person

to fill such vacancy, in the manner prescribed in the preceding section for the election of a Senator for a full term.

SECTION 17. Whenever, during the session of the Legislature of any State, a vacancy occurs in the representation of such State in the Senate, similar proceedings to fill such vacancy shall be had on the second Tuesday after the Legislature is organized and has had notice of such vacancy.

SECTION 18. It shall be the duty of the Executive of the State from which any Senator has been chosen, to certify his election, under the seal of the State, to the President of the Senate of the United States.

SECTION 19. The certificate mentioned in the preceding section shall be countersigned by the Secretary of State of the state.



STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, RIVER FALLS.—Directed 1898.

PART II.

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HISTORICAL.

THE EVOLUTION OF WISCONSIN.

(By REUBEN G. THWAITES, Secretary of State Historical Society.)

Spanish Dominion—1512-1634.

By virtue of early discoveries by her navigators and inland explorers, Spain laid a general but undefined claim to the greater part of the wilderness of North America, to which the name of Florida was given. This condition of affairs lasted from about 1512 until the irruption of the French, who penetrated the continent by means of the St. Lawrence and Ottawa rivers and the Great Lakes, and gradually made claim to the inland water systems, as fast as discovered by their adventurous fur traders and missionaries. It should be understood, however, that there were few if any Spaniards within all this vast territory, nearer than the Gulf of Mexico.

The kings of Spain, therefore of Wisconsin, during this period were: Ferdinand V. (1512-1516), Charles I. (1516-1556), Philip II. (1556-1598), Philip III. (1598-1621), and Philip IV. (1621-1665).

French Dominion—1634-1760.

In 1634 (twenty-six years after the founding of Quebec) the explorer Jean Nicolet, sent out by Champlain, then governor of New France (later, Canada), entered what is now Wisconsin and introduced the French fur trade to our savages. Wisconsin may thereafter, until the downfall of New France in 1759-60, be considered as a part of New France, of which the governors were as follows:

- 1608-1635—Samuel de Champlain.
- 1636-1648—Charles Huault de Montmagny.
- 1648-1651—Louis d'Alleboust de Coulonge.
- 1651-1656—Jean de Lauson.
- 1656-1657—Charles de Lauson-Charny.
- 1657-1658—Louis d'Alleboust again.
- 1658-1661—Viscount Pierre de Voyer d'Argenson.
- 1661-1663—Viscount Pierre du Bois Avaugour.
- 1663-1665—Augustin de Saffray de Mezy.
- 1665-1672—Daniel de Remy de Courcelles.
- 1672-1682—Louis de Buade, count de Paluan et Frontenac.
- 1682-1685—Le Febure de la Barre.
- 1685-1689—Jacques René de Brisay, marquis de Denonville.
- 1689-1698—Count Frontenac again.
- 1698-1703—Louis Hector de Callières-Bonnevue.
- 1703-1725—Philip de Rigaud, marquis de Vaudreuil.
- 1726-1747—Charles, marquis de Beauharnois.
- 1747-1749—Michel Rolland Barrin, count de la Galissonnière.
- 1749-1752—Jacques Pierre de Taffanel, marquis de la Jonquière.
- 1752-1755—Marquis Duquesne de Menneville.
- 1755-1760—Marquis de Vaudreuil again.

During the period of time when Wisconsin was a part of New France (practically 1634-1760), France had only three successive kings—Louis XIII., who reigned from 1610 to 1643; his successor, Louis XIV., who reigned till 1715; and Louis XV., who reigned till 1774. All white persons then in Wisconsin, and (nominally) all the savages within our borders, were subjects of these French kings.

English Dominion—1760-1783.

Immediately upon the surrender of New France to the English, as the result of the French and Indian War, Wisconsin became, with other western country, general English colonial territory, sacred to the prosecution of the fur trade. In 1774, King George III., by the so-called "Quebec Act" made it a part of the Province of Quebec, and thus it remained until the close of the Revolutionary War.

when by the treaty of 1783, the country "northwest of the River Ohio" and eastward of the Mississippi River was ceded to the United States.

The governor of Canada, during the time Wisconsin was under English dominion, were: Sir Jeffery Amherst (as commander-in-chief), 1760-1763; Gen. James Murray (the first regular governor), 1763-1766; Pallanus Emelius Irvine (as president of council, to cover a hiatus of three months), 1766; Sir Guy Carleton (as lieutenant governor and commander-in-chief), 1766-1774; but from 1770-1774 Hector Theophilus Cramahé was acting lieutenant-governor while Carleton was in England; Carleton returned to Canada in 1774, as governor-general, serving till 1778; Gen. Sir Frederick Haldimand (governor general), 1778-1784. While the Northwest nominally became United States territory by the treaty of 1783, England still held the military posts on the upper lakes till 1796—among them, Mackinac, of which Green Bay was a recognized dependency. Henry Hamilton (lieutenant-governor of Canada) succeeded Haldimand in 1784; then followed Col. Henry Hope (president of council), 1785; Guy Carleton again (now as Lord Dorchester, and governor general), 1785-1792; and John Graves Simcoe (lieutenant-governor of the Upper Province of Canada), 1792-1796.

American Dominion—1783 to date.

Wisconsin a part of the Northwest Territory.—Owing to the vague and undefined boundaries given to the original English coast colonies in their respective charters, at a time when little or nothing was known of the geography of North America, several of the states claimed territory in the Northwest; but finally they compromised by ceding these claims to the federal government, in order to form a national domain, from which to create new states. The country northwest of the River Ohio was therefore, by the Ordinance of 1787, erected into the Northwest Territory, of which Wisconsin of course became a part. The governor was Gen. Arthur St. Clair, 1789-1802.

A part of Indiana Territory.—May 7, 1800, the Northwest Territory was divided into two territories on a line beginning on the Ohio river opposite the mouth of Kentucky river, and running thence to Fort Recovery (near the present Greenville, Ohio), and thence north to the international boundary; all east of that line became Ohio, and west of it Indiana Territory. Thus Wisconsin became a part of the latter. The governor of Indiana Territory at this time was Gen. William Henry Harrison, 1800-1811.

Various changes took place in the shape of Indiana Territory—as when (Feb. 19, 1803) what is now all of the lower Michigan peninsula was added to Indiana; and when (Jan. 11, 1805) Michigan Territory was set off, consisting only of the lower peninsula.

A part of Illinois Territory.—February 3, 1809, Indiana Territory was cut down into the present limits of the state of that name, and all the rest of what had been Indiana Territory was set off as Illinois Territory—the latter of course taking in what is now Wisconsin. The governor of Illinois Territory was Ninian Edwards, 1809-1818.

Attached to Michigan Territory.—April 18, 1818, the state of Illinois was created, with its existing boundaries; and all west of Lake Michigan to the Mississippi river was added to Michigan Territory—that is how Wisconsin became a part of Michigan. Michigan Territory was further aggrandized (June 28, 1834) by adding to it, for administrative purposes, all the country west of the Mississippi and north of Missouri, as far as the Missouri river—thus including the site of what is now the city of Bismarck, N. D. The governors of Michigan Territory at this time were, Lewis Cass, 1813-1831; George B. Porter, 1831-1834; and S. T. Mason, 1834-1836.

Wisconsin Territory.—April 20, 1836, Wisconsin Territory was erected, embracing all of what is now Wisconsin, westward to the Missouri river, thus including the present Minnesota, Iowa, and much of the two Dakotas.

June 12, 1838, the Territory of Iowa was erected out of that portion of Wisconsin lying west of the Mississippi river. When Wisconsin was admitted into the Union (May 29, 1848), the portion lying between St. Croix river and the Mississippi was detached and given to the new Territory of Minnesota—Wisconsin thus being awarded the same boundaries it possesses today.

For details of these several boundary changes, with illustrative maps, see article in *Wisconsin Historical Collections*, xl., pp. 451-501. The story of how Wisconsin acquired statehood, is given in a previous article, see pp. 17-20.

AN OUTLINE HISTORY OF WISCONSIN.

Early Explorations.—1634.—Jean Nicolet was sent by Samuel de Champlain, governor of New France, at Quebec, to explore the northwest. He came by way of the Ottawa river, and Lakes Huron and Michigan, and landed on what is now Wisconsin soil just below the mouth of Fox river, at the head of Green Bay. Clothed in a silken robe, he advanced into a village of the Winnebagoes, discharging pistols held in each hand. He was received with welcome, the Indians thinking him a god, armed with the power to make lightning and thunder. A great feast was then held, 120 beavers being eaten. He then proceeded up the Fox river to near the present site of Berlin, where was a palisaded village of the Mascoutins.

1654.—Pierre Esprit Radisson and Medard Chouart des Grosseilliers followed in the wake of Nicolet, and wintered among the Pottawatomies in the Green Bay region. In the spring of 1655 they went up the Fox river, made a portage and entered the Wisconsin, spending four months on the trip. The published narrative of Radisson indicates that possibly they proceeded as far as the mouth of the Wisconsin and saw the Mississippi; but scholars do not agree upon this.

1659.—The same adventurers, Radisson and Grosseilliers, with six other fur traders and a band of Huron Indians, skirted the south shore of Lake Superior in their canoes, passed the Pictured Rocks, learned of the great mines of copper, and, late in autumn, entered Chequamegon Bay. Near the present site of Ashland they built a crude fort close to the water's edge. Hiding their stores in a *cacher*, they visited the Huron village on the headwaters of what was apparently the Chippewa river, and wandered as far west as the Mille Lac region in Minnesota, there wintering among the Sioux.

1660.—The same party returned to Chequamegon Bay and built a fort on Oak Point, eastward of Ashland. They returned to Three Rivers in Canada the same year.

Father Pierre Ménard, a Jesuit missionary, came to Keweenaw Bay this year. In the spring of 1661, after a winter of great hardship among the Indians, he and a white companion set out to visit the Huron villages on the Chippewa and Black rivers. They suffered intensely from mosquitoes, hunger, and the insolence and cruelty of the Indian guides, but finally, in safety, reached the Wisconsin river, which they descended for a considerable distance. While portaging Bill Cross rapids, Ménard lost the obscure trail, and was never seen again. He probably died from exposure. His kettle, breviary, and cassock are said to have been afterward seen in the possession of the Indians.

1665.—Father Claude Allouez, another Jesuit missionary, was now sent to re-open the mission on Lake Superior. He came from Canada, by way of the lakes, into Chequamegon Bay, and chose for the site of the mission a point on the southwest shore, between the sites now occupied by Washburn and Ashland, which he named "La Pointe du Saint Esprit." Remaining here four years, he was relieved by a younger priest, Father Jacques Marquette.

1669.—Father Allouez was invited by the Pottawatomies to Depere (named from Rapides des Peres, or the "Fathers' Rapids"), where he established the mission of St. Francis Xavier.

1670.—The Sieur Saint Lussou, piloted by a prominent fur-trade adventurer, Nicholas Perrot, came to Sault Ste. Marie and there in the presence of Allouez and other Jesuits, with Perrot acting as interpreter, took possession of the North-

west in the name of the French king. Among the party was Louis Jollet, a professional fur-trader and explorer.

1672.—Father Allouez established the mission of Saint Mark on the Wolf river, on or near Lake Shawano. He made a voyage up Fox river, visiting the Foxes and Mascoutins, above Lake Winnebago; among them he established the mission of St. James, the following year.

1673.—Louis Jollet and Father Marquette set out in May, from St. Ignace mission, at the Straits of Mackinac, in canoes paddled by *voyageurs*, or boatmen, and reached the Mascoutin village on the Upper Fox, June 7, pushed up through its reeds, made the portage at the present site of Portage, into the Wisconsin river, which they descended to its mouth, arriving there June 17. They descended the Mississippi as far as the mouth of the Arkansas. The narrative and map of this voyage and journey by Marquette has made the names of Jollet and Marquette immortal; Jollet's papers unfortunately were lost by the upsetting of his canoe in La Chine rapids, near Montreal.

1674.—Jollet and Marquette, returning from their canoe voyage, came up the Mississippi and Illinois rivers, made portage to Chicago, thence paddled down the shores of Lake Michigan, and in September were again at the St. Francis Xavier mission. In October, 1674, Marquette started with two assistants to establish a mission at Kaskaskia, among the Illinois Indians. Proceeding by way of Green Bay, they came to Sturgeon Bay; thence they made the portage eastward across the peninsula, where the Sturgeon Bay ship canal now is, paddled up the lake to the mouth of the Chicago river, where they wintered on a sand dune near the shore, in much discomfort. In the spring they proceeded to the Illinois river and Kaskaskia. But a mortal sickness was on the intrepid Marquette; and he turned back to Mackinac, hoping to die among his brethren. He died on the journey, May 19, of a dysentery brought on by the hardships and privations he had suffered. He was buried at the mouth of a little stream on the Michigan side of the lake, some little distance south of the high point called the Sleeping Bear.

1679.—The great explorer, La Salle, appeared upon the scene, arriving at Green Bay early in September, in a schooner built at Niagara river above the falls, called the "Griffin," a rude figure of which fabulous monster graced the prow. Sending her back laden with furs, to satisfy his creditors at Quebec, he started with a party of fourteen men in canoes laden with forges, merchandise, and arms, up the west shore of the lake. The voyage was one of great peril, as the lake was swept by gales. They were nearly swamped in landing. Touching at one of these landings and camps, at or near the present site of Milwaukee, in the bay of Milwaukee river (which the Jesuit *Relation* for that year called "Millioke"), they were visited by a band of Fox (or Outagamie) Indians, who stole several articles from their camp. La Salle captured a young savage and bringing him into camp to hold as a hostage, prepared to fight the Indians, who were six score strong. He then held a parley, induced them to restore the stolen property or make recompense; this accomplished, he moved on up the lake coast.

The same year a daring chief of the *courcurs du bois* (wood-rangers), Daniel Grayson du Lhut (Duluth), explored the Upper Mississippi, taking special note of the Wisconsin and Black rivers. Visiting the Mille Lac Sioux, his party went with their band on a great buffalo hunt, below the St. Croix river on the Wisconsin side.

1680.—Father Hennepin, a Franciscan friar in La Salle's party, with two adventurous *voyageurs*, Accau and Auguel, set out, under orders of La Salle, to explore the Upper Mississippi. Leaving the mouth of Illinois river, March 12, he passed the mouth of the Wisconsin, and the site of Prairie du Chien. Below Lake Pepin the party were taken prisoners by the Sioux, and carried to the present site of St. Paul, thence to the Mille Lacs. Kept here for two months, they were started with a party on a buffalo hunt. At the mouth of Rum river, Hennepin and Auguel were set at liberty, given a gun, knife, an earthen pot and a small canoe. They began their journey, descended the river into the Mississippi, and passed the great falls, which Hennepin named after St. Anthony. Nearing the mouth of the Chippewa river, being driven by starvation, they ascended that river and joined a party of Sioux hunters, by whom they were roughly treated, but permitted to live.

Du Lhut voyaged from Lake Superior to the Mississippi with a small party. He canoed up the Bois Brulé—now a famous trout stream, midway between Bayfield and Superior,—crossed over from its upper waters to the head waters of the Saint Croix, and descended that river into the Mississippi. He there heard of some white men with the Sioux, and pushing on found Hennepin and Auguel, with the Indian hunting party near the mouth of the Chippewa river. Rescuing Hennepin and his companion, the two parties returned to the Mille Lacs. That year, in his voyage up the river, Father Hennepin was the first white man to visit the fine prairie on this river, now Prairie du Chien. In autumn, Du Lhut and Hennepin drifted down to the mouth of the Wisconsin river, thence up that stream, they portaged across to the Fox, down which they paddled, and thence to Mackinac. Du Lhut made several voyages of this kind later.

1683.—La Sueur, a prominent fur-trader, passed the Fox and Wisconsin route, thence ascended the Mississippi to the Falls of St. Anthony.

1685.—Nicholas Perrot, a daring chief of the *courcurs du bois*, whose previous explorations are above narrated, was appointed the "commandant of the west," with a small squad of twenty soldiers. He came to Green Bay, and there met Indians from the west, who told him of white men far to the southwest who lived in houses that "walked on the water,"—probably Spaniards. Perrot, anxious for further discoveries, passed over the Fox-Wisconsin route. He wintered on the east bank of the Mississippi, about a mile above where is now the village of Trempealeau. Afterwards he established several trading posts on the river, among them Fort St. Nicholas, near the site of Prairie du Chien, and worked lead mines in Iowa and Wisconsin.

1686.—Perrot took possession of the St. Croix, St. Peter, and Upper Mississippi valleys, in the name of the French king.

1693.—La Sueur was sent by the authorities of New France, at Quebec, to restore the French prestige in the west, which had been much weakened by the intrigues of the Dutch-English traders from Albany on the Hudson. He built a stockaded fort at La Pointe, on Chequamegon Bay, another on an island in the Mississippi, near Red Wing, Minnesota, which became the center of western commerce.

1698.—Returning from France, which he had visited, Perrot brought with him thirty experienced miners, and on his voyage up the Mississippi found lead mines on or near the sites of Dubuque and Galena, and at the "Smoke Diggings," near Potosi, Wisconsin.

In October, Father St. Cosme, a Sulpitian missionary from Quebec, found the Fox Indians opposed to his passing up the Fox river route to the Mississippi, and went south to the west shore of the lake. He stopped, as is supposed, at the present site of Sheboygan, where another missionary, Father Marest, had wintered and planted a cross.

1700.—Father St. Cosme visited Milwaukee Bay, finding there many Mascoutins, Foxes, Pottawatomies, etc. He calls the Milwaukee river the "Milwarick." Lead mines discovered in southwest Wisconsin by La Sueur, a French adventurer.

Wars With the Fox or Outagamie Indians.—1706-1743.—The Fox Indians having grown quite insolent and obstructive of the passage of the great water-way from Green Bay to the Mississippi, demanded tribute of all traders and voyagers. It is related, though on questionable authority, that Marin, a bold French captain, was sent to punish them. At the head of a large party of soldiers, half-breeds, and *courcurs du bois*, he ascended the frozen surface of the Fox river, surprised the enemy at Winnebago Rapids (at Neenah), and slew many hundreds of them.

1711.—The Illinois country and all Wisconsin placed in command of Governor-General D'Artagette, with headquarters at the site of Mobile (Ala.).

1712.—The Fox or Outagamies made a desperate attempt to destroy Detroit, but were thwarted and themselves severely punished. Full of hate, they robbed and butchered all travelers. De Louvigny, the king's lieutenant at Quebec, was sent at the head of 800 men to destroy them.

1716.—Leaving Quebec, March 14, 1716, he appeared before the Indian village, at the Little Butte des Mortes, 37 miles above Green Bay, surrounded their fort, which was heavily palisaded, laid siege to it and approached it by trenches. He

set about mining and blowing up the works when the Indians sued for peace. It was granted upon severe conditions, which the Indians promised to faithfully perform. But they were faithless, savage, untamable, and persistent in their ferocity.

1718-1721.—Fort St. Francis erected by the French at Green Bay. Father Charlevoix, the Jesuit historian, visits Green Bay.

1719.—Francis Renault, with 200 miners, explores the Upper Mississippi.

1720.—The Cardinells settle temporarily at Prairie du Chien. The French make a treaty with the Foxes, Sacs and Winnebagoes, to open the Fox-Wisconsin water-way.

1727.—A French trading fort, called Fort Beauharnois, established at Lake Pepin, with Sieur de La Prierre in command.

1728.—Sieur Marchand de Lignery was sent against the Fox Indians with 400 French and Indians, and reached the fort at the mouth of the Fox river, August 17. Informed of the approach of this party, the Foxes fled, destroying their villages, corn, and other growing crops. He returned, much chagrined at the failure of the expedition, destroying Fort St. Francis at Green Bay.

1729.—A party of over 200 Indian allies of the French fell by surprise upon a large band of Foxes, killed 77 men and some 300 women and children.

1730.—Marin was, according to some accounts, the next leader to punish the Foxes. He had a trading post on the Wisconsin near what is now Wyalusing, Grant county, and carried on an extensive trade. He resolved to punish the Foxes, who were still insolent. Raising a force of volunteers at Mackinac, and some friendly Indians at Green Bay, he advanced up the river. At Grand Chute he divided the party, sending one band around to attack the village in the rear. The rest continued up stream in boats, the men concealed under large oil-cloth tarpaulins, such as traders used to cover their goods, each boat exposing only two oarsmen. Some 1,500 Foxes awaited their coming, eager to plunder the party. At a signal the coverings were thrown off, a volley poured into the crowd of Indians, and the carnage increased by a swivel gun in one of the boats, loaded with canister. Tradition tells that over 1,000 Foxes were slain. Fleeing to their villages they found their dwellings in flames, which had been set by the flanking party. They ran to the forest, and there were beset by the other portion of Marin's command. They fought with the frenzy of despair; but only a remnant was left of the tribe. The survivors fled and located at a place where Wauzeka now stands on the lower Wisconsin. Later in the year De Villiers punishes the same tribe. Not long afterwards (1746) Marin fell upon them again, killed and captured them in that village, compelling the survivors to go beyond the Mississippi. A few years later, the Sacs, who were living in villages near the present site of Green Bay, committed some outrages, and Charles de Langlade, afterwards the first actual white settler in Wisconsin, led a party of soldiers and habitants from Green Bay, attacked the Sacs in their village, and after a desperate battle drove them away. They fled up the river and settled on the plateau where now flourish the villages of Sauk City and Prairie du Sac. Overpowered by the whites and beset by other Indian foes, the Sacs and Foxes or Outagamies, united the remnants of their tribes.

Missions and Trading Posts.—1735.—Saint Pierriere in command at Fort Beauharnois at Lake Pepin.

1737.—On hearing from La Pointe (on Chequamegon Bay) of the murder of French explorers at the Lake of the Woods, Saint Pierriere evacuates the fort.

1742.—Presents distributed by the French among the Sacs and Foxes.

1749.—The younger Marin stationed at La Pointe.

1752.—Marin at Lake Pepin.

1754.—Marin in command at Green Bay, makes peace with the Wisconsin Indians. The Menomonees, Foxes, Sacs, Winnebagoes, Pottawatomies, Ottawas, Chippewas and Sioux are engaged to attack the English colonies on the western borders of Pennsylvania.

1755.—Charles de Langlade (who had recently settled at Green Bay, its first permanent inhabitant), with Wisconsin Indians, led the onslaught upon Braddock's army, July 9. Later he was at Fort George, and, with his braves from Wisconsin, fought against Wolfe on the plains of Abraham.

1758.—Eleven Frenchmen killed at Green Bay by Menomonees, who pillage a storehouse.

1760.—The French dominions seized by the English. Alexander Henry, a celebrated Lake Superior fur-trader, visited Milwaukee.

1761.—Capt. Belfour of the British army came with troops to Green Bay, took possession of the fort, naming it Fort Edward. He left here Lieut. James Gorrell of the Sixtieth (or Royal American) regiment, with a sergeant, corporal, and fifteen privates, who spent a wretched winter in the old fort. In the spring, Gorrell made treaties with the bands who came in.

1763.—The territories of New France, including Wisconsin, formally ceded by the French to the English. Fur-trade posts established at Milwaukee, and elsewhere on Lake Michigan.

Pontiac's conspiracy led to a confederation of Miamis, Ottawas, Chippewas, Wyandottes, Pottawatomies, Missisaguas, Shawanoes, Outagamies and Winnebagoes. They organized and burst upon the English posts upon the upper Great Lakes, eight of which were captured. After the massacre of a large part of the garrison at Mackinac, a friendly band of Indians escorted Gorrell and his party from Green Bay to L'Arbre Croche (on the east shore of Lake Michigan), where they sent the remnants of the garrison that had been spared in the Mackinac slaughter.

1766.—Capt. Jonathan Carver, a medical student and officer of Massachusetts militia, visited Green Bay. He was searching for a northwest passage to the Pacific ocean, and passed over the Fox-Wisconsin route, wintering with the Sioux on the plains. Disappointed in his search, he returned next year by way of Lake Superior.

1774.—A civil government established over the northwest and Canadas by the "Quebec act," under which Wisconsin became a part of the English Province of Quebec.

1777.—Indians under Charles de Langlade and Gautier join the British against the colonies in the Revolutionary war, and harry the American border settlers.

1779.—Capt. Robertson of the British sloop "Felicity" made a voyage of reconnaissance around Lake Michigan, inducing traders and Indians to support the English.

1781.—Lieut.-Gov. Patrick Sinclair, of Canada, purchased Green Bay, Prairie du Chien, etc., from the Indians. His purchase was not confirmed by the Americans, when the latter took possession. The settlement of Prairie du Chien commenced by Basil Glard, Augustin Ange and Pierre Antaya.

1786.—Julien Dubuque explored the lead regions of the Upper Mississippi, and worked lead mines both in Wisconsin and Iowa.

1787.—Wisconsin, with the other country northwest of the Ohio (now the States of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan and Wisconsin), placed under an American territorial government, with the name of Northwest Territory.

1788.—An Indian council at Green Bay. Permission given Dubuque to work the lead mines on a large scale.

1789.—Jean Baptiste Mirandeau said to have settled at Milwaukee.

1793.—Lawrence Barth built a cabin at the portage of the Wisconsin and Fox rivers and engaged in the carrying trade.

1795.—Jacques Vleau, agent of the Northwest Company, established trading posts at Kewaunee, Sheboygan, Manitowoc and Milwaukee.

1796.—The western parts surrendered by the British to the United States, and the Ordinance of 1787 extended over all the northwest.

1800.—Indiana territory organized, embracing the region now comprising Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Michigan, and Minnesota east of the Mississippi. Gen. Wm. Henry Harrison is appointed governor. Wisconsin included in St. Clair county.

1804.—Gen. Harrison makes a treaty with the Sacs and Foxes at St. Louis, in which they extinguish their title to parts of the lands in Wisconsin in the southern portion, including the lead region.

1805.—Michigan territory organized.

1809.—Thomas Nuttall, the botanist, and John Bradbury, the Scotch naturalist, explored Wisconsin.

John Jacob Astor's party of explorers, under William P. Hunt and Ramsay Crooks, passed Green Bay and Prairie du Chien, en route for the Pacific ocean. The story of the western part of their journey is told in Irving's "Astoria."

Illinois Territory created, including what is now Wisconsin, which becomes a part of St. Clair county (as when Wisconsin belonged to Indiana).

1811.—The Wisconsin Indians to some extent take part in Tecumseh's war, on the English side.

Wisconsin in the War of 1812.—The Indians assembled at Green Bay to join the English. French traders in Wisconsin mostly held commissions in the English army.

1814.—An expedition by the British organized at Mackinac for the capture of the American military post at Prairie du Chien (Fort Shelby), started June 28, reaching Green Bay six days later, was joined by Louis Grignon, a Creole leader with 30 *habitants* of Green Bay, and about 100 Indians, and rowed up the Fox river in grand procession. July 17 they landed at the mouth of the Wisconsin a few miles below Fort Shelby. The American garrison numbered some 60 or 70 effective men with six pieces of cannon. The fort consisted of a small stockade and two block houses; and a gun boat manned by part of the garrison, and with 14 cannon, lay in the river. The attacking force was about 500 whites and 120 Indians. The British commander, Maj. McKay, demanded the surrender of the fort. Lieut. Perkins, the American officer in command, declined to surrender. The one British cannon opened upon the gun boat. After receiving some 50 or more shots the boat dropped down stream. The fort was then attacked and Perkins, abandoned by the gun boat, was forced to surrender. McKay with difficulty saved the prisoners from massacre by his Indian allies. The American loss was 5 killed and 10 wounded in the boat and 3 killed in the fort. Soon after, Perkins and his men were given back their arms and sent down the river. The name of the fort was then changed from Fort Shelby to Fort McKay.

1815.—After peace with Great Britain the British commander of the fort offered to turn the post over to the American governor at St. Louis, and (May 24) hauled down his flag and proceeded up the Wisconsin, thence to Mackinac.

1816.—Treaty with Indians confirming that of 1804. Erection of Fort Crawford at Prairie du Chien, and Fort Howard at Green Bay, begun: Major Morgan in command at Prairie du Chien, Col. John Miller at Fort Howard.

1818.—Illinois admitted into the Union. Wisconsin attached to the territory of Michigan. Brown, Crawford and Michillimackinac counties organized in Michigan and embrace the whole of Wisconsin, besides other territory. Solomon Juneau arrived in Milwaukee.

1820.—United States commissioners adjusted land claims in Green Bay. John Jacob Astor's American Fur Company had stations at Green Bay, on the Menominee, Peshigo, Oconto, and Upper Wolf rivers. Milwaukee the entrepot of trade with the Pottawattomies. Augustin Grignon had a trading shanty at the present site of Kaukauna, for the trade on the Lower Fox. At Prairie du Chien, Joseph Rolette was the chief trader for the American Fur Company, his field being on the Mississippi from Dubuque upwards. The same company had stations at La Pointe, and on Lac du Chambeau, Lac Chetac, Rice Lake, Tomahawk Lake, Lac Court Oreilles, Namekagon Lake and other points in the Chippewa country.

The fur traders, at various times in this period, established posts, which ultimately led to settlements at Milwaukee, Oshkosh, Fond du Lac, La Crosse, Eau Claire, Chippewa Falls, Madison, Sheboygan, Manitowoc, Two Rivers, Kewaunee, Green Bay, Prairie du Chien, Depere, Kaukauna, Neenah, Hudson, Portage, Menomonee, Oconto, Peshigo, Black River Falls, Rice Lake, Baraboo, and Shullsburg.

On July 9, of this year the first Protestant sermon preached in Wisconsin was delivered at Fort Howard, by Rev. Jedediah Morse, father of the inventor of the telegraph.

1822.—The New York Indians, transplanted, purchase lands east of Lake Winnebago. James Johnson obtained from the Indians the right to dig for lead with negro slaves from Kentucky.

1823.—Counties of Brown, Crawford, and Michillimackinac made a separate

Judicial district by Congress. The first steamboat ascended the Mississippi. Lake Superior surveyed by Lieut. Bayfield of the British navy.

1824.—Judge James Duane Doty held his first district court of the territory, at Green Bay.

1825.—Treaty concluded in August between the Indians of Illinois, Minnesota, and Wisconsin by Gov. William Clark and Lewis Cass, the former then serving as superintendent of Indian affairs at St. Louis, the latter as governor of Michigan territory. The Indians begin to grow sullen. An Episcopal mission established at Green Bay.

1826.—First steamboat on Lake Michigan.

The lead mines attract attention. The general government leased lands for mining purposes in 1822, and in this year the mining population rose from 100 to 406 by the following March.

1827.—The rush to the lead mines continued. The Indians sullen and inimical to the whites. Fort Crawford abandoned and the troops sent to Fort Snelling, near St. Paul. The Winnebagoes murdered a half-breed named Methode and his family near Prairie du Chien. Red Bird, and two other Indians, inflamed by rumors that Winnebago prisoners had been killed by the whites, murdered and scalped Rigiste Gagnier and Solomon Lipcap near Prairie du Chien. About the same time, a band of thirty-seven Winnebagoes attacked two keel boats on the Mississippi, laden with provisions for the troops at Fort Snelling, killing two whites, and wounding two mortally and two slightly, but were repulsed. These outrages produced great alarm. The settlers fled to Prairie du Chien and there organized and manned the abandoned fort. The news spread through southwestern Wisconsin and thousands of settlers fled in the greatest precipitation to Galena. Gov. Cass, of Michigan territory, soon came upon the scene. Col. Snelling reinforced Fort Crawford. Col. Henry Dodge raised a hundred mounted volunteers in the lead mines; Maj. Whistler, in command at Fort Howard, moved up the Fox to Portage, and the troops on the Lower Wisconsin moved up that river, pursuing the fleeing Winnebagoes. They were overtaken near Portage, and seeing themselves overpowered, gave up the murderers. Red Bird soon after died in prison. His associates were tried and sentenced, but afterwards pardoned on condition that the Winnebagoes cede lands.

1828.—Fort Winnebago built at the portage. An Indian treaty had at Green Bay. The Indian claim to the lead region purchased.

1829.—Thousands of miners settled in the lead region. Speculation rife. A Methodist mission established at Green Bay.

1830.—The Sioux killed seventeen Sacs and Foxes near Prairie du Chien. A Protestant mission was founded on Madeline Island, one of the Apostle Islands, in Lake Superior, opposite Bayfield—the first of the island missions at La Pointe, the original La Pointe mission having been founded on the mainland.

The Black Hawk War.—1832.—This year Black Hawk, a head-man of the Sacs, had a village at the mouth of the Rock river. He hated the Americans and loved the English. Returning from a visit to Canada in 1830, where he had been flattered by the English, he found the settlers had preempted the site of his village and the burial ground of his fathers. He was enraged and made threats. The militia were called out. Ten companies of United States troops came to the mouth of the Rock river, and Black Hawk was compelled to cross the Mississippi promising never to return. But he failed to keep his promise. He recrossed the river in April, passed up Rock river to Prophetstown, intending to raise a crop there. This "invasion" aroused general alarm in Illinois and Wisconsin. Settlers fled or threw up log forts. Gen. Atkinson, with 1,600 horse and 200 foot volunteers—of whom Abraham Lincoln commanded one company—and 300 regulars were put on the march. Black Hawk sent a defiant message and retreated up Rock river. At Stillman's creek he halted to surrender. His messengers of peace were killed by the pickets when they approached the lines. With a mere handful of braves, he then attacked and sent scampering to the rear 275 horsemen, with thirty-five braves. Removing his women and children to the swamps of Lake Koshkonong, in Wisconsin, he descended into Illinois, scattering consternation. Skirmishes took place in many places in northern Illinois, and at Peatonica, Blue Mounds and Sinsinawa Mounds in Wisconsin. Some 200

whites and as many Indians lost their lives in these battles, skirmishes and surprises.

Meanwhile, forts had been thrown up in the lead region,—Fort Union at Dodgeville, where Major Dodge's headquarters had been; Fort Defiance at the farm of D. M. Parkinson; Fort Hamilton at Wiota; Fort Jackson at Mineral Point; Mound Fort at Blue Mounds and others.

Pending this outbreak, Col. Dodge came with Captains John H. Rountree, and James B. Gentry, to the head of the Four Lakes, near where Madison now is and had a council with the Winnebagoes, urging them not to join the Sacs in the war.

Gen. Atkinson, in command, sent Dodge's command, and also Major Henry's and Major Alexander's brigades to Fort Winnebago at Portage for supplies. Arriving there, he learned from the Winnebagoes the hiding place of the Sacs and Foxes, Black Hawk's band. They were then at the rapids of Rock river, near what is now Hustisford. The force at once set out to attack them.

The Indians, however, had fled. Their trail was discovered, bearing toward Wisconsin river, and they were pursued. Reaching the Catfish river, between Third and Fourth Lakes, the Indians were found on the site of the city of Madison,—one of whom was shot and left dead near the present capitol. The next day (July 21) the Indians were pursued; they fled westward passing to the south of Fourth Lake to the bluffs of the Wisconsin. A battle here ensued. The Indians lost several killed and many were wounded. The American loss was one killed and 8 wounded. Thence, Black Hawk and his party fled westward to the Mississippi. A few days later Col. Dodge pursued them, with fresh troops, and came up with them near the mouth of the Bad Axe, 40 miles above Prairie du Chien. A steamboat had been sent up the river, to prevent their escape across the river. The Sacs were now in bad plight. Col. Dodge attacked them. Some escaped across the river. The rest were captured. Black Hawk escaped to seek refuge among the Winnebagoes; but a large reward was offered for him; and the Winnebagoes arrested and gave him up. He was sent to Prairie du Chien, thence to Jefferson Barracks. Of the 1,000 Indians who crossed the Mississippi with him in the spring not over 150 survived the famous Black Hawk war. The chief died in 1838 near Des Moines. This outbreak served one purpose: it advertised Wisconsin and stimulated settlement.

1833.—An Indian treaty at Chicago. The lands south and west of Milwaukee were ceded to the government. Milwaukee settled in the fall. The first newspaper, the Green Bay Intelligencer, established. First Congregational church in Wisconsin organized at La Pointe, on Madeline Island.

1834.—Land offices established at Mineral Point and Green Bay. First public land sale at Mineral Point. Census taken; population found to be 4,705.

1835.—The first steamboat landed at Milwaukee June 17. Public lands surveyed by William A. Burt. Great influx of settlers. By December 1, 1836, 878,014 acres of land had been sold to settlers and speculators. Bishop Baraga founds a Catholic mission on Madeline Island.

1836.—The territory of Wisconsin organized by act of Congress. April 30. Henry Dodge appointed governor by President Jackson. July 4, territory organized. John S. Horner of Virginia appointed secretary, Charles Dunn, of Illinois, chief justice, David Irwin and William Frazer, of Pennsylvania, associate justices, sworn in at Mineral Point, amid great festivity. Territorial council met at Belmont, October 25. United States Land office opened at Milwaukee. December 3, capitol located at Madison, "between the Third and Fourth of the four lakes, on the corner of sections 13, 14, 23, and 24, in township 7, north of range 9 east." The same year, July 14, the "Milwaukee Advertiser" commenced publication. The first school opened in Milwaukee.

George W. Jones elected as the delegate in Congress.

The supreme court held its first session at Belmont. The Belmont "Gazette" published.

1837.—Michigan admitted into the Union. The Northern Peninsula attached to it, in violation of the rights of Wisconsin, causing great indignation to the people of the territory.

A treaty made by Governor Dodge with the Menomonees, in which they ceded to the United States about four million acres of land in Michigan and Wisconsin.

The people of Milwaukee organize two municipal corporations—"Milwaukee-on-the-east-side-of-the-river," and "Milwaukee-on-the-west-side-of-the-river." Great strife between them.

Copper ore found near Mineral Point. The corner stone of the capitol laid at Madison, July 4, with great solemnities.

1838.—Congress appropriated land to endow the University of the Territory of Wisconsin. Eighty postoffices established in the territory.

1839.—Battle between Sioux and Chippewas in northern Wisconsin; 200 said to have been killed.

1840.—First brewing of beer in Milwaukee. U. S. census showed population of 30,045 white persons.

1842.—C. C. P. Arndt, a member of the legislative council, shot and killed in the council chamber by James R. Vineyard, who was afterward tried in Green county and acquitted.

1844.—The Wisconsin Phalanx, a communistic organization, settle at Cresco, now Ripon, under the leadership of Jesse Strong. Gov. Doty removed and Nathaniel P. Tallmadge appointed.

1845.—Tallmadge removed and Doty reappointed. Large Swiss colony planted at New Glarus, Green county.

1846.—The people voted in favor of a state government. Congress passed act to enable and authorize the formation of state government. First constitutional convention met at Madison, October 5.

1847.—First railroad charter in Wisconsin granted to the Milwaukee & Waukesha Railroad Company. Census showed population of 210,546. Second constitutional convention opened at Madison, December 15.

1848.—Wisconsin admitted into the Union under act of Congress approved May 29. First legislature convened June 5. State officers sworn in June 7. Henry Dodge and Isaac P. Walker elected United States senators. Andrew G. Miller appointed judge of United States district court. Large German immigration this year. Partially successful attempt made to remove the Wisconsin Winnebagoes to Long Prairie, Minnesota. Free school system established by law.

1849.—Construction of railroad from Milwaukee westward begun. In January, first telegram received in Milwaukee. Legislature instruct I. P. Walker to resign because of his vote in interest of the south. Cholera epidemic. "Gold Fever" causes great exodus to California. State Historical Society organized by members of first State legislature, January 30. State university organized.

1850.—Mob in Milwaukee attack and wreck house of John B. Smith for introducing a liquor law in the legislature. Census reported population at 305,391.

1851.—First railroad train run from Milwaukee to Waukesha.

1852.—Numerous railroad enterprises started in southern part of the state.

1853.—Charges made for the impeachment of Judge Levi Hubbell, judge of the second judicial district. Tried, and, after protracted trial, acquitted.

1854.—Meeting at Ripon, February 28, to organize the Republican party; the name "Republican" suggested by A. E. Bovay. Joshua Glover, a fugitive slave, arrested at Racine, March 10. Rescued at Milwaukee by force, from the United States marshal, on the following day. Sherman M. Booth arrested and committed to jail on the 26th of May for aiding in Glover's rescue. A writ of *habeas corpus* was granted by Associate Justice Abram D. Smith, who decided on the hearing that the "Fugitive Slave law" of 1850 was void, and discharged the prisoner. The Supreme Court of the state sustained him. (An interesting account of this conflict between the State and Federal Judiciary will be found in note in Vilas & Bryant's edition of Wisconsin Reports, Vol. 11, p. 517.) The Supreme Court of Wisconsin held the fugitive slave law void, and that it had the power to discharge from the custody of the United States marshal, those who were held in custody charged with violating the law. This was reversed by the Supreme Court of the United States, July 13. A mass convention held in the Capitol Park at Madison. The Republican party organized, and so named. German immigration very large.

1856.—Gov. William A. Barstow having been certified by the state board of canvassers as re-elected and taken the office of governor, Coles Bashford brought an information in the nature of *quo warranto* to oust Barstow and establish his own claim as having been elected. The proceedings result in Bashford's favor. Sept. 24, the steamer Niagara burned off Port Washington. Hon. John B. Macy, pioneer member of congress, perished in the boat.

1857.—Railway completed to Prairie du Chien. Monetary panic of this year severely felt in Wisconsin.

1858.—November 1. Excursion train celebrating opening of the Chicago & Fond du Lac R. R. (now C. & N. W.) wrecked at Johnson's Creek, Jefferson county. Fourteen persons killed and seven wounded.

1860.—Steamer Lady Elgin, with 800 excursionists, sunk in collision off Racine, and 225 persons, mostly of the Third ward in Milwaukee, drowned.

1861.—April 16, President Lincoln's call for one regiment received. Governor Randall's proclamation issued calling for volunteers. Thirty-six companies tender service within one week. Troops organized during the year as follows:

May 17, First regiment mustered; June 7, left for the field.

June 11, Second regiment mustered; June 20, left for the field.

June 20, Third regiment mustered; July 12, left for the field.

July 2, Fourth regiment mustered; July 15, left for the field.

July 13, Fifth regiment mustered; July 22, left for the field.

July 16, Sixth regiment mustered; July 28, left for the field.

September 2, Seventh regiment mustered; September 21, left for the field.

September 4, Eighth regiment mustered; October 12, left for the field.

October 14, Tenth regiment mustered; November 9, left for the field.

October 18, Eleventh regiment mustered; November 20, left for the field.

October and November, Twelfth regiment mustered; January 11, 1862, left for the field.

October 17, Thirteenth regiment mustered; January 15, 1862, left for the field.

November 14, Fourteenth regiment organized; January, 1862, mustered; March 10, 1862, left for the field.

November, 1861, Fifteenth regiment organized; February 14, 1862, mustered; March 9, 1862, left for the field.

November, 1861, Sixteenth regiment organized; January 31, 1862, mustered; March 13, 1862, left for the field.

Bank riot at Milwaukee, Mitchell's bank attacked, June 24.

July 2, first Wisconsin soldier, George C. Drake, Company A, First Infantry, killed at Felling Waters.

1862.—April 10, Gov. Louis P. Harvey started south to care for Wisconsin soldiers wounded at Shiloh. April 19, he was drowned at Pittsburg Landing in the Tennessee river. In April, some 700 Confederate prisoners received at Camp Randall, Madison. In May, the President calls for 75,000 more troops. Wisconsin's quota assigned at about 2,976. July, 300,000 troops called for. The Wisconsin quota assigned at 11,904. November 10, draft made to fill Wisconsin quota.

1863.—August 5, Democratic state convention held at Milwaukee. The "Ryan address" to the people of the state adopted. Matt. H. Carpenter publishes reply to the address. The "War Democrats" held mass-convention at Janesville to protest against the Ryan address. October 17, further call for troops; Wisconsin's quota, 11,904. November, draft made to fill quota.

1864.—February 1. President calls for 300,000 more volunteers; in March 200,000; and in July for 500,000; in December for 300,000. Wisconsin's quota about 53,483. On these calls 5,784 veterans in Wisconsin organizations re-enlisted. Nov. 2, Ex-Gov. N. P. Tallmadge died.

1865.—Several regiments sent to the field in completion of quotas under call for troops. Whole number of troops furnished by Wisconsin, 91,379. June 28, Viroqua struck by cyclone, 17 persons killed and 150 wounded. Most of the Wisconsin troops mustered out of service during the summer and autumn. July 13, Ex-Gov. James D. Doty died. December 13, Ex-Gov. William A. Barstow died.

1866.—Hon. James R. Doolittle, U. S. senator, requested to resign, because of his support of President Johnson's "policy." Fourth regiment mustered out after serving over five years.

1867.—Ex-Gov. Henry Dodge died, June 19.

1868.—Col. Dunbar discovers the medicinal properties of the "Bethesda Spring" at Waukesha. April 8, the "Sea Bird" burned on Lake Michigan. All on board lost, save two. Effort made to remove the state capitol to Milwaukee. Towns, cities and villages authorized to take stock in railroads.

1871.—Great fires in Door, Oconto, Shawano, Outagamie, Brown, and Manitowoc counties. One thousand or more persons perished and three thousand reduced to destitution. Large contributions, poured in from all parts of the United States, Great Britain and Canada, France and Germany, relieve the sufferers and provide them with comfortable homes, food, implements and clothing.

1872.—July 26, Ex-Gov. Alex. W. Randall, the first "war governor," died.

1873.—July 4, great hurricane on Green Lake in Green Lake county. Eleven persons drowned. Partially successful attempt to remove the Wisconsin Winnebagoes to Nebraska, and place them on reservation there.

1874.—"Potter Law" placing limit on railroad freights and fares enacted. April 27, presidents of railroad companies announce, through communication to the governor, that they regard the law invalid. Gov. William R. Taylor issues proclamation demanding obedience to the law. Action brought to enjoin companies from violating the law, and, after able trial, the injunction granted, Chief Justice Ryan delivering an opinion now quite famous.

1875.—April 28, Oshkosh burned. Manufacture of cotton cloth started in Janesville—the first in the state. Women first made eligible to school offices.

1876.—January, Supreme court decided that under our laws women cannot be admitted to practice law at the bar of that court.

1877.—Law passed admitting women to the privilege of practicing law. Cyclone at Pensauckee, Oconto county.

1878.—State overrun with tramps. Disturbances and lawlessness at various points where tramps congregate. June, cyclone sweeps through Grant, Iowa, Dane, Jefferson and counties eastward. Some twelve or fifteen persons killed and great destruction of property. Indian scare in Burnett county. Hundreds of settlers leave their homes on account of large assemblies of Indians gathering to hold dances. April 25, Ex-Gov. Coles Bashford died.

1880.—October 19, Chief Justice Edward G. Ryan died.

1881.—Senator Matt. H. Carpenter died in Washington, February 24. Strike of cigarmakers in Milwaukee. September, strike at Eau Claire of workmen in mills for reduction of hours. Property injured, National Guard called out, and eight companies stationed there. Milwaukee Industrial Exposition opened in September.

1882.—Ex-Gov. Cadwallader C. Washburn died. Constitution amended to have biennial legislative sessions.

1883.—January 10, Newhall house burned. About seventy persons perished in the flames or in leaping from the upper stories of the building. March 25, Hon. Timothy O. Howe, Post Master General, died at Racine. Nov. 8, South wing of the capitol extension fell, killing seven workmen. February 23, Ex-Gov. William E. Smith died.

1884.—December 1, Science Hall, State University, burned to the ground.

1886.—May 1, workmen in Milwaukee struck to enforce "eight hours" for a day's work. May 3-5, becoming riotous and refusing to obey the authorities, they were fired upon by the National Guard and several killed and wounded. October, The "limited express" on the C. M. & St. P. R'y wrecked and burned at East Rio, Columbia county. Some 11 to 15 persons killed or burned.

1887.—Great boom in Gogebie iron stocks.

1888.—Collapse in Gogebie iron stocks.

1889.—Great strike at West Superior. National Guard ordered to the scene to preserve order. April 10, Ex-Gov. Leonard J. Farwell died. July 21, Ex-Gov. Nelson Dewey died.

1890.—Eleventh census gives population of Wisconsin 1,686,880.

1891.—June 17, Ex-Gov. Harrison Ludington died. Aug. 27, Dr. Lyman C. Draper, secretary Wisconsin State Historical Society, and one of the leading spirits in its work, died.

1892.—A disastrous succession of fires in Milwaukee including the great Third

Ward fire October 28. \$5,000,000 of property destroyed. Daniel S. Durrie, for 37 years librarian of State Historical Society, died September first.

1893.—Panic resulting in failure of the Plankinton, the Fire & Marine, and other important banks in Milwaukee. Ex-Governor J. M. Rusk died November 21. R. L. D. Potter, author of Potter Railroad Law, died November 9. General Joshua Guppy died December 8.

1894.—Disastrous forest fires in Douglas, Bayfield, Ashland, Chippewa, Price, Portage and Washburn counties. Moses M. Strong died July 20. Experience Estabrook, prominently identified with formation of state constitution, died March 26.

1895.—State census taken, giving a population of 1,937,915. Severe drought and light crops in southern Wisconsin; abundance of rain and heavy crops in northern Wisconsin. Chief Justice Harlow S. Orton died July 4. Peter Parkinson, last survivor of the Black Hawk war, died May 30. Simeon Mills died June 1. Hiram H. Giles died May 10. Mrs. Cordella A. P. Chester died February 27.

1896.—Very large immigration to northern Wisconsin as a result of special effort to induce settlement and the liberal state and county appropriations for the same purpose. Gen. Lucius Fairchild died May 23. Horace Rublee, editor of the Milwaukee Sentinel, died Oct. 19. Carl Jonas, United States Consul at Crefeld, Germany, died January 15. George W. Jones, a Wisconsin pioneer, died in Iowa, July 22. Milwaukee celebrates the centennial year of her settlement. Free traveling library system initiated by State Senator James H. Stout, in Dunn county. Seventh State Normal School opened, at Superior.

1897.—State school for feeble-minded opened at Chippewa Falls, June 1. Gen. Chandler P. Chapman, adjutant general under Governor Rusk, and to whose organizing ability is largely due the present efficiency of the Wisconsin National Guard, died at Madison, May 12; Jerome R. Brigham, a noted pioneer teacher and lawyer, died at Milwaukee, January 21; Chauncey C. Britt, pioneer editor, died at Portage, July 31; Rev. Solomon S. Burleson, pioneer missionary, died at Oneida, February 22; Col. Conrad Krez, poet, soldier, and lawyer, died at Milwaukee, March 8; Mrs. William P. Lynde, prominent as a member of State Board of Charities, and commissioner to Centennial Exposition (1876) and World's Fair (1893), died at Milwaukee, June 26; Joseph T. Mills, pioneer Wisconsin lawyer, judge, and assemblyman, died in Denver, November 22; Allen Warden, member of second Wisconsin constitutional convention, died at Lamar, Mo., March 11.

1898.—Wisconsin raises and equips four regiments of infantry and one battery, for the Spanish-American war,—5,390 men in all. May 29 (Sunday), being fiftieth anniversary of approval of act of congress admitting Wisconsin to the Union, is fittingly observed at several county seats on Saturday, the 28th, by local celebrations. June 7 being fiftieth anniversary of swearing in of first State Officers, is observed at Madison, June 7-9, by appropriate literary and patriotic exercises, in the presence of a large crowd of visitors. June 27-July 2, Milwaukee celebrates by a splendid semi-centennial carnival, emphasizing the industrial and commercial progress of the State. July and August, great strike of woodworkers in mills and factories of Oshkosh, accompanied by rioting and bloodshed; State troops called out, and affair finally settled by compromise. State reformatory opened at Green Bay, August 1. Disastrous forest fires in northwest Wisconsin, during September; several lives lost, and much property destroyed; relief agencies established in various cities of the State.

The following notable Wisconsin people died within the year: At Mendota, June 7, A. M. Carter, member of second constitutional convention; at Washington, D. C., March 16, Mrs. Catherine Dunn Dewey, daughter of Charles Dunn, territorial judge, and widow of Nelson Dewey, first State governor; at Berlin, Germany, November 2, Julius Goldschmidt, consul general of United States, and prominent Milwaukee business man; at Milwaukee, October 13, Wallace W. Graham, member of first constitutional convention; at Kaukauna, April 29, Mrs. Mary E., widow of Charles A. Grignon, early fur-trader; at Troy, N. Y., Octo-



STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, MILWAUKEE

ber 12, Charles L. MacArthur, first editor of Milwaukee Daily Sentinel; at Portage, April 22, Dr. William Meacher, prominent physician; at Battle Creek, Mich., July 25, William P. Merrill, a Milwaukee pioneer and benefactor of Milwaukee-Downer College; at Milwaukee, September 12, Benjamin K. Miller, pioneer lawyer; at Madison, January 12, Alfred W. Newman, justice of State supreme court; at Watertown, February 16, Patrick Rogan, a Watertown pioneer, member of first constitutional convention, and early legislator; at Knukauna, January 5, James Simons, one of the head-men of the Brothertown Indians; at Delavan, February 11, Dr. Frederick L. von Suessemlich-Hörnig, a prominent physician; at Milwaukee, June 9, Alexander M. Thomson, pioneer journalist; at Milwaukee, October 21, Col. John J. Upham, U. S. A., a distinguished soldier; at Darien, February 7, David Williams, pioneer assemblyman and agriculturist.

TERRITORIAL GOVERNMENT.

TERRITORIAL OFFICERS OF WISCONSIN.

GOVERNORS.

Henry Dodge..... from July 4, 1836, to October 5, 1841
James Duane Doty..... from Oct. 5, 1841, to September 16, 1844
Nathaniel P. Tallmadge..... from September 16, 1844, to May 13, 1845
Henry Dodge..... from May 13, 1845, to June 7, 1848

SECRETARIES.

John S. Horner..... appointed by Andrew Jackson..May 6, 1836
William B. Slaughter..... appointed by Andrew Jackson..Feb. 16, 1837
Francis J. Dunn..... appointed by Martin Van Buren..Jan. 25, 1841
A. P. Field..... appointed by John Tyler.....Apr. 23, 1841
George R. C. Floyd..... appointed by James K. Polk.....Oct. 30, 1843
John Catlin..... appointed by James K. Polk.....Feb. 24, 1846

SUPREME COURT.

Charles Dunn, C. J..... appointed by Andrew Jackson.....Aug., 1836
William C. Frazer, A. J..... appointed by Andrew Jackson.....July, 1836
David Irvin, A. J..... appointed by Andrew Jackson.....Sept., 1836
Andrew G. Miller, A. J..... appointed by Martin Van Buren.....Nov., 1838

ATTORNEYS GENERAL.

Henry S. Baird..... appointed by Governor Dodge.....Dec. 7, 1836
Horatio N. Wells..... appointed by Governor Dodge.....Mar. 30, 1839
Mortimer M. Jackson..... appointed by Governor Dodge.....Jan. 26, 1842
William Pitt Lynde..... appointed by Governor Tallmadge..Feb. 22, 1845
A. Hyatt Smith..... appointed by Governor Dodge.....Aug. 4, 1845

CLERKS OF THE COURT.

John Catlin..... appointed at December Term.....1836
Simeon Mills..... appointed at July Term.....1839
La Fayette Kellogg..... appointed at July term.....1840

UNITED STATES DISTRICT ATTORNEYS.

William W. Chapman..... appointed by Andrew Jackson.....1836
Moses M. Strong..... appointed by Martin Van Buren.....1838
Thomas W. Sutherland..... appointed by John Tyler.....1841
William Pitt Lynde..... appointed by James K. Polk.....1845

TERRITORIAL LEGISLATURES.

FIRST LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

FIRST SESSION, 1836.

Convened at Belmont, Iowa county, Oct. 25, and adjourned Dec. 9, 1836.

COUNCIL.

President—Henry S. Baird, of Brown. *Secretary*—Edward McSherry. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—William Henry.*Brown*—Henry S. Baird, John P. Arndt.*Iowa*—Ebenezer Brigham, John B. Terry, James R. Vineyard.*Dubuque*—Thomas McCraney, John Foley, Thomas McKnight.*Crawford*—[Had no member of the Council.*]*Milwaukee*—Alanson Sweet, Gilbert Knapp.*Des Moines*—Jeremiah Smith, Jr., Joseph B. Teas, Arthur B. Ingraham.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—Peter Hill Engle, of Dubuque. *Chief Clerk*—Warren Lewis. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Jesse M. Harrison.*Des Moines*—Isaac Leffler, Thomas Blair, John Box, George W. Teas, David R. Chance, Warren L. Jenkins, Eli Reynolds.*Crawford*—James H. Lockwood, James B. Dallam.*Milwaukee*—William B. Sheldon, Madison W. Cornwall, Charles Durkee.*Iowa*—William Boyles, George F. Smith, Daniel M. Parkinson, Thomas McKnight, Thomas Shanley, James P. Cox.*Dubuque*—Loring Wheeler, Hardin Nowlin, Hosea T. Camp, Peter Hill Engle, Patrick Quigley.*Brown*—Ebenezer Childs, Albert G. Ellis, Alexander J. Irwin.¹

SECOND SESSION, 1837-1838.

Convened at Burlington, Des Moines County, Nov. 6, 1837, and adjourned Jan. 20, 1838.

COUNCIL.

President—Arthur B. Ingraham, of Des Moines. *Secretary*—George Beatty. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Levi Sterling.*Brown*—John P. Arndt, Joseph Dickinson.²*Iowa*—Ebenezer Brigham, John H. Terry, James R. Vineyard.*Milwaukee*—Alanson Sweet, Gilbert Knapp.*Dubuque*—John Foley, Thomas McKnight, Thomas McCraney.*Des Moines*—Jeremiah Smith, Jr., Joseph B. Teas, Arthur B. Ingraham.*Crawford*—[Had no member of the Council.]

*Thomas P. Burnett claimed a seat, but was rejected by a vote of the Council, as the appointment of members belonged exclusively to the Executive of the Territory.

¹Seat successfully contested by George McWilliams.

²In place of Henry S. Baird, resigned. Mr. Dickinson's seat was contested and vacated; replaced by Alexander J. Irwin.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—Isaac Leffler, of Des Moines. *Chief Clerk*—John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—William Morgan.
Brown—Ebenezer Childs, George McWilliams, Charles C. Sholes.
Iowa—William Boyles, Thomas McKnight, Thomas Shanley, James P. Cox, George F. Smith, Daniel M. Parkinson.
Crawford—Ira B. Brunson,¹ Jean Brunet.²
Des Moines—Isaac Leffler, Thomas Blair, John Box, George W. Teas, David R. Chance, Warren L. Jenkins, John Reynolds.
Dubuque—Peter Hill Engle, Patrick Quigley,³ Loring Wheeler, Hardin Nowlin, Alexander McGregor.⁴
Milwaukee—William R. Sheldon, Charles Durkee, Madison W. Cornwall.

SPECIAL SESSION, 1838.

Convened at Burlington, Des Moines County, June 11, 1838, and adjourned June 25, 1838.

COUNCIL.

President—Arthur B. Ingraham, of Des Moines. *Secretary*—George Beatty. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—George W. Harris.

(Officers elected by Resolution.)

Brown—Alexander J. Irwin, John P. Arndt.
Iowa—Ebenezer Brigham, John B. Terry, James R. Vineyard.
Milwaukee—Gilbert Knapp, Alanson Sweet.
Dubuque—John Foley, Thomas McCraney, Thomas McKnight.
Des Moines—Arthur B. Ingraham, Joseph B. Teas, Jeremiah Smith, Jr.
Crawford—[Had no member of the Council.]

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—William B. Sheldon, of Milwaukee. *Chief Clerk*—John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—William Morgan.
Brown—George McWilliams, Charles C. Sholes, Ebenezer Childs.
Iowa—William Boyles, Thomas McKnight, Daniel M. Parkinson, Thomas Shanley, James P. Cox, James Collins.⁵
Milwaukee—Wm. B. Sheldon, Charles Durkee, Madison W. Cornwall.
Dubuque—Peter Hill Engle, Hardin Nowlin, Patrick Quigley, Lucius H. Langworthy,⁶ Loring Wheeler.
Des Moines—Isaac Leffler, Warren L. Jenkins, Thomas Blair, John Reynolds, George W. Teas, John Box, David R. Chance.
Crawford—Ira B. Brunson, Jean Brunet.

¹In place of James B. Dallam.

²In place of James H. Lockwood.

³Mr. Quigley resigned his seat on the 17th of January, 1838, for cause arising out of McGregor's case, wherein he felt his dignity as a member overlooked and unsupported by the House.

⁴Mr. McGregor was elected in place of Hosea T. Camp, deceased. Was charged with having accepted a bribe at this session, and resigned his seat while the investigation was pending; but by a resolution of the House, at its June session, he was declared "unworthy of confidence," by a vote of the House.

⁵In place of George F. Smith, resigned.

⁶In place of A. McGregor, resigned.

SECOND LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

FIRST SESSION, 1838.

Convened at Madison, November 26, 1838, and adjourned December 22, 1838.

COUNCIL.

President—William Bullen, of Racine. *Secretary*—George Beatty. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Stephen N. Ives.

Iowa—James Collins, Levi Sterling.

Grant—James R. Vineyard, John H. Rountree.

Rock and Walworth—James Maxwell.

Milwaukee and Washington—Daniel Wells, Jr., William A. Prentiss.

Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Ebenezer Brigham.

Racine—William Bullen, Marshall M. Strong.

Brown—Alexander J. Irwin, Morgan L. Martin.

Crawford—George Willson.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—John W. Blackstone, of Iowa. *Chief Clerk*—John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Thomas Morgan.

Brown—Ebenezer Childs, Charles C. Sholes, Barlow Shackelford, Jacob W. Conroe.

Racine—Orrin R. Stevens, Zadoc Newman, Tristram C. Hoyt.

Crawford—Alexander McGregor.

Grant—Thomas Cruson, Nelson Dewey, Ralph Carver, Joseph H. D. Street.

Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Daniel S. Sutherland.

Rock and Walworth—Othni Beardsley, Edward V. Whiton.

Milwaukee and Washington—Lucius I. Barber, William Shew, Henry C. Skinner, Ezekiel Churchill, Augustus Story.

Iowa—Russel Baldwin, John W. Blackstone, Henry M. Billings, Thomas Jenkins.

SECOND SESSION, 1839.

Convened at Madison, January 21, 1839, and adjourned March 11, 1839.

COUNCIL.

President—James Collins, of Iowa. *Secretary*—George Beatty. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Stephen N. Ives.

Brown—Morgan L. Martin, Alexander J. Irwin.

Racine—William Bullen, Marshall M. Strong.

Rock and Walworth—James Maxwell.

Grant—James R. Vineyard, John H. Rountree.

Milwaukee and Washington—Daniel Wells, Jr., William A. Prentiss.

Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Ebenezer Brigham.

Iowa—James Collins, Levi Sterling.

Crawford—George Willson.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—Lucius I. Barber, of Milwaukee. *Chief Clerk*—John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Thomas J. Moorman.

Brown—Ebenezer Childs, Charles C. Sholes, Barlow Shackelford, Jacob W. Conroe.

Milwaukee and Washington—Lucius I. Barber, William Shew, Henry C. Skinner, Ezekiel Churchill, Augustus Story.

Racine—Tristram C. Hoyt, Orrin R. Stevens, Zadoc Newman.
Grant—Thomas Cruson, Nelson Dewey, Ralph Carver, Joseph H. D. Street.
Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Daniel S. Sutherland.
Crawford—Alexander McGregor, Ira B. Brunson.
Rock and Walworth—Edward V. Whiton, Othni Beardsley.
Iowa—Russel Baldwin, John W. Blackstone, Thomas Jenkins, Henry M. Billings,
 Charles Bracken.

THIRD SESSION, 1839-40.

Convened at Madison, December 2, 1839, and adjourned January 13, 1840.

COUNCIL.

President—James Collins, of Iowa. *Secretary*—George Beatty. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Thomas J. Noyes.
Brown—Morgan L. Martin, Charles C. P. Arndt.
Racine—William Bullen, Lorenzo Janes.¹
Rock and Walworth—James Maxwell.
Milwaukee and Washington—William A. Prentiss, Daniel Wells, Jr.
Grant—James R. Vineyard, John H. Rountree.
Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Ebenezer Brigham.
Iowa—James Collins, Levi Sterling.
Crawford—Joseph Brisbois.²

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—Edward V. Whiton, of Rock. *Chief Clerk*—John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—James Durley.
Brown—Ebenezer Childs, Jacob W. Conroe, Charles C. Sholes, Barlow Shackelford.
Milwaukee and Washington—Augustus Story, Adam E. Ray, William R. Longstreet, William Shew, Horatio N. Wells.
Rock and Walworth—Othni Beardsley, Edward V. Whiton.
Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Daniel S. Sutherland.
Iowa—Russel Baldwin, Charles Bracken, Henry M. Billings, Thomas Jenkins, John W. Blackstone.
Grant—Thomas Cruson, Joseph H. D. Street, Nelson Dewey, Jonathan Craig.
Crawford—Ira B. Brunson, Alexander McGregor.
Racine—Orrin R. Stevens, Zadoc Newman, Tristram C. Hoyt.

FOURTH (EXTRA) SESSION, 1840.

Convened at Madison, August 3, 1840, and adjourned August 14, 1840.

COUNCIL.

President—William A. Prentiss, of Milwaukee. *Secretary*—George Beatty.
Sergeant-at-Arms—Gilbert Knapp.
Brown—Morgan L. Martin, Charles C. P. Arndt.
Racine—William Bullen, Lorenzo Janes.¹
Rock and Walworth—James Maxwell.
Milwaukee and Washington—William A. Prentiss, Daniel Wells, Jr.
Grant—James R. Vineyard, John H. Rountree.
Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Ebenezer Brigham.
Iowa—Levi Sterling, James Collins.
Crawford—Charles J. Learned.²

¹In place of Marshall M. Strong, resigned.

²In place of Geo. Willson, resigned.

³In place of Joseph Brisbois, resigned.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—Nelson Dewey of Grant. *Chief Clerk*—John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—D. M. Whitney.
Brown—Ebenezer Childs, Barlow Shackelford, Charles C. Sholes, Jacob W. Conroe.
Milwaukee and Washington—Adam E. Ray, William Shew, Horatio N. Wells, Augustus Story, William R. Longstreet.
Rock and Walworth—Othni Beardsley, Edward V. Whiton.
Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Daniel S. Sutherland.
Iowa—Russel Baldwin, Charles Bracken, Henry M. Billings, Thomas Jenkins, John W. Blackstone.
Grant—Thomas Cruson, Joseph H. D. Street, Nelson Dewey, Jonathan Craig.
Crawford—Ira B. Brunson, Alexander McGregor.
Racine—Orrin R. Stevens, Zadoc Newman, Tristram C. Hoyt.

THIRD LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

FIRST SESSION, 1840-1.

Convened at Madison, December 7, 1840, and adjourned February 19, 1841.

COUNCIL.

President—James Maxwell, of Walworth. *Secretary*—George Beatty. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Miles M. Vineyard.
Brown, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc and Sheboygan—Charles C. P. Arndt, Morgan L. Martin.
Milwaukee and Washington—Jonathan E. Arnold, Don A. J. Upham.
Racine—William Bullen, Lorenzo Janes.
Rock and Walworth—James Maxwell.
Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Ebenezer Brigham.
Iowa—Levi Sterling, James Collins.
Grant—John H. Rountree, James R. Vineyard.
Crawford and St. Croix—Charles J. Learned.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—David Newland, of Iowa. *Chief Clerk*—John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Francis M. Rublee.
Racine—George Batchelder, Thomas E. Parmelee, Reuben H. Deming.
Rock and Walworth—John Hackett, Hugh Long, Jesse C. Mills, Edward V. Whiton.
Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Lucius I. Barbet, James Sutherland.
Brown, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc and Sheboygan—William H. Bruce,¹ Mason C. Darling, David Giddings.
Milwaukee and Washington—Joseph Bond, Jacob Brazelton, Adam E. Ray, John S. Rockwell, William F. Shephard.
Iowa—Francis J. Dunn, Ephraim F. Ogden, Daniel M. Parkinson, David Newland.
Grant—Daniel R. Burt, Nelson Dewey, Neely Gray.
Crawford and St. Croix—Alfred Brunson,² Joseph R. Brown.

¹Seat successfully contested by Albert G. Ellis.

²Seat contested by Theophilus La Chappelle, and Joseph R. Brown appointed Commissioner to take testimony and report.

SECOND SESSION, 1841-2.

Convened at Madison, December 6, 1841, and adjourned February 19, 1842.
COUNCIL.

President—James Collins, of Iowa. *Secretary*—George Beatty. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Ebenezer Childs.
Brown, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Portage and Sheboygan—Morgan L. Martin, Charles C. P. Arndt.¹
Milwaukee and Washington—John H. Tweedy,² Don A. J. Upham.
Racine—William Bullen, Lorenzo Janes.
Rock and Watworth—James Maxwell.
Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk—Ebenezer Brigham.
Iowa—James Collins, Moses M. Strong.
Grant—John H. Rountree, James R. Vineyard.³
Crawford and St. Croix—Charles J. Learned.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—David Newland, of Iowa. *Chief Clerk*—John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Thomas J. Moorman.
Brown, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Portage and Sheboygan—Mason C. Darling, Albert G. Ellis, David Gliddings.
Racine—George Batchelder, Jonathan Eastman, Thomas E. Parmelee.⁴
Crawford and St. Croix—Joseph R. Brown, Alfred Brunson.⁵
Milwaukee and Washington—Joseph Bond, Adam E. Ray, William F. Shephard, John S. Rockwell, Jacob Brazelton.
Rock and Watworth—John Hackett, Jesse C. Mills, Edward V. Whiton, James Tripp.⁶
Iowa—Thomas Jenkins,⁷ David Newland, Ephraim F. Ogden, Daniel M. Parkinson.
Grant—Daniel R. Burt, Neely Gray, Nelson Dewey.
Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk—Lucius I. Barber, James Sutherland.

FOURTH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

FIRST SESSION, 1842-43.

The two Houses organized on the 5th of December, 1842, but the Governor (J. D. Doty) refused to communicate with them, as a body legally assembled, according to the act of Congress, as no appropriation for that object had been previously made by Congress. The Houses continued in session until the 10th day of December, when they adjourned until the 30th of January, 1843, when

¹Killed by James R. Vineyard, Feb. 11, 1842.

²In place of Jonathan E. Arnold, resigned.

³Resignation sent to Council, Feb. 14, which was refused to be accepted, and a vote expelling him from the Council was passed.

⁴Elisha S. Still claimed a seat as an additional member, but was not admitted. Mr. Parmelee afterwards resigned.

⁵Seat contested and awarded to Theophilus La Chappelle.

⁶In place of Hugh Long, resigned.

⁷In place of Francis J. Dunn, resigned.



STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, RIVERSIDE POINT.

they again met, and continued in session until February 1843, when they adjourned until March 6, 1843, on which latter day they again convened, as well in pursuance of their vote of adjournment, as in pursuance of the Governor's Proclamation calling them together as of a special session, on that day. Of this intention of the Governor, they had been apprised by resolutions referring to his Proclamation, introduced by one of their members at their first session. The Houses continued in session subsequently until the 25th day of March, when they adjourned without day. Both Houses again assembled on the 27th day of March, as of the second session, and adjourned on the 17th of April, 1843. The session was held at Madison. Officers the same in both sessions.

COUNCIL.

President—Moses M. Strong, of Iowa [resigned March 18th, and Morgan L. Martin, of Brown, elected to fill vacancy]. *Secretary*—John V. Ingersol [Mr. Ingersol resigned March 31, 1843, and John P. Sheldon appointed for balance of the session.] *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Charles C. Brown.

Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan, and Winnebago—Morgan L. Martin.

Racine—Consider Heath,* Peter D. Hugunin.*

Rock and Walworth—Charles M. Baker, Edward V. Whiton.

Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk—Lucius I. Barber.

Grant—John H. Rountree, Nelson Dewey.

Milwaukee and Washington—Hans Croker, Lemuel White, David Newland.

Iowa—Moses M. Strong.

Crawford and St. Croix—Theoph. LaChappelle.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—Albert G. Ellis, of Portage. *Chief Clerk*—John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—William S. Anderson.

Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago—Albert G. Ellis, Mason C. Darling, David Agry.

Walworth and Rock—John Hopkins, James Tripp, John M. Capron, Wm. A. Bartlett.

Milwaukee and Washington—Andrew E. Elmore, Benjamin Hunkins, Thomas H. Olin, Jonathan Parsons, Jared Thompson, George H. Walker.

Iowa—Robert M. Long, Moses Meeker, William S. Hamilton.

Crawford and St. Croix—John H. Manahan.

Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk—Isaac H. Palmer, Lyman Crossman, Robert Masters.

Racine—Phillander Judson, John T. Trowbridge, Peter Van Vleet.

Grant—Franklin Z. Hicks, Alonzo Platt, Glendower M. Price.

SECOND SESSION, 1843-4.

Convened at Madison, December 4, 1843, and adjourned January 31, 1844.

COUNCIL.

President—Marshall M. Strong, of Racine. *Secretary*—Benjamin C. Eastman. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—G. C. S. Vall.

Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago—Morgan L. Martin.

Rock and Walworth—Charles M. Baker, Edward V. Whiton.

Milwaukee and Washington—Lemuel White, Hans Croker, David Newland.

Iowa—Moses M. Strong.

Crawford and St. Croix—Theoph. La Chappelle.

Grant—John H. Rountree, Nelson Dewey.

Racine—Michael Frank, Marshall M. Strong.

Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk—Lucius I. Barber.

*These Councilmen did not take their seats until March 6, 1843.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—George H. Walker, of Milwaukee. *Chief Clerk*—John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—J. W. Trowbridge.
Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago—Albert G. Ellis, David Agry, Mason C. Darling.
Crawford and St. Croix—John H. Manahan.
Iowa—Moses Meeker, George Messersmith, Robert M. Long.
Milwaukee and Washington—Andrew E. Elmore, Benjamin Hunkins, Thomas H. Olin, Jonathan Parsons, Jared Thompson, George H. Walker.
Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk—Robert Masters, Lyman Crossman, Isaac H. Palmer.
Rock and Walworth—John M. Capron, William A. Bartlett, John Hopkins, James Tripp.
Grant—Alonzo Platt, Glendower M. Price, Franklin Z. Hicks.
Racine—John T. Trowbridge, Levi Grant, Ezra Birchard.

THIRD SESSION, 1845.

Convened at Madison, January 6th, 1845, and adjourned February 24, 1845.

COUNCIL.

President—Moses M. Strong, of Iowa. *Secretary*—Benjamin C. Eastman.
Sergeant-at-Arms—Charles H. Larkin.
Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago—Randall Wilcox.
Grant—Nelson Dewey, John H. Rountree.
Rock and Walworth—Charles M. Baker, Edward V. Whiton.
Iowa—Moses M. Strong.
Milwaukee and Washington—Adam E. Ray, James Kneeland, Jacob H. Kimball.
Crawford and St. Croix—Wiram Knowlton.
Racine—Michael Frank, Marshall M. Strong.
Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk—John Catlin.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—George H. Walker, of Milwaukee. *Chief Clerk*—La Fayette Kellogg.
Sergeant-at-Arms—Chauncy Davis.
Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago—Mason C. Darling, Abraham Brawley, William Fowler.¹
Rock and Walworth—Stephen Field, Jesse C. Mills, Salmon Thomas, Jesse Moore.
Crawford and St. Croix—James Fisher.
Racine—Robert McClellan, Orson Sheldon, Albert G. Northway.
Milwaukee and Washington—Charles E. Brown, Pitts Ellis, Byron Kilbourn, Benjamin H. Mooers, William Shew, George H. Walker.
Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk—Charles S. Bristol, Noah Phelps, George H. Slaughter.
Iowa—James Collins, Robert C. Hoard, Solomon Oliver.
Grant—Thomas P. Burnett, Thomas Cruson, Franklin Z. Hicks.

FOURTH SESSION, 1846.

Convened at Madison, January 5th, and adjourned February 3, 1846.

COUNCIL.

President—Nelson Dewey, of Grant. *Secretary*—Benjamin C. Eastman.
Sergeant-at-Arms—Joseph Brisbois.
Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago—Randall Wilcox.

¹Brothertown Indian. ²Mr. Eastman resigned Jan. 19, and William R. Smith elected.

Crawford, Chippewa, St. Croix and La Pointe—Wiram Knowlton.
Milwaukee and Washington—Curtis Reed, Jacob H. Kimball, James Kneeland.
Iowa—Moses M. Strong.
Grant—Nelson Dewey, John H. Rountree.
Rock and Walworth—Charles M. Baker, Edward V. Whitton.
Racine—Michael Frank—Marshall M. Strong.
Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk—John Catlin.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—Mason C. Darling, of Fond du Lac. *Chief Clerk*—La Fayette Kellogg.
Sergeant-at-Arms—David Bonham.
Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago—Abraham Brawley, Mason C. Darling, Elisha Morrow.
Racine—Andrew B. Jackson, Orson Sheldon, Julius Wooster.
Crawford, Chippewa, St. Croix and La Pointe—James Fisher.
Grant—Armstead C. Brown, Thomas P. Burnett, Thomas Cruson.
Walworth—Caleb Crosswell, Warren Earl, Gaylord Graves.
Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk—Mark R. Clapp, William M. Dennis, Noah Phelps.
Milwaukee and Washington—Samuel H. Barstow, John Crawford, James Magone, Benjamin H. Mooers, Luther Parker, William H. Thomas.
Iowa—Henry M. Billings, Robert C. Hoard, Charles Pyle.
Rock—Ira Jones.

FIFTH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

FIRST SESSION, 1847.

Convened at Madison, January 4, and adjourned February 11, 1847.

COUNCIL.

President—Horatio N. Wells, of Milwaukee. *Secretary*—Thomas McHugh.
Sergeant-at-Arms—John Devins.
Brown, Columbia, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage and Winnebago—Mason C. Darling.
Milwaukee—Horatio N. Wells.
Racine—Frederick S. Lovell, Marshall M. Strong.
Walworth—Henry Clark.
Rock—Andrew Palmer.
Iowa and Richland—William Singer.
Waukesha—Joseph Turner.
Crawford—Benjamin F. Manahan.
Grant—Orris McCartney.
Dane, Green and Sauk—Alexander L. Collins.
Dodge and Jefferson—John E. Holmes.
Washington and Sheboygan—Chauncy M. Phelps.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—William Shew, of Milwaukee. *Chief Clerk*—La Fayette Kellogg.
Sergeant-at-Arms—E. R. Ilugunla.
Racine—Uriah Wood, Elisha Raymond.
Walworth—Charles A. Bronson, Palmer Gardiner.
Milwaukee—William Shew, Andrew Sullivan, William W. Brown.
Iowa and Richland—Timothy Burns, James D. Jenkins, Thomas Chilton.
Grant—Armstead C. Brown, William Richardson.
Dane, Green and Sauk—Charles Lum, William A. Wheeler, John W. Stewart.

Sheboygan and Washington—Harrison C. Hobart.
Dodge and Jefferson—George W. Green, John T. Haight, James Giddings.
Rock—Jared G. Winslow, James M. Burgess.
Waukesha—Joseph Bond, Chauncey F. Heath.
Crawford—Joseph W. Furber.
Brown, Columbia, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage and Winnebago
 —Elisha Morrow, Hugh McFarlane.

SPECIAL SESSION, 1847.

Convened October 18, and adjourned October 27, 1847.

COUNCIL.

President—Horatio N. Wells, of Milwaukee. *Secretary*—Thomas McHugh.
Sergeant-at-Arms—Edward P. Lockhart.
Racine—Frederick S. Lovell, Philo White.
Rock—Andrew Palmer.
Iowa, La Fayette and Richland—Ninian E. Whitesides.
Washington and Sheboygan—Chauncey M. Phelps.
Walworth—Henry Clark.
Grant—Orris McCartney.
Dane, Green and Sauk—Alexander L. Collins.
Milwaukee—Horatio N. Wells.
Waukesha—Joseph Turner.
Jefferson and Dodge—John E. Holmes.
Crawford, St. Croix, Chippewa and La Pointe—Benjamin F. Manahan.
Brown, Calumet, Columbia, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage and Winnebago—Mason C. Darling.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—Isaac P. Walker, of Milwaukee. *Chief Clerk*—La Fayette Kellogg.
Sergeant-at-Arms—E. R. Hugunin.
Racine—G. F. Newell, Dudley Cass.
Walworth—Eleazer Wakeley, George Walworth.
Iowa, La Fayette and Richland—Timothy Burns, M. M. Cothren, Charles Pole.
Milwaukee—Isaac P. Walker, James Holliday, Asa Kinney.
Grant—Noah H. Virgin, Daniel R. Burt.
Dane, Green and Sauk—E. T. Gardner, Alexander Botkin, John W. Stewart.
Jefferson and Dodge—Levi P. Drake, Horace D. Patch, James Hanrahan.
Crawford, St. Croix, Chippewa and La Pointe—Henry Jackson.
Washington and Sheboygan—Benjamin H. Mooers.
Waukesha—George Reed, L. Martin.
Rock—Daniel C. Babcock, George H. Williston.
Brown, Calumet, Columbia, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage and Winnebago—Moses S. Gibson, G. W. Featherstonhaugh.

SECOND SESSION, 1848.

Convened February 7, and adjourned March 13, 1848.

COUNCIL.

President—Horatio N. Wells, of Milwaukee. *Secretary*—Thomas McHugh.
Sergeant-at-Arms—Edward P. Lockhart.
Iowa, La Fayette and Richland—Ninian E. Whitesides.
Waukesha—Joseph Turner.
Dodge and Jefferson—John E. Holmes.

Chippewa, Crawford, La Pointe and St. Croix—Benjamin F. Manahan.

Racine—Frederick S. Lovell, Philo White.

Walworth—Henry Clark.

Rock—Andrew Palmer.

Grant—Orris McCartney.

Dane, Green and Sauk—Alexander L. Collins.

Milwaukee—Horatio N. Wells.

Sheboygan and Washington—Chauncy M. Phelps.

Brown, Calumet, Columbia, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage and

Winnebago—Mason C. Darling.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—Timothy Burns, of Iowa. *Chief Clerk*—La Fayette Kellogg. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—John Mullanphy.

Iowa, La Fayette and Richland—Timothy Burns, Charles Pole, M. M. Cothren.

Grant—Noah H. Virgin, Daniel R. Burt.

Sheboygan and Washington—Benj. H. Mooers.*

Dane, Green and Sauk—E. T. Gardner, John W. Stewart, Alexander Botkin.

Brown, Calumet, Columbia, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage and

Winnebago—G. W. Featherstonhaugh, Moses S. Gibson.

Racine—G. F. Newell, Dudley Cass.

Walworth—Eleazer Wakeley, George Walworth.

Rock—Daniel C. Babcock, George H. Williston.

Milwaukee—Isaac P. Walker, James Holliday, Asa Kinney.

Waukesha—George Reed, Leonard Martin.

Dodge and Jefferson—Levi P. Drake, Horace D. Patch, James Hanrahan.

Chippewa, Crawford, La Pointe and St. Croix—Henry Jackson.

*Resigned his seat because a bill in relation to Washington County was rejected.

STATE GOVERNMENT OF WISCONSIN.

FROM ITS ORGANIZATION.

NOTE—The term of office of all elective state officers commences on the first Monday in January of the odd numbered years. Previous to the constitutional amendment of 1882, the term of office began in the even numbered years.

GOVERNORS.

Nelson Dewey	Lancaster	from June 7, 1848, to Jan. 5, 1852
Leonard J. Farwell.....	Madison.....	from Jan. 5, 1852, to Jan. 2, 1854
Wm. A. Barstow.....	Waukesha	from Jan. 2, 1854, to Mar. 21, 1856
Arthur McArthur.....	Milwaukee.....	from Mar. 21, 1856, to Mar. 25, 1858
Coles Bashford.....	Oshkosh.....	from Mar. 25, 1858, to Jan. 4, 1858
Alex. W. Randall.....	Waukesha	from Jan. 4, 1858, to Jan. 6, 1862
Louis P. Harvey.....	Shopleire	from Jan. 6, 1862, to Apr. 19, 1862
Edward Salomon.....	Milwaukee	from Apr. 19, 1862, to Jan. 4, 1864
James T. Lewis.....	Columbus	from Jan. 4, 1864, to Jan. 1, 1868
Lucius Fairchild.....	Madison	from Jan. 1, 1868, to Jan. 1, 1872
C. C. Washburn.....	La Crosse.....	from Jan. 1, 1872, to Jan. 5, 1874
William R. Taylor.....	Cottage Grove.....	from Jan. 5, 1874, to Jan. 3, 1876
Harrison Ludington.....	Milwaukee.....	from Jan. 3, 1876, to Jan. 7, 1878
Wm. E. Smith.....	Milwaukee	from Jan. 7, 1878, to Jan. 2, 1882
Jeremiah M. Rusk.....	Viroqua	from Jan. 2, 1882, to Jan. 7, 1889
William D. Hoard.....	Ft. Atkinson.....	from Jan. 7, 1889, to Jan. 5, 1891
George W. Peck.....	Milwaukee	from Jan. 5, 1891, to Jan. 7, 1895
William H. Upham.....	Marshfield	from Jan. 7, 1895, to Jan. 4, 1897
Edward Scofield.....	Oconto.....	from Jan. 4, 1897, to.....

LIEUTENANT GOVERNORS.

John E. Holmes.....	Jefferson	from June 7, 1848, to Jan. 7, 1850
Samuel W. Beal.....	Taycheedah	from Jan. 7, 1850 to Jan. 5, 1852
Timothy Burns.....	La Crosse	from Jan. 5, 1852, to Jan. 2, 1854
James T. Lewis.....	Columbus	from Jan. 2, 1854, to Jan. 7, 1856
Arthur McArthur	Milwaukee	from Jan. 7, 1856, to Jan. 4, 1858
E. D. Campbell.....	La Crosse	from Jan. 4, 1858, to Jan. 2, 1860
Butler G. Noble.....	Whitewater	from Jan. 2, 1860, to Jan. 6, 1862
Edward Salomon.....	Milwaukee	from Jan. 6, 1862, to Apr. 19, 1862
Wyman Spooner.....	Elkhorn	from Jan. 14, 1863, to Jan. 3, 1870
Thaddeus C. Pound.....	Chippewa Falls.....	from Jan. 3, 1870, to Jan. 1, 1872
Milton H. Pettit.....	Kenosha	from Jan. 1, 1872, to Mar. 23, 1873
Charles D. Parker.....	Pleasant Valley.....	from Jan. 5, 1874, to Jan. 7, 1878
James M. Bingham.....	Chippewa Falls.....	from Jan. 7, 1878, to Jan. 2, 1882
Sam S. Fifield.....	Ashland	from Jan. 2, 1882, to Jan. 3, 1887
Geo. W. Ryland.....	Lancaster	from Jan. 3, 1887, to Jan. 5, 1891
Charles Jonas.....	Racine	from Jan. 5, 1891, to Apr. 4, 1894
Emil Bensch.....	Manitowoc	from Jan. 8, 1895, to Jan. 2, 1899
Jesse Stone.....	Watertown	from Jan. 2, 1899, to.....

SECRETARIES OF STATE.

Thos. McHugh.....	Delavan	from June 7, 1848, to Jan. 7, 1850	7, 1850
Wm. A. Barstow.....	Waukesha	from Jan. 7, 1850, to Jan. 5, 1852	5, 1852
C. D. Robinson.....	Green Bay.....	from Jan. 5, 1852, to Jan. 2, 1854	2, 1854
Alex. T. Gray.....	Janesville	from Jan. 2, 1854, to Jan. 7, 1856	7, 1856
David W. Jones.....	Belmont	from Jan. 7, 1856, to Jan. 2, 1860	2, 1860
Louis P. Harvey.....	Shopleve	from Jan. 2, 1860, to Jan. 6, 1862	6, 1862
James T. Lewis.....	Columbus	from Jan. 6, 1862, to Jan. 4, 1864	4, 1864
Lucius Fairchild.....	Madison	from Jan. 4, 1864, to Jan. 1, 1866	1, 1866
Thomas S. Allen.....	Mineral Point....	from Jan. 1, 1866, to Jan. 3, 1870	3, 1870
Llewellyn Breese.....	Portage	from Jan. 3, 1870, to Jan. 5, 1874	5, 1874
Peter Doyle.....	Prairie du Chien..	from Jan. 5, 1874, to Jan. 7, 1878	7, 1878
Hans. B. Warner.....	Ellsworth	from Jan. 7, 1878 to Jan. 2, 1882	2, 1882
Ernst G. Timme.....	Kenosha	from Jan. 2, 1882, to Jan. 5, 1891	5, 1891
Thomas J. Cunningham.....	Chippewa Falls..	from Jan. 5, 1891, to Jan. 7, 1895	7, 1895
Henry Casson.....	Viroqua	from Jan. 7, 1895 to Jan. 2, 1899	2, 1899
William H. Froehlich.....	Jackson	from Jan. 2, 1899 to.....	

STATE TREASURERS.

Jairus C. Fairchild.....	Madison	from June 7, 1848, to Jan. 5, 1852	5, 1852
Edward H. Janssen.....	Cedarburg	from Jan. 5, 1852, to Jan. 7, 1856	7, 1856
Charles Kuehn.....	Manitowoc	from Jan. 7, 1856, to Jan. 4, 1858	4, 1858
Samuel D. Hastings.....	Trempealeau	from Jan. 4, 1858, to Jan. 1, 1860	1, 1860
William E. Smith.....	Fox Lake.....	from Jan. 1, 1860, to Jan. 3, 1870	3, 1870
Henry Baetz.....	Manitowoc	from Jan. 3, 1870 to Jan. 5, 1874	5, 1874
Ferdinand Kuehn.....	Milwaukee	from Jan. 5, 1874, to Jan. 7, 1878	7, 1878
Richard Guenther.....	Oshkosh	from Jan. 7, 1878, to Jan. 2, 1882	2, 1882
Edward C. McFetridge.....	Beaver Dam.....	from Jan. 2, 1882, to Jan. 3, 1887	3, 1887
Henry B. Harshaw.....	Oshkosh	from Jan. 3, 1887, to Jan. 5, 1891	5, 1891
John Hunner.....	Eau Claire.....	from Jan. 5, 1891, to Jan. 7, 1895	7, 1895
Sewell A. Peterson.....	Rice Lake.....	from Jan. 7, 1895, to Jan. 2, 1899	2, 1899
James O. Davidson.....	Soldiers' Grove..	from Jan. 2, 1899, to.....	

ATTORNEYS GENERAL.

James S. Brown.....	Milwaukee	from June 7, 1848, to Jan. 7, 1850	7, 1850
S. Park Coon.....	Milwaukee	from Jan. 7, 1850, to Jan. 5, 1852	5, 1852
Experience Estabrook.....	Geneva	from Jan. 5, 1852, to Jan. 2, 1854	2, 1854
George B. Smith.....	Madison	from Jan. 2, 1854, to Jan. 7, 1856	7, 1856
William B. Smith.....	Mineral Point....	from Jan. 7, 1856, to Jan. 4, 1858	4, 1858
Gabriel Bouck.....	Oshkosh	from Jan. 4, 1858, to Jan. 2, 1860	2, 1860
James H. Howe.....	Green Bay	from Jan. 2, 1860, to Oct. 7, 1862	7, 1862
Winfield Smith.....	Milwaukee	from Oct. 7, 1862, to Jan. 1, 1866	1, 1866
Charles R. Gill.....	Watertown	from Jan. 1, 1866, to Jan. 3, 1870	3, 1870
Stephen S. Barlow.....	Dellona	from Jan. 3, 1870, to Jan. 5, 1874	5, 1874
A. Scott Sloan.....	Beaver Dam.....	from Jan. 5, 1874, to Jan. 7, 1878	7, 1878
Alexander Wilson.....	Mineral Point....	from Jan. 7, 1878, to Jan. 2, 1882	2, 1882
Leander F. Frisby.....	West Bend.....	from Jan. 2, 1882, to Jan. 3, 1887	3, 1887
Charles E. Estabrook.....	Manitowoc	from Jan. 3, 1887, to Jan. 5, 1891	5, 1891
James L. O'Connor.....	Madison	from Jan. 5, 1891, to Jan. 7, 1895	7, 1895
William H. Mylrea.....	Wausau	from Jan. 7, 1895, to Jan. 2, 1899	2, 1899
Emmett R. Hicks.....	Oshkosh	from Jan. 2, 1899, to.....	

STATE SUPERINTENDENTS.

(Office created August 16, 1848.)

Eleazer Root.....	Waukesha	from Jan. 1, 1849, to Jan. 5, 1852
Azel P. Ladd.....	Shullsburg.....	from Jan. 5, 1852, to Jan. 2, 1854
Hiram A. Wright.....	Prairie du Chien.....	from Jan. 2, 1854, to May 29, 1855
A. Constantine Barry.....	Racine	from June 26, 1855, to Jan. 4, 1858
Lyman C. Draper.....	Madison	from Jan. 4, 1858, to Jan. 2, 1860
Josiah L. Pickard.....	Platteville	from Jan. 2, 1860, to Sept. 30, 1864
John G. McMynn.....	Racine	from Oct. 1, 1864, to Jan. 6, 1868
Alexander J. Craig.....	Madison	from Jan. 6, 1868, to July 6, 1870
Samuel Fallows	Millwaukee	from July 6, 1870, to Jan. 4, 1874
Edward Searing	Milton	from Jan. 4, 1874, to Jan. 7, 1878
William C. Whitford.....	Milton	from Jan. 7, 1878, to Jan. 2, 1882
Robert Graham	Oshkosh	from Jan. 2, 1882, to Jan. 3, 1887
Jesse B. Thayer.....	River Falls	from Jan. 3, 1887, to Jan. 5, 1891
Oliver E. Wells.....	Appleton	from Jan. 5, 1891, to Jan. 7, 1895
John Q. Emery.....	Albion	from Jan. 7, 1895, to Jan. 2, 1899
Lorenzo D. Harvey.....	Millwaukee	from Jan. 2, 1899, to.....

BANK COMPTROLLERS.

(Office created by Chapter 479, Laws 1852—Abolished January 3, 1870, Chapter 28, Laws of 1868.)

James S. Baker.....	Green Bay	from Nov. 20, 1852, to Jan. 2, 1854
William M. Dennis.....	Watertown	from Jan. 2, 1854, to Jan. 4, 1858
Joel C. Squires.....	Mineral Point	from Jan. 4, 1858, to Jan. 2, 1860
Gysbert Van Steenwyk.....	Kilbourn City	from Jan. 2, 1860, to Jan. 6, 1862
William H. Ramsey.....	Ozaukee	from Jan. 6, 1862, to Jan. 1, 1866
Jeremiah M. Rusk.....	Viroqua	from Jan. 1, 1866, to Jan. 3, 1870

STATE PRISON COMMISSIONERS.

(Office created by Chapter 24, Laws of 1853—Abolished January 4, 1874, by Chapter 193, Laws of 1873.)

John Taylor	Waupun	from Mar. 28, 1853, to Apr. 2, 1853
Henry Brown	Fond du Lac.....	from Apr. 2, 1853, to Jan. 2, 1854
Argalus W. Starks.....	Baraboo	from Jan. 2, 1854, to Jan. 7, 1856
Edward McGarry	Millwaukee	from Jan. 7, 1856, to Jan. 4, 1858
Edward MacGraw	Sheboygan	from Jan. 4, 1858, to Jan. 2, 1860
Hans C. Heg.....	Waterford	from Jan. 2, 1860, to Jan. 6, 1862
Alexander P. Hodges.....	Oshkosh	from Jan. 6, 1862, to Jan. 4, 1864
Henry Cordier	Waupun	from Jan. 4, 1864, to Jan. 3, 1870
George F. Wheeler.....	Springvale	from Jan. 3, 1870, to Jan. 4, 1874

STATE COMMISSIONERS OF IMMIGRATION.

(Office created by Chap. 155, Laws of 1871—Abolished January 3, 1876, by Chap. 238, Laws of 1874.)

Ole C. Johnson.....	Beloit	from Apr. 3, 1871, to Jan. 5, 1874
Martin J. Argard.....	Eau Claire	from Jan. 5, 1874, to Jan. 3, 1876



APPLETON NORMAL SCHOOL, APPLETON, WISCONSIN.

RAILROAD COMMISSIONERS.

(Office created by Section 8 of Chapter 273, Laws of 1874; made elective by Chapter 300, Laws of 1881.)

John W. Hoyt.....	Madison	from Apr. 29, 1874, to Mar. 10, 1879
Geo. H. Paul.....	Milwaukee	from Apr. 29, 1874, to Mar. 10, 1879
Joseph H. Osborn.....	Oshkosh.....	from Apr. 29, 1874, to Mar. 10, 1878
Dana C. Lamb.....	Fond du Lac.....	from Mar. 10, 1878, to Feb. 1, 1878
A. J. Turner.....	Portage	from Feb. 1, 1878, to Feb. 15, 1882
N. P. Haugen.....	River Falls	from Feb. 15, 1882, to Jan. 3, 1887
Atley Peterson.....	Soldiers' Grove	from Jan. 3, 1887, to Jan. 5, 1891
Thomas Thompson	Independence	from Jan. 5, 1891, to Jan. 7, 1895
Duncan J. McKenzie.....	Alma	from Jan. 7, 1895, to Jan. 2, 1899
Graham L. Rice.....	West Superior	from Jan. 2, 1899, to.....

INSURANCE COMMISSIONERS.

(By Chapter 50, Section 32, General Laws of 1867, the Secretary of State was Commissioner of Insurance *ex-officio* until the passage of Chapter 214, Laws of 1878, creating the office of Insurance Commissioner, which office was made elective by Chapter 300, Laws of 1881.)

Philip L. Spooner, Jr., Madison.....	from Apr. 1, 1878, to Jan. 3, 1887
Philip Cheek, Jr. Baraboo.....	from Jan. 3, 1887, to Jan. 5, 1891
Wilbur M. Root, Sheboygan.....	from Jan. 5, 1891, to Jan. 7, 1895
William A. Fricke, Milwaukee.....	from Jan. 7, 1895, to Oct. 15, 1898
Emil Giljohann, Milwaukee.....	from Oct. 15, 1898, to.....

JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT.

(The Supreme Court was not separately organized until 1853, previous to which the Judges of the Circuit Court were *ex-officio* Justices of the Supreme Court.)

Name.	Circuit.	Date of oath of office.	Exp'n of term.
Alex. W. Stow, C. J.....	4th	August 28, 1848, to.....	Jan. 1, 1853
Edward V. Whiton, A. J.....	1st	August 28, 1848, to.....	June 1, 1851
Levi Hubbell, A. J. ¹	2d	August 28, 1848, to.....	June 1, 1853
Charles H. Larrabee, A. J.....	3d	August 28, 1848, to.....	June 1, 1853
Mortimer M. Jackson, A. J.....	5th	August 28, 1848, to.....	June 1, 1853
Timothy O. Howe, A. J.....	4th	January 1, 1851, to.....	June 1, 1853
Wiram Knowlton, A. J.....	6th	August 6, 1850, to.....	June 1, 1853

JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT—SEPARATE ORGANIZATION.

Name.	Title.	Date.	Exp'n of term.
Edward V. Whiton.....	C. J.	June 1, 1853, to.....	Apr. 12, 1859
Luther S. Dixon.....	C. J.	April 20, 1850, to.....	June 17, 1874
Edward G. Ryan.....	C. J.	June 17, 1874, to.....	Oct. 19, 1880
Orsamus Cole.....	C. J.	Nov. 11, 1880, to...1st M. Jan., 1892	
Samuel Crawford.....	A. J.	June 1, 1853, to.....	June 19, 1855
Abram D. Smith.....	A. J.	June 1, 1853, to.....	June 21, 1859
Orsamus Cole.....	A. J.	June 19, 1855, to.....	Nov. 11, 1884
Byron Paine.....	A. J.	June 21, 1859, to.....	Nov. 15, 1864

¹Elected Chief Justice June 18, 1851.

JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT—SEPARATE ORGANIZATION—Con.

Jason Downer.....	A. J.	Nov. 15, 1854, to.....	Sept. 11, 1867
Byron Paine.....	A. J.	Sept. 11, 1867, to.....	Jan. 13, 1871
William P. Lyon ¹	J.	Jan. 20, 1871, to.....	1st M. Jan., 1894
David Taylor ²	J.	April 18, 1878, to.....	Apr. 3, 1896
Harlow S. Orton ³	J.	Apr. 18, 1878, to.....	1st M. Jan., 1898
John B. Cassoday ⁴	J.	Nov. 11, 1880, to.....	1st M. Jan. 1900
John B. Winslow.....	J.	May 4, 1891, to.....	1st M. Jan., 1906
Silas U. Pinney ⁵	J.	Jan. 1, 1892, to.....	1st M. Jan., 1902
Alfred W. Newman ⁶	J.	Jan. 1, 1894, to.....	1st M. Jan., 1904
Roujet D. Marshall.....	J.	Aug. 5, 1895, to.....	1st M. Jan., 1904
Charles V. Bardeen.....	J.	Apr. 5, 1898, to.....	1st M. Jan., 1904
Joshua E. Dodge ⁷	J.	Nov. 19, 1898, to.....	1st M. Jan., 1902

CLERKS OF SUPREME COURT.

J. R. Brigham.....	Appointed August term.....	1848
Samuel W. Beale.....	Appointed December 12.....	1851
Lafayette Kellogg	Appointed June 1.....	1853
Clarence Kellogg	Appointed June 11.....	1878

¹Became Chief Justice on 1st M. Jan., 1892. ²Deceased Apr. 3, 1891. ³Became Chief Justice on 1st M. Jan., 1894. Died July 4, 1895.

⁴Ex-officio Chief Justice. ⁵Resigned Nov. 9, 1898. ⁶Deceased Jan. 12, 1898.

⁷Appointed to fill vacancy caused by the resignation of Silas U. Pinney.

CIRCUIT JUDGES SINCE SEPARATE ORGANIZATION.

CIRCUIT.	Name.	Term of Service.	CIRCUIT.	Name.	Term of Service.
1.	Wyman Spooner.....	1853	7.	Geo. W. Cate.....	1854 to 1875.
	James R. Doolittle.....	1853 to 1856.		G. L. Park.....	1875 to 1884.
	C. M. Baker.....	1856 to 1857.		Chas. M. Webb.....	1884 to.....
	J. M. Keep.....	1857 to 1859.	8.	S. S. N. Fuller.....	1855 to 1860.
	David Noggle.....	1859 to 1865.		Henry D. Barron.....	1860
	Wm. P. Lyon.....	1865 to 1871.		L. P. Weatherby.....	1860 to 1866.
	Robert Harkness.....	1861 to 1875.		H. L. Humphrey.....	1866 to 1877.
	Ira C. Paine.....	1875 to 1878.		E. H. Bundy.....	1878 to 1887.
	J. T. Wentworth.....	1876 to 1884.		Eugene W. Helms.....	1897 to.....
	John B. Winslow.....	1884 to 1891.	9.	A. L. Collins.....	1855 to 1858.
	Frank M. Fish.....	1891 to.....		L. S. Dixon.....	1858 to 1859.
2.	Alex. W. Randall.....	1856		H. S. Orton.....	1859 to 1861.
	Arthur McArthur.....	1856 to 1869.		Alva Stewart.....	1861 to 1869.
	Jason Downer.....	1869		Robert G. Siebecker.....	1869 to.....
	D. W. Small.....	1869 to 1880.	10.	S. R. Cotton.....	1855 to 1861.
	Charles A. Hamilton.....	1880 to 1888.		Edwin Wheeler.....	1861 to 1863.
	D. H. Johnson.....	1888 to.....		G. W. Washburn.....	1863 to 1870.
3.	C. H. Larrabee.....	1853 to 1858.		Ezra T. Sprague.....	1870 to 1872.
	A. Scott Sloan.....	1858 to 1859.		E. H. Ellis.....	1872 to 1879.
	John E. Mand.....	1859 to 1867.		Geo. H. Meyers.....	1880 to 1892.
	D. J. Pulling.....	1867 to 1873.		John Goodland.....	1892 to.....
	Eli C. Lewis.....	1873 to 1874.	11.	S. H. Clough.....	1861 to 1877.
	D. J. Pulling.....	1874 to 1885.		H. D. Barron.....	1877 to 1882.
	Geo. W. Burnell.....	1885 to.....		S. H. Clough.....	1882 to 1889.
4.	Wm. R. Gorsline.....	1853 to 1858.		R. D. Marshall.....	1889 to 1896.
	David Taylor.....	1858 to 1869.		A. J. Vinje.....	1896 to.....
	Cambell McLean.....	1869 to 1891.	12.	S. H. Conger.....	1871 to 1883.
	N. S. Gilson.....	1891 to 1899.		John R. Bennett.....	1883 to.....
	Michael Kirwan.....	1899 to.....	13.	A. W. Newman.....	1877 to 1878**
5.	M. M. Cothren.....	1853 to 1865.		*A. Scott Sloan.....	1881 to 1895.
	J. T. Mills.....	1865 to 1877.		Warham Parks.....	1895 to 1896.
	M. M. Cothren.....	1877 to 1883.		James J. Dick.....	1896 to.....
	Geo. Clementson.....	1883 to.....	14.	S. D. Hastings, Jr.....	1884 to.....
6.	Geo. Gale.....	1856 to 1861.	15.	J. K. Parish.....	1888 to.....
	Isaac E. Messmore.....	1861 to 1862.	16.	C. V. Bardeent.....	1891 to 1898†
	Edwin Flint.....	1862 to 1869.		Willis C. Silverthorn.....	1898 to.....
	Romanzo Bunn.....	1869 to 1877.		Wm. F. Bailey.....	1891 to 1898‡
	A. W. Newman.....	1878 to 1893.	17.	James O'Neil.....	1898 to.....
	Joseph M. Morrow.....	1894			
	Orvis B. Wyman.....	1894 to.....			

**Changed to 6th circuit.

*Died April 8, 1895.

†Resigned Feb. 3, 1898.

‡Created in 1891.

MEMBERS OF WISCONSIN LEGISLATURES.

FROM 1848 TO 1899 INCLUSIVE.

SENATORS.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Abert, George A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1877, 78, b.
Abrams, Wm. J.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1868, 69, b.
Ackley, Henry M.....	Oconomowoc, Waukesha.....	1882, 83.
Adams, Henry.....	Monticello, Green.....	1866, 67, 68, 69, b.
Adams, John.....	Black Earth, Dane.....	1882, 83, b.
Adams, John Q.....	Fall River, Columbia.....	1854, 55, 56, b.
Alban, James S.....	Plover, Portage.....	1852, 53.
Allen, Benjamin.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1857, 54.
Altpeter, Oscar.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1893, 95.
Anderson, Matthew.....	Cross Plains, Dane.....	1878, 79, 80, 81, b.
Andrews, Abram D.....	River Falls, Pierce.....	1878, 79.
Anson, Frank A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1899, b.
Apple, Adam.....	North Cape, Racine.....	1891, 93, b.
Arnold, Alexander A.....	Galesville, Trempealeau.....	1877, 78, b.
Austin William H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1895, 97.
Avery, Frank.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1889, 91, b.
Bacon, Orrin.....	Monticello, Green.....	1872, 73, b.
Bailey, Dana R.....	Baldwin, St. Croix.....	1878, 79.
Baker, Robert H.....	Racine, Racine.....	1873, 75, 76.
Baldwin, George.....	Chilton, Calumet.....	1870, 71, b.
Barber, J. Allen.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1856, 57, b.
Barden, Levi W.....	Portage, Columbia.....	1875, 76, 77, 78, b.
Barlow, Stephen S.....	Delton, Sauk.....	1868, 69, b.
Barnes, S. W.....	Waterloo, Jefferson.....	1856, 57.
Barney, John A.....	Mayville, Dodge.....	1875, 76.
Bashford, Robert M.....	Madison, Dane.....	1893, 95.
Burnum, George S.....	Waukau, Winnebago.....	1865, 66, b.
Barron, Henry D.....	St. Croix Falls, Polk.....	1874, 75, 76, b.
Bartlett, M. D.....	Durand, Pepin.....	1862, 63.
Bartlett, Oscar F.....	East Troy, Walworth.....	1860, 61.
Bashford, Coles.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1853, 54, 55.
Baxter, Charles H.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1893, 95, 97, 99.
Bean, Samuel C.....	Lake Mills, Jefferson.....	1857, 58, 61, 62.
Bechtner, Paul.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1891, 93.
Belden, Philo.....	Rochester, Racine.....	1871, 72, b.
Bennett, Alden I.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1858, 59, 60, 61.
Bennett, George.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1860, 61.
Bennett, Joseph B.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1879, 80.
Bennett, Stephen O.....	Raymond, Racine.....	1851, 52, b.
Bennett, Van S.....	Rockton, Vernon.....	1882, 83, b.
Bentley, John A.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1865, 66.
Billings, Henry M.....	Highland, Iowa.....	1848, b.
Bissell, William G.....	Lodi, Columbia.....	1899.
Black, John.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1874, 75, b.
Blackstone, John W.....	Shullsburg, Lafayette.....	1880, 81.
Blake, Edward R.....	Port Washington, Ozaukee.....	1887, 85, b.
Blair, Andrew M.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1853, 54.
Blair, William.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1864, 65, 72, 73, 76, 77.
Bleekman, Adelbert E.....	Tomah, Monroe.....	1874, 75, b.
Bohan, John R.....	Ozaukee, Ozaukee.....	1863, 64, b.
Bones, Thomas A.....	Racine, Racine.....	1877, 78.
Botkin, Alexander.....	Madison, Dane.....	1849, 50, b.
Bovee, Marvin H.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1853.
Bowen, Ezra B.....	Mayville, Dodge.....	1854, 55.
Bowen, Thomas S.....	Waupun, Dodge.....	1852, 53.
Bowman, Jonathan.....	Kilbourn City, Columbia.....	1863, 64, 65, 66, b.

b. See list of Assemblymen.

SENATORS—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Boyd, John W.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1848, 49, 58, 59.
Bragg, Edward S.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1866, 69.
Briggs, John R., Jr., ..	Beloit, Rock.....	1853.
Brown, Neal.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1893, 95, b.
Brown, Orlando.....	Modena, Buffalo.....	1872, 73, h.
Browne, Edward L.....	Waupaca, Waupaca.....	1861, 62, 67, 68.
Bryant, George E.....	Madison, Dane.....	1875, 76, b.
Buckstaff, Geo. H.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1887, 89, b.
Budlong, S. W.....	Waterloo, Jefferson.....	1865, 66.
Bugh, Samuel G.....	Shullsburg, Lafayette.....	1851, 52.
Bull, Benjamin.....	Prairie du Chien, Crawford.....	1866, 67.
Bull, Hiram C.....	Madison, Dane.....	1857.
Burchard, Samuel D.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1870, 71, 73, 74.
Burdge, R. J.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1879, 80, 91, 93, b.
Burdick, Zebulon P.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1859, 60, b.
Burke, Michael E.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1895, 97.
Burrows, George B.....	Madison, Dane.....	1877, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82.
Butt, Cyrus M.....	Viroqua, Vernon.....	1869, 70.
Cameron, Angus.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1863, 64, 71, 72, b.
Campbell, Archibald.....	Middlebury, Iowa.....	1878, 79.
Campbell, Francis.....	Gratiot, Lafayette.....	1873, 74, 75, 76.
Carey, John.....	Osmon, Manitowoc.....	1883, 85, 87, b.
Carter, Benjamin F.....	Sherwood, Calumet.....	1880, 81, b.
Cary, John W.....	Racine, Racine.....	1853, 54, b.
Cary, Luther H.....	Greenbush, Sheboygan.....	1861, 62, b.
Case, Jerome I.....	Racine, Racine.....	1865, 66.
Cate, N. S.....	De Sota, Vernon.....	1862.
Caranauagh, Daniel.....	Osceola, Fond du Lac.....	1876, 77, b.
Chandler, John A.....	Sparta, Monroe.....	1865, 66.
Chandler, Willard H.....	Windsor, Dane.....	1863, 64, 65, 66, b.
Chappel, William.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1858, 59, b.
Chase, C. S.....	Racine, Racine.....	1857, 58.
Chase, Enoch.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1882, 83, b.
Chase, Warren.....	Ceresco, Fond du Lac.....	1848, 49.
Chipman, William E.....	Burlington, Racine.....	1879, 80.
Clapp, J. D.....	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson.....	1863, 64.
Clark, Satterlee.....	Horicon, Dodge.....	1882, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, b.
Clark, Temple.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1857, 58.
Clawson, P. J.....	Monroe, Green.....	1889, 91.
Clement, Charles.....	Racine, Racine.....	1855, 56.
Cobb, Amasa.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1855, 56, b.
Cole, Samuel.....	Gratiot, Lafayette.....	1861, 62, 65, 66, b.
Colladay, William M.....	Stoughton, Dane.....	1871, 72, b.
Colman, Edward.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1882, 83.
Comstock, Cicero.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1859, 60.
Comstock, Noah D.....	Arcadia, Trempealeau.....	1883, 85, b.
Conger, William F.....	Prairie du Sac, Sauk.....	1895, 97.
Conkey, Theodore.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1851, 52, b.
Conklin, James.....	Madison, Dane.....	1885, 87.
Conner, Henry.....	Viroqua, Vernon.....	1891, 93.
Cook, E. Fox.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1857, 58.
Cooper, H. A.....	Racine, Racine.....	1887, 89.
Copp, William J.....	Prescott, Pierce.....	1868, 69.
Cothren, Montgomery M.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1849, 50.
Cottrell, J. P. C.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1883, 85.
Cotthausen, Frederick W.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1873, 74.
Cox, Charles P.....	River Falls, Pierce.....	1860, 61.
Crane, H. O.....	Neenah, Winnebago.....	1861.
Crosby, Charles F.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1881, 82.
Cunning, Hugh.....	Ozaukee, Ozaukee.....	1861, 62.
Curtis, Henry W.....	Delton, Sauk.....	1859, 60.
Davis, Horatio N.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1873, 74, 75, 76.
Davis, Moses M.....	Portage City, Columbia.....	1857, 58, 59, 60, b.
Davis, Romanzo E.....	Middleton, Dane.....	1870, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77.
Davis, Charles W.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1895, 97.
Day, C. W.....	De Pere, Brown.....	1887.
Dean, Eliab B., Jr.....	Madison, Dane.....	1851, 52.
Decker, Edward.....	Keweenaw, Keweenaw.....	1860, 61.
DeGroff, John W.....	Alma, Buffalo.....	1881, 82, b.
Delaney, Arthur K.....	Mayville, Dodge.....	1887, 89, b.

b. See list of Assemblymen.

SENATORS—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Dennett, Fred. A.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1897, 99.
Dennis, William M.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1848, 49, b.
Dering, Charles L.....	Columbus, Columbia.....	1879, 80.
Deuster, Peter V.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1879, 71, b.
Devos, William H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1897, 99.
Dewey, Nelson.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1854, 55.
Dexter, George E.....	Monroe, Green.....	1856, 57.
Douglas, Mark.....	Melrose, Jackson.....	1876, 77, b.
Downs, Daniel L.....	Richland Center, Richland.....	1876, 77, b.
Dunn, Charles.....	Belmont, Lafayette.....	1853, 54, 55, 56.
Dyson, T. A.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1887, 89.
Earnest, James H.....	Shullsburg, Lafayette.....	1863, 64, 67, 68 b.
Eastman, Enos.....	Plymouth, Sheboygan.....	1875, 76, b.
Eastman, J. A.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1859, 51.
Eaton, Barney A.....	Cudahy, Milwaukee.....	1829, b.
Eaton, Henry L.....	Lone Rock, Richland.....	1872, 73, b.
Eagan, Michael, J.....	Franklin, Milwaukee.....	1860, 61, b.
Eldredge, Charles A.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1854, 55.
Ellis, Frederick S.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1864, 65, b.
Ellis, William A.....	Peshigo, Oconto.....	1881, 82.
Elwood, G. De Witt.....	Princeton, Green Lake.....	1865, 66.
Erwin, Charles K.....	Tomah, Monroe.....	1882, 83, 85, 87.
Falconer, Russel C.....	Portage, Columbia.....	1891, 93.
Farr, Asahel.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1876, 77, b.
Fearne, Thomas.....	Coloma, Waushara.....	1899.
Fenton, Daniel G.....	Prairie du Chien, Crawford.....	1848.
Fetzer, John.....	Forestville, Door.....	1885, 91, 93, b.
Ferguson, Benjamin.....	Fox Lake, Dodge.....	1860, 61.
Field, R. C.....	Osseo, Trempealeau.....	1874, 75, b.
Fifield, Sam S.....	Ashland, Ashland.....	1877, 80, 81, b.
Finkelnburg, Augustus.....	Fountain City, Buffalo.....	1881, 82, b.
Fisher, Ira W.....	Menasha, Winnebago.....	1869, 70.
Fisher, James.....	Eastman, Crawford.....	1849, 50, b.
Fisher, Charles T.....	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee.....	1865, 97.
Fitch, George.....	Berlin, Green Lake.....	1887, 89.
Fitzgerald, John.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1856.
Flint, Edwin.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1862.
Flint, Rockwell, J.....	Menomonie, Dunn.....	1876, 77, 82, 83, b.
Flint, Waldo S.....	Princeton, Green Lake.....	1871, 72, b.
Foot, Ezra A.....	Footville, Rock.....	1861, 62, b.
Foster, James H.....	Koro, Winnebago.....	1871, 72, b.
Fratt, Nicholas D.....	Racine, Racine.....	1859, 60.
Fritz, Theodore.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1887, 89.
Frost, Geo. L.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1863, 64, b.
Fulton, Marcus A.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1866, 67, b.
Gale, George.....	Elkhorn, Walworth.....	1850, 51.
Gardner, E. T.....	Monroe, Green.....	1848, 49.
Gary, George.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1866, b.
Gernon, Edward.....	Geneseo, Waukesha.....	1856, 57.
Gibson, Thomas K.....	Benton, Lafayette.....	1848.
Gibson, William J.....	Black River Falls, Jackson.....	1855, 56, b.
Giddings, James.....	Chester, Dodge.....	1850, 51.
Giles, Hiram H.....	Stoughton, Dane.....	1855, 56, 57, 58, b.
Gill, Bolivar G.....	Grafton, Ozaukee.....	1855, 56.
Gill, Charles R.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1860, 61.
Ginty, George C.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1885, 87, b.
Goodell, Lemuel.....	Stockbridge, Calumet.....	1849, 50, b.
Graham, Hiram P.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1874, 75.
Grant, Levi.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1854.
Gray, Hamilton H.....	Darlington, Lafayette.....	1869, 70, b.
Greene, Walter S.....	Milford, Jefferson.....	1873, 74, b.
Greene, Walter S.....	Port Atkinson, Jefferson.....	1887, 89.
Green, J. Herbert.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1897, 99.
Greulich, Augustus.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1857, 58, b.
Griffin, Michael.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1880, 81, b.
Grimmer, George.....	Kewaunee, Kewaunee.....	1877, 78, 79, 80.
Griwald, William M.....	Columbus, Columbia.....	1869, 70, 71, 72, b.
Haben, Andrew.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1879, 80, b.
Habich, Carl.....	Madison, Dane.....	1863, 69.

b. See list of Assemblymen

SENATORS—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Hadley, Jackson.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1855, 56, b.
Hall, John C.....	Monroe, Green.....	1870, 71.
Hamilton, J. B.....	Neenah, Winnebago.....	1862, 63, 81, 82.
Hanchett, Luther.....	Plover, Portage.....	1857, 58, 59, 60.
Hatton, William H.....	New London, Waupaca.....	1899.
Harris, Joseph.....	Sturgeon Bay, Door.....	1864, 65.
Harris, John H.....	Elkhorn, Walworth.....	1899.
Harvey, Louis P.....	Shopiere, Rock.....	1854, 55, 56, 67.
Hathaway, Oscar C.....	Beetown, Grant.....	1876, 77, 78, 79.
Hay, Samuel M.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1862, b.
Hazelton, George C.....	Boscobel, Grant.....	1868, 69, 70, 71.
Hazelton, Gerry W.....	Columbus, Columbia.....	1861, 62.
Head, Orson S.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1851.
Herrick, Charles.....	Racine, Racine.....	1874.
Hicks, Edward.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1862, 63, b.
Hilgen, Frederick.....	Cedarburg, Ozaukee.....	1890.
Hill, James.....	Warren, St. Croix.....	1882, 83, b.
Hlner, William H.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1872, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77.
Hixon, Gideon C.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1873, 74, b.
Hobart, Harrison C.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1818.
Holloway, John C.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1872, 73, 74, 75, b.
Hood, Thomas.....	Madison, Dane.....	1864, 65.
Hopkins, Benjamin F.....	Madison, Dane.....	1862, 63, b.
Horn, Frederick W.....	Cedarburg, Ozaukee.....	1898, 49, 50, 91, 93, b.
Hotchkiss, Robert H.....	Plymouth, Sheboygan.....	1859, 60, 68, b.
Houghton, Horace E.....	Durand, Pepin.....	1879, 80, b.
Howell, Daniel.....	Jefferson, Jefferson.....	1854, 55.
Hoyt, J. W.....	Chaseburg, Vernon.....	1885, 87.
Hudd, Thomas, R.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1862, 63.
Hudd, Thomas, R.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1876, 77, 78, 79, 82, 83, 85, b.
Huebschmann, Francis.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1851, 52, 62, 71, 72.
Hulbert, David B.....	Loganville, Sauk.....	1885, 87, b.
Humphrey, Herman L.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1862, 63, b.
Hunt, George F.....	West Bend, Washington.....	1881, 82.
Hunter, Ed. M.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1853, 54.
Hutchinson, Ruell E.....	Prairie du Chien, Crawford.....	1870, 61, b.
Hyde, Edwin.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1879, 80, b.
Iyer, George.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1851, b.
Irish, Joseph E.....	New Richmond, St. Croix.....	1872, 73.
Ives, Edward H.....	Trimble, Pierce.....	1870, 71, b.
Jacobs, Michael A.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1899.
Jacobs, William H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1875, 76.
James, Norman L.....	Richland Center, Richland.....	1885, 87, b.
Jenkins, George A.....	Charlestown, Calumet.....	1862, b.
Johnson, John A.....	Madison, Dane.....	1879, 71, b.
Joiner, Lemuel W.....	Wyoming, Iowa.....	1857, 58, 61, 62, 63, 70, b.
Joiner, R. L.....	Wyoming, Iowa.....	1889, 91.
Jonas, Charles.....	Racine, Racine.....	1883, 85, b.
Jones, Alfred M.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1893.
Jones, Evan W.....	Cambria, Columbia.....	1873, 74.
Jones, John H.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1871, 72.
Judd, Stoddart.....	Fox Lake, Dodge.....	1866, 67, b.
Kellogg, John A.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1879, 80.
Kelly, David M.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1880, 81, b.
Kelsey, Charles S.....	Montello, Marquette.....	1861, 62, 63, 64, b.
Kelsey, Edwin B.....	Montello, Marquette.....	1855, 56, b.
Kempf, John J.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1889, 91.
Kennedy, William.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1885, 87, 89, 91, 93, 95.
Keogh, Edward.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1872, 63, b.
Kershaw, William J.....	Big Springs, Adams.....	1869, 70, b.
Keckham, William.....	Richland Center, Richland.....	1864, 65, 68, 69.
Kidd, Edward I.....	Milville, Grant.....	1865, 87, 89, 91, b.
Kimball, Alanson M.....	Pine River, Waushara.....	1863, 64.
Kimball, M. L.....	Berlin, Green Lake.....	1857, 58.
Kingston, John T.....	Neenah, Winnebago.....	1857, 59, 61, 82, 83, b.
Kingston, J. T. Jr.....	Ashland, Ashland.....	1891, 93.
Kinnear, Asa.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1818, 49.
Klotz, Ignatius.....	Campbellsport, Fond du Lac.....	1885, 87, b.
Kudison, Norman A.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1899.
Kuntz, C. A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1891, 93.
Kreiss, George.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1872, 73, b.

b. See list of Assemblymen.

SENATORS—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Kreutzer, Andrew L.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1899.
Kroeger, Herman.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1899, 91.
Krouskop, George.....	Richland Center, Richland.....	1870, 71, 74, 75.
Kruszka, M.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1893, 95, b.
Kusel, Frederick.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1881, 82.
Lakin, George W.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1848, 49.
Lamoreux, Clarence A.....	Ashland, Ashland.....	1897, 99.
Lander, H. W.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1868, 69.
Larkin, Charles H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1866, 67, 68, 69, b.
Lawrence, William A.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1863, 64, 65, 66, b.
Leahy, John E.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1887, 89, b.
Lees, Robert.....	Alma, Buffalo.....	1891, 93, b.
Leitch, James T.....	Columbus, Columbia.....	1853, b.
Lincoln, Wyman L.....	Avoca, Iowa.....	1865, 66, b.
Lindsley, Myron P.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1872, 73.
Linn, John A.....	Eagle, Waukesha.....	1885, 87, b.
Little Francis.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1871, 72, 73, 74, b.
Littlejohn, N. M.....	Whitewater, Walworth.....	1864, 66, 66, 67, 68, 62.
Lochen, Peter.....	Newberg, Washington.....	1887, 89.
Roper, Alonzo A.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1878, 79, b.
Lord, Simon L.....	Edgerton, Rock.....	1883, 85, b.
Lovejoy, A. P.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1887, 89.
Loy, Joseph F.....	De Pere, Brown.....	1854, 55.
Lynde, William Pitt.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1869, 70, b.
MacBride, Robert J.....	Neillsville, Clark.....	1891, 93, b.
Macoon, Henry S.....	Darlington, Lafayette.....	1871, 72.
Maller, Andrew C.....	De Pere, Brown.....	1897, 98.
Main, Willett S.....	Madison, Dane.....	1889, 91.
Mann, Curtis.....	Oconomowoc, Waukesha.....	1868, 69.
Manz, Baltus.....	Meeker, Washington.....	1854.
Martin, Harry C.....	Darlington, Lafayette.....	1899.
Martin, Levi F.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1893, 95.
Martin, Morgan L.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1858, 59, b.
Masters, E. D.....	Jefferson, Jefferson.....	1859, 60.
Maxon, Densmore W.....	Cedar Creek, Washington.....	1858, 59, 60, 61, b.
Maxwell, Walter S.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1885, 87, b.
Mayer, Stephan F.....	West Bend, Washington.....	1896, 97.
McClellan, Samuel R.....	Willmot, Kenosha.....	1858, 59.
McCord, Myron H.....	Shawano, Shawano.....	1873, 74, b.
McCurdy, Robert.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1873, 74.
McDill, Alexander S.....	Plover, Portage.....	1863, 64, b.
McDonald, Donald A.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1883, 85, b.
McFarland, David.....	Highland, Iowa.....	1875, 76, b.
McFetridge, Edward C.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1879, 80, b.
McGarry, Edward.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1854, 55, b.
McGeahan, Robert J.....	De Pere, Brown.....	1893, 95, b.
McGrow, Joseph B.....	Richland Center, Richland.....	1880, 81, b.
McGillivray, James J.....	Black River Falls, Jackson.....	1895, 97, 99, b.
McKeely, Gilbert E.....	Lodi, Columbia.....	1881, 82.
McLane, George R.....	Summit, Waukesha.....	1853, 54.
McMullen, John E.....	Chilton, Calumet.....	1896, 97.
Mead, M. C.....	Plymouth, Sheboygan.....	1889, 91.
Mende, Matt. J.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1866, 67.
Mears, Daniel.....	Osceola Mills, Polk.....	1858, 59.
Meffert, William O.....	Arena, Iowa.....	1882, 83.
Merrill, Geo. F.....	Ashland, Ashland.....	1887, 89.
Merrill, Henry.....	Fort Winnebago, Columbia.....	1848, 49.
Messinger, R. N.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1848.
Miller, Ezra.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1853, 54.
Miller, Wm.....	Rusk, Dunn.....	1889, 91, b.
Mills, Edgar G.....	Superior, Douglas.....	1899, b.
Mills, Jesse C.....	Elkhorn, Walworth.....	1856, 57.
Mills, Simeon.....	Madison, Dane.....	1848.
Mills, Thomas B.....	Superior, Douglas.....	1896, 97, b.
Milner, Ellphalet S.....	Necedah, Juneau.....	1871, 72, b.
Minn, Edward S.....	Sturgeon Bay, Door.....	1883, 85, b.
Mitchell, George W.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1862, 63.
Mitchell, John L.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1872, 73, 76, 77.
Montgomery, Edwin.....	Farmington, Jefferson.....	1861, 62, b.
Moore, G. De G.....	Prairie du Sac, Sauk.....	1850, 51.
Moore, Harvey T.....	Brodhead, Green.....	1874, 75.

b. See list of Assemblymen.

SENATORS—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Morgan, Lyman.....	Osaukee, Osaukee.....	1865, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 79, 80.
Morris, T. D.....	Whitesville, Racine.....	1863, 64.
Mumbrue, Henry C.....	Waupaca, Waupaca.....	1877, 78, b.
Munson, Oliver G.....	Viroqua, Vernon.....	1897, 99.
Murphy, Dennis.....	Shullsburg, Lafayette.....	1849, 50.
Murphy, J. W.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1879, 83, b.
Nash, Wm. F.....	Two Rivers, Manitowoc.....	1889, 91, 93, b.
Nason, Joel F.....	St. Croix Falls, Polk.....	1885, 87.
Nelson, William.....	Viroqua, Vernon.....	1872, 73.
Novins, Sylvester L.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1875, 1876.
Newman, Alfred W.....	Trempealeau, Trempealeau.....	1868, 69, b.
Norton, Otis W.....	Milton, Rock.....	1848, 49, 50.
Officer, James C.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1895.
O'Neill, Edward.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1856, 57, b.
O'Rourke, Patrick H.....	Cascade, Sheboygan.....	1873, 74, b.
Paddock, Francis.....	Salem, Kenosha.....	1855.
Palmer, Andrew.....	Janeville, Rock.....	1851, 52.
Palmer, Henry L.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1867, 68, b.
Palmetier, Charles.....	Lake Geneva, Walworth.....	1882, 83.
Parry, William T.....	Portage, Columbia.....	1883, 85, b.
Paul, George H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1878, 79, 80, 81.
Pelee, Clarence E.....	Germania, Marquette.....	1895, 97.
Persons, E. W.....	De Pere, Brown.....	1883, 91.
Pettibone, C. A.....	Juneau, Dodge.....	1887, 89.
Pettit, Milton H.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1870, 71.
Phalen, Dennis T.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1893, 96, b.
Phillips, Albert L.....	Racine, Racine.....	1881, 82, b.
Phillips, Charles H.....	Lake Mills, Jefferson.....	1879, b.
Phillips, E. S.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1860, 61.
Phillips, John.....	Stevens Point, Portage.....	1896, 97.
Phillips, W. H.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1891, 93.
Pier, Edward.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1856, 57, 58, 59.
Pinkel, John L.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1882, 83.
Pinckney, Bertine.....	Rosendale, Fond du Lac.....	1852, 53, b.
Pond, L. E.....	Westfield, Marquette.....	1887, 89.
Pope, Carl C.....	Black River Falls, Jackson.....	1864, 65, b.
Potter, Robert L. D.....	Wautoma, Waushara.....	1873, 74, 75, 76.
Pratt, George C.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1862, 63.
Pratt, Samuel.....	Spring Prairie, Walworth.....	1870, 71, 72, 73, b.
Pratt, Geo. W.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1891, 93, b.
Premier, Judson.....	Wartown, Jefferson.....	1852, 53.
Price, H. H.....	Black River Falls, Jackson.....	1889, 91.
Price, William T.....	Black River Falls, Jackson.....	1857, 70, 71, 78, 79, 80, 81, b.
Pronk, Andrew.....	Madison, Dane.....	1858, 59.
Pronk, James K.....	Madison, Dane.....	1866, 67.
Purdy, William S.....	Viroqua, Vernon.....	1863.
Putnam, Henry C.....	Brodhead, Green.....	1895, 97.
Quarles, Joseph V.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1880, 81, b.
Quentin, Charles.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1861, 62.
Quimby, John B.....	Sauk City, Sauk.....	1872, 73, 74, 75.
Randall, Archibald N.....	Brodhead, Green.....	1882, 83.
Rankin, Joseph.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1877, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, b.
Ranney, Joel W.....	West Salem, La Crosse.....	1867, 68.
Reed, John M.....	Keweenaw, Keweenaw.....	1874, 75, b.
Reed, Duncan C.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1850, 51, 52, 53.
Reed, George.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1865, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70.
Reed, Myron.....	Waupaca, Waupaca.....	1871, 72.
Reed, Orson.....	Summit, Waukesha.....	1866, 67, b.
Reed, William W.....	Jefferson, Jefferson.....	1875, 76, 77, 78, 83, 85, b.
Rermert, James D.....	Denoon, Waukesha.....	1854, 55, b.
Reynolds, J. C.....	Lake Geneva, Walworth.....	1889, 91.
Reynolds, John F.....	Genoa Junction, Racine.....	1889.
Reynolds, Benoni O.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1878, 79, b.
Reynolds, H. P.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1864, 65.
Rice, John A.....	Merton, Waukesha.....	1870, 71, 74, 75, 78, 79.
Rich, Joel.....	Juneau, Dodge.....	1862, 63.

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SENATORS--Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Richardson, Hamilton....	Janesville, Rock.....	1877, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, b
Richmond, George N....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1878, 79, b.
Ring, M. C.	Neenawille, Clark.....	1885, b.
Ringle, John.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1883, 85, b.
Ritch, William G.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1868.
Rittenhouse, W.....	Monroe, Green.....	1850, 51.
Riordan, Daniel E.....	Eagle River, Vilas.....	1897, 99.
Rodolf, Charles G.....	Orion, Richland.....	1899, 60, b.
Roehr, Judas E.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1897, 99.
Rolfe, James.....	Jackson, Washington.....	1855.
Rose, Solomon L.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1856, 57, b.
Rounds, William P.....	Menasha, Winnebago.....	1875, 76, b.
Rountree, John H.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1850, 51, 66, 67, b.
Rust, William A.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1887, 89.
Ryan, James.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1876, 77.
Ryland, George W.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1880, 81, 82, 83.
Sacket, Hobart S.....	Berlin, Green Lake.....	1877, 78, 79, 80, b.
Sanderson, Robert B.....	Poynette, Columbia.....	1867, 68, b.
Schantz, Adam.....	Addison, Washington.....	1868, 69, 70, 71, 73, 74, b.
Schlichting, Reinhard....	Chilton, Calumet.....	1874, 75.
Schmidt, Carl H.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1871, 72, 73, 74, b.
Schneider, Philip.....	Barton, Washington.....	1877, 78, b.
Seefeld, Edward.....	Oconto, Oconto.....	1867, 89.
Schnette, John.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1875, 76.
Schulteis, H. J.....	Port Washington, Ozaukee.....	1857, 58.
Scott, Thomas B.....	Grand Rapids, Wood.....	1873, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82.
Seaton, James W.....	Potosi, Grant.....	1853, b.
Seeley, M. W.....	Marquette, Green Lake.....	1859, 60.
Sessions, Milan H.....	Waupaca, Waupaca.....	1865, 66, b.
Sharpstein, John R.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1852, 53, b.
Sherman, Benjamin F.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1883, 85, b.
Sholes, Charles C.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1866, 67, b.
Sholes, C. Latham.....	Racine, Racine.....	1848, 49.
Sholes, C. Latham.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1856, 57, b.
Silverman, Lion.....	Ozaukee, Ozaukee.....	1859.
Silverthorn, Willis C.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1875, 76, b.
Simpson, Edward B.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1881, 82, b.
Simpson, Philemon B.....	Shullsburg, Lafayette.....	1857, 58, 59, 60, b.
Smend, S. M.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1883.
Smith, Augustus L.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1866, 67.
Smith, Horatio N.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1853, 54, b.
Smith, John B.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1849, 50.
Smith, Patrick H.....	Plymouth, Sheboygan.....	1880, 81, 82, 83.
Smith, Perry H.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1856, 57, b.
Smith, William E.....	Fox Lake, Dodge.....	1878, 59, 64, 65, b.
Solliday, Albert.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1891, 93, 95, 97.
Spensley, Calvert.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1893, 95.
Spooner, Wymau.....	Elkhorn, Walworth.....	1862, 63, b.
Sprague, Fred A.....	Eagleville, Waukesha.....	1844, 50.
Squires, Joel C.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1852, 53, b.
Stanchfield, S. B.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1889, 91, b.
Stanley, Wm. S., Jr.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1883, 85, b.
Starks, Argulus W.....	Barnaboo, Sauk.....	1866, 67, b.
Stebbins, De Wayne.....	Algoma, Kewaunee.....	1895, 97, 99, b.
Steele, Elijah.....	Pike, Kenosha.....	1840.
Sterling, Levi.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1851, 52, 53, 54, b.
Stevens, Henry.....	Caledonia Center, Racine.....	1867, 68, 69, 70, b.
Stewart, Alva.....	Fort Atkinson, Jefferson.....	1852, 53, b.
Stewart, John W.....	Monroe, Green.....	1860, 61.
Strong, Bennett U.....	Spring Green, Sauk.....	1870, 71.
Stout, James H.....	Menomonie, Dunn.....	1895, 97, 99.
Sutherland, George E.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1880, 81.
Sutherland, James.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1855, 56, 57, 58.
Swain, George W.....	Chaseburg, Vernon.....	1878, 79.
Swent, John B.....	Black Earth, Dane.....	1860, 61, b.
Sweet, Benjamin J.....	Chilton, Calumet.....	1861.
Tate, J. Henry.....	Viroqua, Vernon.....	1876, 77, b.
Taylor, Chas. S.....	Barron, Barron.....	1869, 91, b.
Taylor, David.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1875, 56, 69, 70, b.
Taylor, H. A.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1869.
Taylor, William B.....	Cottage Grove, Dane.....	1859, 60, b.

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SENATORS—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Trayer, Lyman W.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1893, 95, 97, 99, b.
Thomas, John E.....	Shelbygan Falls, Shelbygan.....	1863, 64, b.
Thomas, Ormsby B.....	Prairie du Chien, Crawford.....	1880, 81.
Thorn, Gerelt T.....	Jefferson, Jefferson.....	1867, 68, b.
Thorp, Frederick O.....	West Bend, Washington.....	1862, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67.
Thorp, Hermon S.....	Cypress, Kenosha.....	1862, 63, b.
Thorp, Joseph G.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1868, 67, 72, 73.
Thurber, Samuel H.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1879, 60.
Timme, Ernst G.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1895, 97.
Todd, S. J.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1867, 68.
Torry, Return D.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1877, 78.
Town, Hiram S.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1870, 71.
Treat, Joseph B.....	Monroe, Green.....	1876, 77, 78, 79.
Tucker, William H.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1858, 59.
Turner, Harvey G.....	Ozaukee, Ozaukee.....	1851, 62.
Turner, Joseph.....	Prairieville, Waukesha.....	1848.
Turner, Peter H.....	Palmyra, Jefferson.....	1850, 51.
Utley, William L.....	Racine, Racine.....	1861, 62, b.
Van Schaick, Isaac W.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1877, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82.
Van Steenwyck, Gysbert.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1879, 80, b.
Van Wyck, Anthony.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1864, 65, 68, 69.
Vilas, Joseph, Jr.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1863, 64.
Virgin, Noah H.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1858, 59, 60, 61.
Vittum, David S.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1853, 54.
Voss, Wm. F.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1891, 93.
Waddington, J. S.....	Argyle, Lafayette.....	1885, 87.
Wagner, Joseph.....	Calvary, Fond du Lac.....	1872, 73, 74, 75, b.
Wakeley, Eeazer.....	Whitewater, Walworth.....	1852, 53, 54, 55, b.
Walker, Lyman.....	Ahnapee, Kewaunee.....	1870, 71, b.
Wall, Thomas.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1883, 85, b.
Walsh, Patrick.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1858, 59, b.
Ware, James F.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1885, 87, b.
Waring, George D.....	Berlin, Green Lake.....	1869, 70.
Warner, Clement E.....	Winnecon, Dane.....	1867, 68, b.
Warner, Hans B.....	Ellsworth, Pierce.....	1885, 85.
Warren, John H.....	Albany, Green.....	1858, 59.
Washburn, G. W.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1859, 60.
Weaver, Richard.....	Sussex, Waukesha.....	1880, 81, b.
Webb, Charles M.....	Grand Rapids, Wood.....	1869, 70, 83.
Webb, Henry G.....	Wautoma, Waushara.....	1865, 66, 67, 68, b.
Webbsellerg, Julius.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1885, 87.
Weed, Henry I.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1899.
Weeks, Thompson D.....	Whitewater, Walworth.....	1874, 75, 93, 95, b.
Weil, Baruch S.....	West Bend, Washington.....	1853, 56, 57, b.
Welch, David E.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1876, 77, 78, 79, b.
Welton, Chauncey B.....	Madison, Dane.....	1897, 99.
Wescott, Dayne E.....	Shawano, Shawano.....	1893, 95.
Wescott, Walter S.....	Monroe, Green.....	1856, 65, b.
West, E. B.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1852.
West, Edmund A.....	Monroe, Green.....	1862, 63, b.
West, Francis H.....	Monroe, Green.....	1854, 55, b.
Whelan, John W.....	Mondovi, Buffalo.....	1897, 99, b.
Wheeler, Edwin.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1857, 58.
Wheeler, Geo. F.....	Shnappa, Fond du Lac.....	1864, 65, 66, 67.
White, Philo.....	Racine, Racine.....	1897, 99.
Whitehead, John M.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1897, 99.
Whitman, Alexander B.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1897, 99.
Whitman, Joel.....	Dodgeville, Iowa.....	1867, 68.
Whittlesey, T. T.....	Madison, Dane.....	1853, 54.
Whittle, Christian.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1887, 89, b.
Wiley, James F.....	Hancock, Waushara.....	1881, 82, 83, 85.
Wilson, Smith S.....	Prairie du Sac, Sauk.....	1862, 63, 64, 65.
Willard, Victor M.....	Waterford, Racine.....	1849, 50.
Williams, Charles G.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1869, 70, 71, 72.
Williams, Charles H.....	Fox Lake, Dodge.....	1877, 78.
Williams, M. B.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1848, 49.
Williams, Nelson.....	Stoughton, Dane.....	1869, 70, b.
Willmot, Gilead J.....	West Bend, Washington.....	1875, 76.
Wilson, DeWitt C.....	Sparta, Monroe.....	1868, b.
Wilson, William.....	Menomonie, Dunn.....	1857.

b. See list of Assemblymen.

SENATORS—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Wilson, William K.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1863, 64, 65, 66, b.
Withee, Levi.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1893, 95, 97, 99.
Wing, Merrick P.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1877, 78, 81, 82.
Wolf, Louis.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.	1878, 79, b.
Woodman, Edwin E.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1880, 81.
Woodman, William W..	Farmington, Jefferson.....	1869, 70, 71, 72, b.
Woodnorth, J. H.....	Waupaca, Waupaca.....	1891, 93.
Woodworth, D. W.....	Ellsworth, Pierce.....	1895, 97, 99.
Worthington, Denison....	Summit, Waukesha.....	1855, 56, 58, 59, 60, 61, b.
Wright, Hiram A.....	Prairie du Chien, Crawford	1851, 52, b.
Yahr, F. T.....	Princeton, Green Lake.....	1891, 93.
Youmans, Clarion A.....	Nellisville, Clark.....	1895, 97.
Young, Austin H.....	Prescott, Pierce.....	1864, 65.
Young, Elias K.....	Glen Haven, Grant.....	1862, 63, 64, 65, b.
Young, Van Eps.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1867.
Young, William.....	Medina, Outagamie.....	1868, 69.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Abbott, Chauncy.....	Madison, Dane.....	1850.
Abbott, Samuel G.....	Verona, Dane.....	1855.
Abbott, Simeon W.....	Spring Valley, Rock.....	1852.
Abell, Alfred H.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1877.
Abert, George.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1861, 62, 63, 68, 69, 70, 72.
Abert, George A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1882, 83, 83, b.
Abrams, Delos.....	Bloomington, Grant.....	1875.
Abrams, William J.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1864, 65, 66, 67, b.
Ackermann, Christian.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1885, 97.
Adams, John W.....	Kewaunee, Kewaunee.....	1889.
Adams, John.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1887.
Adams, Benjamin F.....	Door Creek, Dane.....	1862, 72.
Adams, Ebenezer.....	Yorkville, Racine.....	1855.
Adams, George H.....	Danville, Dodge.....	1864.
Adams, Henry.....	Monticello, Green.....	1848, b.
Adams, Henry C.....	Madison, Dane.....	1883, 85.
Adams, Isaac.....	Door Creek, Dane.....	1867, 75.
Adams, James M.....	Oconto, Oconto.....	1870.
Adams, John.....	Black Earth, Dane.....	1869, 70, 72, b.
Adams, John Q.....	Fall River, Columbia.....	1833, 63, b.
Adams, Michael.....	Columbus, Columbia.....	1872, 83.
Adamson, Wm. A.....	Eldorado Mills, Fond du Lac.....	1880.
Adland, Knud.....	North Cape, Racine.....	1879.
Agén, James H.....	West Superior, Douglas.....	1897.
Agry, David.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1848.
Ahlhauser, Anthony.....	Saukville, Ozaukee.....	1860.
Aken, Robert.....	Richland, Richland.....	1856.
Albers, Wilhelm T.....	Hika, Manitowoc.....	1883.
Alcott, Denison.....	Spring Valley, Rock.....	1863.
Alden, Albert.....	Delafield, Waukesha.....	1849, 58, 60.
Alden Alvin B.....	Portage, Columbia.....	1858.
Alden, Levi.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1856.
Aldrich, Alma M.....	Spring Prairie, Walworth.....	1878.
Aldrich, William.....	Two Rivers, Manitowoc.....	1859.
Allan, James, Jr.....	Adell, Sheboygan.....	1879.
Allen, Abas F.....	Gilmanton, Buffalo.....	1871.
Allen, Anson C.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1879.
Allen, Dwight S.....	Lake Geneva, Walworth.....	1889.
Allen, Fayette.....	Durand, Pepin.....	1864, 67, 69.
Allen, George.....	Linn, Walworth.....	1855.
Allen, George R.....	Genoa Junction, Walworth.....	1880.
Allen, Gideon W.....	Sturgeon Bay, Door.....	1872.
Allen, Henry.....	Port Washington, Wash.....	1848.
Allen, James H.....	Sparta, Monroe.....	1873.
Allen, Joseph.....	New California, Grant.....	1867.
Allen, Lucids.....	East Troy, Walworth.....	1864.
Allen, Philip.....	Browntown, Green.....	1889.
Allen, Thomas S.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1857.
Allen, William C.....	Delavan, Walworth.....	1866, 67.
Allen, William P.....	Sharon, Walworth.....	1854.
Alling, Alexander M.....	Saukville, Ozaukee.....	1858.
Allison, William.....	Durand, Pepin.....	1880.
Altenhofen, Mathias.....	Kewaskum, Washington.....	1860.
Anderson, Andrew J.....	Argyle, Lafayette.....	1877.
Anderson, Canute.....	Grantsburg, Burnett.....	1878, 83.
Anderson, John.....	Apple River (Ill.), Lafayette.....	1875.
Anderson, J. S.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1889.
Anderson, Matthew.....	Cross Plains, Dane.....	1871, b.
Anderson, Nels.....	Scandinavia, Waupaca.....	1880.
Anderson, Nicholas.....	Albion, Dane.....	1899.
Anderson, Ole.....	Esosfen, Vernon.....	1875.
Anderson, Thomas W.....	Stevens Point, Portage.....	1876.
Anson, Charles H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1891.
Anson, Frank A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1895, 97.
Anson, John.....	Winchester, Winnebago.....	1856, 57.
Apple, Adam.....	North Cape, Racine.....	1882, 83, 85, 87, b.
Armstrong, Charles.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1853.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Armstrong, John.....	Wlota, Lafayette.....	1866.
Armstrong, William H....	Darlington, Lafayette.....	1873.
Arnold, Alexander H.....	Galesville, Trempealeau.....	1871, 80, b.
Arnold, Aloysius.....	New Coelin, Milwaukee.....	1877.
Arnold, Douglas.....	Williamsburg, Trempealeau.....	1860.
Arnold, Fayette P.....	South Grove, Walworth.....	1862.
Arnold, Josiah.....	Portage, Columbia.....	1878.
Arnot, William E.....	Plover, Portage.....	1877.
Ashley, Oliver.....	Fox Lake, Dodge.....	1863, 66.
Ashley, Yates.....	Pardeeville, Columbia.....	1863, 64.
Aspinwall, Delatus M....	Farmington, Jefferson.....	1857.
Atherton, G. F. A.....	Emerald Grove, Rock.....	1848.
Atherton, George R.....	Clinton, Rock.....	1857.
Atwater, Allen H.....	Oak Grove, Dodge.....	1854, 71, 72.
Atwood, David.....	Madison, Dane.....	1861.
Ausman, Henry.....	Elk Mound, Dunn.....	1879.
Austin, Wm. H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1893.
Austin, William J.....	Leon, Monroe.....	1881.
Averbeck, Maximilian....	Emmett, Dodge.....	1852.
Avery, Frank.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1887, b.
Ayers, Almon P.....	Quincy, Adams.....	1838.
Ayes, D. Cooper.....	Fort Howard, Brown.....	1868, 71, 72.
Ayes, Maurice L.....	Burlington, Racine.....	1849.
Babcock, Alexander O....	East Troy, Walworth.....	1850.
Babcock, Ezekiel.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1882.
Babcock, J. W.....	Necedah, Juneau.....	1889, 91.
Babcock, Oscar.....	Decotah, Waushara.....	1865, 68.
Bachuber, Andrew.....	Knowles, Dodge.....	1885.
Bachuber, Max.....	Farmersville, Dodge.....	1860, 64, 75.
Bacon, Orrin.....	Monticello, Green.....	181, b.
Bacon, Winchel D.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1853.
Bacon, Frank L.....	Waupun, Fond du Lac.....	1885.
Bailey, Alexander.....	Salem, Kenosha.....	1870.
Bailey, Elias P.....	Menomonie, Dunn.....	1872.
Bailey, Ellihu.....	Mill Creek, Richland.....	1861, 71, 77, 79.
Bailey, S. J.....	Menomonie, Dunn.....	1889.
Bailey, L. S.....	Oconto, Oconto.....	1891.
Bainbridge, Thomas.....	Benton, Lafayette.....	1872, 81.
Baker, James.....	East Troy, Walworth.....	1858.
Baker, John A.....	Waupun, Fond du Lac.....	1871.
Baker, P. O.....	Mt. Vernon, Dane.....	1889.
Baker, Samuel H.....	Bristol, Dane.....	1854.
Baker, Thomas.....	Patrie du Sac, Sauk.....	1875.
Baker, William Y.....	Tomah, Monroe.....	1878.
Baker, Edmund U.....	Edmund, Iowa.....	1891.
Balch, Albert V.....	Weyauwega, Waupaca.....	1870.
Baldock, Jeremiah W....	Brant, Calumet.....	1899.
Baldwin, Asa L.....	Baldwin's Mills, Waupaca.....	1877.
Baldwin, George.....	Chilton, Calumet.....	1866, b.
Baldwin, Lewis L.....	Racine, Racine.....	1869.
Baldwin, Phineas.....	Oregon, Dane.....	1872, 77.
Bail, Hiram J.....	Palmyra, Jefferson.....	1871, 78.
Ballach, William.....	Yorkville, Racine.....	1859.
Ballantine, George.....	Patch Grove, Grant.....	1866.
Bancroft, Darius L.....	Waupun, Dodge.....	1852, 74.
Bannester, John.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1851, 62.
Bannon, James.....	New Cassel, Fond du Lac.....	1891.
Barney, A. B.....	Spencer, Marathon.....	1893.
Barber, Hiram.....	Oak Grove, Dodge.....	1849.
Barber, J. Allen.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1852, 53, 63, 64, b.
Barber, Silas.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1868, 75.
Barber, Whitman A.....	Waldo, Sheboygan.....	1899.
Barber, William A.....	Warren Mills, Monroe.....	1882.
Barden, Levi W.....	Portage, Columbia.....	1865, b.
Barden, Marcus.....	Pardeeville, Columbia.....	1860, 75.
Bardwell, Sherman.....	Plainfield, Waushara.....	1873.
Barliss, Andrew.....	Emerald Grove, Rock.....	1874, 75, 76.
Barlow, Frederic G.....	Rock Falls, Dunn.....	1878.
Barlow, John M.....	New Lisbon, Juneau.....	1860.
Barlow, Stephen S.....	Elkhorn, Walworth.....	1852, b.
Barlow, Stephen S.....	Deltou, Sauk.....	1867, b.
Barnard, Henry C.....	Avoca, Iowa.....	1870, 71.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

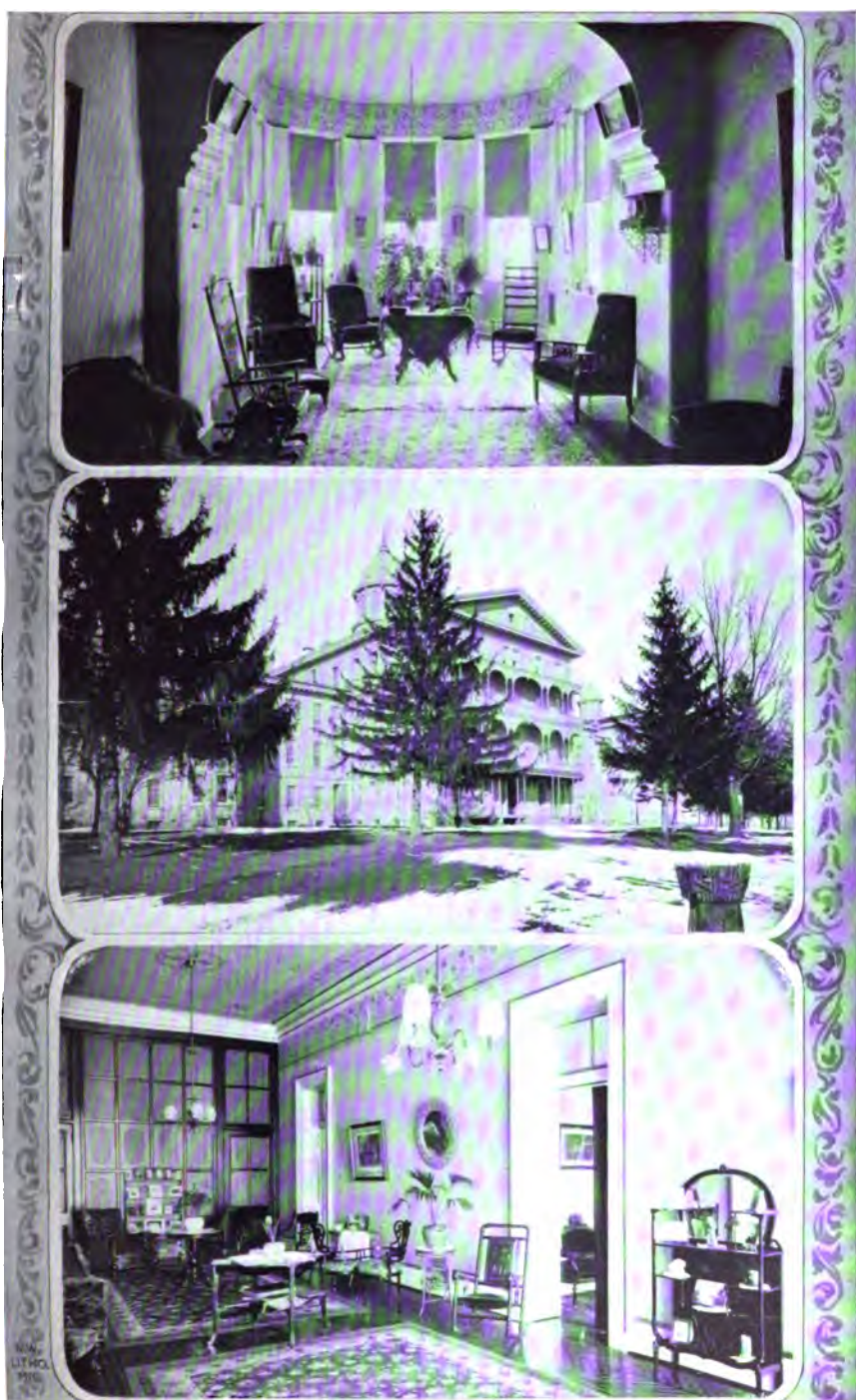
Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Barnes, Dwight B.....	Delavan, Walworth.....	1880, 81.
Barnes, Harry.....	Middleton, Dane.....	1853, 54.
Barnes, Henry W.....	Wiot, Lafayette.....	1857, 70, 71.
Barnes, Horace W.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1852, 68.
Barnes, S. K.....	, Fond du Lac.....	1859.
Barnes, William P.....	Barton, Washington.....	1853.
Barnett, Morris S.....	Eldorado, Fond du Lac.....	1851, 57.
Barney, Benj. F.....	Mayville, Dodge.....	1854, 56.
Barney, J. A.....	Mayville, Dodge.....	1859.
Barnum, George S.....	Waukau, Winnebago.....	1860, 64, b.
Barnum, Marcus H.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1897.
Barnes, Caleb P.....	Burlington, Racine.....	1850, 55.
Barrett, James M.....	Trempealeau, Trempealeau.....	1878.
Barron, Henry D.....	St. Croix Falls, Polk.....	1863, 64, 66, 67, 68, 69, 72, 73, b.
Barron, Quartus H.....	Fox Lake, Dodge.....	1857, 62.
Barron, Warren C. S.....	Loyd, Richland.....	1868.
Barrows, Augustus R.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1878.
Barry, A. Constantine.....	Sylvan, Kenosha.....	1864.
Barry, James.....	Peplin, Peplin.....	1879.
Barry, Thomas.....	Erlin, Washington.....	1862.
Barter, Samuel.....	Markesan, Green Lake.....	1879.
Barth, John.....	Kiel, Manitowoc.....	1870.
Bartholf, J. C.....	Milton, Rock.....	1855, 87.
Bartholomew, G. M.....	Lodi, Columbia.....	1857.
Bartlett, Frederick K.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1857.
Bartlett, James O.....	Racine, Racine.....	1866.
Bartlett, Oscar F.....	East Troy, Walworth.....	1853, 54.
Bartlett, William B.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1882.
Bartlett, William P.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1860, 73.
Bartran, William H.....	Elmville, Brown.....	1873, 74.
Bashford, Luther.....	Glen Haven, Grant.....	1859, 70.
Bassett, Reuben L.....	Wilmet, Kenosha.....	1862.
Bassinger, Samuel H.....	Prairie du Sac, Sauk.....	1858.
Bate, Arthur.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1882.
Bate, James A.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1871.
Bates, Allen C.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1862, 63, 64.
Bates, Richard B.....	Racine, Racine.....	1872.
Baxter, John R. G.....	Black River Falls, Jackson.....	1869.
Beach, Carl W.....	Pardeeville, Columbia.....	1870.
Beach, Horace.....	Prairie du Chien, Crawford.....	1864.
Beach, Wood R.....	Beetown, Grant.....	1864.
Beach, Zenas.....	Eastman, Crawford.....	1875.
Beach, Joseph B.....	Whitehall, Trempealeau.....	1897.
Bean, David R.....	Waukau, Winnebago.....	1862, 80.
Beard, John.....	Plain, Sauk.....	1861.
Beard John F.....	Warren (Ill.), Lafayette.....	1874.
Beardsley, James W.....	Prescott, Pierce.....	1862.
Beath, John.....	Verona, Dane.....	1869.
Beattie, Thomas.....	Stoughton, Dane.....	1880.
Beaumont, Eph.....	Hartland, Waukesha.....	1889.
Becher, John A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1873.
Bechtel, Daniel.....	Madison, Dane.....	1897.
Beck, Jacob.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1859.
Beck, William.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1852.
Becker, Moritz N.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1872, 73.
Becker, Nicholas E.....	Random Lake, Sheboygan.....	1899.
Beckman, Charles.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1874.
Beckwith, Abijah.....	Lone Rock, Sauk.....	1882.
Beckwith, George W.....	Omro, Winnebago.....	1859.
Beckwith, Nelson F.....	Omro, Winnebago.....	1872.
Beche, M. P.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1889.
Beercoft, Henry.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1854.
Beger, Charles.....	Port Washington, Ozaukee.....	1856.
Belden, Philo.....	Rochester, Racine.....	1853, 64, 66, b.
Belding, Henry K.....	Black Earth, Dane.....	1858.
Bell, Charles J.....	Johnson's Creek, Jefferson.....	1854.
Bell, John.....	Lafayette, Walworth.....	1853.
Bemis, Kiron W.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1858.
Bennett, Alvery A.....	Glen Haven, Grant.....	1866, 67.
Bennett, George.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1859.
Bennett, Isaac M.....	Evansville, Rock.....	1870.
Bennett, James.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1855.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Bennett, Jesse.....	Fountain City, Buffalo.....	1859.
Bennett, Jesse.....	Sparta, Monroe.....	1869.
Bennett, Joseph.....	Dodgeville, Iowa.....	1876.
Bennett, Michael J.....	Pine Knob, Iowa.....	1887.
Bennett, Michael J.....	Clyde, Iowa.....	1889.
Bennett, Steven O.....	Raymond, Racine.....	1890, b.
Bennett, Van S.....	Rockton, Vernon.....	1869, 70, b.
Benson, Lewis.....	Oakland, Jefferson.....	1899.
Benson, Lewis M.....	Lowell, Dodge.....	1868.
Benson, Schuyler W.....	Genoa Junction, Walworth.....	1861.
Bentley, John.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1863, 78, 79, 80.
Brouaer, Edward.....	Ashford, Fond du Lac.....	1854.
Berg, Frederick R.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1858.
Bernhard, Theodore.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1854.
Berry, James.....	Springville, Vernon.....	1865.
Bertram, Henry.....	Watertown, Dodge.....	1870.
Bease, Henry L.....	Butternut, Ashland.....	1895.
Bettis, Benjamin H.....	Ladoga, Fond du Lac.....	1860, 61, 69, 71.
Biddlecome, William R.....	Potosi, Grant.....	1851.
Billinghurst, Charles.....	Juneau, Dodge.....	1848.
Billings, Henry M.....	Constance, Iowa.....	1858, b.
Bingham, James M.....	Palmyra, Jefferson.....	1862, 64, 69, 70.
Bingham, James M.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1874.
Birchard, Matthew.....	Fennimore, Grant.....	1868.
Bird, Augustus A.....	Madison, Dane.....	1851, 56.
Bird, Ira W.....	Madison, Dane.....	1849.
Bird, Joseph N. P.....	Wautoma, Waushara.....	1869.
Bishop, Benjamin P.....	Brownsville, Dodge.....	1882.
Bishop, George W.....	Wonevot, Juneau.....	1882, 83.
Bishop, John C.....	LeRoy, Dodge.....	1850.
Rjornson, Gabriel.....	Perry, Dane.....	1851.
Black, John.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1872, b.
Black, Samuel.....	Menomonie, Dunn.....	1877.
Blackman, William W.....	Stoughton, Dane.....	1859, 80, 84.
Blackstock, Thomas.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1860.
Blackstone, John W.....	Shullsburg, Lafayette.....	1879.
Blake, Edward R.....	Ozaukee, Ozaukee.....	1874, b.
Blake, Lucius S.....	Racine, Racine.....	1871.
Blake, George H.....	Rochester, Racine.....	1865.
Blakeslee, Albert P.....	Johnstown, Rock.....	1848.
Blakeslee, Chauncy.....	Sparta, Monroe.....	1877.
Blakeslee, Ephraim.....	Ironton, Sauk.....	1880, 81.
Blanchard, Caleb S.....	East Troy, Walworth.....	1880.
Blanshan, Jacob.....	Scott, Sheboygan.....	1870.
Blazer, Henry.....	Mequon River, Ozaukee.....	1856.
Bleckman, Adelbert E.....	Tomah, Monroe.....	1873, b.
Blenski, Michael.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1893.
Bliss, Albert.....	Reedstown, Vernon.....	1864, 67.
Bliss, Charles F.....	Racine, Racine.....	1874, 75.
Bliss, George W.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1870.
Block, Hyman E.....	Potosi, Grant.....	1853.
Blodgett, Dudley C.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1862.
Blood, Ira.....	Mukwonago, Waukesha.....	1859.
Blout, Jere A.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1876.
Bly, George W.....	Waupun, Dodge.....	1861.
Blyton, William H.....	Sparta, Monroe.....	1883, 85, 89.
Bock, Joseph.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1876, 77.
Bodden, Jacob.....	Theresa, Dodge.....	1861, 66, 74.
Bodenstab, Julius.....	Howard's Grove, Sheboygan.....	1873, 74.
Bogan, W. H. P.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1866, 67.
Bohan, John R.....	Ozaukee, Ozaukee.....	1859, 72, b.
Bohne, Johan H.....	Meeme, Manitowoc.....	1868, 69.
Bolender, John.....	Monroe, Green.....	1882, 83.
Boneel, Andrew H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1896.
Bond, Joseph.....	Mukwonago, Waukesha.....	1848, 55.
Bonney, James H.....	Bellefontaine, Columbia.....	1861.
Bonnin, Christian.....	Bonduel, Shawano.....	1895.
Bonninwell, W. T., Jr.....	Cedarburg, Ozaukee.....	1864, 65.
Boomer, Edward J.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1874.
Boorse, Washington.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1880.
Booth, Charles E.....	Elroy, Juneau.....	1876.
Borchardt, Francis J.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1882.
Borchsenius, Hans.....	Baldwin, St. Croix.....	1897.
Costedo, Louis.....	Weyauwega, Waupaca.....	1856.

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STATE HOSPITAL FOR INSANE, MENDOTA.

MEMBERS OF WISCONSIN LEGISLATURES.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Bostwick, Perry.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1864.
Bosustow, John.....	Yorkville, Racine.....	1880.
Botkin, Alexander.....	Madison, Dane.....	1852, b.
Bottom, Henry C.....	West Rosendale, Fond du Lac.....	1868, 69, 79.
Bonck, Gabriel.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1860, 74.
Bonheur, Philip.....	Springville, Vernon.....	1885.
Boutin, Nelson.....	Kewaunee, Kewaunee.....	1864.
Bovay, Alvan E.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1859, 60.
Bow, Orrin W.....	Kingston, Green Lake.....	1860, 78, 83, 93.
Bowe, Frank.....	Rosendale, Fond du Lac.....	1891.
Bowen, Jedediah.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1871.
Bowles, Thomas J.....	Elo, Winnebago.....	1881, 82.
Bowman, Jonathan.....	Kilbourn City, Columbia.....	1862, 74, b.
Bowron, Joseph.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1848, 49.
Boyce, Abram A.....	Lodi, Dane.....	1851, 65.
Boyce, Hilton W.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1862.
Boyd, John.....	Calumet, Fond du Lac.....	1855, 60, 62, 70.
Boyd, Thomas.....	Calumet, Fond du Lac.....	1865.
Boyden, Philo Q.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1875, 76.
Brace, Henry C.....	Fall River, Columbia.....	1872, 73.
Bracken, Charles.....	Mineral Point, Lafayette.....	1858.
Brackett, Joseph W.....	Brookfield, Waukesha.....	1848.
Brader, Isaac G.....	Waunakee, Dane.....	1893.
Bradberry, Joshua.....	Mt. Ida, Grant.....	1895.
Bradford, Ira B.....	Augusta, Eau Claire.....	1880, 81.
Bradford, Simeon S.....	Union Grove, Racine.....	1861.
Bradley, John.....	Bangor, La Crosse.....	1875, 76, 79, 80, 81.
Bradley, Wm. T.....	Leeds, Columbia.....	1861.
Brand, Frederick C. G.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1883.
Brandon, William.....	Snelser's Grove, Grant.....	1862, 65.
Brannan, Samuel S.....	Portage, Columbia.....	1873.
Brauer, Henry A.....	Shawano, Shawano.....	1893.
Braun, Lorentus J.....	Marquette, Green Lake.....	1865, 85.
Brazeau, Alexander.....	Oconto, Oconto.....	1873.
Brazelton, Reed C.....	Scott, Sheboygan.....	1856.
Bredemeyer, John.....	Edwards, Sheboygan.....	1861.
Bremner, George.....	Union Grove, Racine.....	1871.
Brennan, Maurice B.....	Morrison, Brown.....	1881.
Brick, Nathan.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1870.
Briggs, Andrew.....	Bad Ax, Bad Ax.....	1862, 56.
Briggs, Darius W.....	Mt. Sterling, Crawford.....	1871.
Briggs, John R.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1850.
Briggs, Melancthon J.....	Dodgeville, Iowa.....	1881.
Briggs, Perry R.....	Mauston, Juneau.....	1871.
Briggs, Robert M.....	Heetown, Grant.....	1849, 51.
Briggs, Suel.....	New Amsterdam, La Crosse.....	1878.
Briggs, H. E.....	Madison, Dane.....	1891.
Brigham, Ebenezer.....	Blue Mounds, Dane.....	1848.
Brigham, J. R.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1887.
Brill, John.....	South Kaukauna, Outagamie.....	1893.
Brinkl, Syver E.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1887.
Brindley, John.....	Roscobel, Grant.....	1879, 80.
Brinkerhoff, John H.....	Waupun, Fond du Lac.....	1865.
Britton, William B.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1883.
Brock, Geo. H.....	Potosi, Grant.....	1869.
Brockway, Eustace L.....	Black River Falls, Jackson.....	1872.
Broderick, George.....	Hazel Green, Grant.....	1859.
Bronson, Seldon M.....	Menasha, Winnebago.....	1881.
Brooks, Wolcott T.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1860, 77.
Brost, Lambert.....	Hinsburg, Fond du Lac.....	1876, 77.
Brown, Armstead C.....	Potosi, Grant.....	1848.
Brown, Charles.....	Brookfield Center, Waukesha.....	1872.
Brown, Daniel.....	Elm Grove, Waukesha.....	1866.
Brown, Elida W.....	Weyauwega, Waupaca.....	1883.
Brown, George.....	Woodman, Grant.....	1876.
Brown, George W.....	Brookfield Center, Waukesha.....	1862.
Brown, Isaac.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1856.
Brown, James T.....	Clinton, Grant.....	1856.
Brown, Jedediah.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.....	1848, 49.
Brown, Orlando.....	Gilmantown, Buffalo.....	1862, b.
Brown, Samuel.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1850.
Brown, William G.....	Skinner, Green.....	1858.
Brown, William W.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1848.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Brown, Neal.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1891.
Brownson, John W.....	Sharon, Walworth.....	1882.
Bruemmer, Lewis.....	Kewaunee, Kewaunee.....	1883.
Brunquest, William.....	Waupaca, Waupaca.....	1886.
Bryant Edwin E.....	Madison, Dane.....	1878.
Bryant, Gustavus H.....	Lake Mills, Jefferson.....	1897.
Bryant, George E.....	Madison, Dane.....	1899, b.
Bryant, Oliver B.....	Rutland, Dane.....	1870.
Buchan, Alfred L.....	Racine.....	1899.
Buck, Erastus J.....	Westfield, Marquette.....	1861.
Buckbee, Francis A.....	Springfield, Walworth.....	1867, 74.
Buckstaff, George H.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1881, 82, b.
Buckstaff, George A.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1895, 97.
Buell, Chas. E.....	Sun Prairie, Dane.....	1885.
Buffington, Byron A.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1897, 99.
Bugh, Jacob S.....	Wautoma, Waushara.....	1860, 83.
Bugh, William A.....	Berlin, Green Lake.....	1866.
Bullard, Ernest L.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1891.
Bullard, Silas.....	Menasha, Winnebago.....	1895, 97.
Bullen, Winslow.....	Poynette, Columbia.....	1870.
Bullock, John D.....	Johnson's Creek, Jefferson.....	1878, 79, 80, 81.
Bump, Menzus R.....	Rock Falls, Dunn.....	1876.
Bunker, Nathaniel M.....	Troy Center, Walworth.....	1875.
Bunn, Romanzo.....	Galesville, Trempealeau.....	1860.
Burbank, Jerome.....	Brodhead, Green.....	1864.
Burchard, Charles.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1866.
Burdge, Richard J.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1879, 80, b.
Burdick, Burrows.....	Edgerton, Rock.....	1866.
Burdick, Henry P.....	Osceola Mills, Polk.....	1893, 95.
Burdick, Joseph C.....	Berlin, Green Lake.....	1870.
Burdick, Perca C.....	Albion, Dane.....	1853.
Burdick, Zebulon P.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1858.
Burgess, D. L.....	Salem, Kenosha.....	1889.
Burgess, John.....	Maxville, Buffalo.....	1865.
Burgess, Lathrop.....	Salem, Kenosha.....	1862, 57.
Burgit, William.....	East Troy, Walworth.....	1870, 74.
Burke, Michael B.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1891, 93.
Burnett, Ellsworth.....	River Falls, Pierce.....	1877.
Burnham, Charles T.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1878.
Burnham, Jonathan L.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1862.
Burnham, Miles.....	Danville, Dodge.....	1867.
Burnham, John F.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1897.
Burns, David M.....	Port Howard, Brown.....	1878.
Burns, Timothy.....	Dodgeville, Iowa.....	1849.
Burn, Benjamin.....	Stevens Point, Portage.....	1868.
Burroughs, Nelson.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1863.
Burrows, George B.....	Madison, Dane.....	1895, b.
Burt, James W.....	Mackford, Green Lake.....	1860.
Burtch, Albert.....	Mayville, Dodge.....	1893.
Burtch, Henry S.....	Farmersville, Dodge.....	1870.
Burton, Samuel S.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1864.
Burke, Timothy.....	Wayside, Brown.....	1895.
Bushnell, Allen R.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1872.
Bushnell, Milo C.....	Omro, Winnebago.....	1867, 68.
Butler, Ammi R. R.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1896.
Butler, Thomas.....	Mt. Pleasant, Racine.....	1862.
Butterfield, Henry L.....	Waupun, Dodge.....	1866.
Buttles, Mark M.....	Onalaska, La Crosse.....	1897, 99.
Button, Raiza W.....	City Point, Jackson.....	1883.
Button, Seth W.....	Trempealeau, Trempealeau.....	1873.
Buxton, Luther.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1868, 69.
Byers, F. W.....	Monroe, Green.....	1885.
Canbanis, George E.....	Big Patch, Grant.....	1872.
Canbanis, James H.....	Georgetown, Grant.....	1881, 82.
Cadby, John N.....	Merton, Waukesha.....	1895.
Cady, Charles A.....	Dell Prairie, Adams.....	1873, 74, 75.
Cahill, James.....	Franklin, Manitowish.....	1892, 63.
Cain, Charles.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1862.
Cairncross, George.....	Pewaukee, Waukesha.....	1867.
Caldwell, Columbus.....	Lind, Waupaca.....	1873, 74.
Caldwell, Geo. F.....	Augusta, Eau Claire.....	1889.
Caldwell, William.....	Barton, Washington.....	1848.
Calkins, George H.....	Waupaca, Waupaca.....	1875.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Callahan, Jonathan G....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1875.
Callis, John B.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1874.
Calwell, Sylvester.....	Cascade, Sheboygan.....	1869.
Cameron, Angus.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1866, 67, b.
Cameron, Dugald D.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1856, 57.
Cameron, Duncan E.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1858.
Cameron, John E.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1850.
Campden, Alexander.....	—, Iowa.....	1862.
Campbell, James.....	Albany, Green.....	1861.
Campbell, James M.....	Stevens Point, Portage.....	1848.
Campbell, Robert.....	Glendale, Monroe.....	1880.
Campion, James.....	Mackville, Outagamie.....	1883.
Cance, Robert.....	Ettrick, Trempealeau.....	1883.
Cannon, Lucius.....	Pepin, Pepin.....	1858.
Cantwell, Michael J.....	Madison, Dane.....	1885, 87.
Carbys, William.....	Mequon River, Ozaukee.....	1876.
Carel, John.....	Kewaunee, Kewaunee.....	1879.
Carey, John.....	Osman, Manitowoc.....	1879, 80, b.
Carey, Robert T.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1848.
Carlisle, Richard.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1853.
Carmichael, Thomas.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1874, 77, 82, 83.
Carney, Joseph.....	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee.....	1858.
Carpenter, Elisha L.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1859.
Carpenter, Joel R.....	Oconomowoc, Waukesha.....	1864.
Carpenter, Newton F.....	De Soto, Vernon.....	1866.
Carr, Egbert E.....	Monroe, Green.....	1866.
Carr, Solomon C.....	Milton Junction, Rock.....	1865, 74.
Carr, Warner C.....	Crystal Lake, Waupaca.....	1859.
Carroll, John P.....	Adell, Sheboygan.....	1866.
Carter, Almerin E.....	Johnstown, Rock.....	1868.
Carter, Benjamin F.....	Sherwood, Calumet.....	1874, 77, b.
Carter, Jarvis W.....	New London, Waupaca.....	1868.
Carter, William E.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1877, 78, 79.
Carthew, John.....	Rockville, Grant.....	1867, 70.
Cary, Alfred L.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1874.
Cary, Benjamin F.....	Johnstown, Rock.....	1861.
Cary, John W.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1872, b.
Cary, Luther H.....	Greenbush, Sheboygan.....	1855.
Case, John H.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1867, b.
Cash, William H. H.....	Eagle Corners, Richland.....	1880, 81.
Cashin, Patrick H.....	New Lisbon, Juneau.....	1877.
Caskey, La Fayette.....	Stevens Point, Portage.....	1897, 99.
Cassaday, John B.....	Potosi, Grant.....	1875.
Caswell, Lucien B.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1865, 77.
Caswell, Napoleon B.....	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson.....	1863, 72, 74.
Caswell, Oliver A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1874.
Cate, George W.....	Mount Sterling, Crawford.....	1872.
Cathcart, Hugh.....	Amherst, Portage.....	1852, 53.
Catlin, Charles L.....	Madison, Dane.....	1867.
Catlin, Horace.....	Superior, Douglas.....	1899.
Catton, James.....	Cassville, Grant.....	1866.
Cavanaugh, Daniel.....	Burlington, Racine.....	1852, 57, 62.
Caverno, Charles.....	Osceola, Fond du Lac.....	1870, b.
Caverny, Patrick.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1861.
Challoner, Frank.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1851.
Chamberlain, A. O.....	Omro, Winnebago.....	1885, 87.
Chamberlain, Charles E.....	Darlington, Lafayette.....	1881, 82.
Chamberlain, George H.....	Grafton, Washington.....	1853.
Chambers, George H.....	Ozaukee, Ozaukee.....	1873.
Champagne, Peter B.....	Rock Falls, Dunn.....	1881.
Chandler, Willard H.....	Bloomington, Grant.....	1871.
Chapin, William D.....	Merrill, Lincoln.....	1883.
Chapman, Horace M.....	Windsor, Dane.....	1861, 62, 70, b.
Chapman, James F.....	Bloomfield, Walworth.....	1856.
Chapman, Samuel E.....	Racine, Racine.....	1850.
Chappell, William.....	Potosi, Grant.....	1863.
Chase, Enoch.....	Waterford, Racine.....	1848, 61.
Chase, George H.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1856, 57, b.
Chase, Henry.....	Verona, Dane.....	1866.
	Madison, Dane.....	1876.
	Lake, Milwaukee.....	1849, 50.
	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1851, 53, 70, b.
	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1887.
	Chaseburg, Vernon.....	1868.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Chase, Henry A.....	Viroqua, Vernon.....	1871, 72.
Chase, Horace.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1848.
Chase, Leroy S.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1875, 76.
Chase, Reuben.....	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee.....	1855.
Chase, Seth A.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1868.
Cheever, Dustin G.....	Clinton, Rock.....	1872, 73.
Cheever, Patrick G.....	North Cape, Racine.....	1856, 78.
Cheney, David D.....	Sparta, Monroe.....	1871.
Cheney, Rufus, Jr.....	Whitewater, Rock.....	1850.
Chesak, Jos.....	Poniatowski, Marathon.....	1849.
Child, James.....	East Troy, Walworth.....	1860.
Child, John.....	Lima, Rock.....	1856.
Chipman, William F.....	Warren.....	1856.
Christians, Henry C.....	Johnson's Creek, Jefferson.....	1895.
Christiansen, Geo.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1889.
Church, Francis R.....	Menomonie, Dunn.....	1865.
Church, Leonard C.....	Walworth, Walworth.....	1897.
Cirkel, William F.....	Seymour, Outagamie.....	1885.
Clack, Charles.....	Apple Creek, Outagamie.....	1897.
Clapp, Harvey S.....	New Richmond, St. Croix.....	1874.
Clarke, Eugene F.....	Galesville, Trempealeau.....	1895.
Clark, Charles B.....	Neenah, Winnebago.....	1885.
Clark, George F.....	Bugle, Fond du Lac.....	1866.
Clark, Isaac.....	Galesville, Trempealeau.....	1870.
Clark, Gld H.....	Rhineland, Oneida.....	1897.
Clark, Samuel.....	Randolph Center, Columbia.....	1887.
Clark, John G.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1861.
Clark, Kendall P.....	Portland, Jefferson.....	1857.
Clark, Lyman.....	Kildare, Juneau.....	1864.
Clarke, Frank E.....	Princeton, Green Lake.....	1895.
Clark, Samuel R.....	Brushville, Waushara.....	1878, 79, 85.
Clark, Saterlee, Jr.....	Green Lake, Marquette.....	1849.
Clark, Saterlee.....	Horicon, Dodge.....	1873, b.
Clark, John C.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1882.
Clason, Jesse A.....	Neosho, Dodge.....	1895.
Clason, Henry.....	Brookfield, Waukesha.....	1874.
Clason, George W.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1867.
Clements, David R.....	Stevens Point, Portage.....	1873, 74.
Clemmons, Noah.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1852.
Clifford, Patrick.....	Marinette, Marinette.....	1889.
Clise, Samuel F.....	Ellenboro, Grant.....	1860.
Clise, William H.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1873.
Clothier, Samuel T.....	Cold Spring, Jefferson.....	1851.
Clough, Darwin P.....	Darien, Walworth.....	1899.
Cones, Benjamin M.....	Boscobel, Grant.....	1869, 75.
Cones, Kearton.....	Linden, Iowa.....	1875, 76.
Cobb, Amasa.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1869, 61, b.
Cobb, Nathan.....	Neenah, Winnebago.....	1865.
Cochran, Robert.....	Westfield, Marquette.....	1864.
Cochrane, William A.....	Delavan, Walworth.....	1893.
Coe, Edwin D.....	Whitewater, Walworth.....	1878, 79.
Colburn, Albert T.....	Catawact, Monroe.....	1876.
Colby, Charles L.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1880.
Coldwell, Samuel J.....	Mazomanie, Dane.....	1881.
Cole, Luther A.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1859.
Cole, Samuel.....	Gratlot, Lafayette.....	1851, 60, 64, 68, b.
Cole, William.....	Beetown, Grant.....	1855.
Coleman, Charles B.....	Greenbush, Sheboygan.....	1853.
Coleman, David M.....	Lowell, Dodge.....	1875.
Coleman, James.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1866, 67.
Coleman, Orrin.....	Marcellon, Columbia.....	1853.
Coles, Milo.....	Milwaukee.....	1860.
Colladay, William M.....	Boylua, Outagamie.....	1862.
Colley, Samuel G.....	Stoughton, Dane.....	1856, 65, b.
Collins, Edward.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1849, 54, 55.
Collins, Samuel.....	Root Creek, Milwaukee.....	1863.
Colman, Ellhu.....	Yorkville, Racine.....	1858.
Colomy, George W.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1872.
Colwell, Otis.....	Alderly, Dodge.....	1868.
Coombs, Chester D.....	Southport, Racine.....	1849.
Coomdohr, Fred N.....	North Royalton, Waupaca.....	1861, 62.
Comstock, John.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1889.
Comstock, Noah D.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1861.
	Arcadia, Trempealeau.....	1872, 74, 75, 76, b.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Condit, Frederick T.....	Merrillan, Jackson.....	1879.
Condit, James D.....	Sparta, Monroe.....	1858, 78, 79.
Cone, Sterling M.....	Waterloo, Jefferson.....	1861.
Cone, William A.....	New Berlin, Waukesha.....	1851.
Conger, David B.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1852.
Conkey, Theodore.....	Greenbush, Sheboygan.....	1868.
Conklin, Edgar.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1857, b.
Conklin, Sylvester J.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1857, 58.
Conley, John.....	Waterloo, Jefferson.....	1859, 69.
Conner, Edward.....	Clinton, Rock.....	1882, 83.
Conner, Henry.....	Woodville, St. Croix.....	1889.
Connors, Matthew J.....	Port Andrew, Richland.....	1853.
Connor, Lawrence.....	Hurley, Iron.....	1897.
Connor, Robert.....	Fox Lake, Dodge.....	1856, 63.
Converse, Henry.....	Auburndale, Wood.....	1889.
Conway, Patrick J.....	Wyocena, Columbia.....	1857.
Conway, John G.....	Meene, Manitowoc.....	1891, 93.
Cook, Bernard F.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1895.
Cooldige, Evan.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1876.
Coons, Henry B.....	Waupaca, Waupaca.....	1889.
Cooper, Joel H.....	Potosi, Grant.....	1871.
Copp, William J.....	Spring Prairie, Walworth.....	1852.
Corbett, C. A.....	Proscott, Pierce.....	1856.
Corbett, Thomas M.....	Greenbush, Sheboygan.....	1889.
Corcoran, H. H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1881.
Cornick, Edward P.....	Proscott, Pierce.....	1893.
Cornling, William W.....	Delavan, Walworth.....	1859.
Cornwell, Almon D.....	Portage, Columbia.....	1872.
Cornwell, Hiram H.....	Salem, Kenosha.....	1858.
Corson, Dighton.....	Verona, Dane.....	1873.
Cory, Jerome B.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1858.
Cory, Jonatunn.....	Patch Grove, Grant.....	1872.
Costigan, William.....	Footville, Rock.....	1863.
Cotton, Zelotas A.....	Marshall, Waukesha.....	1864.
Cottrell, Daniel.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1849.
Cotzhausen, Alexander.....	Oconomowoc, Waukesha.....	1861.
Couch, Charles.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1858.
Coughlin, Cornelius.....	Amherst, Portage.....	1891, 93.
Cousins, Henry.....	West Bend, Washington.....	1878.
Cousins, Marshall.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1871.
Cowle, George.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1865.
Cox, Charles B.....	Glencoe, Buffalo.....	1872.
Cox, George G.....	River Falls, Pierce.....	1863, b.
Cox, Lemuel B.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1879, 80, 85, 87.
Coxe, Hopewell.....	Stevenstown, La Crosse.....	1899, 95.
Craig, Alexander J.....	Hartford, Washington.....	1857.
Craig, Samuel A.....	Palmyra, Jefferson.....	1859.
Cralte, Isaac.....	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson.....	1880, 81, 83, 85.
Cram, Eliphalet.....	Mishicot, Manitowoc.....	1857, 89.
Cramond, James.....	Racine, Racine.....	1856.
Crandall, Daniel B.....	Manchester, Calumet.....	1852, 56.
Crandall, Paul.....	Utlen, Dane.....	1858.
Crary, Leonard P.....	Iduna, Rock.....	1849.
Cravath, Prosper.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1848.
Crawford, Henry.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1850.
Crawford, John.....	Whitewater, Walworth.....	1848.
Crawford, John C.....	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee.....	1856.
Crawford, Robert M.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1854.
Crocker, John R.....	Monroe, Green.....	1849.
Crockett, Samuel.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1891.
Croll, William.....	Belleville, Dane.....	1870.
Crosby, Geo. H.....	Westfield, Marquette.....	1877.
Crosby, John B.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1891, 93, 95.
Cross, James B.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1875.
Cross, William S.....	Palmyra, Jefferson.....	1862.
Crosse, Charles G.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1849, 50, 55.
Crosswell, Caleb.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1859.
Cunningham, Thomas.....	Sun Prairie, Dane.....	1880.
Cunningham, Thomas J.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1850.
Curtis, Thomas.....	Clark's Mills, Manitowoc.....	1857.
Curtis, David W.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1857.
Curtis, Dexter.....	Belle Center, Crawford.....	1883, 85.
	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson.....	1876.
	Madison, Dane.....	1883.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessiona.
Curtis, Joseph S.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1869, 71, 73.
Curtis, Mark.....	Hebron, Jefferson.....	1889.
Curtis, Thrumen H.....	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee.....	1866.
Danne, Peter, Jr.....	Oostburg, Sheboygan.....	1873.
Daggart, Charles B.....	Two Rivers, Manitowoc.....	1865.
Daggett, Henry L.....	Bear Creek, Waupaca.....	1899.
Dahl, Andrew H.....	Westby, Vernon.....	1899.
Dalley, Guy W.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1877.
Daily, Charles C.....	Marinette, Marinette.....	1873.
Daily, John G.....	Hustisford, Dodge.....	1864.
Dakin, Wm. H.....	Dartford, Green Lake.....	1875.
Dale, Peter J.....	Coon Prairie, Vernon.....	1877.
Daley, Edward.....	Brown Deer, Milwaukee.....	1866.
Dana, Stillman E.....	Portage City, Columbia.....	1871.
Danielson, George.....	Neenah, Winnebago.....	1893.
Darbellay, Joseph E.....	Kewaunee, Kewaunee.....	1880, 81, 85.
Darling, Lorenzo E.....	Shiocton, Shawano.....	1874.
Dassow, John.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.....	1893.
Daugherty, Jonathan.....	Rosendale, Fond du Lac.....	1848, 49.
Davenport, C. A.....	Aurora, Waushara.....	1891, 93.
Davidson, J. O.....	Soldiers' Grove, Crawford.....	1893, 95, 97.
Davies, David C.....	Cambria, Columbia.....	1868.
Davis, Charles A.....	Bear Creek, Waupaca.....	1881, 82.
Davis, DeWitt.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1865.
Davis, Emery F.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1863.
Davis, John J.....	Mifflin, Iowa.....	1871.
Davis, John W.....	Fox Lake, Dodge.....	1853, 54, 73.
Davis, Moses M.....	Portage City, Columbia.....	1856, b.
Davis, Orsamus S.....	Cato, Manitowoc.....	1873.
Davis, Richard H.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1855.
Davis, Thomas.....	Millard, Walworth.....	1865, 66.
Davison, James.....	Waupun, Dodge.....	1879.
Davison, Robert W.....	Beverly, Dane.....	1857.
Dawson, John.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1883, 91.
Day, John.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1856.
Day, Rufus M.....	Mt. Hope, Grant.....	1885, 87.
Dean, Charles K.....	Boscobel, Grant.....	188.
Dean, Nathaniel W.....	Madison, Dane.....	1867.
DeGroot, John W.....	Alma, Buffalo.....	1879, b.
DeGroot, Allen H.....	Nelson, Buffalo.....	1896.
Deissner, Charles T.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1859.
DeLand, Ambrose D.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.....	1877.
Deleglise, Frank A.....	Antigo, Langlade.....	1893.
Delaney, Arthur K.....	Horicon, Dodge.....	1869, b.
Delaney, Mitchell L.....	Barton, Washington.....	1855, 65, 66.
Delano, George W.....	Pensaukee, Oconto.....	1882.
Delany, John.....	Stevens Point, Portage.....	1849.
DeLap, R. H.....	Viola, Richland.....	1889.
DeLong, Cornelius.....	Belmont, Lafavette.....	1850.
Dengel, Edward J.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1899.
Deniston, Charles R.....	Cadiz, Green.....	1874, 75.
Dennis, John E., Jr.....	Glenbeulah, Sheboygan.....	1885.
Dennis, Wm. M.....	Watertown, Dodge.....	1853, b.
Dennis, W. L.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1889.
Dent, James S.....	Menomonee Falls, Waukesha.....	1876.
Dethrick, Walter G.....	Spring Prairie, Walworth.....	1882.
Desmond, H. J.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1881.
Desnoyer, Francis.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1854.
Detmering, Charles W.....	Newburg, Washington.....	1858.
Detling, Val.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1889.
Daveney, Dominick.....	Montello, Marquette.....	1856.
Devv, Patrick.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1873.
Deuster, John H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1866.
Deuster, Joseph.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1893.
Deuster, Peter V.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1863, b.
Dewane, Dennis.....	Coopertown, Brown.....	1873, 76.
Dewey, William Pitt.....	Laurens, Grant.....	1869, 70.
Dewhurst, Richard.....	Niellsville, Clark.....	1850, 65, 75, 87.
Dewing, Eli B.....	Elkhorn, Walworth.....	1879.
DeWolf, Edwin.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1855.
DeWolf, John.....	Delavan, Walworth.....	1879.
Dexter, Walter L.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1878.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

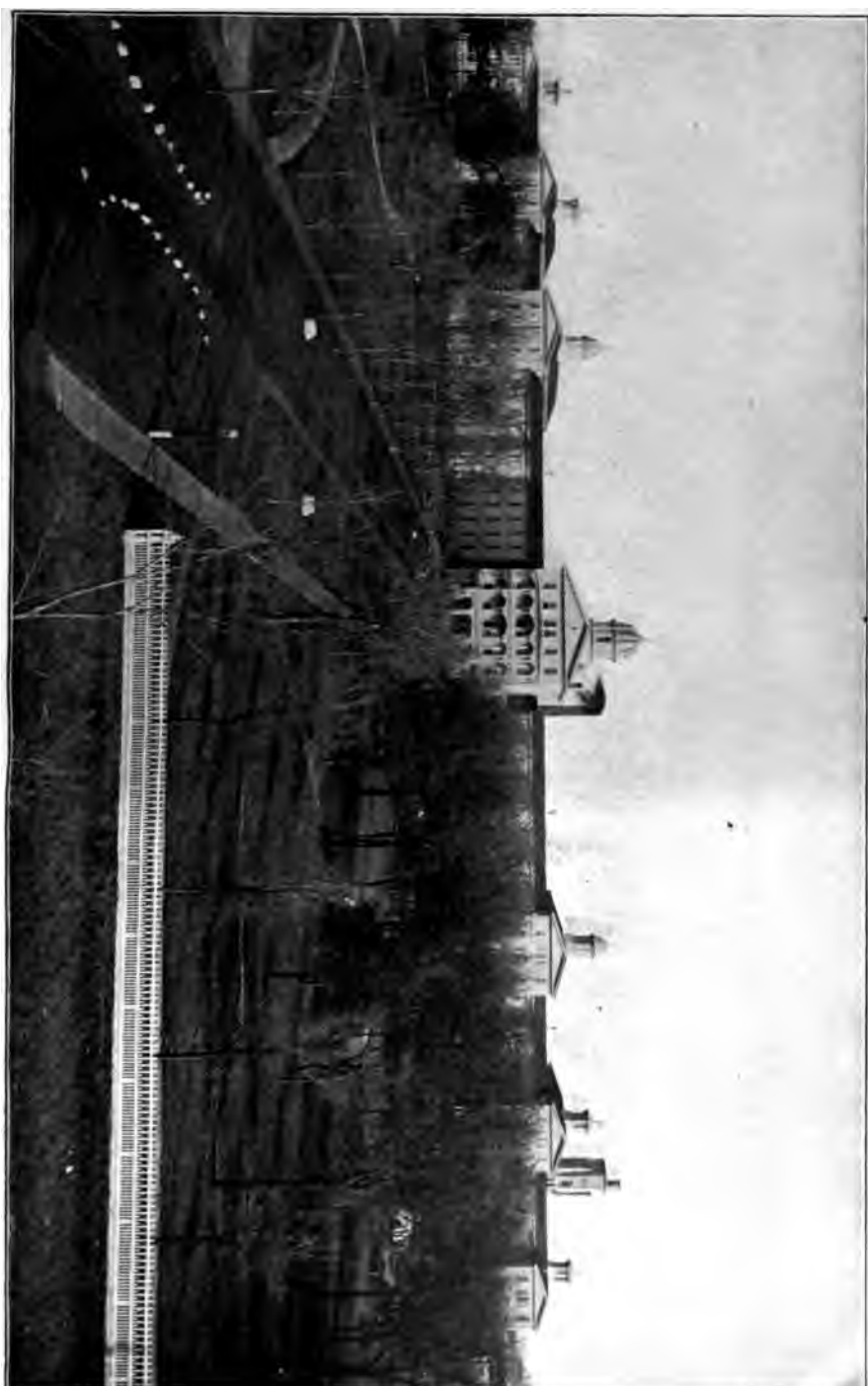
Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Dick, Alonzo D	Manchester, Calumet.....	1849.
Dick, John C.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1878.
Dick, Wm. H.....	Brothertown, Calumet.....	1851, 71.
Dickinson, P. Ensign.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1883.
Dickson, John P.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1859, 60.
Dieckman, Theodore.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1833.
Dieringer, Andrew.....	Auburn, Fond du Lac.....	1866, 69.
Dieves, William.....	Greenfield, Milwaukee.....	1861.
Dike, Henry B.....	Osceola Mills, Polk.....	1891.
Diamond, Nell.....	Midland, Marquette.....	1872.
Dill, Dan J.....	Prescott, Pierce.....	1889, 91.
Dittmer, F. R.....	Seymour, Outagamie.....	1887.
Dittmar, Nicholas.....	Meeme, Manitowoc.....	1866, 67.
Divin, Edward I.....	Richfield, Washington.....	1850.
Dixon, Hannibal S.....	New London, Waupaca.....	1877.
Dixon, William.....	Ithaca, Richland.....	1859, 72.
Dobbs, Jerry, Jr.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1870.
Dockry, Michael.....	Morrison, Brown.....	1870.
Dockry, Patrick.....	Ten Mile House, Milwaukee.....	1860.
Dockstader, Benjamin.....	Plymouth, Sheboygan.....	1862, 63.
Dodge, A. Clark.....	Monroe, Green.....	1899.
Dodge, Jeremiah E.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1850, 53, 68.
Dodge, Joshua E.....	Racine, Racine.....	1891.
Dodge, Henry S.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1895.
Doe, William H.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1866.
Dole, Augustus O.....	Portette, Columbia.....	1876.
Donaldson, Nicholas M.....	Waupun, Fond du Lac.....	1852, 53, 54.
Dorovan, Richard.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1868, 69.
Doran, Jo. L.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1851.
Dorwin, Vicus W.....	Durand, Pepin.....	1877, 78, 85, 89.
Doty, Charles.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1848.
Doud, Reuben.....	Weyauwega, Waupaca.....	1865.
Douglas, Alanson C.....	Hanover, Rock.....	1866.
Douglas, Berou.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1863.
Douglas, Mark.....	Nelrose, Jackson.....	1874, b.
Douglas, Carlos L.....	Walworth, Walworth.....	1873.
Dousman, Hercules F.....	Waterville, Waukesha.....	1877.
Dow, John T.....	Cooksville, Rock.....	1867.
Dowe, Carl.....	Horicon, Dodge.....	1878.
Downs, Daniel L.....	Richmond, Richland.....	1855, b.
Doxstader, Harry.....	Tomah, Monroe.....	1877.
Doyle, Peter.....	Prairie du Chien, Crawford.....	1873.
Drake, Henry C.....	Milford, Jefferson.....	1856.
Dresser, Samuel B.....	Osceola Mills, Polk.....	1870.
Dresser, Lester B.....	St. Croix Falls, Polk.....	1897, 99.
Drentzer, Gus A.....	Sturgeon Bay, Door.....	1887.
Drew, Patrick.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1868, 69, 76.
Duchman, William.....	Menasha, Winnebago.....	1858.
Duffy, Thomas T.....	Benton, Lafayette.....	1870.
Dufur, Andrew J.....	Iola, Waupaca.....	1858.
Dunlap, Charles.....	Elkhorn, Walworth.....	1875.
Dunn, James B.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1858, 59.
Dunn, John, Jr.....	Mapleton, Dodge.....	1874.
Dunn, Michael.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1887, 89.
Dunn, Tarleton.....	Elk Grove, Lafayette.....	1884.
Dunn, Theodorus K.....	Wauwau, Juneau.....	1881.
Dunning Philo.....	Madison, Dane.....	1874.
Dunwiddle, David.....	Brodhend, Green.....	1865, 67.
Dupont, Gregoire.....	Robinson, Brown.....	1887.
Durgin, Fern.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1848.
Dutcher, William.....	Columbus, Columbia.....	1862.
Dwight, Edward W.....	Oregon, Dane.....	1861.
Dwivedi, T. C.....	Lodi, Columbia.....	1875.
Dyer, Charles E.....	Racine, Racine.....	1867, 68.
Dyer, Edward G.....	Portington, Racine.....	1858.
Earl, Thomas.....	Fulton, Rock.....	1864.
Earle, Jonathan W.....	Parisville, Columbia.....	1858.
Earnest, James H.....	Shullsburg, Lafayette.....	1852, 54, 55, 57, 58, 77, b.
Eastman, Edward.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1851.
Eastman, Enos.....	Plymouth, Sheboygan.....	1871, b.
Eastman, Lafayette.....	Plymouth, Sheboygan.....	1879.
Easton, Elijah.....	Walworth, Walworth.....	1851, 58.
Eaton, Barney A.....	Cudahy, Milwaukee.....	1886, 87.
Eaton, Addison.....	Lodi, Columbia.....	1880.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Eaton, Henry L.....	Lone Rock, Richland.....	1865, 66, b.
Eatough, William.....	Brant's Mills, Manitowoc...	1866.
Ebbetts, William H.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1855.
Eble, Andrew	, Milwaukee.....	1860.
Eckhardt, Jacob, Jr.....	De Soto, Vernon.....	1879, 80.
Edgerton, Elisha W.....	Waterville, Waukesha.....	1863.
Edgerton, Stephen R.....	Spring Prairie, Walworth...	1870.
Edmonds, E. A.....	Oconto Falls, Oconto.....	1891.
Edwards, John	Port Edwards, Wood.....	1893.
Edwards, Wynn.....	Rosendale, Fond du Lac...	1897.
Egan, Michael.....	St. Martin's, Milwaukee....	1883, b.
Egery, Edward Alden....	Racine, Racine.....	1887.
Ehinger, Frederick H....	Clyman, Dodge.....	1866.
Eidemiller, Louis.....	New Castle, Fond du Lac...	1882.
Eighme, Richard P.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1859.
Ekern, Peder.....	Pigeon Falls, Trempealeau...	1881.
Ela, George.....	Rochester, Racine.....	1899.
Ellae, Francis M.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee....	1899.
Elkert, Chas.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee....	1885, 89.
Elkins, John.....	Racine, Racine.....	1873.
Ellarson, James T.....	Wautoma, Waushara.....	1895.
Ellefson, Christen.....	Liberty Pole, Vernon.....	1878, 83.
Ellenwood, Alexander P.	Reedsburg, Sauk.....	1878, 79.
Lillott, George W.....	Ahnapee, Kewaunee.....	1862.
Ellis, Frederick S.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1861, 62, 63, b.
Ellis, Pitts.....	Geneseo, Waukesha.....	1850.
Ellsworth, Lemuel.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee....	1875, 76.
Ellsworth, Orlando.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee....	1858.
Elmore, Andrew E.....	Mukwonago, Waukesha....	1859, 60.
Elston, A. C. V.....	Muscoda, Iowa.....	1889.
Elver, Fritz.....	Middleton, Dane.....	1882.
Elwell, Joseph S.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1864.
Emery, Albert W.....	Potosi, Grant.....	1857, 58.
Emery, Harvey W.....	Portage City, Columbia...	1861.
Emmons, Newton H.....	Stevens Point, Portage...	1865.
Emmons, Wales.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1848.
English, Thomas W.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1891.
Eno, Edgar.....	Valley, Vernon.....	1874, 91.
Enos, Ellhu, Jr.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1857.
Erskine, George Q.....	Racine, Racine.....	1866.
Esser, Bernard.....	Middleton, Dane.....	1883.
Estabrook, Charles E....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc....	1881, 82, 85.
Estabrook, Edward.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1854.
Estabrook, Experience...	Whitewater, Walworth....	1851.
Eugene, John B.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1868.
Eustis, William.....	Oakland, Jefferson.....	1854.
Evans, Evan W.....	Spring Green, Sauk.....	1885, 87.
Evans, John M.....	Union, Rock.....	1856, 73.
Evans, Llewellyn J.....	Racine, Racine.....	1857.
Evans, Nells C.....	Mt. Horeb, Dane.....	1893.
Evans, Rees.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1869.
Evans, William H.....	Yankeetown, Crawford....	1874.
Everley, Francis, Jr....	West Bend, Washington....	1851.
Everts, Almeron B.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1861.
Everts, Edward L.....	Falls City, Dunn.....	1882.
Everts, George W.....	Granville Sta., Milwaukee..	1883.
Evelton, John W.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee....	1863, 64.
Evelton, Thomas H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee....	1859.
Faber, William.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1891.
Fagan, James.....	Cedarburg, Washington....	1849, 57.
Fagg, Peter.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee....	1875, 76.
Fairchild, Cassius.....	Madison, Dane.....	1860.
Fairchild, H. O.....	Marinette, Marinette.....	1883, 85.
Falvey, Thomas.....	Racine, Racine.....	1855, 56.
Farnsworth, Nathaniel C	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1875.
Farr, Asa W.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1856.
Farr, Aschel.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1873, b.
Farr, Joseph R.....	Phillips, Price.....	1899.
Farwell, Leonard J.....	Madison, Dane.....	1860.
Fay, Benjamin F.....	Prairie du Chien, Crawford	1869.
Fay, Reuel K.....	Star Prairie, St. Croix.....	1871.
Fay, Truman M.....	Roche-a-Cri, Adams.....	1885.
	Byron, Fond du Lac.....	1873.

b. See list of Senators.



NORTHERN WISCONSIN HOSPITAL, FOR THE INSANE, NEAR OSHKOSH.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Fehland, H. R.	Merrill, Lincoln	1889.
Fehlandt, William	Mazomanie, Dane	1889.
Feige, Julius	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1897, 99.
Feld, Carl R.	Watertown, Jefferson	1885, 87, 89.
Fellenz, John	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1868, 69, 70, 72, 83.
Fellows, Timothy H.	Genoa Junction, Walworth	1832, 53.
Felt, Eugene K.	Beloit, Rock	1832, 73.
Fenton, Thomas	Attica, Green	1833.
Ferrin, Samuel A.	Montford, Grant	1872.
Ferris, George H.	Lamartine, Fond du Lac	1887.
Fetzer, John	Forestville, Door	1885.
Fiebrantz, W. J.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1891.
Field, James	Berlin, Green Lake	1864.
Fieid, Norton J.	Racine, Racine	1876, 77, 79, 81.
Fieid, Robert C.	Richland City, Richland	1871, b.
Fieid, William, Jr.	De Pere, Brown	1839.
Fieid, William W.	Fennimore, Grant	1855, 62, 63, 64, 65, 71.
Fieid, Storer W.	Fitchburg, Dane	1853, 58.
Fieid, Sam S.	Ashland, Ashland	1871, 75, 76, b.
Fier, Alanson	Racine, Racine	1855.
Fitz, John	Luxemburg, Kewaunee	1891.
Fitz, Joseph	Luxemburg, Kewaunee	1891, 93.
Fitch Oscar	Augusta, Eau Claire	1891.
Fitch, Earl P.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1883.
Findago, Charles	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee	1832.
Finger, Adam	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1862.
Fink, Henry	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1876, 77.
Finkelberg, Augustus	Fountain City, Buffalo	1874, b.
Finke, William S.	Kewaunee, Kewaunee	1861.
Finn, David	Merrill, Lincoln	1893, 95.
Finnerty, Patrick	Wrightstown, Brown	1887.
Fischer, Francis	Cross Plains, Dane	1860.
Fischer, Henry P.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1878.
Fisher, James	Prairie du Chien, Crawford	1855, 63, 68, b.
Fisher, Lewis S.	Sparta, Monroe	1887.
Fisher, Lucius G.	Beloit, Rock	1857.
Fisher, Seth	Center, Rock	1869.
Fisk, Harmon J.	Fall River, Columbia	1877.
Fisk, William J.	Fort Howard, Brown	1875, 76.
Fitzgerald, Frank	Hartford, Washington	1877.
Fitzgerald, Garrett M.	Franklin, Milwaukee	1850.
Fitzgerald, James	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1878.
Fitzgerald, Michael	Maple Grove, Manitowoc	1870, 71.
Fitzgerald, William H.	Cedarburg, Ozaukee	1878, 79, 80, 91, 93.
FitzGibbon, E. E.	Waunakee, Dane	1885.
Flaherty, Michael J.	Stark, Brown	1899.
Flagg, Abner S.	Edgerton, Rock	1897.
Flanders, James G.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1877.
Flett, William H.	Merrill, Lincoln	1897.
Fletcher, Daniel	Hustisford, Dodge	1856.
Fleming, William	Emmett, Dodge	1879, 80.
Fleming, John G.	Wilmet, Kenosha	1887.
Flinn, Hezekiah	Watertown, Jefferson	1877, 78, 79.
Flint, Alvin L.	Princeton, Green Lake	1861.
Flint, John M.	San Prairie, Dane	1866, 67.
Flint, Rockwell J.	Menomonie, Dunn	1875, b.
Flint, Waldo S.	Princeton, Green Lake	1876, b.
Flood, Martin	Brooklyn, Green	1856.
Flyn, John	Cuk Creek, Milwaukee	1849.
Fobes, Jabez L.	Two Rivers, Manitowoc	1861, 69.
Fog, William M.	Richland Center, Richland	1897, 99.
Foltz, James	Black River, Jefferson	1868.
Fontaine, Benjamin	Green Bay, Brown	1880, 81.
Foot, Ezra A.	Footville, Rock	1857, 67, b.
Foot, Apollon D.	Berlin, Green Lake	1873.
Ford, David	Waunakee, Dane	1865, 75.
Ford, Ira H.	Columbus, Columbia	1867, 68.
Ford, Milan	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1878, 79.
Forseth, Wm. P.	Golden Lake, Jefferson	1865.
Foster, Carlton	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1873, 74, 83.
Foster, Edward N.	Mayville, Dodge	1853, 57.
Foster, Egbert	Foster, Fond du Lac	1863.
Foster, Geo. H.	Whitewater, Walworth	1863.
Foster, Henry L.	Deerfield, Dane	1853.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Foster, James H.	Koro, Winnebago.	1869, 70, b.
Fowle, Jacob.	Emerald, Rock.	1863.
Fowler, E. Adams.	Columbus, Dodge.	1870.
Fowler, Henry.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1865, 67, 72.
Fox, George.	Herman, Dodge.	1854.
Frackenbergh, Ernst.	Newberg, Washington.	1865.
Frank, John G.	Jackson, Washington.	1879.
Frank, Michael.	Kenosha, Kenosha.	1861.
Frary, John S.	Oregon, Dane.	1865.
Frazeli, James B.	Wauwac, Juneau.	1863.
Fraser, Frank L.	Lake Beulah, Walworth.	1891, 93, 95.
Frazier, William.	Enterprise, Vernon.	1874.
Freeman, Charles F.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1871, 80.
Freeman, James W.	Saukville, Lafayette.	1887, 89, 95.
French, Asa W.	Herman, Dodge.	1851.
Frey, Anton.	Franklin, Milwaukee.	1864.
Friend, Jacob E.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1883, 85.
Frink, Charles N.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1897.
Frishy, Leander F.	West Bend, Washington.	1861.
Froehlich, William H.	Jackson, Washington.	1865, 97.
Frost, Fred J.	Almond, Portage.	1899.
Frost, George L.	Dodgeville, Iowa.	1879, b.
Frost, Joseph.	Ayca, Iowa.	1867.
Frost, Richard D.	Madison, Dane.	1887.
Frost, Andrew C.	Mountain, Oconto.	1895.
Fryer, Nelson.	Cold Spring, Jefferson.	1871.
Fuessenich, Peter P.	Egan, Manitowoc.	1864.
Fuller, Hosea, Jr.	Pewaukee, Waukesha.	1851.
Fuller, M. D. L.	Plymouth, Sheboygan.	1881.
Fuller, Wilfred.	Waupun, Dodge.	1873.
Fullerton, Thomas M.	Dodgeville, Iowa.	1850.
Fullmer, Baldwin M.	Loyal, Clark.	1893.
Fulton, David C.	Hudson, St. Croix.	1873.
Fulton, Marcus A.	Hudson, St. Croix.	1865, 68, b.
Funke, Ernst.	Oconto, Oconto.	1878, 81.
Fyffe, Jonathan W.	Prairie du Sac, Sauk.	1852.
Gardner, O. P.	Oxfordville, Rock.	1891.
Gabriel, Hiram.	Stewart, Green.	1882, 83.
Gage, Charles D.	New Fane, Fond du Lac.	1853, 67.
Gage, Loroy D.	Richland Center, Richland.	1862.
Gagnon, Jonas.	Two Rivers, Manitowoc.	1899.
Gallagher, Patrick.	Darlington, Lafayette.	1871.
Gallagher, John E.	Waukesha, Waukesha.	1850.
Gallagher, James S.	Gratiot, Lafayette.	1883.
Gallett, Charles R.	Portage, Columbia.	1879.
Galaway, Martin O.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.	1899.
Galloway, Edwin H.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.	1863, 64.
Gardner, George R.	Grand Rapids, Wood.	1883.
Gardner, William.	Emerald Grove, Rock.	1879.
Garrison, Orestes.	Centralia, Wood.	1861.
Gary, George.	Oshkosh, Winnebago.	1854.
Garside, Ben Charles.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1887.
Gault, Frank.	Pheasant Branch, Dane.	1858, 67, 68.
Gaynor, John A.	Grand Rapids, Wood.	1893.
Gawin, August M.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1897, 99.
Gee, James E.	Brandon, Fond du Lac.	1881.
Gee, John.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.	1861.
Gelso, William.	Waterloo, Dodge.	1879.
Gelso, Charles.	Taycheedah, Fond du Lac.	1864, 69, 70.
Geraghty, Patrick.	Elkhart Lake, Sheboygan.	1875.
Germann, Columbus.	Beaver Dam, Dodge.	1876.
Germer, Amos E.	Dexterville, Wood.	1899.
Gibb, John.	Ixonia, Jefferson.	1855, 58.
Gibbs, Benjamin F.	Fox Lake, Dodge.	1858.
Gibbs, Charles R.	Whitewater, Walworth.	1873.
Gibson, Moses S.	Hudson, St. Croix.	1859.
Gibson, William J.	Black River Falls, Jackson.	1854, b.
Gifford, Peter D.	North Prairie, Waukesha.	1851, 62, 66.
Gilbert, Alvarus E.	Prospect Hill, Waukesha.	1878, 79.
Gilbert, Julius L.	Racine, Racine.	1848.
Gilbert, Myron.	Prospect Hill, Waukesha.	1861, 65.
Giles, Hiram H.	Stoughton, Dane.	1852, b.
Gillen, Simon.	Cascade, Sheboygan.	1882.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Gillespie, John.....	Dellona, Sauk.....	1868, 69.
Gillespie, Thomas.....	Kilbourn City, Columbia...	1880, 81.
Gillman, Davis.....	Potosi, Grant.....	1819.
Gilman, Franklin.....	Gilmanton, Buffalo.....	1880.
Gilmore, Henry S.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1895, 99.
Gilmore, Hiram L.....	North Cape, Racine.....	1863, 64, 69.
Gilmore, James.....	Jamestown, Grant.....	1848.
Gilson, Franklin L.....	Ellsworth, Pierce.....	1881, 82.
Gilson, Luther E.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1880, 81.
Ginty, George C.....	Oconto, Oconto.....	1863, b.
Gleason, Charles R.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1870.
Gleason, George.....	Wautewater, Rock.....	1876.
Gleason, Thomas.....	Grimm's, Manitowoc.....	1881.
Glen, Robert.....	Wyalusing, Grant.....	1863, 65, 74.
Gnewuch, Ferdinand.....	Hustisford, Dodge.....	1865, 73.
Goddard, H. J.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1885.
Goedjen, Henry.....	Two Rivers, Manitowoc.....	1882, 83.
Goetze, Gustav.....	Ozaukee, Ozaukee.....	1875, 76, 77.
Golden, George.....	Brodhead, Green.....	1860.
Goodall, T. E.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1855.
Goodell, B. Frank.....	Montello, Marquette.....	1876.
Goodell, Lemuel.....	Stockbridge, Calumet.....	1848, b.
Goodell, Emilius S.....	Viroqua, Vernon.....	1897.
Goodhue, Thomas H.....	Whitewater, Rock.....	1864, 10.
Goodrich, Charles P.....	Christiana, Jefferson.....	1868.
Goodrich, Joseph.....	Milton, Rock.....	1855.
Goodsell, Elihu B.....	Highland, Iowa.....	1865, 66.
Goodwin, Charles E.....	Mayville, Dodge.....	1868.
Goodwin, George B.....	Menasha, Winnebago.....	1860.
Gordon, Abram.....	Racine, Racine.....	1852.
Gorman, Michael.....	North Port, Shawano.....	1872.
Goss, Benjamin F.....	Pewaukee, Waukesha.....	1856, 93.
Gowdey, David C.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1874.
Graham, Alexander.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1861, 70, 72.
Graham, Thomas J.....	Muscoda, Grant.....	1878.
Graham, Wallace W.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1852.
Granger, Jedediah W.....	Menomonie, Dunn.....	1870.
Grant, Harvey.....	Tietchorn, Marquette.....	1855.
Grant, Job N.....	Union Center, Juneau.....	1875.
Grant, Willard.....	Hebron, Jefferson.....	1855.
Graves, Gaylord.....	East Troy, Walworth.....	1848.
Graves, George S.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.....	1867, 68, 69.
Graves, LeRoy.....	Gravesville, Calumet.....	1861.
Graves, Serena W.....	Rutland, Dane.....	1861.
Gray, Albert L.....	Ft. Howard, Brown.....	1879, 82, 85, 89, 91.
Gray, Almond D.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1856.
Gray, Amos S.....	Osceola, Polk.....	1865.
Gray, Ansley.....	Avoca, Iowa.....	1876.
Gray, Hamilton H.....	Darlington, Lafayette.....	1856, 58, b.
Gray, James B.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1858.
Gray, John.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1877, 78.
Green, Asaph.....	Chilton, Calumet.....	1860.
Green, John.....	Moscow, Iowa.....	1867.
Green, Paul M.....	Milton, Rock.....	1893.
Green, William C.....	York, Green.....	1850.
Green, William H.....	Lowell, Dodge.....	1852, 64.
Greene, Nathan S.....	Milford, Jefferson.....	1863.
Greene, Walter S.....	Milford, Jefferson.....	1862, b.
Greening, Philip.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1879.
Greening, William.....	Little Prairie, Walworth.....	1877.
Greenman, John W.....	Bergen, Vernon.....	1867.
Gregory, George K.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1862.
Grieh, Augustus.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1848, 56.
Grier, Thomas H.....	Bloomfield, Walworth.....	1895.
Griffin, Cornelius S.....	Saukville, Washington.....	1850.
Griffin, Harvey C.....	Oak Grove, Dodge.....	1860, 62.
Griffin, John D.....	Shields, Dodge.....	1855.
Griffin, John G.....	Randolph, Columbia.....	1876.
Griffin, Michael.....	Kilbourn City, Columbia.....	1876, b.
Griffin, Patrick.....	Waterloo, Dodge.....	1876.
Grimm, Christopher.....	Jefferson, Jefferson.....	1893.
Grimm, George.....	Jefferson, Jefferson.....	1887.
Grimmer, Thomas D.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1872.
Grimshaw, John.....	Elroy, Juneau.....	1887.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Grinde, Hans S.	De Forest, Dane.	1887.
Griswold, William M.	Columbus, Columbia.	1858, 59, 60, b.
Groesbeck, Benjamin F.	Trade, Walworth.	1865.
Groot, Aaron V.	Brookfield, Waukesha.	1851.
Grooteniant, Abraham L.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1875, 99.
Grover, Eleazer, Jr.	Madison, Dane.	1860.
Grover, Woodbury S.	Prairie Farm, Barron.	1877.
Grubb, William S.	Baraboo, Sauk.	1882, 83.
Grube, Herman	Watertown, Dodge.	1875.
Grube, Herman G.	Watertown, Jefferson.	1899.
Guernsey, Francis M.	Clintonville, Waupaca.	1878.
Guernsey, George H.	Almond, Portage.	1875.
Guernsey, Orrin	Janesville, Rock.	1862.
Gulick, Joachim	Ora Oak, Grant.	1857.
Gunderson, Lars L.	Cumberland, Barron.	1880.
Gunn, Smith R.	Prescott, Pierce.	1855.
Gunning, J. W.	Friendship, Adams.	1889.
Gurnee, John D.	Madison, Dane.	1872.
Guth, Louis D.	Kewaskum, Washington.	1899.
Haben, Andrew	Oshkosh, Winnebago.	1882, 85, b.
Hackett, John	Beloit, Rock.	1852.
Haderer, Frank	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1885.
Hadley, Jackson	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1854, 65, 66, 67, b.
Hadfield, Jos. J.	Waukesha, Waukesha.	1867.
Haertel, Herman	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1853, 57.
Hagemelster, H. F.	Green Bay, Brown.	1893, 95.
Hagerty, Timothy	Franklin, Milwaukee.	1854.
Hagstad, K. K.	Ettrick, Trempealeau.	1889.
Hahn, George	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1856.
Halght, J. Hayward	Brothertown, Calumet.	1878.
Halbert, Thomas L.	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.	1875.
Hale, Obed P.	Kenosha, Kenosha.	1851.
Hale, Samuel	Kenosha, Kenosha.	1854.
Hall, Albert R.	Racine, Racine.	1850.
Hall, Daniel	Knapp, Dunn.	1891, 93, 95, 97, 99.
Hall, Erasmus D.	Watertown, Jefferson.	1870, 71, 72.
Hall, George H.	Waukau, Winnebago.	1848.
Hall, Henry	Dell Prairie, Adams.	1862.
Hall, John W.	Walworth, Walworth.	1870.
Hall, Jonathan C.	Dotyville, Fond du Lac.	1861.
Hall, Thomas W.	Marinette, Marinette.	1858.
Hall, Charles	Monroe, Green.	1857.
Hallock, James L.	Oconto, Oconto.	1887, 89.
Ham, Philip A.	Burnside, Buffalo.	1870.
Hambright, C. M.	Crystal Lake, Waupaca.	1895.
Hamilton, Charles H.	Racine, Racine.	1895.
Hamilton, Henry C.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1878.
Hamilton, Irenus K.	Wauconsta, Fond du Lac.	1862.
Hamilton, Joseph	Two Rivers, Manitowoc.	1858.
Hammarskjöld, Ch. G.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.	1869.
Hammel, David	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1874, 77.
Hammel, Leopold	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson.	1860.
Hammitt, George W.	Appleton, Outagamie.	1876, 77.
Hammon, Alanson P.	Appleton, Outagamie.	1885, 87.
Hammond, Charles F.	Appleton, Lafayette.	1852.
Hammond, John	Montfort, Grant.	1866.
Hand, Jesse F.	Ripon, Fond du Lac.	1861, 62.
Haney, Robert	Clinton, Rock.	1870, 71.
Haney, M. C.	Rocky Run, Columbia.	1865.
Hanke, Charles F.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1861.
Hanrahan, John	Ahnapee, Kewaunee.	1887.
Hanrahan, Michael	Augusta, Eau Claire.	1893, 95.
Hansen, Edward F.	Good Hope, Milwaukee.	1861, 63.
Hanson, Sylvester	Good Hope, Milwaukee.	1858.
Hanson, William E.	Beloit, Rock.	1895.
Hanson, James	La Grange, Walworth.	1862.
Hardgrove, John	Oshkosh, Winnebago.	1862, 63.
Hardy, William H.	Ephraim, Door.	1865.
Harker, James	Armstrong's Cor., Fond du Lac.	1883.
Harmon, John C.	Genesee, Waukesha.	1874, 76.
Harms, John	New Dings, Lafayette.	1865.
	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.	1896.
	Platteville, Grant.	1863.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Harnden, Henry.....	Rome, Jefferson.....	1866.
Harrington, Benjamin R.	Byron, Fond du Lac.....	1855.
Harrington, George E.....	Boscobel, Crawford.....	1866.
Harrington, George P.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1882.
Harrington, Perry G.....	Sugar Creek, Walworth.....	1854.
Harris, Charles L.....	Jacksonport, Door.....	1870.
Harris, Joseph.....	Fairview, Grant.....	1861, 69, 71.
Harris, Caleb O.....	Dousman, Waukesha.....	1895.
Harrison, Stephen A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1870, 75.
Harsh, John.....	Stockbridge, Calumet.....	1875.
Hart, Alexander H.....	Lima, Calumet.....	1854.
Hart, Edmond.....	Elroy, Juneau.....	1885.
Hart, Judson G.....	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee.....	1879.
Hartmann, Theodore O.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1881.
Hartung, Frederick.....	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee.....	1899.
Hartung, Theodore.....	, Milwaukee.....	1860.
Harvey, Leslie C.....	Oconto, Oconto.....	1897, 99.
Hasey, John.....	York, Dane.....	1850.
Hasey, Samuel.....	Columbus, Columbia.....	1874.
Hazeltine, Ira S.....	Richland Center, Richland.....	1867.
Haskell, Job.....	Saukville, Ozaukee.....	1869.
Hass, Robert.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1864.
Hasse, Edward.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1852, 59.
Hastings, Samuel D.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1849.
Hatch, Benjamin T.....	Trempealeau, Trempealeau.....	1857.
Hatcher, William W.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1863.
Haugen, Nils P.....	Waupun, Fond du Lac.....	1862.
Hawkins, William A.....	River Falls, Pierce.....	1879, 80.
Hawks, Eli.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1853, 56.
Hawley, Charles S.....	Juneau, Dodge.....	1878, 83.
Hawley, George.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1856, 57, 58.
Hawn, Charles A.....	Poyssippi, Waushara.....	1857.
Hay, Samuel M.....	Rock Elm Center, Pierce.....	1878.
Hayden, Edward G.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1858, b.
Hayden, John.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1860.
Hayes, Henry.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1858.
Hayes, Titus.....	Cascade, Sheboygan.....	1863.
Hayes, Thomas.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1853.
Hays, James B.....	Richfield, Washington.....	1856.
Hays, Samuel.....	Juneau, Dodge.....	1867.
Hayward, Paul D.....	Neosho, Jefferson.....	1861.
Hazard, Enos I.....	Kingson, Marquette.....	1857.
Hazen, Chester.....	La Grange, Walworth.....	1849.
Hazen, Nathan.....	Brandon, Fond du Lac.....	1885.
Head, Charles R.....	Poynette, Columbia.....	1861.
Heath, Chauncey G.....	Albion, Dane.....	1854, 56, 63.
Helmdahl, Knudt O.....	Pewaukee, Waukesha.....	1848.
Helmerl, Joseph, Jr.....	Deerfield, Dane.....	1871.
Hellberg, Louis.....	Farmersville, Dodge.....	1880.
Hemenway, H. C.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1867.
Hemml, Ulrich.....	Richmond, Walworth.....	1851.
Hemschemeyer, W. H.....	Black Hawk, Sauk.....	1879.
Henderson, Asabel.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1879, 80.
Henderson, Joseph B.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1874.
Henning, John O.....	Riley, Dane.....	1891.
Henry, Andrew.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1851.
Henry, Robert.....	Madison, Dane.....	1869.
Henton, Theodore.....	Anchorage, Buffalo.....	1869.
Herrick, Merton.....	Otsego, Columbia.....	1889.
Herron, Wilson R.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1881.
Herzer, Henry.....	Sharon, Walworth.....	1874, 77.
Hesk, William R.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1881.
Hetzl, Henry C.....	Menomonee Falls, Waukesha.....	1860.
Heyl, Charles W.....	Merrill, Lincoln.....	1887.
Hicks, Edward.....	Madison, Dane.....	1893.
Hicks, Franklin Z.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1870, b.
Higgins, James.....	Avoca, Iowa.....	1861.
Higgins, Patrick.....	Hubbleton, Dodge.....	1876.
Hildebrandt, Henry.....	Menomonee, Waukesha.....	1850.
Hiles, George.....	Station, Washington.....	1863, 64.
Hill, James.....	Dexterville, Wood.....	1867.
Hill, Thomas.....	Warren, St. Croix.....	1878, 79, 80, b.
Hill, Thomas W.....	Spring Green, Sauk.....	1889.
	Springfield, Walworth.....	1853, 63.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Hill, William.....	New Diggings, Lafayette...	1843.
Hilliard, John U.....	Merton, Waukesha.....	1852.
Hillyer, Edwin.....	Waupun, Dodge.....	1853.
Hineman, Miles Leroy...	Tomah, Monroe.....	1887.
Hinckley, J. R.....	Tomah, Monroe.....	1883.
Hinckley, Leonard D.....	Eagle, Waukesha.....	1871.
Hindes, Lemuel P.....	Lodi, Columbia.....	1897.
Hinn, Christopher.....	Fennimore, Grant.....	1891.
Hintze, C. F. A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1893.
Hirschinger, Charles.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1893, 95.
Hitt, Henry D.....	Onkfield, Fond du Lac.....	1858.
Hixon, Gideon C.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1871, 72, b.
Hobart, Adin P.....	Onk Creek, Milwaukee.....	1872.
	Chilton, Calumet.....	1859.
Hobart, Harrison C.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1849, b.
	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1867.
Hobart, M. C.....	Fall River, Columbia.....	1885.
Hobbs, Patrick.....	Morrison, Brown.....	1874, 75.
Hodgson, Manville S....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1875.
Hoeflinger, Carl.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1862, 70.
Hoehle, William E.....	West Superior, Douglas.....	1899.
Hoffman, Herman H.....	Amherst Junction, Portage.....	1875.
Hogan, James J.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1889, 91.
Hogan, John M.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1882, 97.
Hogan, Michael.....	Menasha, Winnebago.....	1862, 63.
Holland, Bjorn.....	Hollandale, Iowa.....	1899.
Holcomb, David L.....	Arcadia, Trempealeau.....	1893, 99.
Holchouse, Joseph W....	Barton, Washington.....	1881, 82.
Hollenbeck, Stephen P...	Highland, Iowa.....	1855.
Hollman, James V.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1885.
Holloway, John C.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1871, b.
Holly, Alanson.....	Kilbourn City, Columbia.....	1884.
Holman, Nels.....	Deerfield, Dane.....	1893.
Holmes, Harvey.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1853.
Holmes, John E.....	Jefferson, Jefferson.....	1853.
Holmes, Miles.....	Palmyra, Jefferson.....	1858.
Holt, Eleazer.....	Malden Rock, Pierce.....	1868.
Holton, Edward D.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1860.
Holzhauser Charles.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1878.
Hooker, Culver E.....	Waupun, Dodge.....	1887.
Hooker, Jesse.....	Salem, Kenosha.....	1854.
Hooker, Daniel D.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1893, 85.
Hooper, Daniel.....	Troy, Walworth.....	1855, 59, 69.
Hopkins, Benjamin F....	Madison, Dane.....	1866, b.
Hoppock, David D.....	Rubicon, Dodge.....	1862.
Horn, Frederick W.....	Cedarburg, Ozaukee.....	1851, 54, 57, 59, 60, 67, 63, 72, 75, 82, 87, 89, b.
Horn, John.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1891.
Horst, Henry.....	Hayton, Calumet.....	1876.
Horton, Norman.....	Cold Spring, Jefferson.....	1860.
Horton, Townsend N....	West Salem, La Crosse.....	1865.
Hoskins, Leander.....	Union, Rock.....	1850.
Hoskins, William L.....	Lake Mills, Jefferson.....	1871, 72.
Hotchkiss, Robert H....	Plymouth, Sheboygan.....	1857, b.
Houghton, Horace E....	Durand, Pepin.....	1873, b.
Houston, Robert S.....	Pleasant Prairie, Kenosha.....	1874, 91.
Howard, Nathan B.....	Magnolia, Rock.....	1855, 62.
Howe, Henry B.....	Nora, Dane.....	1881.
Howe, Oliver C.....	Lowville, Columbia.....	1856, 57.
Howell, Henry S.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1868.
Howell, Richard P.....	Racine, Racine.....	1882.
Howland, Meredith.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1860.
Hoye, James.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1869, 71.
Hoyt, Emerson D.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1887, 93, 95, 97.
Hoyt, Charles M.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1871.
Hoyt, Edwin L.....	Manchester, Green Lake.....	1869.
Hoyt, Franklin E.....	Rochester, Racine.....	1859.
Hoyt, Henry H.....	West Branch, Richland.....	1876.
Hoyt, Joseph W.....	Chaseburg, Vernon.....	1871.
Hoyt, Otis.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1852.
Hubbard, Benj. W.....	Evansville, Rock.....	1893.
Hubbard, Samuel D.....	Waldo, Sheboygan.....	1861, 73, 77.
Hubbell, Levi.....	Mondovi, Buffalo.....	1885.
	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1864.

b. See list of Senators

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

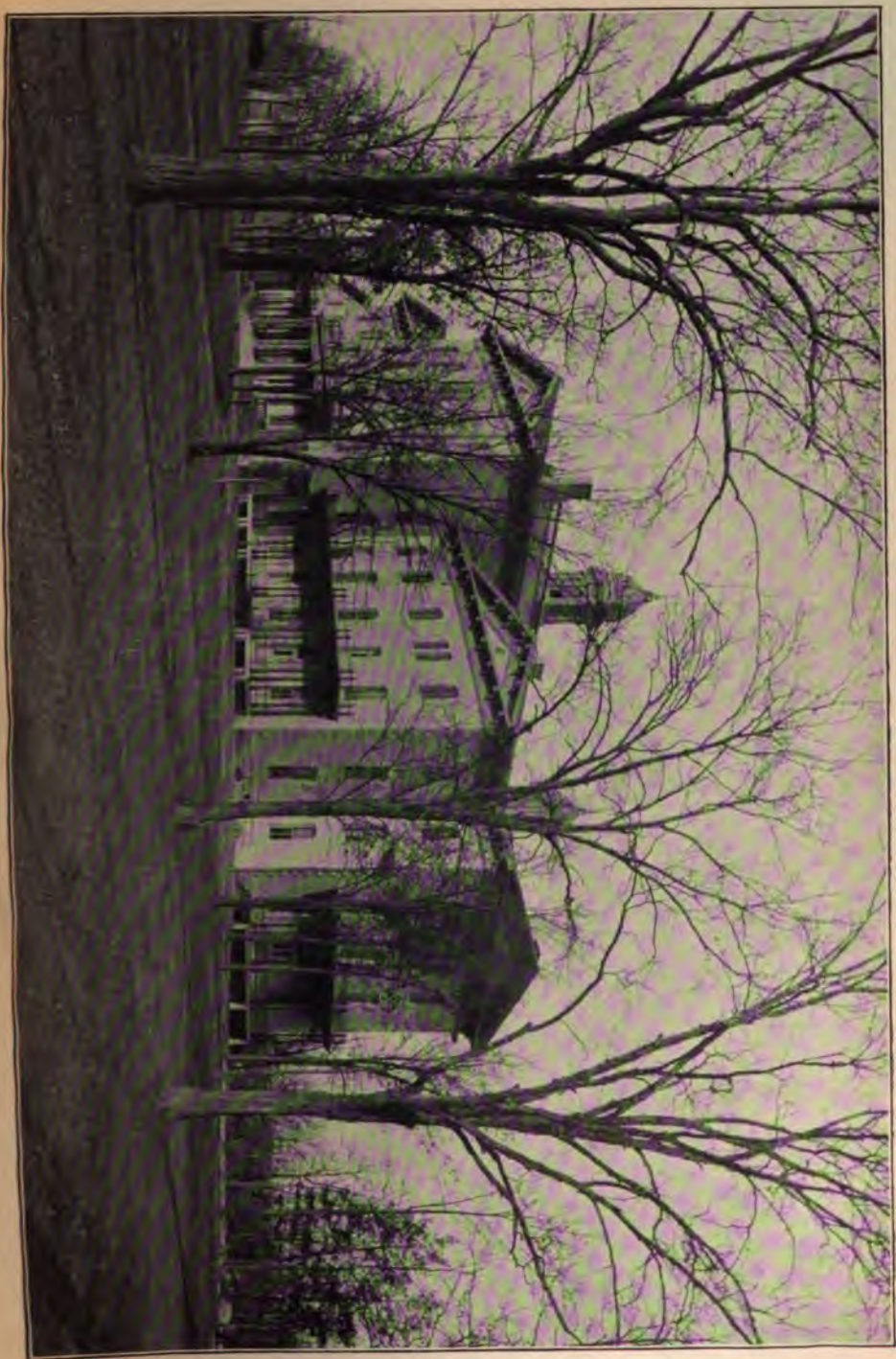
Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Habbell, Richard W.....	Oconto, Oconto.....	1872, 73.
Hachting, Arnold.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1882.
Hadd, Thomas R.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1868, b.
Huebner, John F.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1875, b.
Hughes, William.....	Lowell, Dodge.....	1887.
Hulburt, David B.....	Waushara, Waushara.....	1897, 99.
Hulburt, Julius.....	Loganville, Sauk.....	1876, 77, 78, b.
Hulet, Oliver P.....	Albany, Green.....	1851.
Hull, David P.....	Menomonee Falls, Waukesha.....	1858.
Hull, William.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1877.
Humala, Mathias.....	Potosi, Grant.....	1854, 55,
Humphrey, Cadwallader.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1869.
Humphrey, Frank W.....	Cascade, Sheboygan.....	1861.
Humphrey, George M.....	Shawano, Shawano.....	1899.
Humphrey, Herman L.....	New Berlin, Waukesha.....	1848.
Humphrey, Humphery E.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1887, b.
Humphrey, Jasper.....	Ixonia Center, Jefferson.....	1881.
Humphrey, Lemuel O.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1857.
Hunkins, Benjamin.....	Albion, Dane.....	1871.
Hunt, Charles A.....	New Berlin, Waukesha.....	1870.
Hunt, Jeremiah.....	Melvin, Monroe.....	1868, 70.
Hunt, Robert O.....	Menasha, Winnebago.....	1864.
Hunt, Samuel W.....	Marinette, Marinette.....	1899.
Hunt, Henry C.....	Menomonie, Dunn.....	1868.
Hunter, George.....	Reedsburg, Sauk.....	1891, 93.
Huntington, Augustus A.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1875.
Huntington, William H.....	York, Dane.....	1856.
Huntley, Frederick.....	Durand, Pepin.....	1883.
Huntley, John.....	Buena Vista, Portage.....	1869, 70.
Hurd, Frank E.....	Brodhead, Rock.....	1882, 83.
Hurlbut, Edwin.....	New Lisbon, Juneau.....	1855, 97.
Hurlbut, William H.....	Oconomowoc, Waukesha.....	1869.
Hurlbut, Oscar.....	Elkhorn, Walworth.....	1897, 99.
Huse, Jesse B.....	Lomira, Dodge.....	1850.
Hutchinson, Buell B.....	Rewey, Iowa.....	1885.
Hutchinson, Christopher.....	Prairie du Chien.....	1857.
Hyde, Edwin.....	Madison, Dane.....	1879, b.
Iyer, George.....	Beetown, Grant.....	1873.
Inden, Gottfried.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1867, 77, 78, b.
Ingram, Julius G.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1863, b.
Innis, William T.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1885.
Irish, George.....	West Rosendale, Fond du L.....	1878, 79.
Isering, Fred. B.....	Clinton, Rock.....	1877.
Isham, Willard.....	Clinton, Rock.....	1858.
Iverson, Jacob J.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1885.
Ives, Edward H.....	Delavan, Walworth.....	1855.
Ives, F. Badger.....	South Wayne, Lafayette.....	1893.
Jabas, Louis L.....	Trimble, Pierce.....	1899, b.
Jackson, Jeremiah L.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1899.
Jackson, Robert Wallace.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1889.
Jackson, Thomas A.....	Viola, Richland.....	1869.
Jackson, William W.....	Shawano, Shawano.....	1887, 89.
Jacobi, C. Hugo.....	Brodhead, Green.....	1866, 70.
Jacobs, John B.....	Tomah, Monroe.....	1863, 75.
James, John.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1891, 93.
James, Norman L.....	Oconto, Oconto.....	1854.
Jamison, Hugh P.....	Eagle, Waukesha.....	1856.
Jarvis, Henry M.....	Richland Center, Richland.....	1875, 75, b.
Jeffers, John.....	Poynette, Columbia.....	1897.
Jeffrey, James.....	Cazenovia, Richland.....	1881.
Jeffrey, William.....	Hustisford, Dodge.....	1882, 96.
Jenkins, Charles F.....	Darlen, Walworth.....	1864, 71.
Jenkins, George A.....	Georgetown, Grant.....	1875.
Jenkins, John J.....	Ellenboro, Grant.....	1871.
Jennings, Thomas.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1860, 51.
Jenn, Daniel C.....	Charlestown, Calumet.....	1857, b.
Jennings, Charles B.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1872.
Jennings, David.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1874.
	Dodgeville, Iowa.....	1848.
	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1860.
	Benton, Lafayette.....	1869.
	Northport, Waupaca.....	1891, 93.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Jensen, Andrew.....	Ogdensburg, Waupaca.....	1897, 99.
Jernan, Peter.....	Rising Sun, Vernon.....	1873.
Jeske, Gustav J.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1893, 95.
Jess, George.....	Waupun, Dodge.....	1881.
Jewell, Henry C.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1867.
Jewell, James H.....	Ferryville, Crawford.....	1878.
Johnson, Calvin R.....	Black River Falls, Jackson.....	1861, 64.
Johnson, Daniel.....	Evansville, Rock.....	1865.
Johnson, Daniel H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1869, 70.
Johnson, Frederick P.....	Prairie du Chien, Crawford.....	1861.
Johnson, Hans.....	Ontario, Monroe.....	1899.
Johnson, Henry.....	Newport, Door.....	1889.
Johnson, James B.....	Somers, Kenosha.....	1851, 56.
Johnson, Jeremiah.....	Fairplay, Grant.....	1851.
Johnson, John.....	Evansville, Rock.....	1860.
Johnson, John A.....	York, Dane.....	1874.
Johnson, John B.....	Stoughton, Dane.....	1857, b.
Johnson, John E.....	Darien, Walworth.....	1885.
Johnson, Joseph B.....	Utica, Dane.....	1869.
Johnson, Lars E.....	Montfort, Grant.....	1883.
Johnson, Michael.....	Wlota, Lafayette.....	1878.
Johnson, Ole.....	Mt. Vernon, Dane.....	1874, 75, 76, 77.
Johnson, Peter.....	Breckenridge, Bad Axe.....	1862.
Johnson, Phineas M.....	Ashford, Fond du Lac.....	1856.
Johnson, Solon.....	Grafton, Washington.....	1852.
Johnson, William H.....	Port Washington, Wash.....	1849, 50.
Johnson, Stephen B.....	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson.....	1849.
Johnson, William W.....	Tomah, Monroe.....	1867.
Johnson, Roger S.....	Greenfield, Milwaukee.....	1879.
Johnston, Francis.....	New London, Waupaca.....	1865.
Johnston, James.....	Waupun, Dodge.....	1870.
Johnston, James.....	Mukwonago, Waukesha.....	1899.
Johnston, James.....	Boardman, St. Croix.....	1883.
Johnston, Peter.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1877.
Joiner, Lemuel W.....	Wyoming, Iowa.....	1854, b.
Jonas, Charles.....	Racine, Racine.....	1878, b.
Jones, David F.....	Sparta, Monroe.....	1897.
Jones, Evan O.....	Cambria, Columbia.....	1866, 67, b.
Jones, James V.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1878.
Jones, Joseph Vernon.....	Urne, Buffalo.....	1867.
Jones, John N.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1851.
Jones, John O.....	Cambria, Columbia.....	1859.
Jones, Oscar F.....	Juneau, Dodge.....	1863, 64, 65.
Jones, Owen R.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1875.
Jones, Stephen.....	Lowell, Dodge.....	1848.
Jones, Thomas J.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1882.
Jones, William D.....	Hazel Green, Grant.....	1876.
Jones, Samuel S.....	Clinton Junction, Rock.....	1895.
Jones, William A.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1895, 97.
Jordan, Timothy S.....	West Lima, Vernon.....	1876.
Joslin, William H.....	Richland Center, Richland.....	1880.
Judd, Russell J.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1871.
Judd, Stoddard.....	Fox Lake, Dodge.....	1860, 65, b.
Judd, Truman H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1867.
Judson, Philander.....	Bristol, Kenosha.....	1855.
Julius, Charles L.....	Calumet, Fond du Lac.....	1851.
Juneau, Narcisse M.....	Theresa, Dodge.....	1855, 58.
Juneau, Paul.....	Juneau, Dodge.....	1849, 58.
Jussen, Edmund.....	Madison, Dane.....	1862.
Juve, T. O.....	Rising Sun, Vernon.....	1881, 82.
Kast, John D.....	Shawano, Shawano.....	1877.
Kastler, John.....	Wayne, Washington.....	1879.
Keenan, John.....	Fitchburg, Dane.....	1859.
Keenan, Matthew.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1871.
Keene, Francis B.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1899.
Keene, Henry S.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1881.
Kehl, John B.....	Black Earth, Dane.....	1874.
Kelfer, George.....	Nenno, Washington.....	1860.
Kellam, Alphonso G.....	Delavan, Walworth.....	1869.
Kelley, Patrick.....	Elba, Dodge.....	1853.
Kellogg, Austin.....	Concord, Jefferson.....	1850, 74, 75.
Kellogg, John.....	Reedsburg, Sauk.....	1873.

b. See list of Senators.



SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND, JANESVILLE.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Kelly, David M.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1877, 78, 79, b.
Kelly, Rollin C.....	Brandon, Fond du Lac.....	1868.
Kelsey, Charles S.....	Montello, Marquette.....	1867, 73, 80, b.
Kelsey, Edwin B.....	Montello, Marquette.....	1853, b.
Kelsey, Milo.....	Delavan, Walworth.....	1848, 49.
Kempley, Charles H.....	Packwaukee, Marquette....	1899.
Kempter, Richard R.....	Alma, Buffalo.....	1881.
Kendall, Nathaniel W.....	Wyalusing, Grant.....	1868.
Kenealy, James.....	Toland's Prairie, Washington	1858, 66.
Kenealy, James.....	Thompson, Washington.....	1885, 87.
Kennedy, Duncan A.....	Stevenstown, La Crosse.....	1887.
Kennedy, James E.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1870.
Kennedy, Richard.....	Highland, Iowa.....	1880, 83.
Kenyon, George P.....	Wonevot, Juneau.....	1880.
Keogh, Edward.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1860, 61, 76, 77, 78, 79, 83, 81, 82, 87, 89, 91, 93, b.
Keogh, James.....	Sturgeon Bay, Door.....	1893.
Kerl, Otto.....	Cross Plains, Dane.....	1873.
Kern, Charles J.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1856.
Kerr, Joseph.....	Randolph, Columbia.....	1848, 49.
Kershaw, William J.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1875.
Kessler, John.....	Big Spring, Adams.....	1867, 68, b.
Ketchum, Asa C.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1899.
Keyes, Ellisha W.....	Portage City, Columbia.....	1854.
Kickbush, F. W.....	Madison, Dane.....	1882.
Kidd, Edward I.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1878.
Kilbourne, Charles.....	Millville, Grant.....	1881, 82, 83, b.
Kilgore, Moses.....	Princeton, Green Lake.....	1867.
Killea, Matthew R.....	Bailey's Harbor, Door.....	1868.
Kimball, Fenner.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1899.
Kimball, Jedediah.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1878, 95.
King, Edward P.....	Portland, Dodge.....	1849.
King, George G.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1865, 66.
King, George W.....	Shields, Dodge.....	1849.
King, Owen.....	Humbird, Clark.....	1871.
King, William P.....	Helena, Iowa.....	1875, 78.
Kingsbury, James T.....	Merton, Waukesha.....	1859.
Kington, John T.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1860.
Kington, William M.....	Necedah, Juneau.....	1874, 80, 81, b.
Kinney, Asa.....	Chaseburg, Vernon.....	1887.
Kinney, Joseph, Jr.....	Lima Center, Rock.....	1852.
Kinzie, Robert H.....	Lima, Rock.....	1851.
Kirchoff, Henry.....	Avoca, Iowa.....	1877.
Kirkpatrick, Amos D.....	Ten Mile House, Milwaukee	1862.
Kirkpatrick, James.....	Dayton, Green.....	1855.
Kite, Charles E.....	Brodhead, Rock.....	1861.
Kizer, F. C.....	Mayville, Dodge.....	1876.
Klabunde, Reinhardt.....	Whitewater, Walworth.....	1889, 91.
Kleffer, George H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1895, 97.
Klein, L. C.....	West Bend, Washington.....	1868.
Kleinfelter, H. G.....	Racine, Racine.....	1885.
Klindt, John A.....	Nora, Dane.....	1889.
Klotz, Ignatius.....	Casville, Grant.....	1880.
Klotz, Nicholas.....	Campbellsport, Fond du Lac	1880, b.
Knab, David.....	Eden, Fond du Lac.....	1868.
Knapp, T. E.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1864, 65.
Knapp, Gilbert.....	New London, Outagamie.....	1889, 91.
Knapp, Gaines, A.....	Racine, Racine.....	1861.
Knapp, Levi E.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1887.
Knapp, William A.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1877, 78.
Kneeland, Cyrus S.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1865.
Knoell, Valentine.....	Waupun, Dodge.....	1859.
Knowlton, Ephraim.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1852, 67, 71.
Knowlton, James H.....	Highland, Iowa.....	1856, 57.
Knowlton, John J.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1858.
Knox, Seymour M.....	Shullsburg, Lafayette.....	1854, 56.
Konrad, August.....	Seymour, Outagamie.....	1876, 77.
Konz, Frederick.....	Markesan, Green Lake.....	1874.
Krantz, Charles.....	Hartford, Washington.....	1891, 93.
Krauss, Charles A. W.....	Calvary, Fond du Lac.....	1881.
Kreis, George.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1876.
Krez, Konrad.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1897.
	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1864, b.
	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1891.

b. See list of Senators

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Kribs, Frederick H.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1858, 61.
Kroenenwetter S.....	Mosinee, Marathon.....	1885.
Kroncke, George H.....	Wilmet, Kenosha.....	1883.
Kruger, A. H. F.....	Neenah, Winnebago.....	1880, 82.
Kruszka, Michael.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1891.
Kuehn, Charles.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1849, 50.
Kuntz, Carl C.....	Sauk City, Sauk.....	1883.
Kussow, B. O. Zastrow..	Black Hawk, Sauk.....	1869, 70, 71, 74.
Kyle, David W.....	Cedarburg, Ozaukee.....	1858.
Kyle, James L.....	Shullsburg, Lafayette.....	1859.
	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1854.
La Due, Albert D.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1853.
La Due, Nelson.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1851.
Lafferty, James.....	Spafford, Lafayette.....	1879.
Lagrande, John.....	Empire, Fond du Lac.....	1874.
Lamberson, Jay G.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1885.
Lain, Isaac.....	Sextonville, Richland.....	1891, 93, 95.
Lake, Phipps W.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1861.
Lamoreux, Oliver H.....	Walworth, Walworth.....	1854.
Lamoreux, Silas W.....	Plover, Portage.....	1872.
Lanure, Wm.....	Mayville, Dodge.....	1872.
Landt, Sophronius S.....	Ledyard, Outagamie.....	1885, 87.
Lane, Charles A.....	Friendship, Adams.....	1895.
Lange, Louie A.....	Plover, Portage.....	1882, 83.
Langenfeld, Peter.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1893, 95, 97, 99.
Langer, William.....	Theresa, Dodge.....	1878.
Langland, Knud.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1882.
Langworthy, Joseph.....	North Cape, Racine.....	1860.
Lapham, Otis B.....	Mauston, Juneau.....	1857.
Large, Jonathan.....	Friendship, Adams.....	1861, 63, 69.
Larkin, Charles H.....	Onkfield, Fond du Lac.....	1865.
Larkin, Martin, Jr.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1872, 74, 75, b.
Larsin, James.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1863.
LaSelle, William B.....	Menasha, Marinette.....	1891.
Latham, Hollis.....	Plainfield, Waushara.....	1887, 89.
Lathrop, Henry Allison	Elkhorn, Walworth.....	1862.
Latta, George W.....	Marshfield, Wood.....	1887.
Lauderdale, James.....	Antigo, Langlade.....	1895, 97.
Laverrenz, Otto.....	La Grange, Walworth.....	1853, 56.
Lavies, Hubert.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1880, 81.
Lavis, Peter.....	Root Creek, Milwaukee.....	1876.
Lawler, William.....	Greenfield, Milwaukee.....	1854, 55, 56.
Lawrence, Franklin S.....	New Coeln, Milwaukee.....	1878.
Lawrence, George H.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1880, 81.
Lawrence, William A.....	Burnett Station, Dodge.....	1876.
Lewton, A. F.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1852, b.
Layne, James H.....	Reedsburg, Sauk.....	1885.
Lea, A. R.....	Viroqua, Vernon.....	1863.
Leach, Frank.....	Waupaca, Waupaca.....	1891.
Leahy, John E.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1874, 75.
Leavens, Henry P.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1883, b.
Lebels, Henry.....	Neenah, Winnebago.....	1877.
Lee, Daniel.....	Bloomer, Chippewa.....	1893.
Lee, Levi.....	De Pere, Brown.....	1872.
Lee, Ole C.....	Elkhorn, Walworth.....	1855.
Lees, Edward.....	Stoughton, Dane.....	1895.
Lees, Robert.....	Fountain City, Buffalo.....	1875, 76.
Legler, H. E.....	Ottawa, Waukesha.....	1853, 54.
Legried, Christ.....	Gilmantown, Buffalo.....	1873, b.
Lehmann, August H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1889.
Leigh, John.....	Cambridge, Dane.....	1897.
Leisring, Alfred A.....	Hustisford, Dodge.....	1874.
Leland, Cyrus.....	Oconto, Oconto.....	1875.
Leland, Frank.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1893.
Lemont, James.....	Sauk City, Sauk.....	1849.
Lenck, C. H.....	Elkhorn, Walworth.....	1873.
Lennon, James.....	Bay View, Milwaukee.....	1885.
Leonard, Calvin D. W.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1893.
Leonard, Peter H.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1883.
Leonardson J. C.....	Dayton, Green.....	1862, 70.
Leonhardt, Christopher..	Ellfield, Ashland.....	1889.
	Waterloo, Jefferson.....	1882.
	Sturgeon Bay, Door.....	1883.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF WISCONSIN LEGISLATURES.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Leonhardy, John.....	Alma, Buffalo.....	1891.
Leslie, John.....	Juneau, Dodge.....	1885.
Lessey, John F.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1851.
Lewis, Andrew H.....	Hale, Trempealeau.....	1885.
Lewis, Calvin E.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1872.
Lewis, Charles G.....	Sun Prairie, Dane.....	1879.
Lewis, James M.....	Oconomowoc, Waukesha.....	1857.
Lewis, James T.....	Columbus, Columbia.....	1852, b.
Lewis, John C.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1859, 60.
Lewis, Rensselaer, M.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1873.
Lewis, William T.....	Racine, Racine.....	1897.
Liebenstein, John W.....	Scott, Sheboygan.....	1893.
Lincoln, Wyman I.....	Avoca, Iowa.....	1864, b.
Linderman, James L.....	Osseo, Trempealeau.....	1877.
Lindsay, Freeman D.....	Nellisville, Clark.....	1877.
Lindsay, William.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1882.
Lins, John A.....	Eagle, Waukesha.....	1881, b.
Linae, Chas.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1885.
Linsley, Marcus.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1861.
Liscow, William.....	Iron Ridge, Dodge.....	1881.
Little, Francis.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1864, 65, b.
Little, James.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.....	1859.
Littlefield, Stephen D.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.....	1859.
Lloyd, Evan W.....	Cambria, Columbia.....	1881.
Lloyd, John.....	Clyman, Dodge.....	1875.
Loehr, Peter.....	Dotyville, Fond du Lac.....	1889.
Loehr, Querin.....	Calumet, Fond du Lac.....	1853.
Logan, Frank.....	Hurley, Iron.....	1899.
Loneragan, Michael.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1871.
Long, Chester D.....	Darien, Walworth.....	1861.
Long, Hugh.....	Darien, Walworth.....	1848.
Loomis, Charles D.....	Necedah, Juneau.....	1882.
Longbotham, John.....	Dickeyville, Grant.....	1891, 93.
Loper, Alonzo A.....	Eden, Fond du Lac.....	1873, b.
Lord, Simon L.....	Edgerton, Rock.....	1880, b.
Lord, Freeman H.....	River Falls, Pierce.....	1895.
Lorian, Bryan S.....	Manie Grove, Manitowoc.....	1874, 75.
Loth, Ernest.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1899.
Love, John.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1855.
Lovely, Allen P.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1879, b.
Loveland, Carnus.....	Rutland, Dane.....	1870.
Lovell, Frederick S.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1857, 58.
Low, Jacob.....	Lowville, Columbia.....	1872.
Low, George H.....	Walworth, Walworth.....	1849.
Lowth, John.....	Lowell, Dodge.....	1850, 51, 53.
Lowth, Matthew.....	Columbus, Columbia.....	1880.
Lowth, Michael F.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1865.
Lowry, Goodwin.....	Helena Station, Iowa.....	1868.
Luchsinger, John.....	Monroe, Green.....	1887.
Luse, Louis K.....	New Glarus, Green.....	1873, 76, 77, 78.
Luscher, Gustav S.....	Stoughton, Dane.....	1881.
Lutkin, Peter C.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1891, 93.
Lyle, John.....	Whitesville, Racine.....	1857.
Lynch, Felix.....	Paoli, Dane.....	1878.
Lynch, Thomas.....	Danville, Dodge.....	1885.
Lynde, William Pitt.....	Chilton, Calumet.....	1873, 83.
Lyon, James R.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1866, b.
Lyon, Joseph F.....	Glendale, Monroe.....	1899.
Lyon, Waldo.....	Darien, Walworth.....	1868.
Lyon, William P.....	Hustisford, Dodge.....	1859.
	Racine, Racine.....	1859, 60.
Macaulay, Robert.....	Menomonie, Dunn.....	1883.
MacBride, Robert J.....	Nellisville, Clark.....	1882, 83, b.
Mackay, Thomas C. L.....	Elk Grove, Lafayette.....	1860, 61.
Madden, Henry.....	Dodgeville, Iowa.....	1853.
Maertz, Fred. C.....	Reedsville, Manitowoc.....	1895, 97.
Mahoney, Daniel A.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1893.
Mahoney, Daniel O.....	Viroqua, Vernon.....	1893, 95.
Mahoney, George R.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1895.
Main, Robert P.....	Oregon, Dane.....	1857.
Malmros, G. C. Oscar.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1851.
Maloy, Michael.....	Richfield, Washington.....	1862.
Manley, Ira, Jr.....	Markesan, Green Lake.....	1868.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Manney, Francis G.....	Linden, Sheboygan.....	1850.
Manson, Rufus P.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1871.
Marsh, Joseph C.....	Spokeville, Clark.....	1875, 97.
Markham, George H.....	Independence, Trempealeau.....	1879.
Marsden, Thomas R.....	Friendship, Adams.....	1866.
Marshall, Charles W.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1859.
Marshall, George M.....	Big Springs, Adams.....	1875, 76.
Marshall, John.....	Adell, Sheboygan.....	1882.
Marshall, William R.....	St. Croix Falls, St. Croix.....	1848.
Marston, Warren.....	Lomira, Dodge.....	1867.
Martin, Thomas L.....	Wilton, Monroe.....	1895.
Martin, Andrew.....	Riceville, Washington.....	1875, 76.
Martin, Constant.....	Dykesville, Kewaunee.....	1866.
Martin, Jacob, Sr.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1883.
Martin, Mark.....	Onion River, Sheboygan.....	1864.
Martin, Morgan L.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1855, 74, b.
Martin, N. T.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1889.
Martin, Stoddard H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1849.
Marvin, George G.....	Westford, Columbia.....	1871.
Marx, Nicholas.....	Wayne, Washington.....	1864, 77.
Mason, Albert L.....	Elton, Walworth.....	1879.
Mason, Jacob.....	Monroe, Green.....	1868.
Mason, John.....	Wlota, Lafayette.....	1885.
Mason, Zebulon.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1857, 58.
Masters, William.....	Weyauwega, Waupaca.....	1887.
Masso, Charles A.....	Sturgeon Bay, Door.....	1879.
Massey, Henry L.....	Potosi, Grant.....	1861.
Mather, Samuel W.....	Markesan, Marquette.....	1858.
Mathes, John.....	Rhine, Sheboygan.....	1854.
Matteson, Silas C.....	Waucousta, Fond du Lac.....	1859.
Matthews, Eschines P.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1881.
Matts, Nicholas M.....	Verona, Dane.....	1862.
Matts, Peter W.....	Montrose, Dane.....	1854.
Maxon, Densmore W.....	Cedar Creek, Washington.....	1848, 52, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 82, b.
Maxon, Joseph S.....	Walworth, Walworth.....	1891.
Maxson, Darwin E.....	Milton, Rock.....	1869.
Maxson, Orrin T.....	Prescott, Pierce.....	1853, 57.
Maxwell, Walter S.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1877, 81, 84, b.
May, Reuben.....	Springville, Vernon.....	1870, 72.
Mayer, Christian.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1875.
Mayer, Jacob G.....	Le Roy, Dodge.....	1862.
McAllister, William P.....	Omro, Winnebago.....	1857, 58.
McArthur, Eric.....	Winneconne, Winnebago.....	1876.
McCarthy, James.....	Port Washington, Ozaukee.....	1866.
McCartney, Alexander R.....	Cassville, Grant.....	1869.
McCarty, Frank D.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1858.
McCarty, Thomas.....	Menomonee Falls, Waukesha.....	1870, 77.
McCaull, Thomas.....	Tomah, Monroe.....	1874.
McCollum, John F.....	Trenton, Dodge.....	1862, 63.
McCollum, J. L. R.....	Sextonville, Richland.....	1876, 77.
McConnell, Chas. D.....	Ripon, Green Lake.....	1882, 87.
McConnell, Thomas.....	Winneconne, Winnebago.....	1873.
McConochie, R. N.....	Cambria, Columbia.....	1893.
McCord, Myron H.....	Merrill, Lincoln.....	1891, b.
McCormick, Andrew.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1856, 57.
McCormick, Francis.....	Ashmun, ... Ahnapee, Kewaunee.....	1854. 1871.
McCormick, Joseph.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1887, 89.
McCoy, James B.....	Beetown, Grant.....	1876, 79.
McCoy, William J.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1883, 85.
McCourt, James Henry.....	St. Croix Falls, Polk.....	1887, 89.
McCracken, M. W.....	Superior, Douglas.....	1859.
McCracken, Samuel.....	Marquette, Marquette.....	1854.
McDill, Alexander S.....	Plover, Portage.....	1862, b.
McDill, George D.....	Oscola Mills, Polk.....	1891, 82, 83.
McDill, Thomas H.....	Plover, Portage.....	1867, 71, 79, 83.
McDonald, Thomas, Jr.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1897, 99.
McDonald, A. S.....	Marion, Waupaca.....	1885, 87.
McDonald, David.....	Racine, Racine.....	1848.
McDonald, Donald A.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1874, b.
McDonald, James.....	Sussex, Waukesha.....	1869.
McDonald, John D.....	Summit, Waukesha.....	1870, 71.
McDonald, John R.....	Ahnapee, Kewaunee.....	1869.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
McDonald, Alexander A.	Madison, Dane.....	1858.
McDonald, Martin W.	Alma, Buffalo.....	1882.
McDonough, Frank	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1893.
McDowell, Samuel C.	Fox Lake, Dodge.....	1882.
McElroy, James.....	Waupun, Fond du Lac.....	1864.
McElroy, William.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1887, 89.
McFarland, David.....	Highland, Iowa.....	1863, b.
McFarlane, Hugh.....	Portage City, Columbia.....	1850.
McFetridge, Edward C.	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1878, 81, b.
McGalloway, Peter.....	Forest, Fond du Lac.....	1895.
McGarry, Edward.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1850, 53, 64, b.
McGeahan, M. G.....	Hurley, Ashland.....	1893.
McGeahan, R. J.....	DePere, Brown.....	1889, 91.
McGillivray, Jas. J.....	Black River Falls, Jackson.....	1891, 93, b.
McGilton, John.....	Cedar Falls, Dunn.....	1880.
McGinty, Bernard.....	Calumet, Lafayette.....	1878, 80.
McGlaughlin, E.....	Stevens Point, Portage.....	1889.
McGonigal, William.....	Wingville, Grant.....	1850.
McGranahan, William.....	Fayette, Lafayette.....	1859.
McGrath, James.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1865, 66, 67, 68, 70, 73, 74.
McGrath, Thomas J.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1897, 99.
McGreer, John.....	Antigo, Langlade.....	1890.
McGrew, Joseph B.....	Richland Center, Richland.....	1874, b.
McGuigan, Ambrose.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1891.
McGuire, James M.....	Dauville, Dodge.....	1865.
McIndoe, Walter D.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1850, 54, 55.
McIntosh, Charles E.....	Lime Rock, Outagamie.....	1869, 70, 71.
McIntyre, Eugene.....	Waldo, Sheboygan.....	1880.
McIver, James.....	Bay View, Milwaukee.....	1874.
McKay, John J.....	Sparta, Monroe.....	1860.
McKee, David.....	Potosi, Grant.....	1852.
McKenzie, Duncan J.....	Alma, Buffalo.....	1893.
McKenzie, John.....	Dekorra, Columbia.....	1883.
McKibbin, John.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1858.
McKesson, James C.....	Wheatland, Kenosha.....	1853, 59.
McLean, Campbell.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1862.
McLean, Hector.....	Stockbridge, Calumet.....	1865.
McLean, Thomas.....	Stockbridge, Calumet.....	1864.
McLees, John M.....	Harmony, Vernon.....	1869.
McLeod, Arthur W.....	Washburn, Bayfield.....	1899.
McLeran, J. B.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1887.
McLaughlin, William M.	Oregon, Green.....	1864, 65.
McMichael, William.....	Viroqua, Bad Axe.....	1860.
McMillan, Alexander.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1873.
McMullen, W. V.....	Brillon, Calumet.....	1889, 91.
McMurdy, James H.....	Hortonville, Outagamie.....	1880, 81.
McNair, Hugh A. W.....	Fennimore, Grant.....	1879, 67, 70.
McNaughton, F.....	Vernon, Waukesha.....	1852.
McNeel, J. Henry.....	Greenbush, Sheboygan.....	1870.
McNitt, Edwin W.....	Otsago, Columbia.....	1864.
McNamara, Martin.....	Maile Grove, Manitowoc.....	1872.
McLean, Hector C.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1879, 80.
McNath, M. J.....	Grand Rapids, Wood.....	1865.
McWhorter, George.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1858.
Mead, L. H.....	Shell Lake, Washburn.....	1889, 91.
Mead, Zerah.....	Whitewater, Walworth.....	1852.
Mende, John F.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1881.
Mendows, William.....	Lyons, Walworth.....	1878.
Meehan, James.....	Meehan, Portage.....	1859, 60.
Meehan, Gardner C.....	Arena, Iowa.....	1882.
McKieJohn, John.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1882.
Melsner, Gustav.....	Ashpurn, Dodge.....	1883.
Meloy, Charles J.....	Shullsburg, Lafayette.....	1891.
Melvin, Fordyce R.....	Brooklyn, Green.....	1879.
Menzies, James.....	Rock Prairie, Rock.....	1881.
Merriman, Charles W.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1897.
Merriman, Amzy.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1871.
Merriman, John G.....	Lake Mills, Jefferson.....	1855.
Merrill, Addison W.....	Alma Center, Jackson.....	1897.
Merrill, Almond.....	Charleston, Calumet.....	1875.
Merrill, Hiram.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1875.
Merrill, Lorenzo.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1898, 59.
Merrill, Leander G.....	Black River Falls, Jackson.....	1891.
Merrill, Soreno T.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1876, 77.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Merrill, Willard.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1871.
Merritt, Edward E.....	Nellsville, Clark.....	1873.
Merritt, Patrick.....	Hale's Corners, Milwaukee.....	1880.
Messmore, Isaac E.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1861.
Metcalf, Theophilus F.....	Spring Lake, Waushara.....	1870.
Meyer, Charles G.....	Fredonia, Ozaukee.....	1871, 81.
Meyer, Joseph.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1873.
Meyer, Joseph A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1887.
Middleton, William J.....	Berlin, Green Lake.....	1899.
Milbrath, C. W.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1893.
Mills, Uriah D.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1870, 71.
Millard, Burton.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1858.
Millard, B. F.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1889.
Miller, Jerome B.....	Alma Center, Jackson.....	1895.
Miller, Clarkson.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1860.
Miller, Chas. H.....	West Bend, Washington.....	1867.
Miller, Joseph.....	Brillion, Manitowoc.....	1883, 85.
Miller, Lucius M.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1853.
Miller, Samuel.....	Shopiere, Rock.....	1862.
Miller, Henry.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1887.
Miller, William.....	Rusk, Dunn.....	1887, b.
Miller, Samuel S.....	Whitehall, Trempealeau.....	1887.
Miller, William H.....	Door Creek, Dane.....	1863, 64.
Miller, W. L.....	Winneconne, Winnebago.....	1889.
Milikin, N. W.....	Saxeville, Waushara.....	1882.
Mills, Edgar G.....	West Superior, Douglas.....	1893, b.
Mills, Ferguson.....	Seneca, Crawford.....	1876.
Mills, Hugh B.....	Millston, Jackson.....	1876.
Mills, Joseph T.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1856, 57, 62, 79.
Mills, Thomas B.....	Millston, Jackson.....	1885, 87, 89.
Mitch, Oscar F.....	Paoli, Dane.....	1897, 99.
Miner, Cyrus.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1889.
Miner, Elphalest S.....	Necedah, Juneau.....	1865, 66, b.
Miner, James H.....	Richland Center, Richland.....	1870.
Minor, David N.....	Rubicon, Dodge.....	1861.
Minor, Edward S.....	Fish Creek, Door.....	1878, 80, 81, b.
Mitchell, Abner.....	Spring Grove, Green.....	1854.
Mitchell, Franklin.....	Juda, Green.....	1877, 78, 79.
Mitchell, John.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1856.
Mitchell, Martin.....	Brodhead, Green.....	1860.
Mitchell, Robert.....	Douglas Center, Marquette.....	1875.
Mitchell, William F.....	Gibbsville, Sheboygan.....	1861.
Moeller, Adolph.....	New Holstein, Calumet.....	1882.
Mohr, Charles.....	Portage, Columbia.....	1895.
Mohr, Christian Frederick.....	Portage, Columbia.....	1887, 89.
Mohr, Leonard.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1876, 77.
Monroe, Publius V.....	New Berlin, Waukesha.....	1852.
Monroe, William.....	Eayette, Lafayette.....	1867.
Monteth, John.....	Fennimore, Grant.....	1873.
Monteth, John B.....	Geneseo, Waukesha.....	1865.
Montgomery, Edwin.....	Hancock, Waushara.....	1871, b.
Moors, Benjamin H.....	Grafton, Washington.....	1848.
Moore, Benjamin F.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1852.
Moore, Chas. W.....	Chetek, Barron.....	1889, 91.
Moore, Harvey.....	Ozaukee, Washington.....	1851.
Moore, Harvey T.....	Brodhead, Green.....	1862.
Moore, John B.....	Muscoda, Grant.....	1860.
Moore, William V.....	Burlington, Racine.....	1872.
Moran, Patrick H.....	Morrison, Brown.....	1882.
More, George E.....	Royalton, Waupaca.....	1871.
More, Robert.....	Emerald Grove, Rock.....	1899.
Moors, Chas. W.....	Hancock, Waushara.....	1880, 81.
Morgan, John E.....	Spring Green, Sauk.....	1897, 99.
Morgan, D. H.....	Albany, Green.....	1885.
Morgan, Frederick A.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1871.
Morrill, John.....	Hixton, Jackson.....	1870.
Morris, Chas. E.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1848.
Morrison, David L.....	Pt. Atkinson, Jefferson.....	1854, 56.
Morman, Thomas J.....	Stevens Point, Portage.....	1851.
Morrow, Joseph M.....	Snarta, Monroe.....	1862.
Morse, Calvin R.....	River Falls, Pierce.....	1899.
Morse, Hiram D.....	Waterford, Racine.....	1867.
Morse, William M.....	Ashpoun, Dodge.....	1866, 75.
	Alderly, Jefferson.....	1857.

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MEMBERS OF WISCONSIN LEGISLATURES.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Moscowitt, Frederick....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1855, 57, 59, 75, 78.
Moser, Conrad, Jr.....	Alma, Buffalo.....	1867, 68.
Mosher, Thomas H.....	Kneeland, Racine.....	1897.
Mosher, John.....	Waterloo, Jefferson.....	1866.
Mosher, Jonathan.....	Stoughton, Dane.....	1855.
Mosher, Orville W.....	New Richmond, St. Croix.	1899.
Mott, Thomas R.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1852.
Moulton, Powers G.....	Onalaska, La Crosse.....	1870, 71.
Mowe, Daniel.....	Orfordville, Rock.....	1865.
Mackerhilde, Jacob H....	Kewaskum, Washington....	1879.
Muehl, Adam.....	St. Martin, Waukesha.....	1868.
Mulholland, Henry.....	Meeme, Manitowoc.....	1870, 65.
Muldowney, James.....	Kildare, Juneau.....	1878, 79.
Mumbrue, Henry C.....	Waupaca, Waupaca.....	1876, b.
Munger, A. R.....	Boltongville, Sheboygan....	1891.
Munn, Henry B.....	Portage, Columbia.....	1890.
Munroe, Orlando C.....	Racine, Racine.....	1861, 63.
Murdock, James.....	Neosho, Dodge.....	1850.
Murphy, James L.....	Marinette, Marinette.....	1887.
Murphy, James S.....	Benton, Lafayette.....	1859.
Murphy, James W.....	Briggsville, Marquette....	1879, b.
Murphy, John D.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1851.
Murphy, John A.....	Ellsworth, Pierce.....	1887.
Murphy, Matthew.....	New Diggings, Lafayette....	1852, 56.
Murphy, Michael.....	Maple Grove, Manitowoc....	1865, 67.
Murphy, Newton S.....	Whitewater, Walworth.....	1859.
Murphy, William.....	Briggsville, Marquette....	1869, 74.
Murray, Horatio J.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1867.
Murray, James.....	Turtle, Rock.....	1856.
Murray, Nathaniel O.....	New Berlin, Waukesha.....	1867.
Murray, William D.....	Peplin, Pepin.....	1882.
Muzzy, John.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1853.
	Mayville, Rock.....	1851.
Naber, Herman.....	Shawano, Shawano.....	1864, 75, 80, 83.
Narracong, Jonas W.....	Lodi, Columbia.....	1870.
Nash, Jonathan W.....	Oak Grove, Dodge.....	1860.
Nash, Thomas E.....	Centralla, Wood.....	1885.
Nash, William F.....	Two Rivers, Manitowoc....	1878, b.
Nason, Solomon L.....	Nelsonville, Wood.....	1878.
Nevill, James H.....	Potosi, Grant.....	1868.
Needham, Randolph J.....	Stockbridge, Calumet.....	1867.
Neves, George A.....	Grand Rapids, Wood.....	1872.
Neff, Danverse.....	Calumet, Lafayette.....	1876.
Nelson, Andrew G.....	Waupaca, Waupaca.....	1886.
Nelson, Homer.....	Markesan, Green Lake.....	1877.
Nelson Joseph.....	Raymond, Racine.....	1857.
Nelson, Jerome.....	Nelsonville, Portage.....	1887.
Nelson, Knute.....	Cambridge, Dane.....	1868, 69.
Nelson, Peter.....	Racine, Racine.....	1863.
Nelson, Thomas L.....	Prescott, Pierce.....	1875.
Neuhanser, Francis A....	Le Roy, Dodge.....	1877.
Newcomb, John.....	Pepin, Pepin.....	1887.
Neville, John C.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1860.
Newell, Franklin.....	Paris, Kenosha.....	1856, 66.
Newell, James E.....	Viroqua, Vernon.....	1875.
Newick, Samuel.....	Beetown, Grant.....	1862.
Newman, Alfred W.....	Trempealeau, Trempealeau..	1867, b.
Newman, Gideon E.....	Cooksville, Rock.....	1877.
Newton, Selmi.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1861.
Nichols, Abner.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1848.
Nichols, Archibald.....	Markesan, Green Lake.....	1848, 54, 62, 71, 72.
Nichols, Henry F. C.....	New Lisbon, Juneau.....	1872, 73, 79.
Nichols, Marshall C.....	Viroqua, Vernon.....	1883.
Nicholls, John.....	Trempealeau, Trempealeau..	1867, 68.
Niedermann, J. C. U.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1864.
Nise, Charles, Jr.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1897.
Noble, Butler G.....	Whitewater, Walworth.....	1858.
Noble, Morgan L.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.	1849, 50.
Noggie, David.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1854, 57.
Nolan, J. P.....	Maple Grove, Manitowoc....	1891.
Noll, William.....	Cascade, Sheboygan.....	1876.
Noller, George.....	La e Five, Washington....	1883.
Noon, Jeremiah.....	Merton, Waukesha.....	1856.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Norcross, Pliny.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1867, 85.
Northrop, George O.....	Racine, Racine.....	1864.
Northrop, Stiles S.....	Ogden, Rock.....	1861.
Northrop, Samuel.....	Dellona, Sauk.....	1858.
Norton, Nelson R.....	Burlington, Racine.....	1854.
Notbohm, Edward C.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1895.
Noyes, David K.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1856.
Nute, Benjamin.....	Milford, Jefferson.....	1849.
Nye, Frank M.....	Clear Lake, Polk.....	1885.
Nye, William M.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1887.
Oberman, Jacob.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1865.
O'Brien, John.....	Milton, Monroe.....	1881.
Oekler, William.....	Muskego Center, Waukesha	1871.
O'Connor, Eugene.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1869.
O'Connor, Thomas.....	Halder, Marathon.....	1891.
Oddie, J. M.....	Boyceville, Dunn.....	1885.
Oetting, Charles.....	Howard's Grove, Sheboygan	1863, 71.
Officer, William H.....	Springville, Vernon.....	1864, 65.
O'Flaherty, John.....	Morrison, Brown.....	1879.
O'Hara, Samuel.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1863.
Oliver, E. C.....	Cedar Grove, Sheboygan....	1889.
Ollis, John.....	De Forest, Dane.....	1878.
Olmstead, Nathan.....	Cottage Inn, Lafayette.....	1851, 53.
Olson, Brown.....	Westby, Vernon.....	1891.
Olson, George.....	Taylor, Jackson.....	1899.
Olson, Hans H.....	Berlin, Green Lake.....	1897.
O'Malley, Dominick.....	Westport, Dane.....	1861.
O'Neill, William.....	Washburn, Washburn.....	1893, 95.
O'Neill, Edward.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1854, 55, b.
O'Neill, James.....	Neillsville, Clark.....	1868.
O'Neill, James.....	Black River Falls, Jackson	1849.
O'Neill, John.....	Neillsville, Clark.....	1885.
O'Neill, Thomas.....	Shullsburg, Lafayette.....	1882, 83.
Opitz, William F.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1875.
Ordway, David S.....	Mequon River, Ozaukee.....	1861.
Ormsby, James B.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1860.
Orton, Charles H.....	Oxford, Marquette.....	1859.
Orton, Harlow S.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1866.
Orton, Philo A.....	Madison, Dane.....	1874, 59, 71.
O'Rourke, Patrick H.....	Darlington, Lafayette.....	1899.
O'Rourke, John.....	Cascade, Sheboygan.....	1872, b.
Osborn, Albert K.....	Kildare, Juneau.....	1868.
Osborn, Chas. F.....	Iola, Waupaca.....	1863, 65, 66.
Osborn, Sylvester W.....	Darlington, Lafayette.....	1859, 91.
Osborne, Marvin.....	Darlington, Lafayette.....	1865.
Osborne, Tobias G.....	Magnolia, Rock.....	1874, 75.
Ostrander, James H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1851.
Ostrander, James V.....	Aztalan, Jefferson.....	1853.
Ostrander, Jared F.....	Jefferson, Jefferson.....	1873, 75, 79, 82.
Oswald, John J.....	Aztalan, Jefferson.....	1857.
Overbeck, Henry, Jr.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1891.
Owen, David.....	Sturgeon Bay, Door.....	1897, 99.
Owen, William.....	Portage, Columbia.....	1877.
	Cambria, Columbia.....	1865.
Packard, William P.....	Racine, Racine.....	1880, 83.
Paddock, R. G.....	La Valle, Sauk.....	1889.
Paddock, William.....	Markesan, Green Lake.....	1881.
Page, Lucius H.....	Fulton, Rock.....	1849.
Pahl, Louis P.....	Oconto, Oconto.....	1876.
Palme, Charles P.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1880.
Palmer, Alexander S.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1850.
Palmer, Cassius C.....	West Salem, La Crosse.....	1869.
Palmer, Edwin.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1859.
Palmer, Ephraim.....	Edgerton, Rock.....	1862.
Palmer, Henry L.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1853, 60, 62, 73, b.
Palmer, John T.....	Waterford, Racine.....	1856.
Palmer, Rodman.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa....	1861.
Palmer, Thomas.....	Mayville, Dodge.....	1850.
Palmer, William.....	Logansville, Sauk.....	1865, 68.
Pape, A. H.....	New London, Outagamie.....	1862, 83.
Parish, John K.....	Medford, Taylor.....	1855.

b. See list of Senators.



HOME FOR THE PEOPLE MINDED, CHIPPWA FALLS.



STATE PUBLIC SCHOOL FOR DEPENDENT AND NEGLECTED CHILDREN, SPARTA.

MEMBERS OF WISCONSIN LEGISLATURES.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Parker, Maynard T.....	Ahnapee, Kewaunee.....	1897.
Parker, Charles D.....	Pleasant Valley, St. Croix..	1869, 70.
Parker, Charles H.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1868, 69, 78.
Parker, George W.....	Metomen, Fond du Lac.....	1855, 56.
Parker, L. Holden.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1899.
Parker, Nathan.....	Hartford, Washington.....	1861.
Parker, Ruel.....	Portland, Dodge.....	1854.
Parkinson, J. W.....	Brothertown, Calumet.....	1880, 93.
Parkinson, Daniel M.....	Willow Springs, Lafayette..	1849.
Parkinson, Peter, Jr.....	Fayette, Lafayette.....	1854.
Parks, Francis G.....	Eagle, Waukesha.....	1873.
Parks, Rufus.....	Waterville, Waukesha.....	1867.
Parry, William T.....	Portage, Columbia.....	1881, 82, b.
Patch, Henry.....	Patch Grove, Grant.....	1858.
Patch, Horace D.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1852.
Patchin, Melvin B.....	Fremont, Waupaca.....	1860.
Pattin, Azel W.....	Neenah, Winnebago.....	1872.
Patterson, Andrew.....	Fox River, Kenosha.....	1885.
Patterson, Henry A.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1873.
Paulus, C.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1895.
Peak, Uriel H.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1852.
Pearl, Elfisha.....	Lisbon, Waukesha.....	1853.
Pease, Harlow.....	Waterloo, Jefferson.....	1858.
Pease, Spencer A.....	Montello, Marquette.....	1865, 66, 70, 71.
Peckham, Wm. P.....	Neenah, Winnebago.....	1874.
Pederson, Eli.....	Primrose, Dane.....	1883.
Pelree, Jabez.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1849.
Pelree, C. E.....	Germania, Marquette.....	1891, b.
Pemberton, John.....	Delavan, Walworth.....	1878.
Pengra, Marshal H.....	Juda, Green.....	1871, 72.
Perkins, Albert J.....	Medford, Taylor.....	1893.
Perkins, James W.....	New Chester, Adams.....	1885, 87.
Perkins, Nathaniel.....	Sauk City, Sauk.....	1851.
Perry, Cyrus.....	Waterloo, Dodge.....	1869.
Perry, Eli P.....	New London, Waupaca.....	1867.
Perry, William W.....	Prairie du Sac, Sauk.....	1872.
Perrons, E. W.....	De Pere, Brown.....	1867, b.
Perrons, James H.....	Plum City, Pierce.....	1873, 74.
Peters, Peter.....	Rubicon, Dodge.....	1861, 65.
Peters, William H.....	Montello, Marquette.....	1878.
Peterson, Peter N.....	Amherst, Portage.....	1897.
Peterson C. H. M.....	New Holstein, Calumet.....	1868, 69, 72, 81.
Peterson, John C.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1879, 80.
Peterson, Atley.....	Soldier's Grove, Crawford..	1879, 80, 81, 82.
Peterson, Halvor H.....	Orfordville, Rock.....	1871.
Peterson, Sewall A.....	Rice Lake, Barron.....	1893.
Petrie, Jost D.....	Concord, Jefferson.....	1861, 67.
Pettors, O. Hugo.....	Murone, Fond du Lac.....	1859.
Pettit, Paris.....	East Troy, Walworth.....	1866.
Pfaff, Fredrick A.....	Cross Plains, Dane.....	1861.
Pfunder, Frederick.....	Nero, Manitowoc.....	1880.
Phalen, Dennis T.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1891.
Phelps, A. Warren.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1874.
Phelps, Chauncey M.....	Addison, Washington.....	1849.
Phelps, Joseph A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1852.
Phillips, Albert L.....	Racine, Racine.....	1869, 70, b.
Phillips, Benjamin F.....	Mukwa, Manitowoc.....	1857.
Phillips, Bradley.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1872.
Phillips, Charles H.....	Lake Mills, Jefferson.....	1870, 76, 77, b.
Phillips, Enos M.....	Big Valley, La Crosse.....	1863.
Phillips, John.....	Stevens Point, Portage.....	1860, 64.
Phillips, Joseph.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1866, 67, 69.
Phillips, Peter.....	Meeme, Manitowoc.....	1882.
Phillips, Sewell A.....	Royalton, Waupaca.....	1880, 81.
Pickett, Armine.....	Weelaunee, Winnebago.....	1861.
Pierce, Albert H.....	Monticello, Green.....	1859, 68.
Pierce, Clarence E.....	Germania, Marquette.....	1891, 93, b.
Pierce, Humphrey.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1892.
Pierce, Robert W.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1883, 85.
Pierce, Solon W.....	Friendship, Adams.....	1870, 77, 78, 80, 81, 82, 97.
Pierce, William A.....	Sun Prairie, Dane.....	1852.
Pieron, William.....	Silver Springs, Milwaukee..	1881, 91.
Pike, Alanson.....	Whitewater, Jefferson.....	1865.
Pike, Jarvis K.....	Cold Spring, Jefferson.....	1849.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Pinkney, Bertine.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1850, b.
Pinney, Silas U.....	Madison, Dane.....	1875.
Piper, Francis V.....	Pipersville, Jefferson.....	1883.
Piper, Jonathan.....	Ixonia Center, Jefferson.....	1885.
Place, Jacob E.....	Hartford, Washington.....	1880.
Platto, John V. V.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1862.
Plisch, Robert.....	Zeligier, Marathon.....	1836.
Plucker, William.....	Fair Water, Fond du Lac.....	1875.
Plumier, Bradley G.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1866.
Plumer, Daniel L.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1873.
Plummer, Samuel L.....	Arkansaw, Pepin.....	1874.
Plummer, Samuel F.....	Durand, Pepin.....	1897.
Plummer, William E.....	Durand, Pepin.....	1891.
Poertner, Adam.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1863.
Polacheck, Charles.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1897.
Pole, Charles.....	Shullsburg, Lafayette.....	1868, 69.
Polley, Horace N.....	Augusta, Eau Claire.....	1897, 99.
Pooler, Frank.....	Onalaska, La Crosse.....	1882.
Pope, Anson W.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1849, 61, 66.
Pope, Carl C.....	Black River Falls, Jackson.....	1862, 63, 77, 78, b.
Poppert, George.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1885.
Porter, James W.....	Port Washington, Wash.....	1853.
Porter, John L.....	Pacific, Columbia.....	1873.
Porter, William H.....	Marshall, Dane.....	1891.
Porter, Hugh.....	Seneca, Crawford.....	1887, 89, 90.
Porter, Joseph K. P.....	Cooksville, Rock.....	1859.
Porter, Thomas.....	New Richmond, St. Croix.....	1885.
Porth, Peter.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1874.
Post, Lorenzo L.....	Weyauwega, Waupaca.....	1878, 79.
Potter, Jerome B.....	Sentinel, Juneau.....	1869, 70.
Potter, John F.....	East Troy, Walworth.....	1856.
Potter, John, Jr.....	Menasha, Winnebago.....	1878, 79.
Potter, Peter.....	Le Roy, Dodge.....	1857.
Potter, William D.....	Cambridge, Dane.....	1866.
Pound, Albert E.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1873.
Pound, Thaddeus C.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1864, 66, 67, 69.
Powell, Abner.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1869.
Powell, Oliver S.....	River Falls, Pierce.....	1870, 71, 72.
Powell, Robert T.....	Indian Ford, Rock.....	1871.
Powell, Henry.....	Mazomanie, Dane.....	1887.
Power, Robert.....	Ozaukee, Ozaukee.....	1863.
Powers, David J.....	Palmyra, Jefferson.....	1853.
Powers, Joseph.....	Hebron, Jefferson.....	1864.
Powers, Levi P.....	Grand Rapids, Wood.....	1863.
Powers, Simeon D.....	Tomah, Monroe.....	1862.
Powers, Simon D.....	Port Washington, Wash.....	1852.
Pratt, Delando.....	Barnes, Sank.....	1848.
Pratt, Geo. W.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1889, b.
Pratt, George E.....	River Falls, Pierce.....	1897.
Pratt, Martin V.....	Evansville, Rock.....	1881, 89.
Pratt, Oris.....	Spring Prairie, Walworth.....	1883.
Pratt, Samuel.....	Spring Prairie, Walworth.....	1849, 55, 63, b.
Prentice, Wm. H.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.....	1858.
Prentiss, Theodore.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1861.
Prentiss, Wm. A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1867, 68.
Price, David J.....	Bay View, Milwaukee.....	1881.
Price, William T.....	Black River Falls, Jackson.....	1851, 82, b.
Prickett, Harlow E.....	Black River Falls, Jackson.....	1858.
Priest, Daniel B.....	Viroqua, Vernon.....	1863, 68.
Priestly, Chas. W.....	Shullsburg, Lafayette.....	1885.
Pritchard, Richard.....	Manchester, Green Lake.....	1880.
Prochnow, Theodore.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1895.
Proctor, John.....	Neenah, Winnebago.....	1866, 67.
Proctor, Wm. H.....	Fall River, Columbia.....	1882.
Pugh, Wm. T.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1891.
Pulcifer, Daniel H.....	Shawano, Shawano.....	1867, 79.
Puhlman, Otto.....	Plymouth, Sheboygan.....	1873.
Fullen, Lloyd T.....	Evansville, Rock.....	1876.
Fullen, Lloyd T.....	Argyle, Lafayette.....	1861, 63.
Purple, Chauncey H.....	Brookfield Center, Waukesha.....	1854.
Putnam, Edson A.....	Oakfield, Fond du Lac.....	1876.
Putnam, George W.....	Ash Ridge, Richland.....	1872, 73.
Putnam, John D.....	River Falls, Pierce.....	1883.
Putnam, Henry C.....	Brodhead, Green.....	1891, 93.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Charles, Joseph V.....	Kenosha.....	1879, b.
Quigg, Charles E.....	Tomah, Monroe.....	1893.
Race, John J.....	Fredonia Station, Ozaukee.....	1885.
Rademacher, Peter J.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1893.
Roeser, Christopher S.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1879, 80, 82.
Rahr, Reinhard.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1887.
Ramsey, George R.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1872.
Ramsey, William H.....	Ozaukee, Ozaukee.....	1855, 61.
Rand, Elijah K.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1862, 63.
Randall, Alexander W.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1855.
Randall, Benjamin.....	Lebanon, Dodge.....	1848.
Rankin, Joseph.....	Mishicot, Manitowoc.....	1860.
Rasmussen, Knapp E.....	Rice Lake, Barron.....	1899.
Rankin, Joseph.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1871, 72, 73, 74, b.
Rasmussen, James J.....	Fort Howard, Brown.....	1881, 83.
Ray, Adam E.....	Troy, Walworth.....	1851.
Ray, George A.....	La Grange, Walworth.....	1868.
Ray, George H.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1895, 97, 99.
Raymond, James O.....	Plover, Portage.....	1866.
Raymond, Shepard O.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1866.
Raymond, William.....	Belle Center, Crawford.....	1870.
Read, John M.....	Kewaunee, Kewaunee.....	1881, b.
Reed, Curtis.....	Menasha, Winnebago.....	1853, 61.
Reed, Darius.....	Sullivan, Jefferson.....	1854, 56.
Reed, Dennis A.....	Sturgeon Bay, Door.....	1865, 74.
Reed, Henry.....	Grand Rapids, Wood.....	1869.
Reed, Horatio G. H.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1870.
Reed, Orson.....	Summit, Waukesha.....	1853, b.
Reed, William W.....	Jefferson, Jefferson.....	1862, 66, 67, b.
Regan, Mathias J.....	Eagle, Waukesha.....	1883.
Reinhardt, Henry O.....	Genoa Junction, Kenosha.....	1897.
Reinhardt, William.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1854.
Rimington, Cyrus C.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1854.
Rimington, H. W.....	Grand Rapids, Wood.....	1865.
Risch, Michael.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1876.
Rosier, Arthur.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1853.
Roster, Christian.....	Roxbury, Dane.....	1891.
Ruther, Peter.....	Centerville, Manitowoc.....	1872.
Rewey, Jefferson W.....	Rewey, Iowa.....	1868, 81, 82.
Reymert, James D.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1857, b.
Reynolds, John F.....	Norway, Racine.....	1849, b.
Reynolds, Benoni O.....	Genoa Junction, Kenosha.....	1895, 97.
Reynolds, James C.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1876, b.
Reynolds, Joseph B.....	Lake Geneva, Walworth.....	1885, 87, b.
Reynolds, James.....	Chilton, Calumet.....	1879.
Reynolds, James.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1857, 68.
Riekema, Rip.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1893.
Reuschlein, Francis.....	Burlington, Racine.....	1893.
Rhoda, David.....	Oconomowoc, Waukesha.....	1873.
Rhodes, Jonas W.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1871.
Riddle, John B.....	Horton, Dodge.....	1855.
Rice, Carlton E.....	Sparta, Monroe.....	1864.
Rice, Ira A.....	Waterford, Racine.....	1870.
Rice, John T.....	Waterford, Racine.....	1877.
Rice, William.....	Morrison, Brown.....	1878.
Rieh, Corydon L.....	Shiocton, Shawano.....	1873.
Richards, Daniel H.....	Vinland, Winnebago.....	1854.
Richards, John F.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1868, 70, 71, 74, 75
Richards, Richard.....	Tomah, Monroe.....	1872.
Richardson, E. D.....	Racine, Racine.....	1873.
Richardson, Hamilton.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1849.
Richardson, John E.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1864, b.
Richardson, N. B.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.....	1899.
Richardson, Elias.....	Warren, Lafayette.....	1869.
Richardson, William.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1863.
Richardson, George N.....	Fairplay, Grant.....	1852.
Richter, August.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1874, 75, b.
Richer, Ezekiel.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1871.
Rickerson, Charles.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1852, 53.
Riemer, Gustav J.....	Sun Prairie, Dane.....	1849.
Ries, Florian J.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1887.
Ring, M. C.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1877.
	Nellieville, Clark.....	1889, b.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Ringle, Bartholomew.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1864, 72, 75, 76, 77.
Ringle, John.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1879, 80, 81, 93, b.
Riordan, James.....	Franklin, Milwaukee.....	1861.
Riordan, Jeremiah.....	West Bend, Washington.....	1874.
Ripley, Henry A.....	Oakfield, Fond du Lac.....	1899.
Risum, Otto A.....	Luettich, Shawano.....	1897.
Robbins Hammer.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1877.
Roberts, David.....	North Prairie, Waukesha.....	1858, 58, 61, 64, 66, 67, 68.
Roberts, Henry B.....	Caledonia, Racine.....	1848.
Robertson, Robert C.....	Vernon, Waukesha.....	1890.
Robinson, Charles D.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1859.
Robinson, Eli.....	Benton, Lafayette.....	1853.
Robinson, Frederick.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1872, 76.
Robinson, George M.....	Salem, Racine.....	1850.
Robinson, James.....	Chilton, Calumet.....	1853, 58, 63, 70.
Robinson, John.....	Francis Creek, Manitowoc.....	1885.
Robinson, Nathaniel S.....	Neeah, Winnebago.....	1875.
Robinson, Thomas.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1867.
Robinson, William.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1873, 74.
Rohler, Hiram W.....	Wyocena, Columbia.....	1874.
Roche, Matthew.....	Westport, Dane.....	1853.
Roche, Patrick.....	Danville, Dodge.....	1877.
Rockwell, D. Henry.....	Oconomowoc, Waukesha.....	1849.
Rockwell, Reuben.....	Springfield, Walworth.....	1859.
Rodolph, Charles G.....	Orion, Richland.....	1858.
Rodolph, Theodore.....	Highland, Iowa.....	1851, b.
Rodrian, Jacob.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1868, 70.
Roe, William H.....	Ahnapee, Kewaunee.....	1895.
Roemer, John A.....	Mt. Pleasant, Racine.....	1853.
Roethe, Henry.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1873.
Roettger, Henry, Jr.....	Palusville, Milwaukee.....	1869.
Rogan, Patrick.....	Fountain City, Buffalo.....	1899.
Rogan, Peter.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1851, 53, 55, 66.
Rogers, Asa.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1858, 62.
Rogers, Chas.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1875.
Rogers, E. D.....	Illingham, Sheboygan.....	1875.
Rogers, James E.....	Necedah, Juneau.....	1878.
Rogers, Oran.....	Stevens Point, Portage.....	1881.
Rogers, William.....	Cascade, Sheboygan.....	1860.
Rolfs, Christopher J.....	Carleton, Kewaunee.....	1882.
Rolph, Frederick B.....	Oregon, Dane.....	1885.
Rood, Anson.....	Monroe, Green.....	1864.
Rood, Davenport.....	Stevens Point, Portage.....	1857.
Rood, Lewis.....	Killbourn City, Adams.....	1864, 71.
Rood, Samuel R.....	Jefferson, Jefferson.....	1848.
Root, Elenzer.....	Hazel Green, Grant.....	1854.
Root, Wilbur M.....	Packwaukee, Marquette.....	1875.
Rose, Solomon L.....	Dartford, Marquette.....	1852.
Rosenkrantz, Herman.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1879, 80, 82, 87.
Rosenkrantz, Omar L.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1875, b.
Rosenthal, Adolph.....	Lomira, Dodge.....	1895.
Roskie, C. F.....	Oconomowoc, Waukesha.....	1891, 97.
Ross, Freeman M.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1854.
Ross, James.....	Montello, Marquette.....	1881.
Rossman, Lewis.....	Cambria, Columbia.....	1869.
Rossman, Philip.....	Madison, Dane.....	1875.
Rowed, Mark W.....	Phillips, Price.....	1891.
Rothe, Emil.....	Greenwood, Clark.....	1891.
Rounds, William P.....	Hartland, Waukesha.....	1890.
Roundy, Daniel C.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1863.
Rounseville, Samuel.....	Menasha, Winnebago.....	1870, 71, b.
Rountree, John H.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1864.
Rowe, William E.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.....	1866.
Rowlands, John R.....	Meeme, Manitowoc.....	1862.
Rowce, Henry M.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1863, b.
Rowe, Samuel H.....	Arena, Iowa.....	1869, 72, 73, 74.
Ruan, John.....	Cambria, Columbia.....	1875.
Ruch, John.....	Oconto, Oconto.....	1874.
Rudinski, Theodore.....	Stoughton, Dane.....	1898, 49.
Rudd, Eli O.....	Oak Creek, Milwaukee.....	1875, 60.
	Poltonville, Sheboygan.....	1890.
	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1887.
	Rudd's Mills, Monroe.....	1872.
	Reedsburg, Sauk.....	1859.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Ruger, John.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1861.
Runnals, Edmund L.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1857, 58.
Runkel, Henry C.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1868, 69, 70.
Runkel, John.....	Lowell, Dodge.....	1873.
Rusch, William.....	Herman, Dodge.....	1871.
Rush, John D.....	Winneconne, Winnebago.....	1859.
Rusk, Allen.....	Liberty, Vernon.....	1878, 81.
Rusk, Jeremiah M.....	Viroqua, Bad Axe.....	1862.
Rusk, Lyeurgus J.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1869.
Russell, Francis.....	Westfield, Marquette.....	1868.
Russell, Richard C.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1864.
Rutherford Gilbert.....	Lake Mills, Jefferson.....	1897.
Rutledge, John.....	Ixonia Center, Jefferson.....	1869.
Ryan, Hugh.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1875.
Ryan, James.....	Ridgeway, Iowa.....	1882, 83.
Ryan, John.....	North Andover, Grant.....	1899.
Ryan, Michael W.....	Medford, Taylor.....	1899.
Ryan, Sam., Jr.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1865.
Sackett, Robert S.....	Berlin, Waushara.....	1872, b.
Safford, Truman J.....	Exeter, Green.....	1852.
Sage, Ezra C.....	New Lisbon, Juneau.....	1867.
Sage, Sidney A.....	Western Union, Racine.....	1881.
Salentine, Peter.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1877.
Salisbury, Elijah C.....	Union Grove, Racine.....	1865.
Salter, Robert.....	Newburg, Washington.....	1862.
Sampson, Bennett E.....	Oakfield, Dodge.....	1891, 93.
Samuelson, Svend.....	Eaton, Manitowoc.....	1871.
Sanborn, Alden S.....	Mazomanie, Dane.....	1862, 63, 64, 70.
Sanborn, A. W.....	Stevens Point, Portage.....	1885.
Sander, Jacob.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1873.
Sanders, Horace T.....	Racine, Racine.....	1853.
Sanderson, John.....	Cambria, Columbia.....	1879.
Sanderson, Robert B.....	Poynette, Columbia.....	1862, 66, b.
Sanderson, Thomas.....	Leeds, Columbia.....	1871.
Sanderson, Joseph.....	Randolph, Columbia.....	1895.
Sanger, Casper M.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1873.
Sarau, Christian.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1899.
Sarnow, Christian.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1877.
Saugestad, Oluf A.....	Baldwin, St. Croix.....	1882.
Savage, James R.....	Springville, Bad Axe.....	1858.
Sawyer, Hiram.....	Burnett, Dodge.....	1866.
Sawyer, Hiram W.....	Hartford, Washington.....	1873, 74.
Sawyer, James.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1865.
Sawyer, Parker.....	Summit, Waukesha.....	1859.
Sawyer, Philletus.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1857, 61.
Sayles, Whitman.....	Rubicon, Dodge.....	1853.
Sawre, David F.....	Fulton, Rock.....	1873.
Scanlon, John.....	Symco, Waupaca.....	1879.
Schaetzel, Valentine.....	Menomonee Falls, Wash.....	1861.
Schaubs, Ernest.....	Brillion, Calumet.....	1887.
Schantz, Adam.....	Addison, Washington.....	1854, 63, b.
Schatz, Herman.....	Brookfield, Waukesha.....	1882.
Schiebe, Emil P.....	Ilka, Manitowoc.....	1889.
Scheiber, Frederick.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1883.
Scheffel, John.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1869.
Schellenberg, Herman.....	Horn's Corners, Ozaukee.....	1895, 97.
Schemberhorn, W. S.....	Lodi, Columbia.....	1867.
Scheuber, Adolph.....	Erfurt, Jefferson.....	1877.
Schoenbaum, George.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1899.
Schletz, John A.....	Grafton, Ozaukee.....	1862.
Schlichting, Bernard.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1875.
Schmidkofer, Andrew.....	Calvary, Fond du Lac.....	1885, 87.
Schmidt, Carl H.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1870, b.
Schmidt, Casper.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1889.
Schmidt, John.....	Tess Corners, Waukesha.....	1864, 80, 82.
Schmidtner, Louis A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1860.
Schmitz, Frederick.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1875.
Schmitz, Philip, Jr.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1891, 93.
Scheutz, Henry.....	Williamsburg, Milwaukee.....	1891.
Schneider, Philip.....	Barton, Washington.....	1866, 75, 76, 83, b.
Schoenwetter, Aug. F.....	Lowell, Dodge.....	1885.
Schott, George.....	Rubicon, Dodge.....	1872, 76.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Schottler, Martin.....	Staatsville, Washington....	1863, 64.
Schrage, Joseph.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1855.
Schutte, Charles.....	Meeker, Washington.....	1853.
Schwalbach, John F., Jr.	South Germant'n, Washing	1881.
Schwefel, Fred F.....	Lebanon, Dodge.....	1855.
Schwefel, William.....	Lebanon, Dodge.....	1891, 93.
Scotfield, Charles.....	Red River, Door.....	1875.
Schollard, William.....	Hartford, Washington.....	1878.
Schuler, Fred C.....	Boltonville, Washington....	1885, 87, 89.
Schulze, Fred.....	Portage, Columbia.....	1855.
Scott, David.....	Waupaca, Waupaca.....	1854.
Scott, James.....	Darlington, Lafayette.....	1887.
Scribner, James K.....	Eldorado Mills, Fond du Lac	1876.
Scribner, Wiley S.....	Fairplay, Grant.....	1866.
Seabold, John E.....	Menomonee Falls, Waukesha	1881.
Seaman, Galen B.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1873.
Seamons, William.....	Stoughton, Dane.....	1876.
Sears, Edgar.....	Pine River, Waushara.....	1867, 68.
Seaton, James W.....	Potosi, Grant.....	1859, 60, b.
Seaver, John D.....	Cooksville, Rock.....	1851.
Seaver, Joseph W.....	Darien, Walworth.....	1853.
Sedgwick, David E.....	Wrightstown, Brown.....	1880.
Seely, David J.....	Elk Grove, Lafayette.....	1866, 67.
Segar, John A.....	Johnstown, Rock.....	1850.
Selden, George W.....	Racine, Racine.....	1858.
Sell, John.....	Addison, Washington.....	1856.
Sellers, Malcolm.....	Beaver Dam, Douge.....	1850.
Selsmeyer, August.....	Howard's Grove, Sheboygan	1881.
Semmann, John L.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1871, 74.
Semmann, L.....	Onk Creek, Milwaukee.....	1872.
Semple, Parian.....	Shawano, Shawano.....	1869, 71.
Senn, John J.....	Fountain City, Buffalo.....	1877, 78.
Serve, Michael.....	Ashland, Fond du Lac.....	1875.
Sessons, Milan H.....	Waupaca, Waupaca.....	1869, b.
Sether, Ole C.....	Scandinavia, Waupaca.....	1897.
Seymour, Robt. T.....	Lafayette, Walworth.....	1856.
Seymour, Silas J.....	Reedsburg, Sauk.....	1876, 77.
Shaffer, George P.....	New Diggings, Lafayette.....	1897.
Shaffer, James M.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1852.
Shaffer, William N.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1850.
Shannahan, Daniel.....	Newtonboro, Manitowoc.....	1863.
Sharp, Elijah M.....	Delavan, Walworth.....	1872, 75.
Sharp, John W.....	Door Creek, Dane.....	1858.
Sharp, Terrett C.....	Elkhart Lake, Sheboygan.....	1883, 85.
Sharpstein, John R.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1863, b.
Shaw, Major.....	Hingham, Sheboygan.....	1872.
Shear, Thomas J.....	Hillsborough, Vernon.....	1882, 89.
Shears, Henry.....	Oconomowoc, Waukesha.....	1850.
Sheldon, Thomas H.....	Darlington, Lafayette.....	1880.
Shepard, Ashbel K.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1881.
Shepard, Charles E.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1882.
Shepard, J. L.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1878.
Shepard, Leander H.....	Burnett, Dodge.....	1877.
Sherman, Adelman.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1869, 70, 71.
Sherman, Benjamin F.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1880, b.
Sherman, John M.....	Burnett, Dodge.....	1855.
Shibley, Jacob B.....	Bassett's Station, Kenosha	1868.
Shinnick, Thomas.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1867, 76.
Sholes, Charles C.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1855, b.
Sholes, C. Latham.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1862, 53, b.
Short, Dennis.....	Theresa, Dodge.....	1873.
Showalter, Reuben B.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1887, 89.
Shufelt, Sidney A.....	Omro, Winnebago.....	1876, 77.
Shultis, Norman.....	North Prairie, Waukesha.....	1864.
Shumway, Perley J.....	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee.....	1848, 62.
Siebers, Henry.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1889.
Sieker, William F.....	Franklin, Sheboygan.....	1895, 97.
Sikes, George.....	Sharon, Walworth.....	1850.
Silverthorn, Willis C.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1868, 74, b.
Simon, Matthias.....	Ahnapee, Kewaunee.....	1859, 63.
Simmons, C. F.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1889.
Simmons, Rouse.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1875.
Simmons, William.....	Nekimi, Winnebago.....	1895, 96.
Simmons, Zalmon G.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1865.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Simpson, Edward B.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1879, 80, b.
Simpson, Elva.....	Iron Ridge, Dodge.....	1860.
Simpson, Philemon B....	Shullsburg, Lafayette.....	1853, b.
Skeels, Albert M.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1866, 67.
Skinner, Jacob.....	Palmyra, Jefferson.....	1852.
Slade, Edwin.....	Glenbeulah, Sheboygan.....	1885.
Slade, S. Dwight.....	Slade's Corners, Kenosha.....	1899.
Slaughter, George H.....	Mendota, Dane.....	1866.
Sleyster, Roelof.....	Waupun, Fond du Lac.....	1870.
Sloan, A. Scott.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1857.
Sloan, Henry C.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1881, 95.
Sloggy, Samuel.....	Ontario, Vernon.....	1885, 87.
Slowthower, Elias.....	Gratiot, Lafayette.....	1848.
Slupocki, E. J.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1889.
Small, William.....	Sussex, Waukesha.....	1880.
Smart, Reuben D.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1875.
Smiley, Daniel.....	Albany, Green.....	1866.
Smiley, John.....	Orfordville, Rock.....	1885.
Smith, Aaron B.....	Lake Mills, Jefferson.....	1865.
Smith, Adam.....	Burke, Dane.....	1859.
Smith, Archibald D.....	Lind, Waupaca.....	1872.
Smith, Byron.....	Erlin, Washington.....	1855.
Smith, Daniel.....	Richmond, Walworth.....	1864.
Smith, Delbert K.....	Big Bend, Waukesha.....	1895, 97.
Smith, E. C.....	Markesan, Green Lake.....	1889, 91.
Smith, Ezekiel C.....	Spring Valley, Rock.....	1850.
Smith, Francis.....	Millard, Walworth.....	1861.
Smith, George B.....	Madison, Dane.....	1859, 64, 69.
Smith, George C.....	Oakfield, Jefferson.....	1858, 59.
Smith, George H.....	Galeville, Trempealeau.....	1882.
Smith, Heber.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1860.
Smith, Henry.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1878.
Smith, Hiram.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.....	1871.
Smith, Horatio N.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1850, b.
Smith, Ira P.....	Mishicot, Manitowoc.....	1881.
Smith, Jesse.....	Dodge's Corners, Waukesha.....	1866, 67.
Smith, Jonathan J.....	Vernon, Waukesha.....	1854.
Smith, J. M.....	Barron, Barron.....	1895, 97.
Smith, John.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1893.
Smith, John A.....	Caledonia, Racine.....	1854.
Smith, John A.....	Glenbeulah, Sheboygan.....	1868.
Smith, John A.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1868, 69.
Smith, Lindsey J.....	Troy Center, Walworth.....	1881.
Smith, Perry H.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1855, 58, 59, b.
Smith, Phillip M.....	Richland Center, Richland.....	1878.
Smith, Richard M.....	Janneys, Richland.....	1874.
Smith, Samuel W.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1856.
Smith, Winfield.....	Markesan, Green Lake.....	1863.
Smith, William.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1872.
Smith, William E.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1889.
Smith, William H.....	Fox Lake, Dodge.....	1851, 71, b.
Smith, C. E.....	Eau Galle, Dunn.....	1863.
Smith, L. H.....	Randolph, Columbia.....	1891.
Smobe, David.....	Arlington, Columbia.....	1891.
Snedden, John.....	Two Rivers, Manitowoc.....	1864, 66, 68.
Snover, David G.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1899.
Snover, John C.....	Eagle, Waukesha.....	1863.
Solon, John.....	Eagle, Waukesha.....	1851.
Solon, T. F.....	Richwood, Dodge.....	1872.
Soltwedel, Henry J.....	Richwood, Dodge.....	1887, 89.
Sorge, Henry.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1899.
Spafard, Simeon W.....	Reedsburg, Sauk.....	1895.
Spaulding, Benjamin B.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1854.
Spaulding, Joseph.....	Arcade, Marquette.....	1850.
Spaulding, Hiland J.....	Harmony, Rock.....	1854, 63.
Spence, Thomas W.....	Vienna, Dane.....	1895.
Spenseley, James.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1877, 79.
Spieling, Henry.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1866.
Spooner, John C.....	Mayville, Dodge.....	1879, 83, 87.
Spooner, Wyman.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1872.
Spoor, Gardner.....	Elkhorn, Walworth.....	1850, 51, 57, 61, b.
Spottswood, James K.....	Aztalan, Jefferson.....	1875.
	Hazel Green, Grant.....	1860.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Sprague, Burr.....	Brodhead, Green.....	1880, 81.
Spratt, George.....	Orfordville, Rock.....	1868.
Squires, Joel C.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1887.
Staats, Adam.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1870, b.
Stack John M.....	Staatsville, Washington.....	1882.
Stafford, Amos W.....	Mitchell, Fond du Lac.....	1883.
Stamm, Godfrey.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1872.
Stanchfield, Samuel B.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1882.
Stanley, William S., Jr.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1885, b.
Stanley, Charles A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1881, 82, b.
Stannard, Erastus W.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1886, 97.
Stanton, Horace.....	Greenbush, Sheboygan.....	1860.
Staples, King G.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1861.
Stapleton, Richard F.....	Iron River, Bayfield.....	1887.
Stark, Joshua.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1877.
Stark, William H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1886.
Starka, Argalus W.....	Tiffany, Rock.....	1867, 78.
Starr, William.....	Shopiere, Rock.....	1888.
Stearns, D. Mansfield.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1862, 63, 64, 65, b.
Stebbins, De Wayne.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1863, 64.
Stebbins, Harrison.....	Elkhorn, Walworth.....	1876.
Steele, John.....	Ahnapee, Door.....	1873, b.
Steever, M. Tehell.....	Union, Rock.....	1883.
Steffen, Francis.....	Alderley, Dodge.....	1881.
Stelger, Emil H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1888.
Stemper, John B.....	Hortonville, Outagamie.....	1878, 79.
Steuerwald, Daniel.....	Fremont, Waupaca.....	1869.
Steinfort, Casper H.....	Lak Creek, Milwaukee.....	1873.
Steiner, John.....	Adell, Sheboygan.....	1887.
Stephens, David.....	Lake Mills, Jefferson.....	1873.
Stephens, John.....	Woodland, Dodge.....	1868.
Stephens, Thomas G.....	Madison, Dane.....	1869.
Stephenson, Isaac.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1885.
Stephenson, Joseph.....	Hazel Green, Grant.....	1873.
Sterling, Levi.....	Marinette, Marinette.....	1866, 68.
Sterling, Timothy B.....	Meeme, Manitowoc.....	1861.
Sterling, William T.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1868, b.
Stevens, Charles.....	Iron Ridge, Dodge.....	1882.
Stevens, Chase A.....	Mt. Sterling, Crawford.....	1848, 50.
Stevens, Daniel B.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1883.
Stevens, Ezra B.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1885.
Stevens, Henry.....	Cassville, Grant.....	1882.
Stevenson, John.....	Sturgeon Bay, Door.....	1887, 62.
Stewart, Alva.....	Caledonia, Center, Racine.....	1861, b.
Stewart, Donald.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1876.
Stewart, Andrew J.....	Newton, Vernon.....	1889.
Stillman, Elliott R.....	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson.....	1860, b.
Stock, Frederick.....	Delavan, Walworth.....	1882, 83.
Stocking, Hobart M.....	Richmond, Walworth.....	1887.
Stoddard, Thomas B.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1886.
Stoddard, John.....	Mequon, Washington.....	1881.
Stone, Elphalet S.....	East Troy, Erie.....	1876, 89.
Stone, Glenville W.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1882.
Stone, Jesse.....	Fond du Lac, Dodge.....	1889.
Stonewall, John M.....	Summit, Waukesha.....	1872.
Stopperbach, Joseph.....	Winoski, Sheboygan.....	1887.
Stowers, Charles H.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1880, 82, 97.
Strachan, John.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1862.
Strasser, Leopold.....	Jefferson, Jefferson.....	1891.
Streckewald, Gustave.....	Tustin, Waukesha.....	1874.
Strong, George.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1872.
Strong, Luman M.....	Saukville, Sauk.....	1885.
Strong, Marshall M.....	Jefferson, Washington.....	1889.
Strong, Moses M.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1882.
Strong, Nathaniel.....	Richland, Iowa.....	1849.
Strong, Rolin M.....	Racine, Racine.....	1887.
Struve, Franz G. L.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1880.
Stuntz, A. C.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1848.
Stuntz, George R.....	Reedsburg, Sauk.....	1886.
Sturdevant, Lafayette M.....	Helenville, Jefferson.....	1868.
	Bayfield, Bayfield.....	1865.
	Superior City, Douglas.....	1862.
	Nellsville, Clark.....	1869.

b. See list of Senators.



NATIONAL HOME FOR DISABLED VOLUNTEER SOLDIERS, NEAR MILWAUKEE, WIS.

MEMBERS OF WISCONSIN LEGISLATURES.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Sturtevant, Charles H.	Delavan, Walworth.....	1863.
Suelflow, Frank W.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1893.
Sugden, Thomas.....	North Prairie, Waukesha....	1849, 52, 57.
Sullivan, Andrew.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1849.
Sullivan, John.....	Ten Mile House, Milwaukee..	1868.
Sumner, John.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1860.
Sutton, John.....	Milford, Jefferson.....	1860.
Swain, George G.....	Kilbourn City, Sauk.....	1870, 71.
Swain, James A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1859.
Swain, Almon A.....	Oak Center, Fond du Lac....	1878.
Swart, Alfred L.....	Plymouth, Sheboygan.....	1883.
Sweat, John B.....	Black Earth, Dane.....	1857, b.
Sweeting, Charles W....	Clark's Mills, Manitowoc....	1897.
Sylvester, Daniel R.....	Castle Rock, Grant.....	1877.
Tallmadge, Isaac S.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac....	1853, 54.
Tanner, Samuel.....	Westfield, Marquette.....	1882, 83.
Tarbell, Samuel E.....	Woodworth, Kenosha.....	1869.
Tarr, Joseph M.....	Tunnel City, Monroe.....	1865.
Tarrant, George.....	Durand, Pepin.....	1881.
Tarrant, Henry.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1889, 91.
Tate, George E.....	Viola, Richland.....	1887.
Tate, George H.....	Viola, Richland.....	1882.
Tate, J. Henry.....	Viroqua, Vernon.....	1873.
Taylor, Allen.....	Hazel Green, Grant.....	1855, 56, 57, 62, 64.
Taylor, Anson H.....	Muskegon, Waukesha.....	1850.
Taylor, Chas. S.....	Barron, Barron.....	1885, 87, b.
Taylor, Christopher L....	Malden Rock, Pierce.....	1876.
Taylor, David.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1853, b.
Taylor, George W.....	Marinette, Marinette.....	1895, 97.
Taylor, Horatio T.....	Racine, Racine.....	1863.
Taylor, James A.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa....	1881, 83, 91.
Taylor, Jonathan.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1857.
Taylor, William R.....	Cottage Grove, Dane.....	1855, b.
Temple, Charles S.....	Darien, Walworth.....	1876.
Temple, Marsena.....	Newport, Sauk.....	1861.
Tenney, Horace A.....	Madison, Dane.....	1857.
Terhune, William F.....	Viroqua, Bad Axe (Vernon)...	1854.
Terrill, Richard.....	Dane Station, Dane.....	1887.
Tester, John A.....	Alma, Buffalo.....	1883.
Textor, Clinton.....	Medford, Taylor.....	1891.
Thalacker, August.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1886.
Thayer, J. B.....	River Falls, Pierce.....	1885.
Thayer, Mason A.....	Sparta, Monroe.....	1882.
Thayer, Lyman W.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1893, b.
Thelen, Mathias.....	Roxbury, Dane.....	1879.
Thelen, Michael.....	Ashford, Fond du Lac.....	1879.
Thleassenhusen, Reinhold	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1899.
Thomas, Amos.....	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee.....	1889.
Thomas, Charles G.....	Sextonville, Richland.....	1883, 85.
Thomas, Horatio S.....	Briggsville, Marquette.....	1862, 63.
Thomas, Jesse.....	Moundville, Marquette.....	1856.
Thomas, John E.....	Green Lake, Green Lake....	1859.
Thomas, John H.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan..	1862.
Thomas, John L. V.....	Berlin City, Waushara.....	1875.
Thomas, John W.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1854.
Thomas, Joseph M.....	Anson, Chippewa.....	1895, 97, 99.
Thomas, Major J.....	Lone Rock, Richland.....	1869, 78, 79.
Thomas, Ormsby B.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac....	1854, 57.
Thomas, Phillip W.....	Prairie du Chien, Crawford..	1862, 65, 67, b.
Thomas, Salmon.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1853.
Thomas, William H.....	Darien, Walworth.....	1856.
Thomas, William H.....	Lisbon, Waukesha.....	1849, 61.
Thompson, Charles.....	Sumner, Trempealeau.....	1866.
Thompson, George P.....	Monticello, Green.....	1857.
Thompson, Henry M.....	Cross Plains, Dane.....	1855, 56.
Thompson, Jared, Jr.....	Mosinee, Marathon.....	1897.
Thompson, Monroe.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1865.
Thompson, Samuel.....	Fox Lake, Dodge.....	1848.
Thompson, Thornton.....	Hartland, Waukesha.....	1862, 66.
Thompson, William.....	Rio, Columbia.....	1869.
Thompson, Alexander M	Oconomowoc, Waukesha....	1860.
	Janesville, Rock.....	1868, 69.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Thompson, Ambrose.....	Seneca, Crawford.....	1891.
Thorne, Gerret T.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1871. b.
Thornton, Oliver W.....	Marshall, Dane.....	1873.
Thornton, Thomas.....	Clark's Mills, Manitowoc.....	1864. 77, 78.
Thorp, Adelbert D.....	Sturgeon Bay, Door.....	1882.
Thorp, Hermon S.....	Bristol, Racine.....	1819. b.
Tichenor, Vernon.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1869.
Tilton, Hezekiah C.....	Allen's Grove, Walworth.....	1865.
Tiernay, John H.....	Waunakee, Dane.....	1880.
Tinker, James.....	Dover, Racine.....	1851.
Tisch, Charles.....	Nero, Kewaunee.....	1877. 78.
Tish, William.....	Mishicot, Manitowoc.....	1876.
Toay, John.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1872. 54, 63.
Tobey, John William.....	Neenah, Winnebago.....	1887.
Tobin, John.....	Granville, Milwaukee.....	1854. 56.
Tobin, Thomas.....	Five Mile House, Milwaukee.....	1873.
Toland, Patrick.....	Erlin, Washington.....	1849.
Toll, John C.....	Cedar Creek, Washington.....	1851.
Tollefson, Gunnuf.....	Mt. Vernon, Dane.....	1868.
Tompkins, William F.....	Jahesville, Rock.....	1850. 51.
Topilff, Alfred.....	East Hamden, Columbia.....	1854. 55.
Torbert, William M.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1854.
Torgerson, Ole.....	Perry, Dane.....	1871.
Tormey, James.....	Tomah, Monroe.....	1891.
Totten, Henry.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1870.
Touhey, Michael J.....	Morrison, Brown.....	1877.
Tousley, Wilber H.....	Jefferson, Jefferson.....	1870.
Tower, Thomas W.....	Towerville, Crawford.....	1859.
Townsend, A. A.....	Shullsburg, Lafayette.....	1855.
Townsend, Elijah C.....	Shullsburg, Lafayette.....	1860. 61.
Townsend, Lucius B.....	Nepeuskun, Winnebago.....	1856.
Townsend, Thomas J.....	Winnebago, Winnebago.....	1849.
Tracy, Daniel.....	Osman, Manitowoc.....	1887.
Tracy, John.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1891. 93.
Train, James G.....	Merrimack, Sauk.....	1857.
Trask, George W.....	Winneconne, Winnebago.....	1868. 69.
Treat C. Mortimer.....	Ogden, Rock.....	1863.
Treat, Nathaniel B.....	Monroe, Green.....	1895. 97.
Tregaskis, Richard.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1851.
Treleven, Daniel D.....	Byron, Fond du Lac.....	1880.
Tripp, J. Stephen S.....	Sauk City, Sauk.....	1862.
Tripp, Roswell H.....	Hingham, Sheboygan.....	1881.
Tripp, William H.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1867.
Trow, Alvin S.....	Merrillan, Jackson.....	1881.
Troy, Cyrus.....	Monticello, Green.....	1880. 81.
True, John M.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1897. 99.
Truell, David.....	Lyndon Station, Juneau.....	1877.
Truesdell, Gideon.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1867.
Trumbull, John D.....	Malden Rock, Pierce.....	1867.
Trumer, Marcus.....	Rubicon, Dodge.....	1871.
Tucker, Frank T.....	Omro, Winnebago.....	1893. 97.
Turk, Peter.....	Mequon, Washington.....	1849.
Turley, John B.....	Cassville, Grant.....	1952.
Turner, (A. J.) J.....	Portage, Columbia.....	1863. 64, 66, 63.
Turner, Eugene S.....	Grafton, Washington.....	1850.
Turner, Henry.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1896.
Turner, John.....	Mauston, Juneau.....	1859.
Turner, Peter H.....	Palmyra, Jefferson.....	1848.
Turner, William W. D.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1883.
Tuttle, William S.....	New Fane, Fond du Lac.....	1853.
Tweedy, John H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1853.
Hecke, John.....	Seymour, Outagamie.....	1895.
Upham, Calvin H.....	Racine, Racine.....	1872.
Upson, Salmon.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1860.
Utley, William L.....	Racine, Racine.....	1871. 52. b.
Utt, Henry.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1875.
Utt, Adelbert L.....	Platteville Grant.....	1895. 97.
Vance, David.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1876. 77.
Vander Cook, T. E.....	Newburg, Washington.....	1860.
Van der Heiden, Ant.....	Wrightstown, Brown.....	1893.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Vandercook, G. E.....	Spencer, Marathon.....	1899.
Vanderpool, Abram.....	Waterloo, Jefferson.....	1850.
Vanderpool, William A...	Vernon, Waukesha.....	1862.
Van Norstrand, A. H....	Jefferson, Jefferson.....	1852, 55.
Van Ostrand, De W. C....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1865.
Van Schaick, Isaac W....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1873, 75, b.
Van Steenwyk, Gysbert.	Kilbourn City, Columbia...	1859, b.
Van Valkenberg, R. B....	Greenbush, Sheboygan.....	1867.
Van Vliet, Peter.....	Caledonia, Racine.....	1851.
Van Vliet, Leonard S....	Caledonia Center, Racine...	1859.
Van Walters, William....	West Salem, La Crosse...	1877.
Van Wie, Abraham H....	Cascade, Sheboygan.....	1858.
Vaughan, John.....	Racine, Racine.....	1865.
Vaughan, Alanson B....	Union, Rock.....	1848.
Vaughn, David.....	Bangor, La Crosse.....	1887.
Vaughn, Samuel S.....	Bayfield, Bayfield.....	1871.
Vilas, Levi B.....	Madison, Dane.....	1855, 68, 72.
Vilas, Wm. F.....	Madison, Dane.....	1885.
Vincent, Edward.....	Milton, Rock.....	1851, 59.
Vincent, George R.....	Tomah, Monroe.....	1879.
Vincent, Louis.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.	1877.
Vincent, William J.....	St. Croix Falls, Polk.....	1879.
Vineyard, James R.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1849.
Vinton, James E.....	Albany, Green.....	1858.
Virgin, Noah H.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1848, 55.
Vits, Henry.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1878.
Vivian, John H.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1862, 63.
Vliet, Jasper.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1855.
Vogel, Frederick.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1874.
Vogenitz, William.....	Cedarburg, Ozaukee.....	1856.
Vogt, Henry.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1887.
Vollmar, James.....	West Bend, Washington...	1857, 59.
Voorhees, Samuel W....	Sharon, Walworth.....	1857.
Vosburgh, John B.....	Richmond (Ill.), Kenosha..	1882.
Vredenbergh, Peter.....	Winneconne, Winnebago...	1883.
Wadsworth, H. L.....	River Falls, St. Croix.....	1867.
Wadsworth, James.....	Darlington, Lafayette.....	1862.
Wagner, Ferdinand.....	Watertown, Dodge.....	1863.
Wagner, John C.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1959.
Wagner, Joseph.....	Racine, Racine.....	1899.
Waite, David H.....	Marshfield, Fond du Lac...	1856, 58, 66, 67, 68, 71, b.
Wakefield, Josephus....	Princeton, Marquette.....	1857.
Wakeley, Eleazer.....	Fremont, Waupaca.....	1882.
Wakeley, Solomous.....	Madison, Dane.....	1867, b.
Waldo, Charles.....	Whitewater, Walworth.....	1855, 57.
Waldorf, Jesse.....	Kingsdon, Green Lake.....	1851.
Walker, Charles H.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1859.
Walker, Geo. H.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1856, 57.
Walker, Jabez K.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1851.
Walker, Lyman.....	East Oasls, Waushara.....	1876, 77.
Wallace, Levi.....	Kewaunee, Kewaunee.....	1865, b.
Waller, Nathan P.....	Oli City, Monroe.....	1885.
Wall, Edward C.....	West Salem, La Crosse...	1868, 69.
Wall, John A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1878, 79.
Wall, John A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1883.
Wall, Thomas.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1873, 76, 77, b.
Wall, William.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1879, 80, 81.
Walther, Emil.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1872.
Walihan, Orlando F....	Footville, Rock.....	1872.
Walsh, Michael P.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1883, 85.
Walsh, Patrick.....	Hales' Corners, Milwaukee.	1868, b.
Walter, Joseph.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1859.
Walters, Aaron.....	Foster, Fond du Lac.....	1857, 72.
Walther, George H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1876.
Walvoord, Henry.....	Cedar Grove, Sheboygan...	1886.
Walworth, John.....	Richland Center, Richland.	1863, 64.
Wannemaker, Samuel L.	Boscobel, Crawford.....	1877.
Ward, William T.....	Hustisford, Dodge.....	1850.
Warden, A. F.....	Plymouth, Sheboygan.....	1891.
Ware, James F.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1880, 81, 83, b.
Warner, Clement E.....	Windsor, Dane.....	1883, b.
Warner, Francis L.....	Deansville, Dane.....	1882.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Warner, Henry M.....	Cottage Grove, Dane.....	1848.
Warner, Herman.....	Racine, Racine.....	1858.
Warner, Jared.....	Patch Grove, Grant.....	1861.
Warner, William S.....	Lamartine, Fond du Lac.....	1869.
Warner, William S.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1878.
Warner, M. J.....	Elk Creek, Trempealeau.....	1891.
Warren, Dewey K.....	Delafield, Waukesha.....	1848.
Warren, George.....	Clintonville, Waupaca.....	1883.
Warren, Parker.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1849.
Warren, Stephen.....	Delafield, Waukesha.....	1855.
Washburn, Benjamin F.....	Excelsior, Richland.....	1875.
Washburn, George H.....	Millville, Grant.....	1866.
Washburn, James.....	Ruck Creek, Richland.....	1882.
Washburn, Leroy M.....	Sturgeon Bay, Door.....	1876.
Washburn, William H.....	Pewaukee, Waukesha.....	1879.
Wason, Robert, Jr.....	Granville, Milwaukee.....	1849.
Waste, Eli.....	Sparta, Monroe.....	1874, 75, 80.
Waterbury, Chester N.....	Roxbury, Dane.....	1859.
Waterbury, James I.....	Prairie du Sac, Sauk.....	1867, 68.
Watrous, Jerome A.....	Black River Falls, Jackson.....	1867, 68.
Watrous, John S.....	La Pointe, La Pointe.....	1850.
Watrous, William F.....	Charlestown, Calumet.....	1862.
Watson, Charles.....	Washburn, Grant.....	1880.
Watson, J. W.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1889, 91.
Watts, James.....	Granville, Milwaukee.....	1864, 71.
Wedge, Frederick A.....	Waterford, Racine.....	1860, 65.
Wentherby, John.....	Hustisford, Dodge.....	1867.
Weaver, James.....	Lisbon, Waukesha.....	1856.
Weaver, Richard.....	Sussex, Waukesha.....	1873, b.
Weaver, Thomas.....	Pewaukee, Waukesha.....	1865.
Webb, Henry G.....	Wautoma, Waushara.....	1861, b.
Webb, William C.....	Wautoma, Waushara.....	1858, 62, 63, 64.
Webster, Enoch.....	Amherst, Portage.....	1863.
Webster, Hiram W.....	Omro, Winnebago.....	1879, 80.
Webster, Samuel R.....	Danville, Dodge.....	1897.
Webster, William E.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1854.
Wedig, Joseph.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1865, 67, 68, 75, 76, 77.
Weeden, George W.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1872, 83.
Weeks, George.....	Columbus, Dane.....	1877.
Weeks, Thompson D.....	Whitewater, Walworth.....	1867, b.
Weeks, Thomas S.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1874.
Wehrle, Gottlieb.....	Fennimore, Grant.....	1874.
Well, Baruch S.....	Schlesinger, Wash.....	1871, 72, 73, b.
Well, Henry.....	West Bend, Washington.....	1852, 80.
Well, Paul A.....	West Bend, Washington.....	1858.
Weiss, Gottlieb E.....	Richfield, Washington.....	1858.
Weller, John W.....	Root Creek, Milwaukee.....	1865.
Welch, Charles H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1873.
Welch, David E.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1897.
Welch, Ebenezer S.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1874, 75, b.
Wells, Charles D.....	Neenah, Winnebago.....	1855.
Wells, Jabez H.....	Tomah, Monroe.....	1876.
Wells, John M.....	Portage, Columbia.....	1899.
Wentworth, Robert B.....	Prairieville, Waukesha.....	1849.
Werhelm, George.....	Juneau, Dodge.....	1857.
Wery, Joseph.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1895, 99.
Wescott, Ezra.....	Darbellay, Kewaunee.....	1889.
Wescott, Jefferson F.....	Skinner, Green.....	1863.
Wescott, Marion.....	Farmer's Grove, Green.....	1869.
Wescott, Walter S.....	Shawano, Shawano.....	1885.
West, Abram.....	Monroe, Green.....	1860, 63, b.
West, Edmund A.....	Reedsburg, Sauk.....	1857.
West, Francis H.....	Monroe, Green.....	1859, b.
West, Henry C.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1874, b.
West, Samuel C.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1853.
West, Thomas.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1869.
Westby, Thomas C.....	Raymond, Racine.....	1853, 54.
Whedon, Milo M.....	Finerald Grove, Rock.....	1860.
Wheeler, Ezra.....	Ozaukee, Ozaukee.....	1854.
Wheeler, Freeman M.....	Berlin, Green Lake.....	1853.
Wheeler, Guy.....	Nauvau, Fond du Lac.....	1863.
Wheeler, Nathaniel.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1864.
	Richland Center, Richland.....	1854.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Wheeler, Nelson.....	Humboldt, Sauk.....	1859.
Wheeler, William E.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1859, 60.
Wheeler, William G.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1897, 99.
Whedman, W. Peter.....	Necedah, Juneau.....	1893.
Whelan, J. W.....	Mondovi, Buffalo.....	1883, b.
Whipple, Cephas.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.....	1865.
Whirry, William T.....	Randolph, Columbia.....	1855.
White, Charles.....	Caloma, Wausara.....	1859.
White, Elias N.....	Burlington, Racine.....	1874, 75, 76.
White, James.....	Random Lake, Sheboygan.....	1878.
White, James S.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1871.
White, Jarvis.....	South Superior, Douglas.....	1897.
White, Joseph.....	Cottage Inn, Lafayette.....	1855, 57, 63.
White, Julius.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1849.
White, Obadiah J.....	Monroe, Green.....	1861.
White, Richard.....	Lamberton, Milwaukee.....	1865.
White, Samuel A.....	Whitewater, Walworth.....	1871, 72.
Whiting, Anderson.....	Ozaukee, Ozaukee.....	1857.
Whiting, A. Chapin.....	Richmond, Walworth.....	1854, 60.
Whiting, Warren.....	Ladoga, Fond du Lac.....	1867.
Whitesides, Ninian E.....	Ladoga, Fond du Lac.....	1859.
Whitesides, C. M.....	Belmont, Lafayette.....	1848.
Whitford, William C.....	Sawyer, Door.....	1891.
Whitton, Charles B.....	Milton, Rock.....	1868.
Whitton, David.....	Ashippun, Dodge.....	1851.
Whittlesey, Asaph.....	Brandon, Fond du Lac.....	1874.
Whitule, Christian.....	Bayfield, Bayfield.....	1860.
Wiegand, O. O.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1879, b.
Wilbur, John B.....	Shawano, Shawano.....	1891.
Wilcox, Alonzo.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1857.
Wilcox, Chester G.....	Spring Green, Sauk.....	1863, 64.
Wilcox, Edgar.....	De Pere, Brown.....	1880.
Wilcox, Randall.....	Byron, Fond du Lac.....	1864.
Wiley, John.....	De Pere, Brown.....	1853, 67, 69.
Wille, Henry F.....	Shawano, Shawano.....	1860.
Willard, Andrew.....	Verona, Dane.....	1895.
Willard, Gustavus A.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1866.
Willard, Wallace B.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1878.
Willard, Josiah F.....	Lake Mills, Jefferson.....	1861.
Williams, Burt.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1849.
Williams, Cornelius.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1866.
Williams, David.....	Bristol, Kenosha.....	1880.
Williams, De Witt C.....	Springfield, Walworth.....	1857.
Williams, D. R. W.....	Fox Lake, Dodge.....	1880.
Williams, Edward C.....	Werner, Juneau.....	1862.
Williams, Edwin A.....	Elba, Dodge.....	1878.
Williams, George J.....	Neeah, Winnebago.....	1899.
Williams, John D.....	Hartford, Washington.....	1865.
Williams, John K.....	Shullsburg, Lafayette.....	1850.
Williams, Nelson.....	Lowell, Dodge.....	1857, 61.
Williams, Roger.....	Stoughton, Dane.....	1868, b.
Williams, Thos. E.....	Hillsborough, Vernon.....	1879.
Williams, William M.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1885.
Williams, O. T.....	Oak Creek, Milwaukee.....	1882.
Williams, Orrin J.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1891.
Willston, George H.....	New Richmond, St. Croix.....	1893, 95.
Willot, Joseph, Jr.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1855.
Willy, Theophilus A.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1899.
Wilmont, Henry V. R.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1899.
Wilson, Agostinus O.....	Newberg, Washington.....	1870.
Wilson, DeWitt C.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1893.
Wilson, Robert.....	Sparta, Monroe.....	1866, b.
Wilson, Robert D.....	Dodgeville, Iowa.....	1862.
Wilson, William K.....	North Bend, Jackson.....	1880.
Witae, Cadwallader J.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1851, b.
Winans, George.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1876.
Winans, John.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1889.
Wint, Alonzo.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1874, 82, 87, 91.
Winkler, Carl.....	Jefferson, Jefferson.....	1851.
Winkler, Frederick C.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1861.
Winslow, Joseph.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1872.
Winstor, Horatio S.....	Fort Atkinson, Jefferson.....	1869.
Winter, Charles A.....	Elkhorn, Walworth.....	1865.
	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1895.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Winter, Hermann H.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1860.
Winter, Michael.....	Adell, Sheboygan.....	1864.
Wipf, Jacob.....	Iola, Waupaca.....	1869, 93.
Wipperman, William.....	Mosel, Sheboygan.....	1856.
Whippleman, Herman C.....	Grand Rapids, Wood.....	1885, 97.
Wirth, Philip M.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1883.
Wirtz, Michael.....	Summit, Fond du Lac.....	1878.
Withee, Nathan T.....	Nellisville, Clark.....	1879, 80.
Woelz, Christian.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1872.
Wolfinger, Joseph.....	Dundas, Calumet.....	1895, 97.
Wolf, Louis.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.....	1864, 74, 76, b.
Wolfe, Hubert.....	Greenville, Outagamie.....	1895.
Wolff, Julius.....	Rhine, Sheboygan.....	1866.
Wolff, George W.....	Rhine, Sheboygan.....	1895, 97.
Woller, Frank E.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1889.
Woller, Albert.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1895, 97.
Wolter, Bernard C.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1897.
Wood, Albert.....	Quincy, Adams.....	1860.
Wood, Alson.....	Waukau, Winnebago.....	1872, 73.
Wood, David E.....	Manchester, Calumet.....	1850.
Wood, Joseph.....	Grand Rapids, Marathon.....	1856.
Wood, Louis N.....	Walworth, Walworth.....	1852.
Wood, Uriah.....	Brandon, Fond du Lac.....	1878.
Woodard, Lester.....	Purdysville, Columbia.....	1878.
Woodman, Cyrus.....	, Iowa.....	1862.
Woodman, William W.....	Farmington, Jefferson.....	1853, 56, b.
Woods, Alexander.....	Hillsboro, Vernon.....	1866.
Woodworth, Elias, Jr.....	Bristol, Racine.....	1848.
Wooster, Henry S.....	Clinton, Rock.....	1865, 66.
Worth, Arthur W.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1848.
Worthington, Denison.....	Summit, Waukesha.....	1852, 54, b.
Woyelechowski, Albert.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1899.
Wright, Charles S.....	Racine, Racine.....	1854.
Wright, George.....	Mt. Horeb, Dane.....	1863, 64.
Wright, Hiram A.....	Prairie du Chien, Crawford.....	1853, b.
Wright, Jarvis T.....	Sturgeon Bay, Door.....	1877.
Wright, Lucius W.....	Monticello, Green.....	1867.
Wroe, William H. H.....	Medina, Outagamie.....	1872.
Wunderly, Edward.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1848.
Wyatt, Henry H.....	Star, Vernon.....	1877.
Wylie, George.....	Leeds, Columbia.....	1897, 99.
Yakey, David C.....	Bloomington, Vernon.....	1880.
Yawkey, Cyrus C.....	Hazellhurst, Ononda.....	1895.
York, Henry D.....	Hazel Green, Grant.....	1850, 53, 53.
Yorkey, John H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1897.
Yorty, Andrew J.....	Brandon, Fond du Lac.....	1872.
Youmans, Henry A.....	Mukwonago, Waukesha.....	1861.
Young, Ephraim W.....	Prairie du Sac, Sauk.....	1860.
Young, James S.....	Stevens Point, Portage.....	1859.
Young, John.....	Black Hawk, Sauk.....	1873.
Young, Miles K.....	Cassville, Grant.....	1854, b.
Young, Robert R.....	Wyalusing, Grant.....	1849.
Young, William H.....	Oconto, Oconto.....	1885.
Youngs, David.....	Ahnapee, Kewaunee.....	1867.
Zabel, C. A. M.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1882.
Zander, Peter.....	Cross Plains, Dane.....	1876.
Zander, William.....	Larabee, Manitowoc.....	1879.
Zanteke, Frederick A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1870, 76.
Zeman, William.....	Horicon, Dodge.....	1877.
Zetteler, Frederick T.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1864, 75.
Ziller, Carl.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1863, 64.
Zimmerman, Adolph.....	Mequon River, Ozaukee.....	1870, 73, 74.
Zimmerman, Adolph.....	Mequon, Washington.....	1848.
Zimmerman, Philip.....	German town, Washington.....	1854, 59.
Zimmerman, J. Conrad.....	New Glarus, Green.....	1887.
Zinn, August.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1899.
Zorn, Charles R.....	Kiel, Manitowoc.....	1872, 74, 76.

b. See list of Senators.

SPEAKERS OF THE ASSEMBLY.

1848-1899.

Legislature.	Names.	Counties.	Date.
1.....	Ninian E. Whitesides	Lafayette.....	1848
2.....	Harrison C. Hobart	Sheboygan	1849
3.....	Moses M. Strong	Iowa	1850
4.....	Frederick W. Horn	Washington	1851
5.....	James M. Shafter	Sheboygan	1852
6.....	Henry L. Palmer	Milwaukee	1853
7.....	Frederick W. Horn	Ozaukee	1854
8.....	Charles C. Scholes	Kenosha	1855
9.....	William Hull	Grant	1856
10.....	Wyman Spooner	Walworth	1857
11.....	Frederick S. Lovell	Kenosha	1858
12.....	William P. Lyon	Racine	1859
13.....	William P. Lyon	Racine	1860
14.....	Amasa Cobb	Iowa	1861
15.....	James W. Beardsley	Pierce	1862
16.....	J. Allen Barber	Grant	1863
17.....	William W. Field	Grant	1864
18.....	William W. Field	Grant	1865
19.....	Henry D. Barron	Polk	1866
20.....	Angus Cameron	La Crosse	1867
21.....	Alexander M. Thomson	Rock	1868
22.....	Alexander M. Thomson	Rock	1869
23.....	James M. Bingham	Jefferson	1870
24.....	William E. Smith	Dodge	1871
25.....	Daniel Hall	Jefferson	1872
26.....	Henry D. Barron	Polk	1873
27.....	Gabe Bouck	Winnebago	1874
28.....	Frederick W. Horn	Ozaukee	1875
29.....	Sam S. Fifield	Ashland	1876
30.....	John B. Cassoday	Rock	1877
31.....	Augustus R. Barrows	Chippewa	1878
32.....	David M. Kelly	Brown	1879
33.....	Alexander A. Arnold	Trempealeau	1880
34.....	Ira B. Bradford	Eau Claire	1881
35.....	Franklin L. Gilson	Pierce	1882
36.....	Earl P. Finch	Winnebago	1883
37.....	Hiram O. Fairchild	Marinette	1885
38.....	Thos. B. Mills	Jackson	1887
39.....	Thos. B. Mills	Jackson	1889
40.....	James J. Hogan	La Crosse	1891
41.....	Edward Keogh	Milwaukee	1893
42.....	George B. Burrows	Dane	1895
43.....	George A. Buckstaff	Winnebago	1897
44.....	George H. Ray	La Crosse	1899

CHIEF CLERKS OF THE LEGISLATURE.

Session.	Year.	Senate.	Assembly.
1.....	1848.....	Henry G. Abbey.....	Daniel N. Johnson.
2.....	1849.....	William R. Smith.....	Robert L. Ream.
3.....	1850.....	William R. Smith.....	Alex T. Gray.
4.....	1851.....	William Hull.....	Alex T. Gray.
5.....	1852.....	John K. Williams.....	Alex T. Gray.
6.....	1853.....	John K. Williams.....	Thomas McHugh.
7.....	1854.....	Samuel G. Bugh.....	Thomas McHugh.
8.....	1855.....	Samuel G. Bugh.....	David Atwood.
9.....	1856.....	Byron Paine.....	Jas. Armstrong.
10.....	1857.....	Wm. Henry Brisbane.....	William C. Webb.
11.....	1858.....	John L. V. Thomas.....	L. H. D. Crane.
12.....	1859.....	Hiram Bowen.....	L. H. D. Crane.
13.....	1860.....	J. H. Warren.....	L. H. D. Crane.
14.....	1861.....	J. H. Warren.....	L. H. D. Crane.
15.....	1862.....	J. H. Warren.....	John S. Dean.
16.....	1863.....	Frank M. Stewart.....	John S. Dean.
17.....	1864.....	Frank M. Stewart.....	John S. Dean.
18.....	1865.....	Frank M. Stewart.....	John S. Dean.
19.....	1866.....	Frank M. Stewart.....	E. W. Young.
20.....	1867.....	Leander B. Hills.....	E. W. Young.
21.....	1868.....	Leander B. Hills.....	E. W. Young.
22.....	1869.....	Leander B. Hills.....	E. W. Young.
23.....	1870.....	Leander B. Hills.....	E. W. Young.
24.....	1871.....	O. R. Smith.....	E. W. Young.
25.....	1872.....	J. H. Waggoner.....	E. W. Young.
26.....	1873.....	J. H. Waggoner.....	E. W. Young.
27.....	1874.....	J. H. Waggoner.....	George W. Peck.
28.....	1875.....	Fred A. Dennett.....	R. M. Strong.
29.....	1876.....	A. J. Turner.....	R. M. Strong.
30.....	1877.....	A. J. Turner.....	W. A. Nowell.
31.....	1878.....	{ A. J. Turner }.....	Jabez R. Hunter.
32.....	1879.....	{ Charles E. Bross }.....	John E. Eldred.
33.....	1880.....	Charles E. Bross.....	John E. Eldred.
34.....	1881.....	Charles E. Bross.....	John E. Eldred.
35.....	1882.....	Charles E. Bross.....	E. D. Coe.
36.....	1883.....	Charles E. Bross.....	E. D. Coe.
37.....	1885.....	Charles E. Bross.....	E. D. Coe.
38.....	1887.....	Charles E. Bross.....	E. D. Coe.
39.....	1889.....	Charles E. Bross.....	E. D. Coe.
40.....	1891.....	J. P. Hume.....	George W. Porth.
41.....	1893.....	Sam J. Shafer.....	George W. Porth.
42.....	1895.....	Walter L. Houser.....	W. A. Nowell.
43.....	1897.....	Walter L. Houser.....	W. A. Nowell.
44.....	1899.....	Walter L. Houser.....	W. A. Nowell.

¹ Resigned February 7, 1875, and Charles E. Bross elected to fill vacancy; also elected Chief Clerk for extra session in June, 1878.

SERGEANTS-AT-ARMS OF THE LEGISLATURE.

Session.	Year.	Senate.	Assembly.
1.....	1848.....	Lyman H. Seaver.....	John Mullanphy.
2.....	1849.....	F. W. Shollner.....	Felix McLinden.
3.....	1850.....	James Hanrahan.....	E. R. Huguin.
4.....	1851.....	E. D. Masters.....	C. M. Kingsbury.
5.....	1852.....	Patrick Cosgrove.....	Elisha Starr.
6.....	1853.....	Thomas Hood.....	Richard F. Wilson.
7.....	1854.....	J. M. Sherwood.....	William H. Gleason.
8.....	1855.....	William H. Gleason.....	William Blake.
9.....	1856.....	Joseph Baker.....	Egbert Mosely.
10.....	1857.....	Alanson Filer.....	William C. Rogers.
11.....	1858.....	Nathaniel L. Stout.....	Francis Massing.
12.....	1859.....	Asa Kinney.....	Emanuel Munk.
13.....	1860.....	Asa Kinney.....	Joseph Gates.
14.....	1861.....	J. A. Hadley.....	Craig B. Beebe.
15.....	1862.....	B. U. Caswell.....	A. A. Huntington.
16.....	1863.....	Luther Bashford.....	A. M. Thompson.
17.....	1864.....	Nelson Williams.....	A. M. Thompson.
18.....	1865.....	Nelson Williams.....	Alonzo Wilcox.
19.....	1866.....	Nelson Williams.....	L. M. Hammond.
20.....	1867.....	Asa Kinney.....	Daniel Webster.
21.....	1868.....	W. H. Hamilton.....	C. L. Harris.
22.....	1869.....	W. H. Hamilton.....	Rollin C. Kelly.
23.....	1870.....	E. M. Rogers.....	Ole C. Johnson.
24.....	1871.....	W. W. Baker.....	Sam S. Fifield.
25.....	1872.....	W. D. Hoard.....	Sam S. Fifield.
26.....	1873.....	Albert Emonson.....	O. C. Bissell.
27.....	1874.....	O. U. Akin.....	Joseph Deuster.
28.....	1875.....	O. U. Akin.....	J. W. Brackett.
29.....	1876.....	E. T. Gardner.....	Elisha Starr.
30.....	1877.....	C. E. Bullard.....	Thos. B. Reid.
31.....	1878.....	L. J. Brayton.....	Anton Klaus.
32.....	1879.....	Chalmers Ingersoll.....	Miletus Knight.
33.....	1880.....	Chalmers Ingersoll.....	D. H. Fulcifer.
34.....	1881.....	W. W. Baker.....	G. W. Church.
35.....	1882.....	A. T. Glaze.....	D. E. Welch.
36.....	1883.....	A. D. Thorp.....	Thomas Kennedy.
37.....	1885.....	Hubert Wolcott.....	John M. Ewing.
38.....	1887.....	T. J. George.....	Wm. A. Adamson.
39.....	1889.....	T. J. George.....	F. E. Parsons.
40.....	1891.....	John A. Barney.....	Patrick Whelan.
41.....	1893.....	John B. Becker.....	Theo. Knapstein.
42.....	1895.....	Charles Pettibone.....	B. F. Millard.
43.....	1897.....	Charles Pettibone.....	C. M. Hambright.
44.....	1899.....	Charles Pettibone.....	James H. Agen.

LEGISLATIVE SESSIONS.

TERRITORIAL ORGANIZATION.

Year.	Time of Meeting.	Adjournment.	Length of Session.	No. Reps.
1831....	October 25th	Dec. 9, 1836.....	46 days.....	35
1837....	November 6th.....	Jan. 20, 1838.....	76 days.....	34
1838....	June 11th.....	June 25, 1838.....	15 days.....	34
1838....	November 26th.....	Dec. 22, 1838.....	27 days.....	37
1839....	January 21st.....	March 11, 1839.....	50 days.....	38
1839....	December 2d.....	Jan. 13, 1840.....	44 days.....	38
1840....	August 3d.....	August 14, 1840.....	12 days.....	38
1840....	December 7th.....	Feb. 19, 1841.....	75 days.....	39
1841....	December 6th.....	Feb. 19, 1842.....	76 days.....	39
1843....	March 6th.....	March 25, 1843.....	20 days.....	43
1843....	March 27th.....	April 17, 1843.....	22 days.....	43
1843....	December 4th.....	Jan. 31, 1844.....	59 days.....	43
1845....	January 6th.....	Feb. 24, 1845.....	50 days.....	43
1846....	January 5th.....	Feb. 3, 1846.....	30 days.....	43
1847....	January 4th.....	Feb. 11, 1847.....	39 days.....	43
1847....	October 15th.....	Oct. 27, 1847.....	10 days.....	43
1848....	February 7th.....	March 13, 1848.....	36 days.....	43

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTIONS.

FIRST CONVENTION.

Year.	Time of Meeting.	Adjournment.	Length of Session.	No. Reps.
1846....	October 5th.....	Dec. 16, 1846.....	73 days.....	124

SECOND CONVENTION.

1847....	December 15th.....	Feb. 1, 1848.....	48 days.....	63
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STATE ORGANIZATION.

First Session—The first session of the State Legislature was held at the Capitol at Madison, on Monday, the fifth day of June, A. D. 1848, pursuant to the Constitution, which had been adopted by a large majority of the people. The apportionment of Senators and Representatives was under Constitutional provisions, until otherwise declared by law. It convened June 5, 1848, and adjourned August 21, 1848, seventy-eight days. There were eighty-five members.

Second Session—Convened on the 10th of January, 1849, and adjourned April 2, 1849, eighty-three days, eighty-five members.

Third Session—Convened January 9, and adjourned February 11, 1850, thirty-four days, eighty-five members.

Fourth Session—Convened January 8, 1851, and adjourned March 17, 1851, sixty-nine days, eighty-five members.

Fifth Session—Convened January 14, 1852, and adjourned April 19, 1852, ninety-seven days, eighty-five members.

Sixth Session—This Legislature convened on the 12th of January, 1853, and adjourned on the 4th day of April, 1853, until the 6th day of June following, for the purpose that the Senate might sit as a Court of Impeachment, and the Assembly be present to prosecute the trial of Levi Hubbell, Judge of the Second Judicial Circuit, against whom Articles of Impeachment had been exhibited, charging him with acts of corrupt conduct and malfeasance in office. For this purpose the Legislature again convened on the 6th day of June, and adjourned finally on the 13th of July, 1853. The legislative session amounted to one hundred and twenty-one days, with one hundred and seven members.

Seventh Session—Convened January 11, 1854, and adjourned April 3, 1854, eighty-three days, one hundred and seven members.

Eighth Session—Convened January 10, 1855, and adjourned April 2, 1855, eighty-three days, one hundred and seven members.

Ninth Session—Convened January 9, 1856, and took a recess from March 31, 1856, to September 3, 1856, and adjourned October 14, 1856, one hundred and twenty-five days, one hundred and seven members.

Tenth Session—Convened January 14, and adjourned March 9, 1857, fifty-five days, one hundred and seven members.

Eleventh Session—Convened January 13, and adjourned May 17, 1858, one hundred and twenty-five days, one hundred and twenty-seven members.

Twelfth Session—Convened January 12, 1859, and adjourned March 21, 1859, sixty-nine days, one hundred and twenty-seven members.

Thirteenth Session—Convened January 11, 1860, and adjourned April 2, 1860, eighty-three days, one hundred and twenty-seven members.

Fourteenth Session—Convened January 9, and adjourned April 17, 1861. Reconvened May 15, and adjourned May 27, 1861, a total of one hundred and twelve days, one hundred and twenty-seven members.

Fifteenth Session—Convened January 8, 1862, and adjourned April 7, 1862. Reconvened June 3, 1862, and adjourned June 17, 1862. Met in extra session September 10, 1862, and adjourned September 26, 1862, a total of one hundred and twenty-two days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Sixteenth Session—Convened January 14, 1863, and adjourned April 2, 1863, seventy-nine days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Seventeenth Session—Convened January 13, 1864, and adjourned April 4, 1864, eighty-three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Eighteenth Session—Convened January 11, 1865, and adjourned April 10, 1865, ninety days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Nineteenth Session—Convened January 10, 1866, and adjourned April 12, 1866, ninety-three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Twentieth Session—Convened January 9, 1867, and adjourned April 11, 1867, ninety-three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Twenty-first Session—Convened January 8, 1868, and adjourned March 6, 1868, fifty-nine days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Twenty-second Session—Convened January 13, 1869, and adjourned March 11, 1869, fifty-eight days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Twenty-third Session—Convened January 12, 1870, and adjourned March 17, 1870, sixty-five days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Twenty-fourth Session—Convened January 11, 1871, and adjourned March 25, 1871, seventy-four days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Twenty-fifth Session—Convened January 10, 1872, and adjourned March 26, 1872, seventy-seven days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Twenty-sixth Session—Convened January 8, 1873, and adjourned March 20, 1873, seventy-two days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Twenty-seventh Session—Convened January 14, 1874, and adjourned March 12, 1874, fifty-eight days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Twenty-eighth Session—Convened January 13, 1875, and adjourned March 6, 1875, fifty-three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Twenty-ninth Session—Convened January 12, 1876, and adjourned March 14, 1876, sixty-three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Thirtieth Session—Convened January 10, 1877, and adjourned March 8, 1877, fifty-eight days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Thirty-first Session—Convened January 9, 1878, and adjourned March 21, 1878. Met in extra session June 4, 1878, for the purpose of completing the revision of the statutes, and adjourned June 7, 1878. Officers same as at regular session. Seventy-six days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Thirty-second Session—Convened January 8, 1879, and adjourned March 5, 1879, fifty-seven days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Thirty-third Session—Convened January 14, 1880, and adjourned March 17, 1880, sixty-four days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Thirty-fourth Session—Convened January 12, 1881, and adjourned April 4, 1881, eighty-three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Thirty-fifth Session—Convened January 11, 1882, and adjourned March 31, 1882, eighty days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Thirty-sixth Session—Convened January 10, 1883, and adjourned April 4, 1883, eighty-five days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Thirty-seventh Session—Convened January 14, 1885, and adjourned April 13, 1885, eighty-nine days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Thirty-eighth Session—Convened January 12, 1887, and adjourned April 15, 1887, ninety-three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Thirty-ninth Session—Convened January 9, 1889, adjourned April 19, 1889, one hundred days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Fortieth Session—Convened January 14, 1891, and adjourned April 25, 1891, one hundred and one days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Met in special session June 28, 1892, for the purpose of apportioning the state into senate and assembly districts. Adjourned July 1st, 1892. Four days.

Met in second special session October 17, 1892, for the purpose of apportioning the state into senate and assembly districts, former apportionments having been declared unconstitutional by the Supreme Court. Adjourned October 27, 1892. Ten days.

Forty-first Session—Convened January 11, 1893, and adjourned April 20, 1893, one hundred days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Forty-second Session—Convened January 9, 1895, adjourned April 20, 1895, one hundred and two days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Forty-third Session—Convened January 13, 1897. Recess from April 24 to August 17. Met August 17 for the purpose of passing upon revision of the statutes. Adjourned August 20, 1897, one hundred and six days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Forty-fourth Session—Convened January 11, 1899.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

[To meet second Monday in January—See sec. 312, W. S., 1898.]

1848. Elected November 7.

At Large—Francis Huebschmann.
Wm. Dunwiddie.
1st District—David P. Mapes.
2d District—Samuel F. Nichols.

1859. Elected November 9.

At Large—Montgomery M. Cothren.
Saterlee Clark.
1st District—Philo White.
2d District—Beriah Brown.
3d District—Charles Billinghamurst.

1856. Elected November 4.

At Large—Edward D. Holton.
James H. Knowlton.
1st District—Gregor Menzel.
2d District—Walter D. McIndoe.
3d District—Billie Williams.

1860. Elected November 6.

At Large—Walter D. McIndoe.
Bradford Rixford.
1st District—Wm. W. Vaughan.
2d District—J. Allen Barber.
3d District—Herman Lindeman.

1864. Elected November 3.

At Large—William W. Field.
Henry L. Blood.
1st District—George C. Northrop.
2d District—Jonathon Bowman.
3d District—Allen Warden.
4th District—Henry J. Turner.
5th District—Henry F. Belitz.
6th District—Alexander S. McDill.

1868. Elected November 3.

At Large—Stephen S. Barlow.
Henry D. Barrow.
1st District—Elihu Enos.
2d District—Charles G. Williams.
3d District—Allen Warden.
4th District—Leander F. Frisby.
5th District—William G. Ritch.
6th District—Wm. T. Price.

1872. Elected November 5.

At Large—William E. Cramer.
Frederick Fleischer.
1st District—Jerome S. Nickles.
2d District—George G. Swain.
3d District—Ormsby B. Thomas.
4th District—Frederick Hilgen.
5th District—Edward C. McFetridge.
6th District—George E. Hoskinson.
7th District—Romanzo Bunn.
8th District—Henry D. Barron.

At Large—John D. Nelsonsenius.
Paul Lachmund.
1st District—Ossian M. Pettit.
2d District—Mark Curtis.
3d District—Lewis C. Boyle.
4th District—Ellicott B. Stillman.

1876. Elected November 7.

At Large—Wm. H. Liner.
Francis Campbell.
1st District—T. D. Weeks.
2d District—T. D. Lang.
3d District—Daniel L. Downa.
4th District—Casper M. Saugor.
5th District—Charles Lulling.
6th District—James H. Foster.
7th District—Charles B. Solberg.
8th District—John H. Knapp.

1880. Elected November 9.

At Large—George End.
Knud Langland.
1st District—Lucius S. Blake.
2d District—John Kollogg.
3d District—George E. Weatherby.
4th District—Wm. P. McLaren.
5th District—C. T. Lovell.
6th District—E. L. Browne.
7th District—F. H. Kribs.
8th District—John F. Kingston.

1884. Elected November 4.

At Large—C. J. L. Meyer.
F. A. Husher.
1st District—J. W. Ostrander.
2d District—D. C. Van B. cut.
3d District—Joseph Harris.
4th District—John Rugea.
5th District—E. W. Aradt.
6th District—B. T. Rogers.
7th District—W. M. Fugo.
8th District—Canute Anderson.
9th District—E. L. Browne.

1888. Elected November 6.

At Large—Lucius Fairchild.
Syver E. Brimi.
1st District—C. N. Palmer.
2d District—Allen P. Harwood.
3d District—A. C. Dodge.
4th District—Julius Goldschmidt.
5th District—John Ruch.
6th District—Albert F. Hill.
7th District—Oscar F. Temple.
8th District—Currie G. Boll.
9th District—John Finney.

1892. Elected November 3.

At Large—Gustav Wollneger.
Robert J. MacBride.
1st District—Andrew Jensen.
2d District—Michael Johnson.
3d District—John Montgomery Smith.
4th District—John Black.
5th District—Henry B. Schwin.
6th District—Ferdinand T. Yahr.
7th District—James J. Hogan.
8th District—John Wattawa.
9th District—Lewis S. Bailey.
10th District—William F. Cirkel.

1896. Elected November 3.

5th District—William J. Mallmann.
6th District—George D. Braed.
7th District—Iver Pederson.
8th District—Frederick A. Hollman.
9th District—Oakman A. Ellis.
10th District—Samuel J. Bradford.

REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS.

DELEGATES TO CONGRESS.

FROM THE TERRITORY OF WISCONSIN.

Names.	When elected.	Names.	When elected.
George W. Jones.....	Oct. 10, 1836	Henry Dodge.....	Sept. 25, 1843
James D. Doty.....	Sept. 10, 1838	Morgan L. Martin.....	Sept. 22, 1845
James D. Doty.....	Aug. 5, 1840	John H. Tweedy.....	Sept. 6, 1847
Henry Dodge.....	Sept. 27, 1841		

UNITED STATES SENATORS

SINCE THE ORGANIZATION OF THE STATE GOVERNMENT.

Names.	When elected.	Names.	When elected.
Isaac P. Walker.....	June 8, 1848	Timothy O. Howe.....	Jan. 21, 1873
Henry Dodge.....	June 8, 1848	Angus Cameron.....	Feb. 3, 1875
Isaac P. Walker.....	Jan. 17, 1849	Matthew H. Carpenter.....	Jan. 22, 1879
Henry Dodge.....	Jan. 20, 1851	Philetus Sawyer.....	Jan. 26, 1881
Charles Durkee.....	Feb. 1, 1855	Angus Cameron.....	Mar. 10, 1881
James R. Doolittle.....	Jan. 23, 1857	John C. Spooner.....	Jan. 28, 1885
Timothy O. Howe.....	Jan. 23, 1861	Philetus Sawyer.....	Jan. 26, 1887
James R. Doolittle.....	Jan. 22, 1863	William F. Vilas.....	Jan. 23, 1891
Timothy O. Howe.....	Jan. 24, 1867	John L. Mitchell.....	Jan. 28, 1891
Matthew H. Carpenter.....	Jan. 26, 1869	John C. Spooner.....	Jan. 27, 1897
		Joseph V. Quarles.....	Jan. 31, 1899

REPRESENTATIVES,

(By Congresses)

SINCE THE ORGANIZATION OF THE STATE GOVERNMENT.

XXXth Congress, 1847-49.

- 1st District — William Pitt Lynde.¹
 2d District — Mason O. Darling.¹

XXXIst Congress, 1849-51.

- 1st District — Charles Durkee.
 2d District — Orsamus Cole.
 3d District — James Duane Doty.

XXXIIrd Congress, 1851-53.

- 1st District — Charles Durkee.
 2d District — Ben. C. Eastman.
 3d District — John B. Macy.

XXXIIIrd Congress, 1853-55.

- 1st District — Daniel Wells, Jr.
 2d District — Ben. C. Eastman.
 3d District — John B. Macy.

XXXIVth Congress, 1855-57.

- 1st District — Daniel Wells, Jr.
 2d District — Cadwallader C. Washburn.
 3d District — Charles Billingshurst.

XXXVth Congress, 1857-59.

- 1st District — John F. Potter.
 2d District — Cadwallader C. Washburn.
 3d District — Charles Billingshurst.

XXXVIth Congress, 1859-61.

- 1st District — John F. Potter.
 2d District — Cadwallader C. Washburn.
 3d District — Charles H. Larrabee.

XXXVIIth Congress, 1861-63

- 1st District — John F. Potter.
 2d District — Luther Hanchett.²
 Walter D. McIndoe.
 3d District — A. Scott Sloan.

XXXVIIIth Congress, 1863-65.

- 1st District — James S. Brown.
 2d District — Ithamar C. Sloan.
 3d District — Amasa Cobb.
 4th District — Charles A. Eldridge.
 5th District — Ezra Wheeler.
 6th District — Walter D. McIndoe.

XXXIXth Congress, 1865-67.

- 1st District — Halbert E. Paine.
 2d District — Ithamar C. Sloan.
 3d District — Amasa Cobb.
 4th District — Charles A. Eldridge.
 5th District — Philetus Sawyer.
 6th District — Walter D. McIndoe.

XLth Congress, 1867-69.

- 1st District — Halbert E. Paine.
 2d District — Benjamin F. Hopkins.
 3d District — Amasa Cobb.
 4th District — Charles E. Eldridge.
 5th District — Philetus Sawyer.
 6th District — Cadwallader C. Washburn.

¹ Elected May 8, and took their seats June 5 and 6, 1846.

² Died November 24, 1862, and Walter D. McIndoe elected to fill the vacancy, December 20, 1862.

XLIInd Congress, 1869-71.

- 1st District — Halbert E. Paine.
- 2d District — Benjamin F. Hopkins.¹
David Atwood.
- 3d District — Amasa Cobb.
- 4th District — Charles A. Eldridge.
- 5th District — Philetus Sawyer.
- 6th District — Cadwallader C. Washburn.

XLIIIrd Congress, 1871-73.

- 1st District — Alexander Mitchell.
- 2d District — Gerry W. Hazelton.
- 3d District — J. Allen Barber.
- 4th District — Charles A. Eldridge.
- 5th District — Philetus Sawyer.
- 6th District — Jeremiah M. Rusk.

XLIIIrd Congress, 1873-75.

- 1st District — Charles G. Williams.
- 2d District — Gerry W. Hazelton.
- 3d District — J. Allen Barber.
- 4th District — Alexander Mitchell.
- 5th District — Charles A. Eldridge.
- 6th District — Philetus Sawyer.
- 7th District — Jeremiah M. Rusk.
- 8th District — Alexander S. McDill.

XLIVth Congress, 1875-77.

- 1st District — Charles G. Williams.
- 2d District — Lucien B. Caswell.
- 3d District — Henry S. Magoon.
- 4th District — William Pitt Lynde.
- 5th District — Samuel D. Burchard.
- 6th District — Alanson M. Kimball.
- 7th District — Jeremiah M. Rusk.
- 8th District — George W. Cate.

XLVth Congress, 1877-79.

- 1st District — Charles G. Williams.
- 2d District — Lucien B. Caswell.
- 3d District — George C. Hazelton.
- 4th District — William Pitt Lynde.
- 5th District — Edward S. Bragg.
- 6th District — Gabriel Bouck.
- 7th District — Herman L. Humphrey.
- 8th District — Thaddeus C. Pound.

XLVIth Congress, 1879-81.

- 1st District — Charles G. Williams.
- 2d District — Lucien B. Caswell.
- 3d District — George C. Hazelton.
- 4th District — Peter V. Deuster.
- 5th District — Edward S. Bragg.
- 6th District — Gabriel Bouck.
- 7th District — Herman L. Humphrey.
- 8th District — Thaddeus C. Pound.

XLVIIth Congress, 1881-83.

- 1st District — Charles G. Williams.
- 2d District — Lucien B. Caswell.
- 3d District — George C. Hazelton.
- 4th District — Peter V. Deuster.
- 5th District — Edward S. Bragg.
- 6th District — Richard Guenther.
- 7th District — Herman L. Humphrey.
- 8th District — Thaddeus C. Pound.

XLVIIIth Congress, 1883-85.

- 1st District — John Winans.
- 2d District — Daniel H. Sumner.
- 3d District — Burr W. Jones.
- 4th District — Peter V. Deuster.
- 5th District — Joseph Rankin.
- 6th District — Richard Guenther.
- 7th District — Gilbert M. Woodward.
- 8th District — William T. Price.
- 9th District — Isaac Stephenson.

XLIXth Congress, 1885-87.

- 1st District — Lucien B. Caswell.
- 2d District — Edward S. Bragg.
- 3d District — Robert M. La Follette.
- 4th District — Isaac W. Van Schaick.
- 5th District — Joseph Rankin.²
T. R. Hudd.
- 6th District — Richard Guenther.
- 7th District — Ormsby B. Thomas.
- 8th District — William T. Price.³
Hugh H. Price.
- 9th District — Isaac Stephenson.

Lth Congress, 1887-89.

- 1st District — L. B. Caswell.
- 2d District — Richard Guenther.
- 3d District — Robert M. La Follette.
- 4th District — Henry Smith.
- 5th District — T. R. Hudd.
- 6th District — C. B. Clark.
- 7th District — Ormsby B. Thomas.
- 8th District — Nils P. Haugen.
- 9th District — Isaac Stephenson.

LIInd Congress, 1889-91.

- 1st District — L. B. Caswell.
- 2d District — Charles Barwig.
- 3d District — Robert M. La Follette.
- 4th District — Isaac W. Van Schaick.
- 5th District — George H. Brickner.
- 6th District — C. B. Clark.
- 7th District — Ormsby B. Thomas.
- 8th District — Nils P. Haugen.
- 9th District — Myron H. McCord.

LIInd Congress, 1891-93.

- 1st District — Clinton Babbitt.
- 2d District — Charles Barwig.
- 3d District — Allen R. Bushnell.
- 4th District — John L. Mitchell.
- 5th District — George H. Brickner.
- 6th District — Lucas M. Miller.
- 7th District — Frank P. Coburn.
- 8th District — Nils P. Haugen.
- 9th District — Thomas Lynch.

¹ Died Jan. 1, 1870, and David Atwood elected to fill vacancy, Feb. 15, 1870.

² Died Jan. 24, 1886, T. R. Hudd elected to fill vacancy, Feb. 3, 1886.

³ Died Dec. 7, 1886, Hugh H. Price elected to fill vacancy, Jan. 19, 1887.

LIIId Congress, 1893-95.

- 1st District—H. A. Cooper.
- 2d District—Charles Barwig.
- 3d District—Joseph W. Babcock.
- 4th District—John L. Mitchell,¹
Peter J. Somers.²
- 5th District—George H. Bricknor.
- 6th District—Owen A. Wells.
- 7th District—Geo. B. Shaw.³
Michael Griffin.⁴
- 8th District—Lyman E. Barnes.
- 9th District—Thomas Lynch.
- 10th District—Nils P. Haugen.

LVth Congress, 1897-99.

- 1st District—Henry A. Cooper, Racine.
- 2d District—Edward Sauerhering, Mayville.
- 3d District—Joseph W. Babcock, Neenadah.
- 4th District—Theobald Otjen, Milwaukee.
- 5th District—Samuel A. Barney, West Bend.
- 6th District—James H. Davidson, Oshkosh.
- 7th District—Michael Griffin, Eau Claire.
- 8th District—Edward S. Minor, Sturgeon Bay.
- 9th District—Alexander Stewart, Wausau.
- 10th District—John J. Jenkins, Chippewa Falls.

¹ Resigned Feb. 10, 1893.² Elected April 4, 1893, to fill vacancy.*LIVth Congress, 1895-97.*

- 1st District—Henry A. Cooper, Racine.
- 2d District—Edward Sauerhering, Mayville.
- 3d District—Joseph W. Babcock, Neenadah.
- 4th District—Theobald Otjen, Milwaukee.
- 5th District—Samuel S. Barney, West Bend.
- 6th District—Samuel A. Cook, Neenah.
- 7th District—Michael Griffin, Eau Claire.
- 8th District—Edward S. Minor, Sturgeon Bay.
- 9th District—Alexander Stewart, Wausau.
- 10th District—John J. Jenkins, Chippewa Falls.

LVth Congress, 1899-01.

- 1st District—Henry Allen Cooper, Racine.
- 2d District—Herman B. Dahle, Mt. Horeb.
- 3d District—Joseph W. Babcock, Neenadah.
- 4th District—Theobald Otjen, Milwaukee.
- 5th District—Samuel S. Barney, West Bend.
- 6th District—James H. Davidson, Oshkosh.
- 7th District—John J. Esch, La Crosse.
- 8th District—Edward S. Minor, Sturgeon Bay.
- 9th District—Alexander Stewart, Wausau.
- 10th District—John J. Jenkins, Chippewa Falls.

³ Died Aug. 27, 1891.⁴ Elected Nov. 6, 1894, to fill vacancy.



OLD MAN OF THE DALLES, INTER-STATE PARK.
Wisconsin Side.

SPEAKERS OF U. S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. 209

SPEAKERS OF THE U. S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Congress.	Years.	Name.	State.	Born.	Died.
1	1789-91	F. A. Muhlenburg.....	Pennsylvania	1780	1801
2	1791-93	Jonathan Trumbull.....	Connecticut	1740	1809
3	1793-95	F. A. Muhlenburg.....	Pennsylvania	1780	1801
4, 5	1795-99	Jonathan Dayton.....	New Jersey	1760	1824
6	1799-01	Theodore Sedgwick.....	Massachusetts	1746	1813
7-9	1801-07	Nathaniel Macon.....	North Carolina	1757	1837
10, 11	1807-11	Joseph B. Varnum.....	Massachusetts	1750	1821
12, 13	1811-14	Henry Clay.....	Kentucky	1777	1852
13	1814-15	Langdon Cheves.....	South Carolina	1776	1857
14-16	1815-20	Henry Clay.....	Kentucky	1777	1852
16	1820-21	John W. Taylor.....	New York	1784	1854
17	1821-23	Philip B. Barbour.....	Virginia	1783	1841
18	1823-25	Henry Clay.....	Kentucky	1777	1852
19	1825-27	John W. Taylor.....	New York	1784	1854
20-23	1827-34	Andrew Stevenson.....	Virginia	1784	1857
23	1834-35	John Bell.....	Tennessee	1797	1869
24, 25	1835-39	James K. Polk.....	Tennessee	1785	1849
26	1839-41	E. M. T. Hunter.....	Virginia	1809	1867
27	1841-43	John White.....	Kentucky	1805	1845
28	1843-45	John W. Jones.....	Virginia	1805	1848
29	1845-47	John W. Davis.....	Indiana	1799	1850
30	1847-49	Robert C. Winthrop.....	Massachusetts	1799	1894
31	1849-51	Howell Cobb.....	Georgia	1815	1895
32, 33	1851-55	Linn Boyd.....	Kentucky	1800	1859
34	1855-57	Nathaniel P. Banks.....	Massachusetts	1816	1894
35	1857-59	James L. Orr.....	South Carolina	1822	1873
36	1859-61	William Pennington.....	New Jersey	1796	1863
37	1861-63	Galusha A. Grow.....	Pennsylvania	1823	.....
38-40	1863-69	Schuyler Colfax.....	Indiana	1823	1885
41-43	1869-75	James G. Blaine.....	Maine	1830	1893
44	1873-76	Michael C. Kerr.....	Indiana	1827	1876
45-46	1876-81	Samuel J. Randall.....	Pennsylvania	1823	1890
47	1881-83	John W. Keifer.....	Ohio	1836	.....
48-50	1883-89	John G. Carlisle.....	Kentucky	1835	.....
51	1889-91	Thomas B. Reed.....	Maine	1839	.....
52-53	1891-95	Chas. F. Crisp.....	Georgia	1845	1896
54-55	1895-99	Thomas B. Reed.....	Maine	1839	.....

U. S. PRESIDENTS AND VICE-PRESIDENTS.
PRESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

NAME.	Native State.	Ancestry.	Year of birth.	Residence.	Inaugurated.		Years served.	Politics.	Place of death.	Age at death.
					Year.	Age.				
1 George Washington.....	Va.....	English.....	1732.....	Va.....	1789.....	57.....	8.....	Federalist.....	Mount Vernon, 1799.....	67.....
2 John Adams.....	Mass.....	English.....	1735.....	Mass.....	1797.....	62.....	4.....	Federalist.....	Quincy, Mass., 1826.....	91.....
3 Thomas Jefferson.....	Va.....	Welsh.....	1743.....	Va.....	1801.....	58.....	8.....	Republican.....	Monticello, Va., 1826.....	83.....
4 James Madison.....	Va.....	English.....	1751.....	Va.....	1809.....	58.....	8.....	Republican.....	Monticello, Va., 1836.....	86.....
5 James Monroe.....	Mass.....	Scotch.....	1758.....	Va.....	1817.....	59.....	8.....	Republican.....	New York City, 1831.....	73.....
6 John Quincy Adams.....	Mass.....	English.....	1767.....	Mass.....	1825.....	58.....	4.....	Republican.....	Washington, 1846.....	79.....
7 Andrew Jackson.....	S. C.....	Irish.....	1767.....	Tenn.....	1829.....	62.....	8.....	Democrat.....	Hartsville, Tenn., 1845.....	78.....
8 Martin Van Buren.....	N. Y.....	Dutch.....	1782.....	N. Y.....	1837.....	55.....	4.....	Democrat.....	Kinderhook, N. Y., 1862.....	80.....
9 William H. Harrison.....	Va.....	English.....	1773.....	Ohio.....	1841.....	68.....	1 mo.....	Whig.....	Washington, 1841.....	68.....
10 John Tyler.....	Va.....	English.....	1790.....	Ohio.....	1841.....	51.....	4.....	Democrat.....	Richmond, Va., 1862.....	72.....
11 James K. Polk.....	N. C.....	Irish.....	1795.....	Tenn.....	1845.....	50.....	4.....	Democrat.....	Nashville, Tenn., 1849.....	54.....
12 Zachary Taylor.....	N. Y.....	English.....	1784.....	Tenn.....	1849.....	65.....	4.....	Whig.....	Washington, 1850.....	66.....
13 Millard Fillmore.....	N. Y.....	English.....	1800.....	N. Y.....	1850.....	50.....	3.....	Whig.....	Buffalo, N. Y., 1874.....	74.....
14 Franklin Pierce.....	N. H.....	English.....	1804.....	N. H.....	1853.....	49.....	4.....	Democrat.....	Concord, N. H., 1869.....	65.....
15 James Buchanan.....	Pa.....	English.....	1791.....	Pa.....	1857.....	66.....	4.....	Democrat.....	Wheatland, Pa., 1868.....	77.....
16 Abraham Lincoln.....	Ky.....	English.....	1809.....	Ill.....	1861.....	52.....	4.....	Republican.....	Washington, 1865.....	56.....
17 Andrew Johnson.....	N. C.....	Scotch.....	1808.....	Tenn.....	1865.....	57.....	4.....	Republican.....	Greenville, Tenn., 1875.....	67.....
18 Ulysses S. Grant.....	Ohio.....	English.....	1822.....	Ill.....	1869.....	47.....	8.....	Republican.....	Yt. McGregor, N. Y., 1885.....	63.....
19 Rutherford B. Hayes.....	Ohio.....	English.....	1822.....	Ohio.....	1877.....	55.....	4.....	Republican.....	Freemont, Ohio, 1883.....	61.....
20 Chester A. Arthur.....	Vt.....	English.....	1831.....	Ohio.....	1881.....	50.....	6 1/2 mos.....	Republican.....	Long Branch, N. J., 1901.....	70.....
21 Grover Cleveland.....	N. J.....	Irish.....	1837.....	N. Y.....	1881.....	44.....	3y. 5 1/2 mos.....	Democrat.....	New York City, 1896.....	59.....
22 Benjamin Harrison.....	Ohio.....	English.....	1833.....	Ind.....	1889.....	56.....	4.....	Republican.....	.....	.....
23 Grover Cleveland.....	N. Y.....	English.....	1837.....	Ind.....	1893.....	56.....	4.....	Democrat.....	.....	.....
24 William McKinley.....	Ohio.....	Scotch-Irish.....	1843.....	Ohio.....	1897.....	54.....		Republican.....		

VICE PRESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

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VICE-PRESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

NAME.	BIRTH.		Residence when elected.	Year qual.	Years served.	Politics.	DEATH.		Age.
	Place.	Year.					Place.	Year.	
1 John Adams.....	Quincy, Mass.	1735	Massachusetts.	1789	8	Fed.	Quincy, Mass.	1826	91
2 Thomas Jefferson.....	Shadwell, Va.	1743	Virginia.	1797	4	Rep.	Monticello, Va.	1826	83
3 Aaron Burr.....	Newark, N. J.	1756	New York.	1801	4	Rep.	Staton Island, N. Y.	1836	80
4 George Clinton.....	Ulster Co., N. Y.	1759	New York.	1806	7 y., 1 m., 16 d*	Rep.	Washington, D. C.	1812	73
5 Elbridge Gerry.....	Marblehead, Mass.	1744	Massachusetts.	1813	13 y., 8 m., 19 d*	Rep.	Washington, D. C.	1814	70
6 Daniel D. Tompkins.....	Saratoga, N. Y.	1774	New York.	1817	8	Rep.	Staton Island, N. Y.	1825	51
7 John C. Calhoun.....	Abbeville, S. C.	1768	South Carolina.	1825	7 y., 9 m., 24 d†	Rep.	Washington, D. C.	1850	82
8 Martin Van Buren.....	Kinderhook, N. Y.	1782	New York.	1833	4	Dem.	Kinderhook, N. Y.	1862	80
9 Rich. M. Johnson.....	Louisville, Ky.	1790	Kentucky.	1837	1 month†	Dem.	Frankfort, Ky.	1862	70
10 John Tyler.....	Greenway, Va.	1790	Virginia.	1841	1 m., 14 d*	Dem.	Richmond, Va.	1862	72
11 George M. Dallas.....	Philadelphia, Pa.	1792	Pennsylvania.	1845	4	Whig.	Philadelphia, Pa.	1874	82
12 William R. King.....	Summer Hill, N. Y.	1800	New York.	1849	1 y., 4 m., 4 d†	Dem.	Buffalo, N. Y.	1874	74
13 J. C. Breckenridge.....	Simpson Co., N. C.	1786	Alabama.	1853	1 m., 14 d*	Dem.	Dallas County, Ala.	1875	89
14 Hannibal Hamlin.....	Lexington, Ky.	1821	Kentucky.	1857	4	Dem.	Lexington, Ky.	1891	67
15 Andrew Johnson.....	Paris, Me.	1809	Tennessee.	1861	4	Rep.	Bangor, Me.	1895	86
16 Schuyler Colfax.....	Raleigh, N. C.	1823	Indiana.	1865	1 m., 11 d†	Rep.	Carter County, Tenn.	1895	70
17 Henry Wilson.....	Farmington, N. H.	1812	Massachusetts.	1869	2 y., 8 m., 18 d*	Rep.	Mankato, Minn.	1885	67
18 Wm. A. Wheeler.....	Malone, N. Y.	1819	New York.	1877	4	Rep.	Washington, D. C.	1875	56
19 Chester A. Arthur.....	Fairfield, Vt.	1829	New York.	1881	6 m., 13 d†	Rep.	Malone, N. Y.	1887	58
20 T. A. Hendricks.....	Muskingum Co., O.	1819	Indiana.	1885	8 m., 21 d*	Dem.	New York City.	1886	67
21 Levi P. Morton.....	Shoreham, Vt.	1824	New York.	1889	4	Rep.	Indianapolis, Ind.	1885	61
22 Adlai E. Stevenson.....	Christian Co., Kentucky	1835	Illinois.	1893		Dem.			
23 Garret A. Hobart.....	New Jersey	1844	New Jersey	1897		Rep.			

* Died in office. † Resigned. ‡ Succeeded to the presidency because of the death of the incumbent of that office.

PRESIDENTS PRO TEMPORE OF THE UNITED STATES SENATE.

A LIST of the Senators who have been elected by the Senate to preside over that body in the absence of the Vice-president, or while he was acting as President, or while the office of Vice-President was vacant by reason of the death of the incumbent.

CON- GRESS.	Years.	Name.	State.	Born.	Died.
1, 2	1789-92	John Langdon.....	New Hampshire.....	1739	1819
2	1792	Richard H. Lee.....	Virginia.....	1732	1791
2, 3	1792-94	John Langdon.....	New Hampshire.....	1739	1819
3	1794-95	Ralph Izard.....	South Carolina.....	1742	1814
3, 4	1795-96	Henry Tazewell.....	Virginia.....	1753	1799
4	1795-97	Samuel Livermore.....	New Hampshire.....	1732	1801
4, 5	1797	William Bingham.....	Pennsylvania.....	1751	1804
5	1797	William Bradford.....	Rhode Island.....	1729	1808
5	1797-98	Jacob Read.....	South Carolina.....	1752	1816
5	1798	Theodore Sedgwick.....	Massachusetts.....	1746	1813
5	1798-99	John Laurence.....	New York.....	1750	1810
5	1799	James Ross.....	Pennsylvania.....	1762	1807
6	1799-1800	Samuel Livermore.....	New Hampshire.....	1732	1803
6	1800	Uriah Tracy.....	Connecticut.....	1755	1807
6	1800-01	John E. Howard.....	Maryland.....	1752	1807
6	1801	James Hillhouse.....	Connecticut.....	1754	1802
7	1801-02	Abraham Baldwin.....	Georgia.....	1754	1807
7	1802-03	Stephen R. Bradley.....	Vermont.....	1754	1800
8	1803-04	John Brown.....	Kentucky.....	1757	1807
8	1804-05	Jesse Franklin.....	North Carolina.....	1758	1823
9	1805	Joseph Anderson.....	Tennessee.....	1757	1807
9, 10	1805-08	Samuel Smith.....	Maryland.....	1752	1800
10	1808-09	Stephen R. Bradley.....	Vermont.....	1754	1800
10, 11	1809	John Millidge.....	Georgia.....	1757	1818
11	1809-10	Andrew Gregg.....	Pennsylvania.....	1755	1805
11	1810-11	John Gaillard.....	South Carolina.....	1750	1803
11, 12	1811-12	John Pope.....	Kentucky.....	1770	1845
12, 13	1812-13	Wm. H. Crawford.....	Georgia.....	1772	1804
13	1813-14	Joseph B. Varnum.....	Massachusetts.....	1750	1821
13, 15	1814-18	John Gaillard.....	South Carolina.....	1750	1803
15, 16	1818-19	James Barbour.....	Virginia.....	1775	1842
16-19	1820-26	John Gaillard.....	South Carolina.....	1750	1803
19, 20	1826-28	Nathaniel Macon.....	North Carolina.....	1757	1807
20-22	1828-32	Samuel Smith.....	Maryland.....	1752	1800
22	1832	L. W. Tazewell.....	Virginia.....	1774	1800
22, 23	1832-34	Hugh L. White.....	Tennessee.....	1773	1840
23	1834-35	George Poindexter.....	Mississippi.....	1779	1853
24	1835-36	John Tyler.....	Virginia.....	1790	1862
24-26	1836-41	William R. King.....	Alabama.....	1786	1853
26, 27	1841-42	Samuel L. Southard.....	New Jersey.....	1787	1842
27-29	1842-46	W. P. Mangum.....	North Carolina.....	1792	1861
29, 30	1846-49	D. R. Atchison.....	Missouri.....	1807	1886
31, 32	1850-52	William R. King.....	Alabama.....	1786	1853
32, 33	1852-54	D. R. Atchison.....	Missouri.....	1807	1886
33, 34	1854-57	Jesse D. Bright.....	Indiana.....	1812	1875
34	1857	James M. Mason.....	Virginia.....	1798	1871
35, 36	1857-61	Benjamin Fitzpatrick.....	Alabama.....	1802	1869
36-38	1861-64	Solomon Foot.....	Vermont.....	1802	1866
38	1864-65	Daniel Clark.....	New Hampshire.....	1809	1891
39	1865-67	Lafayette S. Foster.....	Connecticut.....	1806	1880
40	1867-69	Benjamin F. Wade.....	Ohio.....	1800	1878
41, 42	1869-73	Henry B. Anthony.....	Rhode Island.....	1815	1884
43	1873-75	M. H. Carpenter.....	Wisconsin.....	1824	1881
44, 45	1875-79	Thomas W. Ferry.....	Michigan.....	1827	1896
46	1879-81	A. G. Thurman.....	Ohio.....	1813	1886
47	1881	Thomas F. Bayard.....	Delaware.....	1828	1899
47	1881-83	David Davis.....	Illinois.....	1815	1886
48	1883-85	George F. Edmunds.....	Vermont.....	1828	1886
49	1885-87	John Sherman.....	Ohio.....	1823	1891
49, 50, 51	1887-91	John J. Ingalls.....	Kansas.....	1833	1893
52	1891-93	Chas. F. Manderson.....	Nebraska.....	1837	1893
53	1893-95	Isham G. Harris.....	Tennessee.....	1818	1893
54-55	1896-97	Wm. P. Frye.....	Maine.....	1831	1893

PART III.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

ELECTORAL VOTE FOR PRESIDENT,

At each election from 1864 to 1896.

STATES.	1864. ¹	1868. ²	1872.	1876.	1880.	1884.	1888.	1892.	1896.
	Lincoln—Rep. McClellan—Dem.	Grant—Rep. Seymour—Dem.	Grant—Rep. Hendricks—Dem.	Hayes—Rep. Tilden—Dem.	Garfield—Rep. Hancock—Dem.	Cleveland—Dem. Blaine—Rep.	Harrison—Rep. Cleveland—Dem.	Cleveland—Dem. Harrison—Rep. Weaver—Pro.	McKinley—Rep. Bryan—Dem.
Alabama.....	8	10	10	10	10	10	10	11	11
Arkansas.....	5	5	6	6	6	7	7	8	8
California.....	5	5	6	6	1	5	8	8	1
Colorado.....	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4
Connecticut.....	5	5	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Delaware.....	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Florida.....	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Georgia.....	9	9	11	11	11	12	12	13	13
Idaho.....	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Illinois.....	16	16	21	21	21	22	22	24	24
Indiana.....	13	13	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Iowa.....	8	8	11	11	11	13	13	13	13
Kansas.....	3	3	5	5	5	9	9	10	10
Kentucky.....	11	11	8	12	12	13	13	13	12
Louisiana.....	7	7	7	7	7	8	8	8	8
Maine.....	7	7	7	7	7	8	8	8	8
Maryland.....	12	12	13	13	13	14	14	15	15
Massach'ts.....	8	8	11	11	11	13	13	6	8
Michigan.....	4	4	5	5	5	7	7	9	9
Minnesota.....	11	11	8	13	15	16	16	17	17
Mississippi.....	11	11	6	15	15	16	16	17	17
Missouri.....	11	11	8	13	15	16	16	17	17
Montana.....	3	3	3	3	3	5	5	3	3
Nebraska.....	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Nevada.....	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
N. Hampshire.....	5	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	4
New Jersey.....	7	7	9	9	9	9	9	10	10
New York.....	33	33	35	35	35	36	36	36	36
N. Carolina.....	9	9	10	10	10	11	11	11	11
N. Dakota.....	21	21	22	22	22	23	23	23	23
Ohio.....	21	21	22	22	22	23	23	23	23
Oregon.....	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Pennsylvania.....	26	26	29	29	29	30	30	32	32
R. Island.....	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
S. Carolina.....	6	6	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
S. Dakota.....	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Tennessee.....	10	10	8	8	8	12	12	13	13
Texas.....	10	10	8	8	8	12	12	13	13
Utah.....	5	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	4
Vermont.....	5	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	4
Virginia.....	11	11	11	11	11	12	12	12	12
Washington.....	5	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	6
W. Virginia.....	5	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	6
Wisconsin.....	8	8	10	10	10	11	11	12	12
Wyoming.....	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Total.....	212	214	236	185	214	219	233	230	271
No. states voting.....	21	37	37	33	33	33	33	44	45

¹ Eleven southern states did not vote in 1864.

² Mississippi, Texas and Virginia did not vote in 1868.

POPULAR AND ELECTORAL VOTE FOR PRESIDENT IN 1896.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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STATES AND TERRITORIES.	POPULAR VOTE.*							ELECTORAL VOTE.	
	Bryan, Dem.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, N. Dem.	Levering, Pro.	Bentley, Nat.	Matchett, S. Lab.	Pluralities.	Bryan, Dem.	McKinley, Rep.
Alabama.....	130,307	54,737	6,462	2,147	883	.....	75,570 B	11	.....
Arkansas.....	110,103	37,512	.....	830	.....	.....	72,591 B	8	.....
California.....	143,373	146,170	1,730	2,573	1,046	1,611	2,707 McK	71	8
Colorado.....	161,153	26,271	1	1,717	386	1,159	131,832 B	4	.....
Connecticut.....	56,740	110,285	4,334	1,904	.....	1,223	53,545 McK	.....	6
Delaware.....	13,424	16,304	877	1,355	.....	.....	3,630 McK	.....	3
Florida.....	32,736	11,298	654	1,778	.....	.....	21,445 B	4	.....
Georgia.....	94,222	60,091	2,708	5,613	.....	.....	34,141 B	13	.....
Idaho.....	23,192	6,324	.....	179	.....	.....	16,868 B	3	.....
Illinois.....	451,632	607,130	6,330	9,796	783	1,147	143,086 McK	.....	24
Indiana.....	305,573	323,754	2,145	3,036	2,267	324	18,181 McK	.....	15
Iowa.....	223,741	296,293	4,516	3,192	352	453	65,552 McK	.....	13
Kansas.....	171,810	159,541	1,209	1,921	306	.....	12,269 B	10	.....
Kentucky.....	217,850	218,171	5,114	4,781	.....	.....	281 McK	71	.....
Louisiana.....	77,175	22,137	1,834	.....	.....	.....	55,136 B	8	.....
Maine.....	34,688	80,465	1,870	1,570	.....	.....	45,777 McK	.....	6
Maryland.....	104,735	136,959	2,507	5,918	136	587	32,724 McK	.....	8
Massachusetts.....	105,711	278,976	11,749	2,994	.....	2,114	173,265 McK	.....	15
Michigan.....	285,714	233,582	6,879	5,025	1,935	297	56,868 McK	.....	14
Minnesota.....	139,626	181,701	3,202	4,343	.....	967	53,875 McK	.....	9
Mississippi.....	63,859	5,130	1,171	485	.....	.....	58,729 B	9	.....
Missouri.....	383,697	304,940	2,355	2,169	283	596	58,727 B	17	.....
Montana.....	42,537	10,494	.....	186	.....	.....	32,043 B	3	.....
Nebraska.....	115,840	102,394	2,885	1,183	797	186	13,576 B	8	.....
Nevada.....	8,377	1,538	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,459 B	3	.....
New Hampshire.....	21,650	57,444	3,520	779	49	223	35,794 McK	.....	4
New Jersey.....	133,675	221,367	6,373	5,614	.....	3,985	57,692 McK	.....	10
New York.....	551,368	18,950	18,950	16,032	.....	17,667	288,469 McK	.....	36
North Carolina.....	174,498	155,222	578	675	247	.....	19,246 B	11	.....
North Dakota.....	20,698	26,335	.....	358	.....	.....	5,649 McK	.....	3
Ohio.....	477,494	523,991	1,877	5,098	2,716	1,167	47,497 McK	.....	23
Oregon.....	46,662	43,779	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,117 McK	.....	4
Pennsylvania.....	433,228	728,300	11,000	19,574	870	1,683	285,072 McK	.....	32
Rhode Island.....	14,439	37,137	1,166	1,160	5	.....	22,978 McK	.....	4
South Carolina.....	58,798	9,281	1,828	.....	.....	.....	49,517 B	9	.....
South Dakota.....	41,225	41,042	.....	685	.....	.....	133 B	4	.....

POPULAR AND ELECTORAL VOTE FOR PRESIDENT IN 1896. - Con tinued.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	POPULAR VOTE.*						ELECTORAL VOTE.		
	Bryan, Dem.	McKinley, Rep	Palmer, N. Dem.	Levering, Pro	Bentley, Nat.	Matchett, S. Lab.	Pluralities.	Bryan, Dem.	McKinley, Rep.
Tennessee.....	166,258	148,773	1,951	3,098	.....	.....	17,495 B	12	.....
Texas.....	370,444	167,520	5,046	1,786	.....	.....	202,914 B	15	.....
Utah.....	64,517	13,491	21	.....	.....	.....	51,038 B	3	.....
Vermont.....	10,617	51,127	1,331	733	.....	.....	40,490 McK	.....	4
Virginia.....	154,709	135,368	2,129	2,350	.....	108	19,341 B	12	.....
Washington.....	51,646	39,153	1,668	2,968	118	.....	12,483 B	4	.....
West Virginia.....	92,927	104,414	1,677	1,203	.....	.....	11,467 McK	.....	6
Wisconsin.....	165,323	268,155	4,584	7,807	346	1,314	102,812 McK	.....	12
Wyoming.....	10,655	10,072	.....	136	.....	.....	383 B	3	.....
Total.....	6,502,925	7,104,779	131,143	132,005	13,969	38,274	.....	176	271

* As revised by final corrected returns to January 1, 1897. † In both California and Kentucky one Bryan candidate for elector received more votes than the candidate for elector on the McKinley ticket who received the least number of votes.

Popular vote, McKinley over Bryan..... 601,834
 Popular vote, McKinley over all..... 286,452
 Electoral vote, McKinley over all..... 93
 Straight Fusion vote for Bryan..... 6,332,282
 Straight Populist vote for Bryan..... 150,613
 Total popular vote, 1896..... 13,923,102

POPULAR AND ELECTORAL VOTE BY STATES, WITH PLURALITIES, ETC.

STATES. (44)	1892.						
	VOTES.				PLURALITIES.		
	Cleveland Dem.	Harrison Rep.	Weaver, Pop.	Bidwell, Pro.	Cleveland Plu.	Harrison Plu.	Weaver, Plu.
Alabama	138,138	9,197	85,181	239	52,937	.....	.....
Arkansas	87,931	46,979	11,831	129	40,855	.....	.....
California	118,174	118,027	25,311	8,086	147	.....	.....
Colorado .....	.....	38,620	53,584	1,687	.....	.....	14,964
Connecticut	82,395	77,032	809	4,026	5,363	.....	.....
Delaware	18,581	13,077	.....	564	504	.....	.....
Florida	30,143	.....	4,843	569	25,300	.....	.....
Georgia	129,386	48,365	42,939	988	81,081	.....	.....
Idaho	2	8,599	10,520	288	.....	.....	1,921
Illinois	426,281	399,288	22,207	25,870	26,991	.....	.....
Indiana	263,740	235,615	22,208	13,030	7,125	.....	.....
Iowa	196,337	219,795	20,595	6,402	.....	23,428	.....
Kansas .....	.....	157,241	163,111	4,553	.....	.....	5,870
Kentucky	175,461	135,441	23,500	6,442	40,020	.....	.....
Louisiana	87,622	.....	26,132	.....	61,490	.....	.....
Maine	48,014	62,871	2,383	3,062	.....	14,827	.....
Maryland	113,866	92,736	796	8,877	21,130	.....	.....
Massachusetts	176,858	202,927	3,348	7,532	.....	26,069	.....
Michigan	202,286	222,708	19,798	20,847	.....	20,412	.....
Minnesota	100,920	122,823	29,313	14,182	21,943	.....	.....
Mississippi	40,257	1,406	10,258	910	29,981	.....	.....
Missouri	208,398	226,918	41,213	4,331	41,480	.....	.....
Montana	17,581	18,851	7,334	549	.....	1,270	.....
Nebraska	24,943	87,227	83,134	4,902	.....	4,093	.....
Nevada	714	2,811	7,261	89	.....	.....	4,453
New Hampshire	42,081	45,658	293	1,297	.....	3,577	.....
New Jersey	171,069	158,101	985	8,134	14,965	.....	.....
New York	631,903	663,459	16,438	38,193	43,419	.....	.....
North Carolina	132,951	100,346	44,732	2,543	32,603	.....	.....
North Dakota .....	.....	17,519	17,703	890	.....	.....	181
Ohio	401,115	403,157	14,852	26,012	.....	1,072	.....
Oregon	14,243	35,001	26,965	2,281	.....	8,037	.....
Pennsylvania	452,261	516,011	8,714	25,123	.....	63,747	.....
Rhode Island	24,333	26,975	228	1,654	.....	2,639	.....
South Carolina	54,648	13,384	2,410	.....	41,314	.....	.....
South Dakota	9,081	34,888	26,544	.....	.....	8,344	.....
Tennessee	136,594	99,851	23,780	4,778	36,743	.....	.....
Texas	232,148	77,475	99,688	2,165	161,673	.....	.....
Vermont	16,325	37,992	44	1,424	.....	21,667	.....
Virginia	163,977	113,262	12,275	2,738	50,715	.....	.....
Washington	29,844	36,460	19,054	2,553	.....	6,616	.....
West Virginia	81,487	80,293	4,166	2,145	.....	4,174	.....
Wisconsin	177,325	171,101	10,019	13,136	6,489	.....	.....
Wyoming .....	.....	8,454	7,722	530	.....	732	.....
Totals	5,554,504	5,158,912	1,054,215	269,801	850,436	206,530	27,389

POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT FROM 1856 TO 1888, WITH
PLURALITIES, 1884 AND 1888.

[By States.]

STATES. (38)	1888.					
	VOTES.				PLURALITIES.	
	Harrison. Rep.	Cleveland. Dem.	Fisk. Pro.	Streeter. U. Lab.	Harrison. Rep.	Cleveland. Dem.
Alabama.....	57,197	117,310	583	.....	.....	60,113
Arkansas.....	58,752	85,962	614	10,613	.....	27,210
California.....	124,809	117,729	5,761	.....	7,080	.....
Colorado.....	51,796	37,610	2,210	112	14,186	.....
Connecticut.....	74,584	74,930	4,234	.....	.....	336
Delaware.....	12,073	16,414	400	.....	.....	3,441
Florida.....	26,657	39,561	417	.....	.....	12,904
Georgia.....	40,496	100,499	1,800	136	.....	60,038
Illinois.....	370,473	248,272	21,695	7,090	22,201	.....
Indiana.....	263,361	261,018	9,881	2,604	2,348	.....
Iowa.....	211,598	179,877	3,550	9,105	31,721	.....
Kansas.....	182,904	102,745	6,779	37,788	80,159	.....
Kentucky.....	155,134	183,800	5,225	622	.....	28,666
Louisiana.....	30,701	85,022	127	.....	.....	54,321
Maine.....	73,734	50,481	2,691	1,344	23,253	.....
Maryland.....	99,986	106,168	4,767	.....	.....	6,182
Massachusetts.....	183,892	151,590	6,701	.....	32,302	.....
Michigan.....	236,307	213,404	20,942	4,542	22,903	.....
Minnesota.....	142,482	104,385	15,311	1,095	38,097	.....
Mississippi.....	30,096	85,471	218	22	.....	55,375
Missouri.....	236,253	261,954	4,540	18,589	.....	25,701
Nebraska.....	108,425	80,552	9,429	4,236	27,873	.....
Nevada.....	7,238	5,326	45	.....	1,912	.....
New Hampshire.....	46,728	43,358	1,592	18	3,370	.....
New Jersey.....	144,344	151,493	7,904	.....	.....	7,149
New York.....	650,338	635,965	30,231	626	14,373	.....
North Carolina.....	134,734	147,902	2,789	37	.....	13,118
Ohio.....	410,054	306,455	24,356	2,496	19,599	.....
Oregon.....	83,203	26,522	1,677	.....	6,771	.....
Pennsylvania.....	526,091	446,633	20,947	3,873	79,458	.....
Rhode Island.....	21,969	17,530	1,251	.....	4,439	.....
South Carolina.....	13,740	65,825	.....	.....	.....	52,085
Tennessee.....	139,949	158,737	5,969	.....	.....	18,798
Texas.....	88,422	234,833	4,749	29,450	.....	146,461
Vermont.....	45,192	16,738	1,460	.....	28,404	.....
Virginia.....	150,438	151,977	1,675	.....	.....	1,539
West Virginia.....	78,491	79,330	.....	.....	.....	839
Wisconsin.....	176,553	155,232	14,277	6,553	21,321	.....
Total.....	5,445,274	5,538,752	248,800	142,084	480,770	574,351
Plurality.....	.....	98,481	.....	.....	.....	93,481

POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT FROM 1856 TO 1888, WITH
PLURALITIES, 1884 AND 1888.

[BY STATES.]

STATES. (33)	1884.					
	VOTES.				PLURALITIES.	
	Blaine. Rep.	Cleveland. Dem.	Butler. Green.	St. John. Pro.	Blaine. Rep.	Cleveland. Dem.
Alabama.....	59,591	93,951	873	612	.....	34,360
Arkansas.....	50,895	72,927	1,847	.....	.....	22,032
California.....	102,416	89,284	2,017	2,920	13,128	.....
Colorado.....	36,290	27,723	1,958	761	8,567	.....
Connecticut.....	65,922	67,199	1,688	2,305	.....	1,274
Delaware.....	12,951	16,964	6	85	.....	4,013
Florida.....	25,081	31,766	.....	72	.....	3,785
Georgia.....	48,603	94,667	145	195	.....	46,064
Illinois.....	337,474	312,355	10,910	12,074	25,119	.....
Indiana.....	238,463	244,990	8,293	3,078	.....	6,527
Iowa.....	197,089	177,316	.....	1,472	19,773	.....
Kansas.....	154,406	90,132	16,341	4,495	64,274	.....
Kentucky.....	118,122	152,961	1,691	3,136	.....	34,839
Louisiana.....	46,447	62,540	.....	.....	.....	16,193
Maine.....	72,209	52,140	3,953	2,180	20,069	.....
Maryland.....	85,999	96,932	531	2,794	.....	11,238
Massachusetts.....	146,724	122,481	24,439	10,025	24,243	.....
Michigan.....	192,669	149,935	42,243	18,403	42,834	.....
Minnesota.....	111,923	70,144	3,593	4,684	41,779	.....
Mississippi.....	43,509	76,510	.....	.....	.....	33,001
Missouri.....	202,929	238,988	.....	2,183	.....	33,059
Nebraska.....	74,912	54,391	.....	2,899	22,521	.....
Nevada.....	7,193	5,578	26	.....	1,615	.....
New Hampshire.....	43,249	39,183	552	1,571	4,066	.....
New Jersey.....	124,440	127,796	3,496	6,159	.....	4,358
New York.....	562,035	563,154	16,994	25,016	.....	1,149
North Carolina.....	125,088	142,952	.....	454	.....	17,864
Ohio.....	400,082	369,280	5,179	11,069	31,802	.....
Oregon.....	26,860	24,604	728	492	2,256	.....
Pennsylvania.....	473,804	392,785	16,992	15,283	81,019	.....
Rhode Island.....	19,630	12,391	422	928	6,639	.....
South Carolina.....	21,733	60,890	.....	.....	.....	43,157
Tennessee.....	124,078	139,258	957	1,131	.....	9,180
Texas.....	93,141	225,309	3,321	3,534	.....	132,168
Vermont.....	39,514	17,331	785	1,752	22,183	.....
Virginia.....	139,356	145,497	.....	138	.....	6,141
West Virginia.....	63,096	67,517	810	939	.....	4,221
Wisconsin.....	161,136	146,453	4,596	7,649	14,682	.....
Total.....	4,851,959	4,874,990	178,370	150,362	446,563	466,584
Plurality.....	.....	23,021	.....	.....	.....	23,021

POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT—Continued.

STATES.	1880.				1876.	
	Garfield. Rep.	Hancock. Dem.	Weaver. Gr.	Scat- tering.	Tilden. Dem.	Hayes. Rep.
Alabama.....	56,178	90,687	4,642	.....	102,002	68,239
Arkansas.....	41,661	60,489	4,079	.....	58,071	38,699
California.....	80,348	80,426	3,292	.....	76,464	79,419
Colorado.....	27,450	24,647	1,435	.....	13,316	14,154
Connecticut.....	67,073	64,417	868	412	61,434	59,631
Delaware.....	14,150	15,183	.....	.....	13,381	10,752
Florida.....	23,654	27,964	.....	.....	124,285	24,327
Georgia.....	52,648	102,522	481	.....	130,088	50,446
Illinois.....	318,087	277,321	26,358	506	258,601	278,332
Indiana.....	232,164	225,528	12,986	.....	213,526	207,971
Iowa.....	183,904	105,845	32,327	639	112,121	171,326
Kansas.....	121,520	59,789	19,710	.....	37,902	78,322
Kentucky.....	104,550	147,909	11,498	257	139,090	97,156
Louisiana.....	37,994	65,310	439	.....	270,508	75,131
Maine.....	74,039	65,171	4,408	235	49,823	66,300
Maryland.....	78,515	93,706	818	.....	91,779	71,990
Massachusetts.....	165,205	111,060	4,548	799	108,777	150,083
Michigan.....	185,190	131,300	31,795	1,156	141,695	106,901
Minnesota.....	93,003	53,315	3,267	288	48,799	72,982
Mississippi.....	34,854	75,750	5,797	657	112,173	52,005
Missouri.....	133,567	208,609	35,045	.....	203,077	145,029
Nebraska.....	54,979	28,523	3,853	.....	17,354	31,916
Nevada.....	8,732	9,611	.....	.....	9,308	10,383
New Hampshire.....	44,852	40,794	528	189	38,509	41,539
New Jersey.....	120,555	122,565	2,617	191	115,962	163,517
New York.....	555,544	534,511	12,373	2,177	521,949	499,207
North Carolina.....	115,878	124,204	1,136	.....	125,427	108,419
Ohio.....	375,048	340,821	6,456	2,642	323,182	330,698
Oregon.....	20,619	19,048	249	.....	14,149	15,206
Pennsylvania.....	444,704	407,428	20,668	1,983	366,158	364,122
Rhode Island.....	18,195	10,779	233	25	10,712	15,787
South Carolina.....	58,071	112,312	566	7	99,496	91,786
Tennessee.....	107,677	128,191	5,916	43	133,166	89,596
Texas.....	57,845	156,228	27,405	.....	104,893	44,803
Vermont.....	45,000	18,181	1,212	110	20,254	44,092
Virginia.....	84,020	127,076	1,131	.....	139,670	95,538
West Virginia.....	46,243	57,391	9,079	.....	56,455	42,608
Wisconsin.....	144,397	114,634	7,980	101	123,927	130,064
Total.....	4,449,053	4,112,035	307,306	12,576	4,250,693	4,048,288
Total vote.....	9,860,970				8,442,049	

1 The vote in Florida as officially announced by the returning board, is given in the table. The democrats claimed a majority for the Tilden electors in that state on the face of the returns.

2 The vote on Louisiana is given as announced by the Wells returning board, and as it was accepted by the electoral commission. The McJannet returning board, after a canvass of the returns from all the counties in the state, gave Tilden 84,724; Hayes, 51,174.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT—Continued.

STATES.	1872.		1868.		1864.	
	Grant. Rep.	Greeley. Lib. Dem.	Grant. Rep.	Seymour. Dem.	Lincoln. Rep.	Mc- Clellan. Dem.
Alabama	90,272	79,444	76,366	72,066	.....	.....
Arkansas	41,073	37,927	22,152	19,078	.....	.....
California	54,020	40,718	54,592	54,078	62,134	43,841
Connecticut	50,634	45,872	50,906	47,961	44,691	42,295
Delaware	11,115	10,205	7,063	10,980	8,155	8,767
Florida	17,765	15,428	.....	.....	.....	.....
Georgia	62,715	76,287	57,184	102,822	.....	.....
Illinois	241,248	184,770	250,233	199,143	169,906	158,730
Indiana	186,144	163,437	176,552	166,980	150,422	130,233
Iowa	131,233	71,134	150,399	74,040	89,075	49,596
Kansas	67,048	32,970	81,047	14,019	16,441	3,691
Kentucky	88,816	100,212	39,569	115,869	27,796	64,301
Louisiana	59,975	66,400	39,263	80,225	.....	.....
Maine	61,422	29,067	70,426	42,396	64,114	46,992
Maryland	66,760	67,086	30,438	62,357	40,153	32,739
Massachusetts	133,472	59,260	136,447	59,408	136,742	48,745
Michigan	136,202	77,027	128,550	87,069	91,521	74,604
Minnesota	55,709	35,211	43,542	28,072	21,060	17,375
Mississippi	81,016	47,191	.....	.....	.....	.....
Missouri	119,196	151,433	85,671	59,788	72,750	31,678
Nebraska	18,245	7,705	9,729	5,439	.....	.....
Nevada	8,413	6,236	6,480	5,218	0,826	6,594
New Hampshire	37,168	31,425	38,191	31,224	36,400	32,871
New Jersey	91,611	76,801	80,121	83,001	60,723	68,024
New York	440,759	347,279	419,843	429,133	368,735	361,986
North Carolina	94,304	69,474	96,226	84,000	.....	.....
Ohio	281,152	244,321	280,128	238,700	205,154	205,568
Oregon	11,820	7,746	10,961	11,125	9,888	8,457
Pennsylvania	349,680	211,961	342,280	313,312	296,391	276,316
Rhode Island	13,665	5,829	12,903	6,548	14,349	8,718
South Carolina	72,200	22,903	62,301	45,237	.....	.....
Tennessee	63,665	94,391	56,757	26,311	.....	.....
Texas	47,406	66,500	.....	.....	.....	.....
Vermont	41,487	10,947	44,167	12,045	42,419	13,321
Virginia	93,415	91,440	.....	.....	.....	.....
West Virginia	32,243	29,537	29,025	20,306	23,152	10,433
Wisconsin	104,992	86,477	108,657	84,710	83,458	65,884
Total	3,570,798	2,842,425	3,018,188	2,703,600	2,223,035	811,754
Majority	737,368	.....	300,588	.....	1,411,281	.....
Whole vote	6,457,316	.....	5,716,788	.....	4,084,789	.....

POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT—Continued.

STATES.	1860.				1856.		
	Lincoln. Rep.	Breckin- ridge. Dem.	Bell. Union.	Douglas. Dem.	Fremont. Dem.	Fill- more. Amer.	Buchan- an. Dem.
Alabama		48,831	27,875	13,651		28,552	46,729
Arkansas		28,732	20,093	5,227		10,787	21,910
California	39,173	34,344	6,817	38,516	20,691	36,165	58,365
Connecticut	43,732	14,641	3,291	15,522	42,715	2,615	34,460
Delaware	3,815	7,337	3,804	1,023	306	6,175	8,101
Florida		8,543	5,437			4,833	6,338
Georgia		51,889	42,896	11,590		42,228	56,598
Illinois	172,161	2,404	4,913	160,215	96,199	37,444	105,418
Indiana	139,093	12,295	5,306	115,509	94,375	22,396	118,670
Iowa	70,409	1,048	1,763	55,111	43,954	9,180	36,107
Kansas							
Kentucky	1,361	53,148	66,038	25,651	814	67,416	74,642
Louisiana		22,681	20,204	7,625		20,709	22,164
Maine	62,811	6,308	2,046	26,693	67,379	3,325	39,090
Maryland	2,284	42,483	41,760	5,966	281	47,460	39,115
Massachusetts	106,533	5,939	22,331	81,372	108,190	19,629	31,240
Michigan	88,480	805	405	65,637	71,762	1,090	52,136
Minnesota	22,069	748	62	11,920			
Mississippi		40,797	25,040	3,283		24,195	35,446
Missouri	17,028	31,317	53,372	58,081		48,524	59,164
Nebraska							
Nevada							
New Hampshire	37,519	2,112	441	22,811	38,345	422	32,789
New Jersey	58,324			62,500	28,333	24,115	45,943
New York	362,646			312,731	276,007	124,604	195,875
North Carolina		48,539	44,990			26,886	48,246
Ohio	231,610	11,403	12,194	18,822	187,497	28,126	170,574
Oregon	5,270	5,006	183	3,951			
Pennsylvania	268,030	178,871	12,778	16,755	147,510	82,175	230,710
Rhode Island	12,244		7,707		11,467	1,675	6,680
South Carolina ¹							
Tennessee		64,700	69,274	11,350		66,178	73,138
Texas		47,548	15,438			15,639	31,119
Vermont	33,808	218	1,369	6,848	39,561	545	10,559
Virginia	1,920	74,333	74,681	16,290	291	60,310	89,706
West Virginia							
Wisconsin	86,110	888	161	65,021	66,090	579	52,843
Total	1,866,452	817,953	560,631	1,375,157	1,341,264	874,534	1,638,180
Whole vote		4,680,193				4,033,387	

¹ Electors chosen by legislature.

SUMMARY OF POPULAR AND ELECTORAL VOTES

For President and Vice-President of the United States, 1789-1896.

Year of Election.	No. of States.	Total Elec. Vote.	Political Party.	Presidents. ¹			Vice-Presidents. ²	
				CANDIDATES.	Vote.		CANDIDATES.	Elect. Vote.
					States.	Popu- lar.		
1789	10 ³	73		George Washington		69		
				John Adams				34
				John Jay				9
				R. H. Harrison				6
				John Rutledge				6
				John Hancock				4
				George Clinton				3
				Samuel Huntington				2
				John Milton				2
				James Armstrong				1
				Benjamin Lincoln				1
				Edward Telfair				1
				Vacancies		4		4
				George Washington ¹		132		
1792	15	135	Fed.	John Adams				77
			Fed.	George Clinton				50
			Rep.	Thomas Jefferson				4
				Aaron Burr				1
1796	16	188		Vacancies		8		8
			Fed.	John Adams		71		
			Rep.	Thomas Jefferson				68
			Fed.	Thomas Pinckney				50
			Rep.	Aaron Burr				37
				Samuel Adams				15
				Oliver Ellsworth				11
				George Clinton				7
				John Jay				5
				James Iredell				3
				George Washington				2
				John Henry				2
				S. Johnson				2
				Charles C. Pinckney				1
1800	16	188	Rep.	Thomas Jefferson		73		
			Rep.	Aaron Burr				73
			Fed.	John Adams				65
			Fed.	Charles C. Pinckney				64
				John Jay				1

¹ Previous to the election of 1804, each elector voted for two candidates for President; the one receiving the highest number of votes, if a majority, was declared elected President; and the next highest, Vice President.

² Three states out of thirteen did not vote, viz.: New York, which had not passed an electoral law, and North Carolina and Rhode Island, which had not adopted the constitution.

³ There having been a tie vote, the choice devolved upon the House of Representatives. A choice was made upon the 36th ballot, which was as follows: Jefferson—Georgia, Kentucky, Maryland, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Vermont and Virginia—10 states; Burr—Connecticut, Massachusetts, New Hampshire and Rhode Island—4 states; Blank—Delaware and South Carolina—2 states.

SUMMARY OF POPULAR AND ELECTORAL VOTES—Continued.

Year of Election.	No. of States.	Total Electoral Vote.	Political Party.	Presidents.				Vice-Presidents.			
				CANDIDATE.	Vote.			CANDIDATE.	Electoral Vote.		
					States.	Popu- lar.	Electoral.				
1804	17	176	Rep.	Thomas Jefferson	15	2	162	Geo. Clinton	162		
1808	17	176	Fed.	Charles C. Pinckney	2	14	14	Rufus King	14		
			Rep.	James Madison	12	122	Geo. Clinton	113			
			Fed.	Charles C. Pinckney	5	47	Rufus King	47			
				George Clinton		6	John Langdon	9			
1812	18	213		Vacancy				Jas. Madison	3		
			Rep.	James Madison	11	128	E. Gerry	131			
			Fed.	De Witt Clinton	7	80	J. Ingersoll	36			
				Vacancy		1		1			
1816	19	221	Rep.	James Monroe	16	183	D. D. Tompkins	183			
			Fed.	Rufus King	8	34	J. E. Howard	12			
							James Ross	5			
							J. Marshall	4			
1820	24	235		Vacancy		4	R. G. Harper	3			
			Rep.	James Monroe	24	231	D. D. Tompkins	218			
			Opp	John Q. Adams		1	R. Stockton	8			
							D. Rodney	4			
1824	24	261		Vacancy		8	R. G. Harper	1			
			Rep.	Andrew Jackson	10	155,872	R. Rush	3			
			Coal	John Q. Adams	8	106,321	J. C. Calhoun	182			
			Rep.	Wm. H. Crawford	3	44,282	N. Sanford	30			
1828	24	261	Rep.	Henry Clay	3	46,587	N. Macon	24			
							A. Jackson	13			
							M. Van Buren	9			
							Henry Clay	2			
1832	24	288	Dem	Vacancy			J. C. Calhoun	171			
			N. R	Andrew Jackson	15	647,231	R. Rush	83			
				John Q. Adams	9	509,097	Wm. Smith	7			
			Dem	Andrew Jackson	15	687,502	M. Van Buren	180			
1836	26	294	N. R	Henry Clay	7	530,189	J. Sergeant	49			
			Ant M	John Floyd	1	33,108	Henry Lee	11			
				William Wirt	1		A. Edmaker	7			
				Vacancies		2	Wm. Wilkins	30			
1836	26	294	Dem	Martin Van Buren	15	761,549	*R. M. Johnson	147			
			Whig	Wm. H. Harrison	7		F. Granger	73			
			Whig	Hugh L. White	2	726,656	John Tyler	47			
			Whig	Daniel Webster	1		Wm. Smith	23			
			Whig	W. P. Mangum	1						

1 No choice having been made by the Electoral College, the choice devolved upon the House of Representatives. A choice was made on the first ballot, which was as follows: Adams—Connecticut, Illinois, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Missouri, New Hampshire, New York, Ohio, Rhode Island and Vermont—13 states; Jackson—Alabama, Indiana, Mississippi, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, South Carolina and Tennessee—7 states; Crawford—Delaware, Georgia, North Carolina and Virginia—4 states.

2 No candidate having received a majority of the votes of the Electoral College, the Senate elected R. M. Johnson Vice-President, who received 23 votes; Francis Granger received 16.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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SUMMARY OF POPULAR AND ELECTORAL VOTES—Continued.

Year of election.	No. of States.	Total electoral vote.	Political party.	Presidents.			Vice-Presidents.	
				CANDIDATES.	VOTE.		CANDIDATES.	Electoral Vote.
					States.	Popular.		
1810	26	294	Whig. Dem. Lib'ty	Wm. H. Harrison Martin V'n Buren James G. Birney	10 7	1,275,017 1,128,702 7,059	John Tyler R. M. Johnson...	234 48
1844	26	275	Dem. Whig. Lib'ty	James K. Polk Henry Clay James G. Birney	15 11	1,337,213 1,290,088 62,390	L. W. Tazewell James K. Folk Geo. M. Dallas	11 7 170
1848	30	290	Whig. Dem. Free S	Zachary Taylor Lewis Cass Martin V'n Buren	15 15	1,300,101 1,200,544 291,283	T. Frolinghysen M. Fillmore Wm. O. Butler	105 163 127
1852	31	296	Dem. Whig. Fr Dm	Franklin Pierce Winfield Scott John P. Hale	27 4	1,601,474 1,308,578 156,149	Chas. F. Adams William R. King W. A. Graham	254 24 42
1856	31	296	Dem. Rep. Amer.	James Buchanan John C. Fremont Millard Fillmore	19 11	1,838,169 1,311,284 874,531	Geo. W. Julian J. C. Breckinridge Wm. L. Dayton	174 114 8
1860	33	303	Rep. Dem. C. Un.	Abraham Lincoln J. C. Breckinridge John Bell	17 11 3	1,838,382 845,763 589,581	H. Hamlin Joseph Lane E. Everett	180 72 39
1864	36	314	I. Dem. Rep. Dem.	S. A. Douglas Abraham Lincoln Geo. B. McClellan	2 22	1,375,157 2,216,067 1,908,725	H. V. Johnson Andrew Johnson G. H. Pendleton	12 212 21
1868	37	317	Dem. Rep. Dem.	Vacancies Ulysses S. Grant Horatio Seymour	11 26 8	 3,015,071 2,709,613	 Schuyler Colfax F. P. Blair, Jr.	81 214 80
1872	37	306	Rep. D. & L. Dem. Tomp.	Vacancies Ulysses S. Grant D. & L. Greeley Chas. O'Connor	3 31	 3,597,070 2,834,079 29,408	 Henry Wilson B. Gratz Brown Geo. W. Julian	23 286 47 5
1876	38	309	James Hlack T. A. Hendricks B. Gratz Brown Chas. J. Jenkins David Davis	..... ..... ..... ..... .....	..... ..... ..... ..... .....	..... ..... ..... ..... .....	A. H. Colquitt J. M. Palmer T. E. Bramlette W. S. Groesbeck W. D. Machen N. P. Banks	5 3 3 1 1 1
1880	38	309	Rep. Dem. G. B. Prohi.	* Not counted. R. B. Hayes Samuel J. Tilden Peter Cooper Green Clay Smith	 21 17	 4,048,228 4,209,893 81,740 9,552	 W. A. Wheeler T. A. Hendricks	 185 184
1884	38	309	Prohi. Scattering.	 Jas. A. Garfield W. S. Hancock J. B. Weaver Neal Dow	 19 19	 4,449,107 4,435,121 302,754 9,881	 Chester A. Arthur W. H. English	 214 155
1888	38	401	Dem. Rep. Prohi.	Scattering. Grover Cleveland James G. Blaine John P. St. John	 20 18	 4,908,892 4,814,061 150,315	 T. A. Hendricks John A. Logan	 219 182
1892	44	422	Dem. Rep. Prohi.	Benj. F. Butler Benj. Harrison Grover Cleveland Clinton B. Fisk	 20 18	 5,415,274 5,538,755 218,800	 Levi P. Morton A. G. Thurman	 233 168
1896	45	447	Lab. Dem. Rep. Pro.	A. J. Streeter Grover Cleveland Benj. Harrison Jas. F. Weaver	..... ..... ..... .....	..... 5,554,504 5,158,912 1,064,215	 A. E. Stevenson Whitelaw Reid J. G. Field	 227 145 22
1900	45	447	Rep. Dem. Pop. N. Dm. Pro. S. Pro. Sc. Lib	John Bidwell Wm. McKinley Wm. J. Bryan John M. Palmer Joshua Levering Chas. E. Bentley Chas. M. Matohett	 23 22	 7,104,779 6,502,925 133,148 132,007 13,989 86,274	 Garrett A. Hobart Arthur Sewell Thos. E. Watson Simon B. Buckner Hale Johnson Jas. H. Southgate Matt Maguire	 271 176

1 Eleven states did not vote, viz.: Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas and Virginia.

2 Three states did not vote, viz.: Mississippi, Texas and Virginia.

3 Three electoral votes of a origin cast for Horace Greeley, and the votes of Arkansas, N. and Louisiana, 8 cast for U. S. Grant, were rejected. If all had been included in the count, the electoral vote would have been 106 for U. S. Grant and 66 for opposing candidates.

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Lever- ing, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palm'r. Nat. Dem.	Bantl'y Nat.	Match- ett, So. La	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Pla.
ADAMS Co.—3d district.								
Adams	31	1	85	1				54
Big Flats	16	1	50					40
Colburn	10	1	62	3				52
Dell Prairie	42	2	92					50
Easton	28		83	2				55
Jackson	15	4	103					91
Leola	2		57	1				85
Lincoln	33	1	66	1				33
Monroe	9		112	2				103
New Chester	15	4	69					54
New Haven	65	1	123					58
Preston	18	1	24					6
Quincy	30	1	63	3				33
Richfield	12	4	49	1				36
Rome	18	4	69					57
Springville	30		94					64
Strong's Prairie	17	2	223	2				208
Total	391	27	1,432	16				1,041
Republican plurality								1,012
ASHLAND Co.—9th dist.								
Ashland, precinct 1	66	1	54	2			31	
precinct 2	67	2	110					
precinct 3	6	5	18					
precinct 4	103	2	36					
Ashland, city:								
precinct 1	63	7	277	1				
precinct 2	59	7	174			1		
precinct 3	172	11	369	4				
precinct 4	96	1	178	1				
precinct 5	92	2	130	2				
precinct 6	117	5	165	4	20	1	5	804
precinct 7	120	8	196					
precinct 8	195	4	190	5		1		
precinct 9	128	1	123		1	3		
precinct 10	105	5	152	3				
Butternut	105		187	4	1	4		82
Jacobs	75	1	190		1	2		115
La Pointe	28		25				3	
Morse, precinct 1	85	2	103			2		
precinct 2	17	3	50			3	5	23
precinct 3	36	1	13					
Total	1,743	60	2,738	26	8	16	34	1,029
Republican plurality								34
BARRON COUNTY—10th dist.								
Barron	45	3	71					26
Barron, city	49	12	209	3				180
Cedar Lake	24	2	101	8				77
Chetek	36	4	122					86
Chetek, city	17	5	84					67
Clinton	53	4	133					80
Cumberland	155	10	222	2				67
Cumberland, city	94	17	188	1				93
Dallas	82	29	189		1			87
Dovre	44	19	107	1				63
Maple Grove	64	4	205	2				141
Oak Grove	95	2	40					
Prairie Farm	35	7	204		1		55	169
Rice Lake, city:								
1st ward	31	2	107	1				
2d ward	44	1	100					
3d ward	49	2	55	2	4			254
4th ward	39	5	153					
Stauford	82	1	120	2				38
Stanley	84	7	118	1				34
Sumner	38	3	65			1		27
Turtle Lake	156	7	132	3		1	24	
Vance Creek	8	8	67					59
Total	1,324	155	2,772	27	4		79	1,527
Republican plurality								79
Allean plurality								1,448

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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PRESIDENTIAL VOTE 1893, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Lever- ing, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palm r. Nat. Dem.	Bentl'y Nat.	Match- ett, So. La.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
BAYFIELD Co.—10th dist.								
Bayfield, precinct 1.....	106 }	158 }	12 }	361 }	474 }	3 }	3 }	316
precinct 2.....	52 }	1 }	13 }	113 }	1 }	4 }	1 }	179
Drummond.....	21	5	200	277	1 }	1 }	1 }	87
Iron River, precinct 1.....	160 }	6 }	285 }	12 }	1 }	4 }	1 }	243
precinct 2.....	30 }	1 }	7 }	290	1 }	4 }	1 }	649
Mason.....	47	6	405	3 }	4 }	1 }	1 }	127
Washburn, precinct 1.....	152 }	15 }	22 }	516 }	1,003 }	1 }	1 }	97
precinct 2.....	3 }	12 }	28 }	60 }	1 }	1 }	1 }	1,474
precinct 3.....	184 }	1 }	1 }	1 }	1 }	1 }	1 }	1,474
precinct 4.....	15 }	1 }	1 }	1 }	1 }	1 }	1 }	
Total.....	770	59	2,244	13	1	5		
Republican plurality.....								1,474
BROWN Co.—8th district.								
Allouez.....	60		32				28	
Ashwaubenon.....	41	3	87	1				46
Bellevue.....	90	1	58	4			32	
De Pere.....	130	2	50	1			80	
De Pere, city:								
1st ward.....	91 }	7 }	156 }	2 }				
2d ward.....	128 }	9 }	99 }	1 }	4 }		1 }	
3d ward.....	107 }	2 }	153 }	1 }	4 }		1 }	
4th ward.....	65 }	1 }	110 }	1 }	4 }		1 }	
Eaton.....	159	1	54		1		105	
Glenmore.....	164	4	123				41	
Green Bay.....	40	1	137	3				97
Green Bay, city:								
1st ward.....	151 }	2 }	320 }	11 }				
2d ward.....	154 }	5 }	319 }	4 }				
3d ward.....	176 }	5 }	293 }	3 }				
4th ward.....	162 }	1 }	409 }	4 }	2 }		2 }	
5th ward.....	198 }	2 }	271 }	4 }	2 }		2 }	
6th ward, 1st precinct.....	138 }	1,229 }	175 }	2,540 }	4 }	83 }	9 }	1,311
2d precinct.....	83 }	4 }	120 }	1 }	1 }			
7th ward, 1st precinct.....	53 }	4 }	169 }	2 }	3 }			
2d precinct.....	40 }	1 }	114 }	2 }	2 }			
8th ward, 1st precinct.....	72 }	3 }	229 }	2 }	2 }			
2d precinct.....	42 }	2 }	121 }					
Holland.....	274		50	2			234	
Howard.....	89	3	184	1				95
Humboldt.....	54	4	146	1				92
Lawrence.....	94	2	142	1				48
Morrison.....	141	4	209	7				68
New Denmark.....	113	2	194		1			81
Pittsfield.....	122	4	105	1	1		17	
Proble.....	122	3	215	2	1			83
Rockland.....	102	2	68				34	
Scott.....	117	1	143	6			1	26
Suamico.....	61	6	161	1			1	100
Wrightstown.....	248	2	220	1			1	28
Total.....	3,841	88	5,436	69	13	5	589	2,184
Republican plurality.....								589
1,595								
BUFFALO Co.—8th dist.								
Alma.....	83		69				14	
Alma, city:								
1st ward.....	63 }	1 }	51 }	8 }				
2d ward.....	33 }	1 }	37 }	3 }	16 }			11
3d ward.....	47 }	1 }	66 }	5 }				
Belvidere.....	109	2	50	1			59	
Buffalo.....	71	2	42	4			29	
Buffalo City.....	46		10				35	
Canton.....	50	2	134	3				84
Cross.....	47	2	61	4				14
Dover.....	23		161					138
Fountain City, city:								
1st ward.....	43 }	1 }	67 }	4 }	13 }			44
2d ward.....	45 }	3 }	68 }	9 }				
Gilmanton.....	33	3	146	1				113
Glencoe.....	85		71				23	
Lincoln.....	77		55				22	
Marville.....	56	2	83	2				27
Milton.....	40	1	36				4	
Modena.....	28	20	148	1				120

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1896, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Lever- ing, Pro	McKinley, Rep.	Palm r. Nat. Dem.	Bentl'y Nat.	Match- ett, So. La	Dem. Pla.	Rep. Pla.
BUFFALO Co.—Cont.								
Mondovi.....	28	2	147	1	1	.....	.....	121
Mondovi, city:								
1st ward.....	9 }	3 }	103 }	.....	1 }	.....	.....	205
2d ward.....	18 }	3 }	129 }	.....	1 }	.....	.....	13
Montana.....	50	4	63	2	.....	.....	.....	181
Naples.....	9	1	190	.....	.....	.....	.....	133
Nelson.....	105	10	238	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Waumandee.....	93	.....	76	2	.....	1	17	.....
Total.....	1,302	62	2,301	51	2	1	204	1,394
Republican plurality.....								1,000
BURNETT—10th dist.								
Grantsburg.....	63	7	302	.....	.....	.....	.....	239
Grantsburg, village.....	51	2	80	.....	.....	1	.....	29
Marshland.....	87	.....	73	2	.....	2	14	.....
Rusk.....	25	1	49	.....	.....	.....	.....	21
Trade Lake.....	75	9	148	1	.....	.....	.....	73
Wood Lake.....	45	9	148	1	1	.....	.....	103
Total.....	349	28	800	4	1	3	14	465
Republican plurality.....								451
CALUMET Co.—6th dist.								
Brillion.....	83	1	232	2	.....	.....	.....	149
Brillion, village.....	69	.....	114	4	.....	.....	.....	45
Brothertown.....	196	5	89	.....	.....	.....	107	.....
Charlestown.....	146	1	133	5	.....	1	13	.....
Chilton.....	168	2	78	2	.....	.....	50	.....
Chilton, city.....	184	1	146	3	.....	.....	38	.....
Harrison.....	269	1	107	2	1	.....	162	.....
New Holstein.....	163	2	222	4	.....	1	.....	99
Rantoul.....	156	4	200	3	.....	.....	.....	44
Stockbridge.....	241	10	160	2	.....	.....	81	.....
Woodville.....	194	1	66	.....	.....	.....	123	.....
Total.....	1,869	28	1,547	27	1	2	619	297
Democratic plurality.....							322	
CHIPPewa Co.—10th dist.								
Anson.....	60	2	74	.....	.....	.....	.....	14
Arthur.....	56	2	88	.....	.....	.....	.....	42
Auburn, 1st precinct.....	105 }	2 }	117 }	1 }	1 }	2 }	.....	20
2d precinct.....	58 }	3 }	64 }	1 }	1 }	.....	.....	.....
Big Bend, 1st precinct.....	24 }	3 }	119 }	1 }	1 }	.....	.....	150
2d precinct.....	42 }	2 }	37 }	.....	1 }	.....	.....	.....
3d precinct.....	8 }	.....	68 }	.....	.....	.....	.....	72
Bloomer.....	246	5	318	1	.....	.....	.....	104
Cadott, village.....	49	3	153	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chippewa Falls, city:								
1st ward.....	98 }	10 }	115 }	1 }	.....	2 }	.....	.....
2d ward.....	171 }	4 }	101 }	2 }	.....	1 }	.....	.....
3d ward.....	191 }	1 }	179 }	3 }	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th ward.....	51 }	.....	89 }	3 }	.....	.....	.....	.....
5th ward.....	115 }	1 }	114 }	1 }	19 }	.....	4	85
6th ward.....	131 }	1 }	85 }	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
7th ward.....	92 }	.....	55 }	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
8th ward.....	59 }	.....	90 }	7 }	.....	.....	.....	.....
9th ward.....	72 }	1 }	75 }	.....	.....	1 }	.....	.....
10th ward.....	61 }	3 }	56 }	1 }	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cleveland.....	53	2	63	.....	.....	.....	2	10
Colburn.....	56	.....	54	.....	.....	.....	59	.....
Eagle Point.....	164	8	105	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Edson, 1st precinct.....	277 }	4 }	127 }	4 }	6 }	2 }	.....	97
2d precinct.....	150 }	3 }	397 }	2 }	.....	.....	.....	.....
Flambeau, 1st precinct.....	11 }	3 }	50 }	.....	.....	.....	.....	34
2d precinct.....	19 }	.....	14 }	.....	.....	.....	.....	133
Lafayette.....	83	4	236					59
Lawrence.....	33	1	92					75
Sigel.....	64	1	139					

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1893, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Leve- ring, Pro	McKin- ley, Rep.	Adams Nat. Dem.	Bentl'y Nat.	Mateu- ett, So. La	Dem- ocra- tic Pla.	Rep. Pla.
CHIPPEWA Co.—Cont.								
Tilden.....	183	3	104	4	.....	.....	79	.....
Wheaton.....	146	6	212	4	.....	.....	.....	66
Total.....	2,929	84	3,600	86	2	6	225	896 225
Republican plurality								671
CLARK Co.—9th dist.								
Abbotsford.....	20	1	60	2	.....	.....	.....	40
Beaver.....	15	2	84	1	.....	.....	.....	69
Colby.....	39	1	93	.....	.....	.....	.....	54
Colby, city:								
west ward.....	30	1	62	2	.....	.....	.....	32
Eaton.....	45	6	63	1	.....	.....	.....	18
Freemont.....	12	3	122	1	.....	.....	.....	110
Grant.....	46	3	191	4	.....	1	.....	145
Green Grove.....	5	1	60	.....	.....	.....	.....	55
Greenwood, city.....	38	8	111	.....	.....	.....	.....	73
Hewitt.....	11	1	37	.....	.....	.....	.....	26
Hixon.....	57	1	143	5	.....	.....	.....	56
Hoard.....	25	3	74	.....	.....	.....	.....	49
Levis.....	34	5	78	.....	.....	.....	.....	44
Loyal.....	39	5	157	3	.....	.....	.....	118
Loyal, village.....	23	4	85	2	.....	.....	.....	62
Lynn.....	20	2	82	1	.....	1	.....	62
Mayville.....	51	3	225	1	.....	5	.....	174
Mead.....	3	.....	10	1	.....	.....	.....	7
Mentor.....	56	2	142	3	.....	.....	.....	86
Neillsville, city.....	153	2	299	5	.....	.....	.....	146
Pine Valley.....	61	4	148	3	.....	.....	.....	87
Reeburg.....	38	.....	65	2	.....	.....	.....	27
Sherman.....	24	3	111	6	.....	.....	.....	87
Sherwood Forest.....	6	1	42	.....	.....	.....	.....	36
Thorp.....	31	1	83	.....	.....	.....	.....	52
Thorp, village.....	1	.....	107	4	.....	.....	.....	53
Unity.....	38	3	100	1	.....	2	.....	62
Warner.....	32	6	96	3	.....	.....	.....	64
Washburn.....	35	5	63	.....	.....	.....	.....	28
Weston, west precinct.....	61 } 106	1 } 3	32 } 104	1 } 1	.....	1 }	2	.....
east precinct.....	45 }	2 }	72 }	.....	.....	1 }	44	.....
Withes.....	76	2	32	.....	.....	2	.....	18
Worden.....	27	.....	45	2	.....	.....	.....	18
York.....	38	12	154	2	1	.....	.....	116
Total.....	1,318	97	3,328	59	1	12	46	2,010 46
Republican plurality								1,964
COLUMBIA Co.—2nd dist.								
Arlington.....	63	10	126	2	.....	.....	.....	63
Caledonia.....	95	11	159	5	.....	.....	.....	64
Columbus.....	68	6	124	7	.....	.....	.....	56
Columbus, city:								
1st ward.....	41 }	6 }	142 }	7 }	.....	1 }	.....	.....
2d ward.....	44 }	139 }	107 }	23 }	.....	1 }	3	234
3rd ward.....	54 }	5 }	124 }	19 }	.....	1 }	.....	.....
Courtland.....	62	20	294	.....	.....	.....	.....	232
Dekorra.....	84	2	124	.....	.....	.....	.....	40
Fort Winnebago.....	84	1	83	2	.....	.....	1	.....
Fountain Prairie.....	108	9	229	4	.....	.....	.....	121
Hamden.....	96	4	115	4	.....	1	.....	19
Leeds.....	78	11	151	10	.....	.....	.....	73
Lewiston.....	45	5	166	1	.....	2	.....	121
Lodi.....	98	23	348	9	.....	.....	.....	250
Lowville.....	81	10	95	2	.....	.....	.....	14
Marcellon.....	81	7	130	.....	.....	.....	.....	49
Newport.....	161	7	236	5	.....	.....	.....	75
Osego.....	87	5	200	1	.....	.....	.....	113
Pacific.....	19	4	39	1	.....	.....	.....	20
Pardeeville, village.....								
Portage, city:								
1st ward.....	66 }	2 }	90 }	1 }	1 }	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	87 }	.....	141 }	2 }	.....	.....	.....	.....
3rd ward.....	56 }	6 }	185 }	1 }	1 }	2 }	.....	.....
4th ward.....	123 }	6 }	199 }	1 }	.....	.....	1 }	.....
5th ward.....	127 }	9 }	225 }	7 }	1 }	.....	.....	.....
Poyette, village.....	80	13	82	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Randolph.....	81	12	157	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
No vote returned.								

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1896, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Lever- ing, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palm'r, Nat. Dem.	Bentl'y Nat.	Match- ett, So. La.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
Randolph, village:								
west ward	2	1	41	1	.....	.....	.....	39
Rio, village	20	14	82	.....	.....	.....	.....	62
Scott	83	9	117	3	.....	.....	.....	34
Springvale	41	20	122	.....	.....	.....	.....	81
West Point	70	7	128	3	.....	.....	.....	58
Wyocena	124	25	284	.....	.....	.....	.....	160
Total	2,379	277	4,845	109	2	7	1	2,467
Republican plurality								1
								2,466
CRAWFORD Co.—3d dist.								
Bridgeport	27	.....	43	2	.....	.....	.....	16
Clayton	173	7	290	2	1	.....	.....	117
Eastman	188	1	147	.....	.....	1	41	.....
Freeman	65	2	316	2	.....	.....	.....	251
Haney	57	2	133	.....	.....	.....	.....	76
Lynxville, village	17	.....	62	.....	.....	.....	.....	45
Marietta	85	5	179	.....	.....	1	.....	94
Prairie du Chien	78	3	47	.....	.....	.....	31	.....
Prairie du Chien, city:								
1st ward	61	2	53	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward	135	1	112	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward	123	1	128	8	14	.....	18	.....
4th ward	32	.....	40	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Scott	121	6	124	.....	.....	.....	.....	3
Seneca	175	1	103	1	.....	.....	72	.....
Soldier's Grove, village ..	25	2	104	.....	.....	.....	.....	79
Utica	73	4	283	.....	.....	.....	.....	210
Wauzeka	55	.....	77	.....	.....	.....	.....	22
Wauzeka, village	19	2	82	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	1,509	33	2,323	24	1	2	162	976
Republican plurality								162
								814
DANE Co.—2d Dist.								
Albion	60	20	350	.....	1	.....	.....	290
Beileville, village	26	2	67	.....	.....	.....	.....	41
Berry	147	1	79	8	.....	.....	68	.....
Black Earth	61	26	125	2	.....	.....	.....	64
Blooming Grove	148	5	135	.....	.....	.....	13	.....
Blue Mounds	106	3	298	2	.....	.....	.....	192
Bristol	154	3	113	1	.....	.....	41	.....
Burke	102	7	208	2	.....	.....	.....	106
Christiana, 1st precinct ..	55	6	258	1	.....	.....	.....	300
Christiana, 2d precinct ..	86	5	183	1	.....	.....	.....	73
Cottage Grove	125	7	198	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cross Plains	218	2	62	3	.....	.....	156	.....
Dane	140	8	120	1	.....	.....	20	.....
Deerfield	111	12	158	1	.....	.....	.....	47
Deerfield, village	22	8	96	.....	.....	.....	.....	74
Dunkirk	117	15	238	.....	.....	1	.....	121
Dunn	93	6	198	1	.....	.....	.....	106
Fitchburg	158	4	110	.....	.....	.....	48	.....
Madison	120	9	203	4	.....	.....	.....	88
Madison, city:								
1st ward, 1st precinct ..	123	12	252	17	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d precinct	322	10	124	7	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward, 1st precinct ..	176	10	361	16	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d precinct	175	2	216	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
3rd ward, 1st precinct ..	258	4	223	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th ward, 1st precinct ..	149	6	199	11	82	7	1	143
2d precinct	188	8	136	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
5th ward, 1st precinct ..	176	14	177	11	.....	1	.....	.....
2d precinct	139	5	149	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
6th ward, ...	275	7	287	8	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mazomanie	120	17	220	4	.....	.....	.....	100
Medina	139	12	199	3	.....	.....	.....	60
Mildleton	258	5	135	1	.....	.....	123	.....
Montrose	150	2	99	.....	.....	.....	51	.....
Monroe	160	18	250	2	.....	.....	.....	80
Monroe	60	5	166	1	.....	.....	.....	106
Monroe	38	4	144	3	.....	.....	.....	106
Saint Springs	89	18	208					210
Spartanburg	158		87	5	1		121	

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1893, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Lever- ing, Pro	McKinley, Rep.	Palm r. Nat. Dem.	Bentl'y Nat.	Match- ett, So. La.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
DANE Co.—Continued.								
Rutland	72	10	287					195
Springdale	98	4	153	2	1	1		57
Springfield	197	3	47	1			150	
Stoughton, city, 1st ward	41 } 103	17 } 27	228 } 553	7 } 10	1 } 1	1 } 1		447
2d ward	65 }	10 }	327 }	3 }				
Sun Prairie	125	4	115				10	
Sun Prairie, village	75	5	131	4				56
Vienna	50	3	209					159
Verona	144	19	94				50	
Vermont	78	8	135					57
Waunakee, village	62		39				23	
Westport	163	2	88				75	
Windsor	91	19	289	4	1			198
York	90	3	118	8	1			28
Total	6,521	410	9,080	159	13	4	949	3,508 949
Republican plurality								2,559
DODGE Co.—2d dist.								
Ashippun	89	5	219	8		2		130
Beaver Dam	173	2	141	1			82	
Beaver Dam, city:								
1st ward	153 }	.. }	38 }	6 }	.. }			
2d ward	175 }	603 }	130 }	6 }	15 }	4 }	76	
3d ward	103 }	16 }	200 }	6 }				
4th ward	169 }	8 }	159 }	3 }				
Furnett	94	4	152	1				58
Calamus	101	13	106	2				5
Chester	73	3	98	2				25
Clyman	169		100	8			69	
Elba	119	12	130	1				11
Emmet	153	1	124	11			29	
Fox Lake	57	4	142					55
Fox Lake, village	119	9	134	18				13
Herman	118		168	1	1			50
Hubbard, 1st precinct	169 }	2 }	190 }	7 }	7 }	1 }	1	98
2d precinct	97 }	2 }	174 }	.. }				
Hustisford	175	1	190	18	1			15
Juneau, city:								
1st ward	71 }	.. }	32 }	3 }			79	
2d ward	80 }	3 }	40 }	3 }				
Lebanon	111	2	167	40		1		56
Leroy	124	3	198	4				74
Lomira	172	4	270	3				98
Lowell	197	3	195	2	1	1	2	
Lowell, village	43	2	44					1
Mayville, city:								
1st ward	37 }	.. }	61 }	5 }				
2d ward	33 }	1 }	34 }	1 }	9			27
3d ward	92 }	1 }	94 }	3 }				
Oak Grove	208	4	178	3	1	1	30	
Portland	144	2	100	6			44	
Randolph, east ward	31	5	101					70
Reeseville, village	45	1	54	3				9
Rubicon	190	3	224	7				44
Shields	155		51	5			104	
Theresa	176	1	227	8				51
Trenton	135	1	222	1	1			87
Watertown, city:								
5th ward	119 }	1 }	80 }	13 }	41		14	
6th ward	130 }	.. }	155 }	28 }				
Waupun, south ward	104	1	274	6				170
Westford	135	2	66	1		1	72	
Williamstown	69	1	148	6				79
Total	4,900	120	5,610	236	9	7	551	1,261 551
Republican plurality								710
DODGE Co.—8th dist.								
Bailey's Harbor	58	1	99	1				41
Brussels	44		171					127
Clay Banks	52	1	77					25
Egg Harbor	80	3	89	3				9
Forestville	85	3	153		1			73
Gardner	63	2	105	1				4
Gibraltar	44	2	191					

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1896, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Lever- ing, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palm'r, Nat. Dem.	Beati's Nat.	Match- ett, So. La.	Rep. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
DOOR Co.—Continued.								
Jacksonport.....	13	1	179	3	.....	.....	.....	166
Liberty Grove.....	17	13	290	3	.....	.....	.....	213
Nasewaupes.....	101	1	133	2	.....	.....	.....	32
Sevastopol.....	10	1	141	.....	.....	.....	.....	36
Sturgeon Bay.....	19	1	99	.....	.....	.....	.....	80
Sturgeon Bay, city:								
1st precinct.....	154 } 186	6 } 9	362 } 467	5 } 6	.....	1 } 1	.....	231
2d precinct.....	32 }	3 }	105 }	1 }	.....	.....	.....	84
Union.....	14	1	98	1	.....	.....	.....	91
Washington.....	14	3	105	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	395	49	2,402	21	1	1	.....	1,507
Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,507
DOUGLAS—10th dist.								
Brule, 1st precinct.....	31 }	.....	101 }	1 }	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d precinct.....	43 }	91 }	90 }	2 }	.....	1 }	1	144
3d precinct.....	17 }	3 }	44 }	1 }	.....	.....	.....	.....
Gordon.....	34	1	52	2	.....	.....	.....	13
Nebagamain, 1st precinct.....	37	.....	34	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d precinct.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d precinct.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th precinct.....	2	159	3	240	2	.....	.....	81
5th precinct.....	93	1	65	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
6th precinct.....	27	.....	133	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Superior, 1st precinct.....	47	.....	74	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d precinct.....	25 }	127 }	42 }	159 }	1	.....	.....	32
3d precinct.....	55 }	1 }	43 }	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Superior, city:								
1st ward, 1st precinct.....	316	4	357	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d precinct.....	125	4	73	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	87	9	201	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	141	10	221	1	.....	2	.....	.....
4th ward, 1st precinct.....	133	4	211	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d precinct.....	192	5	179	3	.....	1	.....	.....
3d precinct.....	155	4	408	3	.....	1	.....	.....
5th ward, E. precinct.....	127 }	2,116 }	257 }	41 }	1	2	7	1,472
W. precinct.....	146	4	362	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
6th ward.....	213	3	244	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
7th ward, 1st precinct.....	118	1	256	9	.....	2	.....	.....
2d precinct.....	96	3	280	7	.....	.....	.....	.....
8th ward.....	95	12	192	.....	.....	1	.....	.....
9th ward.....	162	13	317	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	2,527	91	4,274	43	2	8	.....	1,747
Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,747
DUNN Co.—10th dist.								
Colfax.....	37	1	163	2	.....	.....	.....	126
Dunn.....	96	20	175	.....	.....	.....	.....	79
Eau Claire.....	123	7	171	1	.....	1	.....	43
Elk Mound.....	34	1	123	1	.....	.....	.....	89
Grant.....	36	1	104	.....	.....	.....	.....	68
Hay River.....	31	2	79	1	.....	.....	.....	43
Lucas.....	67	5	113	.....	.....	.....	.....	46
Menomonie.....	91	7	229	4	.....	.....	.....	136
Menomonie, city:								
1st ward.....	25 }	6 }	133 }	1 }	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	76 }	7 }	172 }	2 }	12	1	1	.....
3d ward.....	38 }	5 }	197 }	4 }	.....	.....	.....	511
4th ward.....	63 }	13 }	206 }	4 }	.....	.....	.....	.....
New Haven.....	27	3	89	.....	.....	.....	.....	62
Otter Creek.....	20	1	47	.....	.....	.....	.....	27
Peru.....	8	1	70	1	.....	.....	.....	63
Red Cedar.....	71	6	163	2	.....	.....	.....	92
Rock Creek.....	19	5	146	.....	.....	.....	.....	127
Sand Creek.....	31	2	112	.....	.....	.....	.....	81
Sheridan.....	23	2	92	2	.....	1	.....	69
Sherman.....	34	2	120	.....	.....	.....	.....	86
Spring Brook.....	101	18	155					54
Stanton.....	95	5	163	2	1			73
.....	23	1	65					37
Total.....	135	4	130	4		2	8	

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1903, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Levering, Pro	McKinley, Rep.	Palm r. Nat. Dem.	Bentl'y Nat.	Matchett, So. La	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
DUNN Co.—Continued.								
Weston	88	3	74	.....	1	.....	14	.....
Wilson	16	3	69	.....	.....	.....	.....	53
Total	1,478	131	3,370	32	3	5	19	1,971 19
Republican plurality								1,952
Eau Claire Co.—7th dist.								
Almota, city:								
1st ward	27 } 54	.....	32 } 93	1 } 1	.....	.....	.....	89
2d ward	27 }	.....	61 }	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Augusta, city	113	18	200	2	1	.....	.....	87
Bridge Creek	137	5	141	1	.....	.....	.....	4
Brunswick	69	5	251	2	.....	.....	.....	182
Clear Creek	56	3	89	.....	1	.....	.....	33
Dramman	7	4	144	.....	.....	.....	.....	139
Eau Claire, city:								
1st ward	144 }	4 }	185 }	2 }	1 }	.....	.....	.....
2d ward	159 }	12 }	252 }	6 }	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward	92 }	11 }	372 }	11 }	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th ward	60 }	6 }	170 }	1 }	.....	.....	.....	.....
5th ward	133 }	16 }	203 }	2 }	.....	.....	.....	.....
6th ward	133 }	14 }	274 }	4 }	35 }	3	.....	1,242
7th ward	151 }	20 }	348 }	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
8th ward	154 }	4 }	334 }	4 }	.....	.....	.....	.....
9th ward	134 }	15 }	265 }	2 }	2 }	.....	.....	.....
10th ward	136 }	2 }	209 }	3 }	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fairchild	58	4	229	6	.....	.....	.....	171
Lincoln	210	3	180	.....	.....	.....	80	.....
Ludington	38	3	79	.....	.....	.....	.....	41
Otter Creek	36	4	121	1	1	.....	.....	85
Pleasant Valley	36	9	165	2	.....	.....	.....	129
Seymour	41	4	45	.....	.....	.....	.....	4
Union	94	8	100	.....	.....	.....	.....	6
Washington	85	12	165	2	.....	.....	.....	80
Total	2,364	186	4,523	52	6	.....	80	2,212 80
Republican plurality								2,168
FLORENCE Co.—9th dist.								
Commonwealth	27	2	149	1	.....	.....	.....	122
Florence	81	2	277	1	.....	.....	.....	196
Homestead	21	2	62	.....	.....	.....	.....	41
Total	129	6	488	2	.....	.....	.....	359
Republican plurality								359
FOND DU LAC.—6th dist.								
Alto	58	4	216	2	.....	.....	.....	158
Ashtford	208	5	197	6	.....	1	11	.....
Auburn	183	7	209	6	.....	1	.....	76
Byron	168	3	182	1	.....	.....	.....	14
Calumet	263	3	48	3	.....	.....	215	.....
Eden	169	1	200	1	.....	.....	.....	31
Elmora	133	4	197	1	.....	.....	.....	64
Empire	114	3	140	1	.....	.....	.....	28
Fond du Lac	134	4	177	.....	.....	.....	.....	43
Fond du Lac, city:								
1st ward	242 }	3 }	296 }	6 }	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward	221 }	7 }	301 }	12 }	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward	203 }	6 }	297 }	10 }	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th ward	352 }	2 }	215 }	4 }	.....	.....	.....	.....
5th ward	99 }	1 }	103 }	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
6th ward	122 }	.....	100 }	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
7th ward	147 }	2 }	137 }	2 }	.....	.....	.....	.....
8th ward	191 }	5 }	239 }	4 }	.....	.....	.....	.....
Forest	149	.....	135	2	.....	.....	14	.....
Friendship	95	1	120	2	.....	.....	.....	25
Lamartine	175	3	200	4	.....	.....	.....	75
Marshfield	372	2	37	3	.....	1	.....	.....
Metomen	114	19	321	5	.....	.....	335	.....
Oakfield	117	11	232	2	.....	1	.....	207
Oscoda	114	.....	189	1	.....	1	.....	115
Ripon	62	6	221	5	.....	.....	.....	7 1

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1896, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Lever- ing, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palm- er, Nat. Dem.	Bentley, Nat.	Match- ett, So. La.	Rep. Pia.
FOND DU LAC Co.—Cont.							
Ripon, city:							
1st ward.....	63	5	123	3	1		
2d ward.....	42	8	174	9	1		
3d ward.....	42	4	160	10	1		
4th ward.....	41	15	155	12			
Rosendale.....	66	7	241	3			173
Springvale.....	119	5	159	2			40
Taycheedah.....	234	3	63				170
Waupun.....	71	8	206	3			135
Waupun, city, N. ward..	157	1	179	3			28
Total.....	4,933	157	6,174	128	4	5	1,886
Republican plurality.....							745
							1,241
FOREST—9th dist.							
Crandon—1st precinct...	28	1	45	1			
2d precinct.....	7	2	32	1	1		106
3d precinct.....	36	5	98		1		
Gagen—1st precinct.....	24	5	159		1		134
2d precinct.....	32	1	31				
Pelican Lake.....	47	1	42	1			5
Total.....	172	15	407	2	2		240
Republican plurality.....							5
							235
GRANT Co.—3d dist.							
Beetown.....	150	5	136	2			14
Bloomington.....	108	13	162	1			51
Boecobel.....	138	5	277	6	1		141
Cassville.....	204	2	170	2			34
Castle Rock.....	123		48			1	75
Clifton.....	44	7	186	6			122
Ellenboro.....	36	2	157				121
Fennimore.....	120	17	283	1			163
Glen Haven.....	94	1	132	5	2		38
Harrison.....	73	3	163				90
Hazel Green.....	157	9	142	5			13
Hickory Grove.....	43	3	124	1			81
Jamestown.....	169		44	2		1	125
Lancaster, 1st district...	155	13	350	7		1	352
2d district.....	131	13	291	3	10	1	
Liberty.....	104	1	115	2			11
Lima.....	65	6	163	2			96
Little Grant.....	38	3	91				53
Marion.....	69		56	1			13
Millville.....	6	7	44	1			38
Mount Hope.....	66	5	110	2			44
Mount Ida.....	78	7	112	1			34
Muscoda.....	190	3	97	1			83
Paris.....	101		84				17
Patch Grove.....	92	3	64	1			28
Platteville, 1st district...	138	11	341	2			
2d district.....	189	7	330	5	7	1	344
Potosi.....	279	6	203	4			70
Smelser, 1st district.....	61	4	134		1		82
2d district.....	69	4	78	1	1		
Waterloo.....	93	5	151				58
Watterstown.....	51	3	69	1			8
Wingville.....	102	10	232				130
Woodman.....	74	2	50	1			24
Wyalusing.....	70	8	156				66
Total.....	3,681	188	5,315	67	4	3	2,148
Republican plurality.....							514
							1,634
GREEN Co.—1st dist.							
Jams.....	112		80	2			32
any.....	127	36	234	2		1	107
thead:							
ward.....	92	9	124	2	2		63
ward.....	108	5	139	1		2	
oklyn.....	101	5	188	1			62
ls.....	211	7	180	1			

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1896, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Lever- ing, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palm'r, Nat. Dem.	Bentl'y Nat.	Match- ett, So. La.	Gen. Pld.	Rep. Plu.
GREEN Co.—Cont.								
Clarno.....	178	4	122	1	.....	.....	56	.....
Decatur.....	58	5	116	2	.....	1	.....	53
Exeter.....	101	7	112	1	.....	.....	.....	8
Jefferson.....	101	14	187	3	.....	.....	.....	86
Jordan.....	133	6	85	4	.....	.....	49	.....
Monroe.....	113	4	89	4	.....	.....	24	.....
Monroe, city:								
1st ward.....	75	5	151	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	103	2	112	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	112	8	134	5	.....	.....	2	.....
4th ward.....	106	3	147	3	.....	2	.....	118
Mount Pleasant.....	100	9	193	4	.....	.....	.....	96
New Glarus.....	77	6	151	5	.....	.....	.....	74
Spring Grove.....	101	10	167	1	.....	1	.....	63
Silvester.....	55	8	155	1	.....	.....	.....	100
Washington.....	108	1	73	2	.....	.....	35	.....
York.....	28	5	171	2	.....	.....	.....	143
Total.....	2,339	158	3,093	53	2	7	256	1,010 256
Republican plurality.....								754
GREEN LAKE Co.—6th dist.								
Berlin.....	47	1	149	.....	.....	.....	.....	102
Berlin, city:								
1st ward.....	78	2	108	5	.....	2	.....	.....
2d ward.....	105	3	127	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	85	4	133	1	.....	.....	2	.....
4th ward.....	90	1	92	2	.....	.....	.....	106
5th ward.....	104	.....	107	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn.....	66	12	254	1	.....	1	.....	188
Green Lake.....	96	7	218	1	1	.....	.....	122
Kingston.....	103	13	.....	2	.....	.....	14	.....
Mackford.....	183	12	199	9	.....	2	.....	36
Manchester.....	123	.....	122	1	.....	.....	1	.....
Marquette.....	90	.....	92	2	.....	1	.....	2
Princeton.....	273	3	264	4	4	1	9	.....
Seneca.....	66	1	72	1	.....	.....	.....	6
St. Marie.....	74	.....	72	.....	.....	.....	2	.....
Total.....	1,568	61	2,103	32	5	7	26	561 26
Republican plurality.....								535
Iowa Co.—3d dist.								
Arena.....	146	10	183	2	3	.....	.....	37
Brigham.....	94	7	239	.....	.....	.....	.....	145
Clyde.....	108	2	61	1	.....	2	47	.....
Dodgeville.....	138	28	232	5	.....	.....	.....	94
Dodgeville, city.....	136	24	327	3	5	.....	.....	191
Eden.....	108	6	122	.....	.....	.....	.....	16
Highland, 1st district.....	155	1	76	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d district.....	172	2	90	3	5	.....	181	.....
Linden.....	92	19	333	3	.....	.....	.....	241
Mifflin.....	90	13	264	7	.....	.....	.....	174
Mineral Point.....	102	12	159	2	1	1	.....	67
Mineral Point, city:								
1st ward.....	12	4	109	8	1	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	45	6	149	7	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	50	3	62	2	.....	.....	.....	238
4th ward.....	64	3	92	9	.....	.....	.....	.....
Moscow.....	67	7	204	1	.....	.....	.....	137
Pulaski.....	169	4	117	4	.....	1	62	.....
Ridgeway.....	147	10	106	1	2	.....	42	.....
Waldwick.....	99	7	96	1	.....	.....	3	.....
Wyoming.....	65	7	95	.....	.....	.....	.....	80
Total.....	2,060	174	3,115	61	12	3	306	1,380 306
Republican plurality.....								1,055
Iowa Co.—9th dist.								
Knight, 1st precinct.....	63	4	238	.....	.....	1	.....	184
2d precinct.....	31	1	40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Saxon.....	40	5	145	.....	.....	.....	.....	106

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1896, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Lever- ing, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palm r. Nat. Dem.	Bentl'y Nat.	Match- ett, So. La.	Rep. P.
IRON Co.—Cont.							
Vaughn, 1st precinct.....	130	5	219	1			
2d precinct.....	80	3	233				
3d precinct.....	13	3	112		1		531
4th precinct.....	31	4	194				
5th precinct.....	84	2	111				
Total	472	27	1,292	1	1		820
Republican plurality							820
JACKSON Co.—7th dist.							
Albion.....	42	5	269	2			227
Alma.....	82	6	345	6	1		263
Bear Bl. ff.....	4		26				22
Brockway.....	17	2	70				83
Black River Falls:							
1st ward.....	12	9	91	3	1		
2d ward.....	8	5	74	6	1		
3d ward.....	14	2	64	8	2		280
4th ward.....	40		105	3			
City Point.....	12		34				22
Cleveland.....	85		67	1		21	
Curran.....	11	2	149		1		138
Franklin.....	18	3	121				103
Garden Valley.....	51		121	2			70
Garfield.....	34	16	96			1	62
Hixton.....	47	19	141	3	2		94
Irving.....	78	2	151				73
Knapp.....	7	1	42	2			35
Manchester.....	39	3	88				49
Melrose.....	89	11	222	3			133
Millston.....	35		61				26
Northfield.....	52	6	169		1		100
Springfield.....	16	6	204		1		156
Total	778	92	2,710	39	7	2	1,953
Republican plurality							1,932
JEFFERSON Co.—2d dist.							
Aztalan.....	161	6	133	4			28
Cold Spring.....	41		110	1			69
Concord.....	129	3	136	7			7
Farmington.....	277	2	147	11			130
Hebron.....	85	7	153	1			68
Ixonia.....	125	6	184	21			59
Jefferson, 1st precinct.....	109	2	93	13	14		131
2d precinct.....	88	2	33	1			
Jefferson, city:							
1st ward.....	73	1	79	2	1		
2d ward.....	107	2	51	11	22	2	209
3d ward.....	121	3	43	5			
4th ward.....	104	18	18	4	1		
Koshkonong, 1st precinct.....	131	19	209	10			
2d precinct.....	122	35	218	5	26		192
3d precinct.....	198	14	216	11			
Lake Mills.....	106	13	445	13			339
Lilford.....	104	4	170	4			65
Oakland.....	109	3	191	2			82
Palmyra.....	64	23	296	8	1		232
Sullivan.....	111	8	227	1		1	116
Sumner.....	40	3	77	1			37
Waterloo.....	138	5	70	11			68
Waerloo, village.....	161	5	119	6			42
Watertown.....	170		182	20	1	1	12
Watertown, city:							
1st ward.....	132	1	326	33	1		
2d ward.....	135	1	160	27			
3d ward.....	106	2	116	17	92	2	169
4th ward.....	81		58	5			
5th ward.....	113	3	79	10	1		
Total	3,504	137	4,344	265	4	4	1,448
Republican plurality							840

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1892, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Levering, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palm r. Nat. Dem.	Bentl'y Nat.	Matchett, So. La.	Rep. Plu.
JUNEAU Co.—3d dist.							
Armenia.....	85	4	89	1			54
Clearfield.....	32		49	2			17
Cranberry Center.....	23		28				5
Elroy:							
1st ward.....	63 } 128	4 } 7	107 } 238	4 } 8			110
2d ward.....	65 }	3 }	131 }	4 }			
Fountain.....	50	2	138	2		1	88
Germantown.....	47		45			2	
Kildare.....	92		91			1	
Kingston.....	21		44				23
Lemonweir.....	97	8	179	2	1		82
Lindina.....	120	10	155	2			35
Lisbon.....	25	1	97		1		72
Lyndon.....	73		41			1	32
Marion.....	40		41	1			1
Mauston:							
1st ward.....	49 } 125	3 } 10	110 } 263	1 } 1	1 } 1		138
2d ward.....	76 }	7 }	153 }	1 }			
New Lisbon:							
1st ward.....	35 } 59		93 } 205	3 } 6			146
2d ward.....	24 }		112 }	3 }			
Necedah.....	94	2	332	4			258
Orange.....	88	7	133	1			45
Plymouth.....	76	1	153	1			77
Seven Mile Creek.....	129		52			77	
Summit.....	98	2	121	2		1	23
Wonewoc.....	141	7	192		1		51
Wonewoc, village.....	78	1	126	2	1		48
Total.....	1,671	59	2,832	35	5	4	1,273
Republican plurality.....							112
							1,161
KENOSHA Co.—1st dist.							
Brighton.....	121	4	101	5			20
Bristol.....	61	1	232	7		2	171
Kenosha, city:							
1st ward, 1st precinct.....	148 }	1 }	185 }	4 }			
2d ward, 2d precinct.....	113 }	2 }	202 }	8 }			
2d ward.....	281 } 934	2 } 6	198 } 1,233	3 } 31		1 } 6	299
3d ward.....	203 }	1 }	405 }	10 }			
4th ward.....	177 }		243 }	6 }		5 }	
Paris.....	106	2	102				4
Pleasant Prairie.....	113	7	287	4			174
Randall.....	34		142	7			108
Salem.....	148	2	340	4			192
Somers.....	121	17	238	3	1		167
Wheatland.....	94	1	102	1			8
Total.....	1,732	40	2,827	62	1	8	1,119
Republican plurality.....							24
							1,095
Kewaunee Co.—8th dist.							
Abnapee.....	113	2	121	27	1		8
Abnapee, city.....	80	1	232	28			152
Casco.....	184	1	105	7			79
Carlton.....	142		180	3			38
Franklin.....	247	2	70				177
Kewaunee.....	203	1	161	5			42
Lincoln.....	128		139	4			13
Luxemburg.....	109	1	182	4			73
Moutpelier.....	118		189	2			71
Pierce.....	121	1	44	11			77
Red River.....	25	2	255				230
West Kewaunee.....	180	3	157	1			23
Total.....	1,648	14	1,835	92	1		398
Republican plurality.....							545
							388
LA CROSSE Co.—7th dist.							
Bangor.....	70	18	223	13			153
Barre.....	67	1	51	1			16
Burns.....	88	19	166				78
Campbell.....	91	2	148	5			57
Farmington.....	117		280	9	1	1	173

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1896, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Lever- ing, Pro	McKinley, Rep.	Palm'r, Nat. Dem.	Bentl'y Nat.	Match- ett, So. La	Dem. Pla.	Rep. Pla.
LA CROSSE Co.—Cont.								
Greenfield.....	48	.....	89	6	.....	.....	.....	41
Hamilton.....	113	16	401	7	.....	.....	.....	24
Holland.....	27	8	223	1	.....	.....	.....	196
La Crosse, city:								
1st ward.....	167	4	214	10	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	130	2	239	16	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	136	4	240	8	.....	1	.....	.....
4th ward.....	59	4	257	18	.....	.....	.....	.....
5th ward.....	104	2	190	10	.....	.....	.....	.....
6th ward.....	67	4	218	24	.....	.....	.....	.....
7th ward.....	77	6	207	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
8th ward.....	240	5	221	5	.....	1	.....	.....
9th ward.....	78	9	233	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
10th ward.....	90	7	232	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
11th ward.....	107	1	151	2	.....	.....	6	1,887
12th ward.....	114	4	128	9	.....	.....	.....	.....
13th ward.....	85	2	192	14	.....	.....	.....	.....
14th ward.....	61	4	218	15	.....	.....	.....	.....
15th ward.....	176	2	129	4	.....	3	.....	.....
16th ward.....	29	2	114	9	.....	1	.....	.....
17th ward.....	130	2	216	9	.....	.....	.....	.....
18th ward.....	203	4	195	8	.....	.....	.....	.....
19th ward.....	52	3	177	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
20th ward.....	52	.....	163	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Onalaska.....	48	8	202	.....	.....	.....	.....	154
Onalaska, city:								
1st ward.....	11	.....	92	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	24	54	114	1	3	.....	.....	234
3d ward.....	19	1	82	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Shelby.....	117	7	92	1	1	1	25	.....
Washington.....	71	.....	87	7	.....	.....	.....	16
Total.....	3,053	161	6,297	225	2	8	41	3,201
Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	41
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,239
LAFAYETTE Co.—1st dist.								
Argyle.....	111	3	251	.....	.....	.....	.....	140
Belmont.....	144	1	175	4	.....	.....	.....	31
Benton.....	129	8	206	2	.....	.....	.....	77
Blanchard.....	80	2	177	2	1	.....	.....	97
Darlington, 1st precinct.....	195	9	210	21	.....	.....	.....	40
2d precinct.....	135	13	160	10	31	.....	.....	29
Elk Grove.....	79	1	108	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
Fayette.....	105	13	107	3	.....	.....	.....	17
Gratiot.....	195	7	212	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Kendall.....	109	1	54	.....	.....	.....	55	.....
Lamont.....	46	5	78	.....	.....	.....	.....	32
Monticello.....	32	2	48	1	.....	.....	.....	16
New Diggings.....	110	8	188	3	1	.....	.....	78
Seymour.....	125	2	86	.....	.....	.....	39	.....
Shullsburg.....	262	5	293	5	1	1	.....	21
Wayne.....	80	5	201	1	.....	.....	.....	121
White Oak Springs.....	26	1	67	.....	.....	.....	.....	41
Willow Springs.....	156	16	61	1	.....	.....	96	.....
Wiot.....	117	12	247	6	.....	.....	.....	130
Total.....	2,236	114	2,919	59	3	1	189	872
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	189
Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	683
.....								
LANGLADE Co.—9th dist.								
Ackley.....	64	1	67	2	.....	.....	.....	3
Antigo.....	103	.....	104	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
Antigo, city:								
1st ward.....	29	1	80	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	47	1	127	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	73	2	64	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	115	395	182	2	16	1	3	261
.....	71	5	92	2	1	.....	.....	.....
.....	60	2	161	5	1	.....	.....	.....
.....								
.....	11	.....	44	.....	.....	.....	.....	33
.....	5	.....	30	1	.....	.....	.....	25
.....	4	.....	20	3	.....	.....	.....	16

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Levelling, Pro.	McKislay, Rep.	Palm'r, Nat. Dem.	Bentl'y, Nat.	Matchett, So. La.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
MARATHON Co.—9th dist.								
Bergen.....	21	2	56					5
Berlin.....	120	2	100	1		2	26	3
Brighton.....	60	2	57	1				
Cassel.....	141	4	60				81	11
Cleveland.....	64	1	78					
Colby, city, east ward.....	17		30					13
Day.....	112	1	30	3			82	
Easton.....	93		98	1				5
Eau Pleine.....	52		97	2				45
Eldron.....	14	3	70	1				56
Emmet.....	113	1	34				79	
Frankfort.....	43		41				2	
Halsey.....	134	1	84				50	
Hamburg.....	78	1	70	1			8	
Harrison.....	19		34					15
Hewitt.....	11	1	36					
Holton.....	55	3	118	1				62
Hull.....	74		69	1			5	
Johnson.....	72		41				32	
Knowlton.....	16	3	54					38
Kronenwetter.....	42		43	1				1
Maine.....	165		66				99	
Marathon.....	93		23				70	
Marathon, village.....	72		38				36	
McMillan.....	88	1	76	1			12	
McMillan, village.....	4	1	34	5				30
Mosinee.....	19		31					12
Mosinee, village.....	41		110	4				65
Norrie.....	27	1	93		1			66
Pike Lake.....	194		33				96	
Plover.....	31	1	29				2	
Rib Falls.....	52	1	76	2				24
Reitrock.....	118	1	76				42	
Spencer.....	44	1	108	30				56
Stettin.....	121	3	73	1		2	45	
Texas.....	91	4	79				12	
Wausau.....	130		93	2			37	
Wausau, city:								
1st ward.....	173	1	139	10		1		
2d ward.....	144	2	146	7		1		
3d ward.....	139	5	122	3				
4th ward.....	78	1	312	2	30	4	26	267
5th ward.....	223	8	210	3				
6th ward.....	179	2	242	1	2		14	
7th ward.....	119	2		3		10		
Wein.....	32	2	135	3				103
Weston.....	159		165	3				6
Total.....	3,829	70	3,958	87	5	30	816	945
Republican plurality.....								816
Democratic plurality.....								129
MARINETTE Co.—9th dist.								
Amberg, 1st precinct.....	25	4	127					207
2d precinct.....	21	1	92	1	2			
3d precinct.....	11		45	1				
Coleman.....	101	8	361	4			2	260
Crover.....	60	3	238					228
Marinette, city:								
1st ward.....	289	7	341	2	1	3		
2d ward.....	273	14	442	4		4		
3d ward.....	209	13	517	10	19			

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1896, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Lever- ing, Pro	McKinley, Rep.	Palm'r, Nat. Dem.	Bentl'y Nat.	Match- ett, So. La	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
MARQUETTE Co.—6th dist.								
Buffalo.....	96	4	93	3			3	
Crystal Lake.....	14	1	96	1				82
Douglas.....	53		79					26
Harris.....	53		93	1				40
Mecan.....	78	1	43				35	
Montello.....	187	2	153	4	1		34	
Moundville.....	15	5	101	2				86
Neskoro.....	86	1	54	1			32	
Newt n.....	43	1	85	1				42
Oxford.....	17	3	135	1				118
Packwaukee.....	55		138	2				83
Shields.....	55		94	1				39
Springfield.....	26	2	105	1				79
Westfield.....	69	5	207	1				138
Total.....	847	25	1,476	20	1		104	733
Republican plurality.....								104
Rep. Plu.								629
MILWAUKEE Co.—4th and								
5th dists.								
Franklin.....	163	4	205	5		1		42
Granville.....	226	5	338	6	1	3		112
Greenfield.....	308	22	650	12		12		344
Lake, including Cudahy.....	441	11	615	20		9		174
Milwaukee.....	151	4	546	6		9		395
Milwaukee, city:								
1st ward.....	758	22	1300	27		3		
2d ward.....	982	19	1481	27		37		
3d ward.....	870	5	469	11	2	3		
4th ward.....	1231	15	1480	24		9		
5th ward.....	1157	25	1351	13		10		
6th ward.....	1170	22	1754	31	4	54		
7th ward.....	517	10	1311	21	1	8		
8th ward.....	1366	53	2035	26		26		
9th ward.....	1476	37	1878	16	1	70		
10th ward.....	1300	29	1936	18	8	54		
11th ward.....	1696	23, 887	1967	30, 109	21	416	25	51
12th ward.....	1455	21	1096	6		22	634	6, 222
13th ward.....	1315	30	1744	21		49		
14th ward.....	2511	16	520	9		23		
15th ward.....	771	25	1705	31	1	31		
16th ward.....	627	25	1450	26	1	1		
17th ward.....	710	11	1215	11	4	12		
18th ward.....	1468	20	1019	23		8		
19th ward.....	1020	41	1698	27		57		
20th ward.....	726	33	1665	12		68		
21st ward.....	731	21	1035	10		34		
Oak Creek.....	167	4	199	1				33
South Milwaukee.....	241	7	341	2		2		100
Wauwatosa, incl. village.....	940	55	2, 856	46	4	9		1, 916
Whitefish Bay, village.....	14		80	1				66
Total.....	26, 536	640	35, 939	515	30	679		9, 403
Republican plurality.....								9, 403
Rep. Plu.								9, 403
MORRIS Co.—7th dist.								
Adrian.....	47	5	114					57
Angelo.....	35	5	118					83
Byron.....	58	2	94	1	1			36
Cashton, village.....	30	1	71	1				41
Clifton.....	123	1	107				16	
Glendale.....	65	2	175	1				110
Greenfield.....	81	2	82	1	1			1
Jefferson.....	167	5	55	1			112	
Kendall, village.....	32	2	70					38
Lafayette.....	48		65					17
La Grange.....	43	4	140	1				97
Leon.....	60	1	136					76
Lincoln.....	45	4	248	3	1			203
Little Falls.....	137	5	146	1	2			9
New Lyme.....	9		34					25
Norwalk, village.....	34	1	52		1			18
Oak Dale.....	96	2	67				31	
Portland.....	50	8	189	2				139
Ridgeville.....	53	1	127	2				44
Sheldon.....	91	2	110		1			19

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1896, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Lever- ing, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palm'r, Nat. Dem.	Bentl'y Nat.	Match- ett, So. La	Divi- du-	Rep. Pla.
MONROE Co.—continued.								
Sparta	140	12	153	1				13
Sparta, city:								
1st ward	61	5	145	3	4			
2d ward	55	6	136	3	9	4		286
3d ward	96	3	132	2				
4th ward	41	7	116	1				
Tomah	98	1	81	1			17	
Tomah, city:								
1st ward	45	3	128	1				
2nd ward	95	6	147	3	5	1	1	200
3rd ward	57	2	122	1				
Wellington	108		122	1				14
Wells	82		59	1				23
Wilton	119	4	89	1			30	
Wilton, village	38		63	2				25
Total	2,361	102	3,683	35	11	1	229	1,531
Republican plurality								29
								1,322
Oconto Co.—9th dist.								
Armstrong	38	1	57					19
Brazeau	27	2	20				7	
Chase	61	1	185	2				124
Gillett	39		176		1			137
Howe	52	2	96	1				44
Lena	77	1	71	2		1	6	
Little River	58		153					95
Little Suamico	61	2	87	4				28
Maple Valley	91	10	90			2	1	
Oconto	105	3	168	1				63
Oconto, city:								
east ward	124	4	298	3	2			
north ward	89	1	176	5	9	2	2	439
south ward	118	4	317	1				
west ward	87	1	126					
Oconto Falls	54	13	152	13				96
Pensaukee, 1st precinct	13	3	165					
2d precinct	19	4	85	371	2		1	330
3d precinct	9	6	121	2		1		
Spruce	89	3	87	1			2	
Styles	66	1	137					71
Underhill	13	1	79					66
Total	1,290	59	2,836	35	3	6	16	1,562
Republican plurality								16
								1,546
ONEIDA Co.—9th dist.								
Hazelhurst, 1st precinct	18	5	167	1				
2d precinct	6		73		1			301
3d precinct	13	1	62					
4th precinct	30	3	66					
Pelican, 1st precinct	61	2	150	3				
2d precinct	14		13		3			96
3d precinct	15		25					
Rhineland, city:								
1st precinct	43	4	155	1				
2d precinct	41	2	144	1				
3d precinct	65	4	133	1				465
4th precinct	68	3	120	3	9			
5th precinct	97	2	162	2				
6th precinct	44		109	1				
Woodboro, 1st precinct	48	1	74	2				26
Total	563	27	1,453	15				890
Republican plurality								890
OUTAGAMIE—8th dist.								
Appleton, city:								
1st ward	131	30	430	7	4			
2d ward, 1st precinct	174	3	286	13	4			
2d ward, 2d precinct	78	6	156	13				
3d ward	335	4	287	7	9	1	1	548

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1896, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Lever- ing, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palm'r, Nat. Dem.	Bentl'y Nat.	Match- ett, So. La.	Rep. Pla.
OUTAGAMIE Co.—Cont.							
4th ward	160	4	154	3	1	..	
5th ward	206	3	222	3	1	..	
6th ward	136	11	333	2	..	..	
Black Creek	83	4	211	..	4	..	128
Bovina	44	1	193	1	..	..	149
Buchanan	278	3	137	3	1	1	141
Center	15	3	174	2	..	1	19
Cicero	32	2	158	3	1	..	128
Dale	171	5	146	3	..	..	25
Deer Creek	171	5	130	3	1	1	33
Ellington	106	7	163	3	7	..	57
Freedom	189	3	170	6	..	..	19
Grand Chute	166	2	169	..	2	..	3
Greenville	100	3	155	3	..	..	5
Hortonia	53	3	92	..	..	..	39
Hortonville, village	78	6	139	6	..	..	61
Kaukauna	288	2	177	4	..	..	111
Kaukauna, city:							
1st ward	118	..	142	2	..	..	
2d ward	83	5	168	4	..	..	
3d ward	166	12	166	3	10	..	162
4th ward	110	5	161	1	..	..	
5th ward	44	..	51	..	..	..	
Liberty	33	..	89	..	..	1	56
Maine	52	1	75	..	..	..	23
Maple Creek	83	7	86	3	..	..	3
New London, 3d ward	43	1	57	2	..	..	14
Osborn	44	..	101	..	..	..	57
Seymour	80	5	139	..	..	..	59
Seymour, city:							
1st ward	28	1	89	2	4	..	102
2d ward	27	2	68	2	..	..	
Total	4,096	139	5,434	106	25	5	1,639
Republican plurality							301
							1,338
OZAUCHE Co.—5th dist.							
Belgium	261	2	59	6	..	202	..
Cedarburg	167	4	155	2	..	2	12
Cedarburg, city	143	..	202	12	..	..	59
Frandonia	253	3	105	1	..	148	..
Grafton	83	5	118	2	..	..	33
Grafton, village	61	..	62	1	..	..	1
Mequon	211	3	360	19	1	4	149
Port Washington	143	2	77	1	1	3	66
Port Washington, city	397	8	283	17	..	114	..
Saukville	228	3	116	1	..	2	111
Total	1,947	30	1,535	62	2	11	654
Democratic plurality							242
							412
PEPIN Co.—7th dist.							
Albany	12	2	101	1	..	..	89
Durand	23	1	47	..	..	..	24
Durand, city:							
1st ward	57	6	79	2	..	..	86
2d ward	52	15	116	3	5	1	..
Frankfort	21	5	158	1	..	..	135
Lima	82	..	63	2	..	1	19
Pepin	47	6	328	6	..	..	279
Stockholm	12	..	160	..	..	..	148
Waterville	118	6	229	4	..	..	111
Waubeek	12	2	24	..	..	..	12
Total	436	37	1,301	19	1	1	894
Republican plurality							19
							865
PIERCE.—10th dist.							
Clifton	44	9	100	..	..	..	56
Diamond Bluff	33	..	95	..	..	..	62
Ellsworth	102	3	166	..	..	..	94
Ellsworth, village	74	3	163	..	..	..	89
El Paso	87	3	107	2	..	..	20

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1896, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Lever- ing, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palm'r, Nat. Dem.	Bentl'y Nat.	Match- ett, So. La.	Rep. Pla.
PIERCE Co.—Cont.							
Gilman.....	45	5	230	.....	1	.....	135
Hartland.....	71	12	196	3	.....	.....	125
Isabelle.....	23	2	55	.....	.....	.....	32
Maiden Rock.....	22	6	248	2	.....	.....	226
Maiden Rock, village.....	13	3	62	2	.....	.....	49
Martell.....	28	7	278	.....	.....	.....	250
Oak Grove.....	62	7	112	1	.....	.....	80
Prescott, city:							
1st ward.....	31	4	36	2	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	31	1	31	5	11	.....	32
3d ward.....	23	5	47	4	.....	.....	.....
River Falls.....	114	9	172	1	.....	.....	58
River Falls, city, 2d dist.	96	14	304	6	.....	.....	206
Rock Elm.....	75	14	221	.....	.....	.....	146
Salem.....	54	12	149	.....	.....	.....	91
Spring Lake.....	84	9	169	.....	1	1	85
Spring Valley, village.....	40	2	111	1	1	.....	71
Trenton.....	79	2	152	2	.....	.....	73
Trimbelle.....	99	6	264	2	.....	1	165
Union.....	78	18	223	5	.....	1	145
Total.....	1,412	156	3,724	33	3	3	2,312
Republican plurality.....							2,312
POLK Co.—10th dist.							
Alden, 1st precinct.....	66	80	4	171	297	.....	217
2d precinct.....	11	.....	126	.....	.....	.....	.....
Amery, village.....	35	1	165	.....	.....	.....	130
Apple River.....	8	.....	100	3	.....	.....	92
Balsam Lake.....	30	3	101	1	.....	.....	71
Beaver.....	34	2	65	1	.....	.....	31
Black Brook.....	41	6	140	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bone Lake.....	23	.....	10	.....	.....	13	14
Clam Falls.....	15	1	29	.....	.....	.....	64
Clayton.....	60	1	124	.....	.....	.....	78
Clear Lake.....	28	2	106	.....	1	.....	59
Clear Lake, village.....	38	2	97	2	.....	.....	143
Eureka.....	10	5	203	.....	.....	.....	106
Farmington.....	69	1	175	2	.....	.....	90
Garfield.....	27	2	127	.....	.....	.....	26
Georgetown.....	6	.....	32	.....	.....	.....	18
Johnstown.....	6	.....	24	.....	.....	.....	82
Laketown.....	39	6	121	3	.....	.....	96
Lincoln.....	44	5	140	.....	.....	.....	31
Loraine.....	20	.....	51	1	.....	.....	51
Luck.....	21	1	72	.....	.....	.....	70
Milltown.....	36	1	106	2	.....	.....	128
Osceola.....	45	3	173	2	.....	.....	43
Osceola, village.....	40	4	83	3	.....	.....	24
St. Croix Falls.....	38	3	62	.....	.....	.....	78
St. Croix Falls, village.....	27	3	105	3	.....	.....	96
Sterling.....	27	5	125	1	.....	.....	.....
West Sweden.....	34	.....	28	.....	.....	6	.....
Total.....	891	61	2,861	23	1	19	1,969
Republican plurality.....							1,970
PORTAGE Co.—8th dist.							
Alban.....	54	1	135	.....	.....	.....	81
Almond.....	33	14	225	1	1	.....	192
Amherst.....	38	6	396	4	.....	.....	356
Belmont.....	36	3	166	.....	.....	.....	130
Belmont.....	94	2	196	1	.....	.....	102
Buena Vista.....	137	1	97	3	1	40	.....
Carson.....	89	9	83	1	.....	1	.....
Eau Claire.....	25	2	78	.....	.....	.....	83
Grant.....	301	1	47	1	.....	1	254
Hull.....	60	2	172	.....	2	.....	112
Lanark.....	35	1	73	2	.....	.....	36
Linwood.....	44	6	221	.....	.....	.....	177
New Hope.....	17	1	129	.....	.....	1	112
Pine Grove.....	120	15	293	3	.....	.....	173
Plover.....	529	1	32	2	.....	.....	497
Sharon.....	172	1	49	.....	.....	.....	123
Stevens Point.....							.....

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1896, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Lever- ing, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palm'r, Nat. Dem.	Bentley Nat.	Match- ett, So. La	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
PORTAGE Co.—Cont.								
Stevens Point, city:								
1st ward.....	113	1	224	7	2	3		142
2d ward.....	137	5	242	16	8			
3d ward.....	144	2	182	3	34			
4th ward.....	350	14	91		1			
5th ward.....	118	3	208					
6th ward.....	51	3	108					
Stockton.....	193	1	90	2			103	
Total.....	2,890	81	3,537	54	6	3	1023	1,670 1,023
Republican plurality.....								647
PRICE Co.—9th dist.								
Brannan.....	22	1	77					55
Emery.....	23	3	36					13
Fifield.....	54	2	91					37
Georgetown.....	3	1	40					37
Hackett.....	15	1	43					28
Hill.....	14		31					17
Kenann.....	28	1	23					
Knox.....	6		40				1	34
Lake.....	62	4	228	9	1			186
Ogema.....	19	2	239	2			1	220
Phillips, city:								
1st ward.....	64	5	120	3	3			
2d ward.....	56	7	88	6	10	3	4	104
3d ward.....	61	3	77	1		1		
Prentice.....	64	3	199	2				135
Worcester.....	59	4	111	2			1	52
Total.....	550	37	1,448	19	1	7		896
Republican plurality.....								896
RACINE—1st dist.								
Burlington—1st pr.....	230	9	234	10	22		10	
2d pr.....	171	16	157	12	10			3
Caledonia.....	315	10	318			1		14
Dover.....	110	12	124					177
Mount Pleasant.....	198	20	375	5	1			159
Norway.....	33	3	192	1		1		
Racine, city:								
1st ward.....	146	3	190	8	3			
2d ward.....	108	14	413	9	1			
3d ward, north pr.....	183	7	299	5				
3d ward, south pr.....	190	5	214	2				
4th ward, east pr.....	182	15	177	4				
4th ward, west pr.....	279	3	169	7				
5th ward, north pr.....	314	6	403	5	54	4	4	881
5th ward, south pr.....	204	5	475	4				
6th ward, north pr.....	314	13	411	2		2		
6th ward, south pr.....	288	15	322	1		1		
7th ward, east pr.....	183	1	121	1		1		
7th ward, west pr.....	216	2	254	3				
Raymond.....	83	10	298	3				215
Rochester.....	61	8	127	4				86
Waterford.....	140	13	263	4		2		123
Yorkville.....	65	35	313	1				248
Total.....	3,973	213	5,849	104	5	8	10	1,886 10
Republican plurality.....								1,876
RICHLAND Co.—3d dist.								
Akan.....	113	1	113					72
Bloom.....	110	7	182	1			7	
Buena Vista.....	106	8	99	2				5
Darton.....	131	9	130	2				24
Eagle.....	114	4	138	1				81
Forest.....	98	4	179					
Henrietta.....	156	5	109				47	
Ithaca.....	174	12	153				21	
Lone Rock, village.....	43	1	59	1				16
Marshall.....	63	8	164					101
Orion.....	82	8	101	1				19

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1896, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Lever- ing, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palm'r, Nat. Dem.	Bentl'y Nat.	Match- ett, So. La.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
RICHLAND CO.—Cont.								
Richland.....	77	8	124	1				47
Richland Center:								
1st ward.....	46 } 194	13 } 19	147 } 411	2 } 4				217
2d ward.....	92 }	5 }	133 }	2 }				
3d ward.....	56 }		131 }					
Richwood.....	121	4	194					73
Rockbridge.....	129	13	121				8	
Sylvan.....	114	11	120	1				6
Westford.....	170	4	84	2			86	
Willow.....	103	8	149					46
Total.....	2,098	129	2,636	16			169	707
Republican plurality.....								169
								538
ROCK CO.—1st dist.								
Avon.....	69	8	132					63
Beloit.....	59	1	125					66
Beloit, city:								
1st ward.....	80 } 406	3 } 40	289 } 1,664	2 } 11	1 } 1	1 } 2		1,253
2d ward.....	96 }	16 }	368 }	4 }	1 }	1 }		
3d ward.....	158 }	7 }	568 }	1 }				
4th ward.....	102 }	14 }	439 }	4 }				
Bradford.....	74	5	123	3		1		49
Center.....	51	4	207	1				156
Clinton.....	63	7	197			1		134
Clinton, village.....	75	11	168	3				93
Edgerton.....	147	14	396	4				159
Evansville.....	94	21	409	2				312
Fulton.....	131	2	224	2				183
Harmony.....	128	7	145	4		1		17
Janesville.....	91	2	141	2		1		80
Janesville, city:								
1st ward, 1st precinct..	88 } 1,189	1 } 39	166 } 1,889	1 } 27	1 } 3	1 } 5		702
2d precinct..	77 }	5 }	317 }	5 }	1 }			
2d ward, 1st precinct..	75 }	2 }	122 }	2 }	1 }			
2d precinct..	125 }	6 }	191 }	1 }				
3d ward, 1st precinct..	101 }	4 }	284 }	6 }				
2d precinct..	77 }	8 }	216 }	4 }		1		
4th ward, 1st precinct..	175 }	4 }	177 }	1 }				
2d precinct..	207 }	5 }	231 }	3 }		2		
5th ward.....	282 }	1 }	185 }	4 }		2		
Johnstown.....	110	7	131	3		1		21
La Prairie.....	61	6	131	3				70
Lima.....	62	5	199	1				137
Magnolia.....	113	5	166					53
Milton, 1st precinct.....	85 } 164	11 } 35	201 } 461	2 } 4				297
2d precinct.....	79 }	24 }	260 }	2 }				
Newark.....	37	4	213					176
Plymouth.....	89	2	254	4				165
Porter.....	118	4	195	2				77
Rock.....	107	5	140	2				33
Spring Valley.....	76	5	272	4				196
Turtle.....	72		215					143
Union.....	71	6	178					107
Total.....	3,655	237	8,282	86	5	12		4,627
Republican plurality.....								4,627
ST. CROIX CO.—10th dist.								
Baldwin.....	99	25	344					245
Cady.....	70	7	198	1				66
Cylon.....	70	6	144					74
Eau Claire.....	68	7	167					99
Emerald.....	104	9	90				14	
Erin.....	232		13				219	
Forest.....	29		21				8	
Glenwood.....	41	1	56		2			15
Glenwood, city:								
1st ward.....	24 } 194	5 } 13	52 } 226					92
2d ward.....	50 }	5 }	46 }					
3d ward.....	35 }	2 }	64 }					
4th ward.....	25 }	1 }	64 }					
Hammond.....	98	7	126	1				23
Hammond, village.....	36	17	59	4				23
Hudson.....	86	8	106	2				29

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1892, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Lever- ing, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palm'r, Nat. Dem.	Bentl'y Nat.	Match- ett, So. La.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
ST. CROIX Co.—Cont.								
Hudson, city:								
1st ward.....	72 }	1 }	74 }	7 }	1 }	2 }	4	84
2d ward.....	109 }	332 }	181 }	8 }	1 }	2 }		
3d ward.....	151 }	6 }	161 }	1 }	2 }	2 }		
Kinnickinnic.....	72	3	108	2				34
New Richmond, city:								
1st ward.....	41 }	2 }	85 }	3 }				
2nd ward.....	63 }	122 }	100 }	7 }	10			153
3rd ward.....	18 }	2 }	88 }	7 }				
Pleasant Valley.....	35		91	1				56
Richmond.....	104	5	72	1			32	
River Falls, city, 1st w'd.	6	1	29					23
Rush River.....	38	1	142					104
Somerset.....	114	1	147	1				33
Springfield.....	123	1	147	2				24
St. Joseph.....	120	3	87	1			33	
Stanton.....	148	3	55				91	
Star Prairie.....	40	7	183					143
Troy.....	48	1	125	4				77
Warren.....	109	3	101				8	
Total.....	2,475	158	3,462	38	3	4	405	1,892 405
Republican plurality.....								987
SACK Co.—3d dist.								
Ableman, village.....	37		55	1				18
Baraboo.....	64	15	238	1				174
Baraboo, city:								
1st ward.....	89 }	13 }	385 }	17 }		5 }	9	644
2d ward.....	128 }	20 }	343 }	8 }	30	4 }		
3d ward.....	107 }	5 }	240 }	5 }				
Bear Creek.....	148	6	84	2			62	
Dellona.....	44	18	70	1			6	
Delton.....	76	13	163	1				119
Excelsior.....	37	21	130					74
Fairfield.....	158	2	116	5			87	
Franklin.....	51	2	71					80
Freedom.....	49	7	111	1				84
Greenfield.....	60	2	133	3				77
Honey Creek.....	91	16	137	1				93
Ironton.....	110	4	184	2				29
La Valle.....	22	2	139	1				36
La Valle, village.....	75	10	58	4				50
Merrimack.....	18	11	125	1				40
North Freedom, village.....	58	1	58	2			8	
Prairie du Sac.....	45	6	50	4				68
Prairie du Sac, village.....	119	7	113	4		1		8
Reedsburg.....			127	4				
Reedsburg, city:								
1st ward.....	98 }	2 }	180 }	2 }	6			144
2d ward.....	106 }	6 }	168 }	4 }				
Sauk City, village.....	83		88	12	1			5
Spring Green.....	123	6	194	2				71
Sumpter.....	84	12	120	1				86
Troy.....	42	7	196	3				154
Washington.....	101	9	140	4				39
Westfield.....	145		120	8			25	
Winfield.....	124	3	95				29	
Woodland.....	95	16	189	3				94
Total.....	2,611	242	4,620	96	3	9	217	2,226 217
Republican plurality.....								2,009
SAWYER Co.—10th dist.								
Hayward, 1st prect.....	216 }	25 }	403 }	2 }				
2d prect.....	121 }	1 }	49 }	2 }				145
3d prect.....	32 }	2 }	62 }					
Total.....	369	28	514	2				145
Republican plurality.....								145
SHAWANO Co.—9th dist.								
Almon.....	19	1	104					85

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1893, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Levering, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palm'r, Nat. Dem.	Bentl'y, Nat.	Matchett, So. La.	Gen. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
SHAWANO Co.—Cont.								
Angelica	84	1	98	2				14
Aliwa	45	3	83	2		2		38
Belle Plain	124		117	1		1	7	
Biramwood	34	2	96			2		64
Biramwood, village	18	3	65	1				47
Fairbanks	36	1	102	2				66
Germania	9		37					28
Grant	59	1	140	2	2			81
Green Valley	36	2	156	2				120
Hartland	53	5	173	1				115
Herman	69		167	3				96
Hutchins	24	11	185	2		1		161
Lessor	58	4	141					83
Maple Grove	180	2	96	1	1		84	
Morris	3		127	1				124
Navarino	29		48					19
Pella	98	2	77	1			21	
Richmond	97	2	163	2				66
Seneca	21	1	62					41
Shawano, city:								
1st ward	85	1	76	4		2		
2d ward	52	2	54	3	8	2	6	12
3d ward	42	3	61	1				
Tigerton, village	17	2	55	2				78
Washington	142		123	1			19	
Waukechon	57	4	88					1
Wittenberg	37	2	159					122
Wittenberg, village	28	2	140					112
Total	1,591	54	3,035	32	8	12	131	1,575
Republican plurality								131
								1,454
SHEBOYGAN—5th dist.								
Elkhart Lake, village	61	1	50				11	
Greenbush	121	9	259	4	1			138
Herman	140	3	248	24				106
Holland, 1st precinct	105	2	388	3				479
2d precinct	7	3	203	1				
Lima	110	3	320	4		2		210
Lyndon	74	6	389	1	1	1		295
Mitchell	150	2	114	1			36	
Mosel	30		138	7				108
Plymouth	73	2	243	15	1			170
Plymouth, city, 1st ward	97	2	223	18	31			206
2d ward	56	3	135	13				
Rhine	145	3	134	13	2		11	
Russell	77	1	34		1		43	
Scott	70	4	256	3				156
Sheboygan	97	4	206	16	1	12		109
Sheboygan Falls	154	1	192	9		1		38
Sheboygan Falls, village	205	2	122	4			83	
Sheboygan, city:								
1st ward	155	6	442	7		18		
2d ward	138	7	322	12	2	10		
3d ward	104		205	6		10		
4th ward	135	3	391	10		75		
5th ward	121	5	311	8	83	93	293	1,363
6th ward	118	3	245	2		24		
7th ward	195		221	11	1	22		
8th ward, 1st precinct	135	2	298	11	1	19		
2d precinct	161	7	210	16		22		
Sherman	149	8	210	21	1			61
Wilson	54	2	154	6	1	1		100
Total	8,257	90	6,643	247	15	306	184	3,570
Republican plurality								184
								3,386
TAYLOR—9th dist.								
Browning	38		43	4	1			4
Chelsea	71	2	77	1				6
Deer Creek	58	1	85					27
Greenwood	43		24				19	
Grover, 1st precinct	44	1	165	1	1	1		135
2d precinct	1	1	15					
Halway	14		34	3				20
Little Black	107	1	158		2	2		61
Medford	121		124	2				8

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1896, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Lever- ing, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palm r. Nat. Dem.	Bentl'y Nat.	Match- ett, So. La.	Rep. Plu.
TAYLOR Co.—Cont.							
Medford, city:							
1st ward.....	47 }	4 }	102 }	4 }			
2d ward.....	43 } 117	3 } 7	48 } 238	8 }			121
3rd ward.....	27 }	1 }	78 }	2 }			
Molitor, 1st precinct.....	17 }	1 }	16 }	2 }			41
2d precinct.....	4 }	1 }	46 }				
Rib Lake.....	48 }	3 }	247 }				199
Westboro.....	28 }	4 }	128 }	2 }			100
Total.....	709	20	1,397	27	4	2	707
Republican plurality.....							19
							688
TREMPEALEAU Co.—7th dist							
Albion.....	33 }	9 }	207 }	1 }			174
Arcadia, 1st precinct.....	183 }	4 }	200 }	3 }			
2d precinct.....	217 }	7 }	165 }	1 }			35
Burnside.....	188 }	7 }	126 }				62
Caledonia.....	24 }		66 }	1 }			38
Chimney Rock.....	41 }	6 }	136 }				96
Dodge.....	82 }		11 }				71
Ettrick.....	57 }	13 }	405 }	3 }		3	348
Gale.....	100 }	20 }	395 }	2 }	4		295
Hale.....	132 }	2 }	202 }	1 }			70
Lincoln.....	76 }	11 }	193 }		1		117
Pigeon.....	50 }	12 }	197 }	2 }			147
Preston.....	46 }	14 }	897 }	1 }		1	361
Sumner.....	40 }	9 }	211 }	1 }			171
Trempealeau.....	76 }	21 }	255 }	4 }	1		179
Unity.....	45 }	17 }	140 }	4 }			95
Total.....	1,394	152	3,306	24	6	4	2,080
Republican plurality.....							168
							1,912
VERNON Co.—3d dist.							
Bergen.....	56 }	4 }	188 }	1 }	1		132
Christiana.....	25 }	7 }	248 }	2 }		1	223
Clinton.....	55 }	3 }	199 }	2 }			134
Coon.....	15 }	3 }	283 }	1 }			268
Forest.....	63 }	6 }	196 }				133
Franklin.....	105 }	3 }	209 }	2 }			104
Genoa.....	113 }	2 }	116 }	1 }			3
Greenwood.....	92 }	2 }	112 }	1 }			20
Hamburg.....	48 }	7 }	196 }	3 }	1		148
Harmony.....	50 }	3 }	182 }	1 }			132
Hillsboro.....	79 }	5 }	161 }	3 }		1	82
Hillsboro, village.....	44 }	2 }	101 }	1 }			57
Jefferson.....	108 }	5 }	208 }				100
Kickapoo.....	64 }	5 }	196 }	4 }			132
Liberty.....	48 }		119 }				71
Stark.....	87 }	3 }	167 }				60
Sterling.....	81 }	1 }	200 }	1 }			119
Union.....	60 }	9 }	99 }		1		39
Viroqua.....	96 }	2 }	288 }	2 }			193
Viroqua, city:							
1st ward.....	32 }	2 }	100 }				
2d ward.....	24 }	5 }	107 }	314			200
3d ward.....	58 }	2 }	107 }				
Webster.....	67 }	4 }	184 }				117
Webster, village.....	22 }	6 }	93 }	1			71
Wheatland.....	39 }	4 }	186 }				147
Whitestown.....	97 }	8 }	158 }	2 }	1	1	61
Total.....	1,627	102	4,393	28	4	3	2,766
Republican plurality.....							2,766
VILAS Co.—9th dist.							
Arbor Vitae, 1st precinct.....	33 }	52 }	195 }	1 }	3	1	292
2d precinct.....	19 }	1 }	149 }	2 }			
Eagle River, 1st precinct.....	156 }	1 }	227 }	2 }		1	
2d precinct.....	10 }	166 }	38 }	1 }	3	1	99

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1896, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Lever- ing, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palm'r. Nat. Dem.	Bentl'y Nat.	Match- ett, So. La.	Rep. Pla.
VILAS Co.—Cont.							
Minocqua	225	5	145	3			80
Total	443	8	754	9		2	301
Republican plurality							80
WALWORTH Co.—1st dist.							311
Bloomfield	77	6	236	2			159
Darien	100	16	249	6			149
Delavan, 1st district	88 } 201	12 } 22	338 } 574	3 } 6	1 } 1		373
2d district	113 }	10 }	236 }	3 }			165
East Troy	110	11	275	4			179
Elkhorn	114	28	283	11		1	82
Geneva	83	16	165	1			73
Lafayette	100	9	173	1			161
La Grange	44	9	205			1	
Lake Geneva, city:							
1st ward	54 }	11 }	152 }	3 }	1 }		330
2d ward	49 }	8 }	123 }	1 }	1 }		
3d ward	50 }	3 }	198 }	1 }			116
Linn	67	6	183		1		116
Lyons	98	18	214	3			146
Richmond	64	3	159	1			330
Sharon	115	28	435	3	8		188
Spring Prairie	33	12	231	2			94
Sugar Creek	76	23	170	2			79
Troy	83	7	162	1			237
Walworth	61	18	348	2	1		120
Whitewater	85	5	175	2			
Whitewater, city:							
1st ward	87 }	10 }	160 }	3 }			368
2d ward	85 }	6 }	288 }	3 }	6		
3d ward	87 }	7 }	199 }	3 }			
Total	1,893	282	5,347	57	12	2	3,451
Republican plurality							3,451
WASHBURN Co.—10th dist.							
Bashaw	23	3	84				61
Long Lake	18	1	41				23
Minong	19	3	59	1			40
Shell Lake	71	10	379	2		2	306
Spooner, 1st precinct	65 }	1 }	129 }	4 }	5		84
2d precinct	23 }	1 }	43 }	1 }			5
Veazie	31	2	36				
Total	250	21	771	8		2	521
Republican plurality							521
WASHINGTON Co.—5th dist.							
Addison	269	1	117	4		152	22
Barton	131	3	153	3			45
Erin	198	2	77	4		121	160
Farmington	140		185	3			6
German town	132	3	292	6			
Hartford	168		174	2			
Hartford, city:							
1st ward	79 }	1 }	139 }	2 }	6	1 }	134
2d ward	64 }		138 }	4 }	5	1 }	174
Jackson	106	4	280	5			107
Kewaskum	91	3	198	4	2	1	17
Kewaskum, village	43		26				134
Polk	103	2	239	12	1	1	30
Richfield	196	2	199	10			
Schlessingerville	27		57	13			
Trenton	242	4	112	4		1	122
Wayne	108		280	1		1	
West Bend	100	1	79	3		2	21
West Bend, city:							
1st ward	113 }	1 }	79 }	5 }	1 }	1 }	23
2d ward	92 }	4 }	103 }	1 }	6		
Total	2,404	31	2,877	86	5	6	937
Republican plurality							464
							473

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1888, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Lever- ing, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palm r. Nat. Dem.	Bentl'y Nat.	Match- ett, So. La.	Sum. 22	Rep. Plu.
Waukesha Co.—5th dist.								
Brookfield	223	5	247	5				24
Delafield	134	6	324	11	1	1		190
Eagle	159	5	180					1
Genesee	110	12	249	2				139
Lisbon	127	14	250	18		2		123
Menomonee, 1st precinct.	156 }	7 }	363 }	2 }	3 }			140
2d precinct.	137 }	1 }	70 }	1 }				
Merton	174	11	282	1				108
Mukwonago	80	17	248	2				163
Muskego	100	5	195					95
New Berlin	195	6	162	1			33	
Oconomowoc	111	2	195					84
Oconomowoc, city:								
1st precinct	159 }	5 }	243 }	9 }	12 }			212
2d precinct	82 }	6 }	210 }	3 }				
Ottawa	76	1	168	1				92
Pewaukee	209	9	331	17				122
Summit	66	4	227	10				161
Vernon	86	9	267					181
Waukesha	65	6	179	1				114
Waukesha, city:								
1st ward	81 }	9 }	170 }	6 }	.	.		
2d ward	204 }	4 }	184 }	6 }	.	.		
3d ward	151 }	4 }	89 }	3 }	.	.		
4th ward	145 }	3 }	211 }	4 }	1 }	1 }	2	295
5th ward	59 }	2 }	150 }	2 }	.	.		
6th ward	108 }	9 }	237 }	3 }	.	1 }		
Total	3,195	162	5,411	108	2	5	33	2,249 83
Republican plurality								2,216
Waupaca Co.—8th dist.								
Bear Creek	92	4	134	1				42
Caledonia	56	1	140	3		1		84
Clintonville, city	111	13	254		1			143
Dayton	46	7	210	1	4			164
Dupont	37	2	272	8		2		235
Embarrass, village	9	3	47					38
Farmington	38	5	407	1				369
Freemont	32	2	66	1				34
Freemont, village	15	1	54	1				39
Harrison	10		92	1				82
Helvetia	3	1	113	2				110
Iola	2	4	2-1					229
Iola, village	8	1	99					91
Larrabee	69	3	201	5				132
Lebanon	152		81	2			71	
Lind	55	6	206	2				151
Little Wolf	110	1	321	5				211
Matteson	11	3	137	2				126
Mukwa	68	7	112	3	2			74
New London, city:								
1st ward	80 }	2 }	78 }	2 }	.	.		
2d ward	42 }		78 }	1 }	.	.		
4th ward	34 }	3 }	93 }	2 }	5 }	2 }		170
5th ward	12 }	2 }	69 }					
Royalton	71	4	191	1	2			120
Scandinavia	2	4	264	1				262
Scandinavia, village	4	3	71					67
St. Lawrence	28	1	261	2				238
Union	54	2	188	1	1			134
Waupaca	55	7	174	2	3			119
Waupaca, city	110	15	559	6	14			449
Weyauwega	54	4	72	2	1			18
Weyauwega, village	103	18	102	6	2		1	
Wyoming	24		65	1				41
Total	1,577	129	5,472	65	32	3	72	3,967 72
Republican plurality								3,895
Waushara Co.—6th dist.								
Aurora	37	7	204					167
Berlin, 2d ward, 2d prec	3	1	1				2	
Bloomfield	30	4	206					176
Coloma	18	2	145	1				127
Dakota	8	3	113	2				100

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1896, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bryan, Dem.	Lever- ing, Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palm'r. Nat. Dem.	Bentl'y Nat.	Match- ett, So. La.	Rep. Plu.
WAUSHARA Co.—Cont.							
Deerfield.....	12		134	2	1		122
Hancock.....	24	6	232	1			206
Leon.....	37	5	186	2			149
Marion.....	32	2	127	3			95
Mt. Morris.....	11	1	170	2	5		130
Oasis.....	34	10	158	1	2		124
Plainfield.....	11	1	255	3			241
Plainfield, village.....	23	4	150	1			127
Poyssippi.....	38	4	204	2			166
Richford.....	6		93		1		87
Rose.....	6	18	173				167
Saxville.....	39	4	152	1	1		113
Springwater.....	16	17	144				126
Warren.....	57	5	121	1			51
Wautoma.....	19	5	243	5			224
Total.....	456	102	3,210	27	10		2,756
Republican plurality.....							2,754
WINNEBAGO Co.—6th dist.							
Algoma.....	66	9	143	2			82
Black Wolf.....	64	5	97	2			33
Clayton.....	123	2	166				43
Menasha.....	92	3	63			1	39
Menasha, city:							
1st ward.....	191	..	153	5		1	
2d ward.....	89	4	119	2		1	
3d ward.....	238	7	130	8		2	187
4th ward.....			102	1			
Neenah.....	72			1			4
Neenah, city:							
1st ward.....	130	10	247	2	2	1	
2d ward.....	123	5	184	3	1	1	
3d ward.....	162	26	226	3	10	5	233
4th ward.....	59	3	50	2		3	
Nekimi.....	59	11	170				111
Nepeuskum.....	54	6	184				130
Omro.....	129	19	484	9	1		355
Oshkosh.....	76	2	189	3			113
Oshkosh, city:							
1st ward.....	175	2	241	6		1	
2d ward.....	206	3	284	3			
3d ward.....	158	2	203	2		3	
4th ward.....	340	12	346	5	2	2	
5th ward.....	152	16	429	3	1		
6th ward.....	310	4	220	6		2	
7th ward.....	65	80	338	7	5	10	966
8th ward.....	243	3	253	6		2	
9th ward.....	180	7	281	5			
10th ward.....	190	11	358	2			
11th ward.....	195	1	131	6			
12th ward.....	145	8	210	2			
13th ward.....	308	11	381		2		
Poygan.....	90		85	1			5
Rushford.....	102	11	344	1	5		242
Utica.....	57	7	230	3			178
Vinland.....	89	1	168	2			79
Winchester.....	46	7	234	1		1	183
Winneconne.....	45	5	143				103
Winneconne, village.....	67	9	188	3			121
Wolf River.....	61	1	105	4			44
Total.....	5,069	211	7,900	108	16	19	3,042
Republican plurality.....							3,011
WOOD Co.—8th dist.							
Auburndale.....	35		119				84
Auburndale, village.....	7	1	35				23
Centralia, city:							
1st ward.....	25	..	35	2			
2d ward.....	84	1	103	3			43
3d ward.....	85	2	99	1			
Grand Rapids.....	78	1	127	1			49
Grand Rapids, city:							
1st ward.....	54	2	56	2			
2d ward.....	44	2	106	3			

COMPARATIVE VOTE FOR PRESIDENT, 1892-1896, BY COUNTIES, WITH POPULATION.

COUNTRIES.	Popula- tion, 1880.	Bryan, Dem.	Levering Pro.	McKim's Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Bent, Nat. (Sil.) Pro.	Match- ing Sec. Labor.	Dem. P.lu.	Rep. P.lu.	1892.						
										Popula- tion, 1890.	Cleveland Dem.	Harrison Rep.	Weaver Pro.	Bidwell Pro.	Dem. P.lu.	Rep. P.lu.
Adams.....	7,532	391	27	1,432	16	3	16	.....	1,041	6,899	402	972	15	22	153	570
Ashland.....	17,241	1,743	60	2,736	26	4	16	.....	1,448	20,083	2,436	2,283	56	139	133	1,051
Barren.....	20,122	1,324	155	2,772	27	4	5	.....	1,474	15,418	767	1,518	390	194	118	1,118
Bayfield.....	12,596	770	69	2,244	13	1	1	.....	1,965	7,390	1,349	1,467	28	61	788	130
Brown.....	45,623	3,841	88	5,436	69	13	1	.....	1,999	39,164	3,653	2,855	44	180	981	351
Buffalo.....	16,931	1,352	61	2,301	51	2	1	.....	451	15,997	1,363	1,323	103	60	130	351
Burnett.....	5,892	349	23	850	4	1	3	.....	.....	4,363	35	909	92	163	984	351
Calumet.....	17,744	1,899	28	1,547	27	1	2	.....	672	16,639	1,853	1,975	53	28	984	351
Chippewa.....	28,727	2,929	84	3,601	37	2	6	.....	.....	25,143	2,550	1,975	316	152	956	323
Clark.....	21,342	1,315	97	3,323	39	1	12	.....	2,010	17,106	1,711	2,039	47	161	367	357
Columbia.....	30,868	2,350	230	4,845	103	2	7	.....	2,465	23,350	2,877	3,314	45	409	113	357
Crawford.....	17,213	1,309	43	2,823	124	1	2	.....	814	13,567	1,615	1,727	79	39	389	357
Dane.....	65,699	6,321	120	9,080	159	12	4	.....	2,569	64,573	6,533	6,445	83	960	389	599
Dodge.....	47,851	4,363	120	5,010	233	9	7	.....	1,707	44,864	6,310	2,653	47	199	4,157	599
Door.....	16,899	2,527	68	2,402	41	1	1	.....	1,510	15,682	1,007	1,566	72	68	357	627
Douglas.....	32,896	2,414	131	3,274	93	3	5	.....	1,747	13,468	2,340	2,967	844	206	913	913
Dunn.....	23,006	2,370	131	3,370	93	3	5	.....	1,932	22,664	1,367	2,169	612	221	338	338
Dau Claire.....	33,172	2,384	136	4,522	92	6	.....	.....	2,158	30,773	2,383	2,719	196	400	284	284
Florence.....	2,450	129	6	4,483	52	6	.....	.....	359	2,604	195	449	5	12	.....	.....
Fond du Lac.....	47,436	4,363	128	6,174	128	4	5	.....	1,241	44,068	5,254	4,129	101	226	1,123	599
Forest.....	17,293	1,172	15	6,406	2	2	.....	.....	1,012	14,032	228	223	6	14	.....	.....
Grant.....	38,372	3,683	153	5,315	67	4	3	.....	1,632	36,651	3,685	4,217	76	418	532	532
Green.....	23,492	2,389	153	3,063	53	2	7	.....	1,754	22,732	2,032	2,329	87	390	277	277
Green Lake.....	15,499	1,593	61	2,108	32	5	5	.....	1,815	15,183	1,810	1,480	20	97	380	380
Iowa.....	21,447	2,060	174	3,115	61	12	3	.....	1,055	22,117	2,336	2,274	29	366	63	63
Jackson.....	5,338	288	28	1,288	1	1	1	.....	.....	4,084	1,160	2,078	30	219	915	915
Jackson.....	16,722	773	68	2,710	29	7	2	.....	1,822	15,797	1,601	2,078	30	219	915	915
Jefferson.....	38,317	3,504	138	4,344	59	4	4	.....	1,840	33,530	4,601	2,078	24	24	1,963	1,963
Jennett.....	18,754	1,671	59	2,832	35	5	5	.....	1,161	17,121	1,978	1,945	62	144	388	388
Kenosha.....	17,744	1,732	40	2,827	62	1	8	.....	1,085	15,541	1,924	1,638	16	69	300	300
Kewaunee.....	17,632	1,749	14	1,835	91	1	1	.....	1,085	16,138	2,046	1,618	34	34	1,023	1,023
La Crosse.....	43,610	3,086	161	6,297	225	3	3	.....	3,239	38,601	3,410	3,063	73	353	1,117	80
Lafayette.....	21,498	2,248	114	2,919	59	3	1	.....	3,239	20,285	2,286	2,366	59	209	80	80
Lancaster.....	11,062	966	23	1,457	38	3	4	.....	1,239	9,468	1,239	2,366	59	209	80	80
Lincoln.....	14,765	1,802	44	1,708	21	2	2		501	12,038	1,443	967	396	38	443	443

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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	40,802	3,919	65	4,430	184	4	11	511	37,831	4,349	2,249	58	29	2,100
Manitowoc.....	36,996	3,827	41	4,277	20	9	9	129	30,369	3,781	1,950	108	192	1,882
Marquette.....	16,241	1,827	25	1,476	20	9	9	2,410	20,364	1,984	1,877	7	182	1,137
Menominee.....	27,222	2,836	640	35,539	620	30	679	9,438	23,676	2,467	24,802	286	513	521
Monroe.....	28,350	2,361	103	2,836	35	11	5	1,322	23,211	2,458	2,530	1	273	5
Oconto.....	18,339	1,280	59	2,836	35	3	5	1,546	15,009	1,499	1,275	128	40	72
Oneida.....	7,000	563	27	1,453	14	5	5	890	5,010	1,317	1,149	46	32	221
Ozaukee.....	16,545	4,086	138	5,433	108	23	11	1,337	38,680	4,545	2,753	109	224	1,812
Pepin.....	7,567	436	37	1,301	62	2	412	865	14,943	2,094	652	49	8	1,442
Pierce.....	21,940	1,412	156	3,724	19	1	1	2,312	20,365	1,210	2,315	10	88	326
Polk.....	16,117	1,581	61	3,724	38	3	3	1,970	12,966	555	1,477	191	300	1,105
Portage.....	28,531	2,880	82	3,537	54	1	3	1,647	24,788	2,570	2,291	211	175	1,882
Price.....	7,257	530	37	1,448	19	7	7	898	5,258	876	1,039	44	214	279
Racine.....	41,110	3,975	213	5,549	104	4	8	1,674	36,268	3,956	3,956	33	84	223
Richland.....	19,619	2,088	129	2,638	16	5	5	538	18,121	1,670	2,194	506	362	245
Rock.....	48,414	3,655	237	5,282	86	5	12	4,627	43,220	4,231	6,032	234	532	524
St. Croix.....	23,870	2,475	158	3,462	97	3	4	957	23,139	2,220	2,467	121	532	1,821
Sauk.....	32,919	2,611	242	4,623	98	3	9	2,012	30,575	3,139	3,277	154	373	137
Sawyer.....	3,741	389	23	514	2	3	3	145	1,977	328	412	50	396	248
Shawano.....	22,573	1,594	54	3,035	32	3	12	1,441	19,236	2,040	1,823	273	49	84
Sheboygan.....	45,366	3,327	90	6,644	247	13	308	3,317	42,459	5,126	3,638	172	96	1,488
Taylor.....	8,498	710	20	1,367	27	4	2	677	6,731	904	734	32	29	170
Trempealeau.....	21,983	1,394	132	3,306	24	6	4	1,912	18,920	1,521	2,116	38	277	595
Vernon.....	27,035	1,627	102	4,363	28	4	3	2,766	25,111	1,440	3,106	382	233	1,666
Vilas.....	3,401	443	8	754	9	12	2	311	27,660	2,153	3,571	79	512	1,666
Walworth.....	29,162	1,894	262	5,347	57	12	2	2,453	27,926	2,305	3,571	16	35	1,718
Washington.....	4,266	2,250	21	2,711	8	5	2	521	2,926	305	458	16	35	1,183
Waushara.....	24,077	2,404	31	2,677	86	5	6	473	22,751	2,624	1,700	8	22	924
Waupaca.....	36,562	3,192	162	5,411	108	2	5	2,219	33,270	3,635	3,600	89	248	35
Waushara.....	30,793	1,577	123	5,412	65	32	3	3,565	28,794	2,186	3,367	47	308	1,211
Waushara.....	15,335	436	102	2,210	27	10	10	2,534	13,507	786	2,091	36	141	1,305
Winnebago.....	51,627	5,069	211	7,898	101	16	19	2,809	50,097	5,863	5,354	284	351	1,305
Wood.....	21,637	1,877	54	2,539	31	6	6	562	18,127	2,220	1,779	36	54	441
Total.....	1,937,915	165,623	7,507	263,128	4,584	346	1,314	103,412	1,686,880	177,325	171,101	10,019	13,136	26,082
Total republican plurality, 1896.....								830						19,889
Total democratic plurality, 1892.....								102,612						6,224

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE IN WISCONSIN.

From 1848 to 1896.

NOTE — Names indented denote unsuccessful candidates. Figures in left hand column denote the number of the election, from the first presidential election in 1789 to the twenty-eighth in 1896.

ELECTION.	Number.	Year.	CANDIDATES FOR PRESIDENT.	VOTE FOR CANDIDATES.				TOTAL VOTE.			
				Popular.	Per cent. popular.	Majority.	Electoral.	Popular.	Increase popular.	Per cent. increase.	Electoral.
16	1848		Zachary Taylor.....	13,747	35.1			39,166			4
			Lewis Cass.....	15,001	28.3	1,254*	4				
			Martin Van Buren.....	10,418	26.6						
17	1852		Franklin Pierce.....	31,638	52.0	2,604	5	61,712	25,546	63.2	5
			Winfield Scott.....	22,210	31.4						
			John P. Hale.....	8,814	13.6						
18	1856		James Buchanan.....	52,843	44.2			119,512	54,800	84.7	5
			John C. Fremont.....	66,000	53.3	12,668	5				
			Millard Fillmore.....	579	.5						
19	1860		Abraham Lincoln.....	83,113	56.6	20,040	5	152,180	32,688	27.3	5
			John C. Breckinridge.....	888	.6						
			John Bell.....	161	.1						
			Stephen A. Douglas.....	65,021	42.7						
20	1864		Abraham Lincoln.....	81,458	55.9	17,574	8	149,342	2,830†	1.9†	8
			George B. McClellan.....	65,834	44.1						
21	1868		Ulysses S. Grant.....	108,857	56.2	24,150	8	193,564	44,222	29.6	8
			Horatio Seymour.....	84,707	43.8						
22	1872		Ulysses S. Grant.....	104,991	54.6	17,688	10	192,308	1,256†	.7†	10
			Horace Greeley.....	86,477	45.0						
			Charles O'Connor.....	834	.4						
23	1876		Rutherford B. Hayes.....	130,668	51.0	5,205	10	256,131	63,823	33.2	10
			Samuel J. Tilden.....	123,927	48.4						
			Peter Cooper.....	1,509	.6						
			G. C. Smith.....	27	.0						
24	1880		James A. Garfield.....	144,398	54.1	21,709	10	267,182	11,051	4.3	10
			Winfield S. Hancock.....	114,644	42.9						
			J. B. Weaver.....	7,986	03.0						
			Neal Dow.....	63	.0						
			J. B. Phelps.....	91	.0						
25	1884		Grover Cleveland.....	146,477	45.8			319,888	52,706	16.5	11
			James G. Blaine.....	161,157	50.4	2,426	11				
			J. P. St. John.....	7,656	02.4						
			Benj. F. Butler.....	4,598	01.4						
26	1888		Benjamin Harrison.....	176,533	49.7	21,231*	11	354,614	34,726	10.8†	11
			Grover Cleveland.....	155,232	43.7						
			Clinton B. Fisk.....	14,277	04.2						
			A. J. Streeter.....	8,552	02.4						
27	1892		Grover Cleveland.....	177,325	47.7	6,224	12	371,581	16,967	4.8	12
			Benjamin Harrison.....	171,101	46.0						
			James B. Weaver.....	10,019	02.7						
			John Bidwell.....	13,136	03.6						
28	1896		William McKinley.....	288,135	59.9	102,612	12	447,408	75,828	16.9	12
			William J. Bryan.....	165,523	36.9						
			Joshua Levering.....	7,507	1.6						
			John M. Palmer.....	4,554	1.0						
			Charles H. Matchett.....	1,314	0.2						
			Charles E. Bentley.....	346	.0						

* Plurality.

† Decrease.

VOTE ON REVISION OF THE BANKING LAW OF WISCONSIN,
NOVEMBER 8, 1898.

By counties.

Counties.	For.	Against.	Bl'ks.	Counties.	For.	Against.	Bl'ks.
Adams.....	237	579		Marathon.....	2,028	2,413	
Ashland.....	970	583		Marquette.....	1,080	623	
Barron.....	735	845		Marquette.....	316	645	
Bayfield.....	300	158		Milwaukee.....	12,314	9,418	
Brown.....	2,372	2,043		Monroe.....	438	781	
Buffalo.....	839	1,176		Oconto.....	666	749	
Burnett.....	173	558		Oconto.....	477	196	
Calumet.....	1,112	1,108	99	Oneida.....	2,393	1,258	
Chippewa.....	1,125	1,002		Outagamie.....	800	1,022	
Clark.....	984	979		Ozaukee.....	99	222	
Columbia.....	1,381	1,507		Pepin.....	549	852	
Crawford.....	595	1,383		Pierce.....	570	810	
Dane.....	4,121	4,685		Polk.....	1,075	777	
Dodge.....	2,710	3,162		Portage.....	558	387	
Door.....	610	875		Price.....	2,380	1,870	
Douglas.....	2,168	816		Racine.....	531	1,581	
Dunn.....	716	1,186		Richland.....	2,064	1,933	
Eau Claire.....	1,502	1,321		Rock.....	815	1,234	
Florence.....	148	146		St. Croix.....	1,261	1,098	
Fond du Lac.....	1,944	3,047		Sauk.....	216	83	
Forest.....	67	54		Sawyer.....	871	1,549	
Grant.....	1,386	3,763		Shawano.....	1,854	2,855	
Green.....	850	1,196		Sheboygan.....	681	736	
Green Lake.....	800	975		Taylor.....	580	967	
Iowa.....	801	1,681		Trempealeau.....	643	2,450	
Iron.....	226	192		Vernon.....	187	79	
Jackson.....	670	718		Vilas.....	1,842	831	
Jefferson.....	1,671	1,743		Walworth.....	274	229	
Jensen.....	399	539		Washburn.....	1,363	1,812	
Kenosha.....	1,114	514	241	Washington.....	1,997	1,862	
Kewaunee.....	942	1,382		Waukesha.....	1,270	945	
La Crosse.....	894	965		Waupaca.....	564	979	
Lafayette.....	661	1,134		Waushara.....	3,777	2,018	
Langlade.....	515	1,105		Wood.....	939	935	
Lincoln.....	944	935					
Manitowoc.....	2,716	2,319		Total.....	86,872	92,607	340

GOVERNMENTAL VOTE BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1896.						GOVERNOR, 1896.								
	Sawyer, Dem.	Wor- ley, Fed.	Chadn. Pro.	Scottfield, Rep.	Tuttle, Dem. of Am.	Riese, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scottfield, Rep.	Hen- derson, Nat.	Tut- trop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
ADAMS Co.—3d dist.															
Adams	38	1	2	72	2	1	...	34	32	1	85	...	...	...	53
Big Flata	17	5	...	82	...	...	...	36	16	1	55	...	...	...	39
Colburn	7	4	...	60	...	...	...	53	10	1	62	...	...	...	52
Dell Prairie	27	2	3	61	...	...	...	34	41	3	93	...	...	...	54
Easton	26	2	1	50	...	...	...	15	23	...	82	...	...	...	92
Jackson	17	...	3	54	...	...	...	67	15	4	107	...	...	...	55
Leola	...	...	...	35	...	...	...	35	2	...	57	...	...	...	53
Lincoln	21	...	...	51	1	...	...	30	83	...	66	...	...	...	102
Monroe	11	1	2	82	...	...	...	71	10	...	112	...	...	...	52
New Chester	13	...	2	67	...	...	...	54	16	4	68	...	...	...	57
New Haven	61	1	1	100	...	...	...	39	66	1	123	...	...	...	36
Preston	28	1	2	31	...	...	...	8	18	1	23	...	...	...	8
Quincy	27	...	...	42	...	...	...	15	32	1	43	...	...	...	30
Richfield	10	...	2	38	1	1	...	28	12	4	62	...	...	...	36
Rome	25	...	4	41	2	...	...	16	18	4	48	...	...	...	50
Springville	20	...	3	90	...	...	...	70	31	...	83	...	...	...	82
Strong's Prairie	63	...	2	99	1	...	...	36	17	2	223	...	...	...	206
Total	420	17	27	1,055	7	2	...	635	397	27	1,427	...	...	...	1,030
Republican plurality							...	635				...	...	...	1,030
ASHLAND Co.—9th dist.															
Ashland, 1st precinct	46	6	...	43	...	...	...	78	66	1	54	...	...	...	...
2d precinct	27	...	7	51	...	...	...	...	68	...	102	...	...	...	...
3d precinct	3	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	6	...	37	...	...	...	32
4th precinct	40	9	...	97	2	1	...	...	107	2	...	...	...	...	...
Ashland, city	61	7	9	165	2	...	...	...	64	6	231	...	...	...	...
1st precinct	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2d precinct	52	3	14	79	...	...	...	...	63	...	105	...	...	...	...

[illegible]

GUBERNATORIAL VOTE BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1896.						GOVERNOR, 1896.								
	Sawyer, Dem.	Wors- ley, Pro.	Chafin, Pro.	Scotfield, Rep.	Tuttle, Sec. Dem. of Am.	Riese, Sec. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scotfield, Rep.	Hen- derson, Nat.	Tut- trop, Sec. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
BARRON Co.—Cont.															
Turtle Lake, village.....	16	1	1	38				22		8					59
Vance Creek.....	4		4	37				33			67				
Total.....	975	118	108	1,660	3	6	88	1,073	1,323	165	2,765	4		82	1,519
Republican plurality.....								88							1,437
BAYFIELD Co.—10th dist.															
Bayfield, 1st precinct.....	109	126	4	201	1	2		104	116	12	350		3		294
Bayfield, 2d precinct.....	17	46	5	29	1	3		104	52	1	112		1		178
Drummond.....	133	147	7	151	1	1		9	167	7	266			81	
Iron River, 1st precinct.....	14	8	4	5	1	1		69	30	1	12			237	
Iron River, 2d precinct.....	44	2	1	113	1	1		18	51	4	268				
Mason.....	6	1	17	24	1	1			143		401				
Cratt.....	163	2		246	1	1		234	3	15	22	1	1		660
Wauburn, 1st precinct.....	2	8	11	562	2	2		172	388	1	515	1	1		
Wauburn, 2d precinct.....	156	1	21	281	2	3		15	15		60				
Wauburn, 4th precinct.....	7	1	2	24											
Total.....	697	28	68	1,235	6	10		538	776	46	2,224	1	5		1,443
Republican plurality.....								538							1,443
BROWN Co.—8th dist.															
Alloues.....	85			28			7	29	62		30			32	49
Ashwaubenon.....	28		6	55					83		52			83	
Bellaire.....	75	2		80		3	45		90		54	1		84	
De Pere.....	73	2	2	32		1	41		130	1	50			80	

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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[illegible]

GUBERNATORIAL VOTE BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1898.						GOVERNOR, 1896.								
	Sawyer, Dem.	Wor- ley, Pro.	Chaffin, Pro.	Scofield, Rep.	Tuttle, Soc. Dem. of Am.	Riese, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scofield, Rep.	Hen- derson, Nat.	Tut- trop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
BUFFALO Co.—Cont.															
Canton	27	1	1	69	1	.....	.....	42	49	.....	133	.....	.....	.....	84
Cross	39	.....	.....	34	.....	.....	5	.....	50	.....	61	.....	.....	.....	11
Dover	16	.....	1	103	2	.....	.....	87	23	.....	160	.....	.....	.....	137
Fountain City:															
Howard	48	1	1	44	1	.....	6	.....	39	1	69	.....	.....	.....	52
2d ward	61	1	1	59	1	.....	.....	.....	49	3	71	.....	.....	.....	111
Gilmanston	33	1	1	98	.....	.....	8	65	33	3	144	.....	.....	.....	.....
Glencoe	63	2	1	55	.....	.....	.....	.....	77	.....	72	.....	.....	23	.....
Lincoln	61	1	1	40	.....	1	21	.....	85	.....	83	.....	.....	22	.....
Marville	28	.....	2	49	.....	.....	.....	21	53	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	30
Milton	22	1	15	18	.....	1	4	.....	40	.....	36	.....	.....	4	.....
Modena	40	.....	.....	130	.....	.....	.....	90	23	20	147	.....	.....	.....	119
Mondovi	20	.....	1	113	.....	1	.....	93	27	2	147	1	.....	.....	120
Mondovi city:															
1st ward	21	.....	4	73	.....	.....	.....	102	8	3	105	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward	38	.....	3	93	.....	.....	.....	.....	18	3	130	.....	.....	.....	209
Montana	37	.....	.....	36	.....	.....	1	.....	50	.....	64	2	.....	.....	14
Naples	6	.....	7	136	.....	.....	.....	130	9	2	189	.....	.....	.....	180
Nelson	87	1	7	173	1	.....	.....	86	103	11	238	1	.....	.....	135
Waumandee	78	3	.....	48	.....	.....	30	.....	93	1	77	.....	.....	16	.....
Total	1,011	47	51	1,640	6	4	107	738 107	1,302	61	2,303	4	.....	210	1,211
Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	629	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,001
BURNETT Co.—10th dist.															
Grantsburg	8	23	7	204	1	1	.....	198	63	7	302	.....	.....	.....	239
Grantsburg, village	13	11	15	76	.....	.....	.....	63	51	2	80	.....	.....	.....	29
Marshland, 1st precinct	12	15	2	66	.....	5	.....	.....	56	.....	70	.....	2	18	.....
2d precinct	3	13	3	121	1	1	6	100							
2d precinct	6	12	3	17						1	59				
Rusk	5	7	2	40				85	28						31

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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Trade Lake.....	4	30	11	142	1	2	138	74	9	149	1	15	71
Wood Lake.....		20	13	130		2	117	47	9	141			100
Total.....	84	136	56	703	3	12	649	355	23	607	1	3	470
Republican plurality							649						118
CALUMET Co.—6th dist.													452
Brillion, village.....	77	2	2	200	2	1	123	84	1	231			147
Brotherstown.....	51	3	3	113			59	71		113			43
Brotherstown.....	106		3	118			12	197	5	38			109
Charlestown.....	130		2	114	3	2	16	146	1	131	1		15
Chilton.....	145	3	3	58	1	2	87	182	2	78			104
Chilton, city.....	202	4	3	122	1		80	188	1	144			44
Harrison.....	184	12	3	69			115	288		106			191
Hilbert, village.....	183	4	3	37	2	1	16						
New Holstein.....	107	9	1	219	1	1	112	164	2	222			58
Rantoul.....	95	2	1	138	1		43	159	4	240			41
Stockbridge.....	120	25	6	143		1	23	243	10	161			82
Woodville.....	138	1	4	39			99	165	1	65			130
Total.....	1,411	65	30	1,370	10	8	372	1,997	27	1,539	1		298
Democratic plurality							41						358
CHIPPewa Co.—10th dist.													
Anson.....	83	1		67			29	60	2	74			14
Arthur.....	45	13	2	32				56		99			43
Auburn, 1st precinct.....	23	9	5	108	1		35	108	2	117	1		16
Auburn, 2d precinct.....	21	2	7	44				36	3	63	1		
Big Bend, 1st precinct.....	88	1	2	160			92	71	5	119	2		183
Big Bend, 2d precinct.....	21		2	56				4	2	38			
Big Bend, 3d precinct.....	112	1	2	68		1	44	243	5	322			79
Bloomer, village.....	58	3	4	90	1		24		7				
Boyd, village.....	62		2	51			11						
Cadott, village.....	47	1	2	72			25	50	3	152			102
Chippewa Falls, city:													
1st ward.....	78	1	11	77		1		100	10	113	2		
2d ward.....	118	2	9	77				172	3	102	1		
3d ward.....	141	1	3	106				184	8	177			
4th ward.....	51	1	2	56				54		68			
5th ward.....	88	3	3	69				117	2	131			
6th ward.....	163	2	6	66		1		146	1	135	4		127
Total.....	799	50	6	630	1			1,076	24	949			

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Fremont.....	6	1	45	70	13	3	108	121	1	108
Grant.....	27	1	107	22	45	3	143	149	1	143
Green Grove.....	13	1	71	53	5	5	141	142	1	141
Greenwood, city.....	13	1	29	19	84	7	147	148	1	147
Hewitt.....	29	1	100	16	11	1	139	139	1	139
Hiram.....	14	1	83	71	53	3	74	74	1	74
Harmon.....	25	1	31	6	23	2	77	77	1	77
Lewis.....	33	1	104	31	33	3	157	157	1	157
Loyal, village.....	48	1	57	65	39	5	65	65	1	65
Lynn.....	15	1	44	29	24	4	79	79	1	79
Longwood.....	27	1	50	23	20	2	224	224	1	224
Menville.....	70	1	104	34	51	3	138	138	1	138
Mead.....	4	1	7	3	3	3	82	82	1	82
Mentor.....	47	1	86	39	56	2	153	153	1	153
Nedleville, city.....	100	2	222	122	153	4	148	148	1	148
Pine Valley.....	32	2	62	60	63	4	112	112	1	112
Reeseburg.....	14	1	38	24	38	3	42	42	1	42
Rossmore.....	25	1	21	17	6	1	83	83	1	83
Sherwood Forest.....	4	1	41	23	31	3	104	104	1	104
Thorp, village.....	18	1	52	22	53	4	95	95	1	95
Unity.....	27	1	49	19	37	3	91	91	1	91
Warner.....	33	1	52	25	33	6	63	63	1	63
Washington.....	18	1	43	32	35	5	104	104	1	104
Weston, west precinct.....	30	2	19	9	106	2	31	31	1	31
Weston, east precinct.....	13	2	86	9	77	2	44	44	1	44
Withee.....	17	3	26	11	28	13	151	151	1	151
Worden.....	21	1	10	36	41	13	208	208	1	208
York.....	32	1	68	11	41	13	48	48	1	48
Total.....	945	36	2,045	1,111	1,341	100	3,299	3,299	12	3,299
Republican plurality.....				1,100			1,933	1,933		1,933
COLUMBIA CO.—24 dist.										
Arlington.....	27	2	55	28	57	15	123	123	1	123
Caledonia.....	71	3	107	32	95	12	100	100	1	100
Camorta.....	24	1	105	77	68	6	123	123	1	123
Columbus.....	63	1	66	5	44	6	145	145	1	145
Columbus city:										
24 ward.....	53	1	124	103	151	7	373	373	1	373
24 ward.....	187	1	280	108	157	5	125	125	1	125
24 ward.....	75	1	140	107	59	23	290	290	1	290
Courland.....	33	1	85	40	84	2	124	124	1	124
Dekorra.....	45	1	85	40	84	2	124	124	1	124

GUBERNATORIAL VOTE BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1886.						GOVERNOR, 1896.							
	Sawyer, Dem.	Wor- ley, Pro.	Chaffin, Pro.	Scofield, Rep.	Tuttle, Soc. Dem. of Am.	Riese, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkley, Pro.	Scofield, Rep.	Hen- derson, Nat.	Tut- trop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Rep. Plu.
DANE Co.—Continued.														
Madison, city:														
1st ward.....	161	2	13	219	2	..	..	..	*472	24	395	1	..	..
2d ward.....	213	1	9	276	..	..	..	..	1380	15	670	..	..	..
3d ward.....	246	3	3	142	..	..	..	..	254	5	222	..	..	..
4th ward.....	151	8	7	128	4	..	..	..	167	8	135	1	..	..
5th ward, 1st precinct.	165	23	11	116	1	1	6	..	177	10	2,059	2	..	29
5th ward, 2d precinct.	175	1	76	127	1	..	..	..	134	97	134	1	..	..
6th ward.....	181	2	12	118	5	..	..	..	172	19	172	..	..	..
7th ward.....	321	..	8	185	1	1	..	..	145	10	139	..	..	..
8th ward.....	197	1	3	173	1	..	..	..	234	6	272	..	..	..
8th ward.....	303	3	3	99	5	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Mazomanie.....	50	..	9	37	..	..	13	..	122	21	218	..	..	98
Mazomanie, village.....	85	1	15	80	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Medina.....	103	1	19	106	1	..	..	..	140	14	195	..	..	55
Middleton.....	189	3	3	52	..	..	107	..	260	7	134	..	..	128
Montrose.....	136	3	10	82	2	2	..	..	149	2	99	1	..	50
Oregon.....	78	9	45	45	..	..	33	..	† 170	21	236	..	..	66
Oregon, village.....	89	2	16	77	..	..	12	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Perry.....	75	1	7	89	..	..	..	..	62	6	162	..	..	100
Primrose.....	63	..	4	61	..	..	27	..	59	6	119	..	..	60
Pleasant Springs.....	69	2	12	163	1	1	..	..	88	17	263	..	..	207
Roxbury.....	125	1	11	13	..	..	110	..	161	..	83	..	..	123
Rutland.....	35	..	..	149	..	..	..	..	70	15	262	..	..	112
Springdale.....	105	2	5	83	..	..	32	..	97	4	162	1	..	55
Springfield.....	133	3	3	20	..	..	138	..	197	2	45	..	1	149
Stoughton, city:														
1st ward.....	63	7	24	134	1	..	..	..	62	18	214	..	..	872
2d ward.....	81	7	20	215	..	1	..	205	80	17	370	..	1	..
3d ward.....	91	1	6	76	..	..	15	..	125	4	117	..	..	8
Sun Prairie.....	94	9	9	102	..	..	..	..	75	5	129	1	..	64
Sun Prairie, village.....	98	3	3	58	..	..	..	..	50	3	205	..	..	165
Vienna.....	65	3	3	58	..	..	..	..	143	20	91	..	..	..
Verona.....	103	3	17	83	..	..	47	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

* 1st and 2d precincts.
† Includes village.

* 1st and 2d precincts.

† Includes village.

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Vermont.....	61	1	5	56	1	1,716	901	78	9	135	1	28	57
Waukegan, village.....	68	1	5	56	1	901	901	91	3	296	4	79	198
Westport.....	117	1	11	137	1	815	815	91	3	296	4	79	198
Windsor.....	117	1	11	137	1	815	815	91	3	296	4	79	198
York.....	54	2	16	78	1	815	815	91	3	296	4	79	198
Totals.....	6,276	76	496	5,461	33	14	1,716	901	513	8,747	15	1,016	2,939
Democratic plurality													1,016
Republican plurality													1,913
Dodge Co.—2d dist.													
Ashippun.....	116	1	4	126		1	56	91	5	221	2	36	130
Beaver Dam.....	126	3	1	70				177	2	141			
Beaver Dam, city:													
1st ward.....	147	2	2	36				153	9	38	4	97	
2d ward.....	213	8	17	44		277		175	9	123	4		
3d ward.....	122	3	10	168				113	9	139			
4th ward.....	198	2	10	113				167	9	137			
Burnett.....	107	1	3	84		1	23	98	4	153			
Calamus.....	62	3	4	44			13	101	13	107			60
Chester.....	73	2	4	76			3	74	3	101			27
Clyman.....	171	1	1	73			98	170		98			
Elba.....	117	1	5	76			41	122	12	128			6
Emmet.....	174	2	3	70			101	155	1	125			
Fox Lake.....	44	1	4	98			44	56	6	142			30
Fox Lake, village.....	118	1	4	95		1	23	118	9	132			14
Herman.....	162			133			29	120		172	1		52
Heron, city:													
1st ward.....	71	1	1	34			74						
2d ward.....	61	1	2	24									
3d ward.....	46	2	4	46									
Hubbard.....	141	1	1	106			35	271	2	383	1		92
Hustisford.....	252	3	1	100			152	161		189			8
Juneau, city:													
1st ward.....	79	1	2	44			97	73	3	31		84	
2d ward.....	94	1	2	32				82	3	40			
Lebanon.....	202			59			143	139	2	161			25
Leroy.....	153		4	121		1	23	132	3	192			60
Lomira.....	220		2	157			33	176	4	271			96
Lowell.....	183	1	4	112			73	198	5	193	1	5	
Lowell, village.....	49		2	28			21	42	3	44			3
Mayville, city:													
1st ward.....	64			42			109	41	2	59			24
2d ward.....	235			146				32	2	35			
3d ward.....	129			51				91		94			

*1st and 2d precincts.

GOVERNATORIAL VOTE BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS,	GOVERNOR, 1893.						GOVERNOR, 1893.								
	Sawyer, Dem.	Wor- ley, Pro.	Chaffin, Pro.	Scotfield, Rep.	Tuttle, Dem. of Am.	Riese, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scotfield, Rep.	Hen- derson, Nat.	Tut- tleson, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
Dodge Co.—Con.															
Oak Grove.....	185	1	2	115	1		67		210	3	174			36	....
Portland.....	85			44			41	46	145	2	101			44	....
Randolph, east ward.	29		9	75					31	5	99				68
Reeseville, village.....	71			88			33		46		54				8
Rubicon.....	183	2	4	182			31		182	3	223				41
Shields.....	183	1	1	20			133		157		51			108	....
Theresa.....	135	2	2	107			28		179	1	226				47
Theresa, village.....	63			27			36								....
Trenton.....	102		5	139				37	134	1	225		1		91
Watertown, city:															
5th ward.....	123	1	1	51	2				125	1	79			35	....
6th ward.....	162	7	1	87	1		147	26	145		156				....
Wauwatosa, south ward.	142	6	15	168			53		114	1	265			72	....
Westford.....	85	1	4	32			21		70	1	145			78	....
Williamstown.....	108		1	84											....
Total.....	5,364	63	122	3,534	12	4	2,028	178	5,019	108	5,573	9	4	617	1,171
Democratic plurality							1,350								....
Republican plurality															....
Dodge Co.—8th dist.															....
Bailey's Harbor.....	56	2	8	44			12	78	59	1	99				40
Brussels.....	19			97				56	45		170				125
Clay Banks.....	29	2	1	65				5	31	3	85				25
Egg Harbor.....	49	2	2	119				61	85	5	158	1			73
Foreville.....	93	1	1	119	1			64	62	2	108				149
Gardner.....	24	1	3	96				57	48	2	175				165
Gibraltar.....	39	3	1	145		1	1	172	17	15	290				268
Liberty Grove.....	13			140				13	90		135				
Nauwaubee.....	59	1	25	182				23							

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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Senatorial.....	73	2	2	1	73	66	1	2	1	63	106	1	141	86	1	86	28
Sturgeon Bay.....	170	1	1	2	256	343	2	2	2	150	156	6	383	468	9	383	281
Sturgeon Bay, city:	193	2	2	4	87	51	4	2	2	48	31	8	105	96	3	105	89
1st precinct.....	23	1	1	1	59	59	1	1	1	57	13	14	105	105	3	105	91
2d precinct.....	2	1	1	1	59	59	1	1	1	57	13	14	105	105	3	105	91
Washington.....	2	1	1	1	59	59	1	1	1	57	13	14	105	105	3	105	91
Total.....	648	32	43	43	1,571	1,571	4	5	4	925	987	43	2,402	2,402	1	2,402	1,503
Republican plurality.....										923							1,503
Douglas Co.—10th dist.																	
Brule, 1st precinct.....	38	2	4	1	58	147	1	1	1	76	90	4	102	237	7	102	145
2d precinct.....	18	1	1	1	58	147	1	1	1	76	90	4	102	237	7	102	145
3d precinct.....	15	1	1	1	58	147	1	1	1	76	90	4	102	237	7	102	145
Gordon, 1st precinct.....	26	2	2	2	119	167	2	2	2	141	35	1	46	46	1	46	11
2d precinct.....	20	2	2	2	119	167	2	2	2	141	35	1	46	46	1	46	11
Nebagawan, 1st precinct.....	16	1	1	1	91	167	1	1	1	137	38	1	235	235	1	235	72
2d precinct.....	11	1	1	1	91	167	1	1	1	137	38	1	235	235	1	235	72
3d precinct.....	5	1	1	1	91	167	1	1	1	137	38	1	235	235	1	235	72
4th precinct.....	38	4	4	4	95	225	4	4	4	54	123	3	164	164	3	164	38
Superior, 1st precinct.....	13	1	1	1	52	96	1	1	1	54	27	1	39	39	1	39	38
2d precinct.....	13	1	1	1	52	96	1	1	1	54	27	1	39	39	1	39	38
3d precinct.....	16	1	1	1	52	96	1	1	1	54	27	1	39	39	1	39	38
Superior, city:																	
1st ward, 1st precinct.....	183	11	5	5	238	227	2	2	2	856	138	4	341	341	4	341	1,245
2d ward, 1st precinct.....	79	5	1	1	41	125	1	1	1	1	123	9	74	74	9	74	1,245
3d ward, 1st precinct.....	54	2	1	1	125	125	1	1	1	1	140	10	200	200	10	200	1,245
4th ward, 1st precinct.....	119	4	2	2	161	161	2	2	2	186	186	4	201	201	4	201	1,245
5th ward, 1st precinct.....	132	5	2	2	173	173	2	2	2	186	186	4	201	201	4	201	1,245
6th ward, 1st precinct.....	150	7	3	3	203	227	3	3	3	14	161	2	331	331	2	331	1,245
7th ward, 1st precinct.....	74	4	2	2	125	125	2	2	2	1	123	9	74	74	9	74	1,245
8th ward, 1st precinct.....	132	5	2	2	173	173	2	2	2	186	186	4	201	201	4	201	1,245
9th ward, 1st precinct.....	150	7	3	3	203	227	3	3	3	14	161	2	331	331	2	331	1,245
10th ward, 1st precinct.....	74	4	2	2	125	125	2	2	2	1	123	9	74	74	9	74	1,245
11th ward, 1st precinct.....	132	5	2	2	173	173	2	2	2	186	186	4	201	201	4	201	1,245
12th ward, 1st precinct.....	150	7	3	3	203	227	3	3	3	14	161	2	331	331	2	331	1,245
13th ward, 1st precinct.....	74	4	2	2	125	125	2	2	2	1	123	9	74	74	9	74	1,245
14th ward, 1st precinct.....	132	5	2	2	173	173	2	2	2	186	186	4	201	201	4	201	1,245
15th ward, 1st precinct.....	150	7	3	3	203	227	3	3	3	14	161	2	331	331	2	331	1,245
Total.....	1,578	70	182	182	2,882	2,882	17	31	31	1,284	2,498	87	4,113	4,113	5	4,113	1,615
Republican plurality.....										1,284							1,615

* Includes 4th, 5th and 6th precincts.

GUBERNATORIAL VOTE BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1893.						GOVERNOR, 1894.							
	Sawyer, Dem.	Wor- ley, Pro.	Chafin, Pro.	Scofield, Rep.	Tuttle, Soc. Dem. of Am.	Riese, Soc. Lab.	Dem Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scofield, Rep.	Hen- derson, Nat.	Tut- trop, Soc. Lab.	Dem Plu.	Rep. Plu.
DUNN Co.—10th dist.														
Colfax	84	4	9	60	1	.....	26	36	1	162	.....	.....	.....	123
Dunn	74	6	7	119	.....	.....	45	101	20	173	.....	.....	.....	72
Earl	61	1	1	91	.....	.....	30	129	7	171	.....	.....	.....	42
Elk Mound	7	6	6	46	1	.....	39	24	1	123	.....	.....	.....	39
Grant	29	9	.....	34	.....	.....	5	37	1	102	.....	.....	.....	35
Hay River	42	2	4	30	.....	.....	.....	50	2	180	.....	.....	.....	50
Lucas	48	5	4	45	.....	.....	.....	66	5	114	.....	.....	.....	46
Menomonie	59	7	8	83	.....	.....	24	98	9	228	.....	.....	.....	131
Menomonie, city:														
1st ward	41	4	3	56	.....	.....	.....	25	6	138	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward	68	5	6	115	.....	.....	.....	79	8	171	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward	55	17	9	123	.....	.....	.....	38	83	192	.....	.....	.....	499
4th ward	59	5	7	112	.....	.....	.....	65	13	205	.....	.....	.....	.....
New Haven	17	9	.....	41	.....	.....	24	27	3	85	.....	.....	.....	61
Other Creek	16	5	1	16	.....	.....	.....	20	1	47	.....	.....	.....	27
Pern	17	3	.....	37	.....	.....	.....	9	1	63	.....	.....	.....	59
Red Cedar	27	5	3	63	.....	.....	21	73	6	161	.....	.....	.....	83
Rock Creek	20	1	1	61	.....	.....	41	19	5	146	.....	.....	.....	127
Sand Creek	18	9	3	72	.....	.....	54	30	5	113	.....	.....	.....	69
Sheridan	26	2	.....	23	.....	.....	.....	22	2	92	.....	.....	.....	53
Sherman	22	4	.....	34	.....	.....	12	31	2	115	.....	.....	.....	57
Spring Brook	25	16	14	44	.....	.....	19	83	2	152	.....	.....	.....	54
Stanton	78	19	21	53	.....	.....	.....	96	6	160	.....	.....	.....	64
Tainter	15	1	.....	26	.....	.....	.....	23	1	65	.....	.....	.....	36
Tiffany	62	13	.....	67	.....	.....	5	136	1	171	.....	.....	.....	.....
Weston	47	8	3	30	.....	.....	.....	58	4	130	.....	.....	.....	.....
Wilson	25	.....	1	35	.....	.....	10	16	3	69	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	1,022	182	127	1,527	7	7	61	1,430	143	3,340	2	5	20	1,930
Republican plurality							506							1,910

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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Eau Claire Co.—7th dist.													
Alcoona, city:													
1st ward	23	50	1	10	38	1	14	23	56	1	29	90	84
2d ward	22	102	8	26	112	1	40	28	114	20	69	194	80
Angusta, city:													8
Bridge Creek	86	12	12	12	99	12	14	126	126	6	1	141	141
Brunswick	39	2	2	2	82	2	60	72	72	4	1	250	178
Clear Creek	42	1	1	1	52	1	40	56	56	4	1	88	132
Drummen	4				75		71	7	7	4		146	136
Eau Claire, city:													
1st ward	128	2	2	55	147	1		147	147	3	181		
2d ward	146	137	6	137	176	6		176	176	13	237		
3d ward	83	272	4	272	89	4		89	89	17	369		
4th ward	98	193	10	193	61	20		61	61	7	185		
5th ward	103	1,106	31	1,527	1,527	4		1,527	1,527	20	2,515	1	1,164
6th ward	103	103	13	123	123	1		123	123	30	293		
7th ward	178	167	12	167	167	1		167	167	32	297		
8th ward	94	167	12	167	177	1		177	177	32	383		
9th ward	116	104	7	120	149	1		149	149	17	259		
10th ward										4	202		
Palmer, village	23	24	1	48	48	1	25	60	60	5	227		167
Lincoln	147	71	4	106	106	2	76	210	210	4	126	84	
Lundington	22	1	2	71	71	2	30	38	38	3	40	42	
Otter Creek	17	5	1	52	52	1	35	38	38	7	118	52	
Pleasant Valley	41	122	1	122	122	1	84	84	84	9	162	128	
Seymour	46	27	3	27	27	3	19	41	41	4	45	4	
Union	40	3	3	43	43	3	28	56	56	7	100	4	
Washington	61	1	4	89	89	4	3	85	85	12	135	80	
Total	1,850	42	183	2,646	2,646	22	7	3,397	3,397	220	4,447	84	2,134
Republican plurality												1	84
Florence Co.—9th dist.													
Commonwealth	23	8	1	94	94			26	26	2	149	123	
Florence	58	7	4	151	151	1		74	74	1	281	207	
Homestead	14		1	52	52	1		22	22	2	61	39	
Total	120	10	6	297	297	2	1	122	122	5	491	369	
Republican plurality													369
Fond du Lac Co.—6th dist.													
Alto	70	1	6	140	140			68	68	4	216	143	
Ashford	170	3	13	116	116		54	214	214	5	197	17	

GUBERNATORIAL VOTE BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1896.						GOVERNOR, 1896.								
	Sawyer, Dem.	Wor- ley, Pro.	Chafin, Pro.	Scotfield, Rep.	Tuttle, Soc. Dem. of Am.	Riese, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scotfield, Rep.	Han- derson, Nat.	Tut- trop. Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
FOND DU LAC Co.—Con.															
Auburn	124	1	10	142	.....	1	.....	18	136	7	199	.....	1	.....	63
Brandon	51	.....	11	92	.....	.....	.....	38	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	14
Byron	147	2	11	120	.....	1	27	.....	166	6	180	.....	.....	217	.....
Calumet	172	1	1	31	.....	.....	141	.....	266	3	48	.....	.....	.....	.....
Eden	144	5	13	139	.....	.....	5	.....	168	1	200	.....	.....	.....	82
Eldorado	130	4	6	117	.....	1	13	.....	182	4	188	.....	.....	.....	69
Empire	114	2	3	102	.....	.....	12	.....	113	4	140	.....	.....	.....	27
Fond du Lac	94	1	6	117	.....	.....	.....	23	134	4	177	.....	.....	.....	43
Fond du Lac, city:															
1st ward	200	12	6	247	1	.....	.....	.....	251	6	288	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward	209	7	18	234	.....	.....	.....	.....	229	9	290	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward	157	11	3	211	1	.....	.....	.....	216	1	289	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th ward	301	4	50	163	2	2	189	.....	352	2	210	1	1	.....	83
5th ward	103	3	2	71	7	1	.....	.....	99	1	103	.....	.....	.....	.....
6th ward	116	5	2	61	1	.....	.....	.....	122	1	100	.....	.....	.....	.....
7th ward	123	5	7	82	1	.....	.....	.....	146	2	130	.....	.....	.....	.....
8th ward	138	11	9	194	1	.....	.....	.....	197	4	234	.....	.....	.....	.....
Forest	129	1	3	106	.....	.....	23	.....	155	.....	138	.....	.....	22	.....
Friendship	94	2	2	98	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	119	.....	.....	.....	74
Lamarine	86	.....	5	109	.....	.....	.....	23	125	1	200	.....	1	385	.....
Marshfield	322	1	.....	80	.....	.....	292	.....	871	3	36	.....	.....	.....	194
Metomen	71	1	12	100	.....	.....	.....	29	123	19	317	.....	.....	.....	115
Oakfield	66	6	13	218	.....	.....	.....	152	117	11	232	.....	1	.....	78
Osceola	77	4	2	122	.....	.....	.....	55	114	1	187	.....	.....	.....	153
Ripon	38	2	7	88	.....	.....	.....	50	64	4	216	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ripon, city:															
1st ward	62	2	2	77	.....	.....	.....	.....	62	5	128	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward	45	3	10	123	.....	.....	.....	245	207	1	36	.....	.....	.....	397
3d ward	61	5	5	467	.....	.....	.....	.....	48	1	184	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th ward	54	8	8	122	.....	.....	.....	100	48	15	155	.....	.....	.....	174
Boendale	41	1	16	141	.....	.....	.....	21	66	.....	240	.....	.....	.....	45
Springville	142	2	3	106					117	8	160				
Taycheedah	134		3	61			73		231	3	62			172	

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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Waupun.....ward.	83	2	8	92		84	39	78	5	207		129
Waupun, city, n. ward.	156	6	6	72				156	2	177		21
Total.....	4,194	114	235	4,201	17	7	863	5,033	170	6,069	4	1,819
Republican plurality	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	763
FOREST Co.—9th dist.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,056
Cavour:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1st precinct.....	40	1	1	64	1	.....	56	122	5	158	1	138
2d precinct.....	27	.....	1	59	.....	.....	.....	83	1	30	.....	.....
Crandon:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1st precinct.....	45	1	1	23	.....	8	.....	82	3	77	1	113
2d precinct.....	20	1	5	39	.....	.....	.....	34	5	101	.....	.....
Total.....	132	3	7	185	1	.....	56	48	15	408	2	245
Republican plurality	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	169	.....	.....	.....	6
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	239
GAULT Co.—3d dist.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Beetown.....	112	1	6	112	.....	2	.....	142	5	136	.....	6
Bloomington.....	52	1	1	51	.....	.....	.....	103	19	160	.....	57
Bloomington, village.....	37	1	8	69	.....	1	32	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rosobel.....	130	1	1	230	.....	.....	100	142	5	273	.....	131
Cassville.....	61	3	20	45	.....	16	18	205	2	170	.....	35
Cassville, village.....	94	7	1	76	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Castle Rock.....	75	1	.....	22	.....	53	.....	124	7	48	1	76
Clifton.....	29	1	6	132	1	.....	103	47	.....	166	.....	119
Cuba City, village.....	46	.....	4	75	.....	.....	29	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ellenboro.....	25	.....	.....	139	.....	.....	114	36	2	157	.....	121
Fennimore.....	47	1	5	125	.....	1	78	113	13	284	.....	171
Fennimore, village.....	78	2	16	124	.....	.....	46	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Glen Haven.....	63	2	.....	99	.....	1	36	94	1	132	2	88
Harrison.....	43	1	1	122	.....	.....	79	.....	8	163	.....	90
Hazel Green.....	74	1	.....	60	3	14	.....	159	9	141	.....	18
Hazel Green, village.....	34	1	4	61	.....	.....	50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hickory Grove.....	83	1	.....	83	.....	.....	27	43	4	122	.....	79
Jamesstown.....	98	.....	2	37	.....	61	.....	169	.....	44	.....	.....
Lancaster:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1st precinct.....	122	1	11	251	.....	.....	108	164	14	342	1	343
2d precinct.....	271	2	27	216	1	.....	6	124	16	288	.....	10
Liberty.....	149	1	16	97	.....	.....	.....	105	1	115	.....	.....

1 Gagen, 1st precinct. *2d precinct. *1st and second precincts. *Pelican Lake. *Includes village.

GUBERNATORIAL VOTE BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued.

GOVERNOR, 1896.													GOVERNOR, 1896.												
COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.													COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.												
Sawyer, Dem.	Wor- ley, Pro.	Chasdn, Pro.	Scotfield, Rep.	Tuttle, Dem. Am.	Riese, Dem. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scotfield, Rep.	Henderson, Nat.	Tut- trop, Nat. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.											
GRANT Co.—Cont.																									
46	2	5	134	.....	.....	.....	88	64	6	162	1	.....	.....	98											
44		2	59	.....	.....	.....	15	38	3	91	.....	.....	.....	53											
31		1	45	.....	.....	.....	13	68	.....	56	.....	.....	12	.....											
10		1	24	.....	.....	.....	24	.....	7	44	.....	.....	.....	38											
44		4	84	.....	.....	.....	20	.....	.....	111	.....	.....	.....	.....											
55	1	3	94	.....	.....	.....	25	63	.....	112	.....	.....	.....	.....											
54		3	79	.....	.....	.....	15	78	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....											
46		3	79	.....	.....	.....	15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....											
44		1	80	.....	.....	.....	16	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....											
64	2	1	30	.....	.....	.....	16	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....											
119	1	3	53	.....	.....	.....	64	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....											
61		2	53	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....											
88	1	5	62	.....	.....	.....	25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....											
143 } 304	3 } 7	18 } 25	334 } 572	1 } 2	.....	.....	298	143 } 337	11 } 20	337 } 663	1 } 1	.....	.....	226											
161 } 25	4 } 1	7 } 3	238 } 107	1 } 1	1	53	.....	194 } 282	9 } 6	335 } 202	.....	.....	.....	.....											
62			51	.....	.....	.....	31	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....											
44		2	58	.....	.....	.....	43	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....											
53		3	84	.....	.....	.....	41	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....											
41			48	.....	.....	.....	41	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....											
50			79	.....	.....	.....	29	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....											
68	1	1	79	.....	.....	.....	29	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....											
68		4	112	.....	.....	.....	49	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....											
63		8	112	.....	.....	.....	49	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....											
2,947	49	188	4,094	15	6	335	1,532	3,685	205	5,281	6	8	518	2,114											
.....							885	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	518											
.....							1,147							1,598											
Republican plurality																									
GREEN Co.—1st dist.																									
68	1	1	51				17							85											
38	7	6	80				45							108											
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* Includes village.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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Albany, village.....	27	5	13	97	1	2	60	72	177	13	123	264	1	1	63	87
Brookhead:	42	23	11	90	1	1	29	105	101	5	141	192	1	1	80	91
1st ward.....	14	13	4	118	1	1	44	190	190	13	146	146			63	
2d ward.....	14	8	11	83			31	59	59	5	120	120			80	
Brooklyn.....	17	17	6	18			32	104	104	3	115	115			56	
Brownstown.....	46	10	4	63	1		23	104	104	15	144	144			7	
Cadiz.....	96	37	13	39			61	140	140	6	186	186			80	
Clarno.....	67	13	10	127			30	115	115	6	146	146			52	
Deerhurst.....	66	5	11	59	1		32	131	131	2	135	135			27	
Jefferson.....	59	6	6	51				79	103	432	145	528	1	1		
Forbush.....	59	8	3	61				103	143	8	135	141	1	1		
Monroe.....	58	8	3	51				107	107	6	141	141				
Monroe, city:																
1st ward.....	71	5	4	142				41	83	14	198	198				
2d ward.....	90	12	8	87	1		131	143	143	6	149	149				
3d ward.....	105	10	3	123	1		41	83	83	14	198	198				
4th ward.....	85	10	3	66	3		27	105	105	10	165	165				
Monticello.....	23	1	2	66			27	105	105	8	153	153				
Mount Pleasant.....	59	1	2	47	5		51	109	109	1	170	170				
New Glarus.....	64	1	1	91	1		85	27	27	7						
Spring Grove.....	42	8	4	85	1		20	85	85	1						
Sylvester.....	26	3	4	77				752	752	183	3,054	3,054	4	4		
Washington.....	26	3	2	41	1			136	136							
York.....	61	3	2	116	1			594	594							
Total.....	1,448	168	129	2,012	15	5	158	2,331	2,331	183	3,054	3,054	11	11	273	996
Republican plurality																273
GREEN LAKE CO.—6th dist.																723
Berlin.....	35	2	2	118	2	2	123	47	47	1	147	147				100
Berlin, city:																
1st ward.....	74	8	3	110				80	112	3	109	109				
2d ward.....	134	8	3	133				112	112	2	121	121				
3d ward.....	501	2	13	531	1	1	83	476	476	5	561	561	2	2		85
4th ward.....	92	3	1	92				105	105	10	132	132				
5th ward.....	96	3	4	113				105	105	13	106	106				
Brooklyn.....	89	5	16	243	2		154	68	68	13	252	252				184
Green Lake.....	183	4	4	148				93	93	7	217	217				124
Kingston.....	83	1	7	95			2	109	109	16	94	94				
Mackford.....	90	9	13	103	2		18	161	161	10	201	201			15	
Manchester.....	138	1	3	91			47	120	120		121	121				40
Markesan, village.....	88	6	2	70			12	92	92							1
Marquette.....	80	3	2	82				275	275	3	90	90			2	
Princeton.....	89	3	3	124	1	1	35				264	264	1	1	11	

*Includes village.

GOVERNMENTAL VOTE BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued.

GOVERNOR, 1896.														
GOVERNOR, 1896.														
Sawyer, Dem.	Work- ley, Pro.	Chaffin, Pro.	Scotfield, Rep.	Futtle, Dem. of Am.	Riese, Rep. Lab.	Dem. Pro.	Rep. Pro.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scotfield, Rep.	Hen- derson, Nat.	Tut- trop, Rep. Lab.	Dem. Pro.	Rep. Pro.
199	5	3	96	1	1	73	11	69	2	72				6
73			36			35	17	74		72			2	
82	1		47											
Total	51	65	1,914	6	12	195	427	1,581	62	2,091		4	30	540
Republican plurality							232							510
IOWA CO. 3d dist.														
Arden	105	4	29	157			52	151	20	186	8			35
Arden	135		6	146	1		11	104	7	236				138
Clyde	83	1	3	88		45		106	2	61		1	47	
Bedfordville	110	5	40	201			91	141	25	230	8			69
Bedfordville, city	133	1	52	273	1		140	130	34	306				176
Eden	86	3	14	70	2	16		103	6	123				18
Eden	139	8	11	61		75		1158	329	1	167		102	
Highland	117	1	1	47		70		173	394	2	30			
Highland, village	69	1	12	135			76		19	323				239
Highland	15	4	4	100			85							
Highland	58	9	9	181			123	95	13	263	1	1		168
Highland	52	7	13	90			8	102	12	153				56
Highland	53													
Highland	289	1	4	310	2		41	61	4	108				171
Highland	78	0	20	57	1		41	54	6	146				
Highland	48	1	4	67	2	3	84	69	3	90				
Highland	80	3	6	159			84	71	7	201			54	130
Moscow	75		2	85			53	170	4	116			44	
Pulaski	128	5	14	113	1		8	148	11	104	2			
Edgeway	121													
1st district.														
2d district.														

* Includes village.

* 2d district.

* 1st district.

Waldwick	70	1	4	58	1	13	5	100	7	98	2	5	27
Wyoming	86	13	13	61	7	5	279	2,145	186	91	9	312	1,247
Total	1,848	33	243	2,285	7	5	279	2,145	186	3,080	9	312	1,247
Republican plurality							437						935
Box Co.—9th dist.													
Knight, 1st precinct	51	2	4	173	1	1	127	64	4	237	1	179	
Knight, 2d precinct	19	1	1	24	2	1	19	35	1	41	1	108	
Saxon	83	1	1	72	1	1	19	41	5	144	1	108	
Vaughn	119	1	1	149	1	1	19	130	7	220	1	590	
1st precinct	53	1	1	64	1	1	77	80	3	232	1	590	
2d precinct	27	1	1	94	1	1	77	88	3	111	1	590	
3d precinct	350	1	1	427	1	1	77	31	4	184	1	590	
4th precinct	102	1	1	83	1	1	77	31	4	184	1	590	
5th precinct	9	1	1	33	1	1	77	31	4	184	1	590	
Total	473	7	16	686	5	1	223	478	30	1,290	1	813	
Republican plurality							223					813	
Jackson Co.—7th dist.													
Albion	56	1	2	156	1	1	100	44	5	268	2	224	
Beaumont	31	1	4	122	1	1	91	84	7	345	2	261	
Black River Falls, city:	3	1	1	8	1	1	5	4	1	25	1	21	
1st ward	19	1	7	72	1	1	125	12	11	91	1	259	
2d ward	19	1	4	57	1	1	125	84	4	77	1	259	
3d ward	27	1	6	51	1	1	125	19	4	66	1	259	
4th ward	43	1	1	53	1	1	125	42	1	108	1	259	
Brookway, 1st precinct	9	1	1	42	1	1	29	17	2	70	1	53	
Brookway, 2d precinct	12	1	1	8	1	1	29	17	2	70	1	53	
City Point	10	1	1	17	1	1	7	12	1	34	1	22	
Cleveland	32	1	1	13	1	1	19	88	1	67	1	22	
Curran	15	1	4	68	1	1	83	11	3	149	1	183	
Franklin	11	1	1	83	1	1	83	18	3	121	1	183	
Garden Valley	19	1	1	41	1	1	47	84	1	122	1	183	
Garfield	12	1	1	59	1	1	47	34	17	139	1	183	
Hixton	30	1	16	74	1	1	63	46	21	151	1	183	
Irving	74	1	4	74	1	1	63	76	3	151	1	183	
Knappe	18	1	1	11	1	1	29	9	1	42	1	51	
Manchester	24	1	1	83	1	1	29	38	3	89	1	51	
Melrose	57	1	4	142	2	1	88	90	11	221	1	131	
Merrillan	21	2	8	109	2	1	88	90	11	221	1	131	

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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Millford.....	114	3	2	121	1	82	7	108	6	167	1	61
Palmyra.....	138	1	1	106	1	72	7	126	8	177	1	51
Palmyra, village.....	27	1	1	99	1	70	7	234	25	177	1	230
Palmyra, village.....	128	1	1	169	1	46	7	113	8	224	1	111
Sullivan.....	119	1	1	83	1	66	7	149	8	68	1	19
Sumner.....	68	1	1	28	1	100	2	141	6	117	1	72
Waterloo.....	167	1	1	67	1	100	2	167	6	117	1	80
Waterloo, village.....	178	1	1	78	1	100	2	174	6	162	1	8
Watertown.....	216	2	4	155	1	236	1	141	1	333	1	133
Watertown, city.....	164	2	4	95	1	236	1	151	1	739	1	133
1st ward.....	117	9	13	439	1	236	1	608	2	116	1	133
2d ward.....	675	1	1	439	1	236	1	88	4	83	1	133
3d ward.....	68	1	1	25	1	236	1	133	2	78	1	133
4th ward.....	110	5	4	25	1	236	1	133	2	78	1	133
7th ward.....	110	5	4	25	1	236	1	133	2	78	1	133
Total.....	3,808	46	146	2,750	11	8,426	486	3,672	150	4,275	8	1,290
Democratic plurality.....						856						677
Republican plurality.....												603
JUNEAU Co.—3d dist.												
Armenia.....	46	1	2	82	1	36	8	86	4	88	1	63
Clearfield.....	29	1	1	59	1	30	8	33	4	48	1	15
Cutler.....	15	5	1	23	1	8	8	22	6	29	1	7
Elroy.....	61	3	9	163	1	40	40	133	4	236	1	108
1st ward.....	67	1	6	102	1	18	52	51	2	188	1	87
2d ward.....	1	1	1	101	1	25	21	47	2	43	1	1
Fountain.....	49	3	2	95	1	25	21	93	2	92	1	1
Germanatown.....	53	3	1	70	1	25	21	93	2	92	1	1
Kildare.....	95	1	1	84	1	25	21	93	2	92	1	1
Kingston.....	13	1	1	34	1	25	21	93	2	92	1	1
Lemonweir.....	100	1	5	140	1	40	40	97	5	178	1	15
Lindina.....	90	4	11	122	2	32	32	121	10	152	1	81
Lisbon.....	21	3	4	93	1	72	72	27	1	97	1	70
Lyndon.....	62	1	1	20	1	42	42	74	1	41	1	33
Marion.....	40	1	1	40	1	42	42	74	1	41	1	33
Mauston.....	53	3	12	110	1	137	137	48	4	110	1	1
1st ward.....	137	2	9	274	1	91	91	129	4	232	1	133
2d ward.....	84	6	5	161	1	91	91	31	7	152	1	133
Needhuh.....	127	6	5	218	1	91	91	98	2	349	1	251
New Lisbon.....	41	3	3	89	1	98	98	44	1	88	1	127
1st ward.....	61	3	3	159	1	98	98	27	1	110	1	127
2d ward.....	23	3	3	90	1	98	98	27	1	110	1	127

* Includes village. † Cranberry Center.

GOVERNMENTAL VOTE BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued.

GOVERNOR, 1890.														
COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES ELECTION DISTRICTS.														
Sawyer, Dem.	Wors- ley, Pro.	Chad- win, Pro.	Scot- field, Rep.	Tuttle, Soc. Dem. Am.	Riese, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berke- ley, Pro.	Scot- field, Rep.	Hen- derson, Nat.	Tut- trup, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
JUNEAU Co.—Con.														
Orange.....	97	4	5	102	.....	.....	5	91	7	131	.....	.....	.....	40
Plymouth.....	71	3	1	109	.....	.....	38	78	1	150	1	.....	.....	72
Seven Mile Creek.....	107	1	2	35	.....	72	.....	129	.....	82	.....	77	.....	.....
Summit.....	94	.....	.....	86	.....	8	.....	98	2	122	2	1	.....	24
Waukegan.....	130	.....	5	110	.....	1	10	143	8	158	1	4	.....	45
Waukegan village.....	96	1	2	53	.....	3	.....	74	2	128	.....	.....	.....	80
Total.....	1,661	43	69	2,203	5	168	710	1,714	64	2,805	7	8	113	1,204
Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	512	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,091
KENOSHA Co.—1st dist.														
Brighton.....	97	2	1	63	.....	34	120	117	4	101	.....	.....	16	.....
Bristol.....	53	3	5	173	.....	.....	.....	64	4	227	.....	2	.....	.....
Kenosha, city.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1st ward, 1st precinct.....	150	8	7	124	.....	1	.....	148	2	184	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	151	12	5	184	.....	1	.....	123	3	199	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	203	24	32	131	2	62	.....	238	9	184	1	3	.....	270
4th ward.....	183	22	6	353	2	.....	.....	207	1	408	.....	.....	.....	.....
Paris.....	74	10	3	72	.....	2	.....	172	1	244	.....	2	.....	.....
Plaisant Prairie.....	93	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	108	2	100	.....	.....	8	.....
Randall.....	98	1	.....	174	1	.....	79	112	7	288	.....	.....	.....	176
Salem.....	138	4	.....	114	.....	73	.....	136	.....	142	.....	.....	.....	104
Waukegan.....	138	6	13	212	.....	148	.....	148	2	348	.....	.....	.....	161
Waukegan.....	86	9	.....	173	.....	107	.....	124	24	270	.....	.....	.....	163
Wheatland.....	89	2	1	77	.....	12	.....	93	1	104	.....	.....	.....	10
Total.....	1,674	128	56	2,027	3	110	463	1,750	53	2,908	.....	5	24	1,080
Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	953	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,050

GOVERNMENTAL VOTE BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIZENSHIP, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1898.							GOVERNOR, 1896.							
	Sawyer, Dem.	Worley, Rep.	Chaffin, Pro.	Scotfield, Rep.	Tuttle, Dem. of Am.	Riese, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Flu.	Rep. Flu.	Silverthorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scotfield, Rep.	Henderson, Nat.	Tuttle, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Flu.	Rep. Flu.
La Crosse Co.—Cont.															
16th ward	29	8	3	97	12	1			32	5	113		1		149
17th ward	100	2	5	134	..	..			142	4	205		..		
18th ward	156	6	4	105	..	..			208	5	188		..		
19th ward	49	3	4	129	..	..			55	5	172		..		
20th ward	23	2	5	94	..	..			54	1	161		..		
Oneida Co.	32							80	47	17	196				
1st ward	12	1	5	40	112	1			13	7	91				226
2d ward	24	..	8	48	123	..		66	25	8	110				
3d ward	21	..	2	35	..	..		..	19	1	82			25	
4th ward	76	2	4	49	49	..		27	117	7	92		1		14
5th ward	42	..	3	43	..	..		14	72	..	86		..		
6th ward	32	2	10	105	..	..		74	..	..	..		..		
West Salem, village															
Total	2,358	74	173	3,864	10	6	53	1,539	3,215	204	6,201	7	8	42	3,028
								53							42
								1,506							2,966
Republican plurality															
La Fayette Co.—1st dist.															
Avon	84	8	7	203	..	..		119	113	3	250				137
Belmont	51	1	2	66	..	..		5	144	1	175				31
Belmont, village	52	2	2	72	..	..		20	..	..	..				..
Benton	63	1	4	117	..	..		14	130	8	206				76
Benton, village	53	..	..	69	..	..		17	..	..	..				..
Blanchard	51	..	..	49	..	1		2	..	..	..				..
Blanchardville	41	1	..	90	..	..		49	160	2	178		2		96
Blanchardville, 1st precinct	200	2	8	186	1	..		..	203	..	211		..		24
Blanchardville, 2d precinct	124	..	17	123	..	9		..	140	14	136		23		37
Elk Grove	84	2	2	91	..	..		27	79	8	104		..		104
Fayette	93	4	7	70	..	..		23	105	13	108		..		1
Gratiot	117	5	3	110	..	7		7	200	7	210		..		10

† Includes Blanchardville.

* Includes village.

* Includes village. † Includes Blanchardville.

Gratiot village.....	80	1	3	1	15	110	1	55	.....
Gratiot.....	81	2	.....	.....	30	43	8	73	.....
Leont.....	44	.....	.....	.....	12	35	2	47	.....
Monticello.....	132	.....	.....	.....	19	112	8	186	.....
New Digings.....	100	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Seymour.....	107	.....	.....	.....	1	262	5	96	.....
Shullsburg.....	284	.....	.....	.....	1	34	2	298	.....
Wayne.....	42	.....	.....	.....	.....	104	6	202	.....
White Oak Springs.....	16	.....	.....	.....	.....	78	1	66	.....
Willow Springs.....	121	.....	.....	.....	.....	157	15	95	.....
Wlot.....	123	.....	.....	.....	.....	119	11	246	.....
Total.....	1,882	27	109	1	251	2,265	119	2,910	844
Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	251	.....	.....	.....	189
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	246	.....	.....	.....	189
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	645
LANGLADE Co.—9th dist.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Akeley.....	65	1	.....	.....	40	69	.....	65	.....
Antigo.....	96	1	.....	.....	48	105	.....	102	.....
Antigo, city:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1st ward.....	31	1	3	1	.....	81	1	80	.....
2d ward.....	44	2	2	2	.....	51	2	124	.....
3d ward.....	440	8	2	10	.....	78	1	59	.....
4th ward.....	122	1	.....	.....	.....	115	4	122	.....
5th ward.....	75	3	.....	.....	.....	77	4	98	.....
6th ward.....	96	2	1	.....	.....	69	2	144	.....
Welo.....	17	.....	.....	.....	.....	11	.....	44	.....
Wetmore.....	11	.....	.....	.....	.....	6	.....	30	.....
Wetmore.....	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	5	.....	20	.....
Wetmore.....	18	.....	.....	.....	.....	24	.....	23	.....
Wetmore.....	87	.....	.....	.....	.....	78	2	42	.....
Wetmore.....	101	.....	.....	.....	.....	88	.....	101	.....
Wetmore.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	53	.....
Wetmore.....	11	.....	.....	.....	.....	10	.....	34	.....
Wetmore.....	63	.....	.....	.....	.....	42	.....	67	.....
Wetmore.....	87	.....	.....	.....	.....	25	.....	26	.....
Wetmore.....	89	.....	.....	.....	.....	23	.....	106	.....
Wetmore.....	23	.....	.....	.....	.....	14	.....	19	.....
Wetmore.....	15	.....	.....	.....	.....	13	.....	17	.....
Wetmore.....	14	.....	.....	.....	.....	13	.....	28	.....
Total.....	1,102	20	25	3	293	1,018	22	1,394	424
Democratic plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	59	.....	.....	.....	48
Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	234	.....	.....	.....	376

GOVERNMENTAL VOTE BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1896.						GOVERNOR, 1894.					
	Sawyer, Dem.	Wor- ley, Pro.	Chad- win, Pro.	Scot- tield, Rep.	Tuttle, Dem. Am.	Elise, Rep. Lab.	Dem. Pro.	Scot- tield, Rep.	Hen- derson, Nat.	Tut- tles, Rep. Lab.	Dem. Pro.	Rep. Pro.
LINCOLN Co.—9th dist.												
Germantown	67	1		21			36	7				23
Harrison	17			24				1				
Merrill	54	5	4	55								
Merrill city:												
1st ward	111	3	2	54	2	1						
2d ward	67	2	4	113								
3d ward	84	10	7	147	2	3	18					
4th ward	122	16	11	687								
5th ward	74	11	42	147	1							
6th ward	103	20	5	107	1							
7th ward	144	7	5	108	1							
Plus River	100	3	3	68	3		32					
Rock Falls	27	1	2	18	61		11					
Russell	45	1	1	45	41		68					
Scott	108	7	3	41	21		8					
Tonahawk	29	1		21								
Tonahawk city:												
1st ward	47	3	1	28	1							
2d ward	48	4	4	22	3		33					
3d ward	50	1	3	43	1							
4th ward	82	3	3	51	1							
Total	1,327	108	57	1,132	10	4	208	8				91
Democratic plurality							8			8		
MANITOWOC Co.—6th dist.												
Cato	153	2	3	183	1							
Centerville	100	4	2	147	3							
Coopersville	127	1	1	179	2	1	48					
Eaton	101	1		121			17					
Franklin	142	2	3	164			38					

Gibson	115	1	1	122	7	130	2	161	1	30	31
Kiel village	152	4	1	101	19	145	3	207	1	80	13
Kossuth	154	1	1	132	115	183	2	231	1	1	142
Liberty	68	1	1	61	35	36	2	101	1	1	63
Manitowoc	40	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Manitowoc, city:	202	2	3	217	170	170	1	243	1	1	1
1st ward	77	2	3	171	12	12	5	214	1	1	1
2d ward	214	6	2	258	139	139	5	287	3	3	1
3d ward	134	18	5	250	80	82	4	317	3	3	3
4th ward	970	5	15	1,056	1	842	18	1,274	3	3	432
5th ward	113	2	2	96	104	104	1	116	1	1	1
6th ward	40	2	3	68	34	34	1	84	1	1	1
7th ward	196	1	3	21	183	183	1	39	5	2	81
Manitowoc Rapids	112	3	4	133	21	134	4	215	2	1	1
Maple Grove	135	1	1	55	113	168	1	113	1	1	1
Meeme	153	1	1	73	80	182	1	118	1	1	1
Michigan	205	1	1	75	130	241	1	84	1	1	1
Newton	112	3	4	114	2	14	5	217	1	1	69
Rockville, village	49	1	1	42	7	70	1	54	1	1	1
Rockland	43	1	1	134	90	62	1	176	1	1	114
Schleswig	137	4	2	63	74	180	1	112	1	1	1
Two Creeks	120	3	2	22	98	103	1	48	1	1	1
Two Rivers	137	3	2	31	106	167	2	72	1	1	1
Two Rivers, city:	76	2	1	42	136	136	1	59	1	1	1
1st ward	85	1	1	43	281	491	1	102	1	1	1
2d ward	70	7	3	66	64	64	3	77	3	5	1
3d ward	452	1	1	88	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
4th ward	109	1	1	21	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
5th ward	112	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total	3,707	58	58	3,285	453	3,995	65	4,401	11	806	1,212
Democratic plurality				458				206			406
Republican plurality				442							
MARATHON Co.—9th dist.											
Berlin	14	4	1	44	30	21	2	56	2	56	35
Berlin	86	1	1	73	13	139	2	83	1	1	1
Brighton	47	1	1	30	17	61	2	57	2	4	1
Cassel	84	9	1	36	43	141	4	60	1	81	12
Cleveland	65	1	1	88	23	65	1	77	1	1	13
Colby, city, east ward	19	1	1	51	1	113	1	30	1	88	11
Duval	78	1	1	22	5	17	1	27	1	1	1
Easton	92	4	4	57	3	86	1	97	1	1	1
Edgar	39	1	1	42	24	56	1	94	1	1	1
Edgar, village	23	2	2	47	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

LEGISLATIVE VOTE BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued.

Governor, 1894.		Governor, 1896.	
Rep. Plu.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Dem. Plu.
103	140	103	140
112	120	112	120
122	104	122	104
132	83	132	83
142	63	142	63
152	43	152	43
162	23	162	23
172	3	172	3
182	1	182	1
192	0	192	0
202	0	202	0
212	0	212	0
222	0	222	0
232	0	232	0
242	0	242	0
252	0	252	0
262	0	262	0
272	0	272	0
282	0	282	0
292	0	292	0
302	0	302	0
312	0	312	0
322	0	322	0
332	0	332	0
342	0	342	0
352	0	352	0
362	0	362	0
372	0	372	0
382	0	382	0
392	0	392	0
402	0	402	0
412	0	412	0
422	0	422	0
432	0	432	0
442	0	442	0
452	0	452	0
462	0	462	0
472	0	472	0
482	0	482	0
492	0	492	0
502	0	502	0
512	0	512	0
522	0	522	0
532	0	532	0
542	0	542	0
552	0	552	0
562	0	562	0
572	0	572	0
582	0	582	0
592	0	592	0
602	0	602	0
612	0	612	0
622	0	622	0
632	0	632	0
642	0	642	0
652	0	652	0
662	0	662	0
672	0	672	0
682	0	682	0
692	0	692	0
702	0	702	0
712	0	712	0
722	0	722	0
732	0	732	0
742	0	742	0
752	0	752	0
762	0	762	0
772	0	772	0
782	0	782	0
792	0	792	0
802	0	802	0
812	0	812	0
822	0	822	0
832	0	832	0
842	0	842	0
852	0	852	0
862	0	862	0
872	0	872	0
882	0	882	0
892	0	892	0
902	0	902	0
912	0	912	0
922	0	922	0
932	0	932	0
942	0	942	0
952	0	952	0
962	0	962	0
972	0	972	0
982	0	982	0
992	0	992	0
1002	0	1002	0

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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6th ward	82	9	6	104	1	24	28	191	3	200	11	94
7th ward	75	15	1	112	2	10	23	142	2	221	7	20
8th ward	81	17	3	110	1	8	438	191	173	192	1	1,068
9th ward	85	6	3	130	1	22	1	142	173	153	1	568
Wein	40	7	3	68	1	1	1	191	173	153	1	568
Weston	108	6	1	83	1	1	1	191	173	153	1	568
2,785	269	57	3,068	10	114	438	791	4,198	73	3,603	2	1,068
Republican plurality							495					568
Democratic plurality							303					568
MARQUETTE Co.—6th dist.												
Amborg, 1st precinct	22	45	5	123	1	1	185	24	56	129	4	208
2d precinct	10	3	8	65	1	1	201	22	4	90	264	268
3d precinct	13	4	4	39	1	1	134	10	97	45	355	280
Coleman	43	12	3	244	1	1	183	189	59	239	1	1,066
Crivitz	12	3	3	220	1	1	494	263	7	353	2	568
Grover	37	2	2	268	2	2	377	189	10	453	1	568
Marquette, city:												
1st ward	214	7	10	372	2	1	484	263	10	453	1	1,066
2d ward	257	12	23	372	2	2	484	263	10	453	1	1,066
3d ward	174	9	22	372	2	2	484	263	10	453	1	1,066
4th ward	224	2	8	372	2	2	484	263	10	453	1	1,066
5th ward	147	6	11	372	2	2	484	263	10	453	1	1,066
Peshigo, 1st precinct	176	6	11	372	2	2	484	263	10	453	1	1,066
2d precinct	13	1	2	67	1	1	377	189	10	453	1	1,066
3d precinct	12	7	17	511	1	1	377	189	10	453	1	1,066
4th precinct	5	1	1	33	2	1	484	263	10	453	1	1,066
5th precinct	23	1	2	40	2	1	484	263	10	453	1	1,066
Porterfield	24	2	1	72	1	1	484	263	10	453	1	1,066
Wausaukee	86	3	3	129	1	1	484	263	10	453	1	1,066
Total	1,397	41	103	3,062	13	7	1,665	1,808	76	4,358	9	2,550
Republican plurality							1,665					2,550
Democratic plurality												2,550
MARQUETTE Co.—6th dist.												
Buffalo	71	1	1	88	1	1	22	96	4	88	3	83
Crystal Lake	27	2	2	77	1	1	50	15	15	97	1	83
Douglas	52	3	3	78	1	1	26	13	13	90	1	27
Harris	53	2	2	67	1	1	14	34	34	83	1	59
Harro	61	1	1	29	1	1	7	78	1	43	1	35
Menominee	167	3	3	140	2	2	22	189	2	153	1	36
Montello	22	1	1	88	1	1	66	18	18	100	1	83
Neshkoro	73	1	1	38	1	1	35	87	1	54	1	83

GOVERNATORIAL VOTE BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued.

GOVERNOR, 1894.														
COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.														
Sawyer, Dem.	Wor-lev, Pro.	Chafin, Pro.	Scotfield, Rep.	Tuttle, Soc. Dem. of Am.	Riese, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Silverthorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scotfield, Rep.	Henderson, Nat.	Tut-tson, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	
MARQUETTE Co.—Con.														
Newton	67	1	86			31	43	1	85				43	
Oxford	20	4	105				17	2	135				118	
Packwaukee	65	1	113		1		53		137				79	
Shedd	60	3	71				54		94				38	
Springfield	30		85				26	2	105				79	
Westfield	77	2	180		2		70	5	206				136	
Total	840	10	24	1,210	3	3	840	23	1,475	1		107	742	
Republican plurality													635	
MILWAUKEE Co.—4th and 5th dists.														
Cudahy, village	77	35	3	49		7	167	4	200			1	33	
Franklin	55	2	1	88			2-9	5	338			3	109	
Greenville	116	23	15	74		42	350	22	638	1		13	248	
Lake	228	14	5	244		7	469	11	598			9	129	
Milwaukee	109	11	5	219		3	151	4	547			9	396	
Milwaukee, city:														
1st ward	767	47	17	833	26	13	806	19	1783			3		
2d ward	840	73	17	776	75	28	1022	21	1450			35		
3d ward	683	25	4	711	6	1	907	5	453			3		
4th ward	1048	49	9	775	21	9	1245	20	1439			9		
5th ward	785	90	22	627	27	18	1193	28	1323			17		
6th ward	883	123	15	950	88	55	1227	22	1706			53		
7th ward	515	30	11	763	22	7	581	10	1252			3		
8th ward	1118	174	30	1242	49	28	1421	52	2196			30		
9th ward	1015	179	31	940	147	67	1511	36	1840			73		
10th ward	887	203	26	975	183	35	1314	38	1640			51		
11th ward	853	17,496	277	1015	17,180	744	1063	24,713	1943	28,153	53		4,979	
* Includes Cudahy.														

* Includes Cudahy.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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12th ward	899	102	25	644	51	39	1467	23	1079	4	23	33
13th ward	871	105	23	1023	85	73	1553	21	1113	2	21	100
14th ward	1153	196	25	499	32	25	2335	11	1413	1	22	84
15th ward	717	196	22	1034	71	18	633	24	1687	1	22	39
16th ward	640	76	23	149	11	38	682	12	1482	3	12	81
17th ward	611	103	23	715	39	18	798	12	1191	1	12	111
18th ward	611	84	23	808	19	48	1513	20	967	1	12	38
19th ward	1019	91	26	927	231	46	1513	30	1647	1	12	15
20th ward	577	104	24	846	183	65	741	34	1653	1	12	15
21st ward	462	116	15	572	137	70	783	21	1015	1	12	15
North Milwaukee, village	105	105	11	1	86	2	166	4	199	1	12	15
Oak Creek	95	95	9	1	90	1	242	7	342	1	12	15
South Milwaukee, city	207	41	5	253	5	1	862	52	2,538	4	11	1,576
Watson	624	60	23	1,391	42	8	161	181	80	1	12	65
Watson, city	98	50	7	239	1	1	15	1	80	1	12	65
Whitefish Bay	13	1	1	32	1	1	15	1	80	1	12	65
Total	19,434	2,651	540	20,233	1,633	779	27,464	643	35,463	40	679	7,999
Republican plurality												7,999
MONROE Co.—7th dist.												
Adrian	46	46	3	70	70	1	24	4	105	1	12	65
Angelo	27	27	11	100	100	1	73	5	119	1	12	84
Byron	43	43	4	92	92	1	49	2	96	1	12	39
Cashton, village	47	47	1	59	59	1	12	1	67	1	12	31
Clifton	90	90	1	77	77	1	13	1	107	1	12	17
Glendale	39	39	4	85	85	1	46	1	178	1	12	111
Greenfield	61	61	1	60	60	1	1	1	82	1	12	4
Jefferson	156	156	1	36	36	1	120	1	55	1	12	38
Kendall, village	30	30	4	64	64	1	34	2	70	1	12	14
Lafayette	27	27	4	49	49	1	22	4	63	1	12	103
La Grange	21	21	7	92	92	1	38	4	141	1	12	77
Leon	33	33	4	89	89	1	56	4	136	1	12	194
Lincoln	26	26	5	144	144	1	122	4	249	1	12	8
Little Falls	105	105	4	131	131	2	138	5	146	2	12	25
New Lyme	7	7	2	28	28	1	9	2	34	1	12	15
Norwalk, village	31	31	2	47	47	1	16	2	67	1	12	31
Oakdale	62	62	1	57	57	1	46	1	129	1	12	138
Ontario, village	2	2	10	16	16	1	4	1	129	1	12	43
Portland	35	35	2	101	101	1	51	1	129	1	12	21
Ridgeway	97	97	2	92	92	1	68	1	111	1	12	15
Sheldon	45	45	2	80	80	1	136	14	132	1	12	15
Sparta	82	82	6	119	119	1	37	1	132	1	12	15

* Includes village.

GOVERNOR, 1896.															GOVERNOR, 1896.														
CITIES AND TOWNS, CITIES AND VILLAGES.															CITIES AND TOWNS, CITIES AND VILLAGES.														
Sawyer, Dem.	Wor. Pop.	Chafin, Pro.	Scotfield, Rep.	Tuttle, Soc. Dem. of Am.	Riese, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silverthorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scotfield, Rep.	Henderson, Nat.	Tuttle, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.															
MORRIS CO., CON.															MORRIS CO., CON.														
Morris, city:															Morris, city:														
54	2	6	119	1			220	63	5	147	3			378															
47	2	14	115	1				57	9	134	4																		
81	2	9	112					85	24	124	1																		
43	2	8	99				16	42	6	117			10																
Tombah:															Tombah:														
68	2		84					99	1	80																			
Let ward:															Let ward:														
51	2	10	92				123	46	4	126				191															
81	1	5	134					94	13	144	1																		
65	3	6	94				10	56	2	121																			
Wellington:															Wellington:														
45	2		55				26	108		122				14															
54	2	1	29				39	82		59																			
54	2	4	46				11	120	4	88				26															
42			31					38		61																			
Wilton, village:															Wilton, village:														
1,848	44	151	2,691	5	2	230	1,073	2,878	108	3,609	12		2	1,814															
Total															Total														
							843							1,206															
Republican plurality															Republican plurality														
ORONTO CO.,—9th dist.															ORONTO CO.,—9th dist.														
15	7	2	46				88	88						19															
27			26		1			27	1	57			6	41															
51	1	2	137				96	68	2	21				124															
36			122				76	76		186				168															
40	1	1	53		1		13	40		75	1			81															
76	1	1	93				18	54	2	40			6	23															
40	3	1	53				36	114		73				15															
61	1	1	99	1			57	88	2	114				33															
52	1	1	48	1	1	6	84	63	3	88				15															
51	1	1	48	1	1		84	101	3	176				15															
58	15	1	94	2			57																						
Ontario city:															Ontario city:														
	2		177	2				125	4	201				3															

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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North ward.....	88	425	5	2	5	187	573	1	3	3	145	75	387	1	10	195	535	2	2	568
South ward.....	118	79	4	1	21	191	137	1	1	1	58	14	58	3	11	152	159	1	1	101
West ward.....	31	73	8	3	31	111	239	1	1	1	166	15	41	3	9	164	370	1	1	389
Oconto Falls	27	15	5	5	91	37	91	1	1	2	98	9	88	6	2	121	88	1	1	74
Pensaukee, 1st precinct.	15	44	6	2	3	82	82	1	1	1	24	64	64	1	1	138	138	1	1	70
2d precinct.....	43	15	5	2	67	67	46	1	1	1	31	11	11	1	1	81	81	1	1	12
3d precinct.....	15	15	50	53	1,945	10	10	10	10	10	795	1,253	54	2,911	12	1,570	1,570	12	12	1,658
Underhill.....	1,137	1,137	1,137	1,137	1,137	1,137	1,137	1,137	1,137	1,137	1,137	1,137	1,137	1,137	1,137	1,137	1,137	1,137	1,137	1,137
Total.....	1,137	1,137	1,137	1,137	1,137	1,137	1,137	1,137	1,137	1,137	1,137	1,137	1,137	1,137	1,137	1,137	1,137	1,137	1,137	1,137
Republican plurality	1,137	1,137	1,137	1,137	1,137	1,137	1,137	1,137	1,137	1,137	1,137	1,137	1,137	1,137	1,137	1,137	1,137	1,137	1,137	1,137
OWENDA Co.—9th dist.	45	56	1	4	5	75	96	1	1	1	40	15	59	5	8	164	382	1	1	803
Gagen, 1st precinct.....	11	23	1	1	1	21	21	1	1	1	143	12	32	3	3	64	64	1	1	80
Hazelhurst, 1st precinct.....	23	11	4	1	6	145	203	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	131	173	1	1	413
2d precinct.....	11	60	1	1	1	32	32	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	13	26	1	1	5
3d precinct.....	26	107	2	2	2	123	154	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	155	155	1	1	301
4th precinct.....	19	155	1	1	1	102	176	1	1	1	196	66	394	4	5	142	807	1	1	501
Pelican, 1st precinct.....	29	155	1	1	1	102	176	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	142	807	1	1	501
2d precinct.....	45	56	1	4	5	75	96	1	1	1	40	15	59	5	8	164	382	1	1	803
3d precinct.....	11	23	1	1	1	21	21	1	1	1	143	12	32	3	3	64	64	1	1	80
4th precinct.....	23	11	4	1	6	145	203	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	131	173	1	1	413
5th precinct.....	11	60	1	1	1	32	32	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	13	26	1	1	5
6th precinct.....	26	107	2	2	2	123	154	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	155	155	1	1	301
Rhineland, city:	19	155	1	1	1	102	176	1	1	1	196	66	394	4	5	142	807	1	1	501
1st precinct.....	29	155	1	1	1	102	176	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	142	807	1	1	501
2d precinct.....	45	56	1	4	5	75	96	1	1	1	40	15	59	5	8	164	382	1	1	803
3d precinct.....	11	23	1	1	1	21	21	1	1	1	143	12	32	3	3	64	64	1	1	80
4th precinct.....	23	11	4	1	6	145	203	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	131	173	1	1	413
5th precinct.....	11	60	1	1	1	32	32	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	13	26	1	1	5
6th precinct.....	26	107	2	2	2	123	154	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	155	155	1	1	301
Schoepke, 1st precinct.....	19	155	1	1	1	102	176	1	1	1	196	66	394	4	5	142	807	1	1	501
Woodboro, 1st precinct.....	29	155	1	1	1	102	176	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	142	807	1	1	501
Total.....	705	705	19	38	1,095	7	5	23	387	387	387	387	387	387	387	387	387	387	387	387
Republican plurality	705	705	19	38	1,095	7	5	23	387	387	387	387	387	387	387	387	387	387	387	387

* No election held.

INTERNATIONAL VOTE BY TOWNS AND ELECTION PRECINCTS—Continued.

[illegible]

ELECTION STATISTICS.

[illegible]

GOVERNMENTAL VOTE BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1893.						GOVERNOR, 1896.							
	Sawyer, Dem.	Wor- ley, Pro.	Chafin, Pro.	Scotfield, Rep.	Tuttle, Soc. Dem. of Am.	Riese, Soc. Lab.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scotfield, Rep.	Hen- derson, Nat.	Tut- trop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
PIERCE Co.—10th dist.														
Clifton.....	11	3	6	35	.....	.....	24	44	10	97	.....	.....	.....	53
Diamond Ring.....	24	9	1	54	.....	.....	30	81	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	61
Ellsworth.....	42	8	4	128	.....	.....	52	101	.....	185	.....	.....	.....	94
Ellsworth, village.....	60	3	5	135	.....	.....	68	162	4	162	.....	.....	.....	99
El Paso.....	23	4	1	53	.....	.....	25	81	4	104	.....	.....	.....	23
Gilman.....	22	3	5	87	.....	.....	65	45	5	230	.....	.....	.....	153
Hartland.....	29	6	8	103	.....	.....	74	71	12	193	1	.....	.....	125
Isabella.....	7	6	3	25	.....	.....	18	22	2	56	.....	.....	.....	34
Maiden Rock.....	9	5	3	101	.....	.....	92	22	6	243	.....	.....	.....	223
Maiden Rock, village.....	11	1	2	41	.....	.....	80	13	3	63	.....	.....	.....	50
Martell.....	30	1	3	142	.....	1	112	23	7	272	.....	.....	.....	250
Oak Grove.....	17	4	3	28	.....	.....	11	62	8	111	.....	.....	.....	49
Prescott, city:														
1st ward.....	12	1	6	11	.....	.....	.....	34	5	35	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	24	2	11	39	.....	.....	.....	31	2	117	.....	.....	.....	29
3d ward.....	10	4	4	14	.....	.....	.....	23	6	46	.....	.....	.....	60
River Falls.....	15	3	6	64	.....	.....	49	114	9	174	.....	.....	.....	182
River Falls, city, 2d dist.	61	2	12	153	.....	1	94	104	25	246	.....	.....	.....	144
Rock Elm.....	33	2	16	109	.....	.....	76	76	16	212	.....	.....	.....	90
Salem.....	19	3	8	73	.....	.....	54	99	11	149	.....	.....	.....	81
Spring Lake.....	30	7	5	47	.....	2	17	86	10	167	.....	1	.....	74
Spring Valley, village.....	22	2	3	75	.....	.....	53	33	3	112	1	.....	.....	71
Trenton.....	13	7	2	88	.....	1	70	81	2	132	.....	.....	.....	163
Trimble.....	24	6	10	123	.....	.....	89	99	6	284	.....	1	.....	163
Union.....	62	14	5	107	.....	.....	45	74	23	222	.....	.....	.....	253
Total.....	621	93	122	1,771	1	4	1,158	1,415	182	3,697	2	3	.....	2,293
Republican plurality.....							8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
POLK Co.—10th dist.														
Alden, 1st precinct.....	34	5	1	98	1		126	96	4	171				216
Alden, 2d precinct.....	5	4	1	72	1			14		125				

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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Amery, village.....	15	0	3	2	113	3	5	1	38	1	163	125
Appleton, village.....	22	1	3	2	53	5	1	7	7	1	101	94
Beaumont, village.....	22	1	3	2	92	5	1	33	33	3	99	66
Beaver.....	22	1	3	2	24	5	1	35	35	2	65	30
Black Brook.....	21	6	6	5	56	1	1	40	40	8	132	92
Bone Lake.....	12	6	1	1	14	1	1	23	23	1	13	14
Clam Falls.....	8	1	1	1	35	1	1	15	15	2	10	73
Clayton.....	15	6	1	2	65	1	1	65	65	2	29	80
Clear Lake.....	7	4	2	4	47	1	1	27	27	1	128	39
Clear Lake, village.....	13	2	4	4	61	1	1	35	35	2	97	191
Eureka.....	4	0	6	6	122	1	1	10	10	4	201	104
Farmington.....	37	8	1	1	81	1	1	70	70	2	174	89
Garfield.....	14	16	2	1	78	1	1	86	86	2	125	71
Georgetown.....	3	1	1	1	13	1	1	8	8	3	32	13
Lakeview.....	2	3	1	7	13	1	1	10	10	1	24	54
Lakeview.....	16	3	6	6	74	1	1	97	97	6	141	67
Loraine.....	16	3	6	6	61	1	1	44	44	8	111	57
Luck.....	22	1	1	1	73	1	1	21	21	1	71	30
McKinley.....	22	1	1	1	52	1	1	20	20	1	71	51
Miltona.....	22	1	1	1	17	1	1	16	16	1	106	71
Osceola.....	13	15	3	3	101	1	1	35	35	3	173	127
Osceola, village.....	28	3	6	6	113	1	1	46	46	3	181	141
St. Croix Falls.....	10	8	3	3	53	1	1	40	40	3	81	41
St. Croix Falls, village.....	20	1	2	2	83	1	1	37	37	2	108	25
Sterling.....	1	11	1	1	55	1	1	27	27	5	123	51
West Sweden.....	1	13	1	1	25	1	1	34	34	1	123	98
Total.....	384	135	66	1,822	12	22	65	2,848	1	3	19	1,981
Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	1,438	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,982
Portage Co.—8th dist.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Albion.....	37	1	3	99	.....	.....	.....	134	.....	.....	.....	79
Almond.....	31	1	4	134	.....	.....	.....	222	.....	.....	.....	188
Amherst.....	120	3	6	246	.....	.....	.....	384	.....	.....	.....	356
Belmont.....	43	1	2	59	1	.....	.....	167	.....	.....	.....	134
Buena Vista.....	79	2	3	125	.....	.....	.....	192	.....	.....	.....	94
Carson.....	85	3	3	52	.....	33	.....	97	.....	40	.....	.....
Eau Claire.....	43	8	3	57	.....	.....	.....	137	.....	.....	.....	.....
Grant.....	25	2	2	72	.....	.....	.....	89	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hull.....	131	.....	.....	21	.....	3	110	28	.....	1	.....	.....
Lanark.....	51	.....	8	82	.....	.....	.....	804	.....	1	258	.....
Lanwood.....	22	13	4	36				61		2		
New Hope.....	73			130				38				
Pine Grove.....	13		2	95				45		6		

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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Prentice	76	1	11	117	2	8	42	61	2	198	1	177
Worcester	84	1	8	101	2	8	40	59	4	113	1	54
Total	515	13	96	931	12	33	460	553	33	1,444	6	892
Republican plurality							436					891
BACINE Co.—1st dist.												
Burlington	122	6	6	15			67	241	17	219		48
Burlington, village	304	21	13	151			153	1178	25	371		
Caledonia	186	8	6	121			64	315	11	310		5
Dover	103	6	6	98			7	111	13	121		10
Mt. Pleasant	98	20	10	132			54	203	22	371		188
Norway	50	2	2	114			64	35	2	191		156
Bacine, city:												
1st ward	141	27	2	161	1	1		146	2	204	7	
2d ward	109	16	1	857	1	1		123	14	397	1	
3d ward	142	24	6	237	1	1		182	7	238	1	
3d ward, n. precinct	44	4	6	131	1	1		187	8	208	2	
4th ward	144	45	2	123	1	1		187	8	162	2	
4th ward, e. precinct	129	45	2	123	1	1		187	8	162	2	
5th ward	239	83	9	357	16	2	840	393	8	101	11	719
5th ward, w. precinct	125	1,704	6	122	2,544	19		211	92	1,834	2	
6th ward	171	107	17	377	5	2		321	10	380	1	
6th ward, s. precinct	191	107	17	377	5	2		321	10	380	1	
7th ward	180	91	8	245	8	1		323	15	394	1	
7th ward, s. precinct	180	91	8	245	8	1		323	15	394	1	
7th ward, w. precinct	153	88	3	263	2	2		226	3	263	1	
7th ward, w. precinct	99	43	2	159	2	1		155	1	119		
Raymond	52	3	13	72			115	87	11	204		207
Rochester	52	1	3	129			77	62	8	124		62
Union Grove, village	13	1	17	170			57	57				
Waterford	137	3	14	153			16	139	19	257	2	118
Yorkville	28	30	10	92			64	63	38	310		245
Total	2,830	926	197	3,846	16	19	291	4,101	241	5,723	5	1,683
Republican plurality							996					53
BIGHAM Co.—3d dist.												
Akan	93	2	2	118			25	113	1	113		75
Bloom	73	5	9	151			81	108	7	158		
Buena Vista	88	7	6	115			27	106	8	99		7

* 1st precinct. † 2d precinct.

GENERAL INFORMATION

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Wards, Precincts, Voting Places.	Whites, Total.	Whites, Male.	Whites, Female.	Colored, Total.	Colored, Male.	Colored, Female.	Total.
RICHMOND CO.—Cont.								
Beale	10	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
Barnes	11	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
Henrietta	12	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
Libaca	13	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
Long Rock, village	14	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
Marshall	15	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
Orion	16	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
Richard	17	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
Richard Center:								
1st ward	18	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
2d ward	19	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
3d ward	20	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
Richwood	21	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
Rockbridge	22	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
Sylvan	23	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
Union	24	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
Westford	25	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
Willow	26	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
Total		1,480	740	740	100	50	50	200
Republican plurality								
Rock Co.—1st dist.								
Arvon	27	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
Beloit	28	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
Beloit, city:								
1st ward	29	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
2d ward	30	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
3d ward	31	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
4th ward	32	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
5th ward	33	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
6th ward	34	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
7th ward	35	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
8th ward	36	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
9th ward	37	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
10th ward	38	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
11th ward	39	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
12th ward	40	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
13th ward	41	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
14th ward	42	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
15th ward	43	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
16th ward	44	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
17th ward	45	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
18th ward	46	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
19th ward	47	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
20th ward	48	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
21st ward	49	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
22nd ward	50	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
23rd ward	51	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
24th ward	52	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
25th ward	53	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
26th ward	54	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
27th ward	55	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
28th ward	56	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
29th ward	57	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
30th ward	58	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
31st ward	59	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
32nd ward	60	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
33rd ward	61	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
34th ward	62	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
35th ward	63	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
36th ward	64	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
37th ward	65	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
38th ward	66	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
39th ward	67	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
40th ward	68	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
41st ward	69	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
42nd ward	70	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
43rd ward	71	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
44th ward	72	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
45th ward	73	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
46th ward	74	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
47th ward	75	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
48th ward	76	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
49th ward	77	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
50th ward	78	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
51st ward	79	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
52nd ward	80	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
53rd ward	81	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
54th ward	82	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
55th ward	83	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
56th ward	84	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
57th ward	85	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
58th ward	86	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
59th ward	87	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
60th ward	88	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
61st ward	89	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
62nd ward	90	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
63rd ward	91	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
64th ward	92	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
65th ward	93	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
66th ward	94	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
67th ward	95	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
68th ward	96	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
69th ward	97	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
70th ward	98	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
71st ward	99	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
72nd ward	100	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
73rd ward	101	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
74th ward	102	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
75th ward	103	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
76th ward	104	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
77th ward	105	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
78th ward	106	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
79th ward	107	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
80th ward	108	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
81st ward	109	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
82nd ward	110	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
83rd ward	111	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
84th ward	112	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
85th ward	113	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
86th ward	114	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
87th ward	115	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
88th ward	116	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
89th ward	117	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
90th ward	118	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
91st ward	119	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
92nd ward	120	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
93rd ward	121	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
94th ward	122	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
95th ward	123	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
96th ward	124	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
97th ward	125	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
98th ward	126	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
99th ward	127	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
100th ward	128	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
101st ward	129	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
102nd ward	130	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
103rd ward	131	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
104th ward	132	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
105th ward	133	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
106th ward	134	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
107th ward	135	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
108th ward	136	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
109th ward	137	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
110th ward	138	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
111th ward	139	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
112th ward	140	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
113th ward	141	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
114th ward	142	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
115th ward	143	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
116th ward	144	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
117th ward	145	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
118th ward	146	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
119th ward	147	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
120th ward	148	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
121st ward	149	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
122nd ward	150	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
123rd ward	151	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
124th ward	152	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
125th ward	153	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
126th ward	154	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
127th ward	155	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
128th ward	156	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
129th ward	157	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
130th ward	158	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
131st ward	159	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
132nd ward	160	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
133rd ward	161	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
134th ward	162	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
135th ward	163	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
136th ward	164	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
137th ward	165	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
138th ward	166	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
139th ward	167	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
140th ward	168	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
141st ward	169	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
142nd ward	170	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
143rd ward	171	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
144th ward	172	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
145th ward	173	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
146th ward	174	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
147th ward	175	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
148th ward	176	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
149th ward	177	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
150th ward	178	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
151st ward	179	312	148	164	10	5	5	20
152nd ward	180	312	148	164	10	5		

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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Bradford.....	26	4	71	35	74	4	123	1		49
Center.....	40		123	83	51	8	207			156
Clinton.....	30		90	60	63	7	197			134
Edgerton, village.....	14	.....	117	68	77	14	167	.....	.....	90
Edgerton, city.....	18	46	140	.....	146	17	303	.....	.....	157
Evansville, city.....	43	.....	313	240	188	36	394	.....	.....	306
Fulton.....	79	.....	132	53	131	4	223	.....	.....	192
Harmony.....	69	.....	63	.....	126	10	143	.....	.....	17
Janesville.....	73	.....	94	21	92	2	143	.....	.....	61
Janesville, city:										
1st ward, 1st precinct.....	59	1	91	.....	.....	.....	165	1	.....	.....
2d ward, 1st precinct.....	68	5	236	.....	.....	.....	313	.....	.....	.....
2d ward, 2d precinct.....	69	3	82	.....	.....	.....	123	.....	.....	.....
3d ward, 1st precinct.....	120	22	146	359	1,209	40	252	2	.....	678
3d ward, 2d precinct.....	90	3	250	.....	.....	.....	188	.....	.....	.....
4th ward, 1st precinct.....	175	3	171	.....	.....	.....	225	.....	.....	.....
4th ward, 2d precinct.....	177	2	112	.....	.....	.....	178	.....	.....	.....
5th ward.....	179	3	161	.....	.....	.....	232	.....	.....	.....
Johnstown.....	61	.....	123	.....	.....	.....	181	.....	.....	.....
La Prairie.....	76	1	64	.....	.....	.....	180	.....	.....	24
Lima.....	30	1	105	.....	.....	.....	180	.....	.....	67
Magnolia.....	30	7	107	.....	.....	.....	199	.....	.....	137
Milton, 1st precinct.....	66	3	119	53	112	6	163	.....	.....	53
Milton, 2d precinct.....	90	2	140	228	165	14	199	.....	.....	291
Newark.....	17	4	318	.....	.....	23	456	.....	.....	177
Plymouth.....	41	2	103	86	87	2	214	.....	.....	163
Porter.....	68	2	182	101	91	2	254	.....	.....	77
Rock.....	91	2	183	37	116	2	183	.....	.....	85
Spring Valley.....	40	3	90	.....	.....	4	140	.....	.....	198
Tartie.....	36	1	200	180	76	4	271	.....	.....	145
Union.....	23	7	105	69	66	.....	217	.....	.....	111
.....	.....	.....	92	69	67	10	178	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	2,676	101	5,427	2,802	3,657	292	8,224	4	10	4,567
Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Caix Co.—10th dist.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Baldwin.....	67	6	143	76	101	26	339	.....	.....	238
Baldwin, village.....	55	14	62	7	.....	.....	135	.....	.....	64
Cady.....	18	8	81	63	71	7	143	.....	.....	74
Cylon.....	42	6	79	37	69	8	166	.....	.....	98
Eau Galle.....	70	3	109	39	68	9	91	.....	.....	.....
Emmald.....	87	1	42	45	102	.....	13	.....	.....	.....
Erin Prairie.....	159	5	18	141	262	.....	20	.....	.....	.....
Forest.....	9	2	16	7	29	.....	15	.....	.....	.....
Gleewood.....	24	4	31	7	41	2	.....	.....	.....	.....

*Includes village.

Operating Income before tax	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110	111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120	121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128	129	130	131	132	133	134	135	136	137	138	139	140	141	142	143	144	145	146	147	148	149	150	151	152	153	154	155	156	157	158	159	160	161	162	163	164	165	166	167	168	169	170	171	172	173	174	175	176	177	178	179	180	181	182	183	184	185	186	187	188	189	190	191	192	193	194	195	196	197	198	199	200	201	202	203	204	205	206	207	208	209	210	211	212	213	214	215	216	217	218	219	220	221	222	223	224	225	226	227	228	229	230	231	232	233	234	235	236	237	238	239	240	241	242	243	244	245	246	247	248	249	250	251	252	253	254	255	256	257	258	259	260	261	262	263	264	265	266	267	268	269	270	271	272	273	274	275	276	277	278	279	280	281	282	283	284	285	286	287	288	289	290	291	292	293	294	295	296	297	298	299	300	301	302	303	304	305	306	307	308	309	310	311	312	313	314	315	316	317	318	319	320	321	322	323	324	325	326	327	328	329	330	331	332	333	334	335	336	337	338	339	340	341	342	343	344	345	346	347	348	349	350	351	352	353	354	355	356	357	358	359	360	361	362	363	364	365	366	367	368	369	370	371	372	373	374	375	376	377	378	379	380	381	382	383	384	385	386	387	388	389	390	391	392	393	394	395	396	397	398	399	400	401	402	403	404	405	406	407	408	409	410	411	412	413	414	415	416	417	418	419	420	421	422	423	424	425	426	427	428	429	430	431	432	433	434	435	436	437	438	439	440	441	442	443	444	445	446	447	448	449	450	451	452	453	454	455	456	457	458	459	460	461	462	463	464	465	466	467	468	469	470	471	472	473	474	475	476	477	478	479	480	481	482	483	484	485	486	487	488	489	490	491	492	493	494	495	496	497	498	499	500	501	502	503	504	505	506	507	508	509	510	511	512	513	514	515	516	517	518	519	520	521	522	523	524	525	526	527	528	529	530	531	532	533	534	535	536	537	538	539	540	541	542	543	544	545	546	547	548	549	550	551	552	553	554	555	556	557	558	559	560	561	562	563	564	565	566	567	568	569	570	571	572	573	574	575	576	577	578	579	580	581	582	583	584	585	586	587	588	589	590	591	592	593	594	595	596	597	598	599	600	601	602	603	604	605	606	607	608	609	610	611	612	613	614	615	616	617	618	619	620	621	622	623	624	625	626	627	628	629	630	631	632	633	634	635	636	637	638	639	640	641	642	643	644	645	646	647	648	649	650	651	652	653	654	655	656	657	658	659	660	661	662	663	664	665	666	667	668	669	670	671	672	673	674	675	676	677	678	679	680	681	682	683	684	685	686	687	688	689	690	691	692	693	694	695	696	697	698	699	700	701	702	703	704	705	706	707	708	709	710	711	712	713	714	715	716	717	718	719	720	721	722	723	724	725	726	727	728	729	730	731	732	733	734	735	736	737	738	739	740	741	742	743	744	745	746	747	748	749	750	751	752	753	754	755	756	757	758	759	760	761	762	763	764	765	766	767	768	769	770	771	772	773	774	775	776	777	778	779	780	781	782	783	784	785	786	787	788	789	790	791	792	793	794	795	796	797	798	799	800	801	802	803	804	805	806	807	808	809	810	811	812	813	814	815	816	817	818	819	820	821	822	823	824	825	826	827	828	829	830	831	832	833	834	835	836	837	838	839	840	841	842	843	844	845	846	847	848	849	850	851	852	853	854	855	856	857	858	859	860	861	862	863	864	865	866	867	868	869	870	871	872	873	874	875	876	877	878	879	880	881	882	883	884	885	886	887	888	889	890	891	892	893	894	895	896	897	898	899	900	901	902	903	904	905	906	907	908	909	910	911	912	913	914	915	916	917	918	919	920	921	922	923	924	925	926	927	928	929	930	931	932	933	934	935	936	937	938	939	940	941	942	943	944	945	946	947	948	949	950	951	952	953	954	955	956	957	958	959	960	961	962	963	964	965	966	967	968	969	970	971	972	973	974	975	976	977	978	979	980	981	982	983	984	985	986	987	988	989	990	991	992	993	994	995	996	997	998	999	1000	1001	1002	1003	1004	1005	1006	1007	1008	1009	1010	1011	1012	1013	1014	1015	1016	1017	1018	1019	1020	1021	1022	1023	1024	1025	1026	1027	1028	1029	1030	1031	1032	1033	1034	1035	1036	1037	1038	1039	1040	1041	1042	1043	1044	1045	1046	1047	1048	1049	1050	1051	1052	1053	1054	1055	1056	1057	1058	1059	1060	1061	1062	1063	1064	1065	1066	1067	1068	1069	1070	1071	1072	1073	1074	1075	1076	1077	1078	1079	1080	1081	1082	1083	1084	1085	1086	1087	1088	1089	1090	1091	1092	1093	1094	1095	1096	1097	1098	1099	1100	1101	1102	1103	1104	1105	1106	1107	1108	1109	1110	1111	1112	1113	1114	1115	1116	1117	1118	1119	1120	1121	1122	1123	1124	1125	1126	1127	1128	1129	1130	1131	1132	1133	1134	1135	1136	1137	1138	1139	1140	1141	1142	1143	1144	1145	1146	1147	1148	1149	1150	1151	1152	1153	1154	1155	1156	1157	1158	1159	1160	1161	1162	1163	1164	1165	1166	1167	1168	1169	1170	1171	1172	1173	1174	1175	1176	1177	1178	1179	1180	1181	1182	1183	1184	1185	1186	1187	1188	1189	1190	1191	1192	1193	1194	1195	1196	1197	1198	1199	1200	1201	1202	1203	1204	1205	1206	1207	1208	1209	1210	1211	1212	1213	1214	1215	1216	1217	1218	1219	1220	122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ELECTION STATISTICS.

303

33	2	1	19	15	39	17	51	12
33	13	13	115	85	64	17	238	174
95	16	16	253	275	92	19	379	608
135	2	9-30	614	2	345	22	945	608
135	5	5	107	1	116	5	233	63
95	1	1	55	40	146	6	83	6
23	3	3	39	16	76	70	163	119
23	3	10	101	78	44	17	183	119
34	10	10	44	10	76	13	132	56
20	18	23	53	33	35	23	116	81
173	2	2	34	139	100	2	71	89
21	2	2	58	37	51	2	111	60
25	3	3	60	32	32	48	133	25
34	1	1	70	36	61	3	139	78
66	18	18	109	43	87	15	156	99
89	3	3	50	8	111	4	139	99
25	4	4	51	26	21	2	58	37
47	2	10	70	23	77	10	124	44
53	12	12	44	33	16	11	60	44
38	3	3	27	6	58	7	50	69
38	3	3	83	1	44	7	113	5
52	10	10	52	47	121	7	126	5
84	11	11	86	20	102	4	173	135
76	2	16	94	14	108	6	170	2
77	4	4	63	8	85	1	87	71
55	3	3	63	3	121	10	192	88
57	6	6	92	8	35	17	121	155
15	1	10	67	52	33	42	157	38
36	1	9	153	117	42	10	138	27
57	2	2	61	4	102	10	121	26
134	2	2	45	91	148	3	165	90
79	1	6	52	27	121	10	187	219
24	11	11	118	34	97	16	187	1,987
1,999	32	230	2,671	335	2,637	263	4,594	2,176
52	2	2	253	275	92	19	379	2,19
135	5	5	107	1	116	6	83	1,987
95	1	1	55	40	146	70	163	119
23	3	10	101	78	44	17	183	56
34	10	10	44	10	76	13	132	81
20	18	23	53	33	35	23	116	60
173	2	2	34	139	100	2	71	89
21	2	2	58	37	51	2	111	25
25	3	3	60	32	32	48	133	78
34	1	1	70	36	61	3	139	99
66	18	18	109	43	87	15	156	99
89	3	3	50	8	111	4	139	37
25	4	4	51	26	21	2	58	44
47	2	10	70	23	77	10	124	44
53	12	12	44	33	16	11	60	69
38	3	3	27	6	58	7	50	5
38	3	3	83	1	44	7	113	135
52	10	10	52	47	121	7	126	2
84	11	11	86	20	102	4	173	87
76	2	16	94	14	108	6	170	35
77	4	4	63	8	85	1	87	71
55	3	3	63	3	121	10	192	88
57	6	6	92	8	35	17	121	155
15	1	10	67	52	33	42	157	38
36	1	9	153	117	42	10	138	27
57	2	2	61	4	102	10	121	26
134	2	2	45	91	148	3	165	90
79	1	6	52	27	121	10	187	219
24	11	11	118	34	97	16	187	1,987
Total	32	230	2,671	335	2,637	263	4,594	2,176
			2,671	335	2,637	263	4,594	2,19
				672				1,987
Republican plurality								

WISCONSIN TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued.

GOVERNOR, 1898.																
TOWNSHIP, 1898.																
Popu- lation	White Male	White Female	Total White	Colo- red	Total Popu- lation	Rep. Plu.	Dem. Plu.	Lab. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkley, Pro.	Scotfield, Rep.	Hen- derson, Nat.	Tut- throp, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	
Shawano Co., 9th dist.																
Albion	41	1	1	2	1	3	1	1	19	1	104	1	1	1	1	
Andover	26	1	1	2	1	3	1	1	83	1	83	1	1	1	1	
Antoni	38	1	1	2	1	3	1	1	46	2	83	1	1	1	1	
Belle Plaine	93	1	1	2	1	3	1	1	121	1	117	1	1	1	1	
Brimmwood	25	1	1	2	1	3	1	1	95	2	63	1	1	1	1	
Butternut	79	1	1	2	1	3	1	1	20	3	63	1	1	1	1	
Farbank	12	1	1	2	1	3	1	1	96	1	101	1	1	1	1	
German	53	1	1	2	1	3	1	1	9	1	37	1	1	1	1	
Grant	37	1	1	2	1	3	1	1	99	1	140	1	1	1	1	
Green Valley	70	1	1	2	1	3	1	1	86	1	166	1	1	1	1	
Harland	37	1	1	2	1	3	1	1	87	6	170	1	1	1	1	
Herman	79	1	1	2	1	3	1	1	10	1	113	1	1	1	1	
Herman	32	1	1	2	1	3	1	1	89	1	167	1	1	1	1	
Hutchins.	32	1	1	2	1	3	1	1	106	24	182	1	1	1	1	
Laessle	54	1	1	2	1	3	1	1	15	1	138	1	1	1	1	
Maple Grove	77	1	1	2	1	3	1	1	60	52	97	1	1	1	1	
Mellin	19	1	1	2	1	3	1	1	24	2	123	1	1	1	1	
Navarino	22	1	1	2	1	3	1	1	28	1	78	1	1	1	1	
Pella	59	1	1	2	1	3	1	1	6	1	123	1	1	1	1	
Richmond	63	1	1	2	1	3	1	1	41	1	165	1	1	1	1	
Sebec	23	1	1	2	1	3	1	1	15	1	62	1	1	1	1	
Shawano city:																
1st ward	78	1	1	2	1	3	1	1	20	1	73	1	1	1	1	
2d ward	40	1	1	2	1	3	1	1	41	1	61	1	1	1	1	
3d ward	40	1	1	2	1	3	1	1	13	1	191	1	1	1	1	
4th ward	40	1	1	2	1	3	1	1	13	1	191	1	1	1	1	
5th ward	40	1	1	2	1	3	1	1	13	1	191	1	1	1	1	



HON. JOHN C. SPOONER,
United States Senator. (Term ending March 4, 1903.)

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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Taunton, village.....	62	5	1	32	20	21	2	80	19	69
Wrentham, village.....	108	2	2	82	27	143	4	124		
Waukegan.....	92	6	.....	60	32	87	.....	85	.....	1
Waukegan, village.....	32	4	.....	94	.....	36	2	178	.....	122
Wittenberg, village.....	31	2	2	121	.....	29	.....	139	.....	110
Total.....	1,451	62	36	1,863	3	1,604	55	3,019	3	1,544
Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	412	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	129
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,415
SHEBOYGAN CO.—5th dist.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Elkhart Lake.....	37	23	.....	21	16	61	1	80	11	136
Greenbush.....	64	4	5	164	.....	124	9	260	.....	115
Herman.....	212	9	2	140	68	183	3	245	1	475
Holland, 1st precinct.....	42	46	3	239	.....	104	2	393	1	206
Holland, 2d precinct.....	4	4	1	155	3	7	1	203	2	286
Lima.....	83	9	8	208	.....	114	3	319	.....	103
Lynnton.....	66	4	8	304	1	173	6	368	1	170
Madison.....	137	5	.....	71	60	182	2	172	40	.....
Marshall.....	45	.....	.....	71	.....	34	.....	117	.....	.....
Minneapolis, city.....	78	2	2	154	1	72	2	242	1	.....
Plymouth, city.....	131	2	2	130	.....	109	2	356	.....	190
Plymouth, 1st ward.....	202	4	2	222	2	186	2	335	.....	.....
Plymouth, 2d ward.....	71	9	2	92	.....	57	4	135	2	.....
Rhine.....	118	11	.....	62	58	149	.....	34	14	.....
Russell.....	31	.....	.....	27	4	77	.....	253	43	.....
Scott.....	68	5	3	167	.....	74	4	198	.....	179
Sheboygan.....	107	1	.....	64	43	109	4	.....	12	87
Sheboygan, city.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1st ward.....	195	6	4	287	19	169	6	421	2	.....
2d ward.....	175	3	6	247	12	160	2	321	2	.....
3d ward.....	108	3	.....	124	8	109	.....	204	.....	.....
4th ward.....	132	8	2	270	40	147	.....	364	.....	.....
5th ward.....	104	14	29	155	71	135	3	307	7	1,106
6th ward.....	99	11	5	129	20	132	5	239	1	.....
7th ward.....	190	12	4	116	39	201	3	216	1	.....
8th ward.....	181	7	1	144	30	172	1	291	1	.....
8th ward, 1st precinct.....	181	7	1	144	30	172	1	291	1	.....
8th ward, 2d precinct.....	204	5	2	108	33	175	7	240	25	.....
Sheboygan Falls.....	121	6	2	107	2	160	1	191	1	31
Sheboygan Falls, village.....	174	31	3	90	2	205	2	125	1	.....
Sherman.....	169	4	1	142	.....	157	8	210	80	.....
Wilson.....	47	1	3	84	1	55	2	155	1	109
Total.....	3,203	210	66	4,137	253	3,426	86	6,543	18	3,305
Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	367	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	188
.....	.....	.....	.....	1,301	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,117
.....	.....	.....	.....	934	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

GUBERNATORIAL VOTE BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1883.						GOVERNOR, 1886.									
	Sawyer, Dem.	Wors- ley, Pro.	Chafin, Pro.	Scotfield, Rep.	Tuttle, Soc. Dem. Am.	Riese, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scotfield, Rep.	Han- derson, Nat.	Tut- trop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	
TAYLOR CO.—9th dist.																
Aurora	2	1	.....	13	.....	3	24	11	39	.....	43	.....	.....	.....	4	
Browning	52	2	.....	28	.....	.....	39	.....	77	2	73	.....	.....	4	.....	
Chelsea	87	.....	2	48	.....	.....	.....	21	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Cleveland	7	.....	.....	28	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Deer Creek	84	2	1	34	1	.....	50	.....	61	1	83	.....	.....	19	22	
Greenwood	45	.....	1	12	.....	.....	33	.....	43	.....	24	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Grover	27	.....	.....	47	.....	.....	.....	20	43	.....	173	1	.....	.....	130	
Hammel	29	6	.....	10	.....	.....	19	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Holway	15	.....	1	38	.....	.....	.....	23	15	.....	81	1	.....	.....	19	
Little Rock	123	1	4	91	3	.....	34	.....	109	1	157	2	.....	.....	43	
Medford	150	9	3	57	1	.....	93	.....	133	.....	115	.....	.....	19	.....	
Medford city:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
1st ward	59	1	.....	89	1	.....	.....	46	49	4	55	.....	.....	.....	35	
2d ward	40	5	1	187	.....	.....	.....	.....	48	.....	45	.....	.....	.....	.....	
3d ward	42	2	8	64	.....	.....	.....	.....	36	.....	75	.....	.....	.....	41	
Molitor	28	1	.....	17	.....	.....	11	.....	21	1	62	.....	.....	.....	191	
Rob Lake	92	3	5	162	1	2	.....	70	55	3	246	.....	.....	.....	97	
Westboro	37	1	3	97	.....	1	60	.....	27	2	124	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Total	921	34	30	869	7	7	343	231	759	20	1,355	1	2	11	677	
Democratic plurality																
Republican plurality																
TREMPEALEAU CO.—7th dist																
Albion	26	1	8	106	.....	2	.....	80	32	10	207	1	.....	.....	1 5	
Arcadia, 1st precinct	83	2	12	98	1	.....	4	.....	190	7	193	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Arcadia, 2d precinct	156	4	8	132	1	.....	.....	.....	216	9	166	.....	.....	33	.....	
Arcadia, village	124	4	.....	106	1	.....	18	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Blair .....	.....	.....	5	80	.....	.....	.....	72	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Brandside	30	1	2	24	.....	.....	15	.....	186	7	126	.....	.....	62	.....	
Caledonia	6	.....	.....	24	.....	.....	.....	18	23	.....	66	.....	.....	.....	23	

* 1st and 2d precincts.

* 1st and 2d precincts.

Chimney Rock.....	25	1	50	10	227	10	10	25	40	7	135	11	71	96
Dodge.....	20	4	1	1	277	10	10	150	52	14	11	3	71	96
Edtrick.....	77	4	9	9	146	10	10	150	52	14	11	3	71	96
Gale.....	41	2	3	3	143	10	10	102	102	20	396	4	71	96
Galesville, village.....	28	1	7	7	112	10	10	56	102	20	396	4	71	96
Hale.....	44	5	6	6	118	10	10	74	182	2	202	1	71	96
Independence, village.....	41	3	3	3	118	10	10	3	182	2	202	1	71	96
Lincoln.....	21	10	4	4	44	10	10	32	74	12	183	1	71	96
Osseo, village.....	11	4	56	56	53	10	10	45	74	12	183	1	71	96
Pigeon.....	28	4	120	120	120	10	10	92	74	12	183	1	71	96
Preston.....	25	5	175	175	175	10	10	150	74	12	183	1	71	96
Sumner.....	21	2	70	70	70	10	10	49	74	12	183	1	71	96
Trempealeau.....	34	16	139	139	139	10	10	103	74	12	183	1	71	96
Unity.....	23	1	97	97	97	10	10	69	74	12	183	1	71	96
Whitehall, village.....	26	12	86	86	86	10	10	62	74	12	183	1	71	96
Total.....	827	32	1,994	1,994	1,994	47	47	1,214	1,380	161	3,300	6	168	2,078
Republican plurality.....								1,167						1,910
VERNON Co.—3d dist.														
Bergen.....	38	2	78	78	78	1	1	43	56	4	138	1	138	138
Christiana.....	49	3	146	146	146	2	2	97	27	7	246	1	246	219
Clinton.....	20	3	116	116	116	1	1	89	54	4	139	1	139	136
Coon.....	21	3	151	151	151	1	1	124	55	3	233	1	233	203
Forest.....	13	15	94	94	94	1	1	51	63	9	228	1	228	133
Franklin.....	24	4	110	110	110	1	1	16	111	2	215	1	215	94
Genoa.....	32	3	62	62	62	1	1	30	114	2	116	1	116	2
Greenwood.....	33	3	88	88	88	1	1	45	111	2	111	1	111	19
Hamburg.....	31	2	78	78	78	1	1	44	52	2	136	1	136	145
Hamouy.....	27	2	66	66	66	1	1	39	53	4	131	1	131	127
Hillsboro, village.....	50	1	55	55	55	1	1	44	78	4	161	1	161	82
Jefferson.....	45	7	94	94	94	1	1	46	44	3	100	1	100	36
Kickapoo.....	31	6	80	80	80	1	1	59	107	4	238	1	238	101
McBry Park Viola.....	23	1	41	41	41	1	1	13	63	6	194	1	194	126
Mount Park Viola.....	8	1	27	27	27	1	1	19	48	6	119	1	119	71
Oradell, village.....	15	3	46	46	46	1	1	31						
Radstown, village.....	22	2	42	42	42	1	1	20						
Stark.....	41	4	132	132	132	1	1	84	87	3	187	1	187	90
Starling.....	17	2	104	104	104	1	1	51	82	1	210	1	210	113
Union.....	21	5	60	60	60	1	1	38	61	6	99	1	99	38
Viroqua.....	109	5	128	128	128	1	1	19	96	2	237	1	237	191
Viroqua city:														
1st ward.....	38	2	63	63	63	1	1	94	31	2	99	1	99	198
2d ward.....	37	3	71	71	71	1	1		114	4	106	1	106	
3d ward.....	44	1	74	74	74	1	1		57	1	107	1	107	

GUBERNATORIAL VOTE BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1896.							GOVERNOR, 1896.							
	Sawyer, Dem.	Wor- ley, Pro.	Chafin, Pro.	Scotfield, Rep.	Tuttle, Soc. Dem. of Am.	Riese, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scotfield, Rep.	Hen- derson, Nat.	Tut- trop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
VERNON Co.—cont.															
Webster.....	27	5	6	110				33	67	4	184				117
Westby, village.....	41	1	8	53				14	24	6	93				69
Wheatland.....	35	4	13	122				87	39	4	186				147
Whitestown.....	27	13	3	73				46	97	8	159	1	1		62
Total.....	1,111	76	122	2,440	7	6		1,329	1,638	98	4,875	4	3		2,740
Republican plurality.....								1,329							2,740
VILAS Co.—9th dist.															
Arbor Vitae, 2d precinct.....	85	9	2	177	4	2		129	38	2	191				273
Arbor Vitae, 1st precinct.....	23	1	1	63				25	63	2	145				
Eagle River, 1st precinct.....	162	4	4	24			54	159	170	2	222				90
Eagle River, 2d precinct.....	10			118				11	11		38				91
Minocqua, 1st precinct.....	157	3	4	149	3	1		226	226	4	135				
Minocqua, 2d precinct.....	145	1	2	186	2	2		33							
Total.....	587	14	13	695	9	5	54	162	459	8	731			91	363
Republican plurality.....								54							91
WALWORTH Co.—1st dist.															
Brookfield.....	43	1	2	131	2			91	78	9	234				156
Darien.....	83	2	11	151				66	105	16	246				141
Delavan.....	27	2	6	99				72	199	27	571	1			372
Delavan, city:															
1st ward.....	35		7	87	1			197							
2d ward.....	49		4	96											
3d ward.....	30		2	123	1										
East Troy.....	72	3	10	177				103	111	13	273				163

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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Elkhorn, city:	28 } 105	6 } 10	10 } 29	94 } 289		164	118	33	232		174
1st ward	36 } 42	2 } 2	7 } 12	101 } 74		57	80	21	162		82
2d ward	41	3	16	54	.....	37	98	10	171	.....	76
Geneva	58	.....	8	95	.....	75	44	11	203	.....	159
Lafayette	25	2	8	100	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....
Lake Geneva	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
city:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1st ward	26 } 96	2 } 2	21 } 50	97 } 300	.....	204	53 } 144	15 } 29	475	.....	331
2d ward	46 } 24	.....	10 } 19	114	.....	.....	46 } 5	8 } 10	179	.....	111
3d ward	24	.....	13	108	.....	75	68	22	210	.....	112
Linn	53	1	11	139	.....	66	93	22	3	.....	312
Lions	37	3	3	67	.....	30	64	36	427	.....	194
Richmond	31	1	1	100	.....	81	115	.....	.....	.....	275
Sharon	19	3	17	113	.....	84	.....	.....	.....	.....	114
Sharon, village	31	3	6	140	.....	117	.....	.....	.....	.....	363
Spring Prairie	23	2	22	76	.....	52	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sugar Creek	24	2	8	115	.....	42	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Troy	63	1	18	194	.....	158	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Walworth	36	.....	6	109	.....	61	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Whitewater	48	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
city:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1st ward	68 } 250	3 } 9	9 } 24	125 } 465	.....	215	86 } 260	11 } 31	623	.....	.....
2d ward	100 } 82	3 } 3	10 } 5	138	.....	.....	86 } 88	10 } 10	201	.....	.....
3d ward	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	1,813	46	233	3,352	9	2,039	1,839	348	5,292	13	3,403
Republican plurality	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,039	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,403
WASHBURN Co.—10th dist.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bashaw	10	4	3	83	.....	83	23	8	83	.....	60
Long Lake	15	2	1	16	.....	41	18	3	23	.....	23
Minong	7	.....	1	47	.....	40	19	3	58	.....	39
Shell Lake	101	7	13	272	.....	171	72	11	378	.....	306
Spooner, 1st precinct	42 } 58	7 } 10	3 } 3	76 } 118	.....	60	65 } 89	1 } 2	170	.....	81
2d precinct	16 } 53	3 } 3	.....	42 } 52	.....	.....	24 } 32	1 } 2	35	.....	3
Veszie	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	244	23	21	598	1	355	253	22	765	2	512
Republican plurality	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	354	.....	.....	.....	.....	512

GUBERNATORIAL VOTE BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1893.										GOVERNOR, 1898.				
	Sawyer, Dem.	Wor- ley, Pro.	Chad- win, Pro.	Scofield, Rep.	Tuttle, Dem. Am.	Riese, Dem. Lab.	Dem Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scofield, Rep.	Hen- derson, Nat.	Tut- tles, Dem. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
WASHINGTON Co.—5th dist.															
Addison.....	262	4	4	81			181		269		108			161	15
Benton.....	135	4	2	90	1		45		135	3	150			123	
Clinton.....	183	3	1	106			77		203	2	77				40
Farmington.....	137		2	111			26		139		179	2			149
German town.....	184			150			14		141	4	240				6
Hartford.....	179	2		127	1	1	52		158		174				
Hartford, city:															
1st ward.....	107	4		98		1	33		80	2	133				130
2d ward.....	120			98					67	2	133				
Jackson.....	114			223					109		277				177
Kewaskum.....	82	2	1	107				25	84	3	196	2			112
Kewaskum, village.....	80	1	1	68			12		46		24		1		22
Polk.....	97		3	205				106	117		239	1			122
Richfield.....	234		1	122					208	2	194			14	31
Schleisingsville, village.....	62			37			112		29		60				
Trenton.....	183	1		83			25		232	3	104			148	115
Wayne.....	91		5	171			100	80	110		225	1	1		
West Bend.....	89	1	1	57		1	32		101	1	79		2		
West Bend, city:															
1st ward.....	148	2		74		1	102		117	1	72			32	
2d ward.....	111			73					92	3	105				
Total.....	2,583	24	26	2,094	2	5	811	322	2,461	30	2,833	7	6	525	897
Democratic plurality.....							499								525
Republican plurality.....															372
WAUKESHA Co.—5th dist.															
Brookfield.....	207	4	9	151			76		234	6	242				8
Delafield.....	86	1	5	180				94	144	6	321				177
Eagle.....	168	2	13	111		3	57		157	6	161				161
Genesee.....	111		21	197	1			86	107		245				138
Hardland, village.....	69	1	8	82	1			13		14					

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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Lisbon.....	149	20	183	2	106	36	131	14	230	1	28	2,077	119
Menomonee Falls, village.....	222	8	118	2	106	36	293	9	432	1	28	2,049	139
Merton.....	58	1	94	1	1	36	176	9	275	1	1		102
Mukwonago.....	170	1	171	1	1	79	100	22	247	1	1		167
Muskego.....	95	12	174	1	1	21	100	5	163	2	23		96
New Berlin.....	85	4	106	1	61	35	111	7	180	2			83
Oconomowoc.....	156	2	133	2	1	85	166	4	242				108
Oconomowoc, city:	103	1	179	1	1	95	82	3	204				88
1st precinct.....	177	14	349	1	1	38	248	8	446				96
2d precinct.....	71	17	170	1	1	35	77	1	165				159
Ottawa.....	91	3	129	3	1	107	240	9	326				109
Pewaukee.....	173	2	122	3	1	35	68	4	227				184
Pewaukee, village.....	62	3	97	1	1	107	79	16	263				169
Summit.....	74	1	156	1	1	4	84	2	178				213
Vernon.....	67	2	174	1	1	4	201	10	1,002				
Waukesha.....	89	1	153	1	1	37	166	3	194				
Waukesha, city:	105	4	131	1	1	37	163	5	233				
1st ward.....	211	17	136	1	1	37	163	5	233				
2d ward.....	118	10	73	1	1	37	163	5	233				
3d ward.....	732	7	131	1	1	37	163	5	233				
4th ward.....	137	12	117	1	1	37	163	5	233				
5th ward.....	72	14	179	1	1	37	163	5	233				
6th ward.....	89	27	179	1	1	37	163	5	233				
Total.....	3,221	50	238	13	9	351	3,222	177	5,331	3	2	2,077	28
Republican plurality.....						448						2,049	
WATAPACA CO.—8th dist.													
Bear Creek.....	41	2	18	1	1	17	91	2	135				44
Caledonia.....	48	7	92	1	1	34	143	1	189				81
Clintonville, city.....	97	4	122	1	1	54	111	19	231				140
Dayton.....	84	2	140	1	1	96	142	2	272				170
DuPont.....	28	1	137	1	1	102	38	3	273				231
Embarras, village.....	9	1	31	1	1	22	9	3	47				38
Farmington, 1st precinct.....	22	5	142	1	1	329	88	7	406				368
Farmington, 2d precinct.....	30	2	217	1	1	25	83	2	66				38
Fremont.....	21	12	46	1	1	15	14	1	54				40
Fremont, village.....	13	2	28	1	1	13	14	1	54				84
Harrison.....	32	2	24	1	1	42	9	1	113				110
Helvetic.....	16	1	68	1	1	42	3	2	230				228
Iola.....	9	4	147	1	1	138	2	4	240				228
Iola, village.....	14	2	30	1	1	16	9	2	96				80

*1st and 2d precincts.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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Bloomfield.....	14	3	4	113	1		99	20	4	208				176
Coloma.....	25	1	2	115			80	18	2	148				128
Dakota.....	6	2	1	171	2		72	14	2	143				139
Deerfield.....	4	1	1	104	.....	.....	104	14	4	134	.....	.....	.....	134
Hancock.....	27	1	1	182	.....	.....	137	24	6	232	.....	.....	.....	200
Leon.....	26	23	7	143	2	.....	137	88	8	185	.....	.....	.....	177
Marion.....	32	3	4	157	1	.....	157	88	9	198	.....	.....	.....	183
Mc Morris.....	21	13	7	99	.....	.....	79	37	8	126	.....	.....	.....	183
Oasis.....	23	3	7	122	.....	.....	99	34	10	159	.....	.....	.....	126
Plainfield.....	9	.....	1	122	.....	.....	143	23	1	235	.....	.....	.....	244
Plainfield, village.....	21	.....	1	165	2	.....	144	23	4	150	.....	.....	.....	127
Prosser.....	20	2	5	134	.....	.....	114	88	.....	204	.....	.....	.....	166
Richford.....	12	1	9	140	.....	.....	68	6	.....	83	.....	.....	.....	187
Rose.....	6	.....	1	135	.....	.....	129	6	18	173	.....	.....	.....	187
Saville.....	15	18	15	102	4	.....	87	20	4	182	.....	.....	.....	113
Springwater.....	10	3	15	112	3	.....	102	14	18	152	.....	.....	.....	131
Van Hook.....	41	3	3	94	1	.....	150	53	5	119	.....	.....	.....	61
Watoma.....	42	7	2	182	1	.....	150	23	5	240	.....	.....	.....	217
Total.....	339	88	98	2,340	6	18	1,932	470	105	3,207	4	.....	.....	2,739
Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,931	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,737
WINNEBAGO Co.—6th dist.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Alcona.....	44	7	5	116	.....	.....	72	66	9	148	.....	.....	.....	8
Black Wolf.....	47	4	2	80	1	.....	83	69	5	85	.....	.....	.....	2
Chayton.....	116	.....	1	109	.....	.....	7	122	2	164	.....	.....	.....	.....
Menasha.....	57	5	1	34	.....	.....	23	92	3	63	.....	.....	.....	.....
Menasha, city:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1st ward.....	173	10	4	116	1	.....	.....	194	1	154	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	180	6	13	73	4	.....	.....	180	3	118	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	76	7	5	89	1	.....	.....	98	4	130	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th ward.....	191	9	4	77	3	.....	.....	240	.....	99	.....	.....	.....	.....
Neenah.....	48	5	2	55	1	.....	7	71	1	76	.....	.....	.....	.....
Neenah, city:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1st ward.....	142	6	17	156	1	.....	.....	132	9	250	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	148	4	13	140	2	.....	.....	126	4	183	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	151	8	12	158	6	.....	.....	166	24	709	.....	.....	.....	226
4th ward.....	61	6	1	36	.....	.....	.....	59	3	50	.....	.....	.....	.....
Nekimi.....	43	1	14	123	.....	.....	80	60	9	171	.....	.....	.....	111
Nepussum.....	41	3	7	128	.....	.....	85	53	7	180	.....	.....	.....	127
Omro.....	49	1	15	143	1	.....	94	129	22	488	.....	.....	.....	389
Omro, village.....	66	1	22	189	1	.....	123	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Oshkosh.....	81	7	3	128	.....	.....	45	88	1	184	.....	.....	.....	101
Oshkosh, city:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1st ward.....	152	37	8	165	1	.....	.....	182	2	237	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	262	46	3	158	.....	.....	.....	243	3	235	.....	.....	.....	.....

GOVERNMENTAL VOTE BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1886.					GOVERNOR, 1886.									
	Sawyer, Dem.	Wor- ley, Pro.	Chafin, Pro.	Scottld., Rep.	Tuttle, Soc. Dem. of Am.	Riese, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Berkey, Pro.	Scotfield, Rep.	Hen- derson, Nat.	Tut- trop, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
WINNEBAGO Co.—Con.															
Oshkosh, city.—Con.															
3d ward	168	9	6	124	1	2		162	2	201	201	1	2		884
4th ward	246	42	6	229	1	2		310	11	288	288	1	2		
5th ward	141	35	21	293	1	5		156	17	424	424	1	2		
6th ward	196	142	4	108	1	5		309	4	222	222	2	2		
7th ward	69	9	16	249	1	35		72	3	380	338	2	6		
8th ward	227	81	5	121	4	2		253	80	249	249	2			
9th ward	182	36	20	182	1	1		183	6	277	277				
10th ward	125	50	11	85	1	1		190	7	127	358				
11th ward	157	62	11	150	4	4		203	1	148	127				
12th ward	134	40	12	224	2	13		148	7	208	380				
13th ward	139	130	16					310	13						
Poygan	73	2	1	68	1			90			85			5	
Rushford	96	2	12	239			5	102	11		312	5			210
Utica	41	6	6	100	1			60			226				166
Vinland	61	3	3	123				89	1		166				77
Winchester	58	2	9	141	2			47	7		232		1		185
Winecove	47	1	4	97	1			50	5		146				99
Winecove, village.	86	1	11	125	1			66	10		190				124
Wolf River	65	1	1	55			7	61	1		104			43	
Total	4,471	875	301	5,283	40	56	327	5,213	213	7,835	7,835	11	14	249	2,808
Republican majority							327								216
							822								2,622
WOOD Co.—3d dist.															
Auburndale	50		1	42	1			38		118	118				83
Auburndale, village	10	2	1	12				9	1	33	33				24
Centralia, city															
1st ward	25	4	3	11	1	1		29		81	81				
2d ward	50	5	1	130	1	1		91	2	86	86				
3d ward	156	14	5	130	1	1		203	1	225	225				17
	72	5	1	51				89							

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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Grand Rapids.....	93	1	4	61	32	80	121	46
Grand Rapids, city:								
1st ward.....	42	2	1	30		62	51	115
2d ward.....	57	2	4	75		42	101	
3d ward.....	38	2	1	43		45	63	
4th ward.....	38	1	2	60		32	83	29
Lincoln.....	92	1	2	61	31	72	101	
Marshallfield.....	73	1	2	23	50	89	54	
Marshallfield, city:								
1st ward.....	123	2	3	21	4	130	51	
2d ward.....	73	2	2	33	3	62	50	
3d ward.....	96	2	10	67	7	92	128	
4th ward.....	492	8	2	67	4	91	89	158
5th ward.....	68	1	4	77		69	63	
6th ward.....	90	1	1	25		43	20	
7th ward.....	47	2	2	26	37	92	81	
Millstone village.....	47	2	2	63		44	98	54
Port Edwards, city:								
1st ward.....	15		1	31		11	60	
2d ward.....	10		5	13		6	18	
3d ward.....	8		3	14		8	14	
Port Edwards.....	33	5	5	90	17	67	123	67
Remington.....	66	8	1	51	1	56	103	58
Richfield.....	14	1	1	31	1	13	56	47
Rock.....	23	1	4	63	1	38	99	43
Rudolph.....	33	1	2	63	30	28	98	71
Saratoga.....	19	1	1	38	1	103	122	19
Seneca.....	66	1	1	51	15	26	63	37
Sherry.....	22	7	1	42	22	58	98	40
Siegel.....	111	1	5	98	1	155	129	75
Vesper.....	28	1	1	30	2	28	37	9
Wood.....	73	1	3	87	14	64	178	114
Total.....	1,850	51	60	1,615	470	1,932	2,766	944
Democratic plurality.....				255	255			130
Republican plurality.....								514

COMPARATIVE VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, 1893-1898, BY COUNTIES, WITH POPULATION.

COUNTIES.	GOVERNOR, 1898.						GOVERNOR, 1896.									
	Popula- tion, 1895.	Sawyer, Dem.	Wors- ley, Pro.	Chafin, Pro	Schofield, Rep.	Tuttle, Soc. Dem. Am.	Riese, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	Silver- thorn, Dem.	Barker, Pro.	Schofield, Rep.	Hen- derson, Nat. Pro.	Tut- tles, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
Adams.....	7,532	420	17	27	1,635	7	2	.....	635	387	27	1,427	.....	.....	.....	1,030
Ashland.....	17,241	1,252	46	75	1,103	8	25	.....	451	1,754	59	2,700	.....	15	.....	916
Barron.....	20,122	675	118	106	1,090	4	6	.....	985	1,322	165	2,765	.....	.....	.....	1,487
Bayfield.....	12,595	697	28	68	1,276	6	10	.....	538	3,776	46	2,224	.....	5	.....	1,448
Brown.....	45,623	2,929	65	121	3,475	13	19	.....	547	3,870	58	5,824	22	5	.....	1,454
Buffalo.....	16,931	1,011	47	51	1,640	4	4	.....	629	1,302	62	2,803	.....	1	.....	1,001
Burnett.....	5,892	54	136	54	1,703	6	12	.....	649	1,365	28	2,807	.....	3	.....	452
Calumet.....	17,744	1,411	65	30	1,370	10	4	41	.....	1,897	27	1,639	.....	1	.....	.....
Chippewa.....	28,727	2,150	85	120	2,273	3	4	.....	123	2,965	89	3,897	.....	1	.....	622
Clark.....	21,342	948	36	95	2,048	4	5	.....	1,100	1,841	100	3,299	.....	6	.....	1,853
Columbia.....	30,968	2,143	51	208	2,526	12	4	.....	1,383	2,457	808	4,746	.....	12	.....	2,298
Crawford.....	17,203	1,305	44	82	1,720	3	2	.....	415	1,626	41	2,807	.....	2	.....	781
Dane.....	65,669	6,276	76	496	5,461	81	14	1,815	.....	6,854	518	6,747	.....	15	.....	1,943
Dodge.....	16,969	5,884	32	122	2,834	12	4	.....	1,860	5,019	108	5,573	.....	9	.....	554
Door.....	29,966	1,578	70	182	1,871	5	4	.....	923	2,866	45	2,402	.....	4	.....	1,506
Douglas.....	25,006	1,022	152	127	2,862	17	37	.....	1,264	2,486	61	4,113	.....	6	.....	1,615
Dunn.....	83,172	1,850	42	133	2,646	22	7	.....	605	2,497	163	3,340	.....	2	.....	1,910
Eau Claire.....	2,850	120	10	6	2,297	7	7	.....	798	2,397	250	4,447	.....	1	.....	2,050
Florence.....	47,456	4,194	114	235	4,201	17	7	.....	177	5,034	6	491	.....	8	.....	369
Fond du Lac.....	2,850	132	3	7	4,201	17	7	.....	.....	5,034	170	6,089	.....	7	.....	1,066
Forest.....	1,298	132	3	7	4,201	17	7	.....	.....	5,034	170	6,089	.....	7	.....	1,066
Grant.....	38,372	2,947	49	188	4,094	15	6	.....	53	3,485	115	5,005	.....	4	.....	238
Green.....	23,420	1,448	169	129	2,042	15	5	.....	1,147	3,231	205	5,231	.....	6	.....	1,586
Green Lake.....	15,939	1,682	51	65	1,914	6	12	.....	564	2,831	183	3,054	.....	11	.....	723
Iowa.....	23,447	1,848	33	243	2,245	6	5	.....	232	1,581	196	2,080	.....	4	.....	510
Iron.....	5,338	473	7	16	2,086	5	1	.....	437	2,478	30	1,290	.....	2	.....	835
Jackson.....	16,722	689	19	79	1,675	5	1	.....	223	792	108	2,407	.....	4	.....	812
Jefferson.....	36,317	3,606	46	146	2,750	11	8	856	688	3,672	150	4,275	.....	1	.....	1,915
Juneau.....	18,754	1,661	128	69	2,203	3	6	.....	542	1,714	64	2,582	.....	3	.....	603
Kenosha.....	17,543	1,674	43	66	2,027	8	3	.....	383	1,750	53	2,498	.....	8	.....	1,091
Kewaunee.....	17,632	1,682	23	22	1,269	6	6	443	.....	1,702	14	1,812	.....	5	.....	1,056
La Crosse.....	43,610	2,333	74	173	3,864	10	6	.....	1,505	3,215	204	6,201	.....	8	.....	1,110
Lafayette.....	21,488	1,982	27	109	2,228	1	3	.....	246	2,265	119	2,910	.....	1	.....	2,866
Langlade.....	11,092	1,102	20	25	2,968	3	8	.....	.....	2,045	23	1,394	.....	4	.....	645
Lincoln.....	14,765	1,327	108	57	1,132	10	4	195		1,849	43	1,675		3	174	376

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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Manitowoc	40,892	8,701	58	58	3,265	68	17	442	3,995	98	4,401	11	12	530	408
Marathon	30,996	2,765	269	57	3,083	10	114		4,196	78	3,663	2	25		
Marquette	27,271	1,397	41	105	3,062	18	7	.....	1,808	23	4,355	2	9	.....	2,580
Marquette	10,233	1,840	10	59	1,210	3	8	.....	740	643	1,413	1	.....	.....	635
Menasha	28,922	19,454	2,661	239	2,623	1,633	779	.....	27,494	108	23,663	40	619	.....	7,299
Menomonie	26,360	1,843	44	181	2,691	5	12	.....	2,374	94	3,939	12	1	.....	1,483
Menomonie	18,389	1,157	50	83	1,646	10	19	.....	1,233	30	2,911	8	5	.....	1,901
Menomonie	17,000	1,038	19	35	1,865	7	21	.....	4,044	30	1,405	.....	.....	.....	1,183
Menomonie	41,414	3,074	14	159	3,774	7	21	647	4,868	139	1,879	26	8	.....	.....
Menomonie	17,547	1,434	46	6	1,865	7	.....	.....	1,412	42	1,295	10	10	442	.....
Menomonie	21,000	621	98	79	1,771	.....	1	.....	1,412	132	3,687	1	1	.....	553
Menomonie	18,117	884	135	64	1,822	12	22	.....	1,412	132	3,687	2	1	.....	2,262
Menomonie	28,117	1,397	135	64	1,822	12	22	.....	1,412	132	3,687	2	1	.....	1,982
Menomonie	7,257	2,515	13	98	2,219	12	10	.....	2,965	85	3,476	6	2	.....	1,821
Menomonie	41,110	2,850	926	197	3,544	12	33	.....	4,101	98	1,443	1	6	.....	891
Menomonie	19,619	1,430	121	173	1,832	16	19	.....	2,093	241	5,733	19	5	.....	1,632
Menomonie	48,414	2,676	101	268	3,527	11	11	.....	3,637	138	2,638	1	2	.....	4,547
Menomonie	25,870	1,481	119	168	2,671	11	7	.....	2,479	157	3,424	4	10	.....	4,547
Menomonie	32,919	1,999	32	230	2,671	5	7	.....	2,637	263	4,594	4	6	.....	1,957
Menomonie	3,741	1,355	11	31	2,647	5	2	.....	1,871	27	3,019	.....	8	.....	1,135
Menomonie	22,573	1,451	63	38	1,863	3	11	.....	1,804	55	3,019	3	11	.....	1,415
Menomonie	48,396	3,233	210	64	4,137	283	59	.....	3,426	89	6,543	18	313	.....	3,117
Menomonie	8,493	921	34	30	1,489	7	7	53	759	20	1,355	4	2	.....	598
Menomonie	27,035	1,111	32	135	1,994	10	4	.....	1,390	161	3,370	6	5	.....	1,910
Menomonie	27,035	1,111	32	135	1,994	10	4	.....	1,390	161	3,370	6	5	.....	2,740
Menomonie	3,801	1,587	14	13	2,695	9	5	.....	1,638	94	4,373	4	3	.....	272
Menomonie	29,162	1,313	46	293	3,352	9	8	.....	1,889	349	5,292	12	3	.....	3,403
Menomonie	4,266	2,244	23	21	2,598	1	8	459	1,253	23	2,765	.....	2	.....	512
Menomonie	24,077	2,583	24	26	2,094	8	5	.....	2,461	30	2,833	7	6	.....	372
Menomonie	36,562	3,221	50	298	3,669	13	9	.....	3,292	177	5,331	3	2	.....	2,049
Menomonie	30,753	1,189	41	175	3,274	13	7	.....	1,563	139	5,456	32	3	.....	3,863
Menomonie	15,355	3,889	89	98	2,340	6	18	.....	1,951	105	3,207	4	.....	.....	2,737
Menomonie	57,627	4,471	875	301	5,283	40	56	.....	5,213	213	7,835	11	14	.....	2,622
Menomonie	21,637	1,530	51	60	1,615	12	15	235	1,952	52	2,766	6	6	.....	814
Total	1,937,915	135,353	8,518	8,038	173,137	2,544	1,473	6,299	169,237	8,140	264,981	407	1,306	1,504	97,228
Rep. Pln.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,504
Rep. Pln.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	96,724

NOTE.—Scattering votes: Adams county, 5; Barron county, 3; Bayfield county, 2; Burnett county, 2; Calumet county, blank 6; Chippewa county, 1; Columbia county, 3; Crawford county, 1; Dane county, 36; Dodge county, 4; Door county, 3; Dunn county, 6; Grant county, 4; Green county, 1; Iowa county, 3; Jackson county, 5; Juneau county, 1; Kenosha county, 1 and 17 blank; La Crosse county, 2; Lafayette county, 2; Milwaukee county, 4; Pierce county, 3; Portage county, 2; Richland county, 3; Rock county, 1; St. Croix county, 3; Sauk county, 1; Shawano county, 1; Sheboygan county, 1; blank 11; Trempealeau county, 6; Vernon county, 9; Waupaca county, 2. Total, 327, not included in above.

COMPARATIVE VOTE FOR PRESIDENT, 1886, AND GOVERNOR, 1898, BY COUNTIES, WITH POPULATION.

COUNTIES.	PRESIDENT, 1886.					GOVERNOR, 1898.				
	Popula- tion, 1886.	Bryan, Dem.	Lever, Max. Pro.	McKinley, Rep.	Palmer, Nat. Dem.	Ben- tley, Nat. Lab.	Match- ett, Soc. Labor.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.	COUNTIES.
Adams	7,532	391	27	1,432	16	3	16	1,041	420	Chaslin, Pro.
Ashtland	17,241	1,743	60	2,738	36	27	4	1,252	1,252	Wor- ley, Pro.
Barron	20,122	1,314	19	2,772	27	4	1	1,474	1,252	Sawyer, Dem.
Bayfield	12,596	1,770	59	2,244	13	13	5	1,474	687	Tuttle, Soc. of Am.
Brown	45,623	3,511	86	5,436	69	13	5	1,595	2,929	Rep. Plu.
Buffalo	16,931	1,302	61	2,301	51	2	1	1,595	1,011	Dem. Plu.
Burnett	5,592	1,349	28	2,800	4	1	2	451	1,011	Lab.
Calumet	17,744	1,869	28	1,547	27	1	2	382	1,411	
Chippewa	23,727	2,829	64	3,601	35	2	6	672	2,150	
Clark	21,342	1,318	97	3,323	39	1	12	2,010	2,143	
Columbia	20,865	1,509	38	2,845	108	2	2	2,046	2,143	
Crawford	11,233	1,509	280	2,845	108	1	2	2,010	2,143	
Dane	61,969	6,321	120	9,010	236	12	4	2,359	5,276	
Dodge	41,831	4,892	98	4,274	43	1	1	1,747	1,548	
Door	23,868	2,321	84	4,274	43	1	1	1,747	1,548	
Douglas	23,868	2,321	84	4,274	43	1	1	1,747	1,548	
DuChesne	32,172	2,321	84	4,274	43	1	1	1,747	1,548	
Eau Claire	32,172	2,321	84	4,274	43	1	1	1,747	1,548	
Foreman	47,640	4,892	98	4,274	43	1	1	1,747	1,548	
Franklin	47,640	4,892	98	4,274	43	1	1	1,747	1,548	
Forest	38,372	3,853	115	5,105	67	2	2	1,634	2,947	
Grant	23,420	2,339	188	3,063	53	2	2	1,634	2,947	
Green	15,939	1,588	61	2,103	32	5	7	1,634	1,634	
Green Lake	23,417	2,080	174	3,115	61	12	3	1,634	1,634	
Iowa	5,338	2,472	68	1,248	61	12	3	1,634	1,634	
Iron	15,722	778	28	2,710	39	1	2	1,634	1,634	
Jefferson	38,317	3,504	138	4,944	283	7	2	1,634	1,634	
Johnson	18,754	1,671	69	2,822	35	5	4	1,634	1,634	
Koshong	17,548	1,732	40	2,827	62	8	8	1,634	1,634	
Kovance	17,548	1,732	40	2,827	62	8	8	1,634	1,634	
La Crosse	43,610	3,053	161	4,297	225	2	1	3,239	2,358	
Lafayette	21,498	2,286	114	2,919	59	3	1	1,634	1,634	
Langlade	11,062	1,536	23	1,457	38	3	4	501	1,102	

ELECTION STATISTICS.

[illegible]

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE.

BY DISTRICTS, COUNTIES AND PRECINCTS. 1898.

FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Clinton Bassett, Dem.	John Cuthrie Huffman, Pro.	Henry A. Cooper, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
GREEN COUNTY—					
Adams	65	1	34		
Albany	35	7	5	II	
Albany, village	33	13	108		45
Brooklyn	40	3	98		77
Brookhead, 1st ward	50	13	39		47
Brookhead, 2d ward	71	13	115		61
Brownstown	17		204		47
Cadiz	67	4	18		41
Clarno	98	4	96		I
Decatur	38	4	67	II	61
Edgar	41	9	78		
Jackson	45	14	47	II	41
Jordan	79	9	128		71
Monroe	53	2	50	II	
Monroe, city, 1st ward	70	4	137		III
2d ward	70	3	41		
3d ward	105	11	115		
4th ward	54	4	48		
St. Pleasant		2	48		IV
Monticello	39	1			
New Hope	23	1	67		70
Spring Grove	34	2	94		44
St. Charles	37	7	92		36
Washington	24	4	79		36
York	40		42	II	36
York	22	2	127		36
Total	1,401	121	2,288	118	835
Republican plurality					903
					126
					627
KEOSAU COUNTY—					
Brighton	99				
Keosau	44	5	69	III	131
Keosau city			131	30	
1st ward for precinct	113	4	135		131
2d precinct	101	3	217		
2d ward	102	4	149	1,067	
3d ward	105	27	179		
4th ward	143	6	167		
Prairie	79	1	78		II
Prairie Prairie	95	2	174	3	
Ridgely	38		111		
St. Ann	101	1	215		1,473
St. Charles	47	12	181		114
Wheatland	98	1	96		
Total	1,435	49	2,164	33	563
Republican plurality					33
					53



HON. JOSEPH V. QUARLES.

United States Senator. (Term commencing March 4, 1899.)

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Clinton Babbitt, Dem.	John Carlisle Huffman, Pro.	Henry A. Cooper, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
LAFAYETTE COUNTY—					
Argyle	74	6	211	.....	137
Belmont	51	2	56	.....	5
Belmont, village	52	2	72	.....	20
Benton	52	4	118	.....	54
Benton, village	52	.....	69	.....	17
Blanchard	39	.....	64	.....	25
Blanchardville	39	2	95	.....	56
Darlington, 1st precinct	190 } 308	8 } 25	190 } 321	.....	13
2d precinct	118 }	17 }	131 }	.....	30
Elk Grove	63	2	93	.....	12
Fayette	90	7	74	16	.....
Gratiot	108	3	110	.....	37
Gratiot, village	49	.....	36	13	.....
Kendall	85	1	38	47	.....
Lamont	35	3	72	.....	2
Monticello	31	.....	33	.....	26
New Diggings	107	3	133	.....	.....
Seymour	107	.....	67	40	.....
Shullsburg	262	5	222	40	.....
Wayne	42	17	146	.....	104
White Oak Springs	15	.....	48	.....	31
Willow Springs	121	13	42	79	.....
Wiot Springs	92	4	191	.....	99
Total	1,884	100	2,321	235	672
Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	213
RACINE COUNTY—					
Racine, city:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1st ward	109 } 1,534	6 } 94	212 } 3,072	.....	1,538
2d ward	88	15	381	.....	.....
3d ward, n precinct	115	8	261	.....	.....
s precinct	119	5	181	.....	.....
4th ward, e precinct	115	3	174	.....	.....
w precinct	204	2	158	.....	.....
5th ward, n precinct	125	9	328	.....	.....
s precinct	99	15	421	.....	.....
6th ward, s precinct	152	18	363	.....	.....
s precinct	160	7	322	.....	.....
7th ward, e precinct	154	3	185	.....	.....
w precinct	94	3	86	.....	.....
Burlington	115	5	66	49	.....
Burlington, village	263	16	208	55	.....
Caledonia	173	4	124	49	.....
Dover	103	9	105	.....	2
Mount Pleasant	83	11	171	.....	89
Norway	46	.....	123	.....	77
Raymond	43	9	180	.....	137
Rochester	45	3	129	.....	84
Union Grove, village	20	10	80	.....	60
Waterford	130	11	161	.....	31
Yorkville	33	12	109	.....	76
Total	2,583	184	4,528	153	2,093
Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	153
ROCK COUNTY—					
Avon	31	2	88	.....	57
Beloit	25	.....	76	.....	51
Beloit, city:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1st ward	78 } 343	4 } 42	198 } 1,107	.....	764
2d ward	69	8	242		
3d ward	59	8	215		
4th ward	86	20	286		
5th ward	51	2	163		

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Clinton Babbitt, Dem.	John Carlisle Huffman, Pro.	Henry A. Cooper, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
LAFAYETTE COUNTY—					
Argyle	74	6	211		137
Belmont	51	2	56		5
Belmont, village	52	2	72		20
Benton	62	4	118		54
Benton, village	52		69		17
Blanchard	39		64		25
Blanchardville	39	2	95		56
Darlington, 1st precinct	190	8	190		13
Darlington, 2d precinct	118	17	131		30
Elk Grove	63	2	93		12
Fayette	90	7	74	16	
Gratiot	108	3	110		
Gratiot, village	48	1	36	13	
Kendall	85	1	39	47	
Lamont	35	3	72		37
Monticello	31		33		2
New Diggings	107	3	133		26
Seymour	107		67	40	
Shullsburg	282	5	222	40	
Wayne	42	17	146		104
White Oak Springs	15		48		31
Willow Springs	121	13	42	79	
Wiota Springs	92	4	191		99
Total	1,884	100	2,321	235	672
Republican plurality					235
RACINE COUNTY—					
Racine, city:					
1st ward	109	6	212		
2d ward	88	15	331		
3d ward, n precinct	115	8	261		
3d ward, s precinct	119	5	181		
4th ward, e precinct	115	3	174		
4th ward, w precinct	204	2	158		
5th ward, n precinct	125	9	328	3,072	1,538
5th ward, s precinct	99	15	421		
6th ward, n precinct	132	18	363		
6th ward, s precinct	180	7	322		
7th ward, e precinct	154	3	185		
7th ward, w precinct	94	3	86		
Burlington	115	5	66	49	
Burlington, village	263	16	208	55	
Caledonia	173	4	124	49	
Dover	103	9	105		2
Mount Pleasant	83	11	171		88
Norway	46		123		77
Raymond	43	9	180		137
Rochester	45	3	129		81
Union Grove, village	20	10	80		60
Waterford	130	11	161		31
Yorkville	33	12	109		76
Total	2,588	184	4,528	153	2,093
Republican plurality					153
ROCK COUNTY—					
Avon	31	2	88		57
Beloit	25		76		51
Beloit, city:					
1st ward	78	4	198		
2d ward	69	8	242		
3d ward	59	8	215	1,107	761
4th ward	86	20	286		
5th ward	51	2	163		

FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Clinton Babbitt, Dem.	John Carlisle Huffman, Pro.	Henry A. Cooper, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
ROCK COUNTY—Continued.					
Bradford	35	1	72	.....	37
Center	40	1	128	.....	88
Clinton	31	7	95	.....	64
Clinton, village	62	12	106	.....	44
Edgerton, city	165	19	151	11	.....
Evansville, city	66	38	328	.....	262
Fulton	76	4	137	.....	61
Harmony	68	3	65	3	.....
Janesville	71	1	95	.....	24
Janesville, city:					
1st ward, 1st precinct	53	6	89		
2d precinct	67	7	232		
2d ward, 1st precinct	69	3	79		
2d precinct	121	1	143		
3d ward, 1st precinct	78	3	241	1,355	370
2d precinct	75	8	175		
4th ward, 1st precinct	172	5	111		
2d precinct	172	5	159		
5th ward	175	2	126		
Johnstown	57	12	71	.....	14
La Prairie	78	1	103	.....	27
Lima	31	8	107	.....	76
Magnolia	64	7	123	.....	59
Milton, 1st precinct	61	14	141	.....	236
2d precinct	28	28	184	.....	112
Newark	12	2	124	.....	104
Plymouth	61	2	165	.....	51
Porter	91	.....	142	.....	1
Rock	91	2	92	.....	175
Spring Valley	35	12	210	.....	65
Turtle	39	1	104	.....	69
Union	23	6	92	.....	.....
Total	2,667	265	5,461	17	2,811
Republican plurality					17
					2,794
WALWORTH COUNTY—					
Bloomfield	41	2	135	.....	94
Darien	83	11	140	.....	47
Delavan	27	6	99	.....	72
Delavan, city, 1st ward	39	8	77	.....	138
2d ward	53	4	87	268	.....
3d ward	33	3	101	.....	87
East Troy	81	8	97	108	.....
Elkhorn, 1st ward	26	11	97	.....	182
2d ward	30	6	106	278	.....
3d ward	40	12	75	.....	56
Geneva	42	17	98	.....	33
Lafayette	60	3	93	.....	74
La Grange	24	8	102	.....	.....
Lake Geneva, 1st ward	24	18	101	.....	222
2d ward	43	10	85	310	.....
3d ward	21	18	118	.....	76
Linn	33	13	109	.....	60
Lyons	80	11	140	.....	30
Richmond	37	3	67	.....	83
Sharon	19	5	102	.....	87
Sharon, village	28	16	115	.....	123
Spring Prairie	20	8	143	.....	54
Sugar Creek	21	22	75	.....	45
Troy	59	8	104	.....	158
Walworth	35	18	193	.....	68
Whitewater	43	6	111	.....	.....
Whitewater, city: 1st ward	63	9	121	.....	260
2d ward	88	6	211	.....	.....
3d ward	61	6	143	.....	.....
Total	1,272	276	3,335		2,053
Republican plurality					2,053

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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SUMMARY OF VOTE IN FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1898.

(CONGRESSIONAL.)

Counties.	Total vote.	Clinton Babbitt, Dem.	John Carlisle Huffman, Pro.	Henry Allen Cooper, Rep	Babbitt's plurality.	Cooper's plurality.
Green	3,610	1,401	121	2,088	.....	687
Kenosha*	3,848	1,635	49	2,164	.....	529
Lafayette	4,305	1,884	100	2,321	.....	437
Racine	7,300	2,585	184	4,528	.....	1,940
Rock*	8,393	2,667	265	5,461	.....	2,794
Walworth*	4,573	1,272	216	3,325	.....	2,053
Totals	32,329	11,447	995	19,887	.....	8,440
Cooper's plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8,440

* For member of congress Kenosha county cast three votes for Wm. McKesson and 223 blank; Rock county two votes for M. G. Jeffries; Walworth county two votes for D. B. Barnes, not included in above.

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1898 — Continued.

(GUBERNATORIAL.)

Counties.	Hiram Wilson Sawyer, Dem.	Albinus A. Worley, Pro.	Eugene W. Chafin, Pro.	Edward Scofield, Rep.	Howard Tuttle, Soc. Dem. of Am.	Henry Rice, Soc. Lab.
Green*	1,448	168	129	2,042	15	5
Kenosha*	1,674	128	56	2,027	3	6
Lafayette*	1,982	27	109	2,228	1	3
Racine	2,850	926	197	3,846	16	19
Rock*	2,676	101	293	5,427	11	11
Walworth	1,313	46	283	3,352	9	3
Totals	11,943	1,396	1,067	18,922	55	47

* For governor Green county cast four votes for R. M. La Follette; Kenosha county one vote for R. Shroeder. and 177 blanks; Lafayette two scattering; Rock county, seven votes for R. M. La Follette.

SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	James E. Jones, Dem.	Jabez B. Smith, Pro.	Herman B. Dahle, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
COLUMBIA COUNTY—					
Arlington	27	7	56		29
Caledonia	74	8	102		28
Cambria	27	9	106		79
Columbus	62		69		7
Columbus, city:					
1st ward	52	7	125		
2d ward	58	2	80		122
3d ward	66	4	93		
Courtland	30	5	143		113
Dekorra	49	6	84		36
Fort Winnebago	69	1	50	19	
Fountain Prairie	142	7	169		27
Hampden	77	3	81		4
Kilbourn, city	103	2	122		19
Leeds	79	4	111		32
Lewiston	38	2	104		66
Lodi	29	7	96		67
Lodi, village	52	11	177		125
Lowville	54	6	78		24
Marcellon	50	5	98		48
Newport	22		62		40
Otsego	57		152		96
Pacific	13	6	21		8
Pardeeville	43	9	98		55
Portage, city:					
1st ward	100	9	45		
2d ward	123	3	96		
3d ward	92	13	113	221	
4th ward	209		105		
5th ward	179	1	123		
Poynette	42	9	62		20
Randolph	34	4	100		66
Randolph, village—west ward..	3	2	39		36
Rio	34	7	84		50
Scott	30	2	81		51
Springvale	25	7	91		66
West Point	55	8	84		29
Wyocena	44	14	166		122
Total	2,243	177	3,466	240	1,463
Republican plurality					240
					1,228
DANE COUNTY—					
Albion	23	23	218		195
Belleville, village	23	5	46		23
Berry	111	1	33	78	
Black Earth	53	20	85		32
Blooming Grove	115	5	94	21	
Blue Mounds	48	5	327		279
Bristol	118	2	73	45	
Burke	68	4	151		83
Cambridge, village	18	3	120		102
Christiana, 1st precinct	19	2	100		123
2d precinct	73	6	115		
Cottage Grove	100	14	131		31
Cross Plains	175	3	42	133	
Dane	93	5	70	23	
Deerfield	56	8	119		63
Deerfield, village	22	5	79		57
Dunkirk	68	24	146		123
Duna	83	11	157		74
Fitchburg	106	2	69	37	
Madison	67	7	155		88

SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT — Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	James E. Jones, Dem.	Jabez B. Smith, Pro.	Herman B. Dahle, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
DANE COUNTY — Continued.					
Madison, city:					
1st ward.....	144	8	236		
2d ward.....	179	14	300		
3d ward.....	228	3	159		
4th ward, 1st precinct.....	143	5	135		
2d precinct.....	162	10	120		
5th ward, 1st precinct.....	159	11	149	145	
2d precinct.....	120	11	128		
6th ward.....	296	3	222		
7th ward.....	177	3	187		
8th ward.....	276	4	108		
Mazomanie.....	47	7	43	4	
Mazomanie, village.....	73	11	105		32
Medina.....	59	19	115		16
Middleton.....	179	3	92	87	
Montrose.....	129	9	43	86	
Oregon.....	69	6	57	12	
Oregon, village.....	66	16	101		35
Perry.....	27	5	161		134
Primrose.....	12	2	108		96
Pleasant Springs.....	35	13	208		173
Roxbury.....	121	1	19	102	
Rutland.....	21	9	164		143
Springdale.....	57	6	135		78
Springfield.....	154	3	25	129	
Stoughton, city:					
1st ward.....	39	20	156		
2d ward.....	44	34	243	399	317
Sun Prairie.....	83	5	81	2	
Sun Prairie, village.....	83	6	126		43
Vermont.....	51	2	111		60
Verona.....	100	16	63	37	
Vienna.....	33	3	135		102
Waunakee, village.....	58		29	29	
Westport.....	115		71	44	
Windsor.....	64	10	159		95
York.....	50	14	85		35
Total.....	5,131	425	6,749	1,014	2,632
Republican plurality.....					1,014
DODGE COUNTY—					
Ashippun.....	103	3	150		47
Beaver Dam.....	125	1	69	56	
Beaver Dam, city:					
1st ward.....	141	...	35		
2d ward.....	212	1	83		
3d ward.....	122	15	166	391	277
4th ward.....	193	10	107		
Burnett.....	99	4	90	9	
Calamus.....	59	5	45	14	
Chester.....	58	4	90		32
Clyman.....	160		81	79	
Elba.....	106		84	22	
Emmet.....	173	5	70	103	
Fox Lake.....	39	3	92		53
Fox Lake, village.....	108	4	100	8	
Herman.....	146		150		4
Horicon, city:					
1st ward.....	64	1	43		
2d ward.....	57	2	30		
3d ward.....	40	1	50	123	38
Hubbard.....	131		114	17	
Hustisford.....	233	1	115	118	
Juneau, city:					
1st ward.....	78	...	46		
2d ward.....	89	2	34	80	87
Lebanon.....	189		74	115	

SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT — Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	James E. Jones, Dem.	Jabez B. Smith, Pro.	Herman B. Dable, Rep.	Dem. plu.	Rep. plu.
DODGE COUNTY — Continued.					
Leroy	136	5	136	.....	3
Lomira	207	4	200	7	.....
Lowell	170	7	123	47	.....
Lowell, village	42	2	32	10	.....
Mayville, city, 1st ward	52	.....	53	.....	.....
2d ward	58	.....	25	172	51
3d ward	113	.....	94	.....	.....
Oak Grove	168	2	131	37	.....
Portland	83	1	46	37	.....
Randolph, east ward	23	7	79	.....	54
Reeseville, village	61	.....	47	14	.....
Rubicon	157	5	175	.....	18
Shields	153	1	22	131	.....
Theresa	126	2	113	13	.....
Theresa, village	61	.....	26	35	.....
Trenton	87	6	150	.....	63
Watertown, city:					
5th ward	118	.....	51	131	.....
6th ward	134	1	90	.....	.....
Waupun, south ward	95	8	196	.....	101
Westford	76	4	32	44	.....
Williamstown	99	1	90	9	.....
Total	4,966	118	3,832	1,509 375	375
Democratic plurality				1,134	
JEFFERSON COUNTY.					
Aztalan	137	7	91	46	.....
Cold Spring	26	.....	69	.....	43
Concord	185	3	79	86	.....
Farmington	263	3	94	169	.....
Fl. Atkinson:					
1st ward	55	12	110	.....	.....
2d ward	59	7	58	.....	89
3d ward	65	9	53	.....	.....
4th ward	70	2	77	.....	.....
Hebron	72	5	83	.....	11
Ixonia	151	5	96	55	.....
Jefferson, 1st precinct	127	1	64	.....	.....
2d precinct	89	1	30	122	.....
Jefferson, city:					
1st ward	81	1	55	.....	.....
2d ward	107	.....	45	261	.....
3d ward	125	1	38	.....	.....
4th ward	100	1	14	.....	.....
Koshkonong	125	2	119	6	.....
Lake Mills	61	5	103	.....	42
Lake Mills, village	62	12	208	.....	146
Milford	112	3	122	.....	10
Oakland	125	3	118	7	.....
Palmyra	28	4	98	.....	70
Palmyra, village	29	11	97	.....	68
Sullivan	113	8	168	.....	55
Sumner	36	6	64	.....	28
Waterloo	90	6	31	59	.....
Waterloo, village	151	6	81	70	.....
Watertown	175	1	81	94	.....
Watertown, city:					
1st ward	195	2	206	.....	.....
2d ward	156	5	97	.....	.....
3d ward	107	1	88	170	.....
4th ward	66	1	38	.....	.....
7th ward	105	3	30	.....	.....
Total	3,428	136	2,845	1,145 562	562
Democratic plurality				583	

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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SUMMARY OF VOTE IN SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1896.

(CONGRESSIONAL.)

Counties.	Total vote.	James E. Jones, Dem.	Jabes B. Smith, Pro.	Herman B. Dahle, Rep.	Jones' plurality.	Dahle's plurality.
Columbia*.....	5,586	2,243	177	3,406	.....	1,223
Dane*.....	12,303	5,131	423	6,749	.....	1,618
Dodge.....	8,916	4,966	118	3,832	1,134	.....
Jefferson.....	6,409	3,428	136	2,845	583	.....
Total.....	31,516	15,768	856	16,892	1,717	2,541 1,717
Dahle's plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,124

* For member of congress Columbia county cast 1 vote for Adam Fawcett, and Dane county 1 vote for W. Bushnell, not included in above.

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1896.—Continued.

(GUBERNATORIAL.)

Counties.	Hiram Wilson Sawyer, Dem.	Albinus A. Worsley, Pro.	Eugene W. Chaffin, Pro.	Edward Scofield, Rep.	Howard Tuttle, Soc. Dem. of Ap.	Henry Riess, Soc. Lab.
Columbia*.....	2,143	51	208	3,526	12	4
Dane*.....	6,276	76	496	5,461	31	14
Dodge*.....	5,384	53	122	3,534	13	4
Jefferson.....	3,606	46	146	2,760	11	8
Total.....	17,409	226	972	15,271	66	30

* For governor Columbia county cast 2 votes for R. M. La Follette, scattering 1; Dane county cast 31 votes for R. M. La Follette, scattering 5; Dodge county cast 3 votes for R. M. La Follette, scattering 1, not included in above.

THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Thomas L. Cleary, Dem.	Richard B. Griggs, Pro.	Joseph W. Babcock, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
ADAMS COUNTY—					
Adams	47	2	65	.....	18
Big Flats	16	.....	57	.....	41
Colburn	5	.....	65	.....	60
Dell Prairie	27	3	62	.....	35
Easton	33	1	57	.....	24
Jackson	10	2	92	.....	62
Leola .....	.....	.....	35	.....	35
Lincoln	23	.....	52	.....	29
Monroe	8	1	86	.....	78
New Chester	12	2	83	.....	56
New Haven	53	1	107	.....	51
Preston	26	2	34	.....	8
Quincy	28	.....	42	.....	14
Richfield	10	2	38	.....	28
Rome	21	6	45	.....	24
Springville	16	3	95	.....	79
Strong's Prairie	30	2	100	.....	130
Total	368	27	1,160	.....	792
Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	792
CRAWFORD COUNTY—					
Bridgeport	24	8	30	.....	6
Clayton	143	.....	249	.....	106
Eastman	143	.....	107	36	.....
Freeman	40	6	235	.....	195
Haney	58	.....	111	.....	53
Lynxville, village	17	1	53	.....	36
Marietta	55	1	138	.....	83
Prairie du Chien	62	.....	21	41	.....
Prairie du Chien, city:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1st ward	39	1	32	.....	.....
2d ward	87	3	81	.....	.....
3d ward	101	3	93	27	.....
4th ward	28	1	22	.....	.....
Scott	84	1	103	.....	19
Seneca	151	3	88	63	.....
Soldiers Grove, village	45	3	103	.....	58
Utica	49	2	253	.....	204
Wauzeka	23	.....	66	.....	43
Wauzeka, village	17	.....	75	.....	58
Total	1,166	33	1,860	167	861
Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	167
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	294
GRANT COUNTY—					
Beetown	112	6	111	1	.....
Bloomington	53	.....	50	3	.....
Bloomington, village	36	7	73	.....	37
Boscobel	116	14	245	.....	129
Cassville	61	1	45	16	.....
Cassville, village	98	.....	82	16	.....
Castle Rock	74	.....	22	52	.....
Clifton	24	2	137	.....	113
Cuba City, village	53	3	63	.....	15
Ellenboro	32	1	133	.....	101
Fennimore	43	5	130	.....	87
Fennimore, village	61	18	136	.....	75
Glen Haven	63	.....	98	.....	35
Harrison	43	1	122	.....	79
Hazel Green	72	.....	62	10	.....
Hazel Green, village	84	13	60	.....	26
Hickory Grove	20	.....	97	.....	77
Jamestown	97	2	39	58	.....
Lancaster, 1st precinct	111	18	256	.....	.....
Lancaster, 2d precinct	138	14	221	477	228

THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Thomas L. Cleary, Dem.	Richard B. Griggs, Pro.	Joseph W. Babcock, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
GRANT COUNTY—Cont.					
Liberty.....	90	.....	99	.....	9
Lima.....	53	5	127	.....	74
Little Grant.....	38	2	62	.....	24
Marion.....	33	1	46	.....	13
Millville.....	9	5	36	.....	27
Montfort, village.....	37	5	69	.....	32
Mt. Hope.....	55	4	79	.....	24
Mt. Ida.....	46	7	79	.....	14
Muscoda.....	46	1	90	16	.....
Muscoda, village.....	114	3	57	57	.....
Paris.....	70	2	53	17	.....
Patch Grove.....	80	3	69	11	.....
Platteville, 1st precinct.....	191	15	292	.....	115
2d precinct.....	195	6	209	.....	.....
Potosi.....	161	3	108	53	.....
Potosi, village.....	65	.....	32	33	.....
Smelser.....	46	2	90	.....	44
Waterloo.....	55	5	92	.....	37
Watterstown.....	36	.....	51	.....	15
Wingville.....	45	2	85	.....	40
Woodman.....	70	4	38	32	.....
Wyalusing.....	63	5	114	.....	51
Total.....	2,958	175	4,104	375	1,521
Republican plurality.....					375
					1,146
OWA COUNTY—					
Arena.....	104	22	166	.....	62
Brigham.....	131	7	155	.....	22
Clyde.....	83	3	37	46	.....
Dodgeville.....	114	37	195	.....	81
Dodgeville, city.....	149	41	249	.....	100
Eden.....	83	16	72	11	.....
Highland.....	135	1	62	73	.....
Highland, village.....	124	1	43	82	.....
Linden.....	54	11	135	.....	84
Linden, village.....	20	3	96	.....	76
Mifflin.....	46	9	189	.....	143
Mineral Point.....	86	16	86	.....	.....
Mineral Point, city:					
1st ward.....	61	5	81	.....	.....
2d ward.....	74	7	113	.....	.....
3d ward.....	52	3	53	.....	46
4th ward.....	80	3	66	.....	.....
Moscow.....	63	6	175	.....	112
Pulaski.....	135	4	91	44	.....
Ridgeway.....	123	13	114	9	.....
Waldwick.....	94	6	23	71	.....
Wyoming.....	55	13	62	.....	7
Total.....	1,866	227	2,263	336	733
Republican plurality.....					336
					397
JUNEAU COUNTY—					
Armenia.....	23	3	102	.....	79
Clearfield.....	30	1	58	.....	28
Cutler.....	20	3	19	1	.....
Elroy:					
1st ward.....	58	4	69	.....	44
2d ward.....	68	4	101	.....	.....
Fountain.....	47	1	102	.....	55
Germantown.....	50	1	43	7	.....
Kildare.....	91	1	71	20	.....
Kingston.....	6	.....	41	.....	35
Lemonweir.....	98	2	144	.....	.....

THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Thomas I. Cleary, Dem.	Richard B. Griggs, Pro.	Joseph W. Babcock, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
JUNEAU COUNTY—Cont.					
Lindina.....	88	10	129		41
Lisbon.....	23	2	31		70
Lyndon.....	62	1	20	42	
Marion.....	43		40		
Mauston:					
1st ward.....	48 } 130	3 } 7	110 } 281		151
2d ward.....	82 }	4 }	171 }		
Necedah.....	108	6	244		136
New Lisbon:					
1st ward.....	37 } 52	1 } 2	70 } 161		109
2d ward.....	15 }	1 }	91 }		
Orange.....	93	5	107		14
Plymouth.....	74	1	109		36
Seven Mile Creek.....	107	2	35	72	
Summit.....	90		88	2	
Wonewoc.....	127	4	145		18
Wonewoc, village.....	57	2	101		14
Total.....	1,572	62	2,303	144	875
Republican plurality.....					144
					731
RICHLAND COUNTY—					
Akan.....	91	2	121		30
Bloom.....	71	4	159		88
Buena Vista.....	86	6	119		33
Dayton.....	81	9	107		26
Eagle.....	63	6	96		23
Forest.....	54	5	99		45
Henrietta.....	67	8	59	8	
Ithaca.....	86	17	71	15	
Lone Rock.....	31	1	52		21
Marshall.....	37	10	125		88
Orion.....	61	3	94		33
Richland.....	57	10	84		27
Richland Center, city:					
1st ward.....	55 } 180	11 } 28	83 } 275		95
2d ward.....	76 }	10 }	93 }		
3d ward.....	49 }	7 }	94 }		
Richwood.....	74	7	141		67
Rockbridge.....	84	10	97		13
Sylvan.....	67	10	72		5
Viola.....	13	1	43		30
Westford.....	131	5	38	93	
Willow.....	33	12	122		59
Total.....	1,373	158	1,974	116	713
Republican plurality.....					116
					602
SAUK COUNTY—					
Ableman, village.....	28		22	6	
Baraboo.....	33	12	115		82
Baraboo, city:					
1st ward.....	83 } 314	22 } 42	247 } 600		286
2d ward.....	128 }	16 }	248 }		
3d ward.....	103 }	4 }	105 }		
Bear Creek.....	95		55	40	
Dellona.....	52	3	37	15	
Delton.....	23	8	100		77
Excelsior.....	32	8	50		18
Fairfield.....	21	13	54		33
Franklin.....	172	2	35	137	
Freedom.....	19	2	59		40
Greenfield.....	27	4	60		33
Honey Creek.....	39	1	71		39
Ironton.....	64	16	110		46
La Valle.....	87	3	33	5	

THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Thomas L. Cleary, Dem.	Richard B. Griggs, Pro.	Joseph W. Babcock, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
SAUK COUNTY Cont.					
La Valle, village.....	24	4	53	.....	29
Merrimack	50	8	68	.....	18
North Freedom, village	5	13	43	.....	34
Prairie du Sac	32	.....	27	5	.....
Prairie du Sac, village	35	4	52	.....	47
Reedsburg	46	4	62	.....	16
Reedsburg, city:					
1st ward	70 {	8 {	87 {	.....	38
2d ward	71 {	13 {	101 {	.....	38
Sauk City, village	75	4	63	13	.....
Spring Green	56	3	64	.....	8
Spring Green, village	51	3	94	.....	40
Sumpter	14	11	69	.....	55
Troy	32	9	155	.....	134
Washington	57	3	63	.....	6
Westfield	1:9	3	54	75	.....
Winfield	78	6	53	28	.....
Woodland	82	11	120	.....	28
Total.	1,923	225	2,709	230	1,107
Republican plurality					320
					787
VERNON COUNTY—					
Bergen	30	5	81	.....	51
Christiana	18	8	189	.....	170
Clinton	15	2	124	.....	109
Coon	14	2	179	.....	165
Forest	14	14	98	.....	84
Franklin	55	5	153	.....	97
Genoa	62	4	61	1	.....
Glenwood	33	2	60	.....	27
Hamburg	22	2	101	.....	79
Harmony	17	3	95	.....	78
Hillsboro	26	2	67	.....	41
Hillsboro, village.....	46	3	59	.....	13
Jefferson	32	7	109	.....	77
Kickapoo	22	5	103	.....	81
Liberty	18	.....	52	.....	34
Mound Park Viola	7	1	23	.....	21
Ontario, village	15	2	46	.....	31
Reedstown, village	17	2	50	.....	33
Stark	37	1	133	.....	101
Sterling	39	2	129	.....	90
Union	13	2	61	.....	43
Viroqua	58	3	193	.....	135
Viroqua, city:					
1st ward	31 {	2 {	75 {	.....	141
2d ward	27 {	5 {	84 {	.....	141
3d ward	39 {	5 {	79 {	.....	141
Webster	27	5	117	.....	90
Westby, village	24	7	84	.....	60
Wheatland	25	13	129	.....	104
Whitestown	24	4	79	.....	55
Total.	813	118	2,822	1	2,010
Republican plurality					1
					2,009

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1894.

(CONGRESSIONAL.)

Counties.	Total vote.	Thos. L. Cleary, Dem.	Richard B. Griggs, Pro.	Joseph W. Babcock, Rep.	Cleary's plurality.	Babcock's plurality.
Adams	1,555	363	27	1,167	.....	792
Crawford	3,069	1,166	33	1,869	.....	694
Grant*	7,237	2,958	175	4,104	.....	1,116
Iowa	4,356	1,806	227	2,263	.....	397
Juneau	3,937	1,572	62	2,303	.....	731
Richland	3,504	1,372	158	1,974	.....	602
Sauk	4,856	1,922	225	2,709	.....	787
Vernon	3,753	813	118	2,822	.....	2,009
Totals	32,257	12,087	1,025	19,195	.....	7,158
Babcock's plu. ....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7,158

* Grant county cast 1 vote for C. H. Baxter for member of congress; Iowa county 1 vote for S. H. Riese, 1 vote for F. M. Dyer, 1 vote for R. M. La Follette, 1 vote for A. Jenks; Sauk county 1 vote for R. D. Evans; Vernon county 1 vote for J. Favor, not included in above.

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1893.

(GUBERNATORIAL.)

Counties.	Hiram Wilson Sawyer, Dem.	Albinus A. Woraley, Pro.	Eugene W. Chafin, Pro.	Edward Scofield, Rep.	Howard Tuttle, Soc. Dem. of Am.	Henry Riese, Soc. Lab.
Adams*	420	17	27	1,055	7	2
Crawford	1,305	44	52	1,720	3	2
Grant	2,947	49	183	4,094	15	6
Iowa	1,843	33	243	2,285	7	5
Juneau	1,681	43	69	2,203	5	3
Richland	1,430	121	178	1,352	1	7
Sauk	1,969	32	230	2,671	5	7
Vernon	1,111	76	122	2,440	7	6
Totals	12,721	415	1,109	18,320	50	38

* Adams county cast 3 votes for R. M. La Follette for governor, 2 scattering; Crawford county 1 vote for R. M. La Follette; Grant county 2 votes for R. M. La Follette, 1 vote for N. P. Haugen, 1 vote for Geo. W. Ryland; Iowa county 1 vote for J. W. Babcock, 2 votes for R. M. La Follette; Juneau county 1 vote for R. M. La Follette; Richland county 1 vote for H. Hunt, 1 vote for Chas. A. Monson, 1 vote for W. J. Bryan; Sauk county 1 vote for R. M. La Follette; Vernon county 7 votes for R. M. La Follette, 1 vote for J. Hoyt, 1 vote for B. Adams, not included in above.

FOURTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Elec- tion Districts.	Joseph G. Donnelly, Dem.	Robert Schilling, Pec.	Theobald Otjen, Rep.	Louis A. Arnold, Soc. Dem.	John Mosser, Soc. Lab.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
MILWAUKEE Co.—							
Cudahy, village	72	31	58	.....	6	14	.....
Franklin	54	2	90	.....	.....	.....	36
Greenfield	189	28	321	2	5	.....	132
Lake	240	16	219	6	3	.....	19
Milwaukee, city							
1st ward	691	72	870	22	13		
2d ward	743	97	817	75	29		
3d ward	689	34	209	7	1		
4th ward	973	73	814	19	10		
5th ward	710	92	711	26	15		
6th ward	835	168	1015	41	54		
7th ward	441	47	492	21	6		
8th ward	973	184	1351	49	21		
9th ward	904	13, 195	10, 89	144	67	433	1, 622
11th ward	793	287	1047	118	84		
12th ward	813	185	713	48	37		
14th ward	1125	201	49	28	28		
15th ward*	603	84	1172	69	19		
16th ward	559	43	1025	9	6		
17th ward*	407	96	844	25	32		
18th ward	1005	106	846	20	16		
19th ward	951	121	1003	217	45		
Oak Creek	88	8	91	2	2		6
South Milwau- kee, city	194	39	274	5	1		80
Total	14, 022	2, 227	15, 933	993	500	14	1, 895
Rep. plu .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1, 881

*Nethercut received one vote in the 15th ward; Perry Miller received one vote in the 17th ward for member of congress.

NOTE.—In this district Sawyer received 15, 622 votes; Worsley 1, 918 votes; Chafin 405 votes; Scofield 14, 770 votes; Tuttle 1, 036 votes; Riese 515 votes for governor.

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN FIFTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1893.

(CONGRESSIONAL.)

Counties.	Total vote.	Chas. E. Armin, Dem.	Wm B. Rubin, Peo.	Samuel S. Barney, Rep.	George Eckelman, Soc. Dem Party of Am.	Albert F. Hintz, Soc. Lab.	Wm. Nethercut, Pro.	Armin's Plu.	Barney's Plu.
Milwaukee (part).....	10,830	3,409	693	5,781	585	242	120	.....	2,372
Ozaukee	2,411	1,429	44	918	7	5	10	513	.....
Sheboygan.....	7,856	3,025	190	4,203	282	88	60	.....	1,190
Washington ..	4,668	2,305	24	2,310	2	3	22	.....	5
Waukesha * ..	7,181	3,062	46	3,841	212	4	18	.....	779
Totals.....	32,944	13,233	997	17,056	1,088	342	228	513	4,336
Barney's plu..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	513
									3,323

* For member of congress Waukesha county cast one vote for Richard Koeppl, not included in above.

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN FIFTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1893—Continued.

(GUBERNATORIAL.)

Counties.	Hiram Wilson Sawyer, Dem.	Albinus A. Worsley, Peo.	Eugene W. Chafin, Pro.	Edward Scofield, Rep.	Howard Tuttle, Soc. Dem. of Am.	Henry Riese, Soc. Lab.
Milwaukee (part)*	3,862	703	135	5,463	597	257
Ozaukee	1,504	48	6	857	7	5
Sheboygan *	3,203	210	66	4,137	293	89
Washington	2,583	24	26	2,044	3	5
Waukesha	3,221	50	288	3,659	13	9
Totals.....	14,373	1,035	521	16,220	913	365

* For governor Milwaukee county cast one vote for Chas. Estabrook; three votes for J. Meyer; Sheboygan county cast one vote for E. M. LaFollette, blank 11.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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SIXTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Frank C. Stewart, Dem.	William H. Clark, Pro.	James H. Davidson, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
CALUMET COUNTY—					
Brillion.....	71	2	206	.....	135
Brillion, village.....	60	1	105	.....	45
Brothertown.....	98	2	129	.....	31
Charlestown.....	121	2	120	1	.....
Chilton.....	144	3	58	86	.....
Chilton, city.....	194	.....	126	68	.....
Harrison.....	181	2	72	109	.....
Hilbert, village.....	52	1	39	13	.....
New Holstein.....	103	1	232	.....	129
Rantoul.....	89	.....	137	.....	48
Stockbridge.....	121	7	148	.....	27
Woodville.....	133	4	43	90	.....
Total.....	1,367	25	1,415	367	415 367
Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	44
FOND DU LAC COUNTY—					
Alto.....	56	5	160	.....	104
Ashford.....	169	13	114	55	.....
Auburn.....	122	9	140	.....	18
Brandon, village.....	52	11	98	.....	41
Byron.....	146	9	119	27	.....
Calumet.....	162	1	37	125	.....
Eden.....	139	13	147	.....	6
Eldorado.....	127	6	121	6	.....
Empire.....	113	3	99	14	.....
Fond du Lac.....	92	6	118	.....	26
Fond du Lac, city:					
1st ward.....	199	6	243	.....	.....
2d ward.....	188	18	237	.....	.....
3d ward.....	174	3	206	.....	.....
4th ward.....	294	3	161	.....	.....
5th ward.....	100	3	73	1,241	156
6th ward.....	114	3	63	.....	.....
7th ward.....	135	8	75	.....	.....
8th ward.....	183	8	183	.....	.....
Forest.....	117	3	114	3	.....
Friendship.....	94	1	98	.....	4
Lamartine.....	80	5	115	.....	35
Marshfield.....	287	.....	67	220	.....
Metomen.....	70	10	103	.....	33
Oakfield.....	64	12	223	.....	159
Osecola.....	73	1	137	.....	64
Ripon.....	38	5	87	.....	49
Ripon, city:					
1st ward.....	62	2	72	.....	.....
2d ward.....	43	10	130	.....	.....
3d ward.....	74	5	113	443	206
4th ward.....	58	7	128	.....	.....
Rosendale.....	41	10	145	.....	104
Springvale.....	77	3	110	.....	33
Taycheedah.....	133	3	61	72	.....
Waupun.....	39	7	106	.....	67
Waupun, north ward.....	105	3	125	.....	20
Total.....	4,030	215	4,323	678	971 678
Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	293
GREEN LAKE COUNTY—					
Berlin.....	36	2	165	.....	129
Berlin, city:					
1st ward.....	70	4	111	.....	.....
2d ward.....	127	4	136	.....	.....
3d ward.....	94	2	141	.....	131
4th ward.....	88	1	92	.....	.....
5th ward.....	89	5	119	.....	.....

SIXTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Frank C. Stewart, Dem.	William H. Clark, Pro.	James H. Davidson, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
GREEN LAKE COUNTY—Cont.					
Brooklyn	100	17	235	.....	135
Green Lake	150	2	151	.....	1
Kingston	88	7	93	.....	10
Mackford	88	13	109	.....	21
Manchester	138	3	90	48	.....
Markesan, village	84	2	70	14	.....
Marquette	76	1	91	.....	19
Princeton	87	.....	121	.....	37
Princeton, village	158	2	110	48	.....
Seneca	74	.....	80	14	.....
St. Marie	67	.....	50	17	.....
Total	1,614	65	1,953	141	482
Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	141
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	341
MANITOWOC Co.—					
Cato	150	4	188	.....	38
Centerville	93	2	153	.....	58
Cooperstown	114	2	92	22	.....
Eaton	101	.....	123	.....	22
Franklin	137	3	109	23	.....
Gibson	106	2	134	.....	28
Kiel, village	88	3	102	.....	19
Kossuth	125	2	140	.....	15
Liberty	67	2	185	.....	118
Manitowoc	41	3	85	.....	44
Manitowoc, city:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1st ward	184	.....	218	.....	.....
2d ward	67	2	182	.....	.....
3d ward	201	3	224	.....	.....
4th ward	123	4	243	1,060	143
5th ward	112	2	92	.....	.....
6th ward	38	2	73	.....	.....
7th ward	191	.....	19	.....	.....
Manitowoc Rapids	109	3	135	.....	26
Maple Grove	130	.....	60	70	.....
Meeme	147	.....	77	70	.....
Mishicott	201	1	80	121	.....
Newton	109	.....	117	.....	8
Reedsville, village	41	1	47	.....	3
Rockland	41	4	135	.....	94
Schleswig	139	2	61	75	.....
Two Creeks	121	.....	23	98	.....
Two Rivers	137	3	31	163	.....
Two Rivers, city:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1st ward	79	1	39	.....	.....
2d ward	85	.....	50	.....	.....
3d ward	70	2	61	217	232
4th ward	109	1	38	.....	.....
5th ward	107	.....	28	.....	.....
Total	3,563	52	3,357	822	616
.....	.....	.....	.....	616	.....
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	206	.....
MARQUETTE COUNTY—					
Buffalo	70	1	94	.....	24
Crystal Lake	28	2	78	.....	48
Douglas	52	2	77	.....	25
Harris	52	2	69	.....	17
Mecan	61	.....	29	32	.....
Montello	181	.....	139	22	.....
Moundville	22	.....	88	.....	66
Neshkoro	72	.....	38	34	.....
Newton	67	.....	37	30	.....
Oxford	22	4	101	.....	79

SIXTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Frank C. Stewart, Dem.	William H. Clark, Pro.	James H. Davidson, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
MARQUETTE Co.—Cont.					
Packwaukee.....	63	1	117	.....	54
Shields.....	59	.....	71	.....	12
Springfield.....	30	1	80	.....	50
Westfield.....	76	2	189	.....	113
Total.....	835	15	1,205	118	488
Republican plurality.....					118
WAUSHARA COUNTY—					
Aurora.....	29	3	130	.....	101
Berlin, 2d ward, 2d precinct.....	1	1	.....	1	.....
Bloomfield.....	12	4	115	.....	108
Coloma.....	29	6	109	.....	80
Dakota.....	5	2	77	.....	72
Deerfield.....	3	1	110	.....	107
Hancock.....	27	5	183	.....	156
Leon.....	37	6	148	.....	111
Marion.....	27	7	96	.....	69
Mt. Morris.....	13	5	114	.....	101
Oasis.....	23	6	123	.....	100
Plainfield.....	9	1	151	.....	142
Plainfield, village.....	19	5	168	.....	149
Poyssippi.....	20	8	134	.....	114
Richford.....	12	1	81	.....	65
Rose.....	5	12	140	.....	138
Saxville.....	16	5	118	.....	100
Springwater.....	9	14	116	.....	107
Warren.....	40	3	98	.....	58
Wantoma.....	21	2	209	.....	188
Total.....	358	98	2,418	1	2,061
Republican plurality.....					1
WINNEBAGO COUNTY—					
Algoma.....	49	6	116	.....	67
Black Wolf.....	47	2	81	.....	34
Clayton.....	113	.....	111	2	.....
Menasha.....	53	.....	37	21	.....
Menasha, city:					
1st ward.....	169	5	121	.....	.....
2d ward.....	189	14	76	370	250
3d ward.....	75	5	85	.....	.....
4th ward.....	187	4	85	.....	.....
Neenah.....	48	1	55	.....	7
Neenah, city:					
1st ward.....	139	17	156	.....	.....
2d ward.....	137	12	145	496	1
3d ward.....	157	12	158	.....	.....
4th ward.....	62	.....	37	.....	.....
Nekimi.....	62	5	127	.....	85
Nepeuskum.....	40	13	179	.....	89
Omro.....	48	14	142	.....	94
Omro, village.....	61	23	192	.....	131
Oshkosh.....	80	2	129	.....	49
Oshkosh, city:					
1st ward.....	164	2	159	.....	.....
2d ward.....	285	4	162	.....	.....
3d ward.....	165	5	127	.....	.....
4th ward.....	259	10	242	.....	.....
5th ward.....	163	16	305	.....	.....
6th ward.....	300	4	113	.....	.....
7th ward.....	80	13	250	2,439	254
8th ward.....	278	2	127	.....	.....
9th ward.....	184	4	196	.....	.....
10th ward.....	168	14	298	.....	.....

SIXTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT — Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Frank C. Stewart, Dem.	William H. Clark, Pro.	James H. Davidson, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
WINNEBAGO COUNTY — Cont.					
Oshkosh, city — Cont.					
11th ward.....	205	6	39		
12th ward.....	154	10	154		
13th ward.....	288	15	228		
Poygan.....	70	1	69	1	
Rushford.....	73	9	251		178
Utica.....	86	6	112		26
Vinland.....	55	2	127		69
Winchester.....	44	8	165		121
Winneconne.....	42	5	100		58
Winneconne, village.....	84	10	125		41
Wolf River.....	63	1	61	1	
Total.....	4,913	268	5,434	529	1,050
Republican plurality.....					529
					521

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN SIXTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1898.

(CONGRESSIONAL.)

Counties.	Total vote.	Frank C. Stewart, Dem.	Wm. H. Clark, Pro.	James H. Davidson, Rep.	Stewart's Plu.	Davidson's Plu.
Calumet*	2,807	1,867	25	1,415	.....	48
Fond du Lac*	8,568	4,030	215	4,323	.....	293
Green Lake	3,634	1,614	65	1,955	.....	341
Manitowoc	6,972	3,563	52	3,357	206	.....
Marquette	2,055	835	15	1,205	.....	870
Wausara	2,874	838	98	2,418	.....	2,080
Winnebago	10,615	4,918	268	5,434	.....	521
Totals	37,525	16,680	788	20,107	206	3,633
Davidson's plurality						208
						3,427

*In Calumet county 6 blank votes for congressman; in Fond du Lac county 1 vote for J. Lawson, not included in above.

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN SIXTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1898—Continued.

(GOVERNMENTAL.)

Counties.	Hiram Wilson Sawyer, Dem.	Albion A. Worley, Pro.	Eugene W. Chafin, Pro.	Edward Scofield, Rep.	Howard Tuttle, Soc. Dem. of Am.	Henry Riese, Soc. Lab.
Calumet	1,411	65	30	1,370	10	8
Fond du Lac	4,194	114	235	4,201	17	7
Green Lake	1,682	51	65	1,914	6	12
Manitowoc	3,707	58	58	3,255	68	17
Marquette	840	10	24	1,210	9	3
Wausara	389	88	98	2,340	6	18
Winnebago	4,471	875	301	5,293	40	56
Totals	16,694	1,261	811	19,593	150	121

SEVENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	John F. Doherty, Dem.	Luther W. Wood, Pro.	John J. Esch, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
BUFFALO COUNTY—					
Alma	50	1	35		5
Alma, city:					
1st ward	61	1	47		
2d ward	30	1	40	3	
3d ward	40	1	41		
Belvidere	46		30		4
Buffalo	30		35		5
Buffalo, city	36		12	24	
Canton	28		60		32
Cross	36		23		
Dover	13		136		38
Fountain, city:					
1st ward	43	1	50		
2d ward	60	1	58		5
Gilmanstown	21	1	101		70
Glencoe	64	2	54	10	
Lincoln	58	1	30	19	
Marville	27	2	40		22
Milton	22	1	19		
Milton	29	12	143	3	114
Modena	30	1	115		96
Mondovi, city:					
1st ward	12	4	82		142
2d ward	25	2	85		6
Montana	32		30		
Naples	4	6	142		136
Nelson	15	6	155		110
Waumandee	2	1	40	26	
Total	947	40	1,714	85	852
Republican plurality					267
Eau Claire County—					
Altoona, city:					
1st ward	25	1	12	9	
2d ward	22	1	28		
Aurusta	96	8	141		46
Bridge Creek	84	3	70	14	
Brunswick	23	2	106		73
Clear Creek	30	2	84		46
Drammen			85		55
Eau Claire, city:					
1st ward	119	6	96		
2d ward	121	4	159		
3d ward	73	10	285		
4th ward	51	3	106		
5th ward	79	10	133		
6th ward	86	19	196	1,620	606
7th ward	82	20	172		
8th ward	162	7	177		
9th ward	82	14	160		
10th ward	111	7	127		
Fairchild	22	1	48		26
Fairchild, village	23	3	109		86
Lincoln	142	2	73	60	
Ludington	23	1	52		29
Otter Creek	15		54		30
Pleasant Valley	30	2	131		93
Seymour	46	3	26	20	
Union	35	3	44		9
Washington	58	4	90		23
Total	1,606	123	2,771	112	1,217
Republican plurality					1,105

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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SEVENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	John F. Doherty, Dem.	Luther W. Wood, Pro.	John J. Esch, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
JACKSON COUNTY—					
Albion	38	3	174	.....	136
Alma	27	3	127	.....	100
Bear Bluff	3	.....	10	.....	7
Black River Falls:					
1st ward	10	3	89	.....	.....
2d ward	5	4	70	.....	.....
3d ward	21	4	61	.....	202
4th ward	35	.....	57	.....	.....
Brockway:					
1st precinct	9	1	38	.....	28
2d precinct	10	1	9	.....	12
City Point	7	.....	19	.....	.....
Cleveland	26	.....	16	10	.....
Curran	4	3	83	.....	82
Franklin	6	4	98	.....	92
Garden Valley	19	1	43	.....	24
Garfield	9	2	63	.....	54
Hixton	25	11	100	.....	75
Irving	63	2	87	.....	24
Knapp	13	.....	17	.....	4
Mauchester	22	1	54	.....	34
Moirese	49	7	150	.....	101
Morrillan, village	13	3	112	.....	99
Millston	19	1	89	.....	10
Northfield	12	1	106	.....	94
Springfield	21	3	148	.....	127
Total	469	60	1,764	10	1,305
Republican plurality					10
					1,295
LA CROSSE COUNTY—					
Bangor	73	11	159	.....	86
Barre	51	.....	45	6	.....
Burns	42	15	78	.....	36
Campbell	40	3	63	.....	23
Farmington	90	4	191	.....	101
Greenfield	41	.....	71	.....	30
Hamilton	26	2	183	.....	157
Holland	11	5	146	.....	135
La Crosse, city:					
1st ward	120	2	125	.....	.....
2d ward	79	2	119	.....	.....
3d ward	125	3	126	.....	.....
4th ward	66	3	205	.....	.....
5th ward	80	2	127	.....	.....
6th ward	68	5	163	.....	.....
7th ward	46	14	117	.....	.....
8th ward	122	7	142	.....	.....
9th ward	33	14	192	.....	.....
10th ward	56	1	188	.....	.....
11th ward	98	1	81	.....	1,056
12th ward	88	3	91	.....	.....
13th ward	62	2	131	.....	.....
14th ward	41	2	158	.....	.....
15th ward	128	5	85	.....	.....
16th ward	29	3	99	.....	.....
17th ward	94	3	141	.....	.....
18th ward	132	4	107	.....	.....
19th ward	52	7	127	.....	.....
20th ward	20	4	99	.....	.....
Onalaska	29	3	116	.....	87
Onalaska, city:					
1st ward	11	5	39	.....	.....
2d ward	21	7	52	.....	82
3d ward	16	3	38	.....	.....
Sheiby	75	4	50	25	.....

SEVENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	John F. Doherty, Dem.	Luther W. Wood, Pro.	John J. Esch, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
LA CROSSE COUNTY—Cont.					
Washington.....	57	3	54	3	.....
West Salem, village.....	27	13	110	.....	83
Total.....	2,192	169	4,034	34	1,876
Republican plurality.....					34
					1,842
MONROE COUNTY—					
Adrian.....	43	3	72	.....	29
Angelo.....	25	11	104	.....	79
Byron.....	41	3	95	.....	54
Cashton, village.....	36	1	71	.....	35
Clifton.....	85	.....	84	1	.....
Glendale.....	39	4	86	.....	47
Greenfield.....	57	4	63	.....	6
Jefferson.....	154	1	38	116	.....
Kendall, village.....	29	.....	64	.....	35
Lafayette.....	22	4	55	.....	33
La Grange.....	20	4	94	.....	74
Leon.....	31	6	92	.....	61
Lincoln.....	22	6	150	.....	123
Little Falls.....	103	5	131	.....	21
New Lyme.....	7	.....	24	.....	21
Norwalk, village.....	29	1	49	.....	20
Oakdale.....	62	2	56	6	.....
Ontario, village.....	2	1	16	.....	14
Portland.....	42	7	117	.....	75
Ridgeville.....	94	2	84	10	.....
Sheldon.....	43	1	85	.....	42
Sparta.....	83	15	122	.....	39
Sparta, city:					
1st ward.....	51	4	125	.....	.....
2d ward.....	41	5	128	.....	.....
3d ward.....	72	8	119	.....	269
4th ward.....	42	7	103	.....	.....
Tomah.....	70	2	83	.....	13
Tomah, city:					
1st ward.....	42	9	107	.....	.....
2d ward.....	80	5	133	.....	156
3d ward.....	60	6	98	.....	.....
Wellington.....	46	.....	55	.....	9
Wells.....	54	1	28	26	.....
Wilton.....	83	4	49	34	.....
Wilton, village.....	37	.....	34	3	.....
Total.....	1,747	132	2,818	196	1,267
Republican plurality.....					196
					1,071
PEPIN COUNTY—					
Albany.....	5	.....	61	.....	56
Durand.....	13	1	83	.....	20
Durand, city:					
1st ward.....	63	1	51	.....	28
2d ward.....	44	3	69	.....	.....
Frankfort.....	37	5	99	.....	62
Lima.....	79	.....	33	46	.....
Pepin.....	49	7	233	.....	184
Stockholm.....	19	.....	89	.....	70
Waterville.....	96	5	166	.....	67
Waubeek.....	13	1	19	.....	6
Total.....	426	23	873	46	493
Republican plurality.....					46
					447

SEVENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	John F. Doherty, Dem.	Luther W. Wood, Pro.	John J. Esch, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
TREMPEALEAU COUNTY—					
Albion	18	8	113		96
Arcadia, 1st precinct	85 } 153	3 } 11	100 } 159		6
2d precinct	68 }	8 }	59 }		
Arcadia, village	119	4	107	12	
Blair, village	5	6	86		51
Burnside	31	2	32		1
Caledonia	6		25		19
Chimney Rock	11	2	65		54
Dodge	19	1	11	8	
Ettrick	42	10	268		226
Gale	86	3	148		112
Galesville, village	23	7	116		93
Hale	36	7	129		93
Independence, village	33	3	55		23
Lincoln	17	11	56		39
Oaseo, village	8	4	88		50
Pigeon	20	5	130		110
Preston	15	8	187		172
Sumner	13	2	80		67
Trempealeau	32	16	141		109
Unity	24	10	100		76
Whitehall, village	20	10	96		76
Total.....	681	130	2,162	20	1,501
Republican plurality					20
					1,481

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN SEVENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1898.

(CONGRESSIONAL.)

Counties.	Total vote.	John F. Doherty, Dem.	Luther W. Wood, Pro.	John J. Esch, Rep.	Esch's Plu.
Buffalo	2,701	947	40	1,714	767
Eau Claire	4,572	1,698	135	2,771	1,103
Jackson	2,254	469	60	1,761	1,295
La Crosse	6,393	2,192	163	4,034	1,842
Monroe	4,697	1,747	132	2,818	1,071
Pepin	1,322	428	23	871	417
Trempealeau	2,973	681	130	2,162	1,481
Totals	24,933	8,128	699	16,136	8,008
Republican plurality ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	8,008

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN SEVENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1898 — Continued

(GOVERNATORIAL.)

Counties.	Hiram Wilson Sawyer, Dem.	Albinus A. Worsley, Pro.	Eugene W. Chaffin, Pro.	Edward Scofield, Rep.	Howard Tuttle, Soc. Dem. of Am.	Henry Riess, Soc. Lab.
Buffalo	1,011	47	51	1,610	6	4
Eau Claire	1,850	42	133	2,648	22	7
Jackson*	639	19	78	1,575	2	.....
La Crosse	2,353	74	173	3,861	10	6
Monroe	1,848	44	151	2,691	5	2
Pepin	433	6	23	865	.....	1
Trempealeau	827	32	135	1,994	10	4
Totals	8,966	264	750	15,277	55	24

* In Jackson county, 1 vote for R. F. Kittleson and 4 votes for R. M. La Follette for governor; La Crosse county, Martin M. Gibbany 1, R. M. La Follette 1; Trempealeau county, R. M. La Follette 4, N. P. Haugen 1, Albinus Johnson 1, not included in above.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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EIGHTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Phil. Sheridan, Dem.	John W. Evans, Pro.	Edward S. Minor, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
BROWN COUNTY—					
Allouez	37		25	12	
Ashwaubenon	28	7	5		29
Bellevue	74		30	44	
De Pere	75	2	29	46	
De Pere, city:					
1st ward	94	6	80		
2d ward	119	4	55		
3d ward	87	4	97	79	
4th ward	72	3	61		
Eaton	105	1	30	75	
Glenmore	102		10	22	
Green Bay	25		57		64
Green Bay, city:					
1st ward	132	7	193		
2d ward	198	2	158		
3d ward	148	3	141		
4th ward	163	8	203		
5th ward	210	6	158		
6th ward, 1st precinct	121	7	30	1,351	4
2d precinct	83	9	55		
7th ward, 1st precinct	92	5	97		
2d precinct	51	7	54		
8th ward, 1st precinct	64	9	129		
2d precinct	37	4	83		
Holland	168	1	29	139	
Howard	92	4	158		66
Humboldt	49	1	57		8
Lawrence	69	2	80		11
Morrison	138	2	127	11	
New Denmark	90	2	133		43
Pittsfield	65	2	53	10	
Preble	122	6	96	96	
Rockland	78		23	50	
Scott	76		86		10
Sauvico	61	4	76		15
Wrightstown	153	2	114	39	
Total	3,330	120	3,009	567	246
Democratic plurality				321	
DOOR COUNTY—					
Bailey's Harbor	57		41	16	
Brussels	18	3	100		82
Clay Banks	33	3	64		31
Egg Harbor	54	1	52	2	
Forestville	63	2	120		57
Gardner	28	1	84		56
Gibraltar	31	3	111		79
Jacksonport	15		147		132
Liberty Grove	14	23	192		178
Nasawaupee	57	4	86		29
Sevastopol	82		70	12	
Sturgeon Bay	13	1	68		55
Sturgeon Bay, city:					
1st precinct	175	2	256		147
2d precinct	24	1	90		
Union	4		49		45
Washington	2	1	62		60
Total	670	45	1,538	30	963
Republican plurality					923

EIGHTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Phil. Sheridan, Dem.	John W. Evans, Pro.	Edward S. Minor, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
KEWAUNEE COUNTY—					
Ahnapee.....	119	.....	66	53	.....
Algoma, city.....	159	1	138	21	.....
Carlton.....	136	3	115	21	.....
Casco.....	192	2	78	114	.....
Franklin.....	216	.....	45	171	.....
Kewaunee, city.....	140	2	85	155	.....
Lincoln.....	91	.....	139	.....	48
Luxemburg.....	132	.....	105	27	.....
Montpelier.....	148	1	119	27	.....
Pierce.....	108	.....	30	76	.....
Red River.....	28	.....	162	.....	134
West Kewaunee.....	192	2	79	113	.....
Total.....	1,757	11	1,161	778 182	182
Democratic plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	596	.....
OUTAGAMIE COUNTY—					
Appleton, city:					
1st ward.....	114	20	342	.....	.....
2d ward, 1st precinct.....	170	4	175	.....	.....
2d ward, 2d precinct.....	70	6	116	.....	.....
3d ward.....	330	5	195	1,351	237
4th ward.....	131	2	95	.....	.....
5th ward.....	223	3	176	.....	.....
6th ward.....	107	3	282	.....	.....
Black Creek.....	57	.....	132	.....	75
Bovina.....	31	1	133	.....	102
Buchanan.....	162	4	78	84	.....
Center.....	131	2	114	17	.....
Cicero.....	16	.....	71	.....	55
Dale.....	114	5	111	3	.....
Deer Creek.....	46	.....	92	.....	46
Ellington.....	92	6	116	.....	24
Freedom.....	112	.....	93	19	.....
Grand Clute.....	126	5	113	13	.....
Greenville.....	115	3	100	15	.....
Hortonville.....	33	.....	64	.....	16
Hortonville, village.....	66	.....	102	.....	36
Kaukauna.....	149	5	107	42	.....
Kaukauna, city:					
North precinct.....	147	18	223	418	66
South precinct.....	236	10	225	.....	.....
Liberty.....	16	.....	27	.....	11
Maine.....	16	.....	76	.....	60
Maple Creek.....	42	.....	52	.....	10
New London, 3d ward.....	27	.....	84	.....	7
Osborn.....	37	2	58	.....	21
Seymour.....	51	6	86	.....	38
Seymour, city:					
1st ward.....	50	1	113	166	87
2d ward.....	29	.....	53	.....	.....
Total.....	2,650	111	3,744	193	887 193
Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	694
PORTAGE COUNTY—					
Alban.....	33	3	101	.....	66
Almond.....	32	1	155	.....	126
Amherst.....	81	8	293	.....	212
Belmont.....	36	3	93	.....	57
Buena Vista.....	77	4	125	.....	48
Carson.....	79	4	62	17	.....
Eau Claire.....	41	3	57	.....	16
Grant.....	23	2	73	.....	50
Mall.....	63	.....	29	113	.....

EIGHTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Phil. Sheridan, Dem.	John W. Evans, Pro.	Edward S. Minor, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
PORTAGE COUNTY—Cont.					
Lanark.....	44	10	84	.....	40
Linwood.....	27	5	35	.....	9
New Hope.....	23	.....	179	.....	156
Pine Grove.....	12	1	97	.....	85
Plover.....	85	11	197	.....	112
Sharon.....	200	.....	13	187	.....
Stockton.....	174	2	44	130	.....
Stevens Point.....	79	1	87	42	.....
Stevens Point, city:					
1st ward.....	127	10	146		
2d ward.....	151	9	148		
3d ward.....	138	5	124	626	232
4th ward.....	298	1	57		
5th ward.....	100	10	100		
6th ward.....	49	5	51		
Total.....	2,036	96	2,245	720	979
					720
Republican plurality.....					259
WAUPACA COUNTY—					
Bear Creek.....	42	2	57	.....	
Caledonia.....	44	6	35	.....	41
Clintonville, city.....	82	7	160	.....	78
Dayton.....	30	7	132	.....	102
DuPont.....	31	2	139	.....	106
Embarrass, village.....	9	1	32	.....	23
Fremont.....	20	.....	47	.....	27
Fremont, village.....	11	2	32	.....	21
Farlington, 1st precinct.....	16	6	145	363	339
2d precinct.....	8	13	218		
Harrison.....	2	.....	61	.....	59
Helvetia.....	4	2	69	.....	65
Iola.....	3	4	157	.....	154
Iola, village.....	9	2	98	.....	89
Larrabee.....	42	.....	74	.....	32
Lebanon.....	77	1	33	44	.....
Lind.....	13	6	119	.....	101
Little Wolf.....	68	10	189	.....	121
Matteson.....	10	2	70	.....	60
Mukwa.....	40	4	69	.....	29
New London, city:					
1st ward.....	39	1	70		
2d ward.....	41	2	57	251	131
4th ward.....	29	1	76		
5th ward.....	11	3	48		
Royalton.....	21	6	51	.....	50
Scandinavia.....	1	3	198	.....	197
Scandinavia, village.....	9	3	55	.....	46
St. Lawrence.....	26	11	182	.....	156
Union.....	23	2	70	.....	45
Waupaca.....	22	8	96	.....	64
Waupaca, city:					
1st ward.....	36	10	117		
2d ward.....	29	12	88	390	279
3d ward.....	15	18	97		
4th ward.....	31	5	88		
Weyauwega.....	29	6	52	.....	23
Weyauwega, village.....	73	17	75	.....	2
Wyoming.....	11	.....	39	.....	28
Total.....	1,034	184	3,475	44	2,435
					44
Republican plurality.....					2,441

EIGHTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Phil. Sheridan, Dem.	John W. Evans, Pro.	Edward S. Minor, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
WOOD COUNTY—					
Auburndale	35	2	57	.....	23
Auburndale, village	6	2	15	.....	9
Centralia, city:					
1st ward	25	2	16	.....	.....
2d ward	57	7	62	125	32
3d ward	73	3	47	.....	.....
Grand Rapids	87	4	66	21	.....
Grand Rapids, city:					
1st ward	42	1	31	.....	.....
2d ward	55	3	71	208	39
3d ward	37	1	48	.....	.....
4th ward	35	1	58	.....	.....
Lincoln	89	2	62	27	.....
Marshfield	71	2	24	47	.....
Marshfield, city:					
1st ward	120	3	21	.....	.....
2d ward	80	1	33	.....	.....
3d ward	91	3	65	278	203
4th ward	67	1	66	.....	.....
5th ward	76	6	73	.....	.....
6th ward	49	.....	20	.....	.....
Milladore	53	.....	29	29	.....
Nekoosa, village	45	2	63	.....	13
Port Edwards	57	4	83	.....	31
Pittesville, city:					
1st ward	14	1	31	.....	.....
2d ward	8	1	14	.....	23
3d ward	11	2	11	.....	.....
Remington	62	.....	57	5	.....
Richfield	16	.....	31	.....	15
Rock	27	1	61	.....	34
Rudolph	89	2	64	25	.....
Saratoga	16	1	42	.....	26
Seneca	59	1	55	4	.....
Sherry	25	1	41	.....	16
Siegel	115	4	87	28	.....
Vesper	26	2	31	.....	5
Wood	66	2	93	.....	27
Total	1,791	60	1,633	423 265	265
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	158	.....

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN EIGHTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1898.

(CONGRESSIONAL.)

Counties.	Total Vote.	Phillip Sheridan, Dem.	John W. Evans, Pro.	Edward S. Minor, Rep.	Sheridan's Plu.	Minor's Plu.
Brown	6,459	3,830	120	3,009	321	.....
Door	2,308	670	45	1,593	.....	123
Kewaunee	2,929	1,757	11	1,161	596	.....
Outagamie	6,905	3,050	111	3,744	.....	694
Portage	4,439	2,036	98	2,295	.....	259
Waupaca	4,683	1,034	184	3,475	.....	2,441
Wood*	3,484	1,791	60	1,633	158	.....
Totals	31,207	13,668	629	16,910	1,075	4,317 1,075
Minor's plu. ....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,242

*In Wood county two votes scattering, not included in above.

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN EIGHTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1898.—Continued.

(GOVERNATORIAL.)

Counties.	Hiram Wilson Sawyer, Dem.	Albinus A. Worsley, Pro.	Eugene W. Chafin, Pro.	Edward Scofield, Rep.	Howard Tuttle, Soc. Dem. of Am.	Henry Riesc. Soc. Lab.
Brown	2,929	65	121	3,476	13	19
Door*	618	32	43	1,571	5	4
Kewaunee	1,632	23	22	1,239	2	6
Outagamie	3,074	54	159	3,784	6	21
Portage	2,137	35	96	2,219	7	10
Waupaca	1,189	41	175	3,274	7	7
Wood	1,850	51	60	1,615	12	15
Totals	13,509	301	676	17,178	52	82

*In Door county 2 votes for R. M. La Follette and 1 scattering; Portage county, James J. Webster, 1; James J. Nelson, 1; Waupaca county, R. M. La Follette, 2.

NINTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Wells, M. Ruggles, Dem.	Edwin Kerswill, Pro.	Alexander Stewart, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
ASHLAND COUNTY—					
Ashland, town, 1st precinct....	49	..	43		
2d precinct....	25	5	49		
3d precinct....	8	..	4		
4th precinct....	41	5	95	191	73
Ashland, city:					
1st precinct	54	7	174		
2d precinct	50	10	83		
3d precinct	118	12	207		
4th precinct	73	4	88		
5th precinct	66	3	58		
6th precinct	91	4	113	1,095	254
7th precinct	92	4	101		
8th precinct	131	..	137		
9th precinct	90	..	49		
10th precinct	76	..	85		
Butternut	99	5	129		30
Jacobs	67	1	132		63
La Pointe	19		18	1	
Morse, 1st precinct.....	127	2	66		
2d precinct.....	11	2	28	94	44
Total	1,252	62	1,659	45	422
Republican plurality					45
CLARK COUNTY—					
Abbotsford	14		42		28
Beaver	10	8	43		33
Colby	37		58		21
Colby, city	38	3	40		2
Eaton	26	4	56		30
Fremont	4	3	87		83
Grant	29	2	108		77
Green Grove	5		27		22
Greenwood, city	18	9	69		51
Hewett	11		28		17
Hixon	23		109		86
Hoard	12	2	42		30
Levis	21	3	37		16
Loyal	40	5	102		62
Loyal, village	44	5	57		13
Lynn	13	1	46		33
Longwood	27		51		24
Mayville	33	5	129		76
Mead	3		8		5
Mentor	45	2	86		41
Neillsville, city	45	7	239		153
Pine Valley	33	3	92		59
Roseburg	14		38		24
Sherman	22	1	86		64
Sherwood Forest	1	1	27		26
Thorp	16		43		27
Thorp, village	39	7	53		15
Unity	25	3	50		25
Warner	30	3	56		26
Washburn	19	2	42		23
Weston, east precinct.....	12	2	57		45
west precinct	28		18	10	
Withee	17	2	26		9
Worden	18		14	4	
York	25	7	76		51
Total	856	90	2,139	14	1,297
Republican plurality					14
					1,283

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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NINTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT — Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Wells M. Ruggles, Dem.	Edwin Kerswill, Pro.	Alexander Stewart, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
FLORENCE COUNTY—					
Commonwealth	25		95		70
Florence	51		155		74
Homestead	10		53		43
Total	116		303		187
Republican plurality					187
FOREST COUNTY—					
Cavour, 1st precinct	34 } 61	1 } 1	70 } 129		68
2d precinct	27 }	1 }	59 }		
Crandon, 1st precinct	32 } 42	1 }	38 }		42
2d precinct	10 }	5 }	48 }		
Total	103	7	213		110
Republican plurality					110
IRON COUNTY—					
Knight, 1st precinct	72 } 109	6 } 6	154 } 164		55
2d precinct	37 }	.. }	10 }		
Saxon	52		73		21
Vaughn, 1st precinct	142 } 377	.. }	123 }		13
2d precinct	97 }	9 }	54 }		
3d precinct	26 }	10 }	97 }		
4th precinct	103 }	1 }	83 }		
5th precinct	9 }	.. }	33 }		
Total	538	16	627		89
Republican plurality					89
LANGLADE COUNTY—					
Ackley	64		26	38	
Antizo	93	5	47	46	
Antigo, city:					
1st ward	26 }	1 }	65 }		
2d ward	35 }	2 }	95 }		
3d ward	72 }	.. }	41 }		31
4th ward	123 }	1 }	66 }	435	
5th ward	70 }	2 }	62 }		
6th ward	88 }	3 }	106 }		
Elcho	16		31		15
Elton	11	1	17		6
Evergreen	10		7	3	
Langlade	17		23		6
Neva	80		20	60	
Norwood	97	1	52	45	
Parrish	1	1	5		4
Peck	11		25		14
Polar	66	2	44	22	
Prico	39	2	31	8	
Rolling	89	1	58	31	
Summit	23		9	14	
Upham	14		11	3	
Vilas	15	2	24		9
Total	1,060	24	865	270	75
Democratic plurality				195	

NINTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Wells M. Ruggles, Dem.	Edwin Kerswill, Pro.	Alexander Stewart, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
LINCOLN COUNTY—					
Corning.....	62		37	25	11
Harrison.....	15		26		5
Merrill.....	53	4	58		
Merrill, city:					
1st ward.....	118	1	53		
2d ward.....	65	3	60		
3d ward.....	98	5	112		
4th ward.....	125	10	143	699	43
5th ward.....	72	5	103		
6th ward.....	118	7	112		
7th ward.....	148	8	111		
Pine River.....	102	2	72	30	
Rock Falls.....	28	2	15	13	
Russell.....	39	1	49		10
Scott.....	106	2	49	57	
Tomahawk.....	28		24	2	
Tomahawk, city:					
1st ward.....	47	1	25		
2d ward.....	42	1	27	151	15
3d ward.....	48	3	44		
4th ward.....	29		55		
Total.....	1,339	49	1,180	183	26
Democratic plurality.....				159	
MARATHON COUNTY—					
Bergen.....	13		45		32
Berlin.....	75		84		9
Brighton.....	44		34	10	
Cassel.....	94		37	57	
Cleveland.....	60	1	91		31
Colby, city, east ward.....	18		21		3
Day.....	78	1	22	56	
Easton.....	62	2	59	3	
Eau Claire.....	33		37		4
Edgar, village.....	25		43		18
Eldron.....	3	1	37		34
Emmet.....	70	2	26	44	
Frankfort.....	42		26	16	
Halecy.....	96		71	25	
Hamburg.....	69	1	62	7	
Harrison.....	14	1	17		3
Hewitt.....	13	1	25		12
Holton.....	40	1	75		35
Hull.....	54	2	55		1
Johnson.....	32		49		16
Knowlton.....	25	2	45		20
Kronenwetter.....	27		28		1
Maine.....	80		74	6	
Marathon.....	64	3	26	38	
Marathon, village.....	48		32	16	
McMillan.....	80		60	20	
McMillan, village.....	8		19		11
Mosinee.....	13		23		10
Mosinee, village.....	50		80		30
Norrie.....	18	1	42		24
Pike Lake.....	40		56		16
Plover.....	8	1	19		11
Rib Falls.....	45		59		14
Rietbrook.....	40	2	131		91
Spencer.....	41	1	92		51
Stettin.....	80		51	29	
Texas.....	54	5	76		22
Wausau.....	94		73	21	

NINTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT — Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Wells M. Ruggles, Dem.	Edwin Kerswill, Pro.	Alexander Stewart, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
MARATHON COUNTY—Cont.					
Wausau, city:					
1st ward.....	135	2	129		
2d ward.....	126	1	125		
3d ward.....	91	3	131		
4th ward.....	59	4	140		
5th ward.....	78	4	157	1,166	343
6th ward.....	89	8	113		
7th ward.....	80	1	119		
8th ward.....	83	2	113		
9th ward.....	82	3	139		
Weston.....	109	1	82	27	
Wien.....	41	2	68		27
Total	2,723	59	3,217	375	869
Republican plurality					375
					494
MARINETTE COUNTY—					
Amborg, 1st precinct.....	22	2	123		
2d precinct.....	11	2	63	223	175
3d precinct.....	15	..	37		
Coleman.....	42	4	245		209
Crivitz.....	12		147		135
Grover.....	35	3	220		186
Marinette, city:					
1st ward.....	197	7	263		
2d ward.....	247	15	275		
3d ward.....	162	..	368	1,496	522
4th ward.....	217	4	319		
5th ward.....	151	5	271		
Peshigo, 1st precinct.....	73	10	365		
2d precinct.....	13	1	12		
3d precinct.....	12	3	65	517	391
4th precinct.....	4	..	34		
5th precinct.....	24	2	38		
Porterfield.....	27	1	69		42
Wausaukee.....	80	3	133		53
Total	1,344	62	3,050		1,706
Republican plurality					1,706
OCONTO COUNTY—					
Armstrong.....	18	2	50		32
Brazeau.....	27		28	1	
Chase.....	45	2	143		98
Gillett.....	36	2	126		90
Howe.....	64	1	88		24
Lena.....	40	1	57		17
Little River.....	59	1	99		40
Little Suamico.....	49	1	47	2	
Maple Valley.....	34	3	95		61
Oconto.....	83	1	94		11
Oconto, city:					
East ward.....	135	1	173		
North ward.....	87	2	126		
South ward.....	101	1	189	546	139
West ward.....	84	..	58		
Oconto Falls.....	76	19	143		67
Pensaukee, 1st precinct.....	30	3	112		
2d precinct.....	23	..	33	245	180
3d precinct.....	12	5	95		
Spence.....	50		78		28
Stiles.....	45	2	66		21
Underhill.....	9		52		43
Total	1,107	47	1,955	3	851
Republican plurality					3
					848

NINTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Wells M. Ruggles, Dem.	Edwin Kerswill, Pro.	Alexander Stewart, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
ONEIDA COUNTY—					
Gagen, 1st precinct.....	37 } 48	4 } 5	80 } 98	.....	50
2d precinct.....	11 }	1 }	18 }	.....	
Hazelhurst, 1st precinct.....	23 }	4 }	146 }	.....	
2d precinct.....	6 }	1 }	28 }	209	157
3d precinct.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
4th precinct.....	23 }	1 }	35 }	.....	
Pelican, 1st precinct.....	99 }	2 }	124 }	.....	4
2d precinct.....	19 }	.....	21 }	.....	
3d precinct.....	20 }	.....	6 }	.....	
Rhineland, city:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1st precinct.....	42 }	7 }	98 }	.....	
2d precinct.....	49 }	3 }	90 }	.....	
3d precinct.....	49 }	2 }	76 }	518	210
4th precinct.....	72 }	6 }	72 }	.....	
5th precinct.....	59 }	3 }	102 }	.....	
6th precinct.....	37 }	2 }	80 }	.....	
Schoepke, 1st precinct.....	31	1	25	6	.....
Woodboro, 1st precinct.....	54	1	108	.....	52
Total.....	640	88	1,107	6	473
Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6
PRICE COUNTY—					
Brannan.....	24	4	59	.....	35
Emery.....	13	2	25	.....	12
Fifield.....	45	2	52	.....	7
Georgetown.....	7	7	39	.....	32
Hackett.....	9	3	27	.....	13
Hill.....	10	1	24	.....	14
Kennan.....	16	2	38	.....	22
Knox.....	5	.....	39	.....	34
Lake.....	79	4	76	3	.....
Ogema.....	17	3	214	.....	197
Phillips, city:	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1st ward.....	29 }	56 }	47 }	.....	
2d ward.....	34 }	20 }	59 }	148	39
3d ward.....	46 }	8 }	42 }	.....	
Prentice.....	74	8	117	.....	43
Worcester.....	59	11	91	.....	32
Total.....	467	131	949	3	485
Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3
SHAWANO COUNTY—					
Almon.....	33	3	62	.....	29
Angelica.....	24	1	60	.....	36
Aniwa.....	38	1	42	.....	4
Belle Plaine.....	91	3	83	8	.....
Biramwood.....	31	1	45	.....	14
Biramwood, village.....	25	3	55	.....	30
Fairbanks.....	74	1	38	38	.....
Germania.....	11	.....	27	.....	16
Grant.....	50	.....	79	.....	29
Green Valley.....	23	3	91	.....	68
Hartland.....	52	2	89	.....	37
Herman.....	69	.....	126	.....	57
Hutchins.....	29	.....	144	.....	115
Lessor.....	27	3	112	.....	85
Maple Grove.....	78	1	61	15	.....
Morris.....	12	1	102	.....	90
Navarino.....	19	3	36	.....	17
Pella.....	90	1	36	54	.....
Richmond.....	63	1	112	.....	49
Seneca.....	22	1	34	.....	16

NINTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Wells M. Ruggles, Dem.	Edwin Kerswill, Pro.	Alexander Stewart, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
SHAWANO COUNTY—Cont.					
Shawano, city:					
1st ward.....	67 }	.. }	60 }		
2d ward.....	42 }	1 }	55 }	168	24
3d ward.....	85 }	.. }	53 }		
Tigerton, village.....	39	1	43		4
Washington.....	107	2	85	22	
Waukechon.....	90		60	30	
Wittenberg.....	24	2	101		77
Wittenberg, village.....	28	1	125		97
Total	1,291	36	2,018	167	894
					167
Republican plurality.....					727
TAYLOR COUNTY—					
Aurora.....	2		13		11
Browning.....	52		28	24	
Chelsea.....	86	1	49	37	
Cleveland.....	6		27		21
Deer Creek.....	82	1	34	48	
Greenwood.....	43		15	28	
Grover.....	28		47		21
Hammel.....	30	1	10	20	
Holway.....	13		40		27
Little Black.....	112	6	98	14	
Medford.....	150	3	57	93	
Medford, city:					
1st precinct.....	54 }	.. }	84 }		
2d precinct.....	39 }	1 }	32 }	179	49
3d precinct.....	37 }	7 }	63 }		
Mollitor.....	28	2	16	12	
Rib Lake.....	91	4	167		76
Westboro.....	37	4	94		57
Total	888	30	874	276	262
				262	
Democratic plurality.....				14	
VILAS COUNTY—					
Arbor, 1st precinct.....	86 }	2 }	181 }		
2d precinct.....	33 }	3 }	60 }	241	122
Eagle River, 1st precinct.....	176 }	3 }	53 }		
3d precinct.....	11 }	.. }	21 }	73	
Minocqua, 1st precinct.....	190 }	2 }	124 }		
2d precinct.....	133 }	2 }	190 }	314	1
Total	619	12	669	73	123
					73
Republican plurality					50

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN NINTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1898.

(CONGRESSIONAL.)

Counties.	Total vote.	Wells M. Ruggles, Dem.	Edwin Kerswill, Pro.	Alexander Stewart, Rep.	Ruggles' Pla.	Stewart's Pla.
Ashland.....	3,003	1,282	62	1,659	.....	377
Clark	3,085	856	90	2,139	.....	1,283
Florence	419	116	.....	303	.....	187
Forest.....	323	103	7	213	.....	110
Iron.....	1,151	585	16	627	.....	89
Langlade	1,949	1,060	24	865	195	.....
Lincoln	2,568	1,339	49	1,180	159	.....
Marathon	5,999	2,723	59	3,217	.....	494
Marinette.....	4,456	1,344	62	3,050	.....	1,706
Oconto.....	3,109	1,107	47	1,955	.....	848
Oneida.....	1,735	640	38	1,107	.....	467
Price.....	1,547	457	121	949	.....	482
Shawano.....	3,845	1,391	36	2,018	.....	727
Taylor.....	1,792	888	30	874	14	.....
Vilas.....	1,300	619	12	669	.....	50
Totals.....	35,861	14,373	663	20,825	368	6,820
Stewart's plu.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	368
						6,452

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN NINTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1898 — Continued.

(GOVERNATORIAL.)

Counties.	Hiram Wilson Sawyer, Dem.	Albinus A. Worsley, Pro.	Eugene W. Chafn., Pro.	Edward Scotfield, Rep.	Howard Tuttle, Soc. Dem. of Am.	Henry Riese, Soc. Lab.
Ashland.....	1,282	46	75	1,703	8	25
Clark.....	948	36	95	2,048	4	5
Florence	120	10	6	297	2	1
Forest.....	182	3	7	185	1	.....
Iron.....	473	7	16	696	5	1
Langlade	1,102	20	25	868	8	8
Lincoln	1,327	108	57	1,132	10	4
Marathon	2,765	269	57	3,068	10	114
Marinette.....	1,397	41	105	3,062	13	7
Oconto.....	1,157	60	53	1,945	10	10
Oneida.....	708	19	38	1,095	7	5
Price.....	515	13	98	951	12	33
Shawano*.....	1,451	62	36	1,863	3	11
Taylor.....	921	34	30	869	7	7
Vilas.....	587	14	13	695	9	5
Totals.....	14,855	732	711	20,477	104	236

* In Shawano county 1 vote for C. Kalbach for governor, not included in above.

TENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	John R. Mathews, Dem.	Carl Pieper, Pro.	William B. Hopkins, Pro.	John J. Jenkins, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
BARRON COUNTY—						
Barron.....	20	3	3	52		32
Barron, city.....	24	1	7	156		132
Cameron, village.....	18		4	34		16
Cedar Lake.....	27	3	2	64		36
Chetek.....	15	8	2	73		58
Chetek, city.....	13		3	63		50
Clinton.....	23	3	3	65		45
Cumberland.....	21	25	12	101		80
Cumberland, city.....	36	2	23	105		69
Dallas.....	10	18	12	131		121
Dover.....	7	4	19	60		53
Maple Grove.....	6	10	5	111		106
Oak Grove.....	44	7		34	10	
Prairie Farm.....	13	6	5	153		140
Rice Lake.....	51	2		29	22	
Rice Lake, city:						
1st ward.....	26	1	2	68		
2d ward.....	39	1	2	54		
3d ward.....	26	1	1	37		
4th ward.....	19	1	5	85		
Stanford.....	4	2		33		29
Stanley.....	16	8	1	52		36
Sumner.....	9		5	56		47
Turtle Lake.....	92	5	2	44	45	
Turtle Lake, village.....	17		1	37		20
Vance Creek.....	2		4	39		37
Total.....	578	110	123	1,739	80	1,241
Republican plu.						80
						1,161
BAYFIELD COUNTY—						
Bayfield, 1st precinct.....	95	4	9	205	241	133
2d precinct.....	13		3	86		
Drummond.....	45		6	152		107
Iron River, 1st prect.....	130	8	4	150	155	11
2d prect.....	14	1	1	5		
Mason.....	38	3	3	110		72
Pratt.....	5	1		26		21
Washburn, 1st prect.....	157	2	16	259		
2d prect.....	2			11		
3d prect.....	143	5	19	289	532	273
4th prect.....	7	1	1	23		
Total.....	649	25	62	1,266		617
Republican plu.						617
BURNETT COUNTY—						
Grantsburg.....	4	26	5	205		201
Grantsburg, village.....	16	5	15	74		58
Marshfield, 1st prect.....	12	14	2	66		
2d prect.....	1	15	2	38		
3d prect.....	5	12	3	16		
Rusk.....	5	7		42		37
Trade Lake.....	3	32	9	143		140
Wood Lake.....	3	22	12	121		118
Total.....	49	133	48	705		686
Republican plu.						686

WISCONSIN BLUE BOOK.

TENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.—Continued.			
R.	Carl Pieper.	William B. Hopkins, Pro.	John J. Jenkins, Rep.

TENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.—Continued.						
Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	John R. Mathews, Dem.	Carl Pieper, Peo.	William B. Hopkins, Pro.	John J. Jenkins, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
CHIPPewa COUNTY—						
Anson	36	10	1	66	69	33
Arthur, 1st precinct	43	9	19	47	35	44
Auburn, 2d precinct	69	1	3	79	113	28
Big Bend, 1st prec.	23	1	4	16	127	14
Big Bend, 2d prec.	24	1	1	32	65	17
Big Bend, 3d prec.	50	3	3	3	74	
Bloomer, village	114	60	1	80	50	
Bloomer, village	61	51	107	5	68	
Boyd, village	51		1	1		
Cadott, village	11		1	2		
Chippewa Falls city	173		1	2		
1st ward	12		4	1		
2d ward	38		3	2		
3d ward	25		2	2		
4th ward	22		1	1		
5th ward	43		2	15		
6th ward	40		1	2		
7th ward			2	3		
8th ward			1	3		
9th ward			2	1		
10th ward			2	1		
11th ward			2	1		
12th ward			2	1		
13th ward			2	1		
14th ward			2	1		
15th ward			2	1		
16th ward			2	1		
17th ward			2	1		
18th ward			2	1		
19th ward			2	1		
20th ward			2	1		
21st ward			2	1		
22nd ward			2	1		
23rd ward			2	1		
24th ward			2	1		
25th ward			2	1		
26th ward			2	1		
27th ward			2	1		
28th ward			2	1		
29th ward			2	1		
30th ward			2	1		
31st ward			2	1		
32nd ward			2	1		
33rd ward			2	1		
34th ward			2	1		
35th ward			2	1		
36th ward			2	1		
37th ward			2	1		
38th ward			2	1		
39th ward			2	1		
40th ward			2	1		
41st ward			2	1		
42nd ward			2	1		
43rd ward			2	1		
44th ward			2	1		
45th ward			2	1		
46th ward			2	1		
47th ward			2	1		
48th ward			2	1		
49th ward			2	1		
50th ward			2	1		
51st ward			2	1		
52nd ward			2	1		
53rd ward			2	1		
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62nd ward			2	1		
63rd ward			2	1		
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67th ward			2	1		
68th ward			2	1		
69th ward			2	1		
70th ward			2	1		
71st ward			2	1		
72nd ward			2	1		
73rd ward			2	1		
74th ward			2	1		
75th ward			2	1		
76th ward			2	1		
77th ward			2	1		
78th ward			2	1		
79th ward			2	1		
80th ward			2	1		
81st ward			2	1		
82nd ward			2	1		
83rd ward			2	1		
84th ward			2	1		
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86th ward			2	1		
87th ward			2	1		
88th ward			2	1		
89th ward			2	1		
90th ward			2	1		
91st ward			2	1		
92nd ward			2	1		
93rd ward			2	1		
94th ward			2	1		
95th ward			2	1		
96th ward			2	1		
97th ward			2	1		
98th ward			2	1		
99th ward			2	1		
100th ward			2	1		
Total	2,075					
Republican plu						
Dem. plu						
Pro. plu						
Rep. plu						
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ELECTION STATISTICS.

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TENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	John R. Mathews, Dem.	Carl Pieper, Pro.	William B. Hopkins, Pro.	John J. Jenkins, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
DOUGLAS Co.—Cont.						
Superior, city—Con.						
7th ward, 1st pre.	68	3	5	186		
2d pre.	54	3	4	163		
8th ward	49	1	17	117		
9th ward	72	2	17	161		
Total	1,477	56	130	2,741		1,284
Republican plu						1,284
DUNN COUNTY—						
Colfax	27	1		94		67
Dunn	61	6	6	133		69
Eau Galle	57	1	4	97		40
Elk Mound	9	1	5	46		37
Grant	13	6	2	51		38
Hwy. River	30	2	4	41		11
Lucas	36	4	3	64		28
Menomonie	47	6	5	99		52
Menomonie, city:						
1st ward	34	3	3	65		
2d ward	91	4	3	92		
3d ward	76	8	7	109		
4th ward	103	8	7	94		
Now Haven	7	8		42		35
Otter Creek	4	5	1	27		23
Peru	8	3		45		37
Red Cedar	30	4	2	70		40
Rock Creek	5	2	2	79		74
Sand Creek	15	6	3	78		61
Sheridan	10	2		38		28
Sherman	13	8	6	49		34
Spring Brook	25	13	13	44		19
Stanton	53	13	18	86		33
Tainter	19	1	1	21		2
Tiffany	62	14	3	80		18
Weston	44	8	3	32	12	
Wilson	12			49		37
Total	896	132	101	1,723	12	839
Republican plu.						12
						827
PIERCE COUNTY—						
Clifton	10		6	36		26
Diamond Bluff	22	4	1	55		33
Ellsworth	33	9	4	99		66
Ellsworth, village	52	3	5	131		79
El Paso	23	4	1	57		34
Gilman	12	3	5	96		34
Hartland	24	6	7	106		82
Isabelle	7	6	2	26		19
Maiden Rock	8	5	3	101		93
Maiden Rock, vil.	11	2	3	38		27
Martell	14	1	3	158		144
Oak Grove	16	4	3	29		13
Prescott, city:						
1st ward	12	1	5	12		
2d ward	21	1	1	15		
3d ward	9	1	4	12		
River Falls	13	2	6	68		55
River Falls, city, 2d election district	40	2	12	166		126
Rock Elm	31	2	16	108		77
Salem	19	3	7	73		54
Spring Lake	10	7	6	68		58
Spring Valley, vil.	20	2	3	76		56
Trenton	18	7	3	81		78

TENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	John R. Mathews, Dem.	Carl Pieper, Pro.	William B. Hopkins, Pro.	John J. Jenkins, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
PIERCE COUNTY—Con.						
Trimble.....	20	5	10	124	.....	104
Union.....	61	14	5	107	.....	46
Total.....	501	95	120	1,852	8	1,854
Republican plu.						3
						1,351
POLK COUNTY—						
Alden, 1st precinct..	23 } 27	5 } 9	1 } 1	101 } 174	.....	147
2d precinct.....	4 }	4 }	.. }	73 }	.....	103
Amery, village.....	12	.....	2	115	.....	53
Apple River.....	3	4	2	56	.....	73
Balsam Lake.....	18	4	2	91	.....	5
Beaver.....	23	1	1	25	.....	96
Black Brook.....	2	4	3	98	.....	8
Bone Lake.....	8	7	1	16	.....	35
Clam Falls.....	3	.....	.....	38	.....	52
Clayton.....	12	6	2	64	.....	40
Clear Lake.....	7	3	2	47	.....	54
Clear Lake, village.	14	2	4	68	.....	118
Eureka.....	5	2	7	123	.....	48
Farmington.....	32	8	5	80	.....	76
Garfield.....	5	14	2	81	.....	10
Georgetown.....	4	1	1	14	.....	11
Johnstown.....	2	2	.....	13	.....	64
Laketown.....	3	5	7	67	.....	69
Lincoln.....	11	4	6	50	.....	15
Lorraine.....	8	1	1	23	.....	48
Luck.....	15	.....	.....	61	.....	16
McKinley.....	1	1	.....	17	.....	87
Milltown.....	18	1	1	105	.....	100
Osceola.....	12	16	4	112	.....	63
Osceola, village.....	22	2	6	85	.....	43
St. Croix Falls.....	10	5	4	53	.....	73
St. Croix Falls, vil..	18	1	1	91	.....	56
Sterling.....	.....	9	1	56	.....	27
West Sweden.....	.....	11	.....	27	.....	.....
Total.....	292	123	66	1,880	.....	1,588
Republican plu.						1,588
SAWYER COUNTY—						
Hayward, 1st prec.	268 }	8 }	28 }	333 }	.....	231
2d prec.....	32 }	3 }	1 }	139 }	.....	.....
3d prec.....	25 }	1 }	1 }	21 }	.....	.....
4th prec.....	11 }	1 }	.. }	74 }	.....	.....
Total.....	336	12	30	567	.....	231
Republican plu.						231
ST. CROIX COUNTY—						
Baldwin.....	47	7	18	158	.....	111
Baldwin, village.....	49	.....	13	70	.....	23
Cady.....	16	7	4	89	.....	73
Ceylon.....	47	.....	5	73	.....	67
Eau Galle.....	56	3	8	125	.....	.....
Emerald.....	86	1	7	41	45	.....
Erin Prairie.....	158	11	1	18	140	
Forest.....	9			16		7
Glenwood.....	21	2	1	33		12

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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TENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT — Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	John R. Mathews, Dem.	Carl Pieper, Pro.	William B. Hopkins, Pro.	John J. Jenkins, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
St. Croix Co. — Cont.						
Glenwood, city:						
1st ward	25 }	1 }	2 }	24 }		
2d ward	29 }	1 }	6 }	20 }		
3d ward	17 }	2 }	2 }	41 }	135	53
4th ward	6 }	1 }	1 }	50 }		
Hammond	82		10	82		
Hammond, village	35	1	17	50		14
Hudson	37			71		34
Hudson, city:						
1st ward	35 }	2 }	1 }	48 }		
2d ward	57 }	4 }	5 }	150 }	327	160
3d ward	75 }	9 }	5 }	129 }		
Kinnickinnic	14		2	31		17
New Richmond, city:						
1st ward	19 }	2 }	6 }	77 }		
2d ward	40 }	2 }	5 }	78 }	194	125
3d ward	4 }	1 }	5 }	44 }		
Pleasant Valley	25	1	1	56		31
Richmond	60	4	8	34	26	
River Falls, city:						
1st ward	3			11		8
Rush River	28		1	83		55
Somerset	40	2		106		66
Springfield	43	16	1	70		27
Stanton	73	8	2	45	28	
Star Prairie	10	13	6	115		105
St. Joseph	45		3	46		1
Troy	16	2	1	51		35
Warren	63	2	4	63		
Total	1,376	104	146	2,191	239	1,054
Republican plu.						239
WASHBURN COUNTY—						
Bashaw	9	4	3	88		79
Long Lake	13	2		19		6
Minong	6		1	51		45
Shell Lake	79	6	16	275		196
Spooner, 1st prec	37 }	7 }	3 }	78 }		
2d prec	15 }	3 }	3 }	41 }	119	67
Veazie	48			51		3
Total	207	22	23	603		306
Republican plu.						306

TENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	John R. Mathews, Dem.	Carl Pieper, Pro.	William B. Hopkins, Pro.	John J. Jenkins, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
CHIPPewa COUNTY—						
Anson	36			69		33
Arthur	43	1	1	35	13	
Auburn, 1st precinct	46 } 69	10 } 19	3 } 7	66 } 113		44
2d precinct	23 }	9 }	4 }	47 }		
Big Bend, 1st prec...	24 }	1 }		79 }		26
2d prec...	27 }	1 }	2	16 }	127	
3d prec...	50 }	.. }		32 }		
Bloomer	114	1	4	65	49	
Bloomer, village...	60	3	3	74		14
Boyd, village...	61		3	50	11	
Cadott, village...	51	1	3	68		17
Chippewa F's, city:						
1st ward	73 }	.. }	10 }	80 }		
2d ward	117 }	.. }	5 }	86 }		
3d ward	128 }	.. }	1 }	112 }		
4th ward	36 }	1 }	1 }	74 }		
5th ward	73 }	4 }	2 }	81 }	702	20
6th ward	96 }	3 }	7 }	68 }		
7th ward	72 }	.. }	5 }	35 }		
8th ward	42 }	.. }	2 }	83 }		
9th ward	45 }	.. }	5 }	53 }		
10th ward	40 }	.. }	3 }	30 }		
Cleveland	23		3	57		34
Colburn	23	2	1	19	9	
Eagle Point	95	2	15	63	32	
Edson	134	1	2	67	67	
Flambeau, 1st prec.	7 }			46 }	50	45
2d prec.	4 }			10 }		
Lafayette	57		11	164		107
Lawrence	45		5	47		2
Sigel	52	3	3	92		40
Stanley, city:						
1st ward	14 }	2 }	6 }	91 }		
2d ward	37 }	.. }	1 }	58 }	242	165
3d ward	26 }	.. }	2 }	93 }		
Strickland	25	4	1	28		3
Tilden	177	2	1	79	98	
Wheaton	89	1	7	117		28
Total	2,075	52	120	2,334	299	558
Republican plu.						299
DOUGLAS COUNTY—						
Brule, 1st precinct...	34 }	2 }	1 }	55 }		
2d precinct...	20 }	2 }	8 }	46 }	139	74
3d precinct...	11 }	.. }	1 }	35 }		
Gardou, 1st precinct	5 }	.. }	1 }	48 }		147
2d precinct	16 }	1 }	6 }	120 }	168	
Nebagamain, 1st pr.	14 }	1 }	.. }	91 }		
2d pr.	9 }	.. }	.. }	30 }	222	161
3d pr.	5 }	.. }	2 }	12 }		
4th pr.	33 }	5 }	2 }	89 }		
Superior, 1st prec...	11 }	.. }	1 }	52 }		
2d prec...	12 }	1 }	3 }	21 }	97	59
3d prec...	15 }	.. }	.. }	24 }		
Superior, city:						
1st ward, 1st prec.	165 }	8 }	7 }	227 }		
2d prec.	68 }	1 }	2 }	44 }		
2d ward	45 }	.. }	8 }	124 }		
3d ward	66 }	4 }	5 }	95 }		
4th ward, 1st prec.	123 }	.. }	5 }	72 }		
2d prec.	129 }	6 }	6 }	105 }		
3d prec.	180 }	4 }	1 }	237 }		
5th ward, east pr.	68 }	5 }	12 }	131 }	2,115	823
west pr.	71 }	3 }	10 }	236 }		
6th ward	124 }	4 }	8 }	217 }		

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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TENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	John R. Mathews, Dem.	Carl Pieper, Pro.	William B. Hopkins, Pro.	John J. Jenkins, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
DOUGLAS CO.—Cont.						
Superior, city—Con.						
7th ward, 1st pre.	68	3	5	186		
2d pre.	51	3	4	163		
8th ward	49	1	17	117		
9th ward	72	2	17	161		
Total.....	1,477	56	130	2,741		1,264
Republican plu.						1,264
DUNN COUNTY—						
Colfax	27	1		94		67
Dunn	64	6	6	133		69
Eau Claire	57	1	4	97		40
Elk Mound	9	1	5	46		37
Grant	13	6	2	51		38
Hwy. River	30	2	4	41		11
Lucas	36	4	3	64		28
Menomonie	47	6	5	99		52
Menomonie, city:						
1st ward	34	3	3	65		
2d ward	91	4	3	92		
3d ward	76	8	7	109		
4th ward	103	8	7	94		
Now Haven	7	8		42		35
Otter Creek	4	5	1	27		23
Peru	8	3		45		37
Red Cedar	30	4	2	70		40
Rock Creek	5	2	2	79		74
Sand Creek	15	6	3	76		61
Sheridan	10	2		38		28
Sherman	13	3	6	49		34
Spring Brook	25	13	13	44		19
Stanton	53	13	18	86		83
Tainter	19	1	1	21		2
Tiffany	62	14	3	80		18
Weston	44	8	3	32	12	
Wilson	12			49		37
Total.....	896	132	101	1,723	12	839
Republican plu.						827
PIERCE COUNTY—						
Clifton	10		6	36		26
Diamond Bluff	22	4	1	55		33
Ellsworth	33	9	4	99		66
Ellsworth, village	52	3	5	131		79
El Paso	23	4	1	57		34
Gilman	12	3	5	96		64
Hartland	24	6	7	106		82
Isabelle	7	6	2	26		19
Maiden Rock	8	5	3	101		93
Maiden Rock, vil.	11	2	3	38		27
Martell	14	1	3	158		144
Oak Grove	16	4	3	29		13
Prescott, city:						
1st ward	12	1	5	12		
2d ward	21	1	1	15		
3d ward	9	1	4	12		
River Falls	13	2	6	68		55
River Falls, city, 2d election district	40	2	12	166		126
Rock Elm	31	2	16	108		77
Salem	19	3	7	73		54
Spring Lake	10	7	6	68		55
Spring Valley, vil.	20	2	3	76		56
Tranton	13	7	3	91		78

TENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	John R. Mathews, Dem.	Carl Pieper, Pro.	William B. Hopkins, Pro.	John J. Jenkins, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
PIERCE COUNTY—Con.						
Trimble	20	5	10	124	.....	104
Union	61	14	5	107	.....	46
Total	501	95	120	1,852	8	1,854
Republican plu.						3
						1,351
POLK COUNTY—						
Alden, 1st precinct..	23 {	5 {	1 {	101 {		147
2d precinct..	4 {	4 {	.. {	73 {		
Amery, village	12		2	115		103
Apple River	3	4	2	56		53
Balsam Lake	18	4	2	91		73
Beaver	23	1	1	25		5
Black Brook	2	4	3	98		96
Bone Lake	8	7	1	16		8
Clam Falls	3			38		35
Clayton	12	6	2	64		52
Clear Lake	7	3	2	47		40
Clear Lake, village	14	2	4	68		54
Eureka	5	2	7	123		118
Farmington	32	8	5	80		48
Garfield	5	14	2	81		76
Georgetown	4	1	1	14		10
Johnstown	2	2		13		11
Laketown	3	5	7	67		64
Lincoln	11	4	6	50		89
Lorraine	8	1	1	23		15
Luck	15			61		46
McKinley	1	1		17		16
Milltown	18	1	1	105		87
Osceola	12	16	4	112		100
Osceola, village	22	2	6	85		68
St. Croix Falls	10	5	4	53		43
St. Croix Falls, vil..	18	1	1	91		73
Sterling		9	1	56		56
West Sweden		11		27		27
Total	292	123	66	1,890		1,588
Republican plu.						1,588
SAWYER COUNTY—						
Hayward, 1st prec.	268 {	8 {	28 {	333 {		
2d prec.	32 {	3 {	1 {	139 {		231
3d prec.	25 {	12 {	1 {	21 {		
4th prec.	11 {	1 {	.. {	74 {		
Total	336	12	30	567		231
Republican plu.						231
ST. CROIX COUNTY—						
Baldwin	47	7	18	158		111
Baldwin, village	49		13	70		23
Cady	16	7	4	89		73
Ceylon	47		5	73		26
Eau Galle	56	3	8	122		67
Emerald	86	1	7	41	45	
Erin Prairie	158	11	1	18	140	
Forest	9			16		7
Glenwood	21	2	1	33		23

TENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT — Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	John R. Mathews, Dem.	Carl Pieper, Pro.	William B. Hopkins, Pro.	John J. Jenkins, Rep.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
ST. CROIX CO.—Cont.						
Glenwood, city:						
1st ward	25	1	2	24		
2d ward	29	2	6	20		
3d ward	17	1	2	41		
4th ward	6	1	1	50		
Hammond	82		10	82		
Hammond, village	36	1	17	50		
Hudson	37			71		
Hudson, city:						
1st ward	35	2	1	48		
2d ward	57	4	5	130		
3d ward	75	9	5	129		
Kinnickinnic	14		2	31		
New Richmond, city:						
1st ward	19	2	6	77		
2d ward	46	2	5	73		
3d ward	4	1	1	44		
Pleasant Valley	25		1	56		
Richmond	60	4	8	34		
River Falls, city:						
1st ward	3			11		
Rush River	26		1	83		
Somerset	40	2		106		
Springfield	43	16	1	70		
Stanton	73	8	2	45		
Star Prairie	10	13	6	115		
St. Joseph	45		3	46		
Troy	16	2	1	51		
Warren	63	2	4	63		
Total	1,376	104	146	2,191	239	1,054
Republican plu.						816
WASHBURN COUNTY—						
Bashaw	9	4	3	88		
Long Lake	13	2		19		
Minong	6		1	51		
Shell Lake	79	6	16	275		
Spooner, 1st prec	37	7	3	78		
2d prec	15	3	3	41		
Veazie	48			51		
Total	207	22	23	603		396
Republican plu.						396

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN TENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1898.

(CONGRESSIONAL.)

Counties.	Total vote.	John R. Matthews, Dem.	Carl Pieper, Pro.	William B. Hopkins, Pro.	John J. Jenkins, Rep.	Jenkins, Pla.
Barron	2,550	578	110	123	1,739	1,161
Bayfield	2,002	649	25	62	1,266	617
Burnett	935	49	133	48	705	656
Chippewa	4,580	2,074	52	120	2,334	260
Douglas*	4,404	1,477	56	130	2,741	1,264
Dunn	2,852	886	132	101	1,723	827
Pierce	2,568	501	95	120	1,852	1,351
Polk	2,361	292	123	66	1,880	1,588
St. Croix	3,817	1,376	104	146	2,191	815
Sawyer	945	336	12	30	567	231
Washburn	855	207	22	23	603	396
Totals	27,869	8,435	864	939	17,601	9,166
Jenkins' plu						9,166

* For member of congress Douglas county cast 2 votes for S. A. Peterson and 1 vote for Albert Hall, not included in above.

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN TENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1898—Continued.

(GUBERNATORIAL.)

Counties.	Hiram Wilson Sawyer, Dem.	Albinus A. Worley, Pro.	Eugene W. Cha- fin, Pro.	Edward Scofield, Rep.	Howard Tuttle, Soc. Dem. of Am.	Henry Riess, Soc. Lab.
Barron*	675	118	106	1,660	3	6
Bayfield	697	28	63	1,235	6	10
Burnett	54	136	56	708	3	12
Chippewa	2,150	55	120	2,273	3	4
Douglas	1,572	70	132	2,862	17	31
Dunn	1,022	152	127	1,527	7	7
Pierce	621	93	122	1,771	1	4
Polk	384	135	66	1,622	12	22
St. Croix	1,481	119	168	2,111	5	7
Sawyer	355	11	31	547	5	2
Washburn	244	23	21	598	1	3
Totals	9,261	940	1,067	17,109	63	108

* For governor, Barron county cast 3 votes for R. M. La Follette; Bayfield county, R. M. La Follette 2; Burnett county, R. M. La Follette 1, scattering 1; Chippewa county, R. M. La Follette 1; Pierce county, R. M. La Follette 2, N. P. Haugen 1; Polk county, R. M. La Follette 2, Gust Hedwell 1; St. Croix county, R. M. La Follette 3, not included in above.

TABULAR STATEMENT

Of the votes given for state officers, by counties, at the general election held on the 8th day of November, A. D. 1898, as returned by the county clerks.

COUNTIES.	GOVERNOR.						
	Hiram Wilson Sawyer, Dem.	Albinus A. Worley, Peo.	Eugene W. Chaflin, Pro.	Edward Scofield, Rep.	Howard Tuttle, Soc. Dem. of Am.	Henry Riese, Soc. Lab.	Blank and scattering.
Adams.....	420	17	27	1,055	7	2	5
Ashland.....	1,252	46	75	1,703	8	25	.....
Barron.....	675	118	106	1,660	3	6	3
Bayfield.....	697	28	68	1,235	6	10	2
Brown.....	2,929	65	121	3,476	18	19	.....
Buffalo.....	1,011	47	51	1,640	6	4	.....
Burnett.....	54	136	56	703	3	12	2
Calumet.....	1,411	65	30	1,370	10	5	6
Chippewa.....	2,150	55	120	2,273	3	4	1
Clark.....	945	38	95	2,013	4	5	.....
Columbia.....	2,143	51	208	3,526	12	4	3
Crawford.....	1,305	44	52	1,720	3	2	1
Dane.....	6,276	76	496	5,461	31	14	36
Dodge.....	5,384	53	122	3,534	12	4	4
Door.....	648	82	43	1,571	5	4	3
Douglas.....	1,578	70	182	2,862	17	31	.....
Dunn.....	1,022	152	127	1,527	7	7	6
Eau Claire.....	1,850	42	133	2,648	22	7	.....
Florence.....	120	10	6	297	2	1	.....
Fond du Lac.....	4,194	114	235	4,201	17	7	.....
Forest.....	132	3	7	185	1	.....	.....
Grant.....	2,947	49	188	4,094	15	6	4
Green.....	1,448	168	129	2,042	15	5	4
Green Lake.....	1,632	51	65	1,914	6	12	.....
Iowa.....	1,848	33	243	2,285	7	5	3
Iron.....	473	7	16	696	5	1	.....
Jackson.....	639	19	78	1,575	2	.....	5
Jefferson.....	3,606	46	146	2,750	11	8	.....
Juneau.....	1,631	43	69	2,203	5	3	1
Kenosha.....	1,674	123	56	2,027	3	6	178
Kewaunee.....	1,682	23	22	1,239	2	6	.....
La Crosse.....	2,358	74	173	3,864	10	6	2
Lafayette.....	1,982	27	109	2,228	1	3	2
Langlade.....	1,102	20	25	868	3	8	.....
Lincoln.....	1,327	108	57	1,132	10	4	.....
Manitowoc.....	3,707	58	58	3,265	68	17	.....
Marathon.....	2,765	269	57	3,068	10	114	.....
Marinette.....	1,397	41	105	3,062	13	7	.....
Marquette.....	840	10	24	1,210	3	3	.....
Milwaukee.....	19,484	2,651	539	20,233	1,633	779	4
Monroe.....	1,348	44	151	2,691	5	2	.....
Oconto.....	1,157	50	53	1,945	10	10	.....
Oneida.....	708	19	38	1,095	7	5	.....
Outagamie.....	3,074	54	159	3,784	6	21	.....
Ozaukee.....	1,504	48	6	857	7	5	.....
Pepin.....	433	6	29	865	.....	1	.....
Pierce.....	621	93	122	1,771	1	4	3
Polk.....	384	135	66	1,822	12	22	3
Portage.....	2,137	35	96	2,219	7	10	2
Price.....	515	13	98	951	12	33	.....
Racine.....	2,850	926	197	3,846	16	19	.....
Richland.....	1,430	121	178	1,852	1	7	3
Rock.....	2,676	101	293	5,427	11	11	7
St. Croix.....	1,481	119	163	2,111	5	7	3
Sauk.....	1,999	32	230	2,671	5	7	1
Sawyer.....	355	11	31	547	5	2	.....
Shawano.....	1,451	62	36	1,863	3	11	1
Sheboygan.....	3,203	210	66	4,137	293	89	12

VOTE GIVEN FOR STATE OFFICERS NOVEMBER 3, 1896.—Continued.

COUNTIES.	GOVERNOR.						
	Hiram Wilson Sawyer, Dem.	Albinus A. Worsley, Pro.	Eugene W. Chaflin, Pro.	Edward Scofield, Rep.	Howard Tuttle, Soc. Dem. of Am.	Henry Riess, Soc. Lab.	Blank and scattering.
Taylor	921	34	30	869	7	7	.....
Trempealeau	827	32	135	1,994	10	4	 6
Vernon	1,111	76	122	2,440	7	6	 9
Vilas	587	14	13	695	9	5	.....
Walworth	1,313	46	283	3,352	9	3	.....
Washington	244	23	21	598	1	3	.....
Washington	2,553	24	28	2,094	3	5	.....
Waukesha	3,221	50	288	3,669	13	9	.....
Waupaca	1,199	41	175	3,274	7	7	 2
Waushara	389	88	92	2,340	6	18	.....
Winnebago	4,471	875	301	5,293	40	56	.....
Wood	1,850	51	60	1,615	12	15	.....
Total	135,353	8,518	8,088	173,137	2,544	1,473	327

VOTE GIVEN FOR STATE OFFICERS, NOVEMBER 3, 1896—Continued.

COUNTIES.	LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.						Blank and scattering.
	Peter Victor Deuster, Dem.	Spencer Palmer, Rep.	Willis W. Cooper, Pro.	Jesse Stone, Rep.	E. P. Hassinger, Soc. Dem. of Am.	Herman C. Gauger, Soc. Lab.	
Adams.....	339	16	24	1,176	6	2	.....
Ashland.....	1,192	49	75	1,667	10	24	.....
Barron.....	576	112	103	1,767	3	6	.....
Bayfield.....	534	27	61	1,254	5	11	.....
Brown.....	2,823	64	117	3,387	14	15	.....
Buffalo.....	945	46	44	1,705	8	2	.....
Burnett.....	42	136	52	706	3	12	.....
Calumet.....	1,377	61	28	1,399	11	8	6
Chippewa.....	2,065	52	178	2,284	4	3	1
Clark.....	861	33	95	2,129	4	5	.....
Columbia.....	2,014	49	198	3,636	11	2	.....
Crawford.....	1,168	39	40	1,856	3	4	1
Dane.....	5,356	71	464	6,441	33	15	.....
Dodge.....	5,019	55	121	3,819	11	5	1
Door.....	605	30	43	1,590	5	5	1
Douglas.....	1,473	75	162	2,785	18	31	.....
Dunn.....	699	153	110	1,661	5	4	.....
Eau Claire.....	1,702	40	136	2,741	23	6	.....
Florence.....	97	11	5	312	2	1	.....
Fond du Lac.....	4,011	225	234	4,244	18	7	.....
Forest.....	115	3	7	198	1	.....	.....
Grant.....	2,643	50	176	4,308	14	7	.....
Green.....	1,355	158	121	2,090	19	12	.....
Green Lake.....	1,632	53	65	1,933	6	4	.....
Iowa.....	1,691	29	234	2,409	7	1	.....
Iron.....	451	7	14	709	5	4	.....
Jackson.....	487	18	69	1,732	2	.....	.....
Jefferson.....	3,374	43	146	2,631	11	3	.....
Juneau.....	1,546	38	64	2,299	5	2	.....
Kenosha.....	1,683	71	79	2,014	3	6	208
Kewaunee.....	1,647	25	15	1,272	3	5	.....
La Crosse.....	2,253	75	179	3,621	8	5	.....
Lafayette.....	1,897	27	108	2,312	.....	3	.....
Lanai.....	1,089	20	24	1,983	.....	10	.....
Langlade.....	1,303	97	55	1,144	10	4	.....
Lincoln.....	1,303	59	59	3,306	64	18	.....
Manitowoc.....	3,628	232	55	3,066	19	109	.....
Marathon.....	2,766	39	85	3,025	14	5	.....
Marquette.....	1,362	11	24	1,205	5	1	.....
Milwaukee.....	18,281	2,731	535	21,068	1,618	774	.....
Monroe.....	1,871	50	147	2,753	5	2	.....
Oconto.....	1,032	42	54	1,959	9	10	.....
Oneida.....	619	14	31	1,130	7	4	.....
Outagamie.....	2,946	51	154	3,826	6	21	.....
Ozaukee.....	1,450	48	8	893	7	5	.....
Pepin.....	424	6	29	893	.....	1	.....
Pierce.....	511	83	119	1,664	2	5	.....
Polk.....	303	129	65	1,885	14	22	.....
Portage.....	1,948	36	91	2,366	11	10	.....
Price.....	456	13	90	985	11	30	.....
Racine.....	2,788	760	215	3,938	17	20	.....
Richland.....	1,311	120	167	1,948	1	5	.....
Rock.....	2,528	92	302	5,537	12	13	.....
St. Croix.....	1,385	113	156	2,198	7	5	.....
Sauk.....	1,842	35	222	2,767	5	7	.....
Sawyer.....	311	11	31	554	5	1	.....
Shawano.....	1,307	58	37	2,005	4	11	.....
Sheboygan.....	3,111	191	56	4,167	284	95	27
Taylor.....	804	32	31	873	7	7	.....
Trempealeau.....	616	30	132	2,146	10	4	.....
Vernon.....	771	71	123	2,810	6	6	4
Vilas.....	567	15	14	707	9	5	.....
Walworth.....	1,215	45	273	3,401	8	2	.....
Washington.....	217	25	20	597	1	2	.....
Washburn.....	2,352	29	27	2,247	2	5	.....
Waukesha.....	2,979	50	225	3,924	11	9	.....
Waupaca.....	984	87	166	3,535	6	6	.....
Waushara.....	341	71	97	2,405	6	15	.....
Winnebago.....	4,347	811	290	5,351	41	55	.....
Wood.....	1,729	54	56	1,698	9	12	.....
Total.....	126,306	8,267	7,846	180,038	2,535	1,543	247

VOTE GIVEN FOR STATE OFFICERS, NOVEMBER 8, 1893.—Continued.

COUNTIES.	SECRETARY OF STATE.						
	Peter Olson Stromme, Dem.	Win- fred L. Arven, Peo.	Charles F. Cronk, Pro.	Wm. H. Froeh- lich, Rep.	Thos. C. P. Myers, Soc. Dem. of Am.	Eugene B. Bar- tell, Soc. Lab.	Blank and scatter- ing.
Adams	339	15	23	1,179	6	2	
Ashland	1,201	46	87	1,697	8	25	
Barron	532	110	101	1,763	3	6	
Bayfield	640	25	60	1,273	3	10	
Brown	2,788	58	117	3,380	15	19	
Buffalo	958	45	37	1,684	7	3	
Burnett	45	135	50	703	4	11	
Calumet	1,375	62	29	1,397	10	8	6
Chippewa	2,085	52	104	2,351	3	4	
Clark	852	30	90	2,138	6	5	
Columbia	1,998	51	203	3,612	11	2	
Crawford	1,171	38	40	1,855	3	2	
Dane	5,387	70	482	6,390	30	15	1
Dodge	5,021	59	121	3,801	11	5	
Door	603	31	42	1,537	5	5	
Douglas	1,453	75	153	2,735	20	31	
Dunn	710	140	107	1,852	6	5	
Eau Claire	1,677	33	134	2,738	22	6	
Florence	97	10	5	311	2	1	
Fond du Lac	4,021	110	223	4,288	17	7	
Forest	113	3	7	201	1		
Grant	2,693	49	174	4,332	15	7	
Green	1,371	162	121	2,098	13	5	
Green Lake	1,622	50	65	1,939	6	12	
Iowa	1,692	28	238	2,400	8	5	
Iron	455	6	15	707	5	1	
Jackson	482	20	69	1,730	2	1	
Jefferson	3,475	45	140	2,812	13	7	
Juneau	1,541	41	62	2,303	5	2	
Kenosha	1,687	68	53	2,066	3	7	203
Kewaunee	1,635	24	18	1,276	3	4	
La Crosse	2,244	69	182	3,902	8	6	
Lafayette	1,903	27	106	2,309		19	
Langlade	1,057	21	27	886	1	8	
Lincoln	1,303	101	53	1,143	10	4	
Manitowoc	3,614	59	59	3,314	64	17	
Marathon	2,747	227	57	3,064	13	106	
Marinette	1,353	37	89	3,024	14	7	
Marquette	828	10	24	1,210	3	3	
Milwaukee	17,847	2,650	531	21,439	1,630	777	
Monroe	1,788	46	141	2,767	5	2	
Oconto	1,066	47	55	1,960	9	10	
Oneida	628	18	33	1,118	7	4	
Outagamie	2,911	53	149	3,843	7	22	
Ozaukee	1,402	48	7	946	7	5	
Pepin	424	6	29	869		1	
Pierce	510	91	119	1,856	2	2	
Polk	304	125	67	1,884	14	23	
Portage	1,956	31	90	2,354	9	10	
Price	464	13	89	895	11	30	
Racine	2,800	707	197	3,979	19	25	
Richland	1,304	116	166	1,993	1	5	
Rock	2,523	88	307	5,498	12	12	
St. Croix	1,399	108	155	2,187	5	5	
Sauk	1,861	35	216	2,778	5	7	
Sawyer	333	11	31	564	5	1	
Shawano	1,307	56	36	2,002	3	11	
Sheboygan	3,057	189	56	4,207	289	91	18
Taylor	883	31	33	884	7	7	
Trempealeau	703	29	129	2,131	10	4	
Vernon	786	69	119	2,850	6	6	
Vilas	573	15	14	713	9	6	
Walworth	1,218	42	274	3,391	8	3	
Washburn	218	25	20	599	1	2	
Washington	2,255	28	27	2,353	2	5	
Waukesha	2,933	46	217	3,939	11	8	
Waupaca	973	33	165	3,543	6	5	
Waushara	337	69	97	2,409	6	15	
Winnebago	4,344	790	283	5,357	43	53	
Wood	1,712	53	60	1,705	10	13	
Total	125,636	7,909	7,664	180,548	2,540	1,550	233

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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VOTE GIVEN FOR STATE OFFICERS NOVEMBER 8, 1898—Continued.

COUNTIES.	STATE TREASURER.						
	Constantine J. M. Malek, Dem.	John Powers, Peo.	William Larson, Pro.	James O. Davidson, Rep.	August Mohr, Soc. Dem. of Am.	Christian Emmerich, Soc. Lab.	Blank and scattering.
Adams.....	343	15	24	1,179	6	2	1
Ashland.....	1,192	46	71	1,699	8	23	
Barron.....	567	109	104	1,777	3	6	
Bayfield.....	630	27	66	1,284	6	10	
Brown.....	2,777	59	199	3,329	11	17	
Buffalo.....	924	46	41	1,707	7	3	
Burnett.....	42	134	53	1,707	3	12	
Calumet.....	1,370	62	29	1,406	10	8	6
Chippewa.....	2,049	53	109	2,969	2	5	
Clark.....	858	29	89	2,128	5	5	
Columbia.....	2,017	50	202	3,612	13	2	
Crawford.....	1,127	41	38	1,591	3	2	1
Dane.....	5,163	68	450	6,610	32	16	
Dodge.....	5,015	54	122	5,794	11	5	
Door.....	606	34	42	1,594	5	4	
Douglas.....	1,398	80	170	2,753	17	31	
Dunn.....	670	152	103	1,675	7	6	
Eau Claire.....	1,638	41	141	2,735	22	6	
Florence.....	96	12	5	311	3	1	
Fond du Lac.....	4,044	114	225	4,280	17	9	
Forest.....	112	3	7	201	1		
Grant.....	2,687	50	169	4,353	15	7	
Green.....	1,371	159	119	2,093	13	4	
Green Lake.....	1,636	50	66	1,938	6	12	
Iowa.....	1,649	30	237	2,440	7	4	
Iron.....	452	6	16	708	5	1	
Jackson.....	476	19	70	1,737	2	1	1
Jefferson.....	3,475	50	139	2,810	11	2	
Juneau.....	1,543	43	66	2,304	4	2	
Kenosha.....	1,673	68	53	2,067	3	5	202
Kewaunee.....	1,637	26	21	1,270	3	5	
La Crosse.....	2,234	75	179	3,929	8	6	
Lafayette.....	1,894	27	107	2,319		3	
Langlade.....	1,066	16	25	887	1	10	
Lincoln.....	1,293	97	56	1,147	10	4	
Manitowoc.....	3,603	55	61	3,316	69	17	
Marathon.....	2,774	227	54	3,016	11	107	
Marquette.....	1,362	38	92	3,024	14	5	
Marquette.....	823	11	24	1,216	3	4	
Milwaukee.....	17,950	2,636	546	21,387	1,629	769	
Monroe.....	1,769	44	146	2,766	5	2	
Oconto.....	1,076	49	55	1,955	9	10	
Oneida.....	638	16	35	1,103	7	4	
Outagamie.....	2,925	52	153	3,842	7	20	
Ozaukee.....	1,438	51	7	892	7	5	
Pepin.....	424	6	30	867		1	
Pierce.....	489	110	120	1,864	3	4	
Polk.....	300	129	65	1,886	14	23	2
Portage.....	1,941	34	95	2,371	9	10	
Price.....	440	15	87	998	12	32	
Racine.....	2,768	727	209	3,833	20	25	
Richland.....	1,287	112	163	2,025	1	5	
Rock.....	2,502	90	287	5,327	12	12	1
St. Croix.....	1,379	111	157	2,204	11	4	
Sauk.....	1,864	36	215	2,778	6	7	
Sawyer.....	331	11	31	567	5	1	
Shawano.....	1,297	56	36	2,014	3	11	
Sheboygan.....	3,055	191	60	4,153	333	93	22
Taylor.....	884	32	32	882	8	7	
Trempealeau.....	684	29	132	2,146	10	4	
Vernon.....	736	70	130	2,900	6	6	
Vilas.....	571	15	14	714	9	5	
Walworth.....	1,215	41	274	3,380	8	3	
Washburn.....	219	23	19	598	1	2	
Washington.....	2,331	28	28	2,267	2	6	
Waukesha.....	2,946	47	219	3,937	11	8	
Waupaca.....	969	34	166	3,648	7	5	
Waushara.....	340	71	95	2,406	6	15	
Winnebago.....	4,331	790	294	5,371	43	58	
Wood.....	1,708	54	59	1,708	10	16	
Total.....	125,115	7,986	7,803	180,865	2,591	1,552	236

VOTE GIVEN FOR STATE OFFICERS NOVEMBER 3, 1898—Continued.

COUNTY.	ATTORNEY GENERAL.						Blank and scattering.
	Harry Holder Grace, Dem.	Lester Woodward, Pro.	Wesley Mott, Pro.	Emmett H. Hicks, Rep.	Richard Elsner, Soc. Dem. of Am.	Julius Andreesen, Soc. Lab.	
Adams.....	337	15	24	1,178	6	2	.....
Ashland.....	1,191	44	66	1,692	8	25	.....
Barron.....	568	113	101	1,767	3	6	.....
Bayfield.....	641	26	61	1,275	4	10	.....
Brown.....	2,795	59	121	8,345	13	18	.....
Buffalo.....	929	45	42	1,693	9	2	.....
Burnett.....	41	136	49	707	3	12	.....
Calumet.....	1,376	62	29	1,394	11	8	6
Chippewa.....	2,052	49	106	2,368	3	5	.....
Clark.....	854	30	90	2,132	5	6	.....
Columbia.....	2,014	65	199	3,599	11	2	.....
Crawford.....	1,160	37	38	1,886	3	2	.....
Dane.....	5,201	71	456	6,560	53	16	2
Dodge.....	4,999	56	119	3,792	11	5	.....
Door.....	604	30	43	1,539	5	5	.....
Douglas.....	1,669	63	134	2,562	17	31	.....
Dunn.....	683	145	103	1,868	4	5	.....
Eau Claire.....	1,658	36	136	2,730	18	6	.....
Florence.....	99	10	5	311	2	1	.....
Fond du Lac.....	4,052	112	220	4,262	14	9	.....
Forest.....	112	3	7	201	1	.....	.....
Grant.....	2,688	43	170	4,340	16	6	.....
Green.....	1,358	161	122	2,091	18	4	.....
Green Lake.....	1,617	51	62	1,946	6	12	.....
Iowa.....	1,690	28	239	2,408	7	5	.....
Iron.....	453	6	15	707	5	1	.....
Jackson.....	477	18	68	1,734	2	1	1
Jefferson.....	3,483	45	139	2,801	10	8	.....
Juneau.....	1,538	43	62	2,302	5	2	.....
Kenosha.....	1,673	68	52	2,088	3	6	203
Kewaunee.....	1,640	25	16	1,270	2	5	.....
La Crosse.....	2,237	72	180	3,923	8	7	.....
Lafayette.....	1,866	27	105	2,313	.....	4	.....
Langlade.....	1,068	21	22	887	.....	10	.....
Lincoln.....	1,293	99	56	1,141	10	4	.....
Manitowoc.....	3,600	62	57	3,312	67	17	.....
Marathon.....	2,761	226	52	3,054	10	114	.....
Marinette.....	1,360	45	82	3,019	14	5	.....
Marquette.....	1,527	11	24	1,206	3	4	.....
Milwaukee.....	17,884	2,664	528	21,248	1,678	771	.....
Monroe.....	1,769	48	143	2,785	4	2	.....
Oconto.....	1,082	48	54	1,980	9	10	.....
Oneida.....	614	19	30	1,129	7	4	.....
Outagamie.....	2,917	54	182	3,833	9	21	.....
Ozaukee.....	1,437	48	7	898	8	5	.....
Pepin.....	423	7	29	669	.....	1	.....
Pierce.....	496	97	120	1,862	2	4	.....
Polk.....	300	125	61	1,512	14	23	.....
Portage.....	1,941	32	91	2,349	8	10	.....
Price.....	439	13	85	988	12	31	.....
Racine.....	2,772	708	201	3,852	20	25	.....
Richland.....	1,296	118	163	1,995	.....	5	.....
Rock.....	2,508	90	268	5,511	12	13	.....
St. Croix.....	1,377	109	155	2,199	7	5	.....
Sauk.....	1,859	34	210	2,783	5	8	.....
Sawyer.....	338	11	31	665	6	1	.....
Shawano.....	1,293	54	36	2,007	4	11	.....
Sheboygan.....	3,072	191	67	4,168	296	91	23
Taylor.....	832	31	32	880	7	7	.....
Trempealeau.....	685	30	130	2,146	10	4	.....
Vernon.....	761	71	122	2,890	6	6	.....
Vilas.....	570	16	14	714	9	5	.....
Walworth.....	1,214	45	275	3,387	8	2	.....
Washburn.....	218	23	19	602	1	2	.....
Washington.....	2,333	27	29	2,236	11	5	.....
Waukesha.....	2,948	48	215	3,927	12	8	.....
Waupaca.....	976	35	161	3,543	6	5	.....
Waushara.....	338	69	96	2,407	6	15	.....
Winnebago.....	4,377	783	313	5,322	40	53	.....
Wood.....	1,704	57	58	1,706	10	16	
Total.....	125,504	7,968	7,573	180,169	2,608	1,560	234

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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VOTE GIVEN FOR STATE OFFICERS, NOVEMBER 3, 1893.—Continued.

COUNTIES.	STATE SUPERINTENDENT.						
	William Henry Schulz, Dem.	Asa H. Craig, Peo.	Augustin L. Whitcomb, Pro.	Lorenzo D. Harvey, Rep.	Rudolph O. Stoll, Soc. Dem. of Am.	Frank R. Wilke, Soc. Lab.	Blank and scattering.
Adams	335	15	23	1,182	6	2	.....
Ashland	1,201	44	67	1,688	8	25	.....
Barron	566	111	103	1,770	3	6	.....
Bayfield	632	25	63	1,279	5	10	.....
Brown	2,783	50	118	8,357	11	22	.....
Buffalo	935	46	43	1,699	8	2	.....
Burnett	41	136	51	707	3	12	.....
Calumet	1,378	62	28	1,398	10	8	6
Chippewa	2,043	53	101	2,371	3	5	6
Clark	357	31	91	2,132	5	5	.....
Columbia	2,027	48	200	8,611	10	3	.....
Crawford	1,154	37	40	1,867	3	2	.....
Dane	5,195	71	459	6,572	32	16	.....
Dodge	5,012	53	120	3,794	11	5	1
Door	604	29	44	1,592	5	4	.....
Douglas	1,425	66	139	2,728	17	31	.....
Dunn	686	142	99	1,863	4	6	.....
Eau Claire	1,671	38	136	2,732	31	6	.....
Florence	98	10	6	311	2	1	.....
Fond du Lac	3,952	108	215	4,238	17	9	.....
Forest	113	3	7	200	1	.....	.....
Grant	2,687	48	174	4,337	15	8	.....
Green	1,378	161	119	2,090	13	4	.....
Green Lake	1,623	52	66	1,935	6	12	.....
Iowa	1,678	28	232	2,411	8	4	.....
Iron	449	6	16	709	5	1	.....
Jackson	477	19	68	1,737	3	1	.....
Jefferson	3,486	45	140	2,799	11	8	.....
Juneau	1,541	40	60	2,304	4	2	.....
Kenosha	1,966	65	53	2,068	3	6	208
Kewaunee	1,634	23	17	1,278	3	4	.....
La Crosse	2,253	6	183	3,913	8	7	.....
Lafayette	1,396	27	105	2,314	.....	3	.....
Langlade	1,032	21	23	882	.....	10	.....
Lincoln	1,299	95	52	1,142	10	4	.....
Manitowoc	3,554	53	58	3,372	60	16	.....
Marathon	2,763	226	53	3,055	11	107	.....
Marquette	1,364	39	84	3,024	13	5	.....
Milwaukee	1,829	10	24	1,207	3	5	.....
Monroe	17,889	2,627	528	21,395	1,627	781	.....
Oconto	1,771	48	141	2,785	5	2	.....
Oneida	1,061	48	54	1,963	10	10	.....
Outagamie	613	16	34	1,128	7	4	.....
Ozaukee	2,935	53	137	3,512	7	22	.....
Pepin	1,432	49	7	905	7	5	.....
Pierce	423	7	28	869	.....	1	.....
Polk	495	94	121	1,867	2	4	.....
Portage	306	124	63	1,815	14	23	1
Price	1,949	32	91	2,363	9	10	1
Racine	436	13	89	897	14	31	.....
Richland	2,304	606	197	3,954	20	23	.....
Rock	1,299	110	170	1,997	1	6	.....
St. Croix	2,501	88	295	5,416	12	13	.....
Sauk	1,372	110	156	2,204	5	5	1
Sawyer	2,010	30	202	2,673	6	7	.....
Shawano	536	11	31	565	5	1	.....
Sheboygan	1,296	54	35	2,012	3	13	.....
Taylor	3,057	188	56	4,195	293	92	21
Trempealeau	887	30	51	879	8	7	.....
Vernon	697	29	133	2,142	10	4	.....
Vilas	761	71	120	2,871	6	6	.....
Walworth	567	14	14	717	9	5	.....
Washburn	1,213	45	271	3,399	8	2	.....
Washington	208	25	18	610	1	2	.....
Waukesha	2,535	28	26	2,266	2	5	.....
Waupaca	2,949	56	217	8,924	11	8	.....
Waushara	971	34	164	3,551	6	6	.....
Winnebago	338	69	96	2,406	6	15	.....
Wood	4,332	730	288	5,369	43	51	.....
.....	1,708	53	57	1,710	9	16	.....
Total	125,314	7,843	7,548	80,439	2,538	1,566	239

VOTE GIVEN FOR STATE OFFICERS, NOVEMBER 8, 1896 - Continued.

COUNTIES.	RAILROAD COMMISSIONER.						
	Chester (Gavin Wilcox, Dem.	Robert E. Anger, Pro.	George Clithero, Pro.	Graham L. Rice, Rep.	Charles Richter, Soc. Dem of Am.	August Greifen- hagen, Soc. Lab.	Blank and scat- tering.
Adams	337	15	24	1,178	6	2	.....
Ashland	1,190	46	67	1,689	8	23	.....
Barroa	568	111	103	1,768	8	6	.....
Bayfield	635	25	60	1,284	4	10	.....
Brown	3,136	67	112	3,087	13	22	.....
Buffalo	923	46	43	1,710	9	3	.....
Burnett	41	139	50	706	5	12	.....
Calumet	1,377	62	28	1,394	10	9	6
Chippewa	2,049	53	104	2,358	3	5	.....
Clark	352	29	91	2,133	7	5	.....
Columbia	2,013	47	206	3,627	11	2	.....
Crawford	1,153	38	40	1,863	3	2	.....
Dane	5,199	69	455	6,553	33	18	1
Dodge	5,001	50	119	3,770	11	5	.....
Door	607	31	42	1,587	5	6	.....
Douglas	1,292	66	170	2,992	17	33	.....
Dunn	689	138	102	1,864	5	6	.....
Eau Claire	1,675	38	138	2,735	23	7	.....
Florence	100	9	6	310	2	1	.....
Fond du Lac	4,080	113	221	4,230	16	9	.....
Forest	113	3	7	201	1	.....	.....
Grant	2,680	47	171	4,331	15	7	.....
Green	1,337	158	117	2,091	13	4	.....
Green Lake	1,622	54	65	1,934	6	12	.....
Iowa	1,674	27	238	2,404	6	6	.....
Iron	453	6	16	707	5	1	.....
Jackson	476	20	69	1,740	3	1	.....
Jefferson	3,487	45	140	2,782	11	6	.....
Juneau	1,337	41	61	2,300	5	3	.....
Kenosha	1,667	63	62	2,065	2	6	211
Kewaunee	1,635	24	18	1,274	2	4	.....
La Crosse	2,240	71	178	3,918	8	6	.....
Lafayette	1,686	28	105	2,313	.....	3	.....
Langlade	1,063	19	27	893	1	10	.....
Lincoln	1,297	99	53	1,141	10	4	.....
Manitowoc	3,614	54	60	8,304	66	18	.....
Marathon	2,751	221	57	3,046	12	112	.....
Marquette	1,370	37	88	3,013	14	6	.....
Marquette	834	10	24	1,203	3	4	.....
Milwaukee	17,926	2,669	525	21,260	1,630	781	.....
Monroe	1,770	50	141	2,759	5	2	.....
Oconto	1,096	47	54	1,960	9	10	.....
Oneida	620	16	31	1,116	7	5	.....
Outagamie	2,953	51	148	3,810	7	21	.....
Ozaukee	1,439	49	7	895	7	5	.....
Pepin	425	7	27	893	.....	1	.....
Pierce	497	93	121	1,861	2	4	.....
Polk	299	122	64	1,884	14	22	1
Portage	1,963	32	90	2,349	3	10	.....
Price	438	14	88	991	11	33	.....
Racine	2,781	719	195	3,941	20	22	.....
Richland	1,401	114	163	1,993	1	6	.....
Rock	2,512	88	259	5,517	12	13	.....
St. Croix	1,371	110	153	2,203	6	6	.....
Sauk	1,805	36	215	2,773	5	7	.....
Sawyer	336	12	30	565	4	1	.....
Shawano	1,301	56	35	1,969	3	11	.....
Sheboygan	3,066	194	56	4,161	301	94	24
Taylor	894	32	32	881	7	8	.....
Trempealeau	682	29	133	2,148	10	4	.....
Vernon	763	69	119	2,873	6	6	.....
Vilas	571	14	14	712	10	5	.....
Walworth	1,219	42	273	3,389	8	2	.....
Washburn	216	24	19	600	1	2	.....
Washington	2,330	28	26	2,264	3	5	.....
Waukesha	2,949	47	215	3,918	11	8	.....
Waupaca	973	36	161	3,540	7	5	.....
Waushara	338	69	96	2,408	6	15	.....
Winnebago	4,297	885	287	5,311	40	51	.....
Wood	1,707	54	55	1,709	10	16	.....
Total	125,567	8,032	7,539	180,136	2,554	1,579	243

VOTE GIVEN FOR STATE OFFICERS, NOVEMBER 8, 1898.—Continued.

COUNTIES.	COMMISSIONER OF INSURANCE.						Blank and scattering.
	John Franklin Schindler, Dem.	Charles W. Tenney, Pro.	Edward Berg, Pro.	Emil Giljohann, Rep.	Eugene H. Rooney, Soc. Dem. of Am.	Richard Koepfel, Soc. Labor.	
Adams	335	15	24	1,180	6	2	.....
Ashland	1,191	45	69	1,686	8	24	.....
Barron	567	111	106	1,760	3	6	.....
Bayfield	635	28	62	1,277	6	10	.....
Brown	2,767	66	111	3,308	12	23	.....
Buffalo	925	45	41	1,699	6	12	.....
Burnett	42	133	50	704	4	8	.....
Calumet	1,373	62	23	1,399	10	5	6
Chippewa	2,048	51	107	2,359	2	5	.....
Clark	856	29	92	2,125	5	5	.....
Columbia	2,020	56	189	3,604	12	2	.....
Crawford	1,151	33	39	1,960	3	2	.....
Dane	5,175	78	455	6,560	32	13	1
Dodge	4,996	53	120	3,793	11	5	.....
Door	605	31	42	1,585	5	5	.....
Douglas	1,408	76	178	2,629	20	31	.....
Dunn	685	144	107	1,855	4	6	.....
Eau Claire	1,062	37	146	2,711	25	5	.....
Florence	100	8	5	309	4	13	.....
Fond du Lac	4,035	109	226	4,239	18	13	.....
Forest	112	3	7	201	1	1	.....
Grant	2,682	60	173	4,330	15	6	.....
Green	1,360	155	119	2,090	13	4	.....
Green Lake	1,622	55	63	1,935	6	12	.....
Iowa	1,672	32	239	2,401	7	5	.....
Iron	449	7	15	707	5	1	.....
Jackson	475	23	67	1,728	3	1	.....
Jefferson	3,472	46	138	2,807	11	7	.....
Juneau	1,539	41	62	2,298	4	2	.....
Kenosha	1,670	70	55	2,061	8	6	207
Kewaunee	1,637	23	17	1,271	2	5	.....
La Crosse	2,239	72	183	3,902	9	7	.....
Lafayette	1,891	27	105	2,317	.....	2	.....
Lanzlade	1,063	19	24	879	1	10	.....
Lincoln	1,297	98	54	1,082	10	4	.....
Manitowoc	3,595	57	60	3,322	64	17	.....
Marathon	2,767	221	54	3,034	12	114	.....
Marquette	1,334	42	85	2,960	14	5	.....
Marquette	828	10	24	1,206	5	2	.....
Milwaukee	17,522	2,677	533	21,667	1,649	774	.....
Monroe	1,775	49	142	2,759	5	2	.....
Oconto	1,079	47	54	1,956	9	10	.....
Oneida	604	16	35	1,112	6	5	.....
Outagamie	2,927	53	148	3,819	7	21	.....
Ozaukee	1,439	49	7	893	7	5	.....
Pepin	422	7	27	864	.....	1	.....
Pierce	496	93	124	1,860	2	4	.....
Polk	297	122	70	1,877	14	23	.....
Portage	1,951	32	90	2,351	7	10	.....
Price	436	15	88	991	12	34	.....
Racine	2,774	705	198	3,929	21	22	.....
Richland	1,302	114	164	1,969	1	6	.....
Rock	2,511	90	286	5,456	12	13	.....
St. Croix	1,367	111	167	2,196	5	5	.....
Sauk	1,858	36	214	2,775	5	7	.....
Sawyer	336	11	31	564	5	1	.....
Shawano	1,301	55	154	1,882	3	11	.....
Sheboygan	3,072	201	57	4,137	289	91	23
Taylor	889	31	32	877	7	7	.....
Trempealeau	681	29	143	2,134	10	4	.....
Vernon	760	71	122	2,898	6	5	.....
Vilas	568	16	13	710	9	5	.....
Walworth	1,203	46	278	3,392	10	2	.....
Washburn	217	24	19	598	1	2	.....
Washington	2,335	27	23	2,262	2	14	.....
Waukesha	2,935	47	217	3,932	12	8	.....
Waupaca	975	34	162	3,541	6	5	.....
Waushara	338	70	96	2,409	6	15	.....
Winnebago	4,318	787	283	5,319	40	50	.....
Wood	1,707	56	59	1,697	10	16	.....
Total.	124,719	7,983	7,777	180,019	2,559	1,564	237

SUMMARY OF GUBERNATORIAL VOTE.

1848.		1873.	
Dewey, democrat.....	19,538	Taylor, democrat.....	81,599
Tweedy, whig.....	14,449	Washburn, republican.....	66,224
Dewey's majority.....	5,089	Taylor's majority.....	15,375
1849.		1875.	
Dewey, democrat.....	16,649	Ludington, republican.....	85,155
Collins, whig.....	11,317	Taylor, democrat.....	84,314
Dewey's majority.....	5,332	Ludington's majority.....	841
1851.		1877.	
Farwell, whig.....	22,319	Smith, republican.....	78,759
Upham, democrat.....	21,812	Mallory, democrat.....	73,080
Farwell's majority.....	507	Allis, greenback.....	26,216
1853.		Smith's plurality.....	8,273
Barstow, democrat.....	30,405	1879.	
Holton, republican.....	21,896	Smith, republican.....	100,536
Baird, whig.....	3,304	Jenkins, democrat.....	73,080
Barstow's plurality.....	8,519	May, greenback.....	12,096
1855.		Smith's majority over both.....	12,509
Barstow, democrat.....	36,355	1881.	
Bashford, republican.....	36,198	Rusk, republican.....	81,754
Barstow's majority.....	157	Fratt, democrat.....	69,797
1857.		Kanouse, prohibition.....	13,225
Randall, republican.....	44,693	Allis, greenback.....	7,002
Cross, democrat.....	44,239	Rusk's plurality.....	11,957
Randall's majority.....	454	1884.	
1859.		Rusk, republican.....	163,214
Randall, republican.....	59,999	Fratt, democrat.....	143,945
Hobart, democrat.....	52,539	Hastings, prohibition.....	8,545
Randall's majority.....	7,460	Utey, greenback.....	4,274
1861.		Rusk's plurality.....	19,269
Harvey, republican.....	53,777	1886.	
Ferguson, democrat.....	44,456	Rusk, republican.....	133,247
Harvey's majority.....	8,321	Woodward, democrat.....	114,529
1863.		Olin, prohibition.....	17,059
Lewis, republican.....	72,717	Cochrane, people's.....	21,467
Palmer, democrat.....	49,053	Rusk's plurality.....	18,718
Lewis' majority.....	23,664	1888.	
1865.		Hoard, republican.....	175,696
Fairchild, republican.....	58,332	Morgan, democrat.....	155,423
Hobart, democrat.....	48,330	Durant, prohibition.....	14,373
Fairchild's majority.....	10,002	Powell, labor.....	9,196
1867.		Hoard's plurality.....	20,278
Fairchild, republican.....	73,637	1890.	
Tallmadge, democrat.....	68,873	Peck, democrat.....	160,388
Fairchild's majority.....	4,764	Hoard, republican.....	132,068
1869.		Alexander, prohibition.....	11,246
Fairchild, republican.....	69,502	May, union labor.....	5,447
Robinson, democrat.....	61,239	Peck's plurality.....	28,320
Fairchild's majority.....	8,263	Peck's majority over all.....	11,627
1871.		1892.	
Washburn, republican.....	78,301	Peck, democrat.....	178,245
Doolittle, democrat.....	68,910	Spooner, republican.....	170,538
Washburn's majority.....	9,391	Butt, people.....	9,640
		Richmond, prohibition.....	13,285
		Peck's plurality.....	7,707

1 This certificate was set aside by the Supreme Court.

SUMMARY OF GUBERNATORIAL VOTE—Continued.

1894.	1896.
Peck, democrat..... 142,250	Scofield, republican..... 264,981
Powell, people..... 25,801	Silverthorn, democrat..... 169,257
Cleghorn, prohibition..... 11,240	Berkey, prohibition..... 8,140
Upham, republican..... 196,116	Tuttrop, socialistic labor..... 1,306
Upham's plurality..... 53,866	Henderson, national..... 407
	Scofield's plurality..... 95,724
	Scofield's majority over all... 88,871
	Scattering votes for governor, 1896. 16

1898.

Scofield, republican.....	173,137
Sawyer, democrat.....	135,353
Worsley, people's.....	8,518
Chafin, prohibition.....	8,088
Tuttle, social dem. of America.....	2,544
Riese, socialistic labor.....	1,473
Scofield's plurality.....	37,784
Scofield's majority over all.....	17,161
Scattering and blank votes for governor, 1898.....	327

COMPARATIVE SUMMARY OF VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS,
1896-1898.*As canvassed by the state board of canvassers.*

1898.	1896.
For Governor.	For Governor.
Hiram W. Sawyer, dem..... 135,353	Willis C. Silverthorn, dem..... 169,257
Albinus A. Worsley, peo..... 8,518	Joshua H. Berkey, pro..... 8,140
Eugene W. Chafin, pro..... 8,088	Edward Scofield, rep..... 264,981
Edward Scofield, rep..... 173,137	Robert Henderson, nat..... 407
Howard Tuttle, soc. D. of Am.. 2,544	Christ Tuttrop, soc. lab..... 1,306
Henry Riese, Soc. lab..... 1,473	Scofield's plurality..... 95,724
Scofield's plurality..... 37,784	
For Lieutenant Governor.	For Lieutenant Governor.
Peter V. Deuster, dem..... 126,306	Horatio H. Hoard, dem..... 167,640
Spencer Palmer, peo..... 8,267	Ephraim Llewellyn Eaton, pro. 8,840
Willis W. Cooper, pro..... 7,846	Emil Baensch, rep..... 265,704
Jesse Stone, rep..... 180,033	Henry Riese, soc. lab..... 1,299
Edward P. Hassinger, soc. dem. of Am..... 2,535	Baensch's plurality..... 98,064
Herman C. Gauger, soc. lab..... 1,543	
Stone's plurality..... 53,732	
For Secretary of State.	For Secretary of State.
Peter O. Strommo, dem..... 125,636	Cyrus M. Butt, dem..... 167,590
Winfred L. Arven, peo..... 7,909	Eugene B. Knowlton, pro..... 8,085
Charles F. Cronk, pro..... 7,664	Henry Casson, rep..... 263,632
William H. Froehlich, rep..... 180,543	Jacob Rummel, soc. lab..... 1,321
Thomas C. P. Myers, soc. dem. of Am..... 2,540	Casson's plurality..... 98,242
Eugene B. Bartell, soc. lab..... 1,550	
Froehlich's plurality..... 54,912	

**COMPARATIVE SUMMARY OF VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS,
1896-1898—Continued.**

As canvassed by the state board of canvassers.

1898.		1896.	
For State Treasurer.		For State Treasurer.	
Constantine J. M. Malek, dem..	125,115	Wm. F. Pierstorff, dem	167,626
John Powers, peo	7,986	Lorenzo Crandall, pro.....	8,100
Wm. Larson, pro	7,803	Sewell A. Peterson, rep	235,808
James O. Davidson, rep.....	180,865	John Riedel, soc. lab	1,330
August Mohr, soc. dem. of Am.	2,591	Peterson's plurality	98,182
Christian Emmerich, Soc. lab..	1,552		
Davidson's plurality	55,750		
For Attorney General.		For Attorney General.	
Harry H. Grace, dem.	125,505	Henry I. Weed, dem	167,707
Lester Woodward, peo.	7,968	Albert E. Dixon, pro	1,359
Wesley Mott, pro	7,573	Wm. H. Mylrea, rep	285,690
Emmett R. Hicks, rep.....	180,173	George C. Jones, nat.....	6,755
Richard Elsner, soc. dem. of		Otto E. E. Gundermann, soc. lab.	1,206
Am	2,608	Mylrea's plurality.	97,983
Julius Andreesen, soc. lab.....	1,560		
Hicks' plurality	54,603		
For State Superintendent.		For State Superintendent.	
William H. Schulz, dem.....	125,341	Francis Cleary, dem	167,319
Asa H. Craig, peo	7,843	William L. Morrison, pro.....	8,064
Augustin L. Whitcomb, pro....	7,543	John Q. Emery, rep	285,910
Lorenzo D. Harvey, rep	180,439	Herman Seibt, soc. lab.....	1,322
Rudolph O. Stoll, soc. dem. of		Emery's plurality	98,621
Am	2,539		
Frank R. Wilke, soc. lab.....	1,566		
Harvey's plurality	55,098		
For Railroad Commissioner.		For Railroad Commissioner.	
Chester G. Wilcox, dem.....	125,567	Charles F. Kalk, dem	167,648
Robert E. Anger, peo	8,033	Ole A. Christensen, pro	8,121
George Clithero, pro	7,589	Duncan J. McKensie, rep	265,672
Graham L. Rice, rep	180,136	August Greifenhagen, soc. lab..	1,300
Charles Richter, soc. dem. of		McKensie's plurality	98,024
Am	2,554		
August Greifenhagen, soc. lab..	1,579		
Rice's plurality	54,569		
For Insurance Commissioner.		For Insurance Commissioner.	
John F. Schindler, dem.....	124,729	Frederick W. Thal, dem.....	167,201
Charles W. Teney, peo.....	7,983	James E. Broadwell, pro.....	8,135
Edward Berg, pro	7,777	William A. Fricke, rep	265,893
Emil Giljohann, rep	180,019	Fred Schuster, soc. lab	1,324
Eugene H. Rooney, soc. dem.		Fricke's plurality	98,688
of Am	2,559		
Richard Koepfel, soc. lab.....	1,564		
Giljohann's plurality	55,290		

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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TABLE SHOWING PER CENT. OF POPULATION ENTITLED TO VOTE, AND THAT WHICH ACTUALLY DID VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, 1831-1893.

(Compiled by CHAS. A. Phelps, U. W. Law School, Madison, Wis.)

COUNTIES.	Per cent. qualified voters, 1890.	PER CENT. ACTUAL VOTERS.					Per cent. qualified voters, 1890.	PER CENT. ACTUAL VOTERS.			
		1831.	1834.	1838.	1838.	1890.		1862.	1894.	1896.	1898.
Adams.....	23	11	21	19	22	15	27	20.4	21.9	24.7	20
Ashland.....	33	24	25	38	20.7	18	44.6	24.7	17.7	26.6	12
Barron.....	28	15	19	16	21	15	27.2	20.5	20.4	21.2	12
Bayfield.....	29	23	19	32	56	35	42.9	39.3	34.3	24.2	16
Brown.....	24	11	18	23	17	13	24.6	17.6	15	20.7	12
Buffalo.....	24	11	15	16	19	16	27.2	19.1	20.3	21.3	16
Burnett.....	35	15	20	13	17	11	25.4	16.2	19.6	21.8	16
Calumet.....	23	10	19	15	17	14	24.1	17.3	16.2	19.5	16
Chippewa.....	30	12	20	18	22	16	26.6	19	21	23.1	16
Clark.....	30	14	31	13	24	21	27	22.4	22	22.4	14
Columbia.....	25	12	23	18	22	17	27.8	23.8	24.1	24.7	19
Crawford.....	23	9	20	18	21	12	25.3	21.7	21.6	22.6	18
Dane.....	26	14	23	21	26	21	28	24	25	24.4	18
Dodge.....	25	11.9	20	21	20	19	27.6	21.5	21.6	22.7	19
Door.....	23	12	26	15	17	13	24.6	19	17.4	19.8	18
Douglas.....	26	15	19	23	.....	.....	45.6	43	36.7	23.1	15
Dunn.....	27	12	24	13	13	15	26.5	18.8	18.1	19.7	11
Eau Claire.....	30	15	19.8	13	18	15	27.7	18.8	19.2	21.4	14
Florence.....	.....	.....	29	23	.....	.....	30.4	23.4	22	21.8	15
Fond du Lac.....	25	12.7	20.6	17	20	19	26.6	22	22.4	22.1	18
Forest.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	43.8	47.3	63	46	23
Grant.....	23.5	11	20	18	22	19	25.9	22.9	22.5	24.1	18
Green.....	25	11	23	18	23	18	27.6	22.2	20.4	24.1	11
Green Lake.....	24.9	11	20	18	19	16	25.7	22.2	21.7	24.2	28
Iowa.....	23	13.8	22.5	20.5	22	20	26	23	23.5	23	17
Iron.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	23.9	21.9	34	22
Jackson.....	26	14	16	18	20	17	28	22	19.2	21.7	13
Jefferson.....	24.9	13	23	18	21	19	26.8	22.6	21.5	22.7	17
Juneau.....	26	14	24	21	23	21	27.2	24.1	24.9	24.5	24
Kenosha.....	26	16	24	20	24	21	28.7	23.4	25	26.6	22
Kewaunee.....	22	8	17	14	16	15	23.5	16.1	15.5	20.3	16
La Crosse.....	23.5	15	21	17	24	18	27.9	22	21.5	22.1	17
Lafayette.....	21.5	14	23	22	24	22	27.2	24.4	24.2	24.8	20
Langlade.....	54	29	27	27	34	30	28.2	23.3	24.5	22.2	18
Lincoln.....	48	29	18	29	34	33	33.2	24.5	25.9	24.3	17
Manitowoc.....	22.8	10.8	18	16	18	16	24.7	17.7	17.8	20.9	18
Marathon.....	29	12	26	17	21	18	25.3	19.4	21.7	21.8	16
Marinette.....	36	18	15	20	27	13	26.7	21.1	25.2	22.9	16
Marquette.....	24	15	23	18	22	20	25.2	22.1	22.9	23.4	20
Milwaukee.....	25.7	12.5	17	16.7	19	18	24.5	21.6	20.9	22.1	15
Monroe.....	25	13	23	19	21	18	26.4	23.2	23.7	23.4	18
Oconto.....	26	15	20	15	18	16	26.4	19.7	21.8	22.1	17
Oneida.....	.....	.....	19	.....	.....	.....	44	58.8	39.7	29	26
Outagamie.....	24	10	20	17	19	18	25.1	29.7	21.5	22	15
Ozaukee.....	23	10	18	17	17	17	25.7	19.7	19.5	21.6	14
Pepin.....	25	21	22	22	22	16	11	9.4	8.7	23.7	17
Pierce.....	25.9	9	21	16	21	14	22.1	24.7	18.7	23.1	11
Polk.....	27	13	18	16	20	15	26.2	18.8	18.3	23.8	15
Portage.....	25.7	11	20	16	21	17	27.5	20.7	23	22.9	15
Price.....	44	37	36	35	53	45	37.8	39.7	33.8	28.4	22
Racine.....	26	13	22	18	22	20	27.4	23.5	24.8	24.6	19
Richland.....	24	12	24	21	23	19	25.8	23	27	25.9	19
Rock.....	27	12	23	19	23	19	29.4	25.3	24.5	25.3	17
St. Croix.....	27	15	21	21	24	18	28.3	23.1	23.5	23.6	15
Sauk.....	26	11	21	17	21.8	21.5	26.3	22.4	22.9	23	15
Sawyer.....	.....	.....	.....	30	66	35	45	40.9	42.7	24.4	25
Shawano.....	25.7	9	18	15	20	19	24.9	19.1	19.5	20.9	15
Sheboygan.....	24	12	22	17	24	20	26.6	21.1	21.8	21.9	16
Taylor.....	30	25	26	24	28	23	28.5	25.3	29.8	25.5	21
Trempealeau.....	24	9	21	16	21	15	25.6	21.4	17.1	22.5	13
Vernon.....	24	10	20	18	21	15	25.4	20.6	19.6	22.7	18
Vilas.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	56.2	84.4	31	84
Walworth.....	26	13	24	19	28	19	29.9	23.8	22.1	26	17
Washington.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	28	33.2	24.6	21
Washington.....	24	12	15	18	20	18	25	19.1	20.2	22.4	19
Waukesha.....	26	45	27.5	20	24	21	28.3	22.7	23.9	24.2	19
Waupaca.....	25.7	13	24	17	21	19	27	22.1	22.4	23.7	15
Wausara.....	25	15	22	18	22	19	26.9	22.7	22.7	24.1	19
Winnebago.....	24	12	20	17	21	20	27.7	23.6	23.8	23.1	19
Wood.....	27	11	22	26	26	24.5	26.2	22.5	23.9	22.2	16

NOTE.—Figures for 1840-1884 based on U. S. census, 1890. Figures for 1896-1899 based on state census, 1895. For 1892-94, U. S. census, 1890. For 1896-1898, state census, 1895.

TABULAR STATEMENT of votes given for justice of the supreme court of the state of Wisconsin at the judicial election held on the 6th day of April, A. D. 1897.

Counties.	Ronjet D. Marshall.	Blank.	Scat- tering.	Totals.
Adams	868	12	2	882
Ashland	303			303
Barron	1,776		4	1,780
Bayfield	661			661
Brown	3,290		1	3,291
Buffalo	1,608			1,608
Burnett	532			532
Calumet	678		2	680
Chippewa	1,080		5	1,085
Clark	1,498		1	1,499
Columbia	1,894			1,894
Crawford	757		2	759
Dane	4,370			4,370
Dodge	1,369			1,369
Door	1,336			1,336
Douglas	2,167			2,167
Dunn	1,940			1,940
Eau Claire	2,191		11	2,202
Florence	185			185
Fond du Lac	2,521		1	2,522
Forest	96			96
Grant	868		8	869
Green	882		4	886
Green Lake	597		3	600
Iowa	1,145		4	1,149
Iron	279			279
Jackson	1,221		12	1,233
Jefferson	2,424		1	2,425
Juneau	1,583		1	1,584
Kenosha	1,383	2,228	1	3,612
Kewaunee	1,747		1	1,748
La Crosse	1,308			1,308
Lafayette	1,510			1,510
Langlade	1,178			1,178
Lincoln	1,545			1,545
Manitowoc	3,250			3,250
Marathon	5,436			5,436
Marinette	1,103			1,103
Marquette	1,024			1,024
Milwaukee	11,577		81	11,658
Monroe	534			534
Oconto	1,414			1,414
Oneida	621			621
Outagamie	3,476			3,476
Ozaukee	1,562			1,562
Pepin	489		1	490
Pierce	1,484	62	1	1,547
Polk	2,120		5	2,125
Portage	1,360			1,360
Price	678			678
Racine	4,173			4,173
Richland	1,292		15	1,307
Rock	3,717		6	3,723
St. Croix	533			533
Sauk	2,261			2,261
Sawyer	160			160
Shawano	1,284			1,284
Sheboygan	1,546	407	1	1,954
Taylor	593			593
Trempealeau	1,799			1,799
Vernon	1,456		4	1,460
Vilas	228			228
Walworth	2,062			2,062
Washburn	515			515
Washington	1,728			1,728
Waukesha	3,003		1	3,004
Waupaca	2,290		1	2,291
Waushara	1,497			1,497
Winnebago	2,240			2,240
Wood	1,806			1,806
Total	119,397	2,709	175	122,281

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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*TABULAR STATEMENT of votes given for justice of the supreme court of the state of Wisconsin for the unexpired term ending first Monday in January, 1904, at the judicial election * held on the 5th day of April, A. D. 1903.*

Counties.	Charles V. Bardeen.	Defective.	Blank.	Scattering.	Totals.
Adams	718			1	719
Ashland	2,219				2,219
Barron	1,543			11	1,554
Bayfield	961				961
Brown	4,166				4,166
Buffalo	1,579				1,579
Burnett	734			3	737
Calumet	1,525	2	132	15	1,674
Chippewa	2,675			4	2,679
Clark	2,273			10	2,283
Columbia	2,180		90	1	2,251
Crawford	1,300			4	1,304
Dane	5,977			7	5,984
Dodge	4,994				4,994
Door	187				187
Douglas	1,729		1		1,730
Dunn	2,302		11		2,313
Eau Claire	3,312	24	11		3,347
Florence	238				238
Fond du Lac	3,640		1		3,641
Forest	69				69
Grant	2,585			23	2,598
Green	1,818			13	1,831
Green Lake	1,603			3	1,606
Iowa	2,295		303	20	2,618
Iron	441				441
Jackson	1,792			16	1,808
Jefferson	2,632			9	2,641
Juneau	2,020		134	4	2,158
Kenosha	1,220		294	22	1,536
Kewaunee	2,123				2,123
La Crosse	1,127			1	1,128
Lafayette	1,512			2	1,514
Langlade	1,538			14	1,552
Lincoln	1,656				1,656
Manitowoc	3,240				3,240
Marathon	5,080				5,080
Marquette	754				754
Marquette	1,019				1,019
Milwaukee	18,021			74	18,095
Monroe	2,727				2,727
Oconto	1,982			4	1,986
Oneida	535				535
Outagamie	3,467			3	3,470
Ozaukee	1,731				1,731
Peplin	733			1	734
Pierce	2,086				2,086
Polk	1,827			1	1,827
Portage	3,023			4	3,027
Price	1,197			2	1,199
Racine	3,098				3,098
Richland	1,611			47	1,658
Rock	3,603		341	8	3,952
St. Croix	1,742			2	1,744
Sauk	2,635			4	2,639
Sawyer	49				49
Shawano	2,302				2,302
Sheboygan	2,092				2,092
Taylor	1,150		59	7	1,216
Trempealeau	2,057			12	2,069
Vernon	2,542			38	2,580
Vilas	846				846
Walworth	2,440			4	2,444
Washburn	477				477
Washington	2,591				2,591
Waukesha	3,540		445	3	3,984
Waupaca	2,136			3	2,139
Waushara	1,516				1,516
Winnebago	2,955		7		2,962
Wood	2,422				2,422
Total	158,218	26	1,829	405	160,478

* This election was held to fill vacancy caused by the death of Alfred W. Newman.

VOTES GIVEN FOR CIRCUIT JUDGES

*At elections held in the several judicial circuits, 1897-1898.***TENTH CIRCUIT.**

Election held April 6, A. D. 1897.

Counties.	John Goodland.	P. H. Murphy.	Scattering.	Totals.
Florence.....	240	.....	.....	240
Forest.....	155	.....	.....	155
Langlade.....	1,317	22	4	1,343
Outagamie.....	4,146	.....	1	4,147
Shawano.....	1,514	.....	1	1,515
Total.....	7,372	22	6	7,400

SIXTEENTH CIRCUIT.

Election held April 6, A. D. 1897.

Counties.	Charles V. Bardeen.	Totals.
Lincoln.....	1,435	1,435
Marathon.....	5,512	5,512
Oneida.....	660	660
Vilas.....	281	281
Total.....	7,888	7,888

SEVENTEENTH CIRCUIT.

Election held April 6, A. D. 1897.

Counties.	Wm. F. Bailey.	F. M. Miner.	James O'Neil.	Totals.
Clark.....	468	189	2,977	3,634
Eau Claire.....	1,429	1,005	2,678	5,112
Jackson.....	417	178	2,071	2,664
Total.....	2,314	1,370	7,726	11,410

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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FOURTH CIRCUIT.

Election held April 5, A. D. 1898.

Counties.	Michael Kirwan.	Anson C. Prescott.	Blank, scattering.	Totals.
Fond du Lac.....	4,311	1,822	2	6,135
Kewaunee.....	2,345	297	.....	2,642
Manitowoc.....	5,900	506	.....	6,406
Sheboygan.....	672	5,655	48	6,375
Total.....	13,228	8,280	50	21,558

SIXTEENTH CIRCUIT.

Election held April 5, A. D. 1898.

(To fill vacancy caused by the appointment of Judge Charles V. Bardeen to the supreme bench; unexpired term ending first Monday in January, 1901.)

Counties.	Willis C. Silver- thorn.	Scat- tering.	Totals.
Lincoln.....	1,592	2	1,594
Marathon.....	5,155	.....	5,155
Oneida.....	455	.....	455
Vilas.....	733	.....	733
Total.....	7,935	2	7,937

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE, 1898.

For session of 1899. Elected in 1898 and 1896.

SENATORS.

District.	Population, 1896.	Counties.	Elected.	Vote.	Plurality over next highest.	Defeated.	Vote.
1	61,372	Door, Kewaunee and Marinette.....	De Wayne Stebbins, Rep. I.....	5,849	2,138	Amos Holgate, Dem.....	3,711
2	63,902	Brown and Oconto.....	Andrew C. Mailer, Rep.....	7,600	1,993	Benj. A. Godfradson, Dem..... Edward Caudy, Pro.....	5,607 140
3	53,638	Kenosha and Racine.....	John F. Reynolds, Rep.....	5,923	1,105	Louis G. Bohmerick, Dem..... Charles E. Erskine, Pro..... Blank.....	4,823 306 191
4	56,118	The sixth, thirteenth, eighteenth and twenty-first wards of the city of Milwaukee, and the village of Waukegan Bay, and the towns of Granville and Milwaukee.....	J. Herbert Green, Rep.....	6,282	904	Fred C. Fass, Dem. Pop..... Jac. Four, Soc. Labor.....	5,378 161
5	59,252	The first, second, third, fourth, seventh, eighth and sixteenth wards of the city of Milwaukee.....	Frank A. Anson, Rep.....	5,371	661	Henry J. Steinmann, Dem..... Chas. J. Hamblitzel, Pro.....	4,710 351
6	59,417	The ninth, tenth, nineteenth and twentieth wards of the city of Milwaukee.....	William H. Devos, Rep.....	6,821	1,385	Max Hottelott, Dem. Pop..... Chas. Pample, Soc. Labor.....	4,966 238
7	57,722	The fourteenth and seventeenth wards of the city of Milwaukee, and the village of Cudahy, South Milwaukee and Wauwatosa, and the towns of Lake, Oak Creek, Franklin, Greenfield and Wauwatosa.....	Barney A. Eaton, Rep.....	3,513	604	Thomas J. Flemming, Dem..... Martin S. Cyborowski, Pro.....	3,209 597
8	55,413	The fifth, eighth, eleventh and twelfth wards of the city of Milwaukee.....	Julius E. Roehr, Rep.....	6,681	1,061	Michael Kruska, Dem. Pop. I..... Oswald Schubert, Soc. Lab.....	5,600 126
9	54,727	The counties of Adams, Marquette, Waukegan and Wood.....	Thomas Fearne, Rep.....	6,480	3,192	William A. Robler, Dem.....	3,288
10	48,910	Pierce and St. Croix.....	Dempster W. Woodworth, Rep. I.....	7,035	3,038	Mark M. Sanderson, Dem. Pro..... Melvin Johnson, Pro.....	3,997 539

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ELECTION STATISTICS.

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21	51,095	Burnett, Douglas and Polk.....	Edgar G. Mills, Rep.....	5,383	4,663	Joseph S. Konkai, Dem.....	639
22	63,303	Ashland, Barron, Bayfield, Iron, Sawyer and Washburn.....	Clarence A. Lamoreux, Rep.....	10,315	5,339	A. E. Kennedy, Dem.....	4,968
13	47,831	The county of Dodge.....	Michael A. Jacobs, Dem.....	4,874	831	David P. Doty, Rep.....	4,043
14	66,977	Outagamie and Shawano.....	Alex. B. Whitman, Rep.....	8,427	2,994	H. R. McComb, Dem. and Pop. J. B. Sauborn, Pro.....	5,733 194
15	58,546	Calumet and Manitowoc.....	Norman A. Knudson, Rep.....	4,891	37	B. M. Gurnee, Nat.....	53
16	61,819	Grant and Iowa.....	Charles Henry Baxter, Rep.....	8,440	2,713	John P. Watt, Dem..... Abraham Andrews, Soc. Dem. of Am.....	4,864 74
17	61,000	Green and Lafayette and the towns of Avon, Beloit, Clinton, Newark, Ply- mouth, Spring Valley, Turtle, and the village of Clinton, and the city of Beloit, in the county of Rock.....	Harry C. Martin, Rep.....	6,534	2,790	Rinaldo R. Fleck, Dem.....	3,794
18	63,375	Fond du Lac and Green Lake.....	Lyman W. Thayer, Rep.....	8,229	1,612	Benjamin F. Smeed, Dem.....	6,617
19	57,627	The county of Winnebago.....	Henry I. Weed, Dem.....	5,289	133	George A. Buckstaff, Rep..... Carlos Judson, Pro.....	5,136 271
20	64,941	Ozaukee and Sheboygan.....	Fred A. Dennett, Rep.....	8,283	2,917	James, Leahy, Dem. Pop.....	5,346
21	59,324	Portage and Waupaca.....	William H. Hatton, Rep.....	5,958	3,024	Carl Von Neupert, Dem..... Ernest C. Williams, Pro.....	2,934 256
22	50,352	The towns of Bradford, Center, Fulton, Harmony, Janesville, Johnston, Lima, La Prairie, Magnolia, Milton, Porter, Rock and Union, and the village of Eausville, and the cities of Edgerton, and Janesville, in the county of Rock, and the towns of Aztalan, Jefferson, Koshkonong, Lake Mills, Milford, Oak- land, Sumner and Waterloo, and the vil- lages of Lake Mills and Waterloo, and the cities of Fort Atkinson and Jefferson, in the county of Jefferson.....	John M. Whitehead, Rep.....	7,105	2,380	W. W. Reed, Dem.....	4,723

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE, 1898—SENATORS—Continued.

District.	Population in 1896.	Counties.	Elected.	Vote.	Plurality over next highest.	Defeated.	Vote.
23	47,449	The county of Walworth, and the towns of Cold Springs, Concord, Farmington, Hebron, Leonia, Palmyra, Sullivan and Watertown, and the village of Palmyra, and the first, second, third, fourth and seventh wards of the city of Watertown, in the county of Jefferson.....	John H. Harris, Rep.....	4,410	1,252	Louis C. Baker, Dem..... Lorenzo D. Tracy, Pro.....	3,158 850
24	57,870	Buffalo, Eau Claire and Pepin.....	John W. Whelan, Rep.....	7,943	4,086	Victor Wolf, Dem..... John D. Eldridge, Pro.....	3,857 225
25	57,940	Clark and Marathon.....	Andrew L. Kreutzer, Rep.....	5,314	1,606	R. B. Salter, Dem.....	3,708
26	65,669	The county of Dane.....	Chauncey B. Welton, Rep.....	9,016	2,409	William Charlton, Dem..... J. B. Smith, Pro.....	6,607 438
27	63,787	Columbia and Sauk.....	William G. Bissell, Rep.....	6,364	2,416	Edmund S. Baker, Dem..... James M. Blackley, Pro.....	3,948 377
28	63,857	Crawford, Richland and Vernon.....	Oliver G. Munson, Rep.....	9,361	4,140	B. F. Washburn, Fusion.....	5,221
29	53,733	Chippewa and Dunn.....	James H. Stout, Rep.....	4,341	1,629	Wilson Hopkins, Dem.....	2,712
30	56,611	Florence, Forest, Langlade, Lincoln, Oneida, Price, Taylor and Vilas.....	Daniel E. Riordan, Rep.....	10,837	3,495	H. R. Fehlend, Dem.....	6,195
31	61,828	Jackson, Juneau and Monroe.....	James J. McGilivray, Rep.....	6,769	2,953	George W. Bishop, Dem.....	3,816
32	65,573	La Crosse and Trempealeau.....	Levi Withee, Rep.....	9,545	4,806	Hiram E. Simpson, Dem.....	4,739
33	60,639	Washington and Waushara.....	Alfred M. Jones, Rep.....	6,060	608	Thomas McCarty, Dem..... Thomas Diamond, Pro.....	5,452 240

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE, 1893.
ASSEMBLYMEN.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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No.	Popula- tion, 1893.	Counties.	— N S K —	Elected.	Vote.	Plurality over next highest.	Defeated.	Vote.
1	20,122	Barron constitutes an assembly district.		Kapp E. Rasmussen, Rep.	1,738	1,123	Frank H. Partlow, Dem. Charles S. Ganeth, Pro.	613 125
2	17,744	Calumet constitutes an assembly district.		Jeremiah W. Baldock, Rep.	1,463	143	Andrew Hopfenberger, Dem. William E. Bishop, Pro.	1,320 63
3	21,342	Clark constitutes an assembly district.		Lafayette M. Sturdevant, Rep.	2,120	1,216	Samuel J. Shafer, Dem. Leicester Allen, Pro.	904 91
4	17,203	Crawford constitutes an assembly district.		Hugh Porter, Rep.	1,825	615	Peter M. Peterson, Dem.	1,213
5	16,969	Door constitutes an assembly district.		Henry Overbeck, Jr., Rep.	1,554	572	James Cunningham, Dem.	633
6	23,006	Dunn constitutes an assembly district.		Albert E. Hall, Rep.	1,835	1,156	John E. Dennis, Dem. Carl S. Bird, Pro. Frank P. Vasey, Pro.	737 116 101
7	23,420	Green constitutes an assembly district.		A. Clark Dodge, Rep.	2,100	707	Ira M. J. Chryst, Dem. Albert A. Ten Eyck, Pro. John Legler, Pro.	1,393 164 133
8	15,939	Green Lake constitutes an assembly dist.		William J. Middleton, Rep.	1,923	204	Gustav E. Tebbe, Dem. Thomas J. Crabtree, Pro. George E. McCracken, Pro.	1,703 62 87
9	23,447	Iowa constitutes an assembly district.		Bjorn Holland, Rep.	2,315	436	John M. Smith, Dem. John P. Farmlay, Pro.	1,877 236
10	16,722	Jackson constitutes an assembly district.		George Olson, Rep.	1,655	976	M. P. Cannon, Dem.	649
11	13,754	Juneau constitutes an assembly district.		John M. Barlow, Rep.	2,290	679	James W. Wightman, Dem.	1,611
12	17,543	Kenosha constitutes an assembly district.		S. Dwight Slade, Rep.	2,120	445	William A. McKimmon, Dem. Blank	1,693 260
13	17,632	Kewaunee constitutes an assembly district.		John W. Adams, Dem.	1,646	300	John L. Hasey, Rep.	1,346

ASSEMBLYMEN—Continued.

District.	Population, 1885.	Counties.	Elected.	Vote.	Plurality over next highest.	Defeated.	Vote.
14	21,488	Lafayette constitutes an assembly district.	Philo A. Orton, Rep.....	2,220	206	James H. Clark, Dem..... Byron J. Eaton, Pro	2,014 108
15	27,271	Marquette constitutes an assembly district.	Robert O. Hunt, Rep.....	2,878	1,287	John B. Wood, Dem	1,581
16	23,380	Monroe constitutes an assembly district.	Frederick P. Johnson, Rep.....	2,788	912	Austin Wright, Dem..... John H. Moseley, Pro.....	1,821 180
17	18,339	Oconto constitutes an assembly district.	Leslie C. Harvey, Rep ..I.....	1,991	875	William Guthrie, Dem.....	1,116
18	16,545	Ozaukee constitutes an assembly district.	Nicholas E. Becker, Dem.....	1,414	463	W. H. Rintelman, Rep	981
19	23,040	Pierce constitutes an assembly district.....	Calvin R. Morse, Rep.....	1,725	1,157	Ferris M. White, Dem..... Cassius D. Hawn, Pro	568 83
20	19,619	Richland constitutes an assembly district.	William M. Fogo, Rep...I.....	1,779	176	David H. Baker, Pro..... James E. Coffland, Dem	92 1,908
21	25,870	St. Croix constitutes an assembly district.	Orville W. Mosher, Rep	1,929	170	John Maly, Pro..... Herman Heebink, Dem	161 1,759
22	22,573	Shawano constitutes an assembly district.	Frank W. Humphrey, Rep.....	1,830	507	Elisha G. Fartridge, Pro.....	125 1,428
23	21,963	Trempealeau constitutes an assembly district.....	David L. Holcomb, Rep	2,121	1,409	Herman Naber, Dem.....	713 141
24	27,036	Vernon constitutes an assembly district...	Andrew H. Dahl, Rep	2,915	2,076	Peter Nelson, Dem	889
25	24,077	Washington constitutes an assembly district.....	Louis D. Guth, Rep	2,882	29	Wilber P. Massuere, Pro..... William Lind, Dem	2,808 2,808

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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26	19,355	Waahara constitutes an assembly district.	William Hughes, Rep.	2,404	2,085	William N. Kelly, Dem. Daniel W. Cate, Pro. Herbert E. Frisbie, Rep.	319 106 74
27	21,637	Wood constitutes an assembly district.	Amos E. Germer, Dem.	1,920	187	Peter N. Christensen, Rep.	1,088
28	17,735	Adams and Marquette constitute an assembly district.	Charles H. Kempley, Rep.	2,460	1,318	Robert J. Walsh, Dem.	1,143
29	22,579	Ashland and Iron constitute an assembly district.	Frank Logan, Rep.	2,288	512	John Litomius, Dem.	1,773
30	20,602	Bayfield, Sawyer and Washburn constitute an assembly district.	Arthur W. McLeod, Rep.	2,143	1,424	William H. Packard, Dem.	724
31	24,498	Buffalo and Pepin constitute an assembly district.	Henry Roettiger, Jr., Rep.	2,639	1,219	William B. Smith, Dem.	1,410
32	22,009	Burnett and Polk constitute an assembly district.	Lester B. Dresser, Rep.	2,545	2,094	George H. Ely, Dem.	483
33	15,230	Forest, Florence and Langlade constitute an assembly district.	John McGreer, Dem.	1,435	180	G. W. Latta, Rep.	1,285
34	23,263	Lincoln and Taylor constitute an assembly district.	Michael W. Ryan, Dem.	2,498	384	W. H. Flett, Rep.	2,023
35	18,113	Oneida, Price and Vilas constitute an assembly district.	Joseph R. Farr, Rep.	2,728	832	D. H. Walker, Dem.	1,794
36	22,823	1st district, Brown.	Thomas J. McGrath, Rep.	1,923	433	Albert L. Gray, Dem.	1,480
37	22,800	2d district, Brown.	Michael J. Flaherty, Dem.	1,636	209	Thomas Turtriff, Rep.	1,427
38	14,211	1st district, Chippewa.	Lycurgus J. Rusk, Rep.	1,136	48	Albert Nunke, Dem.	1,068
39	14,516	2d district, Chippewa.	John W. Thomas, Rep.	1,241	243	Robert Coddington, Dem.	968
40	15,122	1st district, Columbia.	Jabez H. Wells, Rep.	1,349	341	Daniel H. Grady, Dem. Adam Faucett, Ind.	1,008 503
41	15,746	2d district, Columbia.	George Wylie, Rep.	1,972	982	Peter C. Irvine, Dem.	980

* Died Feb. 4, 1899; David Evans, Jr., Rep., elected to fill vacancy, receiving 1,003 votes, against 435 votes for B. O. Storm, Rep.

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE—ASSEMBLYMEN—Continued.

District.	Population in 1885.	Counties.	Elected.	Vote.	Plurality over next highest.	Defeated.	Vote.
42	22,002	1st district, Dane.	George E. Bryant, Rep.	2,389	3	Daniel Bochtel, Dem. I John Gorman..... Jabez Brown.....	2,396 1 1
43	21,421	2d district, Dane.	Nicholas Anderson, Rep.	2,430	1,363	Charles O. Tellefson, Dem.	1,067
44	22,246	3d district, Dane.	Oscar F. Minch, Dem. I	1,832	135	Homer A. Stone, Rep.	1,797
45	24,234	1st district, Dodge.	John Kessler, Dem.	2,530	438	Frank M. Lawrence, Rep.	2,144
46	23,587	2d district, Dodge.	Henry S. Gilmore, Dem.	2,194	183	Samuel R. Webster, Rep. I	2,008
47	15,016	1st district, Douglas.	William E. Hoeble, Rep.	1,290	384	Carl J. Norquist, Rep.	908
48	14,970	2d district, Douglas.	Charles L. Catlin, Rep.	1,477	682	William J. Conness, Dem.	793
49	16,576	1st district, Eau Claire.	Byron A. Bufington, Rep. I	1,362 2,417	337	William H. Frawley, Dem. Peter Truax, Pro.	1,055 58
50	16,596	2d district, Eau Claire.	Horace N. Polley, Rep. I	1,280	429	Frank L. Clark, Dem. Charles L. Allen, Pro.	851 53
51	23,499	1st district, Fond du Lac.	Louie A. Lange, Dem. I	2,335	176	Simon Schaefer, Rep. Charles D. Smith.....	2,159 34
52	23,937	2d district, Fond du Lac.	Henry A. Ripley, Rep.	2,257	537	Samuel M. Pederrick, Dem. Chester E. Tripp, Pro.	1,670 121
53	18,917	1st district, Grant.	Thomas McDonald, Rep. I	2,110	675	Rolandus A. Watkins, Dem. William T. Scott, Ind.	1,435 132
54	19,455	2d district, Grant.	John Ryan, Rep.	2,079	659	Thomas Jenkins, Jr., Dem.	1,420
55	18,257	1st district, Jefferson.	Herman G. Grube, Dem.	1,724	440	Arthur J. Thorue, Rep.	1,284
56	19,030	2d district, Jefferson.	Lewis Benson, Dem.	1,766	199	Gilbert Rutherford, Rep. I	1,567

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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57	21,831	1st district, La Crosse	Geo. H. Ray, Rep. <i>I</i>	2,040	783	Frank S. Walker, Dem	1,237
58	21,759	2d district, La Crosse	Mark M. Buttle, Rep. <i>I</i>	1,739	563	James Henry Moran, Dem	86
59	20,119	1st district, Manitowoc	Joseph Willott, Jr., Rep	2,095	498	Christian M. Casberg, Pro	1,176
60	20,633	2d district, Manitowoc	Jonas Gagnon, Dem.	1,881	477	Henry Viss, Dem	1,597
61	18,174	1st district, Marathon	G. E. Vandercook, Rep	1,563	260	D. R. Giblin, Soc. Dem. of Am ..	22
62	18,424	2d district, Marathon	George Werhelm, Rep	1,637	303	Wenzel E. Kabet, Rep	1,404
63	20,871	1st district, Milwaukee	Francis B. Keene, Rep	1,873	210	Arnold Zauder, Soc. Dem. of Am	43
64	19,626	2d district, Milwaukee	Matthew R. Killilea, Dem	1,908	400	Jacob Kiehl, Dem	1,313
65	20,520	3d district, Milwaukee	John Sneddon, Rep	1,474	353	John H. Kennedy, Dem	1,384
66	18,755	4th district, Milwaukee	August Zinn, Rep	2,119	896	Charles Fleming, Pro	1,188
67	21,152	5th district, Milwaukee	*Albert Woyciechowski, Dem ..	1,503	122	Michael Rohlinger, Dem	1,963
68	24,531	6th district, Milwaukee	Francis M. Eline, Dem	1,975	172	Arthur McKenna, Pro	901
69	20,067	7th district, Milwaukee	Frederick Hartung, Rep	1,941	998	David White, Soc. Dem. of Am ..	51
70	15,618	8th district, Milwaukee	Reinhold F. Thiessenhusen, Rep	1,372	410	Edward C. Northon, Rep	1,503
						Elias Lehmann, Pro	153
						E. Krupp, Soc. Dem. of Am	102
						James McIver, Dem. of Am	1,121
						Hubert W. Ward, Pro	154
						Oswald Schubert, Soc. Lab	59
						Geo. Landwehr, Soc. Dem of Am ..	45
						S. W. Dalberg, Dem	1,233
						James W. Bass, Pro	1,125
						Louis Firures, Soc. Dem. of Am	80
						Jas. E. Wildish, Rep	1,351
						Herman E. Franke, Pro	348
						John Heymann, Soc. Dem. of Am	54
						V. Dietrich, Soc. Lab	53
						Chas. Niss, Jr., Rep	1,903
						John Weinmann, Pro	207
						Edward Zeigler, Soc. Dem	93
						Emil Groeschel, Soc. Lab	67
						Charles Cappel, Dem	943
						Jas. B. Conrad, Dem	962
						Louis Gell, Pro	179
						And. Longstad, Soc. Dem. of Am	54
						Chas. Bartsch, Soc. Lab	29

* Died February 10, 1899; Joseph T. Rechler, Dem., elected to fill vacancy, receiving 727 votes, against 491 votes for F. J. Holz, Rep.

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE — ASSEMBLYMEN — Continued.

District	Population in 1885.	Counties.	Elected.	Vote.	Plurality over next highest.	Defeated.	Vote.
71	16,933	9th district, Milwaukee.....	George H. Schoenbaum, Rep.....	1,036	83	Joseph Staeger, Dem..... Jacob Welsch, Peo..... Paul Ronneburger, Soc. Dem. of Am.....	853 187
72	16,062	10th district, Milwaukee.....	Edward J. Dengel, Rep.....	1,000	198	Ernst Schuffenhauer, Soc. Lab. A. C. G. DeHeus, Dem..... Wm. Biesel, Peo..... Otto Schultz, Soc. Lab.....	141 66 802 236 38
73	13,643	11th district, Milwaukee.....	Julius Feige, Rep.....	1,040	134	Anton Lohr, Dem..... John Zelinski, Peo..... James Sheehan, Soc. Dem. of Am John Meyer, Soc. Lab..... Theodore Hausmann, Dem..... Emil Seidel, Soc. Dem. of Am..... F. J. Weber, Peo.....	856 263 118 88 1,436 404
74	26,432	12th district, Milwaukee.....	Ernst Loth, Rep.....	1,886	463	Hy. Mensing, Soc. Lab..... Henry Forge, Dem..... Chas. H. Finkhaber, Peo..... Jos. Kubasch, Soc. Lab..... Marino Schubert, Rep..... Vincent Badura, Peo.....	228 112 821 183 72 452 200
75	15,291	13th district, Milwaukee.....	Henry J. Soltwedel, Rep.....	1,067	246	Wm. Zimmermann, Dem..... Jos. Braun, Soc. Dem. of Am..... Carl Schurtz, Soc. Lab.....	726 158 76
76	17,145	14th district, Milwaukee.....	August M. Gawin, Dem.....	1,196	744	Hubert Wolf, Dem.....	1,759
77	16,246	15th district, Milwaukee.....	Abraham L. Grootemaat, Rep..	1,099	343	A. A. Nugent, Dem.....	1,303
78	21,710	1st district, Outagamie.....	Theophilus A. Willy, Rep.....	1,964	195	Thomas Hyde, Rep.....	820
79	22,694	2d district, Outagamie.....	Henry L. Daggett, Rep.....	1,867	554	Lars L. Loberg, Dem.....	931
80	14,442	1st district, Portage.....	Patrick H. Cashin, Dem.....	1,807	487	William P. Packard, Dem..... Martin Jesko, Peo..... Stedmond Jackson, Pro.....	1,923 459 138
81	14,088	2d district, Portage.....	Fred J. Frost, Rep.....	1,331	380		
82	21,463	1st district, Racine.....	John C. Wagner, Rep.....	1,962	89		

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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83	19,647	2d district, Racine.....	George Ela, Rep.....	1,557	153	Adam Apple, Dem.....	1,434
84	18,084	1st district, Rock.....	William G. Wheeler, Rep.....	1,616	311	Hiram J. Hawks, Peo.....	99
85	16,238	2d district, Rock.....	Robert More, Rep.....	1,746	934	Charles C. Russell, Dem.....	1,305
86	16,092	3d district, Rock.....	L. Holden Parker, Rep.....	2,134	1,599	William Zuill, Dem.....	812
87	16,523	1st district, Sauk.....	John M. True, Rep.....	1,491	754	James B. Van Alstine, Dem.....	639
88	16,396	2d district, Sauk.....	John E. Morgan, Rep.....	1,278	183	Lyeurgus Q. Smith, Dem.....	737
89	16,647	1st district, Sheboygan.....	Martin O. Galaway, Rep.....	1,307	37	H. James Farnum, Pro.....	125
90	16,089	2d district, Sheboygan.....	John E. Richardson, Rep.....	1,211	95	Adolph Schoemann, Dem.....	1,095
91	15,660	3d district, Sheboygan.....	Whitman A. Barber, Rep.....	1,561	510	Douglas R. Kellogg, Pro.....	38
92	14,338	1st district, Walworth.....	Wm. H. Hurlbut, Rep.....	1,659	924	Wilson Hood, Ind.....	73
93	14,824	2d district, Walworth.....	Darwin P. Clough, Rep.....	1,709	1,189	Thomas H. Lynch, Dem.....	1,270
94	18,215	1st district, Waukesha.....	James Johnston, Rep.....	1,989	45	Reinhard Fromme, Dem.....	1,116
95	18,347	2d district, Waukesha.....	Mark W. Rowell, Rep.....	1,860	298	Robert Conger, Peo.....	63
96	16,222	1st district, Waupaca.....	Emil H. Steiger, Rep.....	2,131	1,627	Gerhard Franzen, Dem.....	1,061
97	14,571	2d district, Waupaca.....	Andrew Jensen, Rep.....	1,383	869	John F. Kramer, Peo.....	82
98	19,372	1st district, Winnebago.....	F. Badger Ives, Dem.....	1,968	175	Thomas Wogan, Dem.....	734
99	19,372	2d district, Winnebago.....	Edwin A. Williams, Rep.....	1,681	41	Thomas W. Barbour, Pro.....	121
100	18,883	3d district, Winnebago.....	Chris. Sarau, Rep.....	1,918	554	Fred C. Smith, Dem.....	520
Total 1,837,915						Livingston E. Parker, Pro.....	157
						Stodard M. Martin, Dem.....	1,504
						Wm. H. Stackman, Pro.....	112
						Gustav Meissner, Dem.....	1,562
						Winifred D. Cox, Pro.....	122
						W. W. Crane, Dem.....	504
						Truman Rich, Pro.....	129
						Charles Rice, Dem.....	514
						Louis F. Thiessen, Rep.....	1,791
						William Prael, Pro.....	81
						John M. Pleasant, Dem.....	1,610
						Daniel L. Carter, Dem.....	1,354
						Andrew B. Nivell, Pro.....	128

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ELECTION STATISTICS.

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Keweenaw...	46.9	33			51.3	49.2				52	31		51	41	
La Crosse...	52	42								54	42		51	45	
Lafayette...			48.7	48.6						51.7	47.5		51	45.9	50
Lancaster...	.....	.....	40.7	38.7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	52.7	46	.....	51	45.9	42.9
Lincoln...	51	43	40.6	46	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	51	45.9	33
Manitowic...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	51	45.9	40
Marathon...	57.4	35.8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	51	45.9	.....
Marquette...	58	39	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	51	45.9	.....
Milwaukee...	47.8	31	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	51	45.9	.....
Monroe...	52.2	40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	51	45.9	.....
Oconto...	54	41	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	51	45.9	.....
Oshkosh...	59	30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	51	45.9	.....
Outagamie...	.....	.....	49.2	45.8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	51	45.9	.....
Ozaukee...	65	30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	51	45.9	.....
Pepin...	67	30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	51	45.9	.....
Pierce...	67	21	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	51	45.9	.....
Polk...	65	20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	51	45.9	.....
Portage...	49	43	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	51	45.9	.....
Price...	59.6	34	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	51	45.9	.....
Racine...	48	37	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	51	45.9	.....
Richland...	58	34	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	51	45.9	.....
Rock...	61	32.5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	51	45.9	.....
St. Croix...	52	38	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	51	45.9	.....
Sauk...	54	40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	51	45.9	.....
Sawyer...	43	41	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	51	45.9	.....
Shawano...	47	44	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	51	45.9	.....
Sheboygan...	48	39	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	51	45.9	.....
Taylor...	53	38	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	51	45.9	.....
Trempealeau...	61	29	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	51	45.9	.....
Vernon...	72	20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	51	45.9	.....
Vilas...	42	38	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	51	45.9	.....
Walworth...	66	26	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	51	45.9	.....
Washington...	56	37	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	51	45.9	.....
Waushara...	54	41	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	51	45.9	.....
Waupaca...	65	29	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	51	45.9	.....
Waushara...	78	15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	51	45.9	.....
Winnebago...	54	33	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	51	45.9	.....
Wood...	61	35	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	51	45.9	.....

PROPORTION OF NATIVE AND FOREIGN BORN VOTERS IN
WISCONSIN BY PERCENTAGES.

Compiled by Chas. A. Phelps, Madison, Wis.

Counties.	Percentage native voters.	Percentage foreign born voters.
Adams	66.6	34.4
Ashland	35.5	64.5
Barron	45	55
Bayfield	33.4	66.6
Brown	42.7	57.3
Buffalo	41.7	58.3
Burnett	18.2	81.8
Calumet	46	54
Chippewa	42.8	57.2
Clark	52.5	47.5
Columbia	55.9	44.1
Crawford	61.7	38.3
Dane	50.8	49.2
Dodge	47	53
Door	33.2	66.8
Douglas	40.3	59.7
Dunn	46.3	53.7
Eau Claire	42.4	57.6
Florence	25	75
Fond du Lac	54.6	45.4
Forest	50.1	49.9
Grant	65.8	34.2
Green	62.1	37.9
Green Lake	44.6	55.4
Iowa	55.8	44.2
Iron	52.1	47.9
Jackson	48.8	51.2
Jefferson	62.3	37.7
Juneau	50.4	49.6
Kenosha	27.8	72.2
Kewaunee	44.5	55.5
La Crosse	61.7	38.3
Lafayette	51.5	48.5
Langlade	42.6	57.4
Lincoln	37.3	62.7
Manitowoc	33.2	66.8
Marathon	33.3	66.7
Marquette	47.7	52.3
Milwaukee	35.7	64.3
Monroe	58.5	41.5
Oconto	36.4	63.6
Oneida	65.2	34.8
Outagamie	47.8	52.2
Ozaukee	42.7	57.3
Pepin	52.8	47.2
Pierce	50.4	49.6
Polk	34.2	65.8
Portage	44.1	55.9
Price	33.4	66.6
Racine	43.4	56.6
Richland	82	18
Rock	68	32
St. Croix	40.9	59.1
Sauk	57.3	42.7
Sawyer	40	60
Shawano	33.4	66.6
Sheboygan	44.6	55.4
Taylor	26	74
Trempealeau	34.6	65.4
Vernon	59.2	40.8
Vilas	68.8	31.2
Walworth	45.6	54.4
Washburn	49.6	50.4
Washington	53.2	46.8
Waukesha	48.8	51.2
Waupaca	61.5	38.5
Waushara	50.1	49.9
Winnebago	42.3	57.7
Wood		

PART IV.

**STATE FINANCES.
WISCONSIN PRESS.
WISCONSIN POST OFFICES.
CENSUS.**

THE STATE FINANCES.

Summary of Receipts and Disbursements for the two years ending September 30, 1898.

BALANCE SHEET.

The balances to the credit of the several funds September 30th, 1897, were as follows:

General	\$33,678 21	.....
School	4,805 74	.....
School income	33,584 20	.....
University	4,035 74	.....
Agricultural College	13,341 09	.....
Normal School.....	18,902 23	.....
Drainage	18,133 91	.....
Delinquent tax	2,079 90	.....
Deposit	10,635 67	.....
St. Croix deposit.....	408 02	.....
Redemption	151 92	.....
Wisconsin R. R. & F. Mortgage Land Co.....	4,446 64	.....
Columbia and Sauk Counties, indemnity.....	4,383 40	.....
Allotment	916 54	.....
Total balance		<u>\$150,466 21</u>

The balances in the several funds September 30, 1898, are as follows:

General	\$201,042 86	.....
School	243,672 05	.....
School income	156,059 95	.....
University	56,186 68	.....
Agricultural College	101,602 78	.....
Normal School	105,520 40	.....
Drainage	12,884 37	.....
Delinquent tax	2,481 73	.....
Deposit	10,548 30	.....
St. Croix deposit.....	408 02	.....
Redemption	151 92	.....
Wisconsin R. R. and Farm Mortgage Land Co.....	4,446 64	.....
Columbia and Sauk Counties, indemnity.....	4,462 81	.....
Calumet and Manitowoc indemnity.....	41 86	.....
Allotment	916 54	.....
Total balance		<u>\$900,427 00</u>

SUMMARY OF TOTAL RECEIPTS.

	Oct. 1, 1896, to Sept. 30, 1897.	Oct. 1, 1897, to Sept. 30, 1898.
General Fund	\$2,324,572 01	\$2,971,140 72
School Fund	197,025 61	321,613 23
School Fund Income.....	798,410 26	792,502 81
University Fund	13,784 27	51,250 94
University Fund Income	428,808 86	369,348 26
Agricultural College Fund.....	34,360 06	115,528 69
Agricultural College Fund Income.....	12,250 00	47,825 18
Normal School Fund.....	140,462 29	228,058 17
Normal School Fund Income.....	246,815 10	352,962 93
Drainage Fund	20,314 16	14,822 03
Delinquent Tax Fund.....	6,410 05	5,167 08
Indemnity Fund	2,804 61	3,779 87
Redemption Fund	46 07	.....
Columbia and Sauk Counties, Indemnity Fund.....	507 70	79 41
Calumet and Manitowoc Counties, Indemnity Fund. ....	.....	41 86
Total	\$4,226,571 95	\$5,274,121 18

SUMMARY OF TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS.

	Oct. 1, 1896, to Sept. 30, 1897.	Oct. 1, 1897, to Sept. 30, 1898.
General Fund	\$2,340,709 36	\$2,803,776 07
School Fund	215,372 35	82,746 92
School Fund Income.....	805,224 91	670,027 06
University Fund	30,000 00	.....
University Fund Income.....	428,808 86	369,348 26
Agricultural College Fund.....	86,000 00	27,270 00
Agricultural College Fund Income.....	12,250 00	47,825 18
Normal School Fund.....	213,946 23	141,500 00
Normal School Fund Income.....	246,815 10	352,962 93
Drainage Fund	34,259 52	20,071 57
Delinquent Tax Fund.....	5,514 67	4,765 25
Indemnity Fund	2,804 61	3,779 87
Redemption Fund	80 61	.....
Deposit Fund	124 74	87 28
Columbia and Sauk County, Indemnity Fund.....	35 52	.....
Total	\$4,430,946 48	\$4,525,160 39

RECAPITULATION.

	Oct. 1, 1896, to Sept. 30, 1897.	Oct. 1, 1897, to Sept. 30, 1898.
Balance September 30, 1896.....	\$354,840 74	.....
Receipts for two years.....	9,500,893 13	.....
Disbursements for two years.....		\$8,955,106 87
Balance September 30, 1898.....		900,427 00
Total	\$9,855,533 87	\$9,855,533 87

SUMMARY OF GENERAL FUND RECEIPTS.

	Oct. 1, 1896, to Sept. 30, 1897.	Oct. 1, 1897, to Sept. 30, 1898.
Annual tax for free high schools.....	\$50,000 00	\$50,000 00
Annual tax for Fifth Normal School.....	10,000 00	10,000 00
Annual tax manual training departments.....	2,500 00	2,500 00
Interest on certificates of indebtedness.....	157,570 00	157,570 00
Annual tax State Hospital.....	34,501 31	36,107 94
Northern Hospital for Insane.....	47,725 63	45,720 20
Industrial School for Boys.....	7,874 76	13,313 90
Care chronic insane	80,906 01	82,453 11
Home for Feeble-Minded.....	270 38	4,612 55
Special tax		680,000 00
State Historical Library building.....		60,000 00
Suit tax	7,183 00	7,023 00
Railway companies' license fees.....	1,205,094 54	1,247,357 03
Sleeping car companies' license fees.....	904 75	852 69
Telegraph companies' license fees.....	10,684 28	10,882 15
Telephone and electric companies' license fees.....	10,777 14	15,477 59
Street railway companies' license fees.....	697 17	4,131 90
Loan and trust companies' license fees.....	2,272 80	2,604 10
Log driving and boom companies' license fees.....	1,329 63	1,769 92
Plank road and bridge companies' license fees.....	613 70	683 59
Insurance companies' license fees.....	128,955 68	145,420 72
Charitable and penal institutions.....	79,016 32	92,702 44
Fees	55,774 07	124,513 88
Refunds	113 22	660 83
Miscellaneous	368,816 72	174,783 18
Total receipts	\$2,324,572 01	\$2,971,140 72

WISCONSIN PRESS — Continued.

Counties and Towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
JUNEAU—Cont.					
Necedah.....	Necedah Republican	C. M. Hutchinson.	Rep...	W.	Friday.
New Lisbon....	Juneau Co. Argus....	A. J. Shrake.....	Ind....	W.	Thursday.
New Lisbon....	New Lisbon Times....	Chas. A. Leicht....	Rep....	W.	Wednesday.
Woneewoc.....	Woneewoc Gazette....	H. H. Dunn.....	Rep....	W.	Thursday.
Woneewoc.....	Woneewoc Reporter..	Reporter Pub. Co.	Dem....	W.	Thursday.
KENOSHA—					
Kenosha.....	Kenosha Gazette.....	Frank C. Cully....	Dem..	D & W.	Thursday.
Kenosha.....	Kenosha News.....	(Head and Hewitt	Rep....	D.	
Kenosha.....	Telegraph Courier....	(E. R. G. P.	Rep....	W.	Thursday.
Kenosha.....	Volksfreund.....	Geo. G. Gold.....	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Kenosha.....	Kenosha Union.....	J. A. Killeen.....	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Kewaunee—					
Algoma.....	Algoma Record.....	Record Pub. Co....	Rep....	W.	Friday.
Kewaunee.....	Kewaunee Co. Banner	Kewaunee Ptg Co.	Rep....	W.	Thursday.
Kewaunee.....	Kewaunee Enterprise	A. C. Voehardt....	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Kewaunee.....	Kewaunee Listy (B).	Jas. H. Janda....	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
La Crosse—					
Bangor.....	Bangor Independent.	Frank B. Gesler..	Ind....	W.	Thursday.
La Crosse.....	Daily Press.....	W. S. Luce.....	Ind....	D.	
La Crosse.....	Argus.....	E. W. Calkins....	Rep....	W.	Friday.
La Crosse.....	Weekly Press.....	John A. Kendall..			
La Crosse.....	Boycott's Budget....	W. J. Boycott....	Ind....	W.	Saturday.
La Crosse.....	Morning Chronicle....	Ellis B. Usher....	Dem..	D & W.	Thursday.
La Crosse.....	Nord Stern.....	C. Caudrian.....	Rep....	D & W.	Friday.
La Crosse.....	Nordstern Blatter (G)	A. Caudrian.....		W.	Tuesday.
La Crosse.....	Republican & Leader	W. R. Finch.....	Rep....	D & W.	Saturday.
La Crosse.....	Volksfreund.....	John Barzinger..	Dem..	S. W.	Wed. & Sat.
La Crosse.....	Press—Democrat....	John A. Kendall..	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
La Crosse.....	Vlastenec.....	Soukup Bros. & Jansky	Ind....	W.	Friday.
Onalaska.....	Onalaska Record....	W. J. Showers....	Rep....	W.	Friday.
West Salem..	West Salem Journal.	S. W. Brown.....	Rep....	W.	Thursday.
West Salem..	Nonpareil.....	Geo. W. Hall.....		W.	Friday.
LAFAYETTE—					
Argyle.....	Argyle Atlas.....	G. G. Gaskill.....	Ind....	W.	Thursday.
Belmont.....	Belmont Bee.....	A. Chambers.....	Ind....	W.	Thursday.
Benton.....	Mining Times.....	John Edwards....	Ind....	W.	Friday.
Blanch'rdville	Blanchardville Blade	Carl Chandler....	Ind....	W.	Thursday.
Darlington....	Darling'tn Democrat	Frank McConnell.	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Darlington....	Darlington Journal..	Briton S. Brown..	Rep....	W.	Wednesday.
Darlington....	Darlington Republi-				
	can.....	Jas. G. Monahan..	Rep....	W.	Thursday.
Shullsburg....	Pick and Gad.....	T. J. Law.....	Ind....	W.	Thursday.
Shullsburg....	Southwestern Local.	J. W. Blackstone,			
		Jr.....	Ind....	W.	Saturday.
LANGLADE—					
Antigo.....	Antigo Herald (G)...	Edward Goebel...	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Antigo.....	Antigo Republican..	John A. Ogden....	Rep....	W.	Thursday.
Antigo.....	Weekly News Item...	W. H. Dawley....	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
LINCOLN—					
Merrill.....	Lincoln Co. Anzieger				
	(G).....	F. W. Sallet.....	Dem..	S.-W.	Tues. & Fri.
Merrill.....	Merrill Advocate....	C. N. Johnson....	Rep....	W.	Tuesday.
Merrill.....	Merrill News.....	Thos. N. Locke....	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Merrill.....	Merrill Tribune....	Tribune Pub. Co.	Rep....	W.	Thursday.
Tomahawk....	Tomahawk.....	Tomah'wk Pub Co	Ind....	W.	Saturday.
Tomahawk....	Tomahawk Leader..	H. D. Bliefernicht	Rep....	W.	Thursday.
MANITOWOC—					
Kiel.....	Kiel National Zei-				
	tung (G).....		Ind....	W.	Thursday.
Manitowoc....	Nord Western (G)...	Carl G. Schmidt..	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Manitowoc....	Manitowoc Pilot....	John Nagle.....	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Manitowoc....	Manitowoc Post (G).	Baensch & Guen-			
		rich.....	Rep....	W.	Thursday.

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MANITOWOC— continued.					
Manitowoc....	Manitowoc Press....	H. G. Kress.....	Rep...	W.	Wednesday.
Manitowoc....	Manitowoc Citizen....	Citizen Pub. Co....	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Manitowoc....	Wahrheit.....	O. C. Schmidt.....	Dem...	W.	Thursday.
Manitowoc....	Daily Herald.....	Brant Ptg. Co.....	Ind...	D.	Friday.
Two Rivers....	Chronicle.....	Wm. F. Nash.....	Dem...	W.	Tuesday.
MARATHON—					
Marathon City	Anseiger (G).....	Manson & Co.....	Dem...	W.	Friday.
Mosinee.....	Times.....	S. L. Smith.....	Rep...	W.	Friday.
Wausau.....	Central Wisconsin....	E. H. Johnson.....	Rep...	W.	Saturday.
Wausau.....	Deutsche Pioneer (G)	Gustav Stolze & Sons	Rep...	W.	Saturday.
Wausau.....	Pilot.....	E. B. Thayer.....	Dem...	W.	Tuesday.
Wausau.....	Record.....	Wheelock & Rose....	Rep...	D & W.	Thursday.
Wausau.....	Herald.....	Powers & Lohmar....	Dem...	W.	Friday.
Wausau.....	Wochenblatt (D).....	Heise & Wilke.....	Dem...	W.	Friday.
MARINETTE—					
Marinette.....	Eagle.....	Eagle P't'g Co....	Rep...	D & W.	Saturday.
Marinette.....	Freja.....	Hans Juhl.....	Lit...	W.	Thursday.
Marinette.....	Fremad.....	Hans Juhl.....	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
Marinette.....	Forposten (S).....	James M. Enstrom....	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Marinette.....	The Marinette Argus..	The Argus Co.....	Dem...	W.	Friday.
Marinette.....	North Star.....	Star Pub. Co.....	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Marinette.....	Tribunen (S).....	Carlson & Olson....	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Marinette.....	Volksbote.....	H. Schumacker.....	Lit...	W.	Saturday.
Marinette.....	The Standard.....	High School Ass'n....	Lit...	Mo.	Monday.
Peshtigo.....	Peshtigo Times.....	Thos. Barrett.....	Ind...	W.	Saturday.
Wausaukee....	Independent.....	Winther & Bogra'd Co.	Rep...	W.	Saturday.
MARQUETTE—					
Montello.....	Montello Express....	C. H. Bissell.....	Dem...	W.	Saturday.
Westfield.....	Central Union.....	S. D. Forbes & Son	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
MILWAUKEE—					
Milwaukee....	A. B. C. Post (G.)....	W. W. Coleman's estate.....	Ed....	W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee....	Acker und Gartenbau Zeitung (G)...	The Herald Co....	Agr...	S. M.	Sunday.
Milwaukee....	Amerikanische Turn Zeitung (G.).....	Freidenker Pub. Co.	Ind....	W.	Sunday.
Milwaukee....	Anti-Prohibitionist..	Anti-Prohibitionist Pub. Co.	A-Pro.	W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee....	Au (G.).....	Anton Gfrorner....	Hu....	W.	Sunday.
Milwaukee....	Banner and Volksfreund (G.).....	Banner and Volksfreund Pub. Co.	Dem...	W.	Tuesday.
Milwaukee....	Catholic Citizen.....	Citizen Co.....	Ind...	W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee....	Columbia (G.).....	Catholic Ptg. Soc'y	Rel...	W.	Thursday.
Milwaukee....	Commercial Letter....	F. W. Friesen.....	Com...	D.	Friday.
Milwaukee....	Cudahy Courier.....	Sub. Pub. Co.....	Dem...	W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee....	Daily Appeal.....	Appeal Pub. Co....	Labor.	D.	Wednesday.
Milwaukee....	Deutsches Volksblatt	George Brumder..	Ind...	W.	Wednesday.
Milwaukee....	Domacnost.....	Anton Nowak.....	Ind...	W.	Wednesday.
Milwaukee....	Erholungsstunden (G)	George Brumder..	Lit....	W.	Wednesday.
Milwaukee....	Erziehungs Blätter (G.).....	Freidenker Pub. Co.	Ed....	M.	Monday.
Milwaukee....	Evening Wisconsin..	Evening Wisconsin Co.	Rep...	D & W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee....	Excelsior (G.).....	Excelsior Pub Co.	Dem...	W.	Thursday.
Milwaukee....	Freidenker (G.).....	Freidenker Publishing Co.	Ind...	W.	Sunday.
Milwaukee....	Fuer Unsere Jugend (G.).....	Freidenker Pub. Co.	Ed....	M.	Monday.
Milwaukee....	Gemeinde Blatt (G.)..	Wis. Luth. Synod.	Rel...	S. M.	Sunday.
Milwaukee....	Germania.....	Germania Pub. Co.	Ind...	D & W.	Wednesday.

WISCONSIN PRESS—Continued.

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Milwaukee...	Haus und Bauernfreund (G.)	Germania Pub. Co.	Agr...	W	Wednesday.
Milwaukee...	Hermans Sohn (G.)	Lowenbach & Son	L. O.	S. M.	
Milwaukee...	Herold (G.)	Herold Co.	Ind...	D. & W.	Thursday.
Milwaukee...	Im Familien Kreise (G.)	The Herold Co.	Lit...	R. W.	
Milwaukee...	Journal	Journal Co.	Dem...	D. & W.	Thursday.
Milwaukee...	Jugend Post	The Herold Co.	Juv...	W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee...	Katholische Zeitung (G.)	Catholic Ptg. Co.	Rel...	W.	Thursday.
Milwaukee...	Kinder Post (G.)	The Herold Co.	Juv...	W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee...	Kuryor Polski (P.)	M. Kruszka	Dem...	D.	
Milwaukee...	The Lamplighter	P. W. Peterson	Rel...	M.	
Milwaukee...	Masonic Tidings	{ M. L. Youngs } { J. W. Laffin }	{ S. S. }	M.	
Milwaukee...	Am. School Board Journal	W. G. Bruce	Ed...	M.	
Milwaukee...	Lehrer Post (G.)	The Herold Co.	Ed...	S. M.	
Milwaukee...	Living Church	Young Churchman Co.	Rel...	Q.	
Milwaukee...	Milw. Advance	Schilling & Co.	Ind...	W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee...	Milw. Volkszeitung (G.)	Socialist Pub. Co.	Soc...	D. & W.	
Milwaukee...	Die Wahrheit (G.)	Socialist Pub. Co.	Soc...	W.	
Milwaukee...	National Advance	Schilling & Co.	Peo...	W.	Thursday.
Milwaukee...	National Reformer (G.)	Schilling & Co.	Peo...	W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee...	National HomeGuard	Sub. Pub. Co.	Ind...	W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee...	News	News Pub. Co.	Rep...	D.	
Milwaukee...	North Milw. Gazette	C. J. Brown	Ind...	W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee...	Daily Abstract	Walter Schroeder	Sp...	D.	
Milwaukee...	Reformer und Volksblatt (G.)	Schilling & Co.	Peo...	W.	Sunday.
Milwaukee...	Schulzeitung (G.)	Wis. Luth. Synod	Rel...	M.	
Milwaukee...	Seebote (G.)	P. V. Deuster & Co.	Dem...	D. & W.	Thursday.
Milwaukee...	Sentinel	Sentinel Co.	Rep...	D. & W.	Thursday.
Milwaukee...	Shopard's Arms	Young Churchman Co.	Rel...	W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee...	Milw. Suburbanite	Sub. Pub. Co.	Rep...	W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee...	The Milw. Telegraph	J. A. & R. B. Watrous	Rep...	W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee...	The Sunday Truth	W. J. Kenrick	Ind...	W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee...	Times	Towel Bros	Ind...	S. W.	Wed. & Sat.
Milwaukee...	Unser Blatt (G.)	B. Lowenb'h & Son	L. O.	M.	
Milwaukee...	Vierteljahrliches Magazine (G.)	The Herold Co.	Lit...	Q.	
Milwaukee...	Vereinsbote (G.)	German Branch Y. M. C. A.	Rel...	M.	
Milwaukee...	Warte (G.)	Germania Pub. Co.	Ind...	W.	Wednesday.
Milwaukee...	The Wis. Patriot	A. C. Macrorie & Co.	A. P. A.	W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee...	A. O. U. W. Advocate	H. H. Zahn & Co.	IOUW	M.	
Milwaukee...	Illustrated News	Forest Tibits	Ind...	W.	Sunday.
Milwaukee...	Young Churchman	Young Churchman Co.	Rel...	W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee...	Fram (N and E.)	A. C. Tosterud	Ind...	W.	Friday.
Milwaukee...	The Pneumatic	Pneumatic Pub. Co.	Cyc...	M.	
MONROE—					
Cashton	Cashton Record	Jas. J. McNamamy	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Sparta	Sparta Democrat	Streeter Bros	Dem...	W.	Friday.
Sparta	Sparta Herald	McBride Bros	Rep...	W.	Tuesday.
Sparta	Advertiser	J. R. Hinckley	Dom...	W.	Friday.
Tomah	Tomah Journal	L. B. Squier	Rep...	W.	Saturday.
Tomah	Tomah Monitor	J. A. Wells & Son	Rep...	W.	Wednesday.
Valley Junction	Advocate	E. T. Hale	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
Warrens	Index	J. S. Dunn	Rep...	W.	Friday.
Wilton	Herald	C. H. Brown	Ind...	W.	Friday.

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OCONTO—					
Oconto.....	Enquirer	Rose A. Sharp	Dem ..	W.	Friday.
Oconto.....	Reporter	J. H. Waggoner ..	Rep. ..	W.	Friday.
Oconto.....	Lumberman	J. W. Hall	Rep. ..	W.	Saturday.
Oconto.....	Herald	Porter-Smith Ptg Co ..	Rep. ..	W.	Friday.
Oconto.....	Enterprise	P. A. Badour	Dem ..	W.	Thursday.
Oconto Falls..	Leader	C. D. Perkins	Rep. ..	W.	Thursday.
ONEIDA—					
Rhinelanders..	New North	Rhinelanders Ptg. Co ..	Rep. ..	W.	Thursday.
Rhinelanders..	Rhinelanders Herald.	Herald Pub. Co.	Dem ..	W.	Saturday.
Rhinelanders..	Vindicator	Shaw Pub. Co.	Rep. ..	W.	Tuesday.
Three Lakes...	Three Lakes Enter- prise	Frank Steiner	Rep. ..	W.	Saturday.
OUTAGAMIE—					
Appleton.....	Appleton Crescent ..	Ryan & Bro.	Dem ..	D. & W.	Saturday.
Appleton.....	Appleton Post	Post Pub. Co.	Rep. ..	D. & W.	Thursday.
Appleton.....	Volksfreund (G)	H. W. Meyer	Ind ..	S. W.	Mon. & Th.
Appleton.....	Wecker (G)	C. Roemer	Dem ..	W.	Thursday.
Appleton.....	Das Montags Blatt (G)	H. W. Meyer	Ind ..	W.	Monday.
Appleton.....	Gegenwart	Gegenwart Co.	Ind ..	W.	Thursday.
Appleton.....	Lawrentian	Lit. Society Law- rence Univ.	Lit ..	M.	
Appleton.....	Presbyterian	Presbyterian Ch.	Rel ..	M.	
Hortonville...	Review	Hollenbeck & Nye ..	Rep. ..	W.	Thursday.
Kaukauna.....	Sun	J. I. Toner	Dem ..	W.	Friday.
Kaukauna.....	Times	C. E. Raught	Rep. ..	W.	Friday.
Seymour.....	Press	H. J. Van Vuren..	Rep. ..	W.	Thursday.
OZAUKEE—					
Cedarburg.....	Cedarburg News.....	Alex W. Horn.....	Dem ..	W.	Wednesday.
Port Washing- ton	Ozaukee County Ad- vertiser	M. G. Bohan	Dem ..	W.	Saturday.
Port Washing- ton	Port Washingtn Star	A. D. Bolens.....	Ind ..	W.	Saturday.
Port Washing- ton	Port Washington Zel- tung (G)	Carl Fehlandt	Dem ..	W.	Thursday.
Port Washing- ton	Herold (G)	W. B. Krause	Dem ..	W.	Wednesday.
Port Washing- ton	Pilot	H. Schoensiegel ..	Rep. ..	W.	Thursday.
PEPIN—					
Durand.....	Entering Wedge	Ingram & Goodrich ..	Rep. ..	W.	Thursday.
Durand.....	Pepin Co. Courier ..	Eldridge & Barton ..	Rep. ..	W.	Friday.
Durand.....	Zeitung	R. Morsbach	Dem ..	W.	Tuesday.
Pepin.....	Pepin Star	J. M. Axtell	Dem ..	W.	Thursday.
PIERCE—					
Ellsworth.....	Ellsworth Gleaner...	Toplin & Wight- man	Dem ..	W.	Thursday.
Ellsworth.....	Pierce Co. Herald...	Herald Ptg. Co.	Rep. ..	W.	Thursday.
Prescott.....	Prescott Tribune ..	John Price	Rep. ..	W.	Friday.
River Falls...	River Falls Journal..	C. R. Morse	Rep. ..	W.	Thursday.
Spring Valley.	Spring Valley Sun ..	Chas. Lowater	Rep. ..	W.	Friday.
River Falls...	River Falls Times...	A. T. Churchill...	Ind ..	W.	Tuesday.
POLK—					
Amery.....	Amery Free Press....	M. A. Frissell.....	Rep. ..	W.	Thursday.
Balsam Lake..	Leader	H. A. Pease	Rep. ..	W.	Thursday.
Oscola Mills..	Polk Co. Press	C. E. Mears	Rep. ..	W.	Saturday.
Oscola.....	Sun	A. E. Rose	Ind ..	W.	Thursday.
St. Croix Falls	St. Croix Valley Stan- dard	J. A. Blackwell ..	Ind ..	W.	Thursday.
PORTAGE—					
Amherst.....	Advocate	Hattie Moberg....	Rep. ..	W.	Wednesday.

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PORTAGE — Cont.					
Stevens Point.	Gazette	E. D. Glennon	Dem ..	W.	Wednesday.
Stevens Point.	Journal	E. McClachlin	Rep ..	D. & W.	Saturday.
Stevens Point.	Post (German)	J. H. Gerlich	Ind ..	W.	Saturday.
Stevens Point.	Rolnik (Polish)	S. Hutter	Ind ..	W.	Thursday.
PRICE—					
Phillips	Phillips Boo	Messer Bros	Rep ..	W.	Wednesday.
Phillips	Phillips Times	Sackett Bros	Dem ..	W.	Saturday.
Prentice	Prentice Calumet	Frank H. Bell	Rep ..	W.	Friday.
RACINE—					
Burlington—	Der Standard Democr-	H. E. Zimmerman	Dem ..	W.	Saturday.
	at (G.)	W. R. Davor	Rep ..	W.	Wednesday.
Burlington	Burlington Free Press	H. E. Zimmerman	Dem ..	W.	Saturday.
Burlington	Standard Democrat	Henry Bonn	Ind ..	W.	Wednesday.
Racine	Correspondent	Edward Jensen	Ind ..	W.	Tuesday.
Racine	Folket Avis	Slavie Pub Co	Dem ..	W.	Tuesday.
Racine	Slavie	Journal Ptg. Co	Rep ..	D. & W.	Thursday.
Racine	Racine Journal	Times Pub. Co	Ind ..	D.	Wednesday.
Racine	Racine Times	Times Pub. Co	Ind ..	W.	Wednesday.
Racine	Udoy's Dollar Weekly	News Pub. Co	Ind ..	D.	Thursday.
Racine	Evening News	A. P. Colby	Rep ..	W.	Saturday.
Union Grove	Enterprise	Edward Malone	Ind ..	W.	Saturday.
Waterford	Post				
RICHLAND—					
Richland Center	Richland Democrat	W. G. Barry	Dem ..	W.	Wednesday.
Richland Center	Republican Observer	W. M. Fogo	Rep ..	W.	Thursday.
Richland Center	Richland Rustic	Moody & Bailey	Ind ..	W.	Saturday.
Viola	Intelligencer	Frazier & Frazier	Rep ..	W.	Friday.
ROCK—					
Beloit	Beloit Free Press	Cham. Ingersoll	Rep ..	D. & W.	Thursday.
Beloit	Beloit Daily News	Worthington & Howell	Ind ..	D & W.	Friday.
Beloit	Round Table	Beloit College	Lit ..	Bi-W.	
Beloit	Our Church Life	Cong. Home Mission Society	Rel ..	M.	
Clinton	Clinton Banner	Wilcox & Hoover	Ind ..	W.	Saturday.
Clinton	Clinton Herald	R. W. Cheever	Rep ..	W.	Tuesday.
Edgerton	Wis. Tobacco Reporter	Fred W. Coon	Ind ..	W.	Saturday.
Evansville	Evansville Review	Antese & Magee	Rep ..	W.	Thursday.
Evansville	The Tribune	C. A. Libby	I. Rep ..	W.	Tuesday.
Evansville	The Enterprise	C. A. Libby	I. Rep ..	W.	Saturday.
Evansville	The Badger	Miss Marilla Andrews		W.	
Janesville	Janesville Gazette	Gazette Pub. Co	Rep ..	D. & W.	Wednesday.
Janesville	Janesville Recorder	Recorder Pub. Co	Dem ..	D & W.	Thursday.
Janesville	Janesville Republican	Republican Ptg Co	Rep ..	D.	
Janesville	Janesville Journal (G)	H. W. Frick	Dem ..	W.	Thursday.
Janesville	Wis. Druggists' Exchange	E. B. Heimstreet	Ind ..	M.	
Janesville	Wis. Tobacco Leaf	J. F. Willey	Ind ..	W.	Thursday.
Milton	Milton Telephone	E. L. Spence	Rep ..	W.	Thursday.
Milton Junction	Milton Junction News	F. R. Morriss & Co	Dem ..	W.	Thursday.
ST CROIX—					
Baldwin	Baldwin Bulletin	O. K. Hawley	Rep ..	W.	Friday.
Glenwood	Glenwood Tribune	A. R. & W. H. Towner	Rep ..	W.	Thursday.
Hammond	Hammond News	Chas. S. Florence	Ind ..	W.	Friday.
Hammond	The Superintendent	Hammond Pub. Co. W. Bixby Ed	Ed	M.	
Hudson	Hudson Star and Times	Byron J. Price	Rep ..	W.	Friday.
Hudson	True Republican	Geo. D. Cline	Dem ..	W.	Friday.
New Richm'nd	New Richm'nd Voice	E. J. Scott	Rep ..	W.	Tuesday.

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ST. CROIX—Cont. New Richmond	St. Croix Republican	Abe. C. Van Meter	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
SAUK— Baraboo	The Baraboo Republic	John H. Powers, J. S. & G. H. Hood	Rep...	D. & W.	Wednesday.
Baraboo	Sauk Co. Democrat..	Ed. L. Luckow	Dem...	W.	Thursday.
Baraboo	Baraboo News	H. E. Cole, A. D. Dorsett	Rep...	D. & W.	Wednesday
Baraboo	The View Point	High School	Lit...	M.	
Baraboo	Wisconsin Horticulturist	Wis. Hort. Soc.		M.	
Prairie du Sac	Sauk Co. News	E. J. Browne	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
Reedsburg	Reedsburg Free Press.	W. F. Hill	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Reedsburg	Times	W. G. Evans	Ind...	W.	Wednesday.
Sauk City	Sauk City Pioneer Presse (G.)	C. F. Ninman	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Spring Green ..	Weekly Home News..	W. E. Purdy	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
SAWYER— Hayward	Hayward Republican	J. H. Williams....	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
SHAWANO— Shawano	Shawano Co. Advocate and Dispatch.	Shawano Ptg. Association	Dem...	W.	Thursday.
Shawano	Shawano Co. Journal	D. B. Gorham	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Shawano	Shawano Co. Wochenblatt	L. C. Bold	Dem...	W.	Friday.
Shawano	Shawano Dispatch ..	L. C. Bold	Dem...	W.	Thursday.
Shawano	Shawano Volksbote ..	J. E. Esser	Dem...	W.	Friday.
Wittenberg	Wittenberg Herald ..	W. E. Homme	Rep...	W.	Friday.
Wittenberg	Wittenberg Enterprise	I. R. Nye	Rep...	W.	Friday.
SHEBOYGAN— Plymouth	Nordwestliche Post (G.)	Wandersleben Bros	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
Plymouth	Plymouth Reporter ..	A. J. Strassburger ..	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Plymouth	Plymouth Review	Carroll & Bowers ..	Dem...	W.	Wednesday.
Sheboygan	The Sheboygan Telegram	Telegram Ptg. Co.	Rep...	D.	
Sheboygan	The Sheboygan Telegram	Telegram Ptg. Co.	Rep...	S. W.	Tues. & Fri.
Sheboygan	National Demokrat (G.)	Carl Zillier	Dem...	S. W.	Tues. & Fri.
Sheboygan	Sheboygan Journal	W. M. Root	Dem...	D.	
Sheboygan	Sheboygan Herald	L. K. Howe	Rep...	W.	Saturday.
Sheboygan	Star	W. M. Root	Dem...	W.	Friday.
Sheboygan	Sheboygan Times	Times Pub. Co.	Rep...	W.	Saturday.
Sheboygan	Sheboygan Zeitung (G.)	August Pott	Rep...	S. W.	Tues. & Fri.
Sheboygan Falls	Sheboygan Co. News	John E. Thomas	Dem...	W.	Thursday.
TAYLOR— Medford	Taylor County Star and News	Peter Danielson	Rep...	W.	Saturday.
Medford	Der Waldbote	German Pub. Co.	Dem...	W.	Saturday.
Medford	Medford Democrat	John R. Shattuck	Dem...	W.	Thursday.
Medford	Medford Republican ..	Berger & Lemmers ..	Rep...	W.	Friday.
Rib Lake	Herald	Hand & Voemostek ..		W.	Friday.
TREMPEALEAU— Arcadia	Arcadian	S. C. Wheeler	Rep...	W.	Friday.
Arcadia	Leader	F. J. Barth	Dem...	W.	Thursday.
Blair	The Blair Press	Henry Russell	Rep...	W.	Friday.
Galesville	Galesville Independent	Bunson Bros	Ind...	W.	Friday.
Galesville	Galesville Republican	B. A. Gipple	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Independence ..	News-Wave	Geo. A. & Ada E. Markham	Ind...	W.	Saturday.

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TREMPEALEAU—Con.					
Osseo.....	Weekly Recorder.....	W. S. Gilpin.....	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
Trempealeau..	Trempealeau Gazette	C. S. Utter.....	Dem...	W.	Friday.
Trempealeau..	Trempealeau Herald.	E. N. & A. D. Goodhue.....	Rep...	W.	Friday.
Whitehall.....	Whitehall Times and Blair Banner.....	J. B. Beach.....	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
VERNON—					
De Soto.....	De Soto Herald.....	F. & I. E. Cooley..	Rep...	W.	Friday.
Hillsboro.....	Hillsboro Sentry.....	W. W. Shear.....	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Viroqua.....	Vernon Co. Censor..	O. G. Munson.....	Rep...	W.	Wednesday.
Viroqua.....	Vernon Co. Leader...	F. H. Graves.....	Dem...	W.	Friday.
Viroqua.....	Viroqua Republican.	E. H. Briggs & Co.	Rep...	W.	Tuesday.
La Farge.....	Enterprise.....	J. W. Robinson..	Pro...	W.	Friday.
Readstown....	Herald.....	Geo. Maiben.....	Local.	.....	.....
VILAS—					
Eagle River...	Vilas County News..	Democrat Ptg. Co.	Rep...	W.	Monday.
Eagle River...	Eagle River Review..	O. B. Moon.....	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Minocqua.....	Minocqua Times.....	C. W. Hooper.....	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Minocqua.....	Vilas Republican....	F. Steiner.....	Rep...	W.	.....
WALWORTH—					
Darleh.....	Dispatch.....	Chas. F. Dixon...	Ind...	W.	Wednesday.
Delavan.....	Wisconsin Times....	State Board of Control.....	Lit....	W.	Thursday.
Delavan.....	Enterprise.....	F. M. Stevens.....	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Delavan.....	Republican.....	W. G. Weeks.....	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
East Troy.....	News.....	O. R. Kurzkrok...	Ind...	W.	Wednesday.
Elkhorn.....	Blade.....	H. H. Tubbs.....	Pro...	W.	Tuesday.
Elkhorn.....	Independent.....	Park & Kenney...	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Lake Geneva..	Herald.....	J. E. Nethercut...	Rep...	W.	Friday.
Lake Geneva..	News.....	W. A. McAfferty..	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
Sharon.....	Reporter.....	Geo. F. Ziegau...	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
Whitewater...	Gazette.....	Hotchkiss & Bloodgood.....	Ind...	W.	Wednesday.
Whitewater...	Register.....	Coe & Roethe....	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
WASHBURN—					
Shell Lake....	Shell Lake Watchm'n	G. L. & J. E. Jones	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Shell Lake....	Washburn Co. Regis'r	Register Pub. Co.	Rep...	W.	Saturday.
Spooner.....	Spooner Register....	Register Pub. Co.	Rep...	W.	Saturday.
WASHINGTON—					
Hartford.....	Hartford Press.....	J. M. LeCount & Co.....	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Hartford.....	Hartford Times.....	A. J. Hemmy.....	Dem...	W.	Thursday.
Kewaskum....	Kewaakum Statesman	C. E. Krahn.....	Dem...	W.	Saturday.
West Bend....	Boebachter (G.)....	Arthur Franckenberg.....	Dem...	W.	Friday.
West Bend....	Washington Co. Pilot	H. B. Kaempfer..	Dem...	W.	Wednesday.
West Bend....	West Bend Democrat	Arthur Franckenberg.....	Dem...	W.	Wednesday.
Schleisinger-ville.....	Botschafter (G.)....	Otto Sandmayr...	Rep...	W.	Friday.
WAUKESHA—					
Eagle.....	Eagle Quill.....	H. M. Loibl.....	Dem...	W.	Friday.
Hartland.....	News and Dairyman.	Schwentes & Hanson.....	Ind...	W.	Saturday.
Menomonee Falls.....	Menomonee Falls News.....	W. H. Bintelman.	Rep...	W.	Saturday.
Oconomowoc..	Oconomowoc Republican	Pettibone & Pettibone.....	Rep...	W.	Saturday.
Oconomowoc..	Wisconsin Free Press	Edwin Huribut...	Rep...	W.	Saturday.
Waukesha....	Waukesha Democrat	P. H. Carney.....	Dem...	W.	Saturday.
Waukesha....	Waukesha Dispatch.	A. F. Warden.....	Dem...	W.	Friday.
Waukesha....	Waukesha Freeman.	H. M. Youmans...	Rep...	W.	Thursday.

WISCONSIN PRESS — Continued.

Counties and Towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
WAUPACA—					
Clintonville...	Clintonville Tribune.	Frank H. Brady...	Rep...	W.	Friday.
Clintonville...	Clintonville Sun.....	Dougherty Bros...	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Iola.....	Iola Herald.....	Chas. H. Worby...	Rep...	W.	Friday.
Manawa.....	Advocate.....	A. C. Walch.....	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
Marion.....	Marion Advertiser...	S. L. Perry.....	Rep...	W.	Friday.
New London...	New London Press...	Chas. F. Carr.....	Dem...	W.	Thursday.
New London...	New London Tribune	Clark & Chaso...	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
New London...	Republican.....	Hollenback & Nye	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Ogdensburg...	The New Epoch.....	Geo. Ratcliffe...	Dem...	W.	Thursday.
Waupaca.....	Waupaca Post.....	Sturtevant & Ware	Rep...	W.	Friday.
Waupaca.....	Waupaca Record.....	W. E. Carpenter...	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
Waupaca.....	Waupaca Republican	W. H. Holmes.....	Rep...	W.	Friday.
Weyauwega...	Weyauwega Chroni- cle.....	F. H. Voshardt....	Ind...	W.	Wednesday.
Weyauwega...	Der DeutscheChroni- cle.....	F. H. Voshardt....	Ind...	W.	Wednesday.
WAUSHARA—					
Hancock.....	Hancock News.....	Roy L. Thompson	Rep...	W.	Friday.
Plainfield.....	Plainfield Sun.....	L. W. Chapman...	Rep...	W.	Friday.
Wautoma.....	Wausara Argus.....	Ellarson & Berray	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
WINNEBAGO—					
Menasha.....	Menasha Evening Breeze.....	J. R. Bloom.....	Ind...	D & W.	Saturday.
Menasha.....	Saturday Evening Press.....	Dunham & Deets	Rep...	D & W.	Saturday.
Menasha.....	Winnebago Anzel- er (G).....	J. C. Klinker.....	Dem...	W.	Friday.
Menasha.....	Daily Press.....	Dunham & Deets	Ind...	D	
Neenah.....	City Times.....	J. N. Stone.....	Dem...	D & W.	Saturday.
Neenah.....	Daskern (D).....	Jersild Pub. Co...	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Neenah.....	Twin City News...	L. H. Kimball...	Rep...	D & W.	Friday.
Omro.....	Journal.....	P. M. Wright.....	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
Omro.....	Omro Herald.....	C. H. Slocum.....	Rep...	W.	Friday.
Oshkosh.....	L. A. W. Pointer.....	L. A. W. Pointer.	Pub. Co.	Cyc...	M.
Oshkosh.....	Labor Advocate.....	Osh. T. & L. Coun- cil.....	Lab...	W.	Thursday.
Oshkosh.....	M. E. Tidings.....	E. H. Leonard...	Rel...	M.	
Oshkosh.....	Northwestern.....	Hicks Ptg. Co...	Rep...	D & W.	Saturday.
Oshkosh.....	Pilgrim.....	E. H. Smith.....	Rel...	M.	
Oshkosh.....	Signal.....	B. E. Van Keuren	Pro...	W.	Wednesday.
Oshkosh.....	Times.....	Times Pub. Co...	Dem...	D & W.	Saturday.
Oshkosh.....	Wisconsin Telegraph (G).....	Wis. Tel. Pub. Co	Dem...	W.	Friday.
Oshkosh.....	Enterprise.....	E. H. Leonard...	Rep...	D.	
Winneconne...	Local.....	B. E. Crowe.....	Ind...	W.	Friday.
WOOD—					
Centralia.....	Centralia Enterprise and Tribune.....	Brundage Bros...	Dem...	W.	Saturday.
Grand Rapids...	Wood County Re- porter.....	A. L. Fontaine...	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Marshfield....	Marshfield Democrat (G).....	H. J. & A. G. Pan- kow.....	Dem...	W.	Thursday.
Marshfield....	Marshfield News.....	Adam Palus.....	Dem...	W.	Thursday.
Marshfield....	Marshfield Times...	J. H. White.....	Rep...	W.	Friday.
Marshfield....	Marshfield Democrat (G).....	Demokrat Pub. Co	Dem...	W.	Thursday.
Pittsville.....	Yellow River Pilot..	Jas. R. Howe.....	Dem...	W.	Friday.

WISCONSIN POST OFFICES.

The following is a list of the post offices in Wisconsin arranged alphabetically, with counties, and corrected from official sources up to January 1st, 1909. Offices in italic type are money order offices authorized to issue and to pay money orders. Those marked with an asterisk (*) are international as well as domestic money order offices. Offices indicated by the sign \$ are authorized to issue "limited money orders" and not money orders, nor to pay money orders, and those with a double dagger (‡) postoffices discontinued for the winter. By the letters (c b in parentheses, county seats are indicated.

A.		B.	
Aaron	Barnett	Andrus	Polk
Abbeville	Cara	Andrus	Shawano
Abbeville	Carroll	Andrus	Monroe
Abbeville	Carroll	Andrus	Shawano
Abbeville	Carroll	Andrus	Grant
Abbeville	Carroll	Andrus	Dunn
Abbeville	Carroll	Andrus	Chippewa
Abbeville	Carroll	Andrus	Eau Claire
Abbeville	Carroll	Andrus	Langlade
Abbeville	Carroll	Andrus	Iowa
Abbeville	Carroll	Andrus	Chippewa
Abbeville	Carroll	Andrus	Outagamie
Abbeville	Carroll	Andrus	Polk
Abbeville	Carroll	Andrus	Outagamie
Abbeville	Carroll	Andrus	Vilas
Abbeville	Carroll	Andrus	Trempealeau
Abbeville	Carroll	Andrus	Iowa
Abbeville	Carroll	Andrus	Lafayette
Abbeville	Carroll	Andrus	Pepin
Abbeville	Carroll	Andrus	Adams
Abbeville	Carroll	Andrus	Barren
Abbeville	Carroll	Andrus	Columbia
Abbeville	Carroll	Andrus	Juneau
Abbeville	Carroll	Andrus	Fond du Lac
Abbeville	Carroll	Andrus	Forest
Abbeville	Carroll	Andrus	Portage
Abbeville	Carroll	Andrus	Wood
Abbeville	Carroll	Andrus	Grant
Abbeville	Carroll	Andrus	Fond du Lac
Abbeville	Carroll	Andrus	Dodge
Abbeville	Carroll	Andrus	Ashtabula
Abbeville	Carroll	Andrus	Bayfield
Abbeville	Carroll	Andrus	Richland
Abbeville	Carroll	Andrus	Dane
Abbeville	Carroll	Andrus	Brown
Abbeville	Carroll	Andrus	Dane
Abbeville	Carroll	Andrus	Marinette
Abbeville	Carroll	Andrus	Marathon
Abbeville	Carroll	Andrus	Polk
Abbeville	Carroll	Andrus	Green
Abbeville	Carroll	Andrus	Dodge
Abbeville	Carroll	Andrus	Wood
Abbeville	Carroll	Andrus	Eau Claire
Abbeville	Carroll	Andrus	Washington
Abbeville	Carroll	Andrus	Waushara
Abbeville	Carroll	Andrus	Vernon
Abbeville	Carroll	Andrus	Iowa
Abbeville	Carroll	Andrus	Rock
Abbeville	Carroll	Andrus	Jefferson

B.		
Babcock	Wood	Blanchardville
Badger	Portage	Blanding
Badger Mills	Chippewa	Blender
Bagley	Grant	Bloom City
Baileys Harbor	Door	Bloomer
Bakerville	Wood	Bloomington
Baldwin	St. Croix	Bloomville
Baldwins Mills	Waupaca	Blueberry
Balmoral	Richland	Bluemounds
Balsam Lake (c. h.)	Polk	Blue River
Bancroft	Portage	Boadman
*Bangor	La Crosse	Boaz
Banner	Fond du Lac	Bohri
*Barraboo (c. h.)	Sauk	Bolt
Barney	Marathon	Bottonville
*Barneveld	Iowa	Boma
Barnum	Crawford	Bonduel
Barre Mills	La Crosse	Boom
*Barron (c. h.)	Barron	Borth
Barnett	Barron	*Boscobel
Bartel Station	Ozaukee	Bowers
Baron	Washington	Boyceville
Barwig	Dane	Boyd
Basco	Dane	Boytown
Bashaw	Washburn	Brackett
Bashford	Richland	Bracklin
Bassett	Kenosha	Bradville
Basswood	Richland	Brady's
Batley	Outagamie	Bragg
Bay City	Pierce	Branch
Bayfield	Bayfield	Brandon
Bay Settlement	Brown	Branstad
Bay View (station *D.)	Milwaukee	Brant
Beach	Richland	Brantwood
Bear Valley	Richland	Braxington
Beaumont	Racine	Breed
Beaver	Marinette	Briarton
Beavercreek	Jackson	Bridgeport
*Beaver Dam	Dodge	Briggsville
Beechwood	Sheboygan	Brighton
Beetown	Grant	*Britton
Beldenville	Pierce	Bristol
Belgium	Ozaukee	Brinkman
Bel Center	Crawford	Bristow
Bellefontain	Columbia	British Hollow
Belleplaine	Shawano	*Brookfield
Bellerive	Dane	Brookfield
Belmont	Lafayette	Brooklyn
*Beloit	Rock	Brookside
Bem	Green	Brookville
Bennett Siding	Douglas	Brothertown
Benoit	Bayfield	Browdeer
Benton	Lafayette	Browning
Bergen	Rock	Brownsville
*Berlin	Green Lake	Brownstown
Bernhard	Jefferson	Bruce
Berryville	Kenosha	Brule
Berthelet	Milwaukee	Brushville
Bevent	Marathon	Brussels
Bigbend	Waukesha	Bryant
Bigfalls	Waupaca	Buckcreek
Bigflats	Adams	Buckeye
Bigpatch	Grant	Budd
Bigriver	Pierce	Buenavista
*Bigspring	Adams	Buffalo
Big	Fond du Lac	Buncombe
Binhamton	Outagamie	Bungert
Birchlake	Gayfield	Bunyan
*Birnamwood	Shawano	Burke
Bissell	Walworth	Burkhardt
Blackcreek	Outagamie	*Burlington
Black Earth	Dane	Burnett Junction
Blackhawk	Sauk	Burns
*Black River Falls (c. h.)	Jackson	Burr
Blaine	Portage	Burroak
Blair	Trempealeau	Burton
Blairmoor	Dunn	Bushman
Blake	Polk	Butler
		Butte des Morts
		Lafayette
		Burnett
		Wood
		Richland
		Chippewa
		Vernon
		Grant
		Lincoln
		Douglas
		Dane
		Grant
		St. Croix
		Richland
		Buffalo
		Kewaunee
		Washington
		Crawford
		Shawano
		Winnebago
		Wausara
		Grant
		Walworth
		Dunn
		Chippewa
		Crawford
		Eau Claire
		Barron
		Grant
		Richland
		Columbia
		Manitowoc
		Fond du Lac
		Burnett
		Calumet
		Price
		Pierce
		Oconto
		Shawano
		Crawford
		Marquette
		Kenosha
		Calumet
		Kenosha
		Vernon
		Vernon
		Grant
		Green
		Taylor
		Waukesha
		Green
		Oconto
		St. Croix
		Calumet
		Milwaukee
		Marquette
		Dodge
		Green
		Chippewa
		Douglas
		Door
		Lanclado
		Richland
		Richland
		Vernon
		Portage
		Buffalo
		Lafayette
		Outagamie
		Polk
		Dane
		St. Croix
		Racine
		Dodge
		La Crosse
		Vernon
		La Crosse
		Grant
		Marathon
		Milwaukee
		Winnebago

WISCONSIN PRESS — Continued.

Counties and Towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.	Daily or Weekly	Publication day.
TREMPEALEAU—Con.					
Osseo.....	Weekly Recorder.....	W. S. Gilpin.....	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
Trempealeau.....	Trempealeau Gazette.....	C. S. Utter.....	Dem...	W.	Friday.
Trempealeau.....	Trempealeau Herald.....	E. N. & A. D. Goodhue.....	Rep...	W.	Friday.
Whitehall.....	Whitehall Times and Blair Banner.....	J. B. Beach.....	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
VERNON—					
De Soto.....	De Soto Herald.....	F. & I. E. Cooley.....	Rep...	W.	Friday.
Hillsboro.....	Hillsboro Sentry.....	W. W. Shear.....	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Viroqua.....	Vernon Co. Censor.....	O. G. Munson.....	Rep...	W.	Wednesday.
Viroqua.....	Vernon Co. Leader.....	F. H. Graves.....	Dem...	W.	Friday.
Viroqua.....	Viroqua Republican.....	E. H. Briggs & Co.....	Rep...	W.	Tuesday.
La Farge.....	Enterprise.....	J. W. Robinson.....	Pro...	W.	Friday.
Readstown.....	Herald.....	Geo. Maiben.....	Local.....		
VILAS—					
Eagle River.....	Vilas County News.....	Democrat Ptg. Co.....	Rep...	W.	Monday.
Eagle River.....	Eagle River Review.....	O. B. Moon.....	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Minocqua.....	Minocqua Times.....	C. W. Hooper.....	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Minocqua.....	Vilas Republican.....	F. Steiner.....	Rep...	W.	
WALWORTH—					
Darleh.....	Dispatch.....	Chas. F. Dixon.....	Ind...	W.	Wednesday.
Delavan.....	Wisconsin Times.....	State Board of Control.....	Lit....	W.	Thursday.
Delavan.....	Enterprise.....	F. M. Stevens.....	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Delavan.....	Republican.....	W. G. Weeks.....	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
East Troy.....	News.....	O. R. Kurzrok.....	Ind...	W.	Wednesday.
Elkhorn.....	Blade.....	H. H. Tubbs.....	Pro...	W.	Tuesday.
Elkhorn.....	Independent.....	Park & Kenney.....	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Lake Geneva.....	Herald.....	J. E. Nethercut.....	Rep...	W.	Friday.
Lake Geneva.....	News.....	W. A. McAfferty.....	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
Sharon.....	Reporter.....	Geo. F. Ziegans.....	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
Whitewater.....	Gazette.....	Hotchkiss & Bloodgood.....	Ind...	W.	Wednesday.
Whitewater.....	Register.....	Coe & Roethe.....	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
WASHBURN—					
Shell Lake.....	Shell Lake Watchm'n.....	G. L. & J. E. Jones.....	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Shell Lake.....	Washburn Co. Register.....	Register Pub. Co.....	Rep...	W.	Saturday.
Spooner.....	Spooner Register.....	Register Pub. Co.....	Rep...	W.	Saturday.
WASHINGTON—					
Hartford.....	Hartford Press.....	J. M. LeCount & Co.....	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Hartford.....	Hartford Times.....	A. J. Hemmy.....	Dem...	W.	Thursday.
Kewaskum.....	Kewaskum Statesman.....	C. E. Krahn.....	Dem...	W.	Saturday.
West Bend.....	Boebachter (G.).....	Arthur Franckenberg.....	Dem...	W.	Friday.
West Bend.....	Washington Co. Pilot.....	H. B. Kaempfer.....	Dem...	W.	Wednesday.
West Bend.....	West Bend Democrat.....	Arthur Franckenberg.....	Dem...	W.	Wednesday.
Schleisinger-ville.....	Botschachter (G.).....	Otto Sandmayr.....	Rep...	W.	Friday.
WAUKESHA—					
Eagle.....	Eagle Quill.....	H. M. Loibl.....	Dem...	W.	Friday.
Hartland.....	News and Dairyman.....	Schwentes & Hanson.....	Ind...	W.	Saturday.
Menomonee Falls.....	Menomonee Falls News.....	W. H. Rintelman.....	Rep...	W.	Saturday.
Oconomowoc.....	Oconomowoc Republican.....	Pettibone & Pettibone.....	Rep...	W.	Saturday.
Oconomowoc.....	Wisconsin Free Press.....	Edwin Hurlbut.....	Rep...	W.	Saturday.
Waukesha.....	Waukesha Democrat.....	P. H. Carney.....	Dem...	W.	Saturday.
Waukesha.....	Waukesha Dispatch.....	A. F. Warden.....	Dem...	W.	Friday.
Waukesha.....	Waukesha Freeman.....	H. M. Youmans.....	Rep...	W.	Thursday.

WISCONSIN PRESS — Continued.

Counties and Towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.	Daily or Weekly.	Publication Day.
WAUPACA—					
Clintonville...	Clintonville Tribune.	Frank H. Brady ..	Rep...	W.	Friday.
Clintonville...	Clintonville Sun	Dougherty Bros...	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Iola	Iola Herald	Chas. H. Worby...	Rep...	W.	Friday.
Manawa...	Advocate	A. C. Walch	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
Marion	Marion Advertiser...	S. L. Perry	Rep...	W.	Friday.
New London...	New London Press...	Chas. F. Carr	Dem...	W.	Thursday.
New London...	New London Tribune	Clark & Chase	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
New London...	Republican	Hollenback & Nye	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Ogdensburg...	The New Epoch	Geo. Ratcliffe	Dem...	W.	Thursday.
Waupaca...	Waupaca Post	Sturtevant & Ware	Rep...	W.	Friday.
Waupaca...	Waupaca Record	W. E. Carpenter...	Ind...	W.	Friday.
Waupaca...	Waupaca Republican	W. H. Holmes	Rep...	W.	Friday.
Weyauwega...	Weyauwega Chroni-				
	cle	F. H. Voshardt....	Ind...	W.	Wednesday.
Weyauwega...	Der Deutsche Chroni-				
	cle	F. H. Voshardt....	Ind...	W.	Wednesday.
WAUSHARA—					
Hancock	Hancock News	Roy L. Thompson	Rep...	W.	Friday.
Plainfield	Plainfield Sun	L. W. Chapman ..	Rep...	W.	Friday.
Wautoma	Waushara Argus	Ellarson & Berray	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
WINNEBAGO—					
Menasha	Menasha Evening				
	Breeze	J. R. Bloom	Ind...	D & W.	Saturday.
Menasha	Saturday Evening				
	Press	Dunham & Deets ..	Rep...	D & W.	Saturday.
Menasha	Winnebago Anzel-				
	ger (G)	J. C. Klinker	Dem...	W.	Friday.
Menasha	Daily Press	Dunham & Deets ..	Ind...	D.	
Neenah	City Times	J. N. Stone	Dem...	D & W.	Saturday.
Neenah	Daskern (D)	Jersild Pub. Co ..	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Neenah	Twin City News	L. H. Kimball	Rep...	D & W.	Friday.
Omro	Journal	P. M. Wright	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
Omro	Omro Herald	C. H. Slocum	Rep...	W.	Friday.
Oshkosh	L. A. W. Pointer	L. A. W. Pointer ..			
	Pub Co	Pub Co	Cyc...	M.	
Oshkosh	Labor Advocate	Osh. T. & L. Coun-			
		cil	Lab...	W.	Thursday.
Oshkosh	M. E. Tidings	E. H. Leonard	Rel...	M.	
Oshkosh	Northwestern	Hicks Ptg. Co	Rep...	D & W.	Saturday.
Oshkosh	Pilgrim	E. H. Smith	Rel...	M.	
Oshkosh	Signal	B. E. Van Keuren	Pro...	W.	Wednesday.
Oshkosh	Times	Times Pub. Co	Dem...	D & W.	Saturday.
Oshkosh	Wisconsin Telegraph				
	(G)	Wis. Tel. Pub. Co	Dem...	W.	Friday.
Oshkosh	Enterprise	E. H. Leonard	Rep...	D.	
Winneconne ..	Local	R. B. Crowe	Ind...	W.	Friday.
WOOD—					
Centralia	Centralia Enterprise				
	and Tribune	Brundage Bros...	Dem...	W.	Saturday.
Grand Rapids...	Wood County Re-				
	porter	A. L. Fontaine	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Marshfield	Marshfield Democrat				
	(G)	H. J. & A. G. Pan-			
		kow	Dem...	W.	Thursday.
Marshfield	Marshfield News	Adam Palus	Dem...	W.	Thursday.
Marshfield	Marshfield Times	J. H. White	Rep...	W.	Friday.
Marshfield	Marshfield Democrat				
	(G)	Demokrat Pub. Co	Dem...	W.	Thursday.
Pittsville	Yellow River Pilot ..	Jas. R. Howe	Dem...	W.	Friday.

WISCONSIN POST OFFICES.

The following is a list of the post offices in Wisconsin arranged alphabetically, with counties, and corrected from official sources up to January 1st, 1899. Offices in *italic type* are money order offices authorized to issue and to pay money orders. Those marked with an asterisk (*) are international as well as domestic money order offices. Offices indicated by the sign (§) are authorized to issue "limited money orders" and not money orders, nor to pay money orders, and those with a double dagger (‡) postoffices discontinued for the winter. By the letters (c. h.) in parentheses, county seats are indicated.

A.	
Aaron.....	Burnett
Abbotsford	Clark
Ableman.....	Sauk
Adams.....	Oconto
Ackerville.....	Washington
Ada.....	Sheboygan
Adams.....	Walworth
Adams Center.....	Adams
Addison.....	Washington
Adell.....	Sheboygan
Adney.....	Crawford
Adsit.....	Dane
Advance.....	Shawano
Afon.....	Rock
Alajana.....	Polk
Alaska.....	Kewaunee
Alban.....	Portage
* Albany.....	Green
Albertville.....	Chippewa
Albion.....	Dane
Alden.....	Polk
Alderly.....	Dodge
* Algoma.....	Kewaunee
Aliceton.....	Jefferson
§ Allengrove.....	Walworth
Allenton.....	Washington
Allenville.....	Winnebago
Alloa.....	Columbia
* Alma (c. h.).....	Buffalo
* Alma Center.....	Jackson
Almona.....	Barron
Almond.....	Portage
Alstad.....	Burnett
Aldorf.....	Wood
Alto.....	Fond du Lac
Aluona.....	Eau Claire
Alverno.....	Manitowoc
Amanda.....	Oconto
Amberg.....	Marinette
Amery.....	Polk
Amherst.....	Portage
Amherst Junction.....	Portage
Amos.....	Dane
Amy.....	Dunn
Anchorage.....	Buffalo
Anderson.....	Grant
Andrus.....	Polk
Angelica.....	Shawano
Angelo.....	Monroe
Antwa.....	Shawano
Annaton.....	Grant
Annsburg.....	Dunn
Anson.....	Chippewa
Anthony.....	Eau Claire
* Antigo (c. h.).....	Langlade
Apex.....	Iowa
Apollonia.....	Chippewa
Applecreek.....	Outagamie
Appleriver.....	Polk
* Appleton (c. h.).....	Outagamie
Arborvitae.....	Vilas
Arcadia.....	Trempealeau
Arena.....	Iowa
Argyle.....	Lafayette
Arkansas.....	Pepin
Arkdale.....	Adams
Arland.....	Barron
Arlington.....	Columbia
Armenia.....	Juneau
Armstrong.....	Fond du Lac
Armstrong Creek.....	Forest
Arnott.....	Portage
Arpin.....	Wood
Arthur.....	Grant
Ashford.....	Fond du Lac
Ashippun.....	Dodge
* Ashland (c. h.).....	Ashland
Ashland Junction.....	Bayfield
Ashridge.....	Richland
Ashton.....	Dane
Askeaton.....	Brown
Assembly.....	Dane
Athelstane.....	Marinette
Athens.....	Marathon
Atlas.....	Polk
Atzica.....	Green
Atwater.....	Dodge
Auburndale.....	Wood
Augusta.....	Eau Claire
Aurora.....	Washington
Aurorahville.....	Waushara
Avalanche.....	Vernon
Avoca.....	Iowa
Avon.....	Rock
Aztalan.....	Jefferson

B.

<i>Babcock</i>	Wood	<i>Blanchardville</i>	Lafayette
<i>Badger</i>	Portage	<i>Blanding</i>	Burnett
<i>Badger Mills</i>	Chippewa	<i>Blenker</i>	Wood
<i>Bagley</i>	Grant	<i>Bloom City</i>	Richland
<i>Baileys Harbor</i>	Door	<i>Bloomer</i>	Chippewa
<i>Bakerville</i>	Wood	<i>Bloomington</i>	Vernon
<i>Baldwin</i>	St. Croix	<i>Bloomville</i>	Grant
<i>Baldwins Mills</i>	Waupaca	<i>Blueberry</i>	Lincoln
<i>Balmoral</i>	Richland	<i>Bluebonds</i>	Douglas
<i>Balsam Lake (c. h.)</i>	Polk	<i>Blue River</i>	Dane
<i>Bancroft</i>	Portage	<i>Boaz</i>	Grant
<i>*Bangor</i>	La Crosse	<i>Boardsman</i>	St. Croix
<i>Banner</i>	Fond du Lac	<i>Boaz</i>	Richland
<i>*Baraboo (c. h.)</i>	Sauk	<i>Bohri</i>	Buffalo
<i>Barney</i>	Marathon	<i>Bolt</i>	Kewaunee
<i>*Barneveld</i>	Iowa	<i>Bollonville</i>	Washington
<i>Barnum</i>	Crawford	<i>Boma</i>	Crawford
<i>Barre Mills</i>	La Crosse	<i>Bonduel</i>	Shawano
<i>*Barron (c. h.)</i>	Barron	<i>Boom</i>	Winnebago
<i>Barronett</i>	Barron	<i>Borth</i>	Waushara
<i>Bartel Station</i>	Ozaukee	<i>*Boscobel</i>	Grant
<i>Barton</i>	Washington	<i>Bowers</i>	Walworth
<i>Barwig</i>	Dane	<i>Boyceville</i>	Dunn
<i>Basco</i>	Dane	<i>Boyd</i>	Chippewa
<i>Bashaw</i>	Washburn	<i>Boydton</i>	Crawford
<i>Bashford</i>	Richland	<i>Brackett</i>	Eau Claire
<i>Bassett</i>	Kenosha	<i>Bracklin</i>	Barron
<i>Basswood</i>	Richland	<i>Bradville</i>	Grant
<i>Batley</i>	Outagamie	<i>Brady's</i>	Richland
<i>Bay City</i>	Pierce	<i>Bragg</i>	Columbia
<i>Bayfield</i>	Bayfield	<i>Branch</i>	Manitowoc
<i>Bay Settlement</i>	Brown	<i>Brandon</i>	Fond du Lac
<i>Bay View (station *D.)</i>	Milwaukee	<i>Branstad</i>	Burnett
<i>Beach</i>	Richland	<i>Brant</i>	Calumet
<i>Bear Valley</i>	Richland	<i>Brantwood</i>	Price
<i>Beaumont</i>	Racine	<i>Braunton</i>	Pierce
<i>Beaver</i>	Marquette	<i>Breed</i>	Oconto
<i>Beavercreek</i>	Jackson	<i>Briarton</i>	Shawano
<i>*Beaver Dam</i>	Dodge	<i>Bridgeport</i>	Crawford
<i>Beechwood</i>	Sheboygan	<i>Briggsville</i>	Marquette
<i>Beetown</i>	Grant	<i>Brighton</i>	Kenosha
<i>Beldenville</i>	Pierce	<i>*Britton</i>	Calumet
<i>Belyum</i>	Ozaukee	<i>Bristol</i>	Kenosha
<i>Bell Center</i>	Crawford	<i>Brinkman</i>	Vernon
<i>Bellefontain</i>	Columbia	<i>Bristow</i>	Vernon
<i>Belleplaine</i>	Shawano	<i>British Hollow</i>	Grant
<i>Belleville</i>	Dane	<i>*Broadhead</i>	Green
<i>Belmont</i>	Lafayette	<i>Broederville</i>	Taylor
<i>*Beloit</i>	Rock	<i>Brookfield</i>	Waukesha
<i>Bem</i>	Green	<i>Brooklyn</i>	Green
<i>Bennett Siding</i>	Douglas	<i>Brookside</i>	Oconto
<i>Benoit</i>	Bayfield	<i>Brookville</i>	St. Croix
<i>Benion</i>	Lafayette	<i>Brothertown</i>	Calumet
<i>Bergen</i>	Rock	<i>Browndeer</i>	Milwaukee
<i>*Berlin</i>	Green Lake	<i>Brownine</i>	Marquette
<i>Bernhard</i>	Jefferson	<i>Brownsville</i>	Dodge
<i>Berryville</i>	Kenosha	<i>Browtown</i>	Green
<i>Berthelet</i>	Milwaukee	<i>Bruce</i>	Chippewa
<i>Bevent</i>	Marathon	<i>Brule</i>	Douglas
<i>Bigbend</i>	Waukesha	<i>Brushville</i>	Waushara
<i>Bigfalls</i>	Waupaca	<i>Brussels</i>	Door
<i>Bigflats</i>	Adams	<i>Bryant</i>	Langlade
<i>Bigpatch</i>	Grant	<i>Buckcreek</i>	Richland
<i>Bigriver</i>	Pierce	<i>Buckeye</i>	Richland
<i>Bigspring</i>	Adams	<i>Budd</i>	Vernon
<i>Big</i>	Fond du Lac	<i>Buenavista</i>	Portage
<i>Bigshanton</i>	Outagamie	<i>Buffalo</i>	Buffalo
<i>Birchlake</i>	Bayfield	<i>Buncombe</i>	Lafayette
<i>Bironwood</i>	Shawano	<i>Bungert</i>	Outagamie
<i>Bissell</i>	Walworth	<i>Bunyan</i>	Polk
<i>Blackcreek</i>	Outagamie	<i>Burke</i>	Dane
<i>Black Earth</i>	Dane	<i>Burkhardt</i>	St. Croix
<i>Blackhawk</i>	Sauk	<i>*Burlington</i>	Racine
<i>*Black River Falls (c. h.)</i>	Jackson	<i>Burnett Junction</i>	Dodge
<i>Blaine</i>	Portage	<i>Burns</i>	La Crosse
<i>Blair</i>	Trempealeau	<i>Burr</i>	Vernon
<i>Blairmoor</i>	Dunn	<i>Burroak</i>	La Crosse
<i>Blake</i>	Polk	<i>Burton</i>	Grant
		<i>Bushman</i>	Marathon
		<i>Butler</i>	Milwaukee
		<i>Butte des Morts</i>	Winnebago

*Butternut.....Ashland
Byrdscreek.....Richland
Byron.....Fond du Lac

C.

Cable.....Bayfield
Cadiz.....Green
Cadott.....Chippewa
Cainville.....Rock
Calamine.....Lafayette
Caidwell.....Racine
Caledonia.....Racine
Calhoun.....Waukesha
Calumet Harbor.....Fond du Lac
Calumetville.....Fond du Lac
Calvary.....Fond du Lac
*Cambria.....Columbia
Cambridge.....Dane
*Cameron.....Barron
Campbellsport.....Fond du Lac
Camp Douglas.....Juneau
Camp Lake.....Kenosha
Canton.....Barron
Carlisle.....Clarke
Carlton.....Kewaunee
Carmel.....Waupaca
Carnot.....Door
Caroline.....Shawano
Cartwright.....Chippewa
Caryville.....Dunn
Cascade.....Sheboygan
Casco.....Kewaunee
Cashlon.....Mouroe
Casimer.....Portage
Cassell.....Sauk
Cassville.....Grant
Castlerock.....Grant
Cataract.....Mouroe
Catawba.....Price
Cato.....Manitowoc
Cavour.....Forest
Cazenovia.....Richland
Cecil.....Shawano
Cedar.....Iron
Cedarburg.....Ozaukee
Cedarcreek.....Washington
Cedarfalls.....Dunn
Cedar Grove.....Sheboygan
Cedarlake.....Waushara
Center.....Rock
Centerville.....Trempealeau
*Centralia.....Wood
Champion.....Brown
Charlesburg.....Calumet
Chase.....Oconto
Chaseburg.....Vernon
Chat.....Lincoln
Chelsea.....Taylor
Cherokee.....Marathon
Chester.....Dodge
Chetek.....Barron
Chicago.....Washburn
Chili.....Clark
*Chilton (c. h.).....Calumet
Chimneyrock.....Trempealeau
*Chippewa Falls (c. h.).....Chippewa
Christie.....Clark
Cicero.....Outagamie
Citypoint.....Jackson
Clam Falls.....Polk
Clark.....Oconto
Clark's Mills.....Manitowoc
Clarkson.....Dane
Clarno.....Green
Clay.....Jackson
Claybanks.....Door
Clayton.....Polk

Claywood.....Oconto
Clearlake.....Polk
Clemansville.....Winnebago
Cleveland.....Manitowoc
Clifford.....Lincoln
Clifton.....Monroe
*Clinton.....Rock
Clintonville.....Waupaca
Clover.....Manitowoc
Clyde.....Iowa
Clyman.....Dodge
Cobb.....Iowa
Cochrane.....Buffalo
Colburn.....Chippewa
Colby.....Clark
Coldspring.....Jefferson
Colebrook.....Waushara
Coleman.....Marquette
Colfax.....Dunn
Colgate.....Waukesha
Collins.....Manitowoc
Coloma.....Waushara
Coloma Station.....Waushara
Colton.....Chippewa
Columbia.....Clark
*Columbus.....Columbia
Combined Locks.....Outagamie
Commonwealth.....Florene
Como.....Walworth
Comstock.....Barron
Concord.....Jefferson
Connersville.....Dunn
Conover.....Vilas
Cooksville.....Rock
Cook Valley.....Chippewa
Coomer.....Hurlett
*Coon Valley.....Vernon
Cooperstown.....Manitowoc
Corinne.....Columbia
Corinth.....Marathon
Cornelia.....Grant
Corning.....Lincoln
Corwin.....Richland
Cottagegrove.....Dane
Cox.....Chippewa
Craft.....Chippewa
Cranberry Center.....Juneau
Crandall (c. h.).....Forest
Cranmoor.....Wood
Cream.....Buffalo
Crete.....Winnebago
Crittitz.....Marquette
Crocker's Landing.....Portage
Cronk.....Brown
Cross Plains.....Dane
Crystallake.....Waupaca
Cuba.....Grant
Cudahy.....Milwaukee
*Cumberland.....Barron
Curran.....Kewaunee
Curry.....Iron
Curtiss.....Clark
Cushing.....Polk
Custer.....Portage
Cylon.....St. Croix

D.

Dacada.....Sheboygan
Dakota.....Waushara
Dale.....Outagamie
Dallas.....Barron
Daly.....Wood
Dancy.....Marathon
Dane.....Dane
Danville.....Dodge
Darbellay.....Kewaunee
Darboy.....Calumet

Darien.....Walworth
** Darlington (c. h.)*.....Lafayette
Dartford (c. h.).....Green Lake
Davis.....Dunn
Day.....Clark
Dayton.....Green
Deansville.....Dane
Debello.....Vernon
Decora Prairie.....Trempealeau
Dedham.....Douglas
Deerbrook.....Langlade
Deerfield.....Dane
Deerlake.....Sawyer
Deerpark.....St. Croix
Defiance.....Lafayette
** Deforest*.....Dane
Dekorra.....Columbia
Delafield.....Waukesha
Delavan.....Walworth
Dell.....Vernon
DeLion.....Sauk
Denmark.....Brown
Denoon.....Waukesha
Denzer.....Sauk
** Depere*.....Brown
Deronda.....Polk
De Soto.....Vernon
Detroit Harbor.....Door
Devils Lake.....Sauk
Dewey.....Dunn
Dewhurst.....Clark
Dewolf.....Dunn
Dezerville.....Wood
Diamond Bluff.....Pierce
Dickesville.....Grant
Dilman.....Milwaukee
Dilly.....Vernon
Disco.....Jackson
Dixon.....Richland
Doble.....Barron
** Dodge*.....Trempealeau
Dodges Corners.....Waukesha
** Dodgeville (c. h.)*.....Iowa
Doelle.....Buffalo
Door Creek.....Dane
Dorchester.....Clark
Dotyville.....Fond du Lac
Douglas Center.....Marquette
Douman.....Waukesha
Dover.....Racine
Downting.....Dunn
Downsville.....Dunn
Doylestown.....Columbia
Dresser Junction.....Polk
Druocker.....Ozaukee
Drummond.....Bayfield
Drybone.....Iowa
Drywood.....Chippewa
Duckcreek.....Brown
Dudley.....Lincoln
Dueholm.....Polk
Dunbar.....Marinette
** Dunbarton*.....Lafayette
Dundas.....Calumet
Dundee.....Fond du Lac
Dunnville.....Dunn
Duplainville.....Waukesha
** Durand (c. h.)*.....Pepin
Durham.....Waukesha
Duval.....Kewaunee
Dyckesville.....Kewaunee

E.

Eagle.....Waukesha
Eagle Corners.....Richland
Eaglepoint.....Chippewa
Eagle River (c. h.).....Vilas

Eagleton.....Chippewa
** East Bristol*.....Dane
East Belavan.....Walworth
East Farmington.....Polk
East Gibson.....Manitowoc
Eastman.....Crawford
Easton.....Adams
East Pepin.....Pepin
East Superior.....Douglas
East Troy.....Walworth
East Wrightstown.....Brown
Eaton.....Manitowoc
** Eau Claire (c. h.)*.....Eau Claire
Eau Galle.....Dunn
Ebenezer.....Jefferson
Eden.....Fond du Lac
Edgar.....Marathon
Edgerton.....Rock
Edmund.....Iowa
Edson.....Chippewa
Edwards.....Sheboygan
Eggersville.....Fond du Lac
Egg Harbor.....Door
Eidsvold.....Clark
Ekdall.....Burnett
Eland.....Shawano
Elcho.....Langlade
Elderon.....Marathon
Eldorado.....Fond du Lac
Eleanor.....Chippewa
Eleva.....Trempealeau
Elkcreek.....Trempealeau
Elkgrove.....Lafayette
Elkhart.....Sheboygan
** Elkhorn (c. h.)*.....Walworth
Elk mound.....Dunn
Ella.....Pepin
Ellenboro.....Grant
Ellis.....Portage
Ellison Bay.....Door
Ellisville.....Kewaunee
** Ellsworth (c. h.)*.....Pierce
Elmgrove.....Waukesha
Elmhurst.....Langlade
Elmo.....Grant
Elmore.....Fond du Lac
Elmwood.....Pierce
Elo.....Winnebago
Elpaso.....Pierce
Eloy.....Juneau
Elsalem.....Polk
Elton.....Langlade
Elvers.....Dane
Embarrass.....Waupaca
Emerald.....St. Croix
Emerald Grove.....Rock
Emmerich.....Marathon
Emmerton.....Chippewa
Ephratim.....Door
Erb.....Outagamie
Erdman.....Sheboygan
Erin.....St. Croix
Esdale.....Pierce
Esofea.....Vernon
Estella.....Chippewa
Etna.....Lafayette
Ettrick.....Trempealeau
Eureka.....Winnebago
Euren.....Kewaunee
** Evansville*.....Rock
Excelsior.....Richland
Exeter.....Green
Exile.....Pierce

F.

Fairchild.....Eau Claire
Fairfield.....Rock

Fairplay.....	Grant	Genoa.....	Vernon
Fairwater.....	Fond du Lac	Genoa Junction.....	Walworth
Fall City.....	Dunn	Georgetown.....	Grant
Fall Creek.....	Eau Claire	Germania.....	Marquette
Fall River.....	Columbia	Germantown.....	Juneau
Falun.....	Burnett	Gertrude.....	Pierce
Faneher.....	Portage	Gibbsville.....	Sheboygan
Fargo.....	Vernon	Gibson.....	Dodge
Fargoville.....	Wausara	Gile.....	Iron
Farmer.....	Fond du Lac	Gillette.....	Oconto
Farmers Grove.....	Green	Gillingham.....	Richland
Farmhill.....	Pierce	Gilman.....	Pierce
Farmington.....	Jefferson	Gilmantown.....	Buffalo
Farrs Corners.....	Columbia	Glasgow.....	Trempealeau
Fayette.....	Lafayette	Glen.....	Adams
Fayetteville.....	Walworth	Glenbeulah.....	Sheboygan
Fellows.....	Rock	Glencoe.....	Buffalo
Fennimore.....	Grant	Glendale.....	Monroe
Fenwood.....	Marathon	Glenflora.....	Chippewa
Fern.....	Chippewa	Glenhaven.....	Grant
Ferryville.....	Crawford	Glenmore.....	Brown
Field.....	Price	*Glenwood.....	St. Croix
Fillmore.....	Washington	Giltiden.....	Ashland
Finley.....	Juneau	Globe.....	Clark
Fish Creek.....	Door	Gohdes.....	Marathon
Fisk.....	Winnebago	Golden Lake.....	Waukesha
Fitchburg.....	Dane	Goll.....	Marquette
Fivepoints.....	Richland	Gordon.....	Douglas
Flambeau.....	Chippewa	Graceport.....	Door
Flanner.....	Marathon	Grasson.....	Ozaukee
Flintville.....	Brown	Grandmarsh.....	Adams
Flora.....	Grant	*Grand Rapids (c. h.).....	Wood
Florence (c. h.).....	Florence	Granite Heights.....	Marathon
Floyd.....	Dane	Grant.....	Dunn
Folsom.....	Vernon	Granton.....	Clark
*Fond du Lac (c. h.).....	Fond du Lac	Grantsburg (c. h.).....	Burnett
Fontana.....	Walworth	Granville.....	Milwaukee
Fontenoy.....	Brown	Granville Center.....	Milwaukee
Footville.....	Rock	Gratiot.....	Lafayette
Forest Junction.....	Calumet	*Grattan.....	Barron
Forestville.....	Door	Gravesville.....	Calumet
Forks.....	Brown	Graytown.....	Dunn
*Fort Atkinson.....	Jefferson	Green Bay (c. h.).....	Brown
*Fort Howard (Station, Green Bay).....	Brown	Station * A (Fort Howard).....	Brown
Forward.....	Dane	Greenbush.....	Sheboygan
Fosbrooke.....	Dunn	Green Lake.....	Green Lake
Foscuro.....	Door	Greenleaf.....	Brown
*Fountain City.....	Buffalo	Greenstreet.....	Manitowoc
Fourmile.....	Fond du Lac	Greenville.....	Outagamie
Foxboro.....	Douglas	Greenwood.....	Clark
*Fox Lake.....	Dodge	Grellton.....	Jefferson
Fox River.....	Kenosha	Gresham.....	Shawano
Francis Creek.....	Manitowoc	Grimms.....	Manitowoc
Frank.....	Washington	Grover.....	Marquette
Franklin.....	Sheboygan	Guthrie.....	Waukesha
Franksville.....	Racine		
Frazer.....	Shawano		
Fredonia.....	Ozaukee		
Fredonia Station.....	Ozaukee		
Freeman.....	Crawford		
Freistadt.....	Ozaukee		
Fremont.....	Waupaca		
Frenchville.....	Trempealeau		
Freya.....	Burnett		
Friendship (c. h.).....	Adams		
Fullon.....	Rock		
Fussville.....	Waukesha		

G.

Gagen.....	Oneida
Galesburg.....	Shawano
Galesville.....	Trempealeau
Gardner.....	Door
Gartfield.....	Portage
Gay Mills.....	Crawford
Genesee.....	Waukesha
Genesee Depot.....	Waukesha

H.

Hadleyville.....	Eau Claire
Hadlock.....	Adams
Hager City.....	Pierce
Hainesville.....	Door
Halcyon.....	Marathon
Halder.....	Trempealeau
Hale.....	Milwaukee
Hales Corners.....	Taylor
Halway.....	Marathon
Hamburg.....	Fond du Lac
Hamilton.....	Dane
Hamlin.....	St. Croix
Hammond.....	Columbia
Hampden.....	Wausara
Hancock.....	Dane
Hanover.....	Crawford
Hansen.....	Wood
Harmony.....	Vernon

Harrisville	Marquette	Hub City	Richland
Harshaw	Oneida	Hubertus	Washington
* Harford	Washington	* Hudson (c. h.)	St. Croix
Hartland	Waukesha	Hullsburg	Dodge
Hartman	Columbia	Hull	Portage
Harvey	Jefferson	Humbird	Clark
Hatchville	Dunn	Hunting	Shawano
Hatfield	Jackson	Hurlbut	Crawford
Hatley	Marathon	Hurley (c. h.)	Iron
Hatton	Waupaca	Huron	Chippewa
Haugen	Barron	Hurricane	Grant
Haven	Sheboygan	Husher	Racine
Hawkins	Chippewa	Hustisford	Dodge
Hawthorne	Douglas	Hustler	Juneau
Hayes	Oconto	Hyde	Iowa
Hayton	Calumet		
* Hayward (c. h.)	Sawyer		
Hazelgreen	Grant		
* Hazelhurst	Oneida		
Heaford	Lincoln		
Heart Prairie	Walworth		
Hebard	Oneida		
Hebron	Jefferson		
Hedzehoeg	Door		
Heelyton	Milwaukee		
Hegg	Trempealeau		
Hein	Clark		
Helbig	Polk		
Helena	Outagamie		
Helenville	Jefferson		
Heller	Lincoln		
Hemlock	Clark		
Hempel	St. Croix		
Henderson	Dane		
Henrietta	Richland		
Henrysville	Brown		
Herbert	Pierce		
Herbster	Bayfield		
Herman	Dodge		
Hermansfort	Shawano		
Herold	Buffalo		
Hersey	St. Croix		
Hertel	Burnett		
Hetzel	Portage		
Hewitt	Wood		
Hickory	Oconto		
Highbridge	Ashland		
Highcliff	Calumet		
Highland	Iowa		
Hika	Manitowoc		
Hilbert	Calumet		
Hilburn	Walworth		
Hillaboro	Vernon		
Hillsdale	Barron		
Hillside	Iowa		
Hingham	Sheboygan		
Hints	Oconto		
Hixton	Jackson		
Hoard	Sheboygan		
Hofa Park	Shawano		
Hogarty	Marathon		
Holland	Brown		
Hollandale	Iowa		
Holmen	La Crosse		
Holycross	Ozaukee		
Holyhill	Washington		
Homer	Grant		
Homestead	Florence		
Honey Creek	Walworth		
Hope	Dane		
* Horicon	Dodge		
Hornersville	Bayfield		
Horns Corners	Ozaukee		
Horseman	Barron		
Hortonville	Outagamie		
Houghton	Bayfield		
Houlton	St. Croix		
Howard	Sheboygan		
Howe	Barron		
Hoyt	Douglas		
Hubbleton	Jefferson		

Keegan.....	Oconto	Landstad.....	Shawano
Keene.....	Portage	Laney.....	Shawano
Kekoskee.....	Dodge	Langlade.....	Langlade
Kelley.....	Marathon	Lannon.....	Waukesha
Kelleybrook.....	Oconto	Lapointe.....	Ashland
Kellnersville.....	Manitowoc	Lark.....	Brown
Kendall.....	Monroe	Larrabee.....	Manitowoc
Kennan.....	Price	Lauderdale.....	Walworth
*Kenosha (c. h.).....	Kenosha	Laville.....	Sauk
Kent.....	Langlade	Lawrenceville.....	Outagamie
Keowns.....	Washington	Lawton.....	Pierce
Keshena.....	Shawano	Leadmine.....	Lafayette
Kewaskum.....	Washington	Lebanon.....	Dodge
*Kewaunee (c. h.).....	Kewaunee	Ledgerville.....	Brown
Keyser.....	Columbia	Lee.....	Jackson
Keyesville.....	Richland	Leeds.....	Columbia
Keystone.....	Chippewa	Leeds Center.....	Columbia
Kickapoo.....	Vernon	§ Leeman.....	Outagamie
Kickbush.....	Lincoln	Lehigh.....	Barron
Kiel.....	Manitowoc	Leland.....	Sauk
Kieler.....	Grant	Lemonweir.....	Juneau
Kilbourn.....	Columbia	Lena.....	Oconto
Kilbournville.....	Racine	Leola.....	Adams
Kimball.....	Iron	Leon.....	Monroe
Kimberly.....	Outagamie	Leopolis.....	Shawano
Kingbridge.....	Manitowoc	Leroy.....	Dodge
Kings Corners.....	Sauk	Leslie.....	Lafayette
Kingston.....	Green Lake	Levee.....	Columbia
Kinwood.....	Fond du Lac	§ Lewis.....	Jackson
Kirby.....	Monroe	Lewiston.....	Columbia
Kirchayn.....	Washington	Leyden.....	Rock
Kirkland.....	Sauk	Liberty.....	Vernon
Kirkwood.....	Fond du Lac	Liberty bluff.....	Marquette
Klevenville.....	Dane	Liberty pole.....	Vernon
Klondike.....	Milwaukee	Libertyridge.....	Grant
Knappp.....	Dunn	Liddell.....	Chippewa
Kneeland.....	Racine	Lily.....	Langlade
Knowles.....	Dodge	§ Lima Center.....	Rock
§ Knowlton.....	Marathon	Limeridge.....	Sauk
Knox Mills.....	Price	Lincoln.....	Kewaunee
Kodan.....	Kewaunee	Lind.....	Waupaca
Koepenick.....	Langlade	Linden.....	Iowa
Kohler.....	Ozaukee	Linderman.....	Pierce
Kohlsville.....	Washington	Lindsey.....	Wood
Kolb.....	Brown	Linnton.....	Walworth
Kolberg.....	Door	Linwood.....	Racine
Koro.....	Winnebago	Linzbrook.....	Oconto
Kosikonong.....	Rock	Littleblack.....	Taylor
Krakov.....	Shawano	Littlechute.....	Outagamie
Krok.....	Kewaunee	Littlefalls.....	Polk
Kunesh.....	Brown	Little Lake.....	Adams
		Little Prairie.....	Walworth
		Little Rapids.....	Brown
		Little Sturgeon.....	Door
		Little Suamico.....	Oconto
		Littlewolf.....	Waupaca
		Livingsston.....	Grant
		Lochiel.....	Dunn
		*Lodi.....	Columbia
		Logan.....	Oconto
		Loganville.....	Sauk
		Lomira.....	Dodge
		London.....	Dane
		Lonepine.....	Portage
		Lonerock.....	Richland
		Longwood.....	Clark
		Lookout.....	Buffalo
		Loraine.....	Polk
		Lostcreek.....	Pierce
		Lostlake.....	Dodge
		Lotus.....	Dodge
		Louisburg.....	Grant
		Louis Corners.....	Manitowoc
		§ Louisville.....	Dunn
		Lovass.....	Vernon
		Loveland.....	Barron
		Lowell.....	Dodge
		Loyal.....	Clark
		Loyd.....	Richland
		Lucas.....	Dunn
		Luck.....	Polk

L.

Lac du Flambeau..... Vilas

*La Crosse (c. h.)..... La Crosse

Sub-Stations.

(No. 1. NORTH SIDE.)

Ladoga..... Fond du Lac

Lafarge..... Vernon

Lafayette..... Monroe

Lagoon..... Kenosha

Lagrange..... Walworth

Lake Beulah..... Walworth

Lake Church..... Ozaukee

Lakelive..... Washington

Lake Geneva..... Walworth

Lakemill..... Jefferson

Lake Nebagmain..... Douglas

Lakeside..... Adams

Lakeview..... Dane

Lakeville..... Chippewa

Lakewood..... Oconto

Lamartine..... Fond du Lac

Lamberton..... Racine

Lamont..... Lafayette

Lanark..... Portage

*Lancaster (c. h.)..... Grant

Luddington Eau Claire
Lund Pierce
Luxemburg Kewaunee
Lykens Polk
Lyle Dane
Lynch Taylor
Lyndon Station Juneau
§ Lynn Clark
Lynxville Crawford
Lyons Walworth
Lytles La Crosse

M.

McAllister Marinette
McCartney Grant
McDill Portage
McMillan Marathon
McNaughton Oneida
Macfarland Dane
Mackville Outagamie
Madely Portage
Madge Washburn
* Madison (c. h.) Dane
Magnolia Rock
Maiden Rock Pierce
Malone Fond du Lac
Manawa Waupaca
Manchester Green Lake
Maunila Chippewa
Manitowish Iron
* Manitowoc (c. h.) Manitowoc
Manning Vernon
Maple Douglas
Maple Grove Manitowoc
Mapleton Waukesha
Maple Valley Oconto
Maplewood Door
Maunthon Marathon
Marble Waupaca
Marblehead Fond du Lac
Marcellon Columbia
March Marathon
Marcy Waukesha
Marengo Ashland
* Marinette (c. h.) Marinette
Marion Waupaca
* Markesan Green Lake
Markton Langlade
Marquette Green Lake
Mars Adams
Marshall Dane
Marshfield Wood
Marshall Buffalo
Marshville Dodge
Martell Pierce
Martin Chippewa
Martintown Green
Marxville Dane
Marytown Fond du Lac
Mason Bayfield
Mather Juneau
Mattoon Shawano
* Mauson (c. h.) Juneau
May Burnett
Mayfield Washington
Mayhew Walworth
Mayking Langlade
* Mayville Dodge
* Mazomanie Dane
Meadow Valley Juneau
Medary La Crosse
* Medford (c. h.) Taylor
Medina Outagamie
Meenan Portage
Meeker Washington
Meekers Grove Lafayette
Meeme Manitowoc
Meggers Manitowoc

Mellen Ashland
Mellruce Price
Melnik Manitowoc
Melrose Jackson
Melvina Monroe
* Menasha Winnebago
Menschalville Manitowoc
Mendota Dane
* Menekaunee Marinette
Menomonee Falls Waukesha
* Menomonte (c. h.) Dunn
Mequon Ozaukee
Mercer Iron
Meridian Dunn
* Merrill (c. h.) Lincoln
Merrillan Jackson
Merrimack Sauk
Morrittville Marquette
Merton Waukesha
Metomen Fond du Lac
Metz Winnebago
Middlebury Iowa
Middle Inlet Marinette
Middleridge La Crosse
Middleton Dane
Midway La Crosse
Mifflin Iowa
Mikesville Winnebago
Milford Jefferson
Milladore Wood
Millard Walworth
Millers Creek Richland
Millett Crawford
Millhome Manitowoc
Mills Washburn
Mills Center Brown
Millston Jackson
Millville Grant
Milton Rock
Milton Junction Rock
* Milwaukee (c. h.) Milwaukee

Stations.

- * A. (South Side), 316-18 Reed Street.
- * B. (Northwest), 1122-24 Walnut Street.
- * C. 742 Third Street.
- * D. (Bay View.)
- * E. (Williamsburg.)

Sub-Station.

No. 1, 101 Grand Avenue.

Mindoro La Crosse
Miner Juneau
* Mineral Point Iowa
Minnesota Junction Dodge
Minocqua Vilas
Minong Washburn
Mireau Barron
Misha Mokwa Buffalo
Mishicot Manitowoc
Mission Outagamie
Mitchell Fond du Lac
Modena Buffalo
* Moeville Pierce
Monches Waukesha
Mondovi Buffalo
Monico Oneida
* Monroe (c. h.) Green
Monroe Center Adams
Montana Buffalo
* Montello (c. h.) Marquette
Monterey Waukesha
Montfort Grant
Monticello Green
Montrose Dane
Moon Marathon
Morgan Oconto
Morley Langlade

Morris Shawano
 Morrison Brown
 Morrisonville Dane
 Moscow Iowa
 Mosel Sheboygan
 Mosinee Marathon
 Mosling Oconto
 Moundville Marquette
 Mountain Oconto
 Mount Calvary Fond du Lac
 Mount Hope Grant
 Mount Horeb Dane
 Mount Ida Grant
 Mount Morris Waushara
 Mount Sterling Crawford
 Mount Tabor Vernon
 Mount Vernon Dane
 Mukwonago Waukesha
 Muncie Vernon
 Murray Chippewa
 * Muscoda Grant
 Muskego Waukesha
 Myra Washington

N.

Namekagon Washburn
 Namur Door
 Nash Bayfield
 Nashotah Waukesha
 National Home Milwaukee
 Naukarta Marathon
 Navan Jefferson
 Necedah Juneau
 * Neenah Winnebago
 * Neillville (c. h.) Clark
 Nekimi Winnebago
 Nekoosa Wood
 Nelson Buffalo
 Nelsonville Portage
 Nenno Washington
 Neosho Dodge
 Neptune Richland
 Nero Manitowoc
 Neshkoro Marquette
 Neuma Kewaunee
 Nevins Clark
 New Amsterdam La Crosse
 Newark Rock
 Newberg Corners La Crosse
 New Berlin Waukesha
 Newburg Washington
 Newcassel Fond du Lac
 New Centerville St. Croix
 New Coolin Milwaukee
 New Diggings Lafayette
 Newfane Fond du Lac
 New Franken Brown
 New Glarus Green
 New Holstein Calumet
 Newhope Portage
 * New Lisbon Juneau
 * New London Waupaca
 New Munster Kenosha
 Newport Door
 New Prospect Fond du Lac
 New Richmond St. Croix
 New Rome Adams
 Newry Vernon
 Newton Vernon
 Newtonburg Manitowoc
 Niagara Marinette
 Nicholson Waupaca
 Niebull Adams
 Niles Manitowoc
 Nixcorner Eau Claire
 Nobleton Washburn
 Nora Dane

Norden Buffalo
 Norman Kewaunee
 Norrie Marathon
 Norseville Eau Claire
 North Andover Grant
 Northbend Jackson
 Northbranch Jackson
 North Bristol Dane
 Northcape Racine
 North Clayton Crawford
 North Crandon Forest
 Northheim Manitowoc
 Northfield Jackson
 North Freedom Sauk
 North Greenfield Milwaukee
 North Hudson St. Croix
 Northlake Waukesha
 Northland Waupaca
 North Leeds Columbia
 North Menomonee Dunn
 North Milwaukee Milwaukee
 Northport Waupaca
 North Prairie Waukesha
 North Valley Polk
 Norwalk Monroe
 Norwaygrove Dane
 Norway Ridge Monroe
 Nowell Waupaca
 Nutt Douglas
 Nutterville Marathon
 Nye Polk

O.

Oak Center Fond du Lac
 Oakdale Monroe
 Oakfield Fond du Lac
 Oakgrove Dodge
 Oakhill Jefferson
 Oakland Jefferson
 Oakley Green
 Oaks Sauk
 Oakwood Milwaukee
 Oasis Waushara
 * Oconomowoc Waukesha
 * Oconto (c. h.) Oconto
 Oconto Falls Oconto
 Odanah Ashland
 Ogdensburg Waupaca
 Ogema Price
 Oil City Monroe
 Okauchee Waukesha
 Okee Columbia
 Olivet Pierce
 Omro Winnebago
 Onalaska La Crosse
 Oneida Brown
 Onono Pierce
 Ontario Vernon
 Oostburg Sheboygan
 Orange Burnett
 * Oregon Dane
 Orfordville Rock
 Orienta Bayfield
 Orihula Winnebago
 Orleans Marinette
 Osceola Polk
 * Oshkosh (c. h.) Winnebago
 Oslo Manitowoc
 Osman Manitowoc
 Osseo Trempealeau
 Otsego Columbia
 Ottawa Waukesha
 Ottercreek Eau Claire
 Ottervale Vernon
 Owen Clark
 Oxford Marquette

P.

Pacific Columbia
 Parkwaunkee Marquette
 Palmer St. Croix
 *Palmyra Jefferson
 Pauli Dane
 Pardeeville Columbia
 Paris Kenosha
 Parkfalls Price
 Parnell Sheboygan
 Parrish Langlade
 Paskin Barron
 Patchgrove Grant
 Patterson Polk
 Paulson Chippewa
 Paynesville Milwaukee
 Pearson Langlade
 Peculiar Dane
 Peelee Green
 Peebles Fond du Lac
 Pelicanlake Oneida
 Pella Shawano
 Pembine Marinette
 Pence Iron
 Penokee Ashland
 Pensaukee Oconto
 *Peplin Pepin
 Perkinstown Taylor
 Perley Barron
 Perry Dane
 Peru Portage
 *Peshigo Marinette
 Petersburg Crawford
 P-waukee Waukesha
 Pheasantbranch Dane
 *Phillips (c. h.) Price
 Phlox Langlade
 Pickett Winnebago
 Pigeonfalls Trempealeau
 Pike-lake Marathon
 Pilotknob Adams
 Pilsen Kewaunee
 Pinebluff Dane
 Pinegrove Brown
 Pinehill Jackson
 Pineknob Iowa
 Pine River Waushara
 Pinoville Polk
 Pipersville Jefferson
 Pittsfield Brown
 Pittaville Wood
 Pius Sheboygan
 Plain Sauk
 Plainfield Waushara
 Plainville Adams
 Plat Washington
 *Platteville Grant
 Pleasant Prairie Kenosha
 Pleasant Ridge Clark
 Pleasant Valley St. Croix
 Plover Portage
 Plum City Pierce
 Plummer Iron
 Plymouth Sheboygan
 Pointbluff Adams
 Poland Brown
 Polar Langlade
 Polk Green
 Polonia Portage
 Poniatowski Marathon
 Poplar Douglas
 Porcupine Pepin
 *Portage (c. h.) Columbia
 Port Edwards Wood
 Porter Walworth
 Porterfield Marinette
 Porters Mills Eau Claire
 Port Hope Columbia
 Portland Monroe

*Port Washington (c. h.) Ozaukee
 Portwing Bayfield
 *Potosi Grant
 Potter Calumet
 Pound Marinette
 Powell Iowa
 Poygan Winnebago
 Pownette Columbia
 Poyssippi Waushara
 Praag Buffalo
 *Prairie du Chien (c. h.) Crawford
 Prairie du Sac Sauk
 Prairie Farm Barron
 Pratt Bayfield
 Pratt Junction Oneida
 Pray Jackson
 *Prentice Price
 Prescott Pierce
 Preston Grant
 Primrose Dane
 Princeton Green Lake
 Prion Fond du Lac
 Prospect Waukesha
 Pulaski Shawano
 Pulcifer Shawano
 Purdy Vernon

Q.

Quincy Adams

R.

*Racine (c. h.) Racine
 Independent Station (* Racine Junction)
 Sub-station No. 1, 1445 State St. Racine
 Radisson Columbia
 Ralph Clark
 Randall Burnett
 *Randolph Dodge
 Randolph Center Columbia
 Random Lake Sheboygan
 Range Polk
 Rangeline Manitowoc
 Rankin Kewaunee
 Ranney Kenosha
 Ranyard Iowa
 Rapids Manitowoc
 Rapp Monroe
 Rath Bayfield
 Rathbun Sheboygan
 Raymond Racine
 Readfield Waupaca
 Readstown Vernon
 Reams Waupaca
 Redcedar Dunn
 Redcliff Bayfield
 Redgranite Waushara
 Redmound Vernon
 Redrock Lafayette
 *Reedsburg Sauk
 Reedsville Manitowoc
 Reeseville Dodge
 Reeve Barron
 Regina Shawano
 Reif Manitowoc
 Reeseburg Clark
 Reserve Sawyer
 Rest Vernon
 Retreat Vernon
 Rewey Iowa
 Rhine Sheboygan
 *Rhinelander (c. h.) Oneida
 Rib Falls Marathon
 Riblake Taylor
 Rice Lake Barron

Richardson.....	Polk	Saint Peter.....	Fond du Lac
<i>Richfield</i>	Washington	Saint Wendel.....	Manitowoc
Richford.....	Waushara	<i>Salem</i>	Kenosha
* <i>Richland Center (c. h.)</i>	Richland	<i>Selona</i>	Door
<i>Richland City</i>	Richland	Salter.....	Washington
Richmond.....	Walworth	Sampson.....	Oconto
Richwood.....	Dodge	Sams.....	Taylor
<i>Ridgeway</i>	Iowa	Sauborn.....	Ashland
Riley.....	Dane	<i>Sandcreek</i>	Dunn
Ring.....	Winnebago	Sandlake.....	Polk
Ringle.....	Marathon	Sandusky.....	Sauk
<i>Rio</i>	Columbia	Sandybay.....	Kewaunee
Rio Crook.....	Kewaunee	Saratoga.....	Wood
Ripley.....	Jefferson	* <i>Sauk City</i>	Sauk
* <i>Ripon</i>	Fond du Lac	<i>Saukville</i>	Ozaukee
Risingsun.....	Crawford	* <i>Sawyer</i>	Door
* <i>River Falls</i>	Pierce	Saxeville.....	Waushara
Riverside.....	Shawano	<i>Nazon</i>	Iron
Riverview.....	Chippewa	Sayner.....	Vilas
Roaringcreek.....	Jackson	<i>Scandinavia</i>	Waupaca
Robbins.....	Oneida	Schiller.....	Brown
<i>Roberts</i>	St. Croix	<i>Schleisgerville</i>	Washington
Roche a Cri.....	Adams	<i>Schofield</i>	Marathon
<i>Rochester</i>	Racine	Schoolhill.....	Manitowoc
Rockbridge.....	Richland	Schultz.....	Green
<i>Rockdale</i>	Dane	<i>Scott</i>	Sheboygan
<i>Rockton</i>	Pierce	Seclilorville.....	Jackson
Rockfalls.....	Dunn	<i>Seneca</i>	Crawford
Rockfield.....	Washington	Sevastopol.....	Door
Rockland.....	La Crosse	Sextonville.....	Richland
Rockmount.....	Douglas	<i>Seymour</i>	Outagamie
Rock Prairie.....	Rock	Shamrock.....	Jackson
<i>Rockton</i>	Vernon	Shantytown.....	Marathon
Rockville.....	Grant	<i>Sharon</i>	Walworth
Rockyran.....	Columbia	Shaw.....	Eau Claire
Rodney.....	Waushara	* <i>Shawano (c. h.)</i>	Shawano
Rogersville.....	Fond du Lac	* <i>Sheboygan (c. h.)</i>	Sheboygan
<i>Rome</i>	Dodge	<i>Sheboygan Falls</i>	Sheboygan
<i>Rootcreek</i>	Jefferson	Shelby.....	La Crosse
Rosecrans.....	Milwaukee	* <i>Shell Lake (c. h.)</i>	Washburn
Roselawn.....	Manitowoc	Shennington.....	Mouree
<i>Rosendale</i>	Shawano	<i>Sheridan</i>	Waupaca
Rosholt.....	Fond du Lac	Sherman.....	Portage
<i>Rosiere</i>	Portage	Sberry.....	Wood
Roslin.....	Kewaunee	<i>Sherwood</i>	Calumet
Ross.....	Marquette	<i>Rhodon</i>	Outagamie
Ross Bay.....	Vernon	Shirley.....	Brown
Roxbury.....	Door	<i>Shopiere</i>	Rock
<i>Royalton</i>	Dane	Shoto.....	Manitowoc
Rozellville.....	Waupaca	Shortville.....	Clark
Rube.....	Marathon	<i>Shullsburg</i>	Lafayette
Rubicon.....	Manitowoc	Sisal.....	La Crosse
<i>Rutherford</i>	Dodge	Silica.....	Fond du Lac
Rural.....	Wood	Silvercreek.....	Sheboygan
Rush Lake.....	Waupaca	<i>Silverlake</i>	Kenosha
Rusk.....	Winnebago	Silverspring.....	Milwaukee
Butland.....	Dunn	<i>Sinsinawa</i>	Grant
Ryan.....	Dane	Sioska.....	Barron
	Kewaunee	Siren.....	Burnett
		<i>Sister Bay</i>	Door
		Slades Corners.....	Kenosha
		Sloan.....	Kewaunee
		Smith.....	Milwaukee
		Smithton.....	Rock
		<i>Siderville</i>	Outagamie
		<i>Snow</i>	Clark
		Sobieski.....	Oconto
		<i>Soldiers Grove</i>	Crawford
		<i>Solon Springs</i>	Douglas
		<i>Somers</i>	Kenosha
		* <i>Somerset</i>	St. Croix
		Sommerville.....	Milwaukee
		Somo.....	Lincoln
		South Byron.....	Fond du Lac
		South Farmington.....	Polk
		South Germantown.....	Washington
		<i>South Kaukauna</i>	Outagamie
		* <i>South Milwaukee</i>	Milwaukee
		South Osborn.....	Outagamie
		South Range.....	Douglas
		(* <i>South Side</i>) Station *A.....	Milwaukee

S.

Sabin.....	Richland
Sagole.....	Outagamie
<i>Saint Anna</i>	Sheboygan
<i>Saint Cloud</i>	Fond du Lac
<i>Saint Croix Falls</i>	Polk
<i>Saint Francis</i>	Milwaukee
Saint George.....	Sheboygan
Saint John.....	Calumet
Saint Joseph.....	La Crosse
Saint Julian.....	Fond du Lac
Saint Lawrence.....	Washington
Saint Louis.....	Douglas
Saint Martins.....	Milwaukee
Saint Marys.....	Mouree
Saint Michaels.....	Washington
<i>Saint Nasons</i>	Manitowoc

*South Superior..... Douglas
 South Wayne..... Lafayette
 *Sparta (c. h.)..... Monroe
 Spencer..... Marathon
 Spador..... Bayfield
 Spirit..... Price
 Splitrock..... Shawano
 Spokoville..... Clark
 Spooner..... Washburn
 Spring..... Dane
 Springbluff..... Adams
 Springcreek..... Adams
 Springfield..... Walworth
 Springfield Corners..... Dane
 Springgreen..... Sauk
 Springlake..... Waushara
 Spring Prairie..... Walworth
 Springvalley..... Pierce
 Springfield..... Vernon
 Springwater..... Waushara
 Spruce..... Oconto
 Staadt..... Marathon
 Stanford..... Green Lake
 Stangelville..... Kewaunee
 Stanley..... Chippewa
 Stanton..... St. Croix
 Star..... Vernon
 Stargard..... Milwaukee
 Stark..... Manitowoc
 Starlake..... Vilas
 Star Prairie..... St. Croix
 Stateline..... Vilas
 Stearns..... Green
 Stebbinsville..... Rock
 Steinthal..... Manitowoc
 Stephansville..... Outagamie
 Stetsonville..... Taylor
 Stettin..... Marathon
 Steuben..... Crawford
 Stevensons Pier..... Door
 *Stevens Point (c. h.)..... Portage
 Steven-town..... La Crosse
 Stewart..... Green
 Stiles..... Oconto
 Stinson..... Outagamie
 Stitzer..... Grant
 *Stockbridge..... Calumet
 *Stockholm..... Pepin
 Stockton..... Portage
 Stoddard..... Vernon
 Stokes..... Door
 Stone..... Dane
 Stonebank..... Waushara
 Story..... Dunn
 Stroops..... Dane
 *Stoughton..... Dane
 Stowell..... Monroe
 Strand..... Oconto
 Stratford..... Marathon
 Strickland..... Chippewa
 Strongs Prairie..... Adams
 Strum..... Trempealeau
 *Sturgeon Bay (c. h.)..... Door
 Suamico..... Brown
 Sugarbush..... Waupaca
 Sugar Grove..... Vernon
 Suldal..... Juneau
 Sullivan..... Jefferson
 Summit Center..... Waukesha
 Summit Lake..... Langlade
 Sumner..... Jefferson
 Sun Prairie..... Dane
 *Superior (c. h.)..... Douglas
 Suring..... Oconto
 Sussex..... Waushara
 Swan..... Marathon
 Syene..... Dane
 Sylvan..... Richland
 Sylvania..... Racine
 Symco..... Waupaca

T.

Taegesville..... Marathon
 Tamarack..... Trempealeau
 Tarrant..... Pepin
 Taus..... Manitowoc
 Tavera..... Richland
 Taycheedah..... Fond du Lac
 Taylor..... Jackson
 Tell..... Buffalo
 Templeton..... Waukesha
 Terrill..... Waushara
 Tess Corners..... Waukesha
 Theresa..... Dodge
 Thiensville..... Ozaukee
 Thiry Daems..... Kewaunee
 Thompson..... Washington
 Thompsonville..... Racine
 Thorp..... Clark
 Three Lakes..... Oneida
 Thurman..... Columbia
 Tibbets..... Walworth
 Tiffany..... Rock
 *Tigerton..... Shawano
 Tilleda..... Shawano
 Tillinghast..... Chippewa
 Timberland..... Burnett
 Timme..... Oconto
 Timothy..... Manitowoc
 Tioga..... Clark
 Tishigan..... Racine
 Titch Mills..... Manitowoc
 Token..... Dane
 Toland..... Dodge
 *Tomah..... Monroe
 Tomahawk..... Lincoln
 Tomahawk Lake..... Oneida
 Tonet..... Kewaunee
 Tonnar..... Dunn
 Tony..... Chippewa
 Tornado..... Door
 Towerville..... Crawford
 Towne..... Portage
 Tradelake..... Burnett
 Trade River..... Burnett
 Tramway..... Dunn
 Trempealeau..... Trempealeau
 Trevor..... Kenosha
 Trim Belle..... Pierce
 Trippville..... Vernon
 Trout..... Jackson
 Troy..... Walworth
 Troy Center..... Walworth
 Truesdell..... Kenosha
 Truman..... Lafayette
 Tunnel City..... Monroe
 Turtle Lake..... Barron
 Tustin..... Waushara
 Twinbluffs..... Richland
 Twin Grove..... Green
 Twinlakes..... Kenosha
 *Two Rivers..... Manitowoc
 Tyrone..... Green

U.

Ubat..... Polk
 Ula..... Green
 Ulysses..... Barron
 Underhill..... Oconto
 Union..... Rock
 Union Center..... Juneau
 Union Church..... Racine
 Union Grove..... Racine
 Unity Mills..... Iowa
 Unty..... Marathon
 Upsen..... Iron

Urne Buffalo
 Urquhart Taylor
 Utica Dane
 Utley Green Lake

V.

Valders Manitowoc
 Vale Chippewa
 Valley Vernon
 Valley Junction Monroe
 Valton Sauk
 Vandyne Fond du Lac
 Varua Barron
 Vaughn Langlade
 Velp Brown
 Vernon Waukesha
 Verona Dane
 Vesper Wood
 Veteran Burnett
 Victory Vernon
 Vienna Walworth
 Vignes Door
 Viking Pierce
 Vilas Dane
 Viola Richland
 *Viroqua (c. h.) Vernon
 Voler Trempealeau
 Volga Polk
 Vossville Door

W.

Wabeno Forest
 Wagner Marinette
 Wagon Landing Polk
 Waldo Sheboygan
 § Waldwick Iowa
 Wales Waukesha
 Walhain Kewaunee
 Wallace Sawyer
 Walworth Walworth
 Waneka Dunn
 Warner Chippewa
 Warrens Monroe
 * Washburn (c. h.) Bayfield
 Washington Harbor Door
 Waterford Racine
 * Waterloo Jefferson
 * Watertown Jefferson
 Waterville Waukesha
 Waubeek Dunn
 Waucousta Fond du Lac
 Waukau Winnebago
 * Waukesha (c. h.) Waukesha
 § Waumandee Buffalo
 Wauaukee Dane
 * Waupaca (c. h.) Waupaca
 * Waupun Fond du Lac
 * Wausau (c. h.) Marathon
 * Wausaukee Marinette
 Wauseon Green
 Waushara Waushara
 Wautoma (c. h.) Waushara
 * Wauwatosa Milwaukee
 Wauska Crawford
 Waverly Pierce
 Wayne Washington
 * Wayside Brown
 Weber Marathon
 Webster Burnett
 Wein Marathon
 Weiner Jefferson
 Welcome Outagamie
 Wellhaven Shawano
 Wells Calumet
 Westworth Douglas

Wequiloc Brown
 § Werley Grant
 * West Bend (c. h.) Washington
 West Bloomfield Waushara
 Westboro Taylor
 Westby Vernon
 West Denmark Polk
 West De Pere Brown
 Western Union Racine
 * Westfield Marquette
 West Granville Milwaukee
 West Lima Richland
 Weston Dunn
 Westpoint Columbia
 Westport Richland
 West Prairie Vernon
 West Rosendale Fond du Lac
 West Salem La Crosse
 * West Superior Douglas
 West Sweden Polk
 * Weyauwega Waupaca
 Weyerhaeuser Chippewa
 Wheatland Kenosha
 Wheatville Crawford
 Wheeler Dunn
 Whelan Buffalo
 Whitcomb Shawano
 Whitcreek Adams
 Whitefish Bay Milwaukee
 Whitehall (c. h.) Trempealeau
 Whitelaw Manitowoc
 Whittemond Sauk
 Whiteoak Lafayette
 * Whitewater Walworth
 Whittlesey Taylor
 Wickwar Barron
 Wilcox Clark
 Wildrose Waushara
 Wildwood St. Croix
 Williams Bay Walworth
 Williamsburg, station *B Milwaukee
 Willowdale Rock
 Wilmot Kenosha
 Wilson St. Croix
 Wilton Monroe
 Winchester Winnebago
 Wind Lake Racine
 Windsor Dane
 Winnebago Winnebago
 Winneboujou Douglas
 Winneconne Winnebago
 Winooski Sheboygan
 Wota Lafayette
 Wisconsin Veterans Home Waupaca
 Withee Clark
 * Wittenberg Shawano
 Wittlin Outagamie
 Witwen Sauk
 Wolfersook Polk
 Wolflake Fond du Lac
 * Woneuc Juneau
 Wood Vernon
 Woodboro Oneida
 Woodford Lafayette
 Woodhull Fond du Lac
 Woodlake Burnett
 Woodland Dodge
 Woodman Grant
 Woodruff Vilas
 Woodstock Richland
 Woodville St. Croix
 Woodworth Kenosha
 Worcester Price
 Worth Polk
 * Wrightstown Brown
 Wrightsville Jackson
 Wartburg Marathon
 Wausling Grant
 Wyeville Monroe
 Wyocena Columbia
 Wyoming Iowa

WISCONSIN POST OFFICES.

427

Y.	Z.
Yellowstone.....Lafayette	Zanoni Juneau
York Jackson	Ziegler Marathon
Yorkville..... Racine	Zion Winnebago
Yuba.....Richland	Zittau Winnebago

LIST OF FREE DELIVERY POST OFFICES IN WISCONSIN.

Appleton.	Kenosha.	*a South Side, 316-	Racine.
Ashland.	La Crosse.	318 Reed St.	Sheboygan.
Beloit.	Madison.	*c Third Street, 742	Stevens Point.
Chippewa Falls.	Manitowoc.	Third St.	Watertown.
Eau Claire.	Marquette.	*e Williams'rg, 1880	Waukesha.
Fond du Lac.	Milwaukee.	Gr. en Bay Ave.	Wausau.
Fort Atkinson.	*d Hayview.	Sub-Station No.	West Superior.
Greenbay.	*b Northwest, 1122-	1, 101 Grand Ave.	
Janesville.	1124 Walnut St.	Oshkosh.	

POST OFFICES IN WISCONSIN.

JANUARY 1, 1890.

ARRANGED BY COUNTIES.

Offices in *italic type* are Money-Order offices, authorized to issue and pay money orders. Those marked with an asterisk (*) are *International* as well as Domestic money-order offices. Offices indicated by the sign § are authorized to issue "limited money orders," but not money orders, nor to pay either limited money orders or money orders, and those marked with a double dagger (‡) postoffices discontinued for the winter.

By the letters c. h. in parentheses, thus: (c. h.), county seats are indicated.

ADAMS. Adams Center. <i>Arkdale.</i> Bigflats. § Bigspring. <i>Clinton.</i> <i>Friendship (c. h.).</i> Glen. Glenmarsh. Hadlock. Lakoside. Leola. Little Lake. Mars. Monroe Center. New Rome. Niebull. Pilotknob. Plainville. Pointbluff. Quincy. Roche a Cri. Springbluff. Springcreek. Strong's Prairie. Whitecreek.	Hillsdale. Horseman. Howe. Lehigh. Loveland. Miroan. Paskin. Perley. <i>Prairie Farm.</i> Reevo. <i>*Rice Lake.</i> Sioska. <i>Turtle Lake.</i> Ulysses. Varna. Wickware.	<i>*Green Bay (c. h.)</i> <i>Station.</i> <i>*A (Fort Howard).</i> <i>Greenleaf.</i> Henrysville. Holland. Kolb. Kunesch. Lark. Ledgeville. Little Rapids. Mills Center. Morrison. New Franken. Oneida. Pinogrove. Pittsfield. Poland. Schiller. Shirley. Suamico. Velp. <i>Wayside.</i> Wequiock. <i>West Deper.</i> <i>Wrightstown.</i>	BURNETT. Aaron. Alsted. Blanding. Branstad. Coomer. Ekdall. Falun. Freya. <i>*Granitsburg (c. h.).</i> Hertel. Karlsborg. May. Orange. Randall. Siren. Timberland. <i>Tradelake.</i> Trade River. Veteran. Webster. Woodlake.
ASHLAND. <i>*Ashland (c. h.).</i> <i>*Butternut.</i> <i>Hidden.</i> Highbridge. Lapointe. Marengo. <i>Mellen.</i> Odanah. Penokee. Sauborn.	BAYFIELD. Ashland Junction. <i>Bayfield.</i> Benoit. Birchlake. Cable. <i>Drummond.</i> Herbster. Hornersville. Houghton. <i>Iron River.</i> Mason. Nash. Orienta. <i>Portwing.</i> Pratt. Rath. Redcliff. Spider. <i>*Washburn (c. h.).</i>	BUFFALO. <i>*Alma (c. h.).</i> Anchorage. Bohri. Buffalo. <i>Cochran.</i> Cream. Doelle. <i>*Mountain City.</i> Gilmanton. Glencoe. Herold. Lookout. Marshland. Misha Mokwa. Modena. <i>Mondovi.</i> Montana. <i>Nelson.</i> Norden. Praag. Tell. Urne. § Waumandee. Whelan.	CALUMET. Brant. <i>*Britton.</i> Brothertown. Charlesburg. <i>*Chilton (c. h.).</i> Darboy. Dundas. <i>Forest Junction.</i> Gravesville. Hayton. Highcliff. <i>Hilbert.</i> Jericho. <i>New Holstein.</i> Potter. St. John. <i>Sherwood.</i> <i>*Stockbridge.</i> Wells.
BARRON. Almena. Arland. <i>*Barron (c. h.).</i> Barrouett. Bracklin. <i>*Cameron.</i> Canton. <i>Chetek.</i> Comstock. <i>*Cumberland.</i> <i>Dallas.</i> <i>Dobie.</i> § Grattan. Haugen.	BROWN. Askeaton. Bay Settlement. Champion. Cronk. Donmark. <i>*Deper.</i> Duckcreek. East Wrightstown. Flintville. Fontenoy. Forks. <i>*Fort Howard.</i> Glenmore.	Whelan.	CHIPPEWA. Albertville. Anson. <i>Apollonia.</i> Badger Mills. <i>Bloomer.</i> Boyd. Bruce. <i>Cadott.</i> <i>Carterright.</i>

***Chippewa Falls (ch)**

Culbourn.
Colton.
Cook Valley.
Cox.
Craft.
Drywood.
Eaglepoint.
Eagleton.
Edson.
Eleanor.
Emmerton.
Estella.
Fern.
Flambeau.
Glenflore.
Hawkins.
Huron.
Ingram.
Island Lake.
Keystone.
Lakeville.
Liddell.
Manila.
Martin.
Murry.
Paulson.
Riverview.
Stanley.
Strickland.
Tillinghast.
Tony.
Vale.
Warner.
Weyerhaeuser.

CLARK.

Abbotsford.
Carlisle.
Chili.
Christie.
Cuby.
Columbia.
Curtiss.
Day.
Dewhurst.
Dorchester.
Eidsvold.
Globe.
Granton.
Greenwood.
Hein.
Hemlock.
Humbird.
Longwood.
Loyal.
§ Lynn.
*Neillsville (c. h.).
Nevin.
Owen.
Pleasantridge.
Ralph.
Roseburg.
Shortville.
Snow.
Spokeville.
Thorp.
Tioga.
Veefkind.
Wilcox.
Wuhee.

COLUMBIA.

Allca.
Arlington.
Bellefontain.
Bragg.
*Cambria.
*Columbus.
Corinne.

Dekorra.
Doylestown.
Fall River.
Farrs Corners.
Hampden.
Hartman.
Kayser.
Kilbourn.
Leeds.
Leeds Center.
Levee.
Lewiston.
*Lodi.
Marcellon.
North Leeds.
Okee.
Otsego.
Pacific.
Pardeeville.
*Portage (c. h.).
Port Hope.
Poynette.
Radisson.
Randolph Center.
Rio.
Rockyrun.
Thurman.
Westpoint.
Wycena.

CRAWFORD.

Adney.
Barnum.
Bell Center.
Boma.
Boydton.
Bridgeport.
Eastman.
Ferryville.
Freeman.
Gays Mills.
Hauey.
Hurlbut.
Lynxville.
Millett.
Mount Sterling.
North Clayton.
Petersburg.
*Prairie du Chien
(c. h.).
Risingsun.
Neneca.
Soldiers Grove.
Steuben.
Towerville.
Wauzeka.
Wheatville.

DANE.

Adsit.
Albion.
Amos.
Ashton.
Assembly.
Barwig.
Basco.
Bellerive.
Black Earth.
Blumounds.
Burke.
Cambridge.
Clarkson.
Cottagegrove.
Crossplains.
Dane.
Deansville.
Deerfield.
*DeForest.
Door Creek.
§ East Bristol.

Elvers.
Fitchburg.
Floyd.
Forward.
Hamlin.
Hauerville.
Henderson.
Hope.
Klevenville.
Lakeview.
London.
Lyle.
Macfarland.
Madison (c. h.).
Marshall.
Marxville.
Mazomanie.
Mendota.
Middleton.
Montrose.
Morrisonville.
Mount Horeb.
Mount Vernon.
Nora.
North Bristol.
Norwaygrove.
*Oregon.
Pault.
Peculiar.
Perry.
Pheasantbranch.
Pinebluff.
Primrose.
Riley.
Rockdale.
Roxbury.
Rutland.
Spring.
Springfield Corners.
Stone.
Story.
Stoughton.
Sun Prairie.
Syene.
Token.
Utica.
Verona.
Vilas.
Waukesha.
Windsor.

DODGE.

Alderly.
Ashippun.
Atwater.
*Beaverdam.
Brownsville.
Burnett Junction.
Chester.
Clyman.
Danville.
*Fox Lake.
Gibson.
Herman.
*Horton.
Hullsburg.
Hustisford.
Iron Mountain.
Ironridge.
Juncou (c. h.).
Kekoskee.
Knowles.
Lebanon.
Leroy.
Lomira.
Lostlake.
Lotus.
Lowell.
Marshville.
*Mayville.

Minnesota Junction.
Neosho.
Oakgrove.
*Randolph.
Reeseville.
Richwood.
Rolling Prairie.
Rubicon.
There-a.
Toland.
Woodland.

DOOR.

Baileys Harbor.
Brussels.
Carnot.
Claybanks.
Detroit Harbor.
Eng Harbor.
Ellison Bay.
Ephraim.
Fish Creek.
Forestville.
Foscuro.
Gardner.
Graceport.
Hainesville.
Hedgehog.
Institute.
Jacksonport.
Kolberg.
Little Sturgeon.
Maplewood.
Namur.
Newport.
Rowleys Bay.
Salona.
*Sawyer.
Sevastopol.
Sis er Bay.
Stevensons Pier.
Stokes.
Sturgeon Bay (c. h.).
Tornado.
Vignos.
Voseville.
Washington Harbor.

DOUGLAS.

Bennett Siding.
Blueberry.
Brule.
Dedham.
East Superior.
Foxboro.
Gordon.
Hawthorne.
Hoyt.
Itasca.
Lake Nebagmain.
Maple.
Nutt.
Poplar.
Rockmount.
Saint Louis.
Solon Springs.
South Range.
*South Superior.
*Superior (c. h.).
Wentworth.
West Superior.
Winnebougou.

DUNN.

Amy.
Annsburg.
Blairmoor.
Boyceville.
§ Caryville.

Rome.
Sullivan.
Sumner.
* Waterloo.
* Watertown.
Weiner.

JUNEAU.

Armenia.
Camp Douglas.
Cranberry Center.
Elroy.
Finley.
Germantown.
Hustler.
Lemonweir.
Lyndon Station.
Mather.
* Mauston (c. h.).
Meadow Valley.
Miner.
Necedah.
* New Lisbon.
Suldal.
Union Center.
* Winewood.
Zanoni.

KENOSHA.

Bassett.
Berryville.
Brighton.
Bristol.
Camp Lake.
Foxriver.
* Kenosha (c. h.).
Lagoon.
New Munster.
Paris.
Pleasant Prairie.
Ranney.
Salem.
Silverlake.
Slades Corners.
Nomers.
Trevor.
Truesdell.
Twinlakes.
Wheatland.
Wilmot.
Woodworth.

KEWAUNEE.

Alaska.
Algoma.
Bolt.
Carlton.
Casco.
Curran.
Darbellay.
Duvall.
Dyckesville.
Ellisville.
Euren.
* Kewaunee (c. h.).
Kodan.
Krok.
Lincoln.
Luxemburg.
Neuern.
Norman.
Pilsen.
Rankin.
Riocreek.
Rostere.
Ryan.
Sandybay.

Sloan.
Stangelville.
Thirty Daems.
Tonet.
Walhain.

LA CROSSE.

* Bangor.
Barre Mills.
Burns.
Burroak.
Holmen.
* La Crosse (c. h.).

Sub-Station.
(No. 1, North Side.)

Lytle.
Madary.
Middleridge.
Midway.
Mindoro.
New Amsterdam.
Newberg Corners.
Onalaska.
Rockland.
Saint Joseph.
Sheby.
Sigel.
Stevenstown.
West Salem.

LAFAYETTE.

Argyle.
Beimont.
Benton.
Blanchardville.
Buncombe.
Calamine.
* Dartington (c. h.).
Defiance.
§ Dunbarton.
Elkgrove.
Etna.
Fayette.
Gratiot.
Ipswich.
Lamont.
Leadmine.
Leslie.
Meekers Grove.
New Diggings.
Redrock.
Shullsburg.
South Wayne.
Truman.
Whiteoak.
Wjota.
Woodford.
Yellowstone.

LANGLADE.

* Antigo (c. h.).
Bryant.
Deerbrook.
Elcho.
Elmhurst.
Elton.
Kent.
Keopenick.
Langlade.
Lily.
Markton.
Mayking.
Morley.
Parrish.
§ Pearson.

Phlox.
Polar.
Summit Lake.
Vaughn.

LINCOLN.

Bloomville.
Chat.
Clifford.
Corning.
Dudley.
Heafford.
Heller.
Irma.
Jeffris.
Kickbush.
* Merrill (c. h.).
Somo.
Tomahawk.

MANITOWOC.

Alverno.
Branch.
Cato.
Clarks Mills.
Cleveland.
Clover.
Collins.
Cooperstown.
East Gibson.
Eaton.
Francis Creek.
Greenstreet.
Grimms.
Hicks.
Kasson.
Kellnersville.
Kiel.
Kingbridge.
Larrabee.
Louis Corner.
* Manitowoc (c. h.).
Maple Grove.
Moemo.
Meggers.
Moluik.
Menchalville.
Millbome.
Mishicott.
Nero.
Newtonburg.
Niles.
Northheim.
Oslo.
Osman.
Rangeline.
Rapids.
Reedsville.
Roif.
Rosecrans.
Rube.
Saint Nazians.
Saint Wendol.
Schoolhill.
Shoto.
Stark.
Steinthal.
Taus.
Timothy.
Tisch Mills.
* Two Rivers.
Valders.
Whitelaw.

MARATHON.

Athens.
Barney.
Bevent.

Bushman.
Cherokee.
Corinth.
Dancy.
Edgar.
Elderon.
Emmerich.
Fenwood.
Flanner.
Goldes.
Granite Heights.
Halder.
Hamburg.
Hawley.
Hogarty.
Johnson.
Kelley.
§ Knowiton.
McMillan.
Marathon.
March.
Moop.
Morine.
Naugart.
Norrie.
Nutterville.
Pikelake.
Poniatowski.
Rib Falls.
Ringle.
Rozellville.
Schofield.
Shantytown.
Spencer.
Staat.
Stettin.
Stratford.
Swan.
Tagesville.
Unity.
Wausau (c. h.).
Weber.
Wein.
Wurtsburg.
Ziegler.

MARINETTE.

Amberg.
Athelstane.
Beaver.
Coleman.
Crittitz.
Dunbar.
Gall.
Marinette (c. h.).
McAllister.
* Menekaunes.
Middlo Inlet.
Niagara.
Orleans.
Pembine.
* Peshtigo.
Porterfield.
Pound.
Wagner.
* Wauwaukee.

MARQUETTE.

Briggsville.
Browning.
Douglas Center.
Germant.
Grover.
Harrisville.
Jeddo.
Libertybluff.
Merrittville.
* Montello (c. h.).

Moundville.
Neshkoro.
Oxford.
Waukegan.
Eoslin.
**Westfield.*

MILWAUKEE.

**Bay View.* †
Berthelet.
Browdecker.
Butler.
Cudaly.
Dillman.
Granville.
Granville Center.
Hales Corners.
Heolyton.
Klondyke.
**Milwaukee (c. h.).*

Stations.

*A. (South Side),
318-18 Reed St.
*B. (North West),
1122-24 Walnut
Street.
*C. 742 Third St.
*D. (Bay View).
*E. (Williamsburg)
1390 Green Bay Ave.
Sub-station No. 1,
101 Grand Ave.
National Home,
New Coeln.
North Greenfield,
North Milwaukee.
Oakwood.
Paynesville.
Rootcreek.
Saint Francis.
Saint Martins.
Silverspring.
Smith.
Sommerville.
**South Milwaukee.*
**South Side.* †
Stargard.
**Wauwatosa.*
West Granville.
Whitefish Bay.
**Williamsburg.* †

MONROE.

Angelo.
Cuxton.
§*Cataract.*
Clifton.
Glendale.
Kendall.
Kirby.
Lafayette.
Leon.
Melvina.
Norwalk.
Norway Ridge.
Oakdale.
Oil City.
Portland.
Rapp.
Saint Marys.
Shennington.
**Sparta (c. h.).*
Stowell.
**Tomah.*
Tunnel City.
Valley Junction.
Warrens.

Willon.
Wyeville.

OCONTO.

Abrams.
Amanda.
Brook.
Brookside.
Chase.
Clark.
Claywood.
Gillett.
Hayes.
Hickory.
Hintz.
Keegan.
Kelleybrook.
Lakewood.
Lena.
Liazybrook.
Little Suamico.
Logan.
Maplevalley.
Morgan.
Mosling.
Mountain.
**Oconto (c. h.).*
Oconto Falls.
Pensaukee.
Sampson.
Sobieski.
Spruce.
Stiles.
Strand.
Suring.
Timme.
Underhill.

ONEIDA.

Gagon.
Harshaw.
**Hazelhurst.*
Hebard.
McVaughton.
Munio.
Pelicanlake.
Pratt Junction.
Rhineland (c. h.).
Robbins.
Three Lakes.
Tomahawk Lake.
Woodboro.

OUTAGAMIE.

Applecreek.
**Appleton (c. h.).*
Batley.
Biinghamton.
Blackcreek.
Bungert.
Cicero.
Combined Locks.
Dale.
Erb.
Greenville.
Helena.
Hortonville.
Kaukauna.
Kimberly.
Lawrenceville.
§*Loeman.*
Littlehew.
Mackville.
Medina.
Mission.
Sagole.
Seymour.
Shiocton.
Sniderville.

South Kaukauna.
South Osborn.
Stephensville.
§*Stinson.*
Wolcome.
Whittlin.

OZAUKEE.

Bartel Station.
Belgium.
Craburby.
Druecker.
Fredonia.
Fredonia Station.
Freistadt.
Grafton.
Holy Cross.
Horns Corners.
Kohler.
Lake Church.
Mequon.
**Port Washington (c. h.).*

Saukville.
Thiensville.

PEPIN.

Arkansas.
**Durand (c. h.).*
East Pepin.
Ella.
**Pepin.*
Porcupine.
**Stockholm.*
Tarrant.

PIERCE.

Bay City.
Beldenville.
Bigriver.
Buxington.
Diamond Bluff.
**Ellsworth (c. h.).*
Elmwood.
Elpaso.
Estelle.
Exile.
Farmhill.
Gertrude.
Gilman.
Hager City.
Herbert.
Lawton.
Linderman.
Lostcreek.
Lund.
Mauden Rock.
Marlett.
§*Mosville.*
Olivet.
§*Ouo.*
Plum City.
Prescott.
**River Falls.*
Rockelm.
Springvalley.
Trim Belle.
Viking.
Waverly.

POLK.

Alabama.
Alden.
Amery.
Andrus.
Appleriver.
Atlas.

Balsam Lake (c. h.).

Blake.
Bunyan.
Clam Falls.
Clayton.
Clearlake.
Cushing.
Deronda.
Dresser Junction.
Duelholm.
East Farmington.
Elsalem.
Helbig.
Jenson.
Joel.
Littlefalls.
Lorraine.
Luck.
Lykens.
North Valley.
Nye.
Oscola Mills.
Patterson.
Pineville.
Range.
Richardson.
Sandlake.
St. Croix Falls.
South Farmington.
Ubet.
Volga.
Wagon Landing.
West Denmark.
West Sweden.
Wolfcreek.
Worth.

PORTAGE.

Alban.
Almond.
Amherst.
Amherst Junction.
Arnott.
Badger.
Bancroft.
Blaine.
Buonavista.
Casimir.
Crocker's Landing.
Custer.
Ellis.
Fancher.
Garfield.
Hetzal.
Hull.
Junction.
Keene.
Lanark.
Lonepine.
McDill.
Madely.
Meehan.
§*Nelsonville.*
Newhope.
Peru.
Plover.
Polonia.
Rosholt.
Sherman.
**Stevens Point (c. h.).*
Stockton.
Towns.

PRICE.

Brantwood.
Catawba.
Fifield.
Kennan.
Knox Mills.
Mellrue.

Station, Milwaukee postoffice.

Ogema.
Parkfalls.
* *Phillips (c. h.).*
* *Prentiss.*
Spirit.
Worcester.

RACINE

Beaumont.
* *Burlington.*
Caldwell.
Caledonia.
Dover.
Franksville.
Husher.
Ivesgrove.
Kanawville.
Kilbournville.
Kneeland.
Lamberton.
Linwood.
North Cape.
* *Racine (c. h.).*
Independent-Station.
* *Racine Junction.*
Sub-station No. 1,
1145 State St.
Raymond.
Rochester.
Sylvania.
Thompsonville.
Tischigan.
Union Church.
Uniongrove.
Waterford.
Western Union.
Wind Lake.
Yorkville.

RICHLAND.

Ashridge.
Balmoral.
Bashford.
Baswood.
Beach.
Bear Valley.
Bloom City.
Boaz.
Brady's.
Buckcreek.
Buckeye.
Byrdscreek.
Carwin.
Cazenovia.
Dixon.
Eagle Corners.
Excelsior.
Fivepoints.
Gillingham.
Henrietta.
Hub City.
Ithaca.
Keyesville.
Lonerock.
Loyd.
Millcreek.
Neptune.
* *Richland Center*
(c. h.).

Richland City.
Rockbridge.
Sabin.
Sextonville.
Sylvan.
Tavera.
Twin Bluffs.
Viola.
West Lima.
Westport.
Woodstock.
Yuba.

ROCK.

Afton.
Avon.
* *Beloit.*
Bergen.
Cainville.
Center.
* *Clinton.*
Cooksville.
Edgerton.
Emerald Grove.
* *Evansville.*
Fairfield.
Fellows.
Footville.
Fulton.
Hanover.
Indianford.
* *Janesville (c. h.).*
Johnstown.
Johnstown Center.
Koshkonong.
Leyden.
§ *Lima Center.*
Magnolia.
Milton.
Milton Junction.
Newark.
Orfordville.
Rock Prairie.
Shopters.
Smithton.
Stebbinsville.
Tiffany.
Union.
Willowdale.

ST. CROIX.

Baldwin.
Boardman.
Brookville.
Burkhardt.
Cylon.
Deerpark.
Emerald.
Erin.
* *Glenwood.*
Hammond.
Hempel.
Hersey.
Houlton.
* *Hudson (c. h.).*
Inlet.
Jewett.
New Centerville.
New Richmond.
North Hudson.
Palmer.
Pleasant Valley.
Roberts.
§ *Somerset.*
Stanton.
Star Prairie.
Wildwood.
Wilson.
Woodville.

SAUK.

Ableman.
* *Baraboo (c. h.).*
Blackhawk.
Cassell.
Dellon.
Donzer.
Devils Lake.
Ironton.
Kings Corners.
Kirkland.
Lavalle.
Leland.

Limeridge.
Loganville.
Merrimack.
North Freedom.
Oaks.
Plain.
Prairie du Sac.
* *Reedsburg.*
Sandusky.
* *Sauk City.*
Springgreen.
Valton.
White Mound.
Witwen.

SAWYER.

Deer Lake.
* *Hayward (c. h.).*
Reserve.
Wallace.

SHAWANO.

Advance.
Angolica.
Antica.
Belleplaine.
Birnamwood.
Bonduel.
Briarton.
Caroline.
Cecil.
Eland.
Frazer.
Galesburg.
Gresham.
Hermansfort.
Hota Park.
Hunting.
Keshena.
Krakow.
Landstad.
Laney.
Leopolia.
Mattoon.
Morris.
Pella.
Pulaski.
Pulcifer.
Rogina.
Riverside.
Roselawn.
* *Shawano (c. h.).*
Splitrock.
* *Tigerton.*
Tilloda.
Wellhaven.
Whitcomb.
* *Wittenberg.*

SHEBOYGAN.

Ada.
Adell.
Beechwood.
Cascade.
Cedar Grove.
Dacada.
Edwards.
Elkhart.
Erdman.
Franklin.
Gibbsville.
Glenbeulah.
Greenbush.
Haven.
Hingham.
Hoard.
Howard.
Johnsonville.
Mosel.

Oostburg.
Parnell.
Pius.
Plymouth.
Random Lake.
Rathbun.
Rhine.
Saint Anna.
Saint George.
Scott.
* *Sheboygan (c. h.).*
Sheboygan Falls.
Silvercreek.
Waldo.
Winooski.

TAYLOR.

Broederville.
Chelsea.
Halway.
Interwald.
Justin.
Littleblack.
Lynch.
* *Me Ford (c. h.).*
Perkinstown.
Riblake.
Sams.
Stetsonville.
Urquhart.
Westboro.
Whittlesoy.

TREMPEALEAU.

Arcadia.
Blair.
Centerville.
Chimneyrock.
Decora Prairie.
§ *Dodge.*
Eleva.
Elk creek.
Etrick.
Frenchville.
Galesville.
Glasgow.
Hale.
Hagg.
Independence.
Oaseo.
Pigeonfalls.
Russell.
Strum.
Tamarack.
Trempealeau.
Voler.
Whitehall (c. h.).

VERNON.

Avalanche.
Bloomingtondale.
Brinkman.
§ *Bristow.*
Bud.
Burr.
Chaseburg.
§ *Coon Valley.*
Debello.
Dell.
De Soto.
Dilly.
Esofea.
Fargo.
Folsom.
Genoa.
Harmony.
Hillsboro.
Kickapoo.
Lafarge.

Liberty.
Libertyville.
Lovass.
Manning.
Mount Tabor.
Muncie.
Newry.
Newton.
Ontario.
Ottavale.
Purdy.
Readstown.
Redmound.
Rest.
Retreat.
Rockton.
Ross.
Springville.
Star.
Stoddard.
Sugar Grove.
Trippville.
Valley.
Victory.
* *Tiroqua (c. h.)*.
Westby.
West Prairie.
Wood.

VILAS.

Arborvitae.
Conover.
Eagle River (c. h.).
Lac du Flambeau.
Minocqua.
Bayner.
Starlake.
Stateline.
Woodruff.

WALWORTH.

Adams.
Allengrove.
Bissell.
Bowers.
Como.
Darien.
Delavan.
East Delavan.
East Troy.
* *Elkhorn (c. h.)*.
Fayetteville.
Fontana.
Genoa Junction.
Heart Prairie.
Hilburn.
Honey Creek.
Jacobsville.
Lagrange.
Lake Beulah.
Lake Geneva.
Lauderdale.
Linton.
Little Prairie.
Lyons.
Mayhew.
Millard.
Porter.
Richmond.
Sharon.
Springfield.
Spring Prairie.
Tibbets.
Troy.

Troy Center.
Vienna.
Watworth.
* *Whitewater*.
Williams Bay.

WASHBURN.

Bashaw.
Chicago.
Madge.
Mills.
Minong.
Namekagon.
Nobleton.
* *Shell Lake (c. h.)*.
Spoonerville.

WASHINGTON.

Ackerville.
Addison.
Allenton.
Aurora.
Barton.
Boltonville.
Cedar Creek.
Fillmore.
Frank.
* *Hartford*.
Holyhill.
Hubertus.
Jackson.
Keowee.
Kewaskum.
Kirchayn.
Kohlsville.
Lakeview.
Mayfield.
Meeker.
Mira.
Neuno.
Newburg.
Plat.
Richfield.
Rockfield.
Saint Lawrence.
Saint Michaels.
Salter.
Schleisinger ville.
South Germantown.
Thompson.
Wayne.
* *West Bend (c. h.)*.

WAUKESHA.

Big Bend.
Brookfield.
Calhoun.
Colgate.
Delafield.
Denoun.
Dodge's Corners.
Doussman.
Duplainville.
Durham.
Eagle.
Elm Grove.
Fussville.
Genesee.
Genesee Depot.
Golden Lake.
Guthrie.
Hartland.
Lannon.

Mapleton.
Marcy.
Menomonie Falls.
Meriton.
Monches.
Monterey.
Mukwonago.
Muskego.
Nashotah.
New Berlin.
Northlake.
North Prairie.
* *Oconomowoc*.
Okauchee.
Ottawa.
Pewaukee.
Prospect.
Stonebank.
Summit Center.
Sussex.
Templeton.
Tess Corners.
Vernon.
Wales.
Waterville.
* *Waukesha (c. h.)*.

WAUPACA.

Baldwins Mills.
Bigfalls.
Carmel.
Clintonville.
Crystallake.
Embarrass.
Fremont.
Hatton.
Jola.
Lind.
Littlewolf.
Manawa.
Marble.
Marion.
* *New London*.
Nicholson.
Northland.
Northport.
Nowell.
Ogdensburg.
Readfield.
Reams.
Royalton.
Rural.
Scandinavia.
Sheridan.
Sugarbush.
Symco.
* *Waupaca (c. h.)*.
* *Weyauwega*.
* *Wisconsin Veterans' Home*.

WAUSHARA.

Auroraville.
Borth.
Brushville.
Cedarlake.
Colebrook.
Coloma.
Coloma Station.
Dakota.
Fargoville.
Hancock.
Mount Morris.
Oasis.

Pine River.
Plainfield.
Poymippi.
Redgranite.
Richford.
Rodney.
Saxeville.
Springlake.
Springwater.
Terrill.
Tustin.
Waukhara.
Wautoma (c. h.).
West Bloomfield.
Wildrose.

WINNEBAGO.

Allenville.
Boom.
Butte des Morts.
Clemansville.
Crete.
Elo.
Eureka.
Fisk.
Koro.
Larsen.
* *Menasha*.
Metz.
Mikesville.
* *Neenah*.
Nekimi.
Omro.
Orihula.
* *Oshkosh (c. h.)*.
Pickett.
Poygan.
Ring.
Rushlake.
Waukau.
Winchester.
Winnebago.
Winneconne.
Zion.
Zittau.

WOOD.

Altdorf.
Arpin.
Auburndale.
Babcock.
Bakerville.
Blenker.
* *Centralia*.
Cranmoor.
Daly.
Dexterville.
* *Grand Rapids (c. h.)*.
Hansen.
Hewitt.
Lindsey.
Marshfield.
Milladore.
Nekoosa.
Pittsville.
Port Edwards.
Rudolph.
Saratoga.
Sherry.
Vesper.

LIST OF POST OFFICES

OF THE FIRST, SECOND AND THIRD CLASSES IN WISCONSIN, WITH SALARIES OF POSTMASTERS, TO JANUARY 1, 1899.

The Postmasters of these offices are appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate. All other Postmasters rank as fourth class, and are appointed by the Postmaster General.

Office.	County.	Class.	Salary.
Algoma	Kewaunee	3	\$1,000
Alma	Buffalo	3	1,000
Antigo	Langlade	3	1,700
Appleton	Outagamie	2	2,500
Arcadia	Trempealeau	3	1,100
Ashland	Ashland	2	2,500
Augusta	Eau Claire	3	1,200
Baraboo	Sauk	2	2,100
Barron	Barron	3	1,300
Bayfield	Bayfield	3	1,100
Beaverdam	Dodge	3	1,900
Beloit	Rock	2	2,400
Berlin	Green Lake	2	2,000
Black River Falls	Jackson	3	1,800
Boscobel	Grant	3	1,300
Brodhead	Green	3	1,500
Burlington	Racine	3	1,700
Centralia	Wood	3	1,300
Chilton	Calumet	3	1,200
Chippewa Falls	Chippewa	2	2,300
Clinton	Rock	3	1,300
Clintonville	Waupaca	3	1,400
Columbus	Columbia	3	1,800
Cudahy	Milwaukee	3	1,500
Cumberland	Barron	3	1,100
Darlington	Lafayette	3	1,500
Delavan	Walworth	3	1,700
Depere	Brown	3	1,800
Dodgeville	Iowa	3	1,500
Durand	Pepin	3	1,100
Eau Claire	Eau Claire	2	2,700
Edgerton	Rock	3	1,500
Elkhorn	Walworth	3	1,500
Ellsworth	Pierce	3	1,100
Elroy	Juneau	3	1,200
Evansville	Rock	3	1,600
Fond du Lac	Fond du Lac	2	2,600
Fort Atkinson	Jefferson	2	2,300
Galesville	Trempealeau	3	1,000
Grand Rapids	Wood	3	1,500
Greenbay	Brown	2	2,700
Hartford	Washington	3	1,300
Hayward	Sawyer	3	1,500
Horicon	Dodge	3	1,100
Hudson	St. Croix	3	1,700
Hurley	Iron	3	1,300
Iron River	Bayfield	3	1,100
Janesville	Rock	2	2,700
Jefferson	Jefferson	3	1,500
Kaukauna	Outagamie	3	1,400
Kenosha	Kenosha	2	2,500
Kewaunee	Kewaunee	3	1,200
Kilbourn	Columbia	3	1,500
La Crosse	La Crosse	1	3,100
Lake Geneva	Walworth	3	1,800
Lake Mills	Jefferson	2	1,400
Lancaster	Grant	3	1,500
Lodi	Columbia	3	1,200
Madison	Dane	1	3,100
Manitowoc	Manitowoc	2	2,400
Marinette	Marinette	2	2,300

POST OFFICES OF THE FIRST, SECOND AND THIRD CLASSES—Continued.

Office.	County.	Class.	Salary.
Marshfield	Wood	3	\$1,900
Mauston	Juneau	3	1,500
Mayville	Dodge	3	1,100
Mendota	Taylor	2	1,500
Menasha	Winnebago	3	1,800
Menomonie	Dunn	3	1,900
Merrill	Lincoln	2	2,000
Milwaukee	Milwaukee	1	5,000
Mineral Point	Iowa	3	1,500
Mondovi	Buffalo	3	1,000
Monroe	Green	3	1,900
Necedah	Juneau	3	1,100
Neshanic	Winnebago	2	2,100
Neillsville	Clark	3	1,500
New Lisbon	Juneau	3	1,100
New London	Waupaca	3	1,600
New Richmond	St. Croix	3	1,600
Oconomowoc	Waukesha	3	1,700
Oconto	Oconto	3	1,400
Omro	Winnebago	3	1,200
Oshkosh	Winnebago	1	3,000
Peshigo	Marquette	3	1,100
Phillips	Price	3	1,500
Plainfield	Waushara	3	1,200
Platteville	Grant	3	1,700
Portage	Sheboygan	3	1,500
Port Washington	Columbia	3	1,900
Prairie du Chien	Ozaukee	3	1,600
Racine	Crawford	3	1,400
Reedsburg	Racine	1	3,400
Rhinelander	Sauk	3	1,700
Rice Lake	Oneida	3	1,900
Richland Center	Barron	3	1,600
Ripon	Richland	3	1,600
River Falls	Fond du Lac	3	1,900
Seymour	Pierce	3	1,600
Sharon	Outagamie	3	1,000
Shawano	Walworth	3	1,200
Sheboygan	Shawano	3	1,300
Sheboygan Falls	Sheboygan	2	2,600
Shell Lake	Sheboygan	3	1,400
Shullsburg	Washburn	3	1,100
South Kaukauna	Lafayette	3	1,100
South Milwaukee	Outagamie	3	1,200
South Superior	Milwaukee	3	1,400
Sparta	Douglas	3	1,100
Spring Green	Monroe	3	1,900
Stevens Point	Sauk	3	1,000
Stoughton	Portage	2	2,200
Sturgeon Bay	Dane	3	1,800
Superior	Door	3	1,400
Tomah	Douglas	3	1,700
Tomahawk	Monroe	3	1,500
Two Rivers	Lincoln	3	1,400
Viroqua	Manitowoc	3	1,400
Washburn	Vernon	3	1,500
Waterloo	Bayfield	3	1,600
Watertown	Jefferson	3	1,100
Waukesha	Jefferson	2	2,200
Waupaca	Waukesha	2	2,400
Waupun	Waupaca	3	1,700
Wausau	Fond du Lac	3	1,700
Wauwatosa	Marathon	2	2,400
West Bend	Milwaukee	3	1,900
West Superior	Washington	3	1,400
Weyauwega	Douglas	2	2,700
Whitewater	Waupaca	3	1,000
Winefoot	Walworth	2	2,000
Winefoot	Juneau	3	1,100

POSTAL INFORMATION.

POSTAGE, REGISTRY AND MONEY ORDER FEES.

CLASSES OF MAIL MATTER AND POSTAGE THEREON.

Domestic mail matter is divided into four classes:

First Class—Letters, postal cards, and matter wholly or partly in writing, whether sealed or unsealed (except manuscript copy accompanying proof-sheets or corrected proof-sheets of the same), and all matter sealed or otherwise closed against inspection.

Rate of postage—Two cents per ounce or fraction thereof. Postal cards, one cent each.

On private mailing cards bearing written messages, provided they conform to the regulations adopted under the act of May 19, 1893, one cent each.

On "drop" letters, two cents per ounce or fraction thereof, when mailed at letter carrier offices; and one cent per ounce or fraction thereof at other offices.

Second Class—Newspapers and publications issued at stated intervals as often as four times a year, bearing a date of issue and numbered consecutively, issued from a known office of publication, and formed of printed sheets, without board, cloth, leather or other substantial binding. Such publications must be originated and published for the dissemination of information of a public character, or devoted to literature, the sciences, art, or some special industry. They must have a legitimate list of subscribers, and must not be designed primarily for advertising purposes, or for free circulation or circulation at nominal rates.

Rate of postage—For publishers and news agents: 1 cent a pound or fraction thereof.

For others than publishers and news agents: 1 cent for each four ounces or fraction thereof.

Third Class—Books, periodicals and matter wholly in print (not included in second class), proof sheets, corrected proof sheets and manuscript copy accompanying the same, also seeds, bulbs, roots, scions and plants.

Rate of postage—One cent for each two ounces or fraction thereof.

Fourth Class—Merchandise, namely, all matter not embraced in the other three classes, and which is not in its form or nature liable to destroy, deface or otherwise damage the contents of the mail bag, or harm the person of any one engaged in the postal service, and not above the weight provided by law.

Rate of postage—One cent per ounce or fraction thereof.

THE LIMIT OF WEIGHT.

A package must not exceed four pounds in weight, unless it be a single book.

PAYMENT OF POSTAGE.

On first class matter the postage should be fully prepaid, but if two cents in stamps be affixed the matter will be forwarded and remainder due collected of addressee before delivery.

On Second-Class Matter—The postage must be fully prepaid.

On Third-Class Matter—The postage must be fully prepaid.

On Fourth-Class Matter—The postage must be fully prepaid.

WHAT MAY BE WRITTEN OR PRINTED ON MAIL MATTER.

Second Class—Name and address of persons to whom the matter is to be sent; index figures of subscription book printed or written; printed title of publication, printed or written name or address, without advertisement of publisher or sender; written or printed words or figures, or both, indicating date on which subscription ends; correction of typographical errors, a mark except by written or printed words to designate a word or passage to which it is desired to call attention; the words "sample copy;" publishers' or news agents' bills, receipts and orders for subscription, but the same shall convey no

other information than the name, place of publication, subscription price, and amount of subscription due. The number of copies inclosed may be indicated on wrapper or face of package.

Third Class — Sender's name and address, with the word "from;" marks other than by written or printed words to call attention to word or passage; correction of typographical errors; on the blank leaves or cover of any book may be placed a simple manuscript dedication or inscription not in the nature of a personal correspondence; upon the address side of wrapper, envelope, tag or label must be left space sufficient for legible address and necessary stamps.

Fourth Class — With matter of this kind may be enclosed any mailable third-class matter. On wrapper, cover, tag or label may be written name and address of sender, with word "from;" marks, numbers, names or letters for purposes of description, or same may be printed; any printed matter not in nature of a personal correspondence. On address side must be left space sufficient for legible address and necessary stamps.

THE REGISTRY SYSTEM.

All mail matter, including drop letters, may be registered; but not matter addressed to fictitious names, initials, or box numbers, or bearing vague and indefinite addresses.

The registry fee is eight cents in addition to postage. It must be prepaid by stamps affixed.

The rates of postage to all other countries and colonies (except Canada and Mexico) are as follows:

Letters, 15 grams ($\frac{1}{4}$ ounce)	5 cents.
Postal cards, each	2 cents.
Newspapers and other printed matter, per two ounces	1 cent.
Commercial papers:	
Packets not in excess of 10 ounces	5 cents.
Packets in excess of 10 ounces, for each two ounces or fraction thereof	1 cent.
Samples of merchandise:	
Packets not in excess of 4 ounces	2 cents.
Packets in excess of 4 ounces, for each 2 ounces or fraction thereof	1 cent.
Registration fee on letters or other articles	8 cents.

Ordinary letters for countries of the Postal Union (except Canada and Mexico) will be forwarded whether any postage is prepaid on them or not. All other mailable matter must be prepaid, at least partially. Mail matter for Hawaii, Cuba, Porto Rico and to United States possessions in the Philippines, if addressed to persons in the service of the United States, should be prepaid at domestic rates, and at postal union rates if addressed to other persons.

CANADA AND MEXICO.

Matter mailed in the United States addressed to Canada or Mexico is subject to the same postage rates and conditions as it would be if it were addressed for delivery in the United States.

THE POSTAL MONEY ORDER SYSTEM.

The following are the fees for domestic money orders:

For orders not exceeding \$2.50	3c.
For orders exceeding \$2.50 and not exceeding \$5	5c.
For orders exceeding \$5 and not exceeding \$10	8c.
For orders exceeding \$10 and not exceeding \$20	10c.
For orders exceeding \$20 and not exceeding \$30	12c.
For orders exceeding \$30 and not exceeding \$40	15c.
For orders exceeding \$40 and not exceeding \$50	18c.
For orders exceeding \$50 and not exceeding \$60	20c.
For orders exceeding \$60 and not exceeding \$75	25c.
For orders exceeding \$75 and not exceeding \$100	30c.

Two cents is added to each fee for war tax.

The maximum amount of a single order is \$100.

INTERNATIONAL MONEY ORDERS.

Postal conventions are now in operation for the exchange of money orders between the United States and the following countries, viz.: Switzerland, Great Britain and Ireland, Germany, France, Italy, Canada, Newfoundland, Jamaica, New South Wales, Victoria, New Zealand, Queensland, the Cape Colony, the Windward Islands (embracing the islands of Barbados, Grenada, St. Vincent, and St. Lucia), the Leeward Islands (consisting of the presidencies of Antigua, St. Christopher, Nevis, Dominica, Montserrat and the Virgin Islands), Belgium, Portugal, Tasmania, Hawaii, Sweden, Japan, Norway, Denmark, the Netherlands, Dutch East Indies, the Bahama Islands, the colony of Trinidad and Tobago, Austria, Hungary, British Guiana, the Grand Duchy of Luxemburg, Bermuda, South Australia, Salvador, Hong Kong and Republic of Honduras.

The fees for International Money-Orders are as follows:

For sums not exceeding \$10.....	10c
Over \$10 and not exceeding \$20.....	20c
Over \$20 and not exceeding \$30.....	30c
Over \$30 and not exceeding \$40.....	40c
Over \$40 and not exceeding \$50.....	50c
Over \$50 and not exceeding \$60.....	60c
Over \$60 and not exceeding \$70.....	70c
Over \$70 and not exceeding \$80.....	80c
Over \$80 and not exceeding \$90.....	90c
Over \$90 and not exceeding \$100.....	\$1 00

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR 1898.

The expenditures of the postal service for the year ending June 30, 1898, are shown by items in the following statement:

Compensation of postmasters	\$17,453,433 58
Compensation of clerks in post-offices.....	10,589,069 23
Rent, light and fuel for first, second and third class post-offices.....	1,581,649 80
Miscellaneous items, including office furniture.....	147,915 70
Advertising.....	26,533 05
Free-delivery service.....	13,386,593 09
Experimental rural free delivery service.....	49,999 71
Stationery for post-offices and money order service	80,039 01
Wrapping twine, wrapping paper, packing boxes, etc.....	111,930 53
Letter balances, scales, and test weights	9,996 78
Postmarking and rating stamps.....	41,965 40
Printing and facing slips.....	16,368 27
Canceling machines.....	68,069 39
Blanks, blank books, stamps, etc., for money-order service.....	106,783 62
Payment of money orders more than one year old	33,408 98
Railway post-office car service.....	3,753,416 64
Inland mail transportation, railroad.....	33,440,837 34
Inland mail transportation, railroad special facilities.....	175,973 00
Inland mail transportation, star.....	5,286,614 87
Inland mail transportation, steamboat.....	418,635 14
Inland mail transportation, electric and cable car.....	204,939 46
Mail messenger service.....	987,163 91
Screen-wagon service.....	734,491 12
Mail bags, catchers, locks, keys, repairs.....	361,447 81
Railway post-office clerks.....	8,066,602 54
Transportation of foreign mails.....	1,620,282 71
Balance due foreign countries.....	139,808 53

Manufacture and distribution of postage stamps	190,485 17
Manufacture of stamped envelopes and distribution	768,378 14
Manufacture and distribution of postal cards	161,740 47
Registered-package, tag, official, and dead-letter envelopes	103,010 00
Ship, steamboat, and way letters	716 28
Special-delivery service	370,383 56
Mail depredations and post-office inspectors	361,714 57
Payment of rewards	4,900 00
Total	\$37,853,407 99

The postal revenue from all sources was as follows:

Letter postage paid in money	\$118,756 96
Box rents and branch offices	2,579,241 05
Fines and penalties	27,695 67
Postage stamps, stamped envelopes, newspaper wrappers, etc.	85,029,076 96
Dead letters	10,502 13
Revenue from money order business	1,156,633 35
Miscellaneous	50,712 43
Total receipts	\$39,012,618 55
Excess of expenditures over receipts	\$3,840,789 44

STATEMENT OF AMOUNT OF MAIL MATTER HANDLED.

The following information relative to the amount of matter carried in the mails of this country during the year 1898, is taken from the report of the Postmaster General:

Number of letters and other pieces of first-class matter mailed during the year at letter rates of postage	2,733,834,000
Number of letters and other first-class matter on official business, free	91,933,000
Total letters paid and free	2,825,767,000
Number of postal cards mailed	556,000,000
Number of newspapers and periodicals mailed by publishers and news agents, paid	1,379,004,000
Number of newspapers and periodicals mailed free in the several "counties of publication"	593,174,000
Number of newspapers and periodicals mailed by others than publishers and news agents ..	97,738,000
Total pieces of second-class matter	2,069,916,000
Number of pieces of third-class matter mailed — books, pamphlets, circulars, etc	700,746,000
Number of pieces of fourth-class matter mailed — packages of merchandise, etc., including seeds, plants, etc.	62,018,000
Aggregate of pieces of all classes mailed	6,214,447,000

STATE AND FEDERAL CENSUS.

COMPARATIVE TABLE, SHOWING POPULATION OF 1890 AND 1895, BY TOWNS, CITIES AND VILLAGES.

Total Population, Federal Census, 1890 1,686,880
Total Population, State Census, 1895 1,937,915

ADAMS COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Adams.....	516	Adams.....	488
Big Flats.....	257	Big Flats.....	322
Colburn.....	267	Dell Prairie.....	443
Dell Prairie.....	516	Easton.....	376
Easton.....	401	Jackson.....	504
Jackson.....	556	Leola.....	240
Leola.....	255	Lincoln.....	440
Lincoln.....	472	Monroe.....	462
Monroe.....	452	New Chester.....	344
New Chester.....	352	New Haven.....	746
New Haven.....	714	Preston.....	209
Preston.....	217	Quincy.....	333
Quincy.....	384	Richfield.....	335
Richfield.....	337	Rome.....	238
Rome.....	351	Springville.....	474
Springville.....	500	Strong's Prairie.....	870
Strong's Prairie.....	955		
Total population.....	7,532	Total population.....	6,890

ASHLAND COUNTY.

*Ashland.....	1,949	Ashland, incl. Apostle Islands, 952	1,507
Ashland, city:		Ashland, city:	
1st ward.....	2,598	1st ward.....	1,445
2d ward.....	2,218	2d ward.....	1,714
3d ward.....	1,382	3d ward.....	1,772
4th ward.....	2,272	4th ward.....	2,301
5th ward.....	2,528	5th ward.....	2,721
6th ward.....	1,352	Butternut.....	1,210
Butternut.....	1,275	Jacobs.....	1,277
Jacobs.....	1,014	Knight.....	639
La Pointe.....	250	Vaughan, incl. villages Hurley,	
Morse.....	443	2,237; Hoyt, Guile and Pence..	5,474
Total population.....	17,241	Total population.....	20,093

* Census of 1890 includes Iron county.

COLUMBIA COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Arlington	843	Arlington	828
Caledonia	1,318	Caledonia	1,336
Columbus	798	Columbus	800
Columbus, city:		Columbus, city	1,977
1st ward	811	Courtland, incl. parts of Ran-	
2d ward	671	dolph (w. ward) and Cambria.	1,324
3d ward	805	Dekorra	1,396
Courtland	875	Ft. Winnebago	646
* Cambria, village	570	Fountain Prairie	1,315
Dekorra	873	Hampden	861
Poynette, village	593	Leeds	1,171
Fort Winnebago	645	Lewistown	938
Fountain Prairie	1,366	Lodi	1,373
Hampden	923	Lowville	735
Leeds	1,217	Marcellon	845
Lewiston	934	Newport, incl. Kilbourn City vil.	1,448
Lodi	743	Otsego	1,127
Lodi, village	975	Pacific	255
Lowville	821	Portage, city:	
Marcellon	853	1st and 4th wards	2,095
Newport	541	2d and 3d wards	1,848
Kilbourn City, village	1,207	5th ward	1,200
Otsego	1,266	Randolph, incl. part of village ..	974
Rio, village	432	Randolph vil., w. ward. (See	
Pacific	272	Courtland).	
Portage, city:		Rio, village	339
1st ward	667	Scott	824
2d ward	1,012	Springvale	703
3d ward	923	West Point	701
4th ward	1,316	Wyocena	1,303
5th ward	1,501		
Randolph	912	Total population	28,350
† Randolph village, West ward ..	134		
Scott	882		
Springvale	718		
West Point	759		
Wyocena, including 385 in village.	1,118		
Pardeeville, village	574		
Total population	30,868		

* Part in town of Courtland, part in Randolph.

† East ward in Dodge county. Total 538.

CRAWFORD COUNTY.

Bridgeport	397	Bridgeport	410
Clayton	1,968	Clayton	2,050
Soldiers Grove, village	450	Eastman	1,436
Eastman	1,483	Freeman	1,496
Freeman	1,647	Haney	738
De Soto, village	111	Marietta	1,300
Haney	924	Prairie du Chien	602
Marietta	1,285	Prairie du Chien, city:	
Prairie du Chien	592	1st ward	629
Prairie du Chien, city:		2d ward	1,131
1st ward	695	3d ward	1,063
2d ward	1,085	4th ward	308
3d ward	1,148	Scott	1,079
4th ward	380	Seneca, incl. Lynxville village ..	1,440
Scott	1,077	Utica	1,389
Seneca	1,158	Wauzeka	916
Lynxville, village	310	Total population	15,937
Utica	1,497		
Wauzeka	607		
Wauzeka, village	411		
Total population	17,203		

DANE COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Albion	1,598	Albion	1,516
Berry	1,012	Berry	1,003
Black Earth	809	Black Earth, incl. village	742
Blooming Grove	1,067	Blooming Grove	990
Blue Mounds, incl. 654 in Mt. Horeb and 187 in Blue Mounds villages	1,723	Blue Mounds	1,449
Bristol	1,193	Burke	1,093
Burke	1,247	Bristol	1,129
Christiana, incl. 525 in Cambridge and 202 in Rockdale villages	2,380	Christiana	2,379
Cottage Grove	1,319	Cottage Grove	1,305
Cross Plains	1,171	Cross Plains	1,103
Dane incl. 274 in village of Dane	1,250	Dane	1,161
Doerfield	1,200	Deerfield	1,573
Doerfield, village	619	Dunkirk	1,406
Dunkirk	1,574	Dunn, incl. McFarland village	1,113
Dunn	1,167	Fitchburg	958
Fitchburg	1,046	Madison	919
Madison	1,251	Madison, city:	
Madison, city:		1st ward	2,845
1st ward	3,125	2d ward	2,943
2d ward	3,341	3d ward	1,512
3d ward	1,757	4th ward	2,281
4th ward	2,687	5th ward	2,164
5th ward	3,083	6th ward	1,678
6th ward	2,037	Mazomanie, incl. vil. 1,034	1,482
Mazomanie	503	Medina, incl. vil. of Marshall	1,383
Mazomanie, village	1,015	Middleton	1,433
Medina	1,499	Montrose, incl. vils. of Belleville and Paoli	1,251
Middleton, incl. 285 in village of Middleton	1,508	Oregon, incl. vil. 595	1,436
Middleton	1,018	Perry	996
Belleville, village	400	Pleasant Springs	1,501
Oregon	862	Primrose	889
Oregon, village	637	Roxbury	1,073
Perry	997	Rutland	1,222
Primrose	902	Sprindale	1,120
Pleasant Springs	1,510	Springfield	1,111
Roxbury	999	Stoughton, city:	
Rutland	1,320	1st ward	1,097
Springdale	1,136	2d ward	1,373
Springfield	1,154	Sun Prairie, incl. vil. 704	1,616
Stoughton, city	2,946	Vermont	892
Sun Prairie	903	Verona	1,225
Sun Prairie, village	823	Vienna	1,009
Vermont	800	Westport	1,003
Verona	1,251	Windsor	1,829
Vienna	1,155	York	963
Westport	1,543		
Waunakee, village	420		
Windsor, incl. 269 in De Forest; 175 in Morrisouville; 168 in Windsor villages	1,757		
York	973		
Total population	65,669	Total population	59,578

DODGE COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Ashippun.....	1,373	Ashippun.....	1,344
Beaver Dam.....	1,376	Beaver Dam.....	1,341
Beaver Dam, city:		Beaver Dam, city:	
1st ward..... 831	5,042	1st ward..... } 1,823	4,222
2d ward..... 1,335		2d ward..... }	
3d ward..... 1,397		3d ward..... }	
4th ward..... 1,479		4th ward..... } 2,394	
Burnett.....	1,109	Burnett, including Burnet Junc- tion.....	1,026
Calamus.....	1,113	Calamus.....	1,063
Chester.....	737	Chester.....	736
Clyman.....	1,219	Clyman.....	1,263
Elba.....	1,061	Elba.....	1,117
Emmett.....	1,303	Emmett.....	1,248
Fox Lake.....	860	Fox Lake, including village, 814	1,616
Fox Lake, village.....	1,003	Herman, including village of, 1,302, and Hullsburg and Wood- land.....	1,478
Herman.....	1,439	Hubbard, including part Hori- con village, 1,273.....	2,969
Hubbard, incl. 149 vil. Iron Ridge and 160 vil. Iron Mountain.....	1,719	Hustisford, including village, 513	1,639
Horicon, village.....	1,513	Juneau. (See Oak Grove.)	
Hustisford, incl. 497 vil. Hustis- ford.....	1,665	Lebanon.....	1,505
Juneau, city.....	790	Le Roy.....	1,413
Lebanon.....	1,474	Lomira.....	1,816
Le Roy.....	1,493	Lowell.....	2,492
Lomira.....	1,881	Mayville, city, 1,163. (See Will- iamstown.)	
Lowell.....	1,811	Oak Grove, incl. Juneau, 701; Oak Grove, village, 1,184; Min- nesota Jct., Rolling Prairie and part of Horicon.....	2,375
Lowell, village.....	331	Portland.....	1,163
Reeseville, village.....	396	Randolph, E. ward. (See West- ford.)	
Mayville, city.....	1,539	Reeseville.....	
Oak Grove, incl. 340 vil. Rolling Prairie, and 204 vil. Minnesota Junction.....	1,718	Rubicon, including village of, 1,024, and Neahkoro.....	1,520
Portland.....	1,171	Shields.....	919
*Randolph, East ward.....	454	Theresa.....	1,761
Rubicon.....	1,472	Trenton.....	1,472
Shields.....	949	Watertown, city: Total, 8,755.	
Theresa, incl. 272 vil. of Theresa..	1,762	See Jefferson Co.	
Trenton.....	1,562	5th ward.....	2,249
† Watertown, city:		6th ward.....	
5th ward..... 995	2,471	Waupun, S.W. (See Fond du Lac Co., total, 2,757.....	1,695
6th ward..... 1,476		Westford, including Randolph village.....	1,286
† Waupun, South ward.....	2,011	Williamstown, including May- ville and Kekoskee.....	2,196
Westford.....	992	Total population.....	44,984
Williamstown.....	1,012		
Total population.....	47,851		

* West ward in Columbia county. Total, 558.

† 7,451 in Jefferson county.

† 1,305 in Fond du Lac county. Total for city, 3,216.

DOOR COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popu- lation.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popu- lation.
Bailey's Harbor.....	695	Bailey's Harbor.....	608
Brussels.....	1 200	Brussels.....	1,085
Clay Banks.....	581	Clay Banks.....	609
Egg Harbor.....	943	Egg Harbor.....	821
Forestville.....	1,352	Forestville.....	1,361
Gardner.....	833	Gardner.....	805
Gibraltar.....	1,158	Gibraltar.....	994
Jacksonport.....	955	Jacksonport.....	817
Liberty Grove.....	1,563	Liberty Grove.....	1,538
Nasewaunpee.....	1,194	Nasewaunpee.....	1,057
Sevastopol.....	1,576	Sevastopol.....	1,313
Sturgeon Bay.....	587	Sturgeon Bay.....	1,135
Sturgeon Bay, city.....	2,790	Sturgeon Bay, city.....	2,195
Union.....	730	Union.....	673
Washington.....	812	Washington.....	738
Total population.....	16,969	Total population.....	15,682

DOUGLAS COUNTY.

Brule.....	1,012	Brule.....	896
Gordon.....	458	Gordon.....	184
Nebagamain.....	1,179	Nebagamain.....	554
Superior.....	1,169	Superior.....	561
Superior, city:		Superior, city:	
1st ward.....	3,114	1st ward.....	846
2d ward.....	1,785	2d ward.....	1,453
3d ward.....	2,443	3d ward.....	1,295
4th ward.....	5,153	4th ward.....	4,486
5th ward.....	3,960	5th ward.....	1,215
6th ward.....	1,675	6th ward.....	993
7th ward.....	3,713	7th ward.....	1,695
8th ward.....	1,701		
9th ward.....	2,624		
Total population.....	29,986	Total population.....	13,468

DUNN COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Colfax	861	Colfax	672
Dunn	1,040	Dunn	1,258
Downsville, village	271	Eau Galle	1,218
Dunnville, village	48	Elk Mound, ...	695
Eau Galle	1,203	Grant	542
Eau Galle, village	119	Hay River	496
Elk Mound	682	Lucas	705
Elk Mound, village	92	Menomonie	1,631
Grant	641	Menomonie, city:	
Hay River	499	1st ward	1,417
Lucas	858	2d ward	1,176
Menomonie	1,839	3d ward	1,013
Menomonie, city:		4th ward	1,885
1st ward	1,358	New Haven	521
2d ward	1,493	Otter Creek	342
3d ward	1,112	Peru	342
4th ward	2,235	Red Cedar	1,127
New Haven	493	Rock Creek	543
Otter Creek	300	Sand Creek	620
Peru	348	Sheridan	423
Red Cedar	1,093	Sherman	638
Cedar Falls, village	425	Spring Brook	1,267
Rock Creek	536	Stanton	1,113
Pierce, village	34	Tainter	442
Rock Falls, village	56	Tiffany	1,118
Sand Creek	544	Weston	660
Sand Creek, village	69	Wilson	451
Sheridan	543		
Sherman	725	Total population	22,664
Spring Brook	1,396		
Stanton	725		
Knapp, village	446		
Tainter	432		
Tiffany	705		
Barker, village	132		
Downing, village	329		
Haystown, village	41		
Weston	855		
Wilson	466		
Total population	25,006		

EAU CLAIRE COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Altoona, city:		Altoona, city.....	805
1st ward.....	322	Augusta, city.....	1,187
2d ward.....	445	Bridge Creek.....	1,122
Augusta, city:		Brunswick.....	1,705
1st ward.....	201	Clear Creek.....	621
2d ward.....	511	Drammen.....	556
3d ward.....	312	Eau Claire:	
4th ward.....	302	1st ward.....	3,078
Bridge Creek.....	1,155	2d ward.....	1,604
Brunswick.....	696	3d ward.....	1,975
Porter's Mills, village.....	899	4th ward.....	1,035
Clear Creek.....	684	5th ward.....	1,538
Drammen.....	638	6th ward.....	3,883
Eau Claire, city:		7th ward.....	2,128
1st ward.....	3,391	8th ward.....	2,161
2d ward.....	1,776	Fairchild.....	1,215
3d ward.....	2,130	Lincoln.....	1,786
4th ward.....	1,040	Ludington.....	558
5th ward.....	1,627	Otter Creek.....	688
6th ward.....	4,213	Pleasant Valley.....	737
7th ward.....	2,236	Seymour.....	406
8th ward.....	2,224	Union.....	674
Fairchild.....	616	Washington.....	1,138
Fairchild, village.....	781	Total population.....	30,673
Lincoln, incl. 402 in Fall Creek...	1,924		
Ludington.....	688		
Otter Creek.....	742		
Pleasant Valley.....	951		
Seymour.....	448		
Union.....	890		
Washington.....	1,310		
Total population.....	33,172		

FLORENCE COUNTY.

Commonwealth	938	Commonwealth	895
Florence	1,551	Florence, incl. vil	1,709
Homestead	361	Total population.....	2,604
Total population	2,850		

FOND DU LAC COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Alto.....	1,332	Alto.....	1,316
Ashford.....	1,849	Ashford.....	1,868
Auburn.....	1,542	Auburn.....	1,509
Byron.....	1,344	Byron.....	1,216
Calumet.....	1,513	Calumet.....	1,399
Eden.....	1,399	Eden.....	1,353
Eldorado.....	1,467	Eldorado.....	1,458
Empire.....	1,930	Empire.....	1,873
Fond du Lac.....	1,290	Fond du Lac, town.....	1,126
Fond du Lac, city:		Fond du Lac, city:	
1st ward.....	1,933	1st ward.....	1,759
2d ward.....	2,278	2d ward.....	1,923
3d ward.....	2,012	3d ward.....	2,112
4th ward.....	2,181	4th ward.....	2,037
5th ward.....	838	5th ward.....	1,639
6th ward.....	948	6th ward.....	1,084
7th ward.....	1,111	7th ward.....	1,084
8th ward.....	1,750	8th ward.....	1,470
Forest.....	1,236	Forest.....	1,311
Friendship.....	777	Friendship.....	856
Lamartine.....	1,273	Lamartine.....	1,222
Marshfield.....	2,131	Marshfield.....	1,938
Metomen.....	1,234	Metomen.....	1,853
Brandon, village.....	690	Oakfield.....	1,324
Oakfield.....	1,468	Osceola.....	1,222
Osceola.....	1,139	Ripon, incl. city.....	4,543
Ripon.....	1,224	1st ward.....	1,702
Ripon, city:		2d ward.....	1,656
1st ward.....	2,382	Rosendale.....	1,099
2d ward.....		Springvale.....	1,092
3d ward.....	1,998	Taycheedah.....	1,249
4th ward.....		Waupun.....	1,115
Rosendale.....	1,164	Waupun, city, north ward (See	
Springvale.....	1,161	Dodge Co.).....	1,022
Taycheedah.....	1,382		
Waupun.....	1,200	Total population.....	44,008
* Waupun, city, north ward.....	1,205		
Total population.....	47,436		

* 2,011 in Dodge Co. Total for city, 3,216.

FOREST COUNTY.

Crandon.....	405	Crandon.....	370
Gagen.....	657	Gagen, incl. Cushman.....	462
Pelican Lake.....	226	Pelican.....	180
Total population.....	1,288	Total population.....	1,012

GRANT COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Beetown.....	1,130	Beetown.....	1,257
Bloomington.....	635	Bloomington.....	1,174
Bloomington, village.....	552	Boscobel, incl. city.....	1,692
Boscobel.....	129	Cassville.....	1,435
Boscobel, city.....	1,479	Castle Rock.....	681
Cassville.....	629	Clifton.....	1,074
Cassville, village.....	931	Ellenborough.....	814
Castle Rock.....	704	Fennimore, incl. vil., 616.....	1,423
Clifton, including 191 in Living- ston and 37 in Annaton villages.....	1,044	Glen Haven.....	883
Ellenborough.....	823	Harrison.....	1,020
Fennimore.....	794	Hazel Green, incl. vil., 508.....	1,549
Fennimore, village.....	876	Hickory Grove.....	798
Glen Haven, including 173 in vil- lage of Glen Haven.....	852	Jamestown.....	961
Hazel Green.....	1,005	Lancaster, incl. city.....	3,239
Hazel Green, village.....	448	Lancaster, city.....	1,543
Harrison.....	1,010	Liberty.....	891
Hickory Grove.....	690	Lima.....	1,040
Jamestown.....	1,002	Little Grant.....	663
Lancaster.....	1,895	Marion.....	573
Lancaster, ci'y.....	2,174	Millville.....	197
Liberty.....	902	Mount Hope.....	640
Lima.....	1,082	Mount Ida.....	779
Little Grant.....	629	Muscoda.....	1,160
Marion.....	533	Paris.....	778
Millville.....	222	Patch Grove.....	690
Mount Hope.....	634	Platteville, incl. city.....	3,637
Mount Ida.....	825	Platteville, city.....	2,740
Muscoda.....	540	Potosi, incl. British Hollow.....	2,110
Muscoda, village.....	733	Smelser.....	1,296
Patch Grove.....	682	Waterloo.....	834
Paris.....	832	Watterstown.....	488
Platteville.....	932	Wingville, incl. vil. Montfort.....	1,380
Platteville, city.....	3,321	Woodman.....	496
Potosi.....	1,607	Wyalusing.....	786
Potosi, village.....	454		
Smelser.....	933		
Cuba City, village.....	442		
Waterloo.....	978		
Watterstown.....	483		
Wingville.....	925		
Montfort, village.....	606		
Woodman.....	442		
Wyalusing.....	903		
Total population.....	38,372	Total population.....	38,651

GREEN COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Adams.....	871	Adams.....	851
Albany.....	719	Albany.....	1,390
Albany, village.....	655	Brooklyn.....	1,205
Brooklyn.....	1,218	Cadiz.....	1,507
Brodhead, city:		Clarno.....	1,319
1st ward.....	762	Decatur, incl. vil. Brodhead, 1,461	2,146
2d ward.....	955	Exeter.....	915
	1,717	Jefferson.....	1,278
Cadiz.....	1,316	Jordan.....	1,101
Browstown, village.....	328	Monroe, incl. city.....	966
Clarno.....	1,351	Monroe, city:	
Decatur.....	661	1st ward.....	1,787
Exeter.....	918	2d ward.....	1,981
Jefferson.....	1,282		3,768
Jordan.....	1,043	Mount Pleasant, incl. vil. Monticello, 407.....	1,248
Monroe.....	1,033	New Glarus, incl. vil.....	1,180
Monroe, city:		Spring Grove.....	1,135
1st ward.....	846	Sylvester.....	908
2d ward.....	858	Washington.....	818
3d ward.....	1,104	York.....	1,009
4th ward.....	1,035		
Mount Pleasant.....	842	Total population.....	22,732
Monticello, village.....	522		
New Glarus.....	1,202		
Spring Grove.....	1,106		
Sylvester.....	964		
Washington.....	797		
York.....	1,034		
Total population.....	23,420		

GREEN LAKE COUNTY.

Berlin.....	843	Berlin.....	767
* Berlin, city:		Berlin, city, part in Waushara Co., 31; total of city, 4,149	4,118
1st ward.....	749	Brooklyn.....	1,280
2d ward.....	971	Green Lake.....	1,343
3d ward.....	1,027	Kingston.....	816
4th ward.....	713	Mackford.....	1,514
5th ward.....	783	Manchester.....	1,024
	4,243	Marquette.....	812
Brooklyn.....	1,012	Princeton, incl. vil., 986.....	2,153
Dartford, village.....	389	St. Marie.....	751
Green Lake.....	1,377	Seneca.....	585
Kingston.....	805		
Mackford.....	1,027	Total population.....	15,163
Markesan, village.....	523		
Manchester.....	1,108		
Marquette.....	846		
Princeton.....	1,188		
Princeton, village.....	1,185		
Seneca.....	634		
Saint Marie.....	739		
Total population.....	15,939		

cond precinct, 2d ward in Waushara county, population, 35. Total for city, 4,279.

IOWA COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Arena.....	1,483	Arena, incl. village....	1,479
Brigham.....	1,384	Brigham.....	1,341
Clyde.....	618	Clyde.....	610
Dodgeville.....	1,651	Dodgeville.....	1,577
Dodgeville, city:		Dodgeville, city.....	1,722
1st ward.....	673	Eden.....	956
2d ward.....	739	Highland, incl. vil., 751	2,328
3d ward.....	619	Linden, incl. village.....	1,861
Eden.....	968	Mifflin, incl. village.....	1,488
Highland.....	1,589	Mineral Point.....	1,271
Highland, village.....	741	Mineral Point, city:	
Linden.....	1,397	1st ward.....	1,475
Linden, village.....	494	2d ward.....	1,219
Mifflin.....	1,557	Moscow.....	1,145
Mineral Point.....	1,245	Pulaski.....	1,239
Mineral Point, city:		Ridgeway.....	990
1st ward.....	766	Waldwick.....	810
2d ward.....	1,035	Wyoming.....	629
3d ward.....	900		
4th ward.....	735	Total population.....	22,117
Moscow, incl. 172 in village of Hol- landale.....	1,254		
Pulaski.....	993		
Avoca, village.....	353		
Ridgeway.....	1,070		
Waldwick.....	798		
Wyoming.....	685		
Total population.....	23,447		

*IRON COUNTY.

Knight.....	1,119
Saxon.....	858
Vaughn.....	3,561
Total population.....	5,538

*Iron County created out of Ashland and Oneida in 1893.

JACKSON COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Alma, incl. 749 in vil. of Merril- lan and 225 in vil. of Alma Center..	1,907	Albion	1,717
Albion	1,516	Alma	1,699
Bear Bluff	146	Black River Falls, city	2,261
Black River Falls, city:		Cleveland	636
1st ward	513	Curran	706
2d ward	449	Franklin	626
3d ward	397	Garfield	507
4th ward	709	Garden Valley	703
Brockway	646	Hixton	696
City Point	177	Irving	909
Cleveland	772	Knapp	1,003
Curran	607	Manchester	560
Franklin	645	Melrose	1,304
Garden Valley	714	Millston	399
Garfield	774	Northfield	787
Hixton	879	Springfield	903
Irving	891	Sullivan	329
Knapp	411		
Manchester	665	Total population	15,797
Melrose	1,481		
Millston	404		
Northfield	964		
Springfield	925		
Total population	16,722		

JEFFERSON COUNTY.

Aztalan, incl. 53 in vil. of John- son's Creek	1,285	Aztalan, incl. part of Johnson's Creek, village (See Farming- ton)	1,349
Cold Springs	621	Cold Spring	619
Concord	1,327	Concord	1,331
Farming ton, incl. 194 in village of Johnson's Creek	1,877	Farmington, incl. part Johnson's Creek	1,847
Hebron	1,005	Hebron, incl. village	1,060
Ixonia	1,480	Ixonia, incl. village Pipersville Jefferson, incl. city, 2,287	1,491
Jefferson	1,897	Koshkonong, incl. Ft. Atkinson city, 2,283	4,053
Jefferson, city:		Lake Mills, incl. village, 1,063	3,782
1st ward	696	Milford, incl. village	2,107
2d ward	1,280	Oakland	1,439
3d ward	726	Palmyra, incl. village, 567	1,168
Koshkonong	1,576	Sullivan	1,357
Fort Atkinson, city:		Sumner	1,323
1st ward	744	Waterloo, incl. village, 862	539
2d ward	724	Watertown, town	1,838
3d ward	600	Watertown, city:	1,651
4th ward	747	1st ward	2,150
Lake Mills	1,312	2d ward	1,611
Lake Mills, village	1,175	3d ward	1,760
Milford	1,292	4th ward	985
Oakland	1,293	7th ward	985
Palmyra	734	in Dodge county, 5th and 6th wards, 2,249; total, 8,753.	
Palmyra, village	690	Total population	33,530
Sullivan, incl. 93 in village Sulli- van and 263 in village of Rome.	1,391		
Sumner	580		
Waterloo	981		
Waterloo, village	1,122		
Watertown	1,621		
*Watertown, city:			
1st ward	2,707		
2d ward	1,672		
3d ward	1,238		
4th ward	604		
7th ward	1,180		
Total population	36,317		

in Dodge Co. Total for city, 9,922.

CENSUS STATISTICS.

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JUNEAU COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Armenia	501	Armenia	354
Clearfield	341	Clearfield	274
Elroy, city	1,560	Elroy, city	1,413
Fountain	835	Fountain	744
Germantown	525	Germantown	510
Kildare	706	Kildare	648
Kingston	226	Kingston	211
Lemonweir	1,044	Lemonweir	1,075
Lindina	1,037	Lindina	957
Lisbon	474	Lisbon	444
Lyndon	487	Lyndon	495
Marion	378	Marion	391
Mauston, city	1,547	Mauston, city	1,313
Necedah	644	Necedah	2,242
Necedah, village	1,680	New Lisbon, city	990
New Lisbon, city	1,067	Orange, inc. Camp Douglas vil..	691
Orange	508	Plymouth	829
Camp Douglas, village	360	Seven Mile Creek	697
Plymouth	870	Summit	990
Seven Mile Creek	772	Wonewoc	1,211
Summit	982	Wonewoc, village	619
Wonewoc	1,405		
Wonewoc, village	765		
Total population	18,754	Total population	17,121

KENOSHA COUNTY.

Brighton	878	Brighton	926
Bristol	1,143	Bristol	1,071
Kenosha, city	8,122	Kenosha city, 1st and 3d w., 3,634	6,532
Paris	883	2d and 4th w., 2,898	
Pleasant Prairie	1,524	Paris	871
Randall	643	Pleasant Prairie, incl. village ..	1,646
Salem	1,887	Randall	653
Somers	1,819	Salem, incl. Wilmot village	1,493
Wheatland	649	Somers	1,632
Total population	17,548	Wheatland, incl. New Munster village	752
		Total population	15,581

KEWAUNEE COUNTY.

Ahnapee	1,329	Ahnapee	1,394
Ahnapee, city	1,603	Ahnapee, city	1,015
Casco	1,340	Carlton	1,571
Carlton	1,651	Casco	1,211
Franklin	1,552	Franklin	1,623
Kewaunee, city	1,529	Kewaunee	1,216
Lincoln	1,275	Lincoln	1,181
Luxembourg	1,617	Luxembourg	1,600
Montpelier	1,542	Montpelier	1,469
Pierce	901	Pierce	852
Red River	1,484	Red River	1,114
West Kewaunee	1,809	West Kewaunee	1,620
Total population	17,632	Total population	16,153

LA CROSSE COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Bangor	778	Bangor	1,138
Bangor, village	630	Barre	870
Barre	648	Burns	1,020
Burns	1,022	Campbell	953
Campbell	1,132	Farmington	1,810
Farmington	1,903	Greenfield	751
Greenfield	746	Hamilton	1,942
Hamilton	1,455	Holland	1,039
West Salem, village	695	La Crosse, city:	
Holland	1,088	1st ward	2,569
La Crosse, city:		2d ward	2,653
1st ward	1,536	3d ward	2,780
2d ward	1,446	4th ward	2,156
3d ward	1,580	5th ward	2,649
4th ward	1,331	6th ward	1,593
5th ward	1,355	7th ward	2,516
6th ward	1,224	8th ward	3,282
7th ward	1,209	9th ward	2,643
8th ward	2,506	10th ward	2,264
9th ward	1,583	Onalaska	1,030
10th ward	1,662	Onalaska, city	1,587
11th ward	1,364	Shelby	1,003
12th ward	1,102	Washington	796
13th ward	1,137		
14th ward	1,307		
15th ward	1,510		
16th ward	644		
17th ward	1,922		
18th ward	2,042		
19th ward	1,220		
20th ward	1,009		
Onalaska	1,156		
Onalaska, city:			
1st ward	405		
2d ward	720		
3d ward	509		
Shelby	1,131		
Washington	823		
Total population	43,610	Total population	38,801

CENSUS STATISTICS.

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LAFAYETTE COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popu- lation.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popu- lation.
Argyle, incl. 525 in Argyle village.	1,355	Argyle, incl. village.....	1,268
Belmont.....	797	Belmont, incl. village.....	1,185
Belmont, village.....	477	Benton.....	1,245
Benton.....	1,010	Blanchard.....	650
Penton, village.....	443	Darlington, incl. city, 1,589.....	2,682
Blanchard.....	486	Elk Grove.....	788
Blanchardville, village.....	523	Fayette.....	822
Darlington.....	1,125	Gratiot.....	1,511
Darlington, city:		Kendall.....	754
1st ward.....975	} 1,811	Lamont.....	516
2d ward.....836		Monticello.....	303
Elk Grove.....	802	New Diggings.....	1,374
Fayette.....	866	Seymour.....	783
Gratiot.....	1,245	Shullsburg, incl. city, 1,393.....	2,270
Gratiot, village.....	313	Wayne, incl. So. Wayne village..	1,170
Kendall.....	705	White Oak Springs.....	384
Lamont.....	596	Willow Springs.....	931
Monticello.....	311	Wiota, incl. village.....	1,627
New Diggings, incl. 245 in village.	1,325		
Seymour.....	803	Total population.....	20,265
Shullsburg.....	898		
Shullsburg, city:			
1st ward.....530	} 1,225		
2d ward.....775			
Wayne, incl. 236 in S. Wayne, vil.	1,227		
White Oak Springs.....	433		
Willow Springs.....	989		
Wiota.....	1,716		
Total population.....	21,488		

LANGLADE COUNTY

Ackley.....	518	Ackley.....	374
Antigo.....	893	Antigo, incl. Polar town.....	1,087
Antigo, city:		Antigo, city:	
1st ward.....572	} 5,002	1st ward.....	} 1,074
2d ward.....630		2d ward.....	
3d ward.....749		3d ward.....	
4th ward.....1,232		4th ward.....	
5th ward.....776		5th ward.....	
6th ward.....1,029		6th ward.....	
Elcho.....	194	Elcho, incl. Parrish.....	567
Elton.....	133	Elton, incl. Langlade town.....	344
Langlade.....	169	Langlade, (see Elton)	
Neva.....	668	Neva, incl. Price.....	735
Norwood.....	765	Norwood, see Rolling.	
Parrish.....	419	Parrish, (see Elcho.)	
Peck.....	206	Polar, (see Antigo.)	
Polar.....	509	Price, (see Neva.)	
Price.....	203	Rolling, incl. Norwood.....	1,348
Rolling.....	912	Summit, (see Vilas.)	
Summit.....	156	Vilas, incl. Summit.....	596
Upham.....	151		
Vilas.....	144	Total population.....	9,465
Total population.....	11,092		

JACKSON COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Alma, incl. 749 in vil. of Merrillan and 225 in vil. of Alma Center..	1,907	Albion	1,717
Albion	1,516	Alma	1,699
Bear Bluff	146	Black River Falls, city	2,261
Black River Falls, city:		Cleveland	686
1st ward	513	Curran	706
2d ward	449	Franklin	626
3d ward	397	Garfield	507
4th ward	709	Garden Valley	703
Brockway	646	Hixton	696
City Point	177	Irving	909
Cleveland	772	Knapp	1,005
Curran	697	Manchester	560
Franklin	645	Melrose	1,304
Garden Valley	714	Millston	399
Garfield	774	Northfield	787
Hixton	879	Springfield	903
Irving	891	Sullivan	329
Knapp	411		
Manchester	665	Total population	15,797
Melrose	1,481		
Millston	404		
Northfield	964		
Springfield	925		
Total population	16,722		

JEFFERSON COUNTY.

Aztalan, incl. 53 in vil. of John- son's Creek	1,285	Aztalan, incl. part of Johnson's Creek, village (See Farming- ton)	1,349
Cold Springs	621	Cold Spring	619
Concord	1,327	Concord	1,331
Farming on, incl. 194 in village of Johnson's Creek	1,877	Farmington, incl. part Johnson's Creek	1,847
Hebron	1,005	Hebron, incl. village	1,090
Ixonia	1,480	Ixonia, incl. village Pipersville	1,491
Jefferson	1,897	Jefferson, incl. city, 2,287	4,053
Jefferson, city:		Koshkonong, incl. Ft. Atkinson city, 2,283	3,782
1st ward	696	Lake Mills, incl. village, 1,063	2,107
2d ward	1,290	Milford, incl. village	1,439
3d ward	726	Oakland	1,168
Koshkonong	1,576	Palmyra, incl. village, 567	1,357
Fort Atkinson, city:		Sullivan	1,323
1st ward	744	Sumner	539
2d ward	724	Waterloo, incl. village, 862	1,838
3d ward	600	Watertown, town	1,661
4th ward	747	Watertown, city:	
Lake Mills	1,312	1st ward	2,150
Lake Mills, village	1,175	2d ward	1,611
Milford	1,292	3d ward	1,760
Oakland	1,293	4th ward	985
Palmyra	734	7th ward	985
Palmyra, village	690	in Dodge county, 5th and 6th wards, 2,249; total, 8,755.	
Sullivan, incl. 95 in village Sulli- van and 263 in village of Rome.	1,391	Total population	33,530
Sumner	580		
Waterloo	981		
Waterloo, village	1,122		
Watertown	1,621		
*Watertown, city:			
1st ward	2,707		
2d ward	1,672		
3d ward	1,298		
4th ward	604		
7th ward	1,180		
Total population	36,317		

* 2,471 in Dodge Co. Total for city, 9,922.

CENSUS STATISTICS.

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JUNEAU COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Armenia	501	Armenia	354
Clearfield	341	Clearfield	274
Elroy, city	1,580	Elroy, city	1,413
Fountain	835	Fountain	744
Germantown	525	Germantown	510
Kildare	703	Kildare	648
Kingston	226	Kingston	211
Lemonweir	1,041	Lemonweir	1,075
Lindina	1,037	Lindina	957
Lisbon	474	Lisbon	444
Lyndon	487	Lyndon	495
Marion	378	Marion	391
Mauston, city	1,547	Mauston, city	1,343
Necedah	644	Necedah	2,242
Necedah, village	1,630	New Lisbon, city	990
New Lisbon, city	1,067	Orange, inc. Camp Douglas vil..	691
Orange	506	Plymouth	829
Camp Douglas, village	360	Seven Mile Creek	697
Plymouth	870	Summit	980
Seven Mile Creek	772	Woneewoc	1,211
Summit	982	Woneewoc, village	619
Woneewoc	1,405		
Woneewoc, village	765		
Total population	18,754	Total population	17,121

KENOSHA COUNTY.

Brighton	878	Brighton	926
Bristol	1,143	Bristol	1,071
Kenosha, city	8,122	Kenosha city, 1st and 3d w., 3,634 2d and 4th w., 2,898	6,532
Paris	883	Paris	871
Pleasant Prairie	1,524	Pleasant Prairie, incl. village ..	1,646
Randall	643	Randall	658
Salem	1,887	Salem, incl. Wilmet village	1,493
Somers	1,819	Somers	1,632
Wheatland	649	Wheatland, incl. New Munster village	752
Total population	17,548	Total population	15,581

KEWAUNEE COUNTY.

Ahnapee	1,329	Ahnapee	1,384
Ahnapee, city	1,603	Ahnapee, city	1,015
Casco	1,360	Carlton	1,571
Carlton	1,651	Casco	1,211
Franklin	1,552	Franklin	1,623
Kewaunee, city	1,529	Kewaunee	1,216
Lincoln	1,275	Lincoln	1,181
Luxembourg	1,617	Luxembourg	1,600
Montpelier	1,542	Montpelier	1,469
Pierce	901	Pierce	852
Red River	1,464	Red River	1,114
West Kewaunee	1,809	West Kewaunee	1,620
Total population	17,632	Total population	16,153

LA CROSSE COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Bangor	778	Bangor	1,138
Bangor, village	630	Barre'	670
Barre'	648	Burns	1,020
Burns	1,022	Campbell	955
Campbell	1,132	Farmington	1,810
Farmington	1,903	Greenfield	751
Greenfield	746	Hamilton	1,942
Hamilton	1,455	Holland	1,039
West Salem, village	693	La Crosse, city:	
Holland	1,088	1st ward	2,569
La Crosse, city:		2d ward	2,653
1st ward	1,586	3d ward	2,780
2d ward	1,446	4th ward	2,156
3d ward	1,780	5th ward	2,649
4th ward	1,331	6th ward	1,593
5th ward	1,355	7th ward	2,516
6th ward	1,224	8th ward	3,262
7th ward	1,209	9th ward	2,648
8th ward	2,506	10th ward	2,264
9th ward	1,583	Onalaska	1,030
10th ward	1,682	Onalaska, city	1,587
11th ward	1,364	Shelby	1,003
12th ward	1,102	Washington	796
13th ward	1,137		
14th ward	1,307	Total population	33,801
15th ward	1,510		
16th ward	644		
17th ward	1,922		
18th ward	2,042		
19th ward	1,220		
20th ward	1,009		
Onalaska	1,156		
Onalaska, city:			
1st ward	405		
2d ward	720		
3d ward	509		
Shelby	1,131		
Washington	823		
Total population	43,610		

CENSUS STATISTICS.

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LAFAYETTE COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popu- lation.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popu- lation.
Argyle, inc. 525 in Argyle village.	1,355	Argyle, incl. village.....	1,268
Belmont.....	797	Belmont, incl. village.....	1,185
Belmont, village.....	477	Benton.....	1,245
Benton.....	1,010	Blanchard.....	650
Penton, village.....	448	Darlington, incl. city, 1,589.....	2,682
Blanchard.....	486	Elk Grove.....	788
Blanchardville, village.....	523	Fayette.....	822
Darlington.....	1,125	Gratiot.....	1,511
Darlington, city:		Kendall.....	754
1st ward.....	975	Lamont.....	516
2d ward.....	836	Monticello.....	803
Elk Grove.....	802	New Diggings.....	1,374
Fayette.....	866	Seymour.....	783
Gratiot.....	1,245	Shullsburg, incl. city, 1,393.....	2,270
Gratiot, village.....	813	Wayne, incl. So. Wayne village..	1,170
Kendall.....	706	White Oak Springs.....	384
Lamont.....	596	Willow Springs.....	931
Monticello.....	811	Wiota, incl. village.....	1,627
New Diggings, inc. 245 in village.	1,325		
Seymour.....	803	Total population.....	20,285
Shullsburg.....	899		
Shullsburg, city:			
1st ward.....	520		
2d ward.....	775		
Wayne, incl. 236 in S. Wayne, vil.	1,227		
White Oak Springs.....	433		
Willow Springs.....	989		
Wiota.....	1,716		
Total population.....	21,488		

LANGLADE COUNTY

Ackley.....	518	Ackley.....	374
Antigo.....	893	Antigo, incl. Polar town.....	1,087
Antigo, city:		Antigo, city:	
1st ward.....	572	1st ward.....	1,074
2d ward.....	630	2d ward.....	627
3d ward.....	749	3d ward.....	2,723
4th ward.....	1,232	4th ward.....	
5th ward.....	770	5th ward.....	
6th ward.....	1,029	6th ward.....	
Elcho.....	194	Elcho, incl. Parrish.....	567
Elton.....	133	Elton, incl. Langlade town.....	344
Langlade.....	189	Langlade, (see Elton)	
Neva.....	688	Neva, incl. Price.....	736
Norwood.....	765	Norwood, see Rolling.	
Parrish.....	419	Parrish, (see Elcho.)	
Peck.....	206	Polar, (see Antigo.)	
Polar.....	509	Price, (see Neva.)	
Price.....	203	Rolling, incl. Norwood.....	1,348
Rolling.....	912	Summit, (see Vilas.)	
Summit.....	156	Vilas, incl. Summit.....	566
Upham.....	151		
Vilas.....	144	Total population.....	9,465
Total population.....	11,092		

LINCOLN COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Corning.....	335	Corning.....	347
Harrison.....	223	Harrison, (see Russell.)	
Merrill.....	581	Merrill.....	539
Merrill, city:		Merrill, city:	
1st ward.....	953	1st ward.....	6,809
2d ward.....	709	2d ward.....	
3d ward.....	1,085	3d and 7th ward.....	
4th ward.....	1,751	4th and 6th ward.....	
5th ward.....	1,058	5th ward.....	
6th ward.....	1,481	Pine River.....	736
7th ward.....	1,590	Rock Falls, incl. Tomahawk vil., 1,816.....	2,143
Pine River.....	873	Russell, inc. Harrison, town and vil.....	859
Rock Falls.....	691	Scott.....	570
Russell.....	427		
Scott.....	732	Total population.....	12,008
Tomahawk, city.....	2,296		
Total population.....	14,765		

MANITOWOC COUNTY.

Cato.....	1,792	Cato.....	1,793
Centreville.....	1,419	Centreville.....	1,374
Cooperstown.....	1,623	Cooperstown.....	1,629
Eaton.....	1,402	Eaton.....	1,332
Franklin.....	1,817	Franklin.....	1,831
Gibson.....	1,669	Gibson.....	1,651
Kossuth.....	1,946	Kossuth.....	1,973
Liberty.....	1,379	Liberty.....	1,277
Manitowoc.....	451	Manitowoc.....	1,275
Manitowoc, city:		Manitowoc, city:—	
1st ward.....	1,768	1st ward.....	1,744
2d ward.....	1,158	2d ward.....	1,056
3d ward.....	2,045	3d ward.....	1,587
4th ward.....	1,566	4th ward.....	1,669
5th ward.....	1,001	5th ward.....	1,654
6th ward.....	478	Manitowoc Rapids.....	1,914
7th ward.....	1,411	Maple Grove.....	1,585
Manitowoc Rapids.....	2,025	Meeme.....	1,434
Maple Grove.....	1,272	Mishicot.....	1,417
Meeme.....	1,487	Newton.....	1,726
Mishicot.....	1,538	Rockland.....	1,267
Newton.....	2,139	Schleswig.....	2,053
Rockland.....	1,111	Two Creeks.....	807
Reedsville, village.....	536	Two Rivers.....	1,108
Schleswig.....	1,495	Two Rivers, city.....	2,870
Kiel, village.....	789		
Two Creeks.....	651	Total population.....	37,831
Two Rivers.....	1,241		
Two Rivers, city:			
1st ward.....	1,044		
2d ward.....	1,824		
3d ward.....	725		
Total population.....	40,802		

MARATHON COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Bergen	334	Bergen, incl. Emmet	616
Berlin	1,192	Berlin, incl. Hamburg, 693	1,778
Brighton	578	Brighton	698
Cleveland	527	Cleveland, (see Frankfort.)	
Cassel	1,031	Day, incl. McMillan	1,235
* Colby, city, East ward	189	Easton, incl. Wausau town, 1,372	1,620
Day	883	Eau Pleine, (see Frankfort.)	
Easton	843	Eldron, incl. Norrie	585
Eau Pleine	581	Emmet, (see Bergen.)	
Eldron	267	Frankfort, incl. Wien and Eau Pleine and Cleveland	1,284
Emmet	623	Halsey	654
Frankfort	458	Hamburg, (see Bergen.)	
Halsey	1,110	Harrison, incl. Texas	1,146
Hamburg	720	Holeton	700
Harrison	201	Hull	883
Heewtt	173	Johnson, incl. Reitbrock, 717	1,030
Holeton	911	Knowlton, (see Kronenwetter.)	
Hull	716	Kronenwetter, incl. Knowlton, Pike Lake, 542	1,139
Johnson	591	Maine	1,178
Knowlton	277	Marathon, incl. Marathon city, village	1,438
Kronenwetter	312	McMillan, (see Day.)	
Maine	1,077	Mosinee, incl. village	628
Marathon	574	Norrie, (see Eldron.)	
Marathon, village	405	Pike Lake, (see Kronenwetter.)	
McMillan	728	Rib Falls, (see Stettin.)	
McMillan, village	167	Reitbrock, (see Johnson.)	
Mosinee	186	Spencer, incl. village, 528, and Manville	1,018
Mosinee, village	517	Stettin, incl. Rib Falls, 672	1,648
Norrie	558	Texas, (see Harrison.)	
Pike Lake	782	Wausau, (see Easton.)	
Plover	288	Wausau, city:	
Rib Falls	667	1st ward	1,349
Rietbrock	887	2d ward	1,085
Spencer	738	3d ward	1,101
Stettin	1,063	4th ward	967
Texas	813	5th ward	1,831
Wausau	1,067	6th ward	1,845
Wausau, city:		7th ward	1,065
1st ward	1,431	Weston	1,776
2d ward	1,201	Wien, (see Frankfort.)	
3d ward	1,167	Total population	30,369
4th ward	989		
5th ward	2,561		
6th ward	1,991		
7th ward	1,673		
Weston	1,719		
Wien	703		
Total population	36,598		

* 324 in Clark county. Total for city, 512.

MARINETTE COUNTY.

Amberg	308	Marinette, city:	
Amberg, village	431	1st ward	1,928
Pembine, village	200	2d ward	2,120
Coleman	2,135	3d ward	2,700
Grover	1,738	4th ward	2,961
Marinette, city:		5th ward	1,814
1st ward	2,791	Feshigo	7,202
2d ward	3,245	Porterfield, inc. vil. Wausaukee, 1,119	1,579
3d ward	3,688	Total population	20,304
4th ward	3,089		
5th ward	2,533		
Peshigo	5,234		
Porterfield	762		
Wausaukee	1,180		
Total population	27,271		

MARQUETTE COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Population.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Population.
Buffalo	819	Buffalo	808
Crystal Lake	624	Crystal Lake	667
Douglas	645	Douglas	623
Harris	589	Harris	576
Mecan	645	Mecan	724
Montello	451	Montello, including vil., 761	1,177
Montello, village	887	Moundville	324
Moundville	446	Neshkoro	561
Neshkoro	635	Newton	711
Newton	642	Oxford	567
Oxford	551	Packwaukee	711
Packwaukee	790	Shields	608
Shields	662	Springfield	605
Springfield	678	Westfield	1,012
Westfield	939		
Westfield, village	230		
Total population	10,203	Total population	9,676

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Franklin	1,824	Franklin	1,868
Granville	2,674	Granville	2,278
Greenfield	5,129	Greenfield	3,190
Lake	4,598	Lake	4,899
Cudahy, village	771	Milwaukee	6,403
Milwaukee	3,796	Milwaukee, city:	
Whitefish Bay, village	464	1st ward	9,341
*Milwaukee, city:		2d ward	10,685
1st ward	9,504	3d ward	6,823
2d ward	9,853	4th ward	10,291
3d ward	4,779	5th ward	10,163
4th ward	9,773	6th ward	13,020
5th ward	9,628	7th ward	6,645
6th ward	13,459	8th ward	14,236
7th ward	6,588	9th ward	22,469
8th ward	15,618	10th ward	19,879
9th ward	30,367	11th ward	13,768
10th ward	29,050	12th ward	11,791
11th ward	18,643	13th ward	14,638
12th ward	13,448	14th ward	11,107
13th ward	24,603	15th ward	9,447
14th ward	17,145	16th ward	6,321
15th ward	11,024	17th ward	5,896
16th ward	7,731	18th ward	7,923
17th ward	8,935	Oak Creek	2,087
18th ward	11,122	Wauwatosa	10,914
Oak Creek	1,786		
South Milwaukee, village	2,662		
Wauwatosa	12,173		
Wauwatosa, village	2,755		
Total population	287,922	Total population	236,101

*The 19th ward has since been created from the 9th, the 20th ward from the 10th, the 21st ward from the 13th, and the boundary line between the 12th and 17th wards changed, making population of these wards as follows: 9th, 16,833; 10th, 16,062; 13th, 15,291; 19th, 13,434; 20th, 12,998; 21st, 9,305; 12th, 11,521; 17th, 8,879.

MONROE COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Adrian.....	657	Adrian.....	615
Angelo.....	570	Angelo.....	477
Byron.....	680	Byron.....	458
Clifton.....	987	Clifton.....	965
Glendale.....	1,106	Glendale.....	1,324
Kendall, village.....	883	Greenfield.....	592
Greenfield.....	638	Jefferson.....	1,315
Jefferson.....	1,175	Lafayette, inc. New Lyme.....	512
Cashton, village.....	356	La Grange.....	730
La Grange.....	1,004	Leon.....	688
Lafayette.....	337	Lincoln.....	1,065
New Lyme.....	170	Little Falls.....	993
Leon.....	779	New Lyme, (see Lafayette) ...	
Lincoln.....	1,152	Oakdale.....	690
Little Falls.....	1,300	Portland.....	1,166
Oakdale.....	723	Portland.....	1,292
Portland.....	1,204	Ridgeville.....	813
Ridgeville.....	979	Sheldon.....	996
Norwalk, village.....	318	Sparta.....	
Sheldon.....	913	Sparta, city:	
Sparta.....	1,235	1st ward.....	928
Sparta, city:		2d ward.....	662
1st ward.....	1,060	3d ward.....	694
2d ward.....	550	4th ward.....	511
3d ward.....	445	Tomah.....	698
4th ward.....	696	Tomah, city.....	2,199
Tomah.....	741	Wellington.....	1,120
Tomah, city:		Wells.....	642
1st ward.....	650	Wilton.....	1,066
2d ward.....	845		
3d ward.....	963	Total population.....	23,211
Wellington.....	1,072		
Wells.....	659		
Wilton.....	903		
Wilton, village.....	340		
Total population.....	26,350		

OCONTO COUNTY.

Armstrong.....	155	Chase.....	913
Brazeau.....	257	Gillett (See Oconto Falls).....	770
Chase.....	1,072	Howe.....	1,194
Gillett.....	838	Little River.....	624
Howe.....	597	Little Suamico.....	1,396
Lena.....	597	Maple Valley.....	1,068
Little River.....	1,041	Oconto.....	
Little Suamico.....	748	Oconto, city:	
Maple Valley.....	795	East ward.....	2,450
Oconto.....	1,241	North ward.....	2,769
Oconto, city:		South ward.....	1,432
East ward.....	1,667	Oconto Falls incl. Gillett, 938...	1,585
North ward.....	1,076	Pensaukee.....	868
South ward.....	2,166	Stiles.....	
West ward.....	1,108	Total population.....	15,009
Oconto Falls.....			
Pensaukee.....	1,762		
Stiles.....	835		
Spruce.....	764		
Underhill.....	549		
Waupee.....	220		
Total population.....	18,339		

ONEIDA COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Hazlehurst	1,352	Eagle River, incl. village	1,243
Pelican	890	Hazlehurst	355
Rhinelander, city: }		Minocqua	461
1st ward	925	Pelican, incl. village of Rhine-	
2d ward	744	lander, 2,658	2,949
3d ward	861	Total population	5,010
4th ward	698		
5th ward	628		
6th ward	484		
Woodboro	528		
Total population	7,060		

OUTAGAMIE COUNTY.

Appleton, city:		Appleton, city:	
1st ward	2,611	1st ward	2,206
2d ward	2,974	2d ward	2,737
3d ward	3,139	3d ward	2,436
4th ward	1,511	4th ward	1,267
5th ward	2,384	5th ward	3,221
6th ward	2,022	6th ward	
Black Creek	1,454	Black Creek	1,377
Bovina	787	Bovina	664
Buchanan	2,079	Buchanan	1,397
Center	1,525	Center	1,488
Cicero	1,013	Cicero	952
Dale	1,265	Dale	1,217
Dear Creek	1,175	Dear Creek	982
Ellington	1,231	Ellington	1,210
Freedom	1,656	Freedom	1,602
Grand Chute	1,713	Grand Chute	1,574
Greenville	1,335	Greenville	1,243
Hortonville	738	Hortonville	1,307
Hortonville, village	864	Kaukauna	1,723
Kaukauna	1,514	Kaukauna, city:	
Little Chute, village	728	1st ward	2,076
Kaukauna, city:		2d ward	
1st ward	1,201	3d ward	2,591
2d ward	1,354	4th ward	
3d ward	1,426	5th ward	
4th ward	1,056	Liberty	492
5th ward	434	Main	478
Liberty	528	Maple Creek	815
Maine	588	New London, 3d ward. Total for	
Maple Creek	824	city, 2,049 (see Waupaca Co.) ..	268
*New London, 3d ward	522	Osborn	685
Osborn	712	Seymour	977
Seymour	1,129	Seymour, city	733
Seymour, city:		Part of Oneida Indian Reserva-	
1st ward	535	tion, inc	923
2d ward	397	Total population	38,692
Total population	44,404		

* 1,972 Waupaca county, Total for city, 2,494.

CENSUS STATISTICS.

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OZAUKEE COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Belgium.....	1,627	Belgium.....	1,680
Cedarburg.....	1,591	Cedarburg, incl. city, 1,361	2,888
Cedarburg, city	1,632	Fredonia, incl. vil., 1,503	1,665
Fredonia.....	1,721	Grafton, incl. village	1,444
Grafton.....	1,567	Mequon.....	2,902
Mequon.....	2,903	Port Washington, incl. city, 1,659	2,725
Port Washington.....	1,109	Saukville, incl. village.....	1,647
Port Washington, city.....	2,661		
Saukville.....	1,714		
Total population.....	16,545	Total population.....	14,943

PEPIN COUNTY. *

Albany.....	568	Albany.....	459
Durand.....	250	Durand.....	253
Durand, city:		Durand, city.....	1,154
1st ward.....	544	Frankfort.....	648
2d ward.....	828	Lima.....	765
Frankfort.....	775	Pepin.....	1,491
Lima.....	748	Stockholm.....	711
Pepin.....	1,194	Waterville.....	1,287
Pepin, village.....	375	Waubeck.....	164
Stockholm.....	743		
Waterville.....	1,382	Total population.....	6,932
Waubeck.....	160		
Total population.....	7,567		

PIERCE COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Clifton.....	688	Clifton.....	631
Diamond Bluff, incl. 162 in vil....	532	Diamond Bluff.....	468
Ellsworth.....	1,495	Ellsworth.....	1,328
Ellsworth, village.....	881	Ellsworth, village.....	664
El Paso.....	1,015	El Paso.....	837
Gilman.....	1,288	Gilman.....	1,227
Hartland.....	1,203	Hartland.....	1,189
Isabelle.....	373	Isabelle.....	324
Maiden Rock.....	1,322	Maiden Rock.....	1,164
Maiden Rock, village.....	312	Maiden Rock, village.....	339
Martell, incl. 173 in vil.....	1,354	Martell.....	1,279
Oak Grove.....	863	Oak Grove.....	816
Prescott, city:		Prescott, city.....	802
1st ward.....	364	River Falls.....	1,067
2d ward.....	314	River Falls, city (2d, 3d and 4th	
3d ward.....	288	wards in Pierce county—total	
River Falls.....	1,342	incl. 1st in St. Croix county,	
* River Falls, city:		2,474)	1,778
2d ward.....	807	Rock Elm.....	1,037
3d ward.....	449	Salem.....	837
4th ward.....	512	Spring Lake.....	967
Rock Elm..... in village....	1,141	Trenton.....	939
Salem.....	814	Trimbelle.....	1,578
Spring Lake.....	1,623	Union.....	984
Trenton.....	1,048		
Trimbelle.....	1,631		
Union, incl. 172 in vil. of Plum			
City.....	1,328		
		Total population.....	20,385
Total population.....	23,040		

* Also 151 in St. Croix county. Total for city, 1,919.

POLK COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Alden	1,474	Alden	1,261
Apple River	469	Apple River	366
Balsam Lake	571	Balsam Lake	431
Beaver	439	Beaver	333
Black Brook	812	Black Brook	708
Bone Lake	120	Bone Lake	62
Clam Falls	218	Clam Falls	203
Clayton	744	Clayton	618
Clear Lake	807	Clear Lake	951
Clear Lake, village	496	Eureka	806
Eureka	967	Farmington	899
Farmington	1,062	Garfield	540
Garfield	778	Georgetown	85
Georgetown	181	Johnstown	100
Johnstown	117	Laketown	668
Laketown	715	Lincoln, incl. Amery village	1,072
Lincoln	805	Lorraine	210
Amery, village	902	Luck	393
Lorraine	258	Milltown	459
Luck	440	Osceola, incl. village	1,067
Milltown	582	St. Croix Falls, incl. vil., 745	798
Osceola	806	Sterling	667
Osceola, village	478	West Sweden	270
St. Croix Falls	375		
St. Croix Falls, village	608	Total population	12,968
Sterling	779		
West Sweden	314		
Total population	16,117		

PORTAGE COUNTY.

Alban	792	Alban	563
Almond	1,147	Almond	1,035
Amherst	2,030	Amherst	1,732
Belmont	829	Belmont	622
Buena Vista	1,159	Buena Vista	1,061
Carson	1,060	Carson, incl. Eau Pleine	1,709
Eau Pleine	780	Eau Pleine (see Carson)	
Grant	465	Grant, incl. Pine Grove	816
Hull	1,432	Hull	1,477
Lanark	907	Lanark	797
Linwood	446	Linwood, incl. town of Stevens Point, 895	1,233
New Hope	1,002	New Hope	855
Pine Grove	501	Pine Grove (see Grant)	
Plover	1,793	Plover	1,224
Sharon	2,175	Sharon	1,940
Stevens Point	1,074	Stevens Point city: (see Linwood)	
Stevens Point, city:		1st ward	1,299
1st ward	1,362	2d and 5th wards	2,317
2d ward	1,544	3d and 5th wards	2,295
3d ward	1,482	4th ward	1,985
4th ward	2,258	5th ward (see 3d)	
5th ward	1,487	6th ward (see 2d)	
6th ward	882	Stockton	1,698
Stockton	1,944		
Total population	23,531	Total population	24,796

PRICE COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Brannan	374	Brannan, incl. Prentice, 570	1,086
Emery	119	Emery, incl. Hackett and George- town	43
Fifield	494	Fifield, incl. Fifield vil., 646	87
Georgetown	149	Georgetown (see Emery).	
Hackett	360	Hackett (see Emery).	
Hill	234	Kennan (see Ogema).	
Kennan	215	Lake	409
Lake	657	Ogema, incl. Kennan	81
Ogema	1,017	Prentice (see Brannan).	
Prentice	979	Worcester, incl. Phillips village	1,583
Phillips, city	1,652		
Worcester	707	Total population	5,258
Total population	7,257		

RACINE COUNTY.

Burlington	1,069	Burlington, incl. vil., 2,043	3,140
Burlington, village	2,428	Caledonia, incl. vil. of Franks- ville	2,732
Caledonia	2,853	Dover	924
Dover	922	Mt. Pleasant	2,192
Mount Pleasant	2,277	Norway	841
Norway	968	Racine, city: ..	
Racine, city:		1st ward	1,141
1st ward	1,103	2d ward	1,810
2d ward	2,128	3d ward	3,185
3d ward	3,568	4th ward	3,352
4th ward	3,516	5th ward	4,379
5th ward	5,695	6th ward	4,581
6th ward	5,455	7th ward	2,668
7th ward	3,426	Raymond	1,784
Raymond	1,723	Rochester, incl. village	699
Rochester	760	Waterford	1,551
Waterford	1,637	Yorkville	1,391
Yorkville	1,112		
Union Grove, village	472	Total population	36,268
Total population	41,110		

RICHLAND COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Akan.....	993	Akan.....	962
Bloom.....	1,365	Bloom.....	1,361
Buena Vista.....	820	Buena Vista, incl. Lone Rock.....	1,139
Lone Rock, village.....	393	Dayton.....	1,119
Dayton.....	1,138	Eagle.....	1,153
Eagle.....	1,109	Forest.....	1,151
Forest.....	1,147	Henrietta.....	1,143
Henrietta.....	1,207	Ithaca.....	1,193
Ithaca.....	1,819	Lone Rock, (see Buena Vista).....	
Marshall.....	886	Marshall.....	909
Orion.....	688	Orion.....	645
Richland.....	830	Richland.....	847
Richland Center, city:		Richland Center, city:	
1st ward.....	723	1st ward.....	551
2d ward.....	749	2d ward.....	671
3d ward.....	509	3d ward.....	597
Richwood.....	1,358	Richwood.....	1,343
Rockbridge.....	1,101	Rockbridge.....	1,118
Sylvan.....	1,016	Sylvan.....	1,013
Westford.....	1,111	Westford.....	1,124
Willow.....	1,037	Willow.....	1,010
Total population.....	19,619	Total population.....	19,121

ROCK COUNTY.

Avon.....	778	Avon.....	806
Beloit.....	712	Beloit, town.....	714
Beloit, city:		Beloit, city:	
1st ward.....	3,224	1st ward.....	1,377
2d ward.....		2d ward.....	1,399
3d ward.....	4,562	3d ward.....	1,871
4th ward.....		4th ward.....	1,608
Bradford.....	907	Bradford.....	849
Center.....	1,176	Center.....	1,073
Clinton.....	1,111	Clinton, incl. vil., 856.....	1,961
Clinton, village.....	951	Edgerton, city.....	1,595
Edgerton, city.....	1,972	Evansville, (see Union.).....	
Evansville, village.....	1,716	Fulton.....	1,363
Fulton.....	1,419	Harmony.....	1,083
Harmony.....	1,184	Janesville.....	926
Janesville.....	1,193	Janesville, city:	
Janesville, city:		1st ward.....	2,737
1st ward.....	2,484	2d ward.....	2,194
2d ward.....	2,366	3d ward.....	1,579
3d ward.....	2,776	4th ward.....	3,682
4th ward.....	3,527	5th ward.....	1,274
5th ward.....	1,818	Johnstown.....	1,034
Johnstown.....	1,027	La Prairie.....	832
La Prairie.....	945	Lima.....	1,109
Lima.....	1,084	Magnolia.....	1,098
Magnolia.....	1,135	Milton, incl. vil., 1,395.....	2,300
Milton.....	2,459	Newark.....	1,039
Newark.....	1,000	Plymouth.....	1,188
Plymouth.....	1,254	Porter.....	1,235
Porter.....	1,255	Rock.....	976
Rock, including 115 in village of Afton.....	975	Spring Valley.....	1,422
Spring Valley, incl. 277 in Orford- ville village.....	1,413	Turtle.....	993
Turtle.....	1,087	Union, incl. Evansville vil., 1,523.....	2,473
Union.....	924	Total population.....	48,220
Total population.....	48,414		

ST. CROIX COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Baldwin	1,450	Baldwin, incl. village	1,614
Baldwin, village	621	Cady	771
Cady	844	Cylon	708
Cylon	838	Eau Galle	1,387
Eau Galle	1,149	Emerald	547
Emerald	662	Erin Prairie	851
Erin	910	Forest	190
Forest	170	Glenwood	1,671
Glenwood	449	Hammond, incl. village	1,235
Glenwood, city	2,006	Hudson	596
Hammond	900	Hudson, city:	
Hammond, village	400	1st ward	518
Hudson	841	2d ward	1,176
Hudson, city	3,338	3d ward	1,216
Kinnickinnick	629	Kinnickinnick	630
New Richmond, city	1,680	New Richmond:	
Pleasant Valley	471	1st ward	459
Richmond	850	2d ward	463
*River Falls, 1st ward	151	3d ward	462
Rush River	638	Pleasant Valley	533
St. Joseph	948	Richmond	838
Somerset	1,287	Rush River	655
Springfield	1,319	St. Joseph	780
Stanton	785	Somerset	1,159
Star Prairie	968	Springfield	1,445
Troy	754	Stanton	765
Warren	511	Star Prairie	767
Total population	23,870	Troy, incl. River Falls city, ward 1	696
		Total population	22,997

*1,768 in Pierce county. Total for city, 1,919.

SAUK COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Baraboo	1,446	Baraboo	1,386
Baraboo, city:		Baraboo, city:	
1st ward.....	1,977	1st ward.....	1,705
2d ward.....	2,006	2d ward.....	1,545
3d ward.....	1,501	3d ward.....	1,356
Bear Creek	915	Bear Creek	883
Delton	855	Dellona	894
Dellona	619	Delton	829
Excelsior	945	Excelsior, incl. Ableman, vil.	1,209
Ableman, village.....	430	Fairfield	672
Fairfield.....	739	Franklin.....	1,044
Franklin.....	1,075	Freedom, incl. vil. N. Freedom..	1,259
Freedom.....	1,039	Greenfield	845
North Freedom, village.....	420	Honey Creek.....	1,124
Greenfield	885	Ironton, incl. vil.	1,455
Honey Creek	1,099	La Valle, incl. vil.	1,367
Ironton	1,429	Merrimack.....	847
La Valle.....	1,054	Prairie du Sac, incl. vil., 562	1,180
La Valle, village	343	Reedsburg	1,112
Merrimack	895	Reedsburg, city.....	1,737
Prairie du Sac	545	Sauk City, village.....	576
Prairie du Sac, village.....	616	Spring Green, inc. vil., 625.....	1,208
Sauk city, village	837	Sumpter	761
Reedsburg	1,110	Troy	911
Reedsburg, city		Washington	1,206
1st ward.....	1,063	Westfield	1,377
2d ward.....	1,021	Winfield	793
Spring Green	634	Woodland.....	1,222
Spring Green, village.....	777		
Sumpter	758		
Troy	938		
Washington	1,263		
Westfield	1,449		
Winfield	821		
Woodland.....	1,322		
Total population.....	22,919	Total population.....	20,575

SAWYER COUNTY.

Hayward village, incl. town.....	3,741	Hayward vil., 1,349, incl. town ..	1,977
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PRICE COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Brannan	674	Brannan, incl. Prentice, 570	1,086
Emery	119	Emery, incl. Hackett and George- town	4:3
Fifield	494	Fifield, incl. Fifield vil., 646	857
Georgetown	149	Georgetown (see Emery).	
Hackett	360	Hackett (see Emery).	
Hill	234	Kennan (see Ogema).	
Kennan	215	Lake	409
Lake	637	Ogema, incl. Kennan	871
Ogema	1,017	Prentice (see Brannan).	
Prentice	979	Worcester, incl. Phillips village.	1,582
Phillips, city	1,652		
Worcester	707		
Total population	7,257	Total population	5,258

RACINE COUNTY.

Burlington	1,099	Burlington, incl. vil., 2,043	3,140
Burlington, village	2,428	Caledonia, incl. vil. of Franke- ville	2,732
Caledonia	2,853	Dover	924
Dover	922	Mt. Pleasant	2,192
Mount Pleasant	2,277	Norway	841
Norway	968	Racine, city:	
Racine, city:		1st ward	1,141
1st ward	1,103	2d ward	1,810
2d ward	2,126	3d ward	3,185
3d ward	3,508	4th ward	3,352
4th ward	3,516	5th ward	4,379
5th ward	5,695	6th ward	4,581
6th ward	5,455	7th ward	2,666
7th ward	3,426	Raymond	1,784
Raymond	1,723	Rochester, incl. village	699
Rochester	760	Waterford	1,551
Waterford	1,637	Yorkville	1,391
Yorkville	1,112		
Union Grove, village	472		
Total population	41,110	Total population	36,268

RICHLAND COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Akan.....	993	Akan.....	982
Bloom.....	1,395	Bloom.....	1,361
Buena Vista.....	820	Buena Vista, incl. Lone Rock...	1,139
Lone Rock, village.....	393	Dayton.....	1,119
Dayton.....	1,138	Eagle.....	1,153
Eagle.....	1,109	Forest.....	1,151
Forest.....	1,147	Henrietta.....	1,143
Henrietta.....	1,207	Ithaca.....	1,193
Ithaca.....	1,319	Lone Rock, (see Buena Vista).	
Marshall.....	886	Marshall.....	909
Orion.....	888	Orion.....	865
Richland.....	830	Richland.....	847
Richland Center, city:		Richland Center, city:	
1st ward.....	723	1st ward.....	551
2d ward.....	749	2d ward.....	671
3d ward.....	569	3d ward.....	597
Richwood.....	1,358	Richwood.....	1,343
Rockbridge.....	1,161	Rockbridge.....	1,118
Sylvan.....	1,016	Sylvan.....	1,013
Westford.....	1,111	Westford.....	1,124
Willow.....	1,037	Willow.....	1,010
Total population.....	19,619	Total population.....	19,121

ROCK COUNTY.

Avon.....	778	Avon.....	806
Beloit.....	712	Beloit, town.....	714
Beloit, city:		Beloit, city:	
1st ward.....	3,224	1st ward.....	1,377
2d ward.....		2d ward.....	1,399
3d ward.....		3d ward.....	1,871
4th ward.....	4,562	4th ward.....	1,668
Bradford.....	907	Bradford.....	849
Center.....	1,178	Center.....	1,073
Clinton.....	1,111	Clinton, incl. vil., 856...	1,961
Clinton, village.....	961	Edgerton, city.....	1,595
Edgerton, city.....	1,972	Evansville, (see Union.)	
Evansville, village.....	1,716	Fulton.....	1,363
Fulton.....	1,419	Harmony.....	1,063
Harmony.....	1,184	Janesville.....	926
Janesville.....	1,193	Janesville, city:	
Janesville, city:		1st ward.....	2,737
1st ward.....	2,484	2d ward.....	2,191
2d ward.....	2,366	3d ward.....	1,579
3d ward.....	2,778	4th ward.....	3,062
4th ward.....	3,527	5th ward.....	1,274
5th ward.....	1,818	Johnstown.....	1,034
Johnstown.....	1,027	La Prairie.....	832
La Prairie.....	945	Lima.....	1,109
Lima.....	1,064	Magnolia.....	1,086
Magnolia.....	1,135	Milton, incl. vil., 1,395...	2,300
Milton.....	2,459	Newark.....	1,039
Newark.....	1,000	Plymouth.....	1,188
Plymouth.....	1,254	Porter.....	1,235
Porter.....	1,255	Rock.....	976
Rock, including 115 in village of		Spring Valley.....	1,422
Afton.....	975	Turtle.....	993
Spring Valley, incl. 277 in Orford-		Union, incl. Evansville vil., 1,523	2,473
ville village.....	1,413		
Turtle.....	1,087		
Union.....	924		
Total population.....	48,414	Total population.....	48,220

ST. CROIX COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Baldwin	1,450	Baldwin, incl. village	1,814
Baldwin, village	621	Cady	771
Cady	844	Cylon	708
Cylon	838	Eau Galle	1,387
Eau Galle	1,149	Emerald	847
Emerald	662	Erin Prairie	861
Erin	910	Forest	190
Forest	170	Glenwood	1,671
Glenwood	449	Hammond, incl. village	1,285
Glenwood, city	2,008	Hudson	596
Hammond	900	Hudson, city:	
Hammond, village	400	1st ward	518
Hudson	841	2d ward	1,176
Hudson, city	3,338	3d ward	1,216
Kinnickinnick	629	Kinnickinnick	630
New Richmond, city	1,680	New Richmond:	
Pleasant Valley	471	1st ward	459
Richmond	850	2d ward	493
*River Falls, 1st ward	151	3d ward	462
Rush River	638	Pleasant Valley	533
St. Joseph	948	Richmond	833
Somerset	1,287	Rush River	655
Springfield	1,319	St. Joseph	730
Stanton	785	Somerset	1,159
Star Prairie	968	Springfield	1,445
Troy	758	Stanton	765
Warren	811	Star Prairie	767
Total population	23,870	Troy, incl. River Falls city, ward 1	696
		Total population	22,997

*1,788 in Pierce county. Total for city, 1,912.

SAUK COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Baraboo	1,446	Baraboo	1,386
Baraboo, city:		Baraboo, city:	
1st ward	1,977	1st ward	1,705
2d ward	2,006	2d ward	1,545
3d ward	1,501	3d ward	1,356
Bear Creek	915	Bear Creek	883
Delton	855	Dellona	894
Dellona	619	Delton	829
Excelsior	945	Excelsior, incl. Ableman, vil.	1,209
Ableman, village	430	Fairfield	672
Fairfield	739	Franklin	1,044
Franklin	1,075	Freedom, incl. vil. N. Freedom ..	1,259
Freedom	1,038	Greenfield	848
North Freedom, village	420	Honey Creek	1,124
Greenfield	888	Ironton, incl. vil.	1,455
Honey Creek	1,077	La Valle, incl. vil.	1,387
Ironton	1,429	Merrimack	847
La Valle	1,054	Prairie du Sac, incl. vil. 562	1,180
La Valle, village	343	Reedsburg	1,112
Merrimack	895	Reedsburg, city	1,737
Prairie du Sac	545	Sauk City, village	876
Prairie du Sac, village	616	Spring Green, inc. vil. 625	1,208
Sauk city, village	837	Sumpter	761
Reedsburg	1,110	Troy	911
Reedsburg, city		Washington	1,206
1st ward	1,005	Westfield	1,317
2d ward	1,021	Winfield	798
Spring Green	634	Woodland	1,222
Spring Green, village	777		
Sumpter	758		
Troy	908		
Washington	1,263		
Westfield	1,449		
Winfield	821		
Woodland	1,322		
Total population	32,919	Total population	30,576

SAWYER COUNTY.

Hayward village, incl. town	3,741	Hayward vil., 1,349, incl. town ..	1,977
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SHAWANO COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Almon	561	Almon, incl. towns Morris and Seneca	1,213
Angelica	1,062	Angelica (see Green Valley)	
Aniwa	484	Aniwa, incl. Hutchins, 620	1,306
Aniwa, village	214	Belle Plaine	1,023
Belle Plaine	1,016	Biramwood	731
Biramwood	502	Fairbanks (see Germania)	
Biramwood, village	370	Germania, incl. Fairbanks	923
Fairbanks, inc. 490 vil. Tigertown	1,206	Grant	1,026
Germania	157	Green Valley, incl. Angelica, 680	1,464
Grant	1,108	Hartland	1,379
Green Valley	915	Herman	863
Hartland	1,442	Hutchins (see Aniwa)	
Herman	986	Lessor	749
Hutchins	740	Maple Grove	1,400
Lessor	974	Morris (see Almon)	
Maple Grove	1,841	Navarino (see Wauchekon)	
Morris	490	Pella	816
Navarino	282	Richmond, incl. the city of Shawano	2,633
Pella	886	Seneca (See Almon)	
Richmond	1,009	Shawano city, 1,505 (see Richmond)	
Seneca	423	Washington	1,242
Shawano, city:		Wauchekon, incl. Navarino	1,089
1st ward	722	Wittenberg	1,384
2d ward	496		
3d ward	541	Total population	19,236
Washington	1,420		
Wauchekon	966		
Wittenberg	978		
Wittenberg, village	798		
Total population	22,573		

SHEBOYGAN COUNTY.

Greenbush	1,343	Greenbush, incl. Grenboulah vil.	1,690
Greenbush, village	415	Herman	1,908
Herman	1,944	Holland	2,874
Holland	2,846	Lima	1,921
Lima	1,940	Lyndon	1,697
Lyndon, incl. Cascade vil., 231; Waldo vil., 186	1,741	Mitchell	1,012
Mitchell	1,034	Mosel	863
Mosel	824	Plymouth	1,356
Plymouth	1,386	Plymouth, city	1,503
Plymouth, city	2,213	Rhine	1,612
Rhine	1,494	Russell	439
Wilkhart Lake, village	392	Scott	1,473
Russell	443	Sheboygan	2,117
Scott	1,452	Sheboygon, city:	
Sheboygan	1,915	1st ward	2,295
Sheboygan, city:		2d ward	2,323
1st ward	3,013	3d ward	1,474
2d ward	2,134	4th ward	8,739
3d ward	1,324	5th ward	16,369
4th ward	2,918	6th ward	
5th ward	2,801	7th ward	
6th ward	1,802	8th ward	
7th ward	2,681	Sheboygan Falls	1,677
8th ward	4,407	Sheboygan Falls, village	1,118
Sheboygan Falls	1,664	Sherman	1,735
Sheboygan Falls, village	1,220	Wilson	1,044
Sherman	1,807		
Wilson	1,133	Total population	42,439
Total population	48,396		

TAYLOR COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Browning	273	Browning.....	230
Chelsea.....	584	Chelsea.....	618
Deer Creek.....	663	Deer Creek.....	573
Greenwood.....	302	Greenwood.....	233
Grover.....	602	Grover.....	296
Holway.....	199	Little Black.....	1,131
Little Black.....	1,764	Medford city, incl. town, 1,084...	2,287
Medford.....	1,101	Molitor.....	117
Medford, city:		Pine Creek.....	190
1st ward.....	611	Rib Lake.....	520
2d ward.....	413	Westboro.....	541
3d ward.....	484		
Molitor.....	303	Total population.....	6,781
Rib Lake.....	989		
Westboro.....	592		
Total population.....	8,498		

TREMPEALEAU COUNTY.

Albion.....	952	Albion.....	847
Arcadia.....	2,767	Arcadia, incl. vil. 659.....	3,147
Arcadia, village.....	1,012	Burnside, incl. Independence vil..	1,207
Burnside.....	922	Caledonia.....	379
Independence, village.....	534	Chimney Rock.....	682
Caledonia.....	386	Dodge.....	448
Chimney Rock.....	879	Etrick.....	1,941
Dodge.....	535	Gale, incl. Galesville, vil. 537....	1,816
Etrick.....	1,916	Hale.....	1,566
Gale.....	1,387	Lincoln, incl. Whitehall vil....	937
Galesville, village.....	874	Pigeon.....	1,088
Hale.....	1,740	Preston.....	1,811
Lincoln.....	725	Sumner.....	854
Whitehall, village.....	402	Trempealeau, incl. vil. 794.....	1,584
Preston.....	1,692	Unity.....	763
Blair, village.....	420		
Pigeon.....	1,167	Total population.....	18,920
Sumner.....	727		
Osseo, village.....	275		
Trempealeau.....	1,036		
Trempealeau village.....	682		
Unity.....	930		
Total population.....	21,963		

VERNON COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Population.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Population.
Bergen.....	1,109	Bergen.....	1,011
Christiana.....	1,236	Christiana.....	1,521
Westby, village.....	447	Clinton.....	1,045
Clinton.....	1,127	Coon.....	1,188
Coon.....	1,238	Forest.....	1,055
Forest.....	1,189	Franklin.....	1,289
Franklin.....	1,276	Genoa.....	1,028
Genoa.....	1,076	Greenwood.....	1,120
Greenwood.....	1,108	Hamburg.....	1,061
Hamburg, incl. 95 in vil. of Chase-		Harmony.....	1,100
burg.....	1,056	Hillsboro, incl. vil.....	1,639
Harmony.....	1,170	Jefferson.....	1,400
Hillsboro.....	1,195	Kickapoo.....	1,185
Hillsboro, village.....	593	Liberty.....	663
Jefferson.....	1,529	Stark.....	1,333
Kickapoo, incl. 175 in vil. Reads-		Sterling.....	1,152
town.....	1,175	Union.....	819
Liberty.....	740	Viroqua.....	1,680
Stark.....	1,117	Viroqua, city.....	1,270
Sterling.....	1,186	Webster.....	1,092
Union.....	828	Wheatland.....	879
Viroqua.....	1,638	Whitestown.....	863
Viroqua, city:		Total population.....	25,111
1st ward.....	495		
2d ward.....	452		
3d ward.....	677		
Webster.....	1,117		
Wheatland.....	554		
Victory, village.....	130		
De Soto, village.....	430		
Whitestown.....	791		
Ontario, village.....	352		
Total population.....	27,035		

• VILAS COUNTY.

Arbor Vitae.....	579
Eagle River.....	416
Eagle River, village.....	1,454
Minocqua.....	1,063
Total population.....	3,512

• Vilas county created out of Oneida in 1893.

WALWORTH COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Bloomfield	1,281	Bloomfield	1,197
Darien	907	Darien, incl. village	1,434
Darien, village	389	Delavan, incl. vil., 1,822	2,499
Delavan	976	East Troy, incl. vil.	1,406
Delavan, village	2,238	Elkhorn	1,557
East Troy	1,482	Geneva, incl. Oakwood Retreat ..	963
Elkhorn, village	1,728	Lafayette	933
Geneva	1,102	La Grange	844
Lafayette	958	Lake Geneva	2,297
La Grange	910	Linn	854
Lake Geneva, city	2,452	Lyons, incl. vil's of Lyons and	
Linn	1,011	Springfield	1,328
Lyons	1,300	Richmond	799
Richmond	822	Sharon, incl. vil., 878	2,038
Sharon	1,122	Spring Prairie	1,155
Sharon, village	906	Sugar Creek	1,004
Spring Prairie	1,180	Troy	972
Sugar Creek	1,021	Walworth	1,372
Troy	1,036	Whitewater	849
Walworth	1,608	Whitewater, city:	
Whitewater	832	1st ward	1,416
Whitewater, city	3,799	2d and 3d wards	2,943
Total population	29,162	Total population	27,860

WASHBURN COUNTY

Bashaw	506	Bashaw	394
Long Lake	161	Long Lake	118
Minong	458	Shell Lake	1,535
Shell Lake	50	Spooner	734
Shell Lake, village	1,693	Veazie	145
Spooner	1,204	Total population	2,926
Veazie	194		
Total population	4,266		

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Population.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Population.
Addison	1,857	Addison	1,863
Barton	1,242	Barton, incl. villages of Barton and Young America	1,169
Erin	1,254	Erin	1,301
Farmington	1,606	Farmington	1,501
Germantown	2,067	Germantown	2,026
Hartford	1,440	Hartford	1,339
Hartford, city	1,607	Hartford, city	1,296
Jackson	1,783	Jackson	1,680
Kewaskum	935	Kewaskum, incl. vil., 557	1,572
Kewaskum, village	674	Polk, incl. Schleisingerville vil.	2,071
Polk	1,614	Richfield	1,584
Richfield	1,625	Schleisingerville (see Polk)	
Schleisingerville	501	Trenton	1,760
Trenton, incl. 248 in village of Newburg	1,770	Wayne	1,471
Wayne	1,489	West Bend, incl. city, 1,296	2,118
West Bend	826		
West Bend, city	1,786	Total population	22,751
Total population	24,077		

WAUKESHA COUNTY.

Brookfield	2,079	Brookfield	1,960
Delafield, inc. 261 in Delafield vil- lage, and 81 in Nashota village	1,446	Delafield, incl. vil. of Nashota and part of Hartland	1,684
* Hartland, village	657	Eagle, incl. village	1,020
Eagle, inc. 322 in Eagle village	1,120	Genesee	1,327
Genesee, inc. 130 in Genesee vil- lage; 60 at Genesee Depot; 50 in Wales; 70 in North Prairie	1,381	Lisbon, incl. Sussex	1,443
Lisbon, inc. 200 in Sussex village and 70 in Templeton village	1,575	Menomonee	2,480
Menomonee	2,259	Merton, incl. part Hartland (see Delafield)	1,604
Menomonee Falls, village	604	Mukwonago	1,217
Merton, inc. 196 in Merton village; 88 in Monches; 79 in North Lake; 116 in Stone Bank	1,587	Muskego	1,360
Mukwonago, inc. 491 in Mukwon- ago village	1,361	New Berlin	1,519
Muskego	1,432	Oconomowoc	1,373
New Berlin	1,613	Oconomowoc, city	2,729
Oconomowoc, inc. 94 in Monterey village and 46 in Mapleton vil.	1,333	Ottawa	840
Oconomowoc, city	3,178	Pewaukee, incl. vil., 680	2,757
Ottawa	863	Summit	1,130
Pewaukee	2,008	Vernon	1,277
Pewaukee, village	780	Waukesha, incl. vil., 6,321	7,480
Summit	1,539		
Vernon	1,350	Total population	33,270
Waukesha	1,175		
Waukesha, village	7,222		
Total population	36,562		

* Part in town of Delafield and part in Merton.

WAUPACA COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Bear Creek	1,194	Bear Creek, incl. Lebanon, 832...	2,068
Caledonia	991	Caledonia, incl. town and village of Fremont, 561.....	1,746
Clintonville, city	1,521	Clintonville, city, 1,466.....	852
Dayton	986	Dayton, incl. Rural village	1,386
Dupont	1,602	Dupont, incl. Marion village	1,057
Farmington	1,391	Farmington	
Fremont	488	Fremont	
Fremont, village	283	Fremont, vil. } (see Caledonia).	
Harrison	343	Helvetia, incl. St. Lawrence, 999	1,515
Helvetia	508	Iola, incl. village	1,315
Iola	780	Larrabee, incl. Clintonville city.	2,902
Iola, village	476	Lebanon, (see Bear Creek)	
Larabee	1,452	Lind.	1,016
Lebanon	1,050	Little Wolf, incl. village of Man- awa	1,487
Lind.	1,134	Matteson	890
Little Wolf	1,884	Wukwa, incl. Northport village ..	1,040
Manawa, village	123	New London, city:	
Matteson	1,031	1st ward	515
Mukwa	1,015	2d ward	338
*New London, city:		4th ward	485
1st ward	615	5th ward	344
2d ward	423	Incl. 3d ward in Outagamie	
4th ward	578	367—2,049.	
5th ward	356	Royalton, incl. village, 1,115....	1,198
Royalton	1,263	St. Lawrence, (see Helvetia)....	
Scandinavia	929	Scandinavia	1,142
Scandinavia, village	335	Union	1,153
St. Lawrence	1,146	Waupaca	964
Union	1,345	Waupaca, city	2,127
Waupaca	1,003	Weyauwega	1,252
Waupaca, city:		Total population.....	28,794
1st ward	754		
2d ward	717		
3d ward	731		
4th ward	621		
Weyauwega	593		
Weyauwega, village	850		
Wyoming	282		
Total population	30,793		

* 3d ward in Outagamie county, 522. Total for city, 2,494.

WAUSHARA COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Aurora, inc. 147 in vil. Auroraville and 33 in village Sacramento ...	1,022	Aurora, incl. 1st ward Berlin city (total city, 4,149). (See Green Lake county) ...	965
*Berlin City, 2d pr. 2d ward	36	Bloomfield	1,278
Bloomfield inc. 160 in vil. Tustin	1,328	Berlin, city, 2d ward, 2. (See Au- rora).....	723
Coloma	558	Coloma.....	573
Coloma Station, village.....	254	Dakota.....	453
Dakota	566	Deerfield.....	680
Deerfield.....	566	Leon.....	731
Hancock.....	791	Marion.....	623
Hancock, village.....	131	Mount Morris.....	688
Leon.....	848	Oasis.....	707
Marion.....	651	Plainfield, incl. village.....	1,258
Mount Morris.....	673	Poyssippi.....	912
Oasis.....	815	Richford.....	573
Plainfield.....	954	Rose.....	577
Plainfield, village.....	589	Saxville.....	768
Poyssippi.....	895	Springwater.....	541
Poyssippi, village.....	162	Warren.....	796
Richford.....	608	Wautoma.....	704
Rose.....	754		
Saxville.....	740		
Saxville, village.....	46		
Springwater.....	662		
Warren.....	817		
Wautoma.....	557		
Wautoma, village.....	331		
Total population.....	15,355	Total population.....	13,507

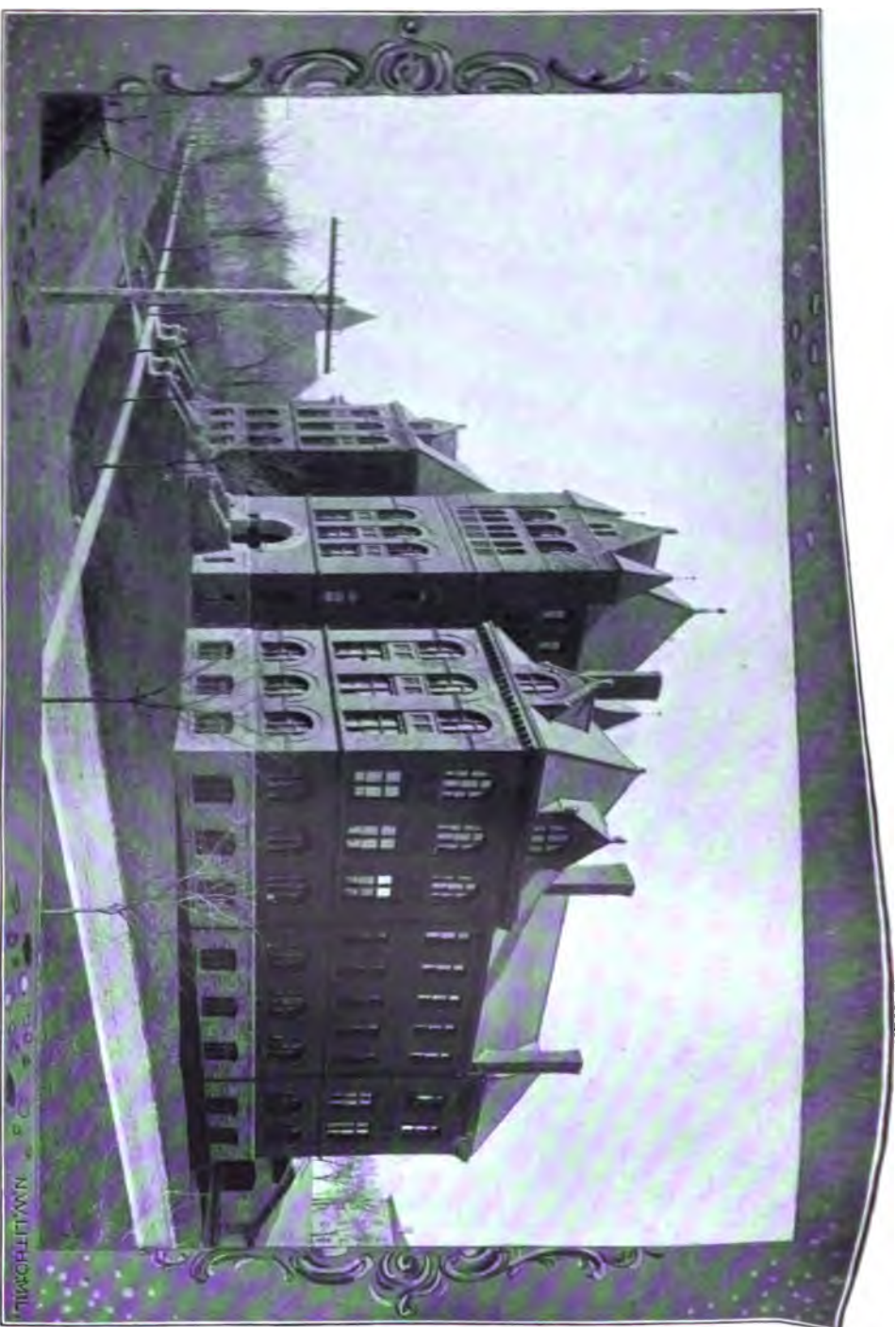
*Berlin in Green Lake, 4,243. Total for city, 4,279.

WINNEBAGO COUNTY.

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Algoma.....	821	Algoma.....	757
Black Wolf.....	763	Black Wolf.....	837
Clayton.....	1,212	Clayton.....	1,170
Menasha.....	690	Menasha.....	593
Menasha, city:		Menasha, city:	
1st ward.....	1,755	1st and 4th wards.....	2,662
2d ward.....	1,607	2d ward.....	1,919
3d ward.....	1,101	3d ward.....	538
4th ward.....	1,691	Neenah.....	538
Neenah.....	574	Neenah, city:	
Neenah, city:		1st and 3d wards.....	3,110
1st ward.....	1,851	2d and 4th wards.....	1,973
2d ward.....	1,487	Nekimi.....	1,028
3d ward.....	1,893	Nepeuskun.....	904
4th ward.....	550	Omro, incl. vil., 1,232.....	2,270
Nekimi.....	1,070	Oshkosh.....	1,489
Nepeuskun.....	959	Oshkosh, city:	
Omro.....	1,227	1st ward.....	3,300
Omro, village.....	1,335	2d ward.....	3,591
Oshkosh.....	1,522	3d ward.....	3,573
Oshkosh, city:		4th ward.....	5,312
1st ward.....	1,512	5th ward.....	3,099
2d ward.....	1,964	6th ward.....	3,961
3d ward.....	1,519	Poygan.....	717
4th ward.....	2,427	Rushford.....	1,608
5th ward.....	2,583	Utica.....	831
6th ward.....	2,366	Vinland.....	836
7th ward.....	1,726	Winchester.....	1,030
8th ward.....	2,247	Winneconne.....	1,781
9th ward.....	2,156	Winneconne, vil., incl. in town.....	919
10th ward.....	2,359	Wolf River.....	919
11th ward.....	1,457		
12th ward.....	1,575		
13th ward.....	3,056		
Poygan.....	851		
Rushford.....	1,661		
Utica.....	1,039		
Vinland.....	1,023		
Winchester.....	1,089		
Winneconne.....	806		
Winneconne, village.....	1,130		
Wolf River.....	913		
Total population.....	57,627	Total population.....	50,097

WFOZ 2231X

1895.		1890.	
Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.	Towns, Cities and Villages.	Popula- tion.
Abundale	79	Abundale incl. village	80
Abundale village	25	Abundale village see town	
Adams	236	Adams city	1,05
Grand Rapids	1,78	Grand Rapids incl. Saratoga	1,78
Grand Rapids city	1,78	Grand Rapids city	1,77
Adams	77	Adams incl. Rock, W.	1,07
Adams	77	Adams town, N. (see Rich- mond)	
Adams	4,50	Adams city:	
Adams	44	1st ward	47
Adams	44	2d ward	1,40
Adams	44	3d ward	30
Adams	44	4th ward	53
Adams	44	Adams city	20
Adams	44	Adams city:	
Adams	44	1st ward	75
Adams	44	2d ward	100
Adams	44	3d ward	100
Adams	44	Port Edwards, incl. Seneca	1,67
Adams	44	Seneca	67
Adams	44	Seneca incl. Marshfield town	86
Adams	44	Seneca see Lincoln	
Adams	44	Seneca	1,05
Adams	44	Saratoga (see Grand Rapids)	
Adams	44	Seneca (see Port Edwards)	
Adams	44	Sherry see Vesper	
Adams	44	Sherry	1,32
Adams	44	Sherry	80
Adams	44	Vesper, incl. Sherry	81
Adams	44	Wood	
Total population	21,67	Total population	13,17



SCIENCE HALL, UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN, MADISON.

CENSUS COMPARISONS.

(Organized into a Territory, July 3, 1836. Admitted a State May 29, 1843.)

Gross area of state	56,040 square miles.
Water surface of state	1,590 square miles.
Land surface of state	54,050 square miles.
Increase of population since 1890	251,035
Per cent. of increase since 1890	14.90
Number of males in 1890	874,951
Number of males in 1895	1,003,141
Net increase	128,190
Number of females in 1890	811,929
Number of females in 1895	934,774
Net increase	122,845
Number of females to each hundred thousand males in 1890	92,729
Number of females to each hundred thousand males in 1895	93,184
From 1870 to 1890 the females decreased in number.	
Excess of males in 1890	63,022
Excess of males in 1895	68,367
Colored population in 1890	2,444
Colored population in 1895	2,450
Net increase	6
Number of males to each hundred thousand whites in 1870	201
In 1890	206
In 1895	356
In 1890	145
In 1895	126
Indians in 1890	3,835
Indians in 1895	3,953
Net increase	118
Indians not taxed in 1895	917
Foreign born population in 1890	519,199
Foreign born population in 1895	523,877
Net increase	4,678
Number of men "Militia age" in 1890	347,469
Number of men "Militia age" in 1895	374,661
Net increase	27,192
Ex-Soldiers and Sailors in 1895	29,696
Ex-Soldiers and Sailors in 1895	26,307
Net loss in 10 years	3,379

The center of population in Wisconsin in 1835 was in township No. 15 north, range No. 13 east, town of Green Lake, Green Lake county. In 1895 the center of population had moved 2.57 miles to the north and .12 of a mile to the west. In 1840 the average population per square mile in the state was 0.51; in 1850, 5.61; in 1860, 14.23; in 1870, 19.37; in 1880, 24.16; in 1890, 30.98; and in 1895, 35.56.

TABULAR STATEMENT, SHOWING TOTAL POPULATION AND NATIVITY BY COUNTIES.

COUNTIES.	Total pop- ulation.	United States.				Ger- many.	Great Britain.	Ire- land.	France	British Amer- ica.	Scandi- navia.	Hol- land.	Po- land.	Bel- gium	Den- mark	Swit- zer- land.	Bohe- mia.	All other coun- tries.
		United States.																
		White.	Col- ored. ans.															
Adams.....	7,532	6,226	12	16	385	94	6	37	481	40	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,166
Ashland.....	17,241	10,658	4	472	1,891	236	79	980	1,901	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	541
Barron.....	20,122	14,090	7	.....	1,024	179	15	615	3,464	14	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	642
Bayfield.....	12,585	6,895	.....	377	2,407	157	64	1,731	2,648	.....	.....	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	* 186
Brown.....	45,623	34,566	111	.....	2,803	473	351	1,471	895	1,426	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,865
Buffalo.....	16,931	12,691	1	.....	2,764	89	3	25	1,023	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6	.....	211
Burnett.....	5,892	3,281	.....	199	37	2	2	15	2,382	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7
Calumet.....	17,744	13,797	64	124	3,232	53	20	24	28	71	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	112
Chippewa.....	28,727	20,478	80	.....	2,785	258	149	2,333	1,984	40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	213
Clark.....	21,342	15,718	12	.....	3,236	211	98	340	1,017	26	4	132	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	370
Columbia.....	30,998	21,718	7	.....	3,486	1,324	29	135	895	101	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	172
Crawford.....	17,233	1	.....	.....	1,324	185	54	61	823	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	348	* 115
Dane.....	65,669	5	73	.....	5,228	1,014	108	195	7,157	15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10	.....	* 475
Dodge.....	47,851	35,472	57	.....	10,199	550	47	75	1,177	116	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	.....
Door.....	16,969	12,077	1	14	1,634	142	29	380	1,170	21	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	235
Douglas.....	29,996	18,185	185	178	818	946	74	2,708	5,334	10	23	41	.....	.....	.....	9	24	* 861
Dunn.....	25,005	13,082	1	.....	2,969	218	182	208	3,369	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	* 736
Eau Claire.....	35,472	22,639	14	.....	3,248	291	40	881	4,698	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	16
Florence.....	2,834	1,012	2	.....	196	138	34	36	685	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	182
Fond du Lac.....	47,438	37,474	144	.....	6,921	696	93	396	82	444	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	14	.....	236
Forest.....	3,238	893	.....	63	188	19	43	.....	29	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	* 42
Franklin.....	38,572	32,395	63	.....	1,121	19	1	32	29	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	13	.....	* 636
Grant.....	28,456	18,647	29	.....	2,872	321	31	58	546	23	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	* 1,326
Green.....	15,869	11,462	4	.....	1,851	253	31	39	516	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	* 326
Green Lake.....	25,447	18,873	11	.....	3,553	343	13	35	836	14	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	634
Iowa.....	16,722	12,369	13	254	219	207	14	162	2,245	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	* 180
Jackson.....	36,317	26,370	43	.....	7,449	579	35	70	683	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	153
Jefferson.....	18,734	12,650	13	18	1,893	343	9	35	773	22	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	298
Juneau.....	17,548	12,618	27	.....	2,490	536	31	31	735	87	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	279
Kewaunee.....	17,632	12,518	6	.....	1,822	152	108	279	4,251	261	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,564
Kenosha.....	43,610	31,355	61	.....	5,283	575	33	279	4,251	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	134
Lafayette.....	21,488	17,942	2	.....	1,293	810	13	139	190	42	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	167
Lancaster.....	11,082	8,476	24	.....	1,459	134	60	136	190	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lincoln.....	14,765	10,170	1	.....	2,496	68	3	777	1,015	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	153

Manitowoc.....	40,802	29,839	5	243	6,861	128	386	70	138	617	45	507	4	5	615	1,475
Marathon.....	36,598	24,200	9	28	9,496	183	115	74	483	883	28	294	5	5	1	688
Marquette.....	27,271	17,073	9	28	2,524	343	243	88	2,110	8,264	114	...	8	8	...	1,543
Marquette.....	10,233	7,678	2	...	1,907	216	287	380	16	2,437	777	659	11	11	178	1,118
Milwaukee.....	287,922	188,287	571	...	69,606	3,186	8,283	390	1,030	2,437	777	659	11	11	237	17,519
Monroe.....	26,350	20,462	42	229	3,163	524	408	143	1,030	883	132	48	2	2	546	1,211
Oconto.....	18,339	12,795	14	232	1,978	144	286	58	1,030	883	132	48	2	2	546	1,211
Oconto.....	7,080	5,411	2	...	2,041	28	45	143	1,030	883	132	48	2	2	546	1,211
Outagamie.....	44,404	33,360	1	...	7,902	343	701	114	324	291	772	...	1	1	583	491
Ozaukee.....	16,545	12,311	1	...	3,465	42	82	19	55	63	15	...	4	4	341	341
Pepin.....	7,567	5,590	...	...	1,324	47	32	16	64	1,120	82	2	2	2	174	174
Pierce.....	23,040	17,423	3	164	5,331	119	844	94	210	3,407	13	2	4	4	1	341
Polk.....	16,117	10,423	5	...	3,035	268	272	81	233	2,507	3	1,086	147	147	6	57
Portage.....	28,531	19,371	5	...	5,082	74	28	11	326	4,781	119	3	1	1	21	109
Price.....	7,257	3,797	...	...	1,212	74	28	11	326	4,781	119	3	1	1	21	109
Racine.....	41,110	28,197	106	...	1,212	74	28	11	326	4,781	119	3	1	1	21	109
Richland.....	19,619	18,344	23	...	5,011	124	211	21	172	1,898	24	...	1	1	9	214
Rock.....	48,414	40,496	106	...	2,882	1,150	1,412	72	172	1,898	24	...	1	1	9	214
St. Croix.....	25,870	18,655	5	...	1,196	303	837	28	773	3,662	243	...	11	11	308	308
Sauk.....	32,919	26,221	5	...	5,042	523	498	68	80	160	13	...	11	11	308	308
Sawyer.....	3,711	1,620	2	1,098	38	16	36	7	237	1,260	31	748	2	2	27	239
Shawano.....	22,573	14,556	55	227	5,053	108	28	53	132	1,260	31	748	2	2	27	239
Shoebogon.....	48,386	34,717	2	...	11,006	208	390	19	66	213	1,431	2	5	1	306	306
Taylor.....	8,498	4,914	30	...	2,351	120	19	19	191	392	23	...	98	98	11	312
Trempealeau.....	21,983	15,488	1	...	1,240	218	133	3	70	4,377	13	64	6	6	14	385
Vernon.....	27,035	21,972	95	...	760	172	133	9	40	3,562	2	...	5	5	33	1,530
Vilas.....	3,601	2,897	...	...	185	176	27	9	168	285	2	...	1	1	1,411	1,411
Walworth.....	29,162	24,123	63	...	2,383	709	866	30	149	637	20	...	2	2	5	17
Washington.....	4,266	12,943	...	17	4,363	42	12	10	848	683	...	...	2	2	...	35
Washington.....	24,077	18,808	...	...	5,201	30	164	32	12	34	...	...	2	2	...	15
Waushara.....	36,862	27,651	117	...	5,278	608	24	24	234	703	58	2	1	22	14	2
Waupaca.....	30,793	22,583	21	...	1,508	353	57	57	216	2,470	35	...	...	...	...	10
Waushara.....	15,355	12,548	12	...	1,508	353	57	57	216	2,470	35	...	...	...	...	221
Winnebago.....	17,627	41,423	69	...	8,648	1,193	706	4	367	1,710	14	661	11	11	36	32,631
Wood.....	21,637	14,860	92	...	4,108	1,169	139	11	535	889	26	179	2	2	30	1,540
Total.....	1,837,915	1,407,635	2,450	3,953	268,460	28,269	25,902	3,375	24,441	106,468	6,961	4,428	194	432	334	1,462

1. Austria, 3; 2. Russia, 32; 3. St. Mary's Institute, nativity not given; 4. Austria, 4; China, 5; Russia, 4; Finland, 18; 5. Russia, 83; Italy, 4; China, 8; Finland, 86; Hungary, 12; Assyria, 6; Austria, 1; Italy, 3; Finland, 6; Austria, 8; Italy, 2; Austria, 3; Russia, 10; 6. Russia, 10; 7. Russia, 10; 8. Russia, 10; 9. Russia, 10; 10. Russia, 10; 11. Russia, 10; 12. Russia, 10; 13. Russia, 10; 14. Russia, 10; 15. Russia, 10; 16. Russia, 10; 17. Russia, 10; 18. Russia, 10; 19. Russia, 10; 20. Russia, 10; 21. Russia, 10; 22. Russia, 10; 23. Russia, 10; 24. Russia, 10; 25. Russia, 10; 26. Russia, 10; 27. Russia, 10; 28. Russia, 10; 29. Russia, 10; 30. Russia, 10; 31. Russia, 10; 32. Russia, 10; 33. Russia, 10; 34. Russia, 10; 35. Russia, 10; 36. Russia, 10; 37. Russia, 10; 38. Russia, 10; 39. Russia, 10; 40. Russia, 10; 41. Russia, 10; 42. Russia, 10; 43. Russia, 10; 44. Russia, 10; 45. Russia, 10; 46. Russia, 10; 47. Russia, 10; 48. Russia, 10; 49. Russia, 10; 50. Russia, 10; 51. 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COMPARATIVE TABLE, CENSUS 1895, SHOWING GAIN OR LOSS IN POPULATION SINCE 1890, BY COUNTIES.

Counties.	1895.	1890.	Gain.	Loss.
Adams.....	7,532	6,889	643	
*Ashland.....	17,241	20,063		2,822
Barron.....	20,122	15,416	4,706	
Bayfield.....	12,595	7,390	5,205	
Brown.....	45,623	39,164	6,459	
Buffalo.....	16,931	15,997	934	
Burnett.....	5,392	4,369	1,023	
Calumet.....	17,744	16,639	1,105	
Chippewa.....	23,727	25,143	3,584	
Clark.....	21,342	17,708	3,634	
Columbia.....	30,368	28,350	2,518	
Crawford.....	17,263	15,967	1,216	
Dane.....	65,669	59,578	6,091	
Dodge.....	47,851	44,964	2,867	
Door.....	16,969	15,682	1,287	
Douglas.....	29,986	13,498	16,518	
Dunn.....	25,006	22,664	2,342	
Eau Claire.....	33,172	30,673	2,499	
Florence.....	2,350	2,604	246	
Fond du Lac.....	47,436	44,068	3,348	
Forest.....	1,288	1,012	276	
Grant.....	33,372	36,651	1,721	
Green.....	23,420	22,732	688	
Green Lake.....	15,959	15,193	776	
Iowa.....	23,447	22,117	1,330	
*Iron.....	5,338		5,338	
Jackson.....	16,722	15,797	925	
Jefferson.....	36,317	33,530	2,787	
Juneau.....	18,754	17,121	1,633	
Kenosha.....	17,548	15,581	1,967	
Kewaunee.....	17,632	16,153	1,479	
La Crosse.....	43,610	38,801	4,809	
Lafayette.....	21,488	20,265	1,223	
Lan glade.....	11,052	9,465	1,627	
Lincoln.....	14,765	12,008	2,757	
Manitowoc.....	40,902	37,831	2,971	
Marathon.....	36,598	30,369	6,229	
Marquette.....	27,271	20,304	6,967	
Marquette.....	10,203	9,676	527	
Milwaukee.....	287,922	236,101	51,821	
Monroe.....	26,350	23,211	3,139	
Oconto.....	18,339	15,009	3,330	
*Oneida.....	7,080	5,010	2,050	
Outagamie.....	44,404	38,690	5,714	
Ozaukee.....	16,545	14,943	1,602	
Pepin.....	7,567	6,832	735	
Pierce.....	23,040	20,385	2,655	
Polk.....	16,117	12,968	3,149	
Portage.....	28,531	24,796	3,735	
Price.....	7,257	5,258	1,999	
Racine.....	41,110	36,268	4,842	
Richland.....	19,619	19,121	498	
Rock.....	48,414	43,220	5,194	
St. Croix.....	25,870	23,139	2,731	
Sauk.....	32,919	30,575	2,344	
Sawyer.....	3,741	1,977	1,764	
Shawano.....	22,573	19,236	3,337	
Sheboygan.....	48,396	42,489	5,907	
Taylor.....	8,493	6,731	1,762	
Trempealeau.....	21,963	18,920	3,043	
Vernon.....	27,035	25,111	1,924	
*Vilas.....	5,801		5,801	
Walworth.....	29,162	27,860	1,302	
Washburn.....	4,266	2,926	1,340	
Washington.....	24,077	22,751	1,326	
Waukesha.....	36,562	33,270	3,292	
Waupaca.....	30,793	26,794	3,999	
Waushara.....	15,355	13,507	1,848	
Winnebago.....	57,627	50,097	7,530	
Wood.....	21,637	18,127	3,510	
Total.....	1,937,915	1,696,860	253,857	2,822

*Iron county created out of Ashland and Oneida in 1893.

†Vilas county created out of Oneida in 1893.

Net gain since 1890, 251,035.

COMPARATIVE TABLE SHOWING THE POPULATION OF CITIES, AND OF VILLAGES OF 1,000 OR MORE IN 1895, AND GAIN OR LOSS SINCE 1890.

CITIES.	1895.	1890.	Gain.	Loss.
Ahnapee.....	1,603	1,015	588	
Alma.....	1,529	1,428	101	
Altoona.....	787	805		38
Autigo.....	5,002	4,424	578	
Appleton.....	14,641	11,990	2,772	
Ashland.....	12,310	9,956	2,354	
Augusta.....	1,356	1,187	169	
Barron.....	1,204	829	375	
Baraboo.....	5,484	4,605	879	
Beaver Dam.....	5,042	4,222	820	
Beloit.....	7,786	6,315	1,471	
Berlin.....	4,279	4,149	130	
Black River Falls.....	2,068	2,261		193
Boscobel.....	1,479	1,570		91
Brookhead.....	1,717	1,461	256	
Buffalo City.....	291	223	68	
Cedarburg.....	1,652	1,361	291	
Centralia.....	2,039	1,435	604	
Chetek.....	487	406	81	
Chilton.....	1,601	1,424	177	
Chippewa Falls.....	9,196	8,670	526	
Clintonville.....	1,521	1,466	55	
Columbus.....	2,287	1,977	310	
Cumberland.....	1,426	1,219	207	
* Colby.....	513			
Darlington.....	1,811	1,589	222	
De Pere.....	4,292	3,625	667	
Dodgeville.....	2,031	1,722	309	
Durand.....	1,372	1,154	218	
Eau Claire.....	18,637	17,415	1,222	
Edgerton.....	1,972	1,595	377	
Elroy.....	1,530	1,413	117	
Fond du Lac.....	13,051	12,024	1,027	
Fort Atkinson.....	2,815	2,283	532	
Fountain City.....	1,065	972	93	
* Glenwood.....	2,038			
Grand Rapids.....	2,043	1,702	341	
† Green Bay.....	18,230	9,089	9,221	
* Greenwood.....	559			
Hartford.....	1,607	1,236	371	
Hudson.....	3,338	2,885	453	
Janesville.....	12,971	10,836	2,135	
Jefferson.....	2,792	2,287	505	
Juneau.....	790	701	89	
Kaukauna.....	5,451	4,667	784	
Kenosha.....	8,122	6,532	1,590	
Kewaunee.....	1,529	1,216	313	
La Crosse.....	28,769	25,000	3,769	
Lake Geneva.....	2,452	2,297	155	
Lancaster.....	2,174	1,543	631	
Madison.....	15,950	13,426	2,524	
Manitowoc.....	9,427	7,710	1,717	
Marietta.....	15,296	11,523	3,763	
Marshfield.....	4,586	3,450	1,136	
Maukton.....	1,547	1,343	204	
Meyville.....	1,539	1,165	374	
Melford.....	1,518	1,193	325	
Menasha.....	6,154	4,551	1,603	
Menomonie.....	6,198	5,491	707	
Merrill.....	8,607	6,809	1,798	
Milwaukee.....	249,290	204,468	44,822	
Mineral Point.....	3,136	2,694	442	
Mondovi.....	928	503	425	
Monroe.....	3,843	3,768	75	
Neenah.....	5,781	5,083	698	
Neillsville.....	2,206	1,936	270	
New Lisbon.....	1,067	990	77	
New London.....	2,494	2,050	444	
New Richmond.....	1,680	1,408	272	
Oconomowoc.....	3,178	2,729	449	

* Organized since 1890.

† The city of Fort Howard has been consolidated with Green Bay since 1890.

COMPARATIVE TABLE SHOWING THE POPULATION OF CITIES, AND OF VILLAGES OF 1,000 OR MORE IN 1895, AND GAIN OR LOSS SINCE 1890—Cont.

CITIES.	1895.	1890.	Gain.	Loss.
Oconto	6,017	5,219	798	
Ozaukee	1,834	1,587	47	
Oshkosh	23,947	22,829	4,111	
*Phillips	1,652			
Pittsville	1,648	653		5
Platteville	3,321	2,740	581	
Plymouth	2,213	1,503	710	
Portage	5,419	5,143	276	
Port Washington	2,661	1,659	1,002	
Prairie du Chien	3,286	3,131	155	
Prescott	1,966	911	55	
Racine	24,889	21,014	3,875	
Reedsburg	2,116	1,737	379	
Rhineland	4,380	2,658	1,672	
Rice Lake	3,162	2,130	1,032	
Richland Center	2,011	1,819	222	
Ripon	4,480	3,358	1,022	
River Falls	1,819	1,793	136	
Seymour	1,822	733	199	
Shawano	1,759	1,506	254	
Sheboygan	21,190	16,359	4,771	
Shullsburg	1,295	1,383		98
Sparta	3,511	2,795	716	
Stevens Point	8,895	7,896	1,098	
Stoughton	2,836	2,470	466	
Sturgeon Bay	2,790	2,195	595	
Superior	26,168	11,983	14,185	
Tomah	2,458	2,199	259	
Tomahawk	2,296	1,816	480	
Two Rivers	3,593	2,870	723	
Viroqua	1,630	1,270	360	
Watertown	9,922	8,755	1,167	
Waupaca	2,423	2,127	696	
Waupun	3,216	2,757	459	
Wausau	11,013	9,253	1,760	
West Bend	1,766	1,296	470	
Whitewater	3,799	4,359		560
VILLAGES.				
Arcadia	1,012	659	353	
Bayfield	1,463	1,373		5
Burlington	2,428	2,043	385	
† Delavan	2,228	2,038	200	
Eagle River	1,454	1,154	300	
† Elkhorn	1,728	1,447	281	
Evansville	1,716	1,523	193	
Fox Lake	1,003	814	189	
† Horicon	1,513	1,354	159	
† Kilbourn City	1,207	961	246	
Lake Mills	1,175	1,053	122	
Mazomanie	1,015	1,034		19
Necedah	1,680	1,708		28
Omro	1,395	1,232	163	
Princeton	1,195	986	209	
Sheboygan Falls	1,120	1,118	2	
* Shell Lake	1,693			
*† South Milwaukee	2,662			
Washburn	5,178	3,039	2,139	
† Waukesha	7,222	6,321	901	
*† Wauwatosa	2,755			
Waterloo	1,122	862	260	
Winneconne	1,130	1,066	44	

*Organized since 1890.

† Incorporated since 1895.

CENSUS STATISTICS.

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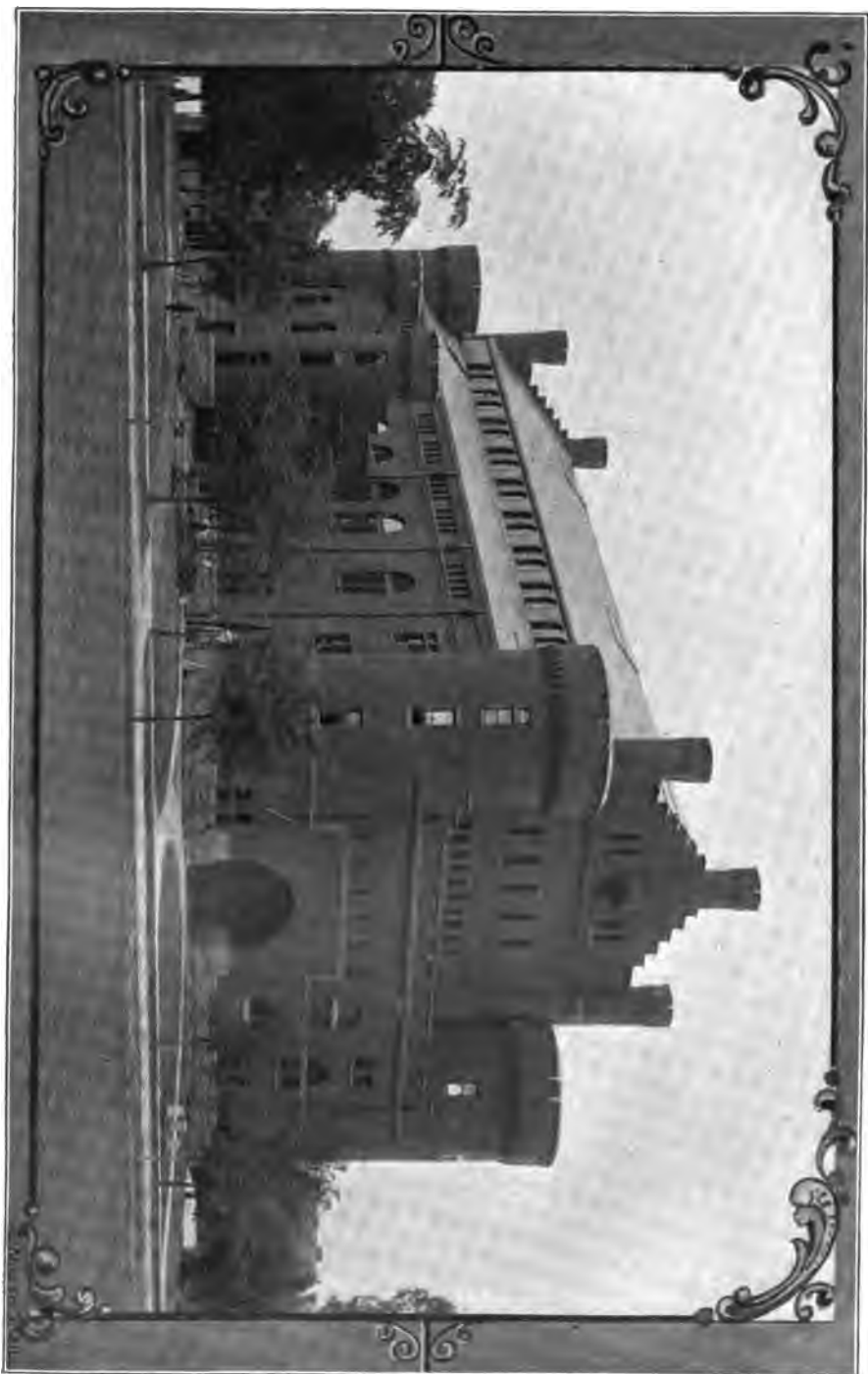
SUMMARY OF THE POPULATION, EX-SOLDIERS AND SAILORS AND MILITIA,
BY COUNTIES.

COUNTIES	AGGREGATE POPULATION.			Ex-Soldiers and Sailors	Militia.
	Male.	Female.	Total.		
Adams	4,019	3,513	7,532	200	1,357
Ashland	9,817	7,424	17,241	92	4,983
Barron	10,837	9,285	20,122	343	3,846
Bayfield	7,694	4,901	12,595	89	4,283
Brown	23,525	22,068	45,593	484	7,801
Ruffalo	8,955	7,976	16,931	237	3,192
Burnett	3,159	2,733	5,892	35	969
Calumet	9,208	8,536	17,744	213	3,118
Chippewa	15,479	13,248	28,727	854	5,741
Clark	11,289	10,053	21,342	401	3,731
Columbia	15,733	15,135	30,868	485	6,161
Crawford	8,873	8,330	17,203	399	3,060
Dane	33,980	31,689	65,669	762	13,572
Dodge	24,894	22,957	47,851	410	8,902
Door	9,002	7,967	16,969	159	2,915
Douglas	16,818	13,168	29,986	186	9,116
Dunn	13,174	11,832	25,006	393	4,398
Eau Claire	17,210	15,962	33,172	450	6,570
Florence	1,576	1,274	2,850	22	615
Fond du Lac	23,762	23,674	47,436	506	8,532
Forest	745	543	1,288	24	368
Grant	19,348	19,024	38,372	841	6,998
Green	12,131	11,289	23,420	428	4,515
Green Lake	8,044	7,895	15,939	216	2,727
Iowa	11,977	11,470	23,447	281	4,384
Iron	3,267	2,071	5,338	20	1,742
Jackson	8,780	7,942	16,722	302	2,610
Jefferson	18,469	17,849	36,317	384	6,719
Jenau	9,660	9,094	18,754	459	3,224
Kenosha	8,991	8,557	17,548	176	3,512
Kewaunee	9,159	8,473	17,632	130	2,966
La Crosse	21,995	21,615	43,610	441	8,352
Lafayette	10,974	10,514	21,488	292	4,195
Langlade	6,023	5,069	11,092	150	2,372
Lincoln	7,884	6,841	14,765	75	3,422
Manitowoc	20,859	19,943	40,802	421	7,332
Marathon	19,205	17,393	36,598	292	6,808
Marquette	14,866	12,405	27,271	150	6,280
Milwaukee	5,211	4,992	10,203	197	1,666
Monroe	143,820	144,102	287,922	3,934	55,794
Milwaukee	13,687	12,683	26,350	533	4,318
Monroe	9,842	8,497	18,339	227	3,426
Oconto	4,188	2,872	7,060	57	2,284
Oneida	22,639	21,765	44,404	547	8,129
Ottawamie	8,598	7,947	16,545	133	2,978
Ozaukee	3,940	3,627	7,567	123	1,326
Pepin	12,056	10,984	23,040	415	4,376
Pierce	8,689	7,428	16,117	218	2,856
Polk	14,747	13,784	28,531	409	4,925
Portage	4,291	2,966	7,257	63	1,910
Price	21,029	20,081	41,110	447	8,470
Racine	10,099	9,520	19,619	591	3,585
Richland	24,399	24,015	48,414	812	9,778
Rock	13,558	12,312	25,870	396	4,684
St. Croix	16,772	16,147	32,919	697	5,944
Sauk	2,096	1,645	3,741	38	783
Sawyer	11,960	10,613	22,573	170	3,908
Shawano	24,795	23,601	48,396	524	9,012
Sheboygan	4,726	3,772	8,498	76	1,939
Taylor	11,445	10,518	21,963	215	3,956
Trempealeau	14,093	12,942	27,035	565	4,542
Vernon	2,352	1,449	3,801	20	1,064
Vilas	14,736	14,426	29,162	534	5,513
Walworth	2,322	1,944	4,266	68	908
Washburn	12,333	11,744	24,077	216	4,347
Washington	18,886	17,676	36,562	409	7,062
Waukesha	16,169	14,624	30,793	302	5,695
Waupaca	8,214	7,141	15,355	468	2,946
Wausara	28,806	28,821	57,627	843	10,716
Winnebago	11,282	10,355	21,637	268	3,968
Wood					
Total	1,003,241	934,674	1,937,915	26,307	374,961

**PERCENTAGE OF NATIVE AND FOREIGN BORN OF THE
TOTAL POPULATION.**

Total Percentage of Foreign Born, \$7.04

COUNTIES.	Total Per Cent. of Native Born.	Total Per Cent. of Foreign Born.	Total Per Cent. of Germans.	Total Per Cent. of Scandinav- ians.	Total Per Cent. of all other Foreign Countries.
Iron.....	52.08	47.92	04.06	16.12	27.74
Price.....	52.32	47.68	16.70	23.28	07.74
Florence.....	56.63	43.37	05.82	21.93	15.62
Bayfield.....	57.76	42.24	03.23	21.10	17.91
Taylor.....	58.18	41.82	28.02	04.61	08.19
Burnett.....	58.72	41.28	00.63	40.09	00.56
Douglas.....	61.85	38.15	02.73	18.52	16.90
Marinette.....	63.49	37.51	09.29	11.97	16.25
Ashland.....	64.59	35.41	10.97	11.04	13.40
Milwaukee.....	65.60	34.40	24.17	00.85	09.38
Polk.....	65.71	34.29	03.29	27.38	03.62
Shawano.....	65.73	34.27	22.39	05.58	08.29
Marathon.....	66.79	33.21	25.95	02.29	04.97
Portage.....	67.91	32.09	10.64	05.80	15.65
Eau Claire.....	68.31	31.69	09.79	14.31	07.59
Racine.....	68.85	31.15	12.39	11.63	07.13
Lincoln.....	68.89	31.11	16.90	06.93	07.28
Wood.....	69.23	30.77	18.99	04.16	07.61
Washburn.....	68.39	30.61	03.94	16.13	10.55
Oconto.....	69.85	30.15	10.79	04.81	14.55
Barron.....	70.05	29.95	05.08	17.22	07.65
Trempealeau.....	70.52	29.48	05.65	19.93	03.90
Kewaunee.....	71.03	28.97	10.39	00.53	18.05
Door.....	71.27	28.73	09.63	10.07	09.04
Chippewa.....	71.56	28.44	09.69	06.90	11.85
Sheboygan.....	71.74	28.26	22.74	00.44	05.08
Green Lake.....	71.94	28.06	22.17	00.47	05.42
Winnebago.....	72.01	27.99	15.02	02.98	09.96
St. Croix.....	72.13	27.87	04.62	14.11	09.13
La Crosse.....	72.20	27.80	12.11	10.37	05.32
Kenosha.....	72.25	27.75	16.53	04.38	07.44
Dunn.....	72.32	27.68	10.75	14.08	02.85
Sawyer.....	72.71	27.29	01.02	18.34	07.94
Manitowoc.....	73.39	26.61	16.81	01.52	08.28
Pepin.....	73.87	26.13	04.28	14.60	07.06
Waupaca.....	74.06	25.94	13.59	06.67	03.68
Forest.....	74.07	25.93	14.60	02.25	09.06
Clark.....	74.08	25.92	15.16	05.38	05.38
Jefferson.....	74.11	25.89	21.84	00.70	03.35
Ozaukee.....	74.42	25.58	20.95	00.38	04.25
Dodge.....	74.53	25.47	21.34	00.30	03.74
Buffalo.....	74.96	25.04	16.33	06.00	02.71
Outagamie.....	75.13	24.87	17.79	00.66	06.42
Marquette.....	75.27	24.73	18.69	01.14	04.90
Pierce.....	75.68	24.32	05.46	14.80	04.06
Jackson.....	75.69	24.31	05.08	16.32	02.92
.....	76.01	23.99	06.03	01.76	16.20
Vilas.....	76.22	23.78	05.13	07.52	11.13
Waukesha.....	76.50	23.50	14.44	01.98	07.06
Dane.....	76.61	23.39	07.96	10.88	04.55
Langlade.....	76.64	23.36	13.15	01.71	06.50
Washington.....	78.12	21.88	19.94	00.23	01.71
Columbia.....	78.45	21.55	11.29	02.87	07.39
Monroe.....	78.68	21.32	12.00	04.34	04.96
Calumet.....	78.90	21.10	18.33	00.16	02.61
Fond du Lac.....	79.30	20.70	14.59	00.20	05.91
Sauk.....	79.67	20.33	15.32	00.49	04.53
Green.....	79.75	20.25	08.03	02.29	09.93
Oneida.....	79.93	20.07	02.89	09.60	07.58
Juneau.....	80.69	19.31	09.03	04.14	06.14
Iowa.....	80.89	19.11	04.25	03.68	11.18
Vernon.....	81.62	18.38	02.88	12.07	03.42
Waushara.....	81.80	18.20	10.71	03.70	03.78
Walworth.....	82.95	17.05	08.08	02.18	06.78
Adams.....	83.03	16.97	05.24	06.41	05.32
Lafayette.....	83.51	16.49	03.71	04.45	06.33
Rock.....	83.88	16.14	05.96	03.90	06.29
Grant.....	84.85	15.15	07.48	00.89	06.78
Crawford.....	85.21	14.79	03.39	04.78	06.62
Richland.....	93.62	06.38	02.55	01.20	02.63



ARMORY, UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN, MADISON.

FOREIGN BORN POPULATION IN WISCONSIN.

Distributed according to country of birth.—Compiled from census of Wisconsin, 1895.

TEUTONS.		NORTH AMERICANS.	
Germany	288,469	British Americans	24,441
Switzerland	834		
Holland	6,961		
Austria	120		
Belgium	194	SLAVS.	
	<u>276,078</u>	Poland	4,428
		Bohemia	1,462
SCANDINAVIANS.		Russia	226
Norway	106,468	Hungary	13
Denmark	432		<u>16,129</u>
Sweden	111		
	<u>107,011</u>	GRAECO LATINE.	
		France	8,375
IRISH.		Italy	89
Ireland	25,902	Portugal	1
	<u>25,902</u>		<u>3,415</u>
ANGLO SAXON.		ALL OTHERS.	
Great Britain	28,269	Various countries	52,632
	<u>28,269</u>		<u>52,632</u>
Total foreign born			<u>523,877</u>
NATIVE BORN POPULATION IN WISCONSIN.			
White	1,407,635		
Colored	2,450		
Indians	8,963		1,414,038
			<u>1,414,038</u>
Total population of state			<u>1,937,915</u>

Native born, 1890.....	1,167,681	1895.	
Native born, 1895.....	1,414,038		
Increase in 5 years.....	246,357	Percentage of native to total population.....	72.96
		Percentage of total foreign to total population.....	27.04
Foreign born, 1890.....	519,199	Percentage of Scandinavian to total population.....	5.52
Foreign born, 1895.....	523,877	Percentage of German to total population.....	13.85
Increase in 5 years.....	4,678	Percentage of all others.....	7.07
1890.			
Native born.....	1,167,681	1890.	
Scandinavian born.....	99,738		
German born.....	259,819	Percentage of native born to foreign population.....	224.90
All other countries.....	159,642	Percentage of Scandinavian born to foreign population.....	19.21
Total population.....	1,636,880	Percentage of German born to foreign population.....	50.04
1895.		Percentage of all others to foreign population.....	30.75
Native born.....	1,414,038	1895.	
Scandinavian born.....	106,900		
German born.....	268,469	Percentage of native born to foreign population.....	269.92
All other countries.....	148,508	Percentage of Scandinavian born to foreign population.....	20.41
Total population.....	1,937,915	Percentage of German born to foreign population.....	51.25
Germans, 1890.....	259,819	Percentage of all others to foreign population.....	28.34
Germans, 1895.....	268,469	Percentage of, increase 1890 to 1895:	
Increase in 5 years.....	8,650	Native born.....	13.39
		Scandinavians.....	7.18
Scandinavian, 1890.....	99,738	Germans.....	3.33
Scandinavian, 1895.....	106,900	All others (decrease).....	6.97
Increase in 5 years.....	7,162	Number per square mile. 1890. 1895.	
		Native born.....	21.46
All other countries, 1890.....	159,642	Scandinavians.....	1.83
All other countries, 1895.....	148,508	Germans.....	4.77
Decrease in 5 years.....	11,134	All others.....	2.92
1890.			
Percentage of native to total population.....	69.22	Percentage of	
Percentage of total foreign to total population.....	30.78	increase of Native born. Foreign born.	
Percentage of Scandinavian to total population.....	5.91	1850-1860.....	155.99 150.66
Percentage of German to total population.....	15.40	1860-1870.....	38.32 31.62
Percentage of all others.....	9.47	1870-1880.....	31.86 11.23
		1880-1890.....	28.31 28.06
		1890-1895.....	13.39 9.90

SCHOOL CENSUS STATISTICS, 1897-98.

COUNTIES—Exclusive of cities under city superintendents.	CHILDREN BETWEEN 4 AND 20.			TEACHERS EMPLOYED.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Totals and averages...	242,207	229,991	472,198	2,366	7,434	9,800
Adams	1,614	1,518	3,132	13	116	129
Ashland	966	846	1,812	11	36	47
Barron	3,807	3,659	7,466	45	141	186
Bayfield	1,636	1,392	3,228	13	52	65
Brown	5,480	5,113	10,593	29	68	97
Buffalo	3,307	3,201	6,511	41	84	125
Burnett	1,311	1,252	2,563	12	40	52
Calumet	3,691	3,563	7,254	26	63	91
Chippewa	4,069	3,733	7,772	26	184	210
Clark	4,637	4,495	9,132	53	159	212
Columbia	3,919	3,623	7,542	53	203	256
Crawford	2,696	2,677	5,373	27	109	136
Dane	4,887	4,569	9,456	49	170	219
Door	3,835	3,659	7,494	84	148	191
Dodge	7,190	6,651	13,841	84	178	262
Douglas	3,118	2,888	6,006	30	44	74
Dunn	850	500	1,050	4	31	35
Eau Claire	3,817	3,611	7,458	48	128	176
Florence	3,010	2,704	5,714	19	94	113
Fond du Lac	438	474	932	4	15	19
Forest	5,405	5,119	10,524	44	179	223
Grant	107	127	234	4	8	12
Green	6,709	6,546	13,255	49	316	365
Green Lake	3,257	2,871	6,128	61	190	251
Iowa	2,188	2,060	4,248	23	76	99
Iron	3,547	3,388	6,925	23	138	161
Jackson	900	872	1,772	9	21	30
Jefferson	3,307	3,156	6,463	34	79	113
Juneau	5,146	4,950	10,096	34	153	187
Kenosha	3,675	3,562	7,237	28	150	178
Kewaunee	1,649	1,646	3,295	17	65	82
La Crosse	3,601	3,613	7,214	39	33	72
Lafayette	2,341	2,215	4,606	16	75	91
Lansing	3,406	3,555	7,361	43	148	191
Langlade	1,297	1,226	2,523	13	54	67
Lincoln	910	886	1,826	13	43	56
Manitowoc	8,046	7,715	15,751	82	90	172
Marathon	5,809	5,644	11,453	53	129	182
Marquette	2,474	2,327	4,801	13	51	64
Milwaukee	1,979	1,913	3,892	18	67	85
Monroe	6,829	6,723	13,552	47	102	149
Oconto	4,960	4,774	9,734	41	203	244
Oneida	2,906	2,774	5,680	24	64	88
Outagamie	1,168	1,065	2,233	5	43	48
Ozaukee	4,906	4,545	9,451	28	128	156
Pepin	3,229	3,165	6,454	42	39	81
Pierce	1,529	1,474	3,003	14	28	42
Polk	4,300	4,179	8,479	60	126	186
Portage	3,361	3,201	6,562	25	124	151
Price	4,177	3,759	7,936	35	119	154
Racine	1,462	1,314	2,776	18	58	76
Richland	2,726	2,523	5,249	20	69	89
Rock	3,563	3,449	7,017	52	166	218
St. Croix	2,399	2,316	4,715	22	124	146
Sauk	1,849	1,765	3,614	12	120	132
Sawyer	4,513	4,248	8,761	42	139	181
Shawano	4,744	4,527	9,271	34	184	218
Sheboygan	388	420	808	5	39	44
Taylor	5,033	4,790	9,843	40	115	155
Trempealeau	5,046	4,791	9,837	51	105	156
Vernon	1,948	1,803	3,751	22	66	88
Vilas	4,356	4,096	8,452	88	110	148
Walworth	5,299	4,963	10,262	79	177	256
Washington	420	403	823	5	18	23
Waushara	3,784	3,615	7,399	31	178	209
Winnebago	877	830	1,707	8	38	46
Wood	4,738	4,553	9,291	46	77	123
	5,901	5,618	11,519	49	145	194
	5,036	4,725	9,761	44	140	184
	3,024	2,616	5,640	30	132	162
	2,974	2,874	5,848	25	123	148
	4,476	4,341	8,817	24	105	129

SCHOOL CENSUS STATISTICS, 1897-1898.

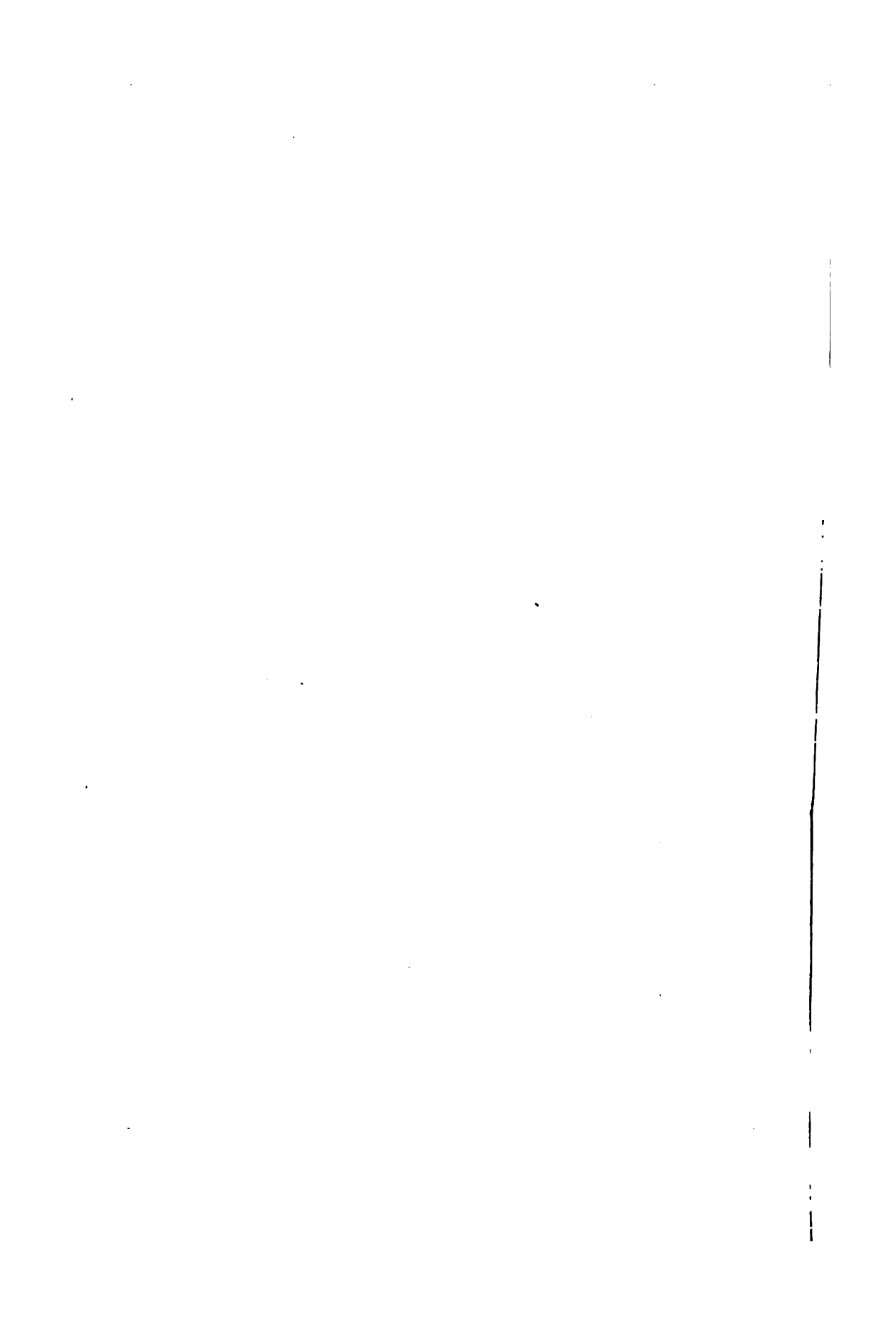
CITIES UNDER CITY SUPERINTENDENTS.	CHILDREN RESIDING IN CITY.			ENROLLMENT.			TEACHERS EMPLOYED.		
	<i>Between 4 and 20.</i>			<i>Between 4 and 20 at- tending public schools.</i>			Male.	Fe- male	Total
	Male.	Fe- male.	Total.	Male.	Fe- male.	Total.			
Totals.....	116,391	119,346	236,337	61,696	61,524	123,220	238	2,377	2,665
Antigo	882	797	1,679	595	562	1,157	3	20	23
Appleton	2,432	2,652	5,134	1,263	1,201	2,464	11	53	69
Ashland	1,734	1,754	3,488	949	958	1,907	3	37	40
Baraboo	734	781	1,515	696	786	1,482	2	33	35
Beaver Dam	930	897	1,827	498	471	969	1	19	20
Beloit	1,472	1,436	2,908	937	1,002	1,939	3	41	44
Berlin	769	807	1,576	435	405	840	2	19	21
Brodhead	221	220	441	221	224	445	2	11	13
Chippewa Falls	1,464	1,551	3,015	696	698	1,394	6	31	37
Columbus	235	350	585	238	283	521	1	11	12
De Pere	433	513	946	138	155	293	2	6	8
Eau Claire	3,214	3,277	6,491	2,130	2,075	4,205	12	82	94
Fond du Lac	2,388	2,684	5,052	1,232	1,267	2,499	5	50	55
Grand Rapids	413	385	798	261	220	481	5	8	13
Green Bay	3,037	3,128	6,165	1,928	1,508	3,436	4	69	73
Hudson	530	563	1,093	416	476	892	2	15	17
Janesville	2,116	2,151	4,267	1,228	1,260	2,488	5	49	54
Kaukauna	1,006	985	1,992	433	382	815	3	19	22
Kenosha	1,832	1,835	3,637	637	638	1,275	3	24	27
La Crosse	4,912	5,335	10,237	2,834	2,923	5,757	9	111	120
Madison	2,609	2,662	5,271	1,436	1,370	2,806	2	59	61
Marinette	2,775	2,616	5,421	1,649	1,628	3,275	6	46	52
Menasha	1,019	1,063	2,112	377	437	814	3	17	20
Menomonie	1,195	1,124	2,323	839	843	1,682	6	37	43
Merrill	1,439	1,547	2,936	846	894	1,740	4	28	32
Milwaukee	46,411	47,227	93,638	20,616	19,594	40,210	86	743	834
Mineral Point	522	506	1,028	329	365	694	4	12	16
Morroe	598	647	1,245	562	623	1,185	2	21	23
Neenah	1,083	1,116	2,201	619	661	1,280	1	27	28
New London	386	383	769	212	227	439	2	10	12
Oconto	1,038	936	2,024	546	517	1,063	7	12	19
Onalaska	279	302	581	238	247	485	1	9	10
Oshkosh	4,270	4,312	8,612	2,279	2,388	4,667	14	99	113
Portage	883	917	1,800	480	491	971	1	20	21
Prairie du Chien	525	554	1,079	279	300	579	3	9	12
Racine	4,215	4,376	8,591	2,290	2,367	4,657	14	92	106
Reedsburg	313	269	582	259	269	528	1	10	11
Rice Lake	442	483	925	388	416	804	3	11	14
Ripon	501	509	1,010	395	371	766	2	18	20
Shoboygan	4,213	4,250	8,493	1,947	2,032	3,979	11	81	92
Stanley	279	297	586	232	197	429	1	7	8
Stevens Point	1,920	2,026	3,946	917	842	1,759	4	43	47
Sturgeon Bay	511	553	1,064	351	379	730	3	12	15
Superior	3,321	3,387	6,788	2,949	3,275	6,224	10	121	131
Tomahawk	359	409	768	274	266	540	2	12	14
Watertown	1,932	1,854	3,786	902	619	1,521	2	24	26
Waupaca	384	397	781	363	398	761	1	14	15
Wausau	2,147	2,122	4,269	1,299	1,246	2,545	6	49	55
Whitewater	426	456	882	319	340	659	2	16	18

GENERAL SUMMARY OF SCHOOL STATISTICS.

	June 30, 1896, to June 30, 1897.	June 30, 1897, to June 30, 1898.
<i>Census.</i>		
Number between 4 and 20 residing in the state	696,933	708,533
Number between 7 and 13 residing in the state	309,723	316,491
Number between 7 and 13 who attended public school 12 weeks or more	247,538	251,849
Number between 7 and 13 who attended private school 12 weeks or more	46,610	48,069
<i>Enrollment in public schools.</i>		
Number between 4 and 20	423,975	439,794
Number under 4	848	840
Number over 20	992	683
Total number	425,875	430,827
<i>Some percentages.</i>		
Per cent. of the whole number of persons in the state between 4 and 20 enrolled in public schools	60.8	60.6
Per cent. of those between 7 and 13 who attended public school 12 weeks or more	79.9	79.5
Per cent. of those between 7 and 13 who attended private schools 12 weeks or more	15	14.7
Per cent. of those between 7 and 13 who did not attend any school 12 weeks	.5	5.7
<i>School houses.</i>		
Number of school houses in the state	6,907	6,940
Seating capacity of all public school houses	491,519	485,588
<i>Teachers.</i>		
Number of male teachers employed	2,501	2,654
Number of female teachers employed	9,875	9,811
Total number employed	12,377	12,465
Average monthly wages of male teachers (outside of cities) ..	\$44.50	\$41.00
Average monthly wages of female teachers (outside of cities) ..	\$30.38	* \$29.50
<i>Teachers' qualifications.</i>		
Number of normal teachers employed, graduates in counties ..	284	369
Number of normal teachers employed, undergraduates in counties	1,633	1,785
Number of teachers holding state certificates, in counties	392	447
First grade certificates granted:		
By county superintendents	474	457
By city superintendents	116	106
Second grade certificates granted:		
By county superintendents	1,745	1,620
By city superintendents	299	235
Third grade certificates granted:		
By county superintendents	6,361	5,946
By city superintendents	391	472
Certificates limited to less than one year, in counties	563	621
Total number of certificates granted	8,580	8,031
Applicants refused certificates:		
By county superintendents	2,737	2,466
Number of unlimited state certificates granted	12	11
Number of limited state certificates granted	20	13
Number of "county superintendent's certificates" granted	30	35
Number of diplomas of state university countersigned	63	42
Number of diplomas and certificates of Wisconsin normal schools countersigned	253	255
Number of diplomas of colleges and universities other than the university of Wisconsin	28	28
<i>Township libraries.</i>		
Number of towns complying with the law	1,127	1,135
Amount expended for books during the year	\$34,451	\$31,347
Number of books bought during the year	54,266	61,020
Whole number of books purchased since 1887		255,783
Total amount expended for books since 1887	\$113,712	\$120,605

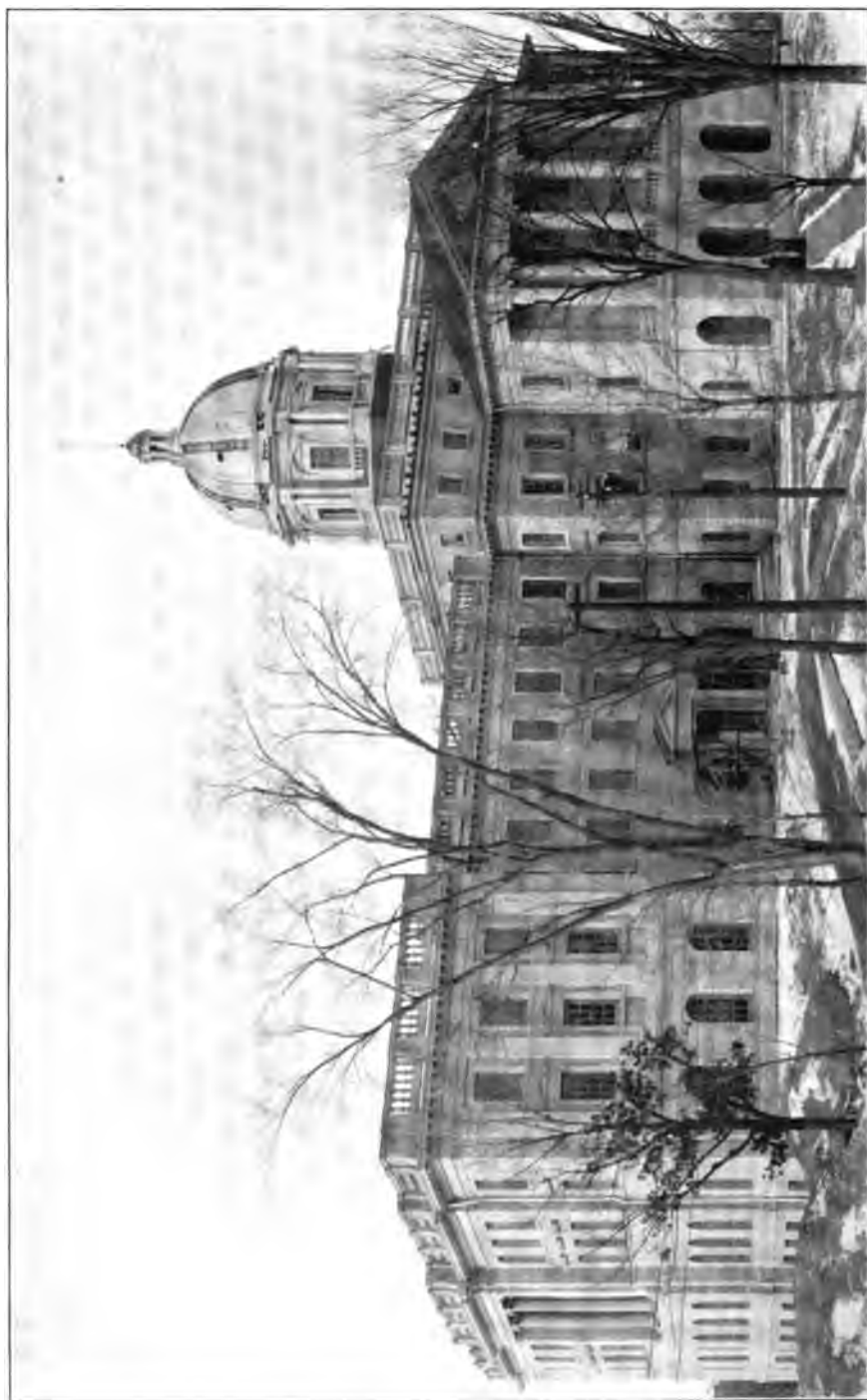
PART V.

STATE INSTITUTIONS.



1

1



MAIN BUILDING. UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN, MADISON.

STATE INSTITUTIONS.

Age, wealth and population considered, the state of Wisconsin is unexcelled in the matter of public institutions. Its educational, as well as its penal and charitable institutions, have been liberally established and intelligently supported, every effort having been put forth to raise to the highest degree the character and efficiency of them all.

This state, like others, has been aided in no small measure in the establishment of educational institutions by the far sighted bounty of congress. Liberal grants of public lands have greatly stimulated the ambition and furthered the efforts of the people of this state to provide amply for the advanced as well as the elementary education of their children. An elaborate and well organized system of common schools, high schools and normal schools, lead up to the state university, which now takes rank with the leading universities of the country. There are over six thousand public common schools and one hundred and fifty high schools, employing over twelve thousand teachers. These schools are supported partly by income of the "trust funds," so called, and partly by the levy of a fixed general tax, provided by law. All fines and penalties collected under any penal statute are also payable to the trust fund. The school fund income realized from various sources, during the year 1898, the following amounts:

One mill tax	\$600,570 62
Interest on land certificates and loans.....	22,818 04
Interest on certificates of indebtedness.....	109,459 00
Interest on loan to general fund.....	1,377 08
Interest on loan to state historical library.....	1,600 00
Interest on bank deposits.....	878 92
Refund, error apportionment	23 77
Interest on bonds	43,292 00
Interest on loans	12,482 48
	\$792,502 81

The other educational funds aggregated in income:

University fund	\$360,348 26
Agricultural College fund	47,825 19
Normal School fund	852,962 93

THE STATE CAPITOL

The site of the present State Capitol was selected by the Hon. James D. Doty, October 27, 1836, and in December of the same year the territorial legislature, in session at Belmont, passed an act to establish the Capital at Madison. Messrs. James D. Doty, A. A. Bird and John F. O'Neill were appointed by the general government commissioners for constructing the capitol, and work was commenced on the building in the month of June following, under the direction of Mr. Bird. On the 4th of July, 1837, the corner-stone was laid with appropriate ceremonies. The legislature met for the first time in Madison, November 26, 1838. The capitol building was not then in a suitable condition for the sessions of that body, so it assembled in the basement of the old American House, where Governor Dodge delivered his annual message. Here the Legislature met and adjourned from day to day, until temporary arrangements could be made for the reception of members in the Assembly Hall. During 1836 and 1837, the national government appropriated \$40,000 for the capitol building, Dane county \$4,000, and the territorial legislature about \$16,000; making the complete cost of the old capitol \$60,000. The building, when finished, was a substantial structure, which, in architectural design and convenience of arrangement, compared favorably with capitols of adjacent and older states.

The warranty deed of the capitol square was given to the Territory, in consideration of \$1.00 received, and the benefits and advantages to be derived from the location, by Stevens T. Mason, Julia G. Mason and Kintzing Prichett, of Detroit, and through their attorney, Moses M. Strong. It is dated Mineral Point, 16th January, 1839; and the square is described as sections 13, 14, 23 and 24, in township 7, range 9 east. This interesting document is now on file in the office of the State Treasurer.

Just previous to the admission of Wisconsin into the Union as a state, in 1848, the constitutional convention permanently located the capital at Madison. The capitol building proving inadequate to the growing wants of the State, the legislature of 1857 provided for its enlargement. By this act, the commissioners of school and university lands were directed to sell the ten sections of land appropriated by congress "for the completion of public buildings," and apply the proceeds toward enlarging and improving the state capitol. The state also appropriated \$30,000 for the same object, and \$50,000 was given by the city of Madison. The Governor and Secretary of State were made commissioners for conducting the work, which was begun in the fall of 1857, and continued from year to year until 1869, when the dome was completed.

The legislature of 1882 appropriated \$200,000 for the construction of two transverse wings to the capitol building, one on the north and the other on the south sides thereof, in order to provide additional room for the State Historical Society, the Supreme Court, the State Library, and for the increasing work of the state offices. The Governor, Secretary of State, Attorney General, with N. B. Van Slyke and John Winans, representing the Supreme Court, and E. W. Keyes, representing the Historical Society, were made commissioners for carrying out the work. The plans of architect D. R. Jones were adopted, and the bid of Bentleys & Nowlan, contractors, was accepted. November 8, 1883, the south wing fell while in process of construction, an accident which led to the death of seven workmen. The total appropriations for the enlargement of the capitol and for the improvement of the park to the present time are about \$900,000.

The capitol park is nine hundred and fourteen feet square, cornering north, south, east and west, contains fourteen and four-tenths acres, and is situated on an elevation commanding a view of the Third and Fourth lakes and the surrounding country. In the center of the square stands the capitol, at the time of its construction deemed one of the handsomest structures of the kind in the United States. The height of the building from the basement to the top of the flag staff is 225½ feet, while the total length of its north and south wings exclusive of steps and porticoes, with the addition of the new wings, is 396 feet, and of the east and west wings, 226 feet.

EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS.

UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN.

HISTORY AND LOCATION.

In 1838 an act was passed by the territorial legislature establishing the University of the Territory of Wisconsin, and appointing a board of visitors for its government. No action toward establishing the university was taken under this law except the selection of two townships of land appropriated by congress. In 1848 the constitution of the State of Wisconsin made provision for the establishment of a State University.

In 1849 the Board of Regents held its first meeting and began the work of organizing the University. The first building (now North Hall) was constructed in 1851. Four years from that time Agricultural Hall was completed, and in 1861 University Hall was finished. In 1866 the University was reorganized by act of the legislature, which also provided for uniting with the University the College of Agriculture, endowed with the proceeds of the Agricultural College grant given by the United States in 1862. In 1867 the first appropriation of about \$7,000 a year, was made by the state. Since that date the state has made repeated and large appropriations of money for the construction of buildings and for providing apparatus, and also for meeting the ordinary expenses of the institution. The College of Law was established in 1868; the College of Engineering began its work in 1870; the School of Pharmacy in 1883, and the School of Economics, Political Science and History, in 1892; the School of Music in 1895; and the School of Education in 1897.

The University of Wisconsin is picturesquely situated at Madison, the capital of the state of Wisconsin. The University grounds comprise 240 acres, and extend for more than a mile along the south shore of Lake Mendota, a sheet of water about four miles in width and six miles in length. University hill occupies the eastern part of the grounds. It rises abruptly from the lake and has two summits, of which the eastern and higher reaches a height of about one hundred feet above the lake. Most of the college buildings are placed on the summit and eastern slope of this hill. The western part of the grounds is lower and more nearly level and is occupied by the Experimental Farm, belonging to the College of Agriculture. East of the University hill lies a small tract known as the Lower Campus, used for athletic sports and as the drill ground. In accordance with a requirement of the Legislature in 1895, a portion of the Lower Campus has been deeded by the Regents of the University to the State as a site for the State Historical Society Library, now in process of erection. At the session of 1893 the legislature provided for the purchase of Camp Randall, a tract of ground including 42 acres, and joining the University grounds to the southwest. Besides the grounds thus designated, the University owns a farm of 160 acres, which was purchased in 1897 for the purpose of further experiments in stock raising and dairy husbandry.

The buildings of the University which are used for instructional purposes are fourteen in number. The three oldest, University Hall, North Hall and Agricultural Hall, stand on or near the eastern summit of University Hill. Agricultural Hall is occupied by the offices, lecture rooms, and laboratories of the College of Agriculture; North Hall is used by the departments of German, Scandinavian and Semitic languages, and the School of Pharmacy, while University Hall, much enlarged in the summer of 1898, contains the lecture rooms for most of the remaining departments of language and literature. These buildings were erected out of the money derived from the sales of land granted by the national government. Across the east front of the campus, at the foot of Uni-

versity hill, is a row of more recent buildings, all of them erected at the expense of the state of Wisconsin. At the south is Ladies' Hall, built in 1870, much enlarged and improved in 1896, and used as a dormitory for young women; next stands the Library and Library Hall, completed in 1879. Still further north is Science Hall, the largest and most costly of the University buildings, completed in 1887, containing the lecture rooms, laboratories and museums of most of the scientific departments of the University, and of those of the College of Engineering. Next to Lake Mendota is the Chemical Laboratory, built in 1885, and behind this is the Machine Shop, erected in the same year and enlarged in 1894. Half way up the slope of University hill, on the south side, is the new building for the Law School, which in addition to the library and lecture rooms of the College of Law, contains the offices of the Board of Regents, the President of the University, and the rooms of the School of Economics, Political Science and History. On the western summit of University hill is the Washburn Observatory, built in 1878 by the late Hon. C. C. Washburn, and presented to the University. Near it are the Students' Observatory and the astronomer's house. On the western slope of the hill is the building for the Dairy School, constructed in 1891, and near it is placed the new building for Horticulture and Agricultural Physics, whose beginning was authorized by the legislature of 1893 and whose completion was further provided for in 1895; while further west lie the numerous buildings of the Experimental Farm. Between the lower campus and the lake is placed the Armory and Gymnasium, authorized by the legislature of 1891, and still nearer the lake is the University boat house.

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Fifth District.....	JOHN R. RIESS.....	Sheboygan
Seventh District.....	BYRON A. BUFFINGTON.....	Eau Claire

Term expires first Monday in February, 1901.

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First District.....	OGDEN H. FETHERS.....	Janesville
Third District.....	JOHN E. MORGAN.....	Spring Green
Sixth District.....	C. A. GALLOWAY.....	Fond du Lac
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Term expires first Monday in February, 1900.

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Faculty.

ADAMS, CHARLES KENDALL, LL. D., President of the University.
 PARKINSON, JOHN BARBER, A. M., Vice-President, Professor of Constitutional and International Law.

(Arranged in Alphabetical Order.)

AUSTIN, LOUIS WINSLOW, PH. D., Assistant Professor of Physics.
 BABCOCK, STEPHEN MOUTON, PH. D., Professor of Agricultural Chemistry and Chief Chemist to the Experiment Station.
 BASHFORD, ROBERT McKEE, A. M., LL. B., Professor of the Law of Private Corporations and Commercial Law.
 BIRGE, EDWARD ASAHEL, PH. D., Sc. D., Dean of the College of Letters and Science, Professor of Zoology.
 *BROOKS, JOHN CRAFTS WRIGHT, First Lieutenant 4th Artillery, U. S. A., Professor of Military Science and Tactics.
 BRUCE, ANDREW ALEXANDER, A. B., LL. B., Assistant Professor of Law.
 BRYANT, EDWIN EUSTACE, Dean of the College of Law, Professor of Practice and Pleading, Equity and Railway Law, and the Law of Public Offices and Officers.
 BULL, STORM, M. E., Professor of Steam Engineering.
 CARLYLE, WILLIAM LEVI, B. S. A., Professor of Animal Husbandry.
 CARPENTER, JAHUS HARVLIN, LL. D., Mortimer M. Jackson Professor of Contracts.
 CASSIDAY, JOHN B., LL. D., Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, Professor of Constitutional Law.
 CHENEY, ELLEN STERLING, M. S., Assistant Professor of Pharmaceutical Botany.
 CLEMENTS, JULIUS MORGAN, PH. D., Assistant Professor of Geology.
 COFFIN, VICTOR, PH. D., Assistant Professor of European History.
 COMSTOCK, GEORGE CARY, PH. B., LL. B., Professor of Astronomy and Director of Washburn Observatory.
 DANIELS, WILLIAM WILLARD, M. S., Sc. D., Professor of Chemistry.

*Temporarily absent.

HARGRAVE, RUSSELL WILLIAM, B. S., Instructor in Mechanical Practice.
 HARRIS, SALLY PRIME, Assistant in Physical Culture.
 HERFURTH, SABENA MILDRED, M. L., Assistant in German.
 ISHIKAWA, G. SAKAKUNI, Student Assistant in Gymnastics.
 JONES, EDWARD DAVID, PH. D., Instructor in Economics and Statistics.
 KELLY, FREDERICK THOMAS, B. S., Instructor in Hebrew and Hellenistic Greek.
 LIBBY, ORIN GRANT, PH. D., Instructor in History.
 LOTTES, WILLIAM GEORGE, Instructor in Forge Practice and Repairing.
 MEISNEST, FREDERICK WILLIAM, B. S., Instructor in German.
 MEYER, BALTHASAR HENRY, PH. D., Instructor in Sociology, Extension Lecturer on Economics, and Secretary of the Extension Department.
 MORS, GEORGE CHARLES, B. M. E., Instructor in Experimental Engineering.
 PETERSON, FREDERICK BURNS, B. L., Student Assistant in Gymnastics.
 PRIEST, ARTHUR RAGAN, M. A., Instructor in Elocution.
 PYRE, JAMES FRANCIS AUGUSTINE, PH. D., Instructor in English Literature.
 RAYMER, JOHN WESLEY, B. S., Assistant in Chemistry.
 REINSCH, PAUL SAMUEL, PH. D., LL. B., Instructor and Extension Lecturer in Political Science.
 REMINGTON, HARRIET TRAYNE, M. L., Instructor in German.
 RICHTMANN, WILLIAM OSCAR, PH. G., B. S., Instructor in Practical Pharmacy.
 RUNNING, THEODORE, M. S., Assistant in Mathematics.
 SCHREINER, OSWALD, PH. G., B. S., Assistant in Pharmaceutical Technique.
 SCHROEDER, JOHN HUGO, PH. G., Assistant in Practical Pharmacy.
 SEYMOUR, ARTHUR ROMEYN, M. L., Assistant in French.
 SMITH, CHARLES MARQUIS, B. S., Instructor in Physics.
 SMITH, GRANT, B. S., Assistant in Botany.
 SOLOMONS, LEON MENDEZ, PH. D., Instructor in Psychology.
 SPARKLING, SAMUEL EDWIN, PH. D., Assistant in Political Science.
 STERLING, SUSAN ADELAIDE, M. L., Instructor in German.
 THURBER, EDWARD ALLEN, M. A., Instructor in English.
 VIVIAN, ALFRED, PH. G., Assistant Chemist to Experiment Station.
 WOOD, ROBERT WILLIAMS, A. B., Instructor in Physics.

LIBRARY STAFF.

SMITH, WALTER McMYNN, A. B., Librarian.
 DUDLEY, WILLIAM HENRY, A. B., Assistant Librarian.
 CODDINGTON, HESTER, Head Cataloguer.
 MINER, SARAH HELEN, Cataloguer.
 CASE, HENRY CADBY, Student Assistant in Law Library.
 PETERSON, CHARLES N., Student Assistant in Law Library.

OTHER OFFICERS.

RILEY, EDWARD F., Secretary of the Board of Regents.
 HEISTAND, WILLIAM DIXON, University Registrar and President's Secretary.
 BURD, LESLIE, Chief Clerk.
 COMLY, CYNTHIA W., Matron.
 ADAMS, LESLIE H., Farm Superintendent.
 MOORE, RANSOM ASA, Assistant to the Dean of the College of Agriculture.
 SANFORD, FANNIE G., Stenographer.
 MILLER, ZANA KATE, Stenographer.
 HERFURTH, IDA, Clerk and Stenographer.
 STOUT, HARRIET V., Clerk and Stenographer.
 GLENN, MARY ALICE, Clerk and Stenographer.
 COYLE, JOHN JOSEPH, Secretary of the Deans of the College of Law.



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LIBRARY HALL, UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN, MADISON.

STAFF OF THE SCHOOL OF MUSIC.

PARKER, FLETCHER ANDREW, Director, Organ, Theory, and History.
 SMITH, JAMES SARGENT, Piano.
 BIRD, ADA, Piano.
 REGAN, ALICE SOPHIA, Piano.
 FORESMAN, ADELAIDE, Voice.
 NITSCHKE, CHARLES, Violin and Other Orchestral Instruments.
 KEELEY, ELIZABETH MARY, Harp.
 ANDERSON, HJALMAR O., Mandolin.
 BRAND, MRS. M. E., Guita.
 FOWLER, MYRON M., Banjo.
 FOWLER, WILLIAM M., Secretary.

SUMMATION OF STUDENTS, 1897-98.

Fellows and Scholars.....	23
Resident Graduates	83
Candidates for 2d Degrees, <i>in absentia</i>	22
College of Letters and Science.....	947
College of Engineering.....	227
College of Agriculture	277
College of Law	182
School of Pharmacy	61
School of Music	141
Deducting twice classified.....	68
Total	1,767
Students in Summer School, 133.	

The endeavor of the University is—

1. To provide amply for higher learning and disciplinary training by a group of college courses, each capable of extensive modification by elective studies.
2. To provide thorough technical training in the leading professions.
3. To contribute to the advancement of knowledge, and to train students in investigation.
4. To contribute directly to the higher education of the people.

MAIN ORGANIZATIONS OF THE UNIVERSITY.

- I. THE COLLEGE OF LETTERS AND SCIENCE.
- II. THE COLLEGE OF MECHANICS AND ENGINEERING.
- III. THE COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE.
- IV. THE COLLEGE OF LAW.
- V. THE SCHOOL OF PHARMACY.
- VI. THE SCHOOL OF ECONOMICS, POLITICAL SCIENCE AND HISTORY.
- VII. THE SUMMER SCHOOL.
- VIII. THE SCHOOL OF MUSIC.
- IX. THE UNIVERSITY EXTENSION DEPARTMENT.
- X. THE SCHOOL OF EDUCATION.

The year is divided into two semesters or terms. The first semester extends from September 28, 1898, to February 10, 1899. The second semester opens February 13, and closes June 22, 1899.

In general, the year opens on the last Wednesday of September, and closes on the Thursday preceding the last Wednesday of June. The first semester closes on the Friday nearest the middle of the college year, and the second semester opens on the following Monday.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOLS.

BOARD OF REGENTS.

EX-OFFICIO.

HIS EXCELLENCY, THE GOVERNOR OF THE STATE,
THE HONORABLE, THE STATE SUPERINTENDENT.

APPOINTED.

Terms ending February, 1902.

J. J. FRUIT, La Crosse.

T. JENKINS, JR., Platteville.

F. H. LORD, River Falls.

Terms ending February, 1900.

G. E. McDILL, Stevens Point.

GUSTAV WOLLAEGER, Milwaukee.

A. E. THOMPSON, Oshkosh.

Terms ending February, 1901.

F. A. ROSS, West Superior.

Z. P. BEACH, Whitewater.

Officers.

A. E. THOMPSON,

PRESIDENT.

J. J. FRUIT,

VICE-PRESIDENT.

S. S. ROCKWOOD,

SECRETARY.

THE STATE TREASURER,

TREASURER.

STANDING COMMITTEES.

Executive—Regents Thompson, Lord and McDill.

Finance—Regents McDill, Ross and Wollaeger.

Graduating Classes—Regents Harvey, Ross, Scofield, Fruit, Jenkins and McDill.

Teachers' Institutes—Regents Harvey, Beach and ———.

Inspection—Regents Lord, Beach, Wollaeger and Thompson.

Teachers—Regents Fruit, Lord and Jenkins.

Course of Study and Text Books—Regents ———, Jenkins and Fruit.

HISTORY OF NORMAL SCHOOLS.

The constitution of the state, adopted in 1848, provides, "That the revenue of the school fund shall be exclusively applied to the following objects:

"1st. To the support and maintenance of common schools, in each school district, and the purchase of suitable libraries and appurtenances therefor."

"2d. The residue shall be appropriated for the support of academies and normal schools, and suitable libraries and appurtenances therefor."

No advantage of these provisions for the endowment of normal schools was taken until 1857, when an act was passed (chapter 82) providing, "That the income of twenty-five per cent. of the gross proceeds arising from the sale of swamp and overflowed lands" should be apportioned for the support of normal institutes and academies, under the supervision and direction of a board of regents of normal schools, who were to be appointed in pursuance of the provisions of that act. Under this law, the income placed at the disposal of the board was distributed for several years to such colleges, academies and high schools as maintained a normal class, and in proportion to the number of pupils in the class who passed satisfactory examinations conducted by an agent of the board.

In 1865, the legislature (chapter 537) divided the swamp lands and swamp land fund into two equal parts, one to constitute the normal school fund and the other to be denominated the drainage fund. It was further provided by this act that the normal school fund be permanently invested, and the income thereof should be applied to establish and maintain normal schools, under the direction and management of the board of regents, with a proviso that one-fourth of such income should be transferred to the common school fund, until the annual income of that fund should reach \$200,000. During the same year, proposals were invited for extending aid in the establishment of a normal school, and propositions were received from various places.

In 1866, the board of regents of normal schools was incorporated by the legislature. In February, Platteville was conditionally selected as a place for a school. The productive fund of about \$600,000.00 with a net income of over \$30,000.00 was already accumulated, with a prospect of a steady increase by the sales of lands, and the board determined upon the policy of establishing several schools, to be located in different parts of the state.

At a meeting held on the second day of May, 1866, the board designated Whitewater as a place for a school, where a building was subsequently erected. The academy building at Platteville having been donated for normal purposes, the board permanently located a school at that place, and a school was opened October 9, 1866, under Charles H. Allen, a former agent of the board. President Allen resigned at the close of four years' service, and E. A. Charleton, from Lockport, N. Y., was placed in charge. President Charleton resigned in 1878, after more than eight years' service, and Duncan McGregor, long connected with the school as a professor, was elected to the presidency, and served in that capacity until June, 1894, when he resigned, and Dr. James Chalmers, Ph. D., of Columbus, O., was appointed to fill the vacancy caused by Mr. McGregor's resignation. In June, 1897, Dr. Chalmers resigned, and in July following Prof. D. McGregor was again elected to the presidency.

The school at Whitewater was opened on the 21st of April, 1868, under Oliver Arey, A. M., formerly connected with normal schools at Albany and Brockport, N. Y., and the building was on the same day dedicated with appropriate ceremonies. On the resignation of President Arey, in 1877, William F. Phelps, A. M., an educator of large experience and of wide reputation, was appointed to take charge of the school. He was succeeded at the end of two years by J. W. Stearns, A. M., who had attained distinction in normal and college service, but he resigned in January, 1885, to take the professorship of theory and art of teaching in the University of Wisconsin. Prof. T. B. Pray, of the local faculty, acted as president for the remainder of the school year, and Albert Salisbury was elected and assumed the presidency at the opening of the year 1885. President Salisbury formerly taught in the school, but for two years had been engaged in supervisory educational work in the South.

A building was completed at Oshkosh during the year 1870, for a third normal school, but owing to lack of funds it was not opened immediately for the admission of pupils. The dedication of the building and the opening of the school took place September 19, 1871, and the school was under the constant direction of George S. Albee, A. M., previously superintendent and principal of public schools at Kenosha and Racine, till September, 1898, when he died. On the first day of December following, Superintendent R. H. Halsey, of Binghampton, N. Y., was elected to the presidency. Prof. Halsey was for many years principal of the

High School and superintendent of schools in Oshkosh before he was called to Binghampton.

The fourth school was opened in September, 1875, at River Falls, under the charge of Warren D. Parker, A. M., formerly superintendent and principal of public schools at Janesville. On the resignation of Mr. Parker, in June, 1889, J. Q. Emery, A. M., principal of the schools at Fort Atkinson, was elected president, and served until June, 1893. John Hull, ex-president of Southern Illinois Normal University, served as president during the year closing June, 1894. Warren D. Parker, A. M., was re-elected president and entered service September, 1894. In August, 1898, President Parker again resigned, and Prof. W. J. Brier, for many years institute conductor of the school, was elected to the presidency and began service early in September following.

September 14, 1885, the fifth normal school was opened in the city of Milwaukee, pursuant to chapter 364 of the laws of 1885, and J. J. Mapel, formerly principal of the local high school, was elected president; he was succeeded by L. D. Harvey, A. M., for many years conductor of teachers' institutes from Oshkosh Normal School. Upon the completion of the building, and the conveyance of the same to the state, the legislature made an appropriation of \$10,000.00 to aid in the maintenance of this school. In November, 1898, President Harvey was elected to the state superintendency of schools, and the school is in charge of Acting President W. H. Cheever.

September 17, 1894, the sixth normal school was opened in the city of Stevens Point, pursuant to chapter 185, laws of 1893, and Theron B. Pray, A. M., formerly professor and institute conductor in the Whitewater Normal School, was elected president. The school building at Stevens Point, although commodious and well fitted for normal school purposes, is already overcrowded and must soon be enlarged. The building, together with heating and ventilating apparatus, cost, in round numbers, \$75,000.

September 8th, 1896, the seventh normal school was opened in the city of Superior, pursuant to chapter 185, laws of 1893, with I. C. McNeill, formerly assistant superintendent of schools, Kansas City, Mo., as president. The building is one of the best of its class in the west, and its equipment, when completed, will be all that the highest standards require. The cost of the building, and the heating and ventilating plant was \$74,700.00; the estimated value of the grounds (donated) was \$30,000, and the portion of the appropriation made by the law cited above, available for equipment, was \$20,640.93. Besides the land, the city donated \$65,000.00 cash.

The law under which the normal schools are organized provides that "The exclusive purpose and objects of each normal school shall be the instruction and training of persons, both male and female, in the theory and art of teaching, and in all the various branches that pertain to common school education, and in all subjects needful to qualify for teaching in the public schools; also to give instruction in the fundamental laws of the United States and of this state, in what regards the rights and duties of citizens."

In extension of the work of the normal schools, the Board is authorized to expend a sum not exceeding \$8,000.00 annually, to support teachers' institutes, and may employ agents for that purpose. At present one professor from each normal school is employed at different seasons in conducting institutes.

The permanent Normal School Fund, at the close of the last fiscal year, was \$1,926,097.75, and the income at that time was at the rate of \$92,518.54 per year. The fund for the support of Normal Schools is increased annually by the amount received for tuition in the training and preparatory schools attached to the Normal Schools, and for book rents, and by an annual tax of 19-60 of a mill.

The total number of pupils in attendance during the past two school years at all the State Normal Schools was as follows:



MACHINE SHOP, DAIRY AND HORTICULTURAL BUILDINGS, UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN,
MADISON.



CHEMICAL LABORATORY. LAW BUILDING AND WASHBURN OBSERVATORY.
UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN, MADISON.

TOTAL ENROLLMENT OF STUDENTS.

Schools, 1896-7.	Normal.	Prepara- tory.	Gram- mar.	Interme- diate.	Primary and kinderg- garten.	Special.	Totals.
Milwaukee.....	360	.....	56	74	98	.....	588
Oshkosh.....	642	.....	112	57	79	20	910
Platteville.....	481	46	49	39	46	65	726
River Falls.....	289	16	42	32	59	10	448
Stevens Point.....	344	42	59	51	46	9	551
Superior.....	247	20	45	70	45	.....	427
Whitewater.....	333	17	26	40	61	3	480
Totals.....	2,696	141	389	363	434	107	4,130
Schools, 1897-8.							
Milwaukee.....	394	*	71	77	88	.....	630
Oshkosh.....	701	†	118	66	89	26	1,009
Platteville.....	403	47	73	44	48	43	638
River Falls.....	252	7	31	29	128	4	451
Stevens Point.....	420	33	61	55	51	7	627
Superior.....	272	15	56	59	46	.....	448
Whitewater.....	355	25	27	55	66	6	536
Totals.....	2,797	127	437	385	518	86	4,350

* No preparatory classes.

† Preparatory work done in an allied academy, in 1896-7, 61, and in 1897-8, 103.

NUMBER OF GRADUATES IN TWO YEARS.

Year	1896-7.		1897-8.		Totals.		
Course	Elemen- tary.	Ad- vanced.	Elemen- tary.	Ad- vanced.	Elemen- tary.	Ad- vanced.	Both courses.
Milwaukee.....	*	108	.....	136	.....	244	244
Oshkosh.....	56	49	55	68	111	117	228
Platteville.....	24	53	21	56	45	109	154
River Falls.....	20	9	29	9	49	18	67
Stevens Point.....	42	17	43	28	85	45	130
Superior.....	10	3	6	16	16	19	35
Whitewater.....	31	26	52	43	83	69	152
Totals.....	183	265	206	356	389	621	1,010

* School has no Elementary Course. Kindergarten Course, 33.

TOTAL NUMBER OF GRADUATES.

SCHOOLS.	When opened.	COURSE.		Both.
		Elemen- tary.	Advanced.	
Milwaukee.....	1885	.....	643	* 643
Oshkosh.....	1871	407	336	743
Platteville.....	1866	134	535	669
River Falls.....	1875	100	253	353
Stevens Point.....	1894	94	48	142
Superior.....	1896	16	19	35
Whitewater.....	1883	457	346	803
† Totals .....	.....	1,208	2,180	3,388

* Kindergarten Course, 64. † No person counted twice.

It is to be noted that the two foregoing tables show that the number of graduates in the past two years is more than thirty per cent. of the whole number of graduates from the State Normal Schools.

PLATTEVILLE SCHOOL.

This school was established on the 28th of February, 1866, by authority conferred by chapter 216 of the general laws. The building and grounds of the Platteville Academy having been donated, the school was opened on the 9th day of October, in the same year. The building has been repeatedly enlarged, and it accommodates the school liberally at present.

Platteville is a city of 3,321 (census 1895) inhabitants, pleasantly situated on the rolling ground between the Platte and Sinsinawa Mounds, in the midst of a fine agricultural region. The location is eminently healthful, and the community is deeply interested in the success and prosperity of the school. Students will find few temptations to idleness or dissipation, but will meet with encouragement to faithful work and upright conduct.

Platteville is the terminus of a branch of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, connecting with the Illinois Central at Warren. It is reached from the north and south by the Chicago & Northwestern Railway, and has connection with points on the Chicago, Burlington & Northern Railroad. Stages run daily to interior towns.

FACULTY.

Normal Department.

DUNCAN MCGREGOR, M. A., Litt. D., President, Psychology, Science and History of Education.

ALBERT HARDY, M. A., English Literature and Institute Conductor.

WILLIAM H. DUDLEY, Biology and Chemistry.

JAMES A. WILGUS, M. A., History, Civil Government and Political Economy.

E. C. PERISHO, M. S., Physics and Geology.

W. H. WILLIAMS, M. A., Geometry, Trigonometry, and Higher Algebra.

DIXON J. CHURCHILL, Ph. M., Music.

MARTIN P. RINDLAUB, JR., B. L., Latin.

H. H. LIEBENBERG, B. S., Arithmetic and Elementary Algebra.

THOMAS H. GENTLE, Assistant Psychology, Pedagogy, and Reviews.

EMMA S. WYMAN, B. L., Drawing.

ISABELLA PRETLOW, Geography, Grammar, Orthoepy, and Reading.

ALICE E. GIFFORD, B. A., German.

ELLA N. ALLEN, Methods and Supervisor of Practice.

NINA A. PAGE, Physiology and Physical Culture.

ROSA M. CHENEY, B. L., American History.

BEE A. GARDNER, Literary Readings and Reading Room Librarian.

EMMA E. GRAHAM, Clerk and Text Book Librarian.

E. MAUDE RICHARDS, Pianist, Instrumental Music.

Training School.

ANNA E. WOODWARD, B. S., Principal and Critic Grammar Grades.

MAUD M. AVERILL, B. L., Assistant Grammar and Preparatory Grades.

EDITH A. PURDY, Principal and Critic Intermediate Grades.

CAROL GOFF, Principal and Critic Primary Grades.

OFFICIAL BOARD OF VISITORS.

Prof. J. C. Freeman, Chairman.....Madison.

Supt. D. D. Mayne.....Janesville.

Mrs. E. J. Curtis.....201 Oakland Ave., Milwaukee.

WHITEWATER SCHOOL.

The Whitewater Normal School was dedicated April 21, 1868, it being the second normal school in the state. Its first president was Oliver Arey, who remained in charge until July, 1876. Wm. F. Phelps was president for the next two years, and J. W. Stearns from July, 1878, to January, 1885. For the next half year Prof. T. B. Pray was acting president. Albert Salisbury became president in July, 1885, and remains in charge to the present time.

The site and surroundings of the school are among the finest in the whole country. The original building was enlarged in 1876; and in 1891 yet another wing was added, including an elegant and well equipped gymnasium.

In 1897, yet another enlargement was made, giving the building a new front and providing improved facilities for all departments of work, especially in the library and laboratories.

The school graduated its first class in 1870. Since that time it has graduated 347 persons from the Advanced Course, and 456 others from the Elementary Course, making a total of 803 who have received the sanction of the school. Of these, all but 46 have taught for a greater or less period of time since graduation.

FACULTY.

ALBERT SALISBURY, PH. D., President, Mental Science and Pedagogics.
ANDREW J. HUTTON, Civil Government and Political Economy; Conductor of Institutes, 2d District.
GEORGE C. SHUTTS, PH. B., Mathematics and General History.
ARTHUR A. UPHAM, Physical Sciences and Manual Training.
JOHN R. SHERRICK, PH. B., Latin and Word Analysis.
WALTER S. WATSON, M. S., Biology and German.
ROBERT RIENOW, B. L., Reading and English Branches.
ANNIE M. COTTRELL, M. S., English Language and Literature.
CORNELIA E. ROGERS, Geography and Botany.
MARGARET HOSFORD, History of U. S. and Algebra.
LUCY A. BAKER, Vocal Music.
LIZZIE HUGHES, Drawing and Penmanship.
ISABEL F. WALKER, Physical Training.
KATE C. MAVITY, Methods and Supervisor of Practice Teaching.
MARY L. McCUTCHAN, Preparatory Department and Grammar Grades.
SARAH R. DEVLIN, Assistant Preparatory Department and Grammar Grades.
LENA M. WELTZIEN, Teacher Intermediate Grades.
LENA HOLT, Teacher Primary Grades.
LIZZIE P. SWAN, Librarian and Assistant in English.
ELISE M. HALVERSON, Stenographer and Assistant Librarian.

OSHKOSH SCHOOL.

This school was organized as third in the system of normal schools in September, 1871.

It soon took rank as the largest one of the schools, and has given instruction to more than 6,000 students during the first quarter century of work.

The building has been enlarged three times to meet its increasing needs, and through such growth has become adapted for efficient management of large numbers with ease. The laboratories and library are thoroughly appointed for the special needs of teachers in training.

Through careful management of conditions, the cost of living to students is below that of any other city of its size, the entire expense for a year ranging from \$125 to \$160.

COURSES OF STUDY.

The courses of study, uniform in specification for all regular schools of the system are as follows:

1. Common School Course—Requiring one year of work, and designed to train teachers for work in rural schools.
 2. An Elementary Course of Two Years—Leading to Limited State Certificate.
 3. The Advanced Course of Four Years—Entitling to Life State Certificate.
 4. A Graduate Course of Two Years—Entitling to Diploma and Life Certificate.
- The last course is especially provided for graduates from High Schools.

FACULTY.

R. H. HALSEY, President.
 KATHERINE S. ALVORD, Associate in History and Latin.
 MARY E. APTHORP, Latin.
 L. W. BRIGGS, Penmanship and Civics.
 HARRIET E. CLARK, Expression and Elocution.
 F. R. CLOW, History and Economics.
 B. MACK DRESDEN, German and Associate in Pedagogy.
 H. R. FLING, Biology.
 H. N. GODDARD, Chemistry and Geology.
 FRANCES D. GUION, Reading and Associate in Elocution.
 JOSEPHINE HENDERSON, Composition and Rhetoric.
 GRACE HEWARD, Vocal Music.
 W. C. HEWITT, Conductor of Institutes, School Economy and Associate in Mathematics.
 FLORA M. HINDS, General Assistant.
 LILIAN G. KIMBALL, English.
 J. E. LOUGH, Psychology and Pedagogy.
 HARRIET C. MAGEE, Drawing.
 FRANK A. MANNY, Science and History of Education, Observation, Supervisor of Methods.
 F. E. MITCHELL, Geography.

LOUISE MOREY, Associate in Mathematics.
 MAY B. MOULTON, Associate in Drawing.
 ELLEN F. P. PEAKE, Literature and Library Reading.
 A. H. SAGE, Physics.
 ROSE C. SWART, Inspector of Practice Teaching.
 BESSIE TOWER, Director of Gymnasium.
 EMILY F. WEBSTER, Mathematics.
 ANNA G. HUBBARD, Librarian.
 CLARA E. MARVIN, Stenographer and Clerk.

MODEL SCHOOL.

JENNIE G. MARVIN, Principal and Critic, Grammar Grades.
 PERSIS K. MILLER, Assistant in Grammar Grades.
 ADELAIDE M. PARSONS, Teacher and Critic, Intermediate Grades.
 ALFARETTA HASKELL, Teacher and Critic, Second Primary.
 JENNIE WILLIAMS, Teacher and Critic, First Primary.

OFFICIAL VISITORS.

PRES. SAMUEL PLANTZ.....Appleton.
 PRIN. M. S. FRAWLEY.....Eau Claire.
 HON. G. W. LATTA.....Antigo.

RIVER FALLS SCHOOL.

The fourth normal school was established in 1875. It is situated in a beautiful little city on the C., St. P., M. & O. R. R., its location being in an attractive and picturesque country, well settled and prosperous. The city of River Falls is a city of homes and in it the students find ideal conditions for the prosecution of the purposes for which the school is maintained.

The building which had been used for twenty-two years was destroyed by fire on the evening of November 29, 1897, but the school was successfully housed in churches and civic society rooms for the remainder of the year. On the opening of the school in September, 1898, it found commodious quarters in a new building, erected on the spot where the old one stood.

The new building is a model in its lighting, convenience and general adaptability for the purposes of a Normal school.

There are three departments in the school, the Normal, Preparatory and Model. The courses of study are the same as those in the other Wisconsin Normals offering four years of work.

FACULTY.

1898-'99.

WARREN J. BRIER, President, Psychology, Literature.
H. A. ADRIAN, Teachers' Institutes, Reading.
L. H. CLARK, Mathematics.
A. L. EWING, Natural Science.
DORA GILFILLAN, Latin, German.
ROSALIA A. HATHERELL, Assistant in Natural Science.
CARRIE T. PARDEE, Drawing.
ALICE H. SHULTES, Supervisor of Practice, Elementary Psychology.
J. F. SIMS, U. S. History, Civics, Geography.
CARRIE J. SMITH, Gen. History, English Language.
FLORENCE M. THATCHER, Music.
MRS. JULIA LORRAINE TRUESDELL, Physical Training.
LILLIAN CURRIER, Librarian and Stenographer.

MODEL DEPARTMENT.

ELIZABETH FLEMING, Grammar Grades.
JANE L. TERRY, Intermediate Grades.
LAURA W. PECKHAM, Primary Grades.
LUCY K. PECKHAM, Kindergarten.

OFFICIAL VISITORS, 1898-'99.

SUPT. R. B. DUDGEON.....Madison.
SUPT. M. L. BUNNELL.....Mauston.
MISS LOVILA M. MOSHER.....Waupun.

MILWAUKEE SCHOOL.

The state normal school located in Milwaukee, was authorized by an act of the legislature in 1880. The school was formally opened in September, 1885. The total enrollment during the year was, in the normal department, forty-six. The enrollment during the year 1897-'98 was, in the same department, 394.

This school offers five courses of study, English, Latin, German, Social Science, and a Kindergarten Training course. The English course is the equivalent of the last two years of the full English course in the other normal schools, while the Latin and the German courses are the equivalent of the last two years of these courses in the other schools except that four years' preparatory work is required in the Latin and two in the German to enter these courses, respectively.

The Kindergarten Training course is designed especially to give thorough training to students who desire to fit themselves for Kindergarten work.

All students entering the school must have completed a high school course in one of the four years' course free high schools, or have equivalent preparation, and must pass a satisfactory examination in Arithmetic, U. S. History, Geography, and English Grammar.

No elementary or preparatory course is connected with this school.

Students in the Milwaukee school have an opportunity to do practice work in the public schools in the city.

The building is well equipped for the work of the school and will accommodate three hundred students comfortably.

FACULTY.

W. H. CHEEVER, Acting President.

E. C. CASE, Physics and Chemistry.

J. I. JEGI, Physiology and Assistant in Physics.

I. N. MITCHELL, Ph. B., Biology.

C. P. CARX, Supervisor of Practice Teaching.

F. E. BOLTON, Ph. D., Pedagogy and Assistant in Psychology.

FANNY J. HOLCOMBE, English and Assistant in Literature.

PAULINE WIES, Ph. M., Latin and German.

GRACE DARLING MADDEN, Ph. M., History.

HARRIET C. ROUNDS, Mathematics.

MARIE L. BARIGHT, Expression.

ETTA A. MITCHELL, Drawing.

NINA VANDEWALKER, B. L., M. Ed., Director of Kindergarten Training Department.

EMMA W. SHRIEVES, Physical Training.

ANNA C. NERMAN, Teacher of Sloyd.

WM. J. PRINGLE, Institute Conductor, etc.

C. E. PATZER, Asst. Supervisor of Practice Teaching.

RUTH WALLING, Music and English.

M. A. BUSSEWITZ, Mathematics and English.

MODEL SCHOOL.

M. ELIZABETH ALLEN, Teacher and Critic in Seventh and Eighth Grades.

LUCY J. HAYLETT, Teacher and Critic in Fifth and Sixth Grades.

EMILY W. STRONG, Teacher and Critic in Third and Fourth Grades.

FLORENCE C. FOX, Teacher and Critic in Primary Department.

ALMA BINZEL, Kindergarten Director.

OFFICIAL VISITORS, 1898-'99.

SUPT. F. G. KRAEGE.....Green Bay.
 PROF. F. J. TURNER.....Madison.
 HON. L. B. CARSWELL.....Fort Atkinson.

SUPERIOR SCHOOL.

The seventh normal school was opened September 8, 1896. Its building is probably the best of its kind in the Northwest. The total enrollment in all departments for the second year was 448, coming chiefly from 27 different counties in Wisconsin. The same courses of study that exist in the other schools are carried on here. A very large majority of all who withdraw from the school go out to teach.

FACULTY.

I. C. McNEILL, President, Psychology, Pedagogy.
 E. W. WALKER, Institute Conductor, History and Civics.
 N. A. HARVEY, Natural and Physical Science.
 G. L. BOWMAN, Mathematics, Reading.
 MARY E. DOYLE, Supervisor of Practice, Methods.
 C. W. SMITH, Latin, Assistant in Mathematics.
 KATHARINE SCHLEGEL, German, Geography.
 LUCY S. NORTON, Professional Reviews, English.
 CORA A. MERRY, Vocal Music, Preparatory Classes.
 ELIZABETH E. HEWLETT, Drawing, Reading.
 IRMA REEL, Grammar, English Composition.
 JANE C. EVANS, Physical Culture, General Assistant.
 F. W. EPLY, Assistant in Science.
 GRACE GEARY, Penmanship, Arithmetic.
 ADDIE E. BETTES, Critic Teacher, Grammar Grade.
 LILY M. BRUNER, Critic Teacher, Intermediate Grade.
 GEORGIA BARKER, Critic Teacher, Primary Grade.
 LEONA PINKHAM, Librarian and Clerk.
 MARY F. CARPENTER, Librarian.

OFFICIAL VISITORS, 1898-'99.

SUPT. C. DWIGHT MARSH, Chairman..... Ripon, Wis.
 SUPT. J. E. NeCOLLINS.....Baraboo, Wis.
 SUPT. C. E. LAMB.....Bangor, Wis.

STEVENS POINT SCHOOL.

The sixth state normal school was opened September 17, 1894.

The following courses are provided: German, Latin and English—scientific courses of four years each, leading to the Diploma, which may become a life State certificate; an Elementary Course of two years and a Professional Course of one year, leading to the certificate, which may become a five years' State certificate; a One Year Common School Course. High school graduates are admitted to advanced standing in either course.

Special courses may be arranged by selection from the regular courses to fit the needs of individual teachers.

Special preparation for teachers of Primary and Intermediate grades, by selection of studies in regular courses, and addition of special courses in Practice and Pedagogy.

The building is modern, thoroughly adapted to the uses of a school; is well equipped; has one of the largest and best fitted gymnasiums in the state, second only to that at the University. This is under the care of a trained specialist. A carefully selected library of about 6,000 volumes is in the care of a trained librarian, whose entire time is given to the students.

The total enrollment in all departments in June, 1898, was 633 students, coming from upwards of forty counties in the state.

Stevens Point is a quiet, orderly town, with paved streets and pleasant homes; is lighted by gas and electricity; has a good water supply, well distributed; a paid fire department and free mail delivery; is accessible by two railroads from all the central part of the state.

Necessary school expenses, including board, for year of forty weeks, need not exceed \$135.00 and may be made less.

School year begins last Tuesday in August.

FACULTY.

THERON B. PRAY, A. M., President, Pedagogy, History of Education.

C. H. SYLVESTER, Literature, Pedagogy.

JOHN W. LIVINGSTON, Institute Conductor, School Observation, Professional Reviews.

GARRY E. CULVER, Physical Sciences.

JOSEPH V. COLLINS, Ph. D., Mathematics.

ALBERT H. SANFORD, A. M., History, Government, Political Economy.

MRS. MARY D. BRADFORD, Methods, Supervisor of Practice Teaching.

EDGAR JAMES SWIFT, A. B., Psychology, German.

MISS CAROLINE E. CRAWFORD, Physical Training.

VIRGIL EVERETT McCASKILL, Ph. D., Biology.

GEORGE L. TEEPLE, A. B., Rhetoric, Composition.

MISS MARY E. TANNER, Drawing.

MISS SOPHIA LINTON, Vocal Music.

MRS. IDA A. ELLIOTT, Ph. M., Geography.

MISS FLORA E. STEWART, Latin.

MISS JENNIE M. WHITMAN, A. B., Composition, English Grammar.

MRS. MARY V. MUSTARD, A. B., Assistant in English.

MISS ELIZABETH F. SIMPSON, Librarian, Library Reading.

MODEL DEPARTMENT.

MISS NANNIE R. GRAY, Principal and Critic, Grammar Grade.

MISS FRANK QUINN, Principal and Critic, Intermediate Grade.

MISS JENNIE REBECCA FADDIS, Principal and Critic, Primary Grade.

MISS ISABELLE PATTERSON, Clerk

BOARD OF VISITORS, 1898-'99.

HON. W. H. CHANDLER.....Sun Prairie.

PRIN. J. B. BORDEN.....Marshfield.

PRIN. G. H. LANDGRAF.....Waterloo.

STATE HISTORICAL LIBRARY BUILDING.

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS—(In order of appointment).

Appointed by State Historical Society—

*REUBEN G. THWAITES.....Madison.
 GEORGE B. BURROWS.....Madison.
 WILLIAM F. VILAS.....Madison.

Appointed by State University Regents—

*CHARLES K. ADAMS.....Madison.
 GEORGE H. NOYES.....Milwaukee.
 FRANK CHALLONER Oshkosh.

Appointed by the Governor—

*JAMES H. STOUT.....Menomonie.
 *FRANK L. FRASER.....Lake Beulah.
 *LUCIEN S. HANKS.....Madison.

OFFICERS OF THE BOARD.

PRESIDENT—JAMES H. STOUT.
 VICE PRESIDENT—LUCIEN S. HANKS.
 SECRETARY—ISAAC S. BRADLEY, Madison.
 INSPECTOR OF WORKS—FRANCIS W. GRANT.
 EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE—Indicated by *, above.

This Board was created by Chapter 298, Laws of Wisconsin for 1895, as amended by Chaps. 237 and 293, Laws for 1897. The building is being erected on a plot of land 264 feet square, fronting the State University grounds in Madison, and deeded to the state for this purpose by the Regents of the University. The members of the Board serve without salary, but receive necessary traveling expenses; their terms expire upon the completion of the building.

STATE BOARD OF CONTROL.

INSTITUTIONS UNDER ITS CHARGE.

State Hospital for the Insane.....	Mendota.
Northern Hospital for the Insane.....	Winnebago.
School for the Deaf	Delavan.
School for the Blind.....	Janesville.
Industrial School for Boys	Waukesha.
State Prison	Waupun.
State School for Dependent Children.....	Sparta.
Wisconsin Home for Feeble-Minded.....	Chippewa Falls.
Wisconsin State Reformatory	Green Bay.

OTHER INSTITUTIONS INSPECTED.

Four Semi-State Institutions.
 Twenty-six County Insane Asylums.
 Sixty-eight Jails.
 Forty-nine Poor Houses.
 Fifty Private Benevolent Institutions.
 Two hundred and six Police Stations and Lockups.

MEMBERS.

	Term expires April 15, 1899.	
*Andrew G. Nelson		Waupaca.
	Term expires April 15, 1900.	
William P. Lyon.		Madison.
	Term expires April 15, 1901.	
E. R. Petherick.....		Milwaukee.
	Term expires April 15, 1902.	
George W. Bishop.....		Rhineland.
	Term expires April 15, 1903.	
N. B. Treat		Mouroe.

OFFICERS OF THE BOARD.

WM. P. LYON.

PRESIDENT.

GEORGE W. BISHOP.

VICE PRESIDENT.

M. J. TAPPINS.

SECRETARY

The State Board of Control of Reformatory, Charitable and Penal Institutions, established by chapter 202, laws of 1895, consists of five members appointed by the governor, subject to the approval of the senate, for a term of five years. The members first appointed under the act, however, are to hold office for the

*Succeeded Richard Guenther. Resigned Jan. 1, '99.



STATE HISTORICAL LIBRARY BUILDING, MADISON.
(Showing present stage of construction, February, 1895.)

term of one, two, three, four and five years, respectively. The members are required to devote their entire time to the discharge of their duties, and receive a salary of two thousand dollars each, per annum, and all necessary disbursements in the discharge of their duties. They are authorized to elect a secretary, two clerks and a stenographer. All accounts for disbursements and charges and debts contracted by the stewards of the institutions or the board are audited by the board.

Section 7. Said board shall act as commissioners of lunacy, with power to investigate and examine into, with or without expert assistance, the question of the insanity and condition of any person committed or confined in any lunatic asylum or hospital, public or private, or restrained of his liberty by reason of alleged insanity, at any place within this state, and shall take the proper and legal steps for the discharge of any person so committed or restrained, if, in his opinion, such person is not insane, or can be cared for after such discharge without danger to others, and with benefit to such person.

Section 8. Said board shall have power to fully investigate all complaints against any of the institutions above named, or against the official conduct or management thereof; to send for books and papers; summon, compel the attendance of, and swear witnesses; and conduct at any time, thorough investigation into the affairs of any such institution, in such manner as it shall deem best. Any letter, communication or complaint addressed to such Board or any member thereof, by any inmate, employe, or subordinate officer in any of said institutions, shall be forthwith forwarded as addressed, without interference therewith, or the breaking of the seal, or the reading thereof by any officer or employe of such institution.

Section 9. The duties of such board shall be: 1. To maintain and govern the Wisconsin State Hospital for the Insane, the Northern Hospital for the Insane, the Wisconsin State Prison, the Wisconsin Industrial School for Boys, the Wisconsin Institution for the Education of the Blind, the Wisconsin Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb; the State Public School for dependent or neglected children, the Home for Feeble-Minded, the State Reformatory, and such other charitable, reformatory and penal institutions as may hereafter be established or maintained by the state. 2. To carefully supervise and direct the management and affairs of said institutions, and faithfully and diligently promote the objects for which the same have been established. 3. To preserve and care for the buildings, ground and all property connected with said institutions. 4. To take and hold in trust for the said several institutions any land conveyed or devised, or money or property given or bequeathed, to be applied for any purpose connected therewith, and faithfully to apply the same as directed by the donor, and faithfully to apply all funds, effects and property which may be received for the use of such institutions. 5. To make, on or before October 1, in each year, full and complete inventories and appraisals of all the property of each of said institutions, which inventories and appraisals shall be recorded and shall be so classified as to separately show the amount, kind and value of all real and personal property belonging to such institutions. 6. To make such by-law, rules and regulations, not incompatible with law, as it shall deem convenient or necessary for the government of the said institutions and for its own government, and cause the same to be printed. 7. To visit and carefully inspect each of said institutions as often as once in each month, either by the full board or by some member thereof, and ascertain whether all officers, teachers, servants and employes in such institutions are competent and faithful in the discharge of their duties, and all inmates thereof properly cared for and governed, and all accounts, account books and vouchers properly kept, and all the business affairs thereof properly conducted. 8. To fix the number of subordinate officers, teachers, servants and employes in each of said institutions, and prescribe the duties and compensation of each, and to employ the same upon the nomination of the respective superintendents and wardens. 9. To promptly remove or discharge any officer, teacher, servant or employe in any of said institutions who shall be guilty of any malfeasance or misbehavior in office, or of neglect or improper discharge of duty. 10. To annually appoint for the Wisconsin State Hospital for the Insane and for the Northern Hospital for the Insane, for each, a superintendent, one assistant physician, a matron, and a steward; and for the Institution for the Education of the Blind, and the Institution for the Education of the

Deaf and Dumb, and the Industrial School for Boys, for each, a superintendent, a steward, and all necessary teachers; for the State Prison, a warden and a steward, who shall be the officers of said institutions, respectively, and whose duties shall be fixed by said board, except as herein otherwise provided. 11. To maintain and govern the school, prescribe the course of study, and provide the necessary apparatus and means of instruction for the Institution for the Education of the Blind, and for the Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb. 12. To prescribe and collect such charges as it may think just, for tuition, and maintenance of pupils, not entitled to the same free of charge, in the Institution for the Education of the Blind and in the Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb. 13. To fix the period of the academic year, not less than forty weeks, and prescribe the school terms in the Institution for the Education of the Blind, and in the Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb. 14. To confer, in its discretion, upon meritorious pupils, such academic and literary degrees as are usually conferred by similar institutions, and grant diplomas accordingly, in the Institution for the Education of the Blind, and in the Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb.

WISCONSIN'S INSANE IN INSTITUTIONS.

September 30, 1898, there were 4,572 insane under public care. Of these 328 were in the State hospital, 580 in the Northern hospital and 406 in the Milwaukee hospital for the insane; a total of 1,314 in hospitals. There were 3,236 in the twenty-five county asylums for the chronic insane and 22 in poor houses, making 4,572 confined in asylums, hospitals and poor houses.

COUNTY ASYLUM FINANCES.

For the fiscal year ending September 30, 1898, the net current expenses of the twenty-five county insane asylums were \$282,961.01, an average per capita cost per week of \$1.60.

BILLS FOR THE CARE OF THE INSANE.

The bills for the year ending September 30, 1898, were \$337,473.26, of which the state paid \$242,931.27. Of this amount \$32,153.46 was for the maintenance of state-at-large patients kept in county asylums at the rate of \$3.00 per week. The additional \$94,541.99 is a special tax on counties.

AMOUNT RECEIVED BY COUNTIES FOR CARE OF CHRONIC INSANE.

COUNTIES.	FOR YEAR ENDING SEPT. 30.					
	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.	1897.	1898.
Brown.....	\$10,372 40	\$10,363 01	\$9,778 54	\$9,182 88	\$9,296 81	\$9,147 11
Chippewa.....				9,836 33	13,445 24	13,216 85
Columbia.....	11,936 03	12,137 46	11,650 48	11,009 81	10,145 70	10,568 82
Dane.....	8,285 75	8,598 45	10,461 37	12,261 16	12,156 05	12,799 38
Dodge.....	11,502 62	12,568 34	12,176 00	12,170 34	12,634 72	12,749 11
Dunn.....	14,445 74	17,542 73	15,288 70	14,782 48	14,377 89	13,510 24
Fond du Lac.....	11,549 54	12,635 82	12,615 53	12,757 34	12,776 94	13,074 14
Grant.....	11,434 74	13,107 59	11,966 10	11,633 11	10,863 93	10,068 80
Green.....	12,636 25	12,665 52	12,231 20	12,297 84	11,851 46	11,476 44
Iowa.....	14,384 05	15,045 97	13,638 13	13,157 04	12,498 72	11,874 00
Jefferson.....	12,835 15	13,378 64	12,964 35	12,525 32	12,601 45	12,990 79
La Crosse.....	12,647 45	14,001 89	13,715 73	14,074 13	14,163 42	13,954 86
Manitowoc.....	12,438 55	13,561 72	13,148 66	15,214 28	16,246 76	21,414 91
Marathon.....		7,358 07	18,890 62	23,584 22	24,599 92	23,591 40
Milwaukee.....	9,564 20	9,606 21	9,446 36	9,566 66	9,966 43	11,712 21
Outagamie.....	13,115 76	13,472 83	13,573 35	14,402 64	15,258 93	16,000 05
Racine.....	12,406 03	13,201 93	12,565 80	11,808 98	11,835 98	11,574 41
Richland.....					5,817 14	13,320 06
Rock.....	6,770 35	8,367 30	12,050 10	15,142 11	16,514 00	15,063 35
Sauk.....	4,953 80	5,176 11	7,078 61	9,706 91	10,449 53	10,311 76
Sheboygan.....	8,654 57	9,891 05	9,436 86	8,407 90	8,502 29	9,225 30
St. Croix.....					3,874 14	13,530 19
Vernon.....	15,090 85	15,472 86	14,761 89	15,423 87	16,786 72	16,049 86
Walworth.....	9,255 21	9,491 91	8,539 31	7,970 64	7,357 88	7,967 12
Winnebago.....	4,495 93	7,835 20	14,751 93	19,104 77	22,587 24	22,211 91
Total.....	\$228,764 97	\$255,751 56	\$270,758 62	\$296,020 27	\$316,649 29	\$337,473 26

STATE INSTITUTIONS.

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AVERAGE POPULATION, YEARLY AND WEEKLY COST PER CAPITA.

INSTITUTIONS.	TOTAL COST.		AVERAGE POPULATION.		YEARLY COST PER CAPITA.		WEEKLY COST PER CAPITA.	
	1897.	1898.	1897.	1898.	1897.	1898.	1897.	1898.
State Hospital for the Insane	\$113,330 94	\$110,497 07	405	410	\$279 83	\$269 50	\$5 38	\$5 18
Northern Hospital for the Insane	133,874 70	144,687 77	539	546	247 45	264 99	4 75	5 09
School for the Deaf ..	46,874 90	45,942 53	139	145	337 28	316 84	6 48	6 09
School for the Blind ..	33,039 98	31,017 20	80	82	413 00	378 27	7 94	7 27
Industrial School for Boys	63,797 91	91,787 79	346	307	184 39	298 98	3 54	5 75
State Prison	90,413 33	97,839 91	601	645	150 48	151 67	2 89	2 91
State Public School ..	47,969 81	47,250 71	262	196	182 71	241 07	3 51	4 63
Home for Feeble Minded	15,478 47	55,695 79	42	284	368 55	196 11	7 08	3 77
Total	\$514,209 87	\$524,703 77	2,414	2,615	.....	.....	.....	.....

WEEKLY COST PER CAPITA OF INSTITUTIONS FOR THE INSANE

For the last twelve years.

INSTITUTIONS.	1887.	1888.	1889.	1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.	1897.	1898.
State Hospital	\$3 55	\$3 74	\$3 78	\$3 83	\$4 22	\$3 59	\$3 71	\$4 02	\$5 03	\$5 01	\$5 38	\$5 18
Northern Hospital ..	3 32	3 80	3 44	3 70	3 93	3 61	3 70	3 73	4 56	4 07	4 75	5 09
Milwaukee Hospital ..	3 79	3 88	3 21	3 58	3 65	3 51	3 95	3 16	3 63	3 79	.....	.....
County Asylums.												
Brown	1 65	1 70	1 89	1 85	2 00	1 75	1 80	1 95	1 85	2 05	1 95	2 07
Chippewa	1 39	1 48	1 52	1 65	1 53	1 55	1 65	1 84	1 32	2 67	1 55	1 48
Columbia	1 61	1 34	1 57	1 75	1 70	1 60	1 58	1 40	1 18	1 38	1 32	1 20
Dane	1 61	1 34	1 57	1 75	1 70	1 60	1 58	1 40	1 18	1 38	1 35	1 22
Dodge	1 90	1 82	1 86	1 78	1 75	1 98	1 99	2 00	1 85	1 74	1 65	1 73
Dunn	1 85	1 78	1 60	1 81	1 88	1 86	1 55	1 55	1 53	1 32	1 81	1 73
Fond du Lac	1 89	1 58	1 47	1 79	1 74	1 99	1 67	1 89	1 72	1 60	1 60	1 60
Grant	1 47	1 65	1 72	1 74	1 90	1 52	1 65	1 58	1 73	1 68	1 66	1 79
Green	1 57	1 30	1 70	1 24	1 44	1 58	1 53	1 23	1 65	1 44	1 34	1 17
Iowa	1 52	1 60	1 68	1 62	1 88	1 87	1 86	1 54	1 79	1 68	2 05	1 54
Jefferson	1 32	1 30	1 60	1 32	1 35	1 37	1 49	1 27	1 35	1 36	1 27	1 56
La Crosse	1 87	1 80	1 72	1 51	1 60	1 61	1 52	1 72	1 67	1 61	1 39	1 61
Manitowoc .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4 26	1 77	1 49	1 70	1 70
Marathon .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2 51	2 48	3 41	2 52	2 37
Milwaukee .....	.....	.....	2 32	2 54	2 51	2 74	2 71	2 51	2 48	3 41	2 52	2 37
Outagamie .....	.....	.....	.....	3 28	2 10	1 85	1 72	1 71	1 47	1 62	1 75	1 80
Racine .....	.....	.....	.....	3 73	2 01	1 89	2 21	1 04	1 95	2 05	1 98	1 72
Richland .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2 38	1 70
Rock	1 53	1 64	1 47	1 37	1 21	1 35	1 14	1 53	1 58	1 31	1 30	1 43
Sauk	1 49	1 17	1 39	1 09	1 09	1 03	1 13	1 18	1 31	1 31	1 22	1 25
Sherboygan	2 37	2 63	2 29	1 98	2 31	2 26	2 19	1 83	1 90	2 19	2 14	1 86
St. Croix .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1 88	1 45
Vernon .....	.....	.....	2 61	1 68	1 66	1 55	1 62	1 49	1 63	1 76	1 93	1 89
Walworth	1 69	1 22	1 28	1 33	1 38	1 22	1 45	1 38	1 12	1 17	1 00	1 24
Winnebago	1 32	1 25	1 25	1 18	1 16	1 56	1 53	1 68	1 93	2 06	1 68	1 65
Total	\$1 65	\$1 64	\$1 62	\$1 75	\$1 78	\$1 70	\$1 74	\$1 74	\$1 68	\$1 73	\$1 66	\$1 60

WISCONSIN STATE HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE.

OFFICERS.

WILLIAM B. LYMAN, M. D.,
SUPERINTENDENT.

M. F. CLARK, M. D., AND EUGENE CHANEY, M. D.,
ASSISTANTS.

F. E. KRETLOW,
PHARMACIST.

CHARLES A. CARTER,
STEWARD.

T. J. PALMER,
ASSISTANT STEWARD.

Miss ELIZABETH WHITEHEAD,
MATRON.

The Wisconsin State Hospital for the Insane, located at Mendota near Madison, was opened for patients in July, 1860. Two years later, one longitudinal and one transverse wing on the west side were completed, since which time other additions have been made. The entire length of the hospital building is 560 feet, the center building being 65x120 feet. The first longitudinal wing on each side of the center is 132 feet, and the last on each extremity is 119 feet. The transverse wings are 87 feet long. This commodious building is surrounded by ornamental grounds, woods and farming lands, to the extent of 497 acres and is well adapted for the care of the unfortunates needing its protection. The hospital will now accommodate comfortably 520 patients.

J. Edwards Lee, M. D., was the first medical superintendent, having been elected by the first board of trustees on the 22d of June, 1859, and the furniture and furnishing of the center building and first wing, and arrangements for the reception of patients, were conducted under his supervision.

The second board of trustees was organized April 10, 1860, and on the 22d of May following appointed John P. Clement, M. D., to supersede Dr. Lee as superintendent, and in June, 1860, Mrs. Mary C. Halliday was appointed matron. The first patient was admitted July 14, 1860.

Dr. Clement resigned January 1, 1864, and from that time until April 20, the hospital was in charge of John W. Sawyer, M. D., assistant physician, when A. H. Van Norstrand, M. D., was elected superintendent.

Dr. Van Norstrand resigned June 6, 1868, and was succeeded by A. S. McDill, M. D.

Dr. McDill resigned in October, 1872, and on the 29th of April, 1873, Mark Ranney, M. D., was appointed superintendent, and entered upon his duties July 23.

Dr. Ranney resigned and was succeeded by A. S. McDill, M. D., in April, 1875. Dr. McDill was removed by death November 12, 1875.

O. F. Boughton, M. D., who had served a number of years as assistant phys-

cian in the hospital, was chosen to fill the vacancy occasioned by Dr. McDill's death, and he held that position until July 1, 1881.

Dr. R. M. Wigginton, of Watertown, was chosen his successor by the Board of Supervision, July 1, 1881, and having been elected to be superintendent of the Northern Hospital for the Insane, was succeeded by Dr. S. B. Buckmaster, July 1, 1884.

Dr. Buckmaster held the position until December 1, 1889, when he resigned, and was succeeded by Dr. Louis R. Head, of Oakwood Retreat, at Lake Geneva, Wis.

On July 21, 1891, Dr. E. P. Taylor was elected to be the successor of Dr. Head, and entered upon the duties of the office August 1, 1891. Dr. Taylor resigned July 1, 1893, and Dr. John B. Edwards of Mauston was chosen to succeed him. Dr. Edwards resigned July 1, 1895, and was succeeded by Dr. William B. Lyman.

There has been paid from the State Treasury, up to October 1, 1898, for real estate, buildings, improvements, repairs and current expenses of the hospital, in all the sum of \$4,002,608.71.

Whole number of patients admitted since the opening of the hospital July 14, 1880.....		8,149
Discharged recovered	2,289	
Discharged improved	2,141	
Discharged unimproved	2,334	
Discharged not insane	21	
Died	1,056	
Under treatment September 30, 1898.....	328	
		8,149

The average number of patients in the hospital the past year has been 403 as against 405 the previous year, and the current expenses \$113,330.94, as against \$110,497.07.

NORTHERN HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE

OFFICERS.

W. A. GORDON, M. D.,
SUPERINTENDENT.

A. SHERMAN, M. D., W. P. BRODERICK, M. D., AND THOS. R. JONES, M. D.,
ASSISTANTS.

J. H. PIERSON,
PHARMACIST.

E. E. FINNEY,
STEWARD.

FRANK I. PISHON,
ASSISTANT STEWARD.

MISS MINNIE SCHRIBER,
MATRON.

In 1870 a law was passed authorizing an additional hospital for the insane. After an examination of several sites in different parts of the state by a commission appointed for that purpose, choice was made of the location offered by the citizens of Oshkosh, consisting of 337 acres of land, about four miles north of the city, on the west shore of Lake Winnebago. The necessary appropriations were made, and the north wing and central building were completed and opened for the admission of patients in 1873. Further appropriations were made from time to time for additional wings, and in 1875, the hospital was completed according to the original design, at a total cost to the state of six hundred and twenty-five thousand two hundred and fifty dollars. Since that time some additional land has been purchased, the original buildings modified, and others erected. This hospital will now, without crowding, suitably accommodate 650 patients.

In December, 1873, Dr. Walter Kempster, of Utica, New York, was elected superintendent and continued to act as such by successive re-elections, until the close of the term ending July 1, 1884, when he was succeeded by Dr. R. M. Wigginton, who had had several years' experience as assistant and superintendent in the State Hospital for the Insane near Madison. Upon the close of the official year, July 1, 1887, Dr. Walter Kempster was again elected superintendent, but after serving three months, he resigned the position, and Dr. Charles E. Booth, of Elroy, Wis., was elected his successor.

On July 21, 1891, Dr. W. F. Wegge, of Milwaukee, was elected to succeed Dr. Booth, and became superintendent August 1, 1891.

Dr. Wegge resigned October 1, 1894, and Dr. D. G. Hathaway, of Wauwatosa,

was elected his successor. Dr. Hathaway resigned July 1, 1895, and was succeeded by Dr. W. A. Gordon, of Oshkosh.

There has been paid from the state treasury up to October 1, 1896, for real estate, buildings, improvements, repairs and current expenses of the hospital, in all the sum of \$3,587,807.35.

Whole number of patients admitted since the opening of the hospital, April 21, 1873.....		7,925
Discharged recovered	1,456	
Discharged improved	1,753	
Discharged unimproved	2,126	
Discharged not insane.....	26	
Died	1,228	
Under treatment September 30, 1898.....	512	
Sent home on leave of absence.....	824	
		7,925

The average number of patients in the hospital in the past year has been 546, as against 539 the previous year, and the current expenses \$144,687.77, as against \$133,374.70.

SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF.

OFFICERS.

JOHN W. SWILER,
SUPERINTENDENT AND STEWARD.

EDGAR D. FISK,
CLERK.

SARAH D. GIBSON,
MATRON.

MISS TILLIE CANNAN,
ASSISTANT MATRON.

This institution is located at Delavan, Walworth county, on the Southwestern division of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad, sixty miles from Milwaukee. The land first occupied, comprising 11 46-100 acres, was donated by Hon. F. K. Phoenix, one of the first trustees, but the original boundaries have since been enlarged by the purchase of twenty-two acres. The main building was burned to the ground on the 16th of September, 1879, but during the year 1880 four new buildings were erected, and with the increased facilities provided, 250 children may be well cared for.

The new buildings are a school house, boys' dormitory, dining room and chapel, with a main or administration building. These buildings are plain, neat, substantial structures and well fitted for the uses intended.

The institution was originally a private school for the deaf, but was incorporated by act of the Legislature, April 19, 1852, and it is now maintained by the State of Wisconsin: for the education of those children within her borders who, on account of deafness, are unable to receive instruction in the common schools. It has three departments:

First—The school, in which the pupils are taught writing, reading, composition, arithmetic, geography, history, natural science and drawing. Instruction in lip-reading and oral speech is given to the semi-mutes and capable congenital mutes.

Second—The shops, where the pupils are taught printing, cabinet making and shoe-making.

Third—The domestic department, in which they discharge various household duties, and learn baking and sewing.

The law provides that all deaf and dumb residents of this state, of proper age and suitable capacity to receive instruction, shall be received and taught free of charge. The regular course of instruction occupies about eight years. The latest and most popular text-books, globes, maps, charts, etc.,—so far as they are adapted to deaf mute instruction,—are employed. Articulation and lip-reading are taught by ladies of skill and experience with very gratifying results.

The day is divided into hours for labor, study, and recreation, with the design of securing habits of industry and of promoting health as well as intellectual and moral development. No leave of absence is granted during the term, except in cases of sickness or extreme necessity.



SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF, DELAVAN.

Deaf mutes of Wisconsin, of proper age, are admitted to the privileges of the institution free of charge, being furnished tuition, books, board and washing. Friends are required to pay the traveling and incidental expenses, and to provide clothing, a sufficient supply of which should be furnished at the beginning of the school year, or sent by express as needed.

Candidates for admission should not be under eight nor more than twenty years of age, of sound moral principles and good physical health. Imbecile, idiotic or feeble-minded children are not received.

The annual session begins the first Wednesday in September, and continues forty weeks.

The summer vacation extends from June to September. Pupils are sent home promptly at the close of the term, accompanied to prominent railroad points by messengers from the institution.

There has been paid from the state treasury, up to October 1, 1898, for real estate, buildings, improvements, repairs and current expenses of the school, in all, the sum of \$1,536,733.70.

The whole number of pupils under instruction from the opening of the school in 1852 is 1,136, of whom 193 were in attendance September 30, 1898.

The average number of pupils the past year was 196, as against 184 the previous year, and the current expenses \$45,942.53, as against \$46,874.90.

WISCONSIN SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND.

OFFICERS.

HOWARD F. BLISS,
SUPERINTENDENT AND STEWARD.

Miss LIZZIE J. CURTIS,
MATRON.

Miss JENNIE L. KENDALL,
CLERK.

This is the first charitable institution established by the state. A school for the blind had been opened at Janesville, in the latter part of 1849, which received its support from the citizens of that place and vicinity. At the next session of the legislature it was adopted by the state, by an act approved February 9, 1850. On October 7, 1850, it was opened for the reception of pupils under the direction of the board of trustees appointed by the governor. It occupied rented rooms until June 1, 1852, when it was removed to a building erected for its use at a cost of about \$3,000. The lot of ten acres had been donated by the owners, and now forms a part of the grounds, forty acres in extent, belonging to the institution. This building was so arranged as to admit of becoming the wing of a larger one, which was commenced in 1854, and fully completed in 1859. In 1864-5, a brick building was erected for a shop and other purposes. The foundation of the wing first built proved defective, and in 1867 that portion of the building had to be taken down. The next year work was begun on an extension which should replace the demolished portion and afford room for the growth of the school. That was completed in 1870, and the value of the buildings, grounds and personal property belonging to the institution was estimated at \$182,000. On the 13th of April, 1874, the building was destroyed by fire, and at the ensuing session of the legislature an appropriation of \$56,000 was made for the erection of a wing of a new building on the old site, but on a somewhat different plan; and in 1876, a further appropriation of \$90,000 was made for rebuilding the main structure.

The school was not allowed to close on account of the fire. Suitable accommodations were procured for the pupils by the board of trustees in the city of Janesville, where at some disadvantage, the work of the institution was carried on until January 1, 1876, when the wing of the new building was ready for occupancy. The main structure has since been completed. It is designed to accommodate one hundred pupils, the same number as the building destroyed in 1874. The exterior is plainer than in the former structure, but a considerable sum has been expended in fire-proofing and in laying solid foundations under the main building. It is now believed to be practically fire-proof.

The object of the institution as declared by law is "to qualify, as far as may be," the blind "for the enjoyment of the blessings of a free government, obtaining the means of subsistence and the discharge of those duties, social and political, devolving upon American citizens." The institution is therefore neither a hospital nor an asylum, but a school, into which blind persons residing in Wisconsin, "of suitable age and capacity to receive instruction," are admitted for education. For the purposes of the institution, those persons are regarded as blind who are shut out from the benefits of the common schools by deficiency

of sight. Pupils are regularly received who are between the ages of eight and twenty-one years. In occasional instances others have been admitted. Tuition and board during the school year are furnished by the state without charge, but parents and guardians are expected to provide clothing, traveling expenses, and a home during the summer vacation. The school year commences on the second Wednesday in September and continues forty weeks.

The operations of the school fall naturally into three departments. In one, instruction is given in the subjects usually taught in the common schools. Some use is made of books printed in raised letters; but instruction is mostly given orally. In another department musical training, vocal, instrumental and theoretical, is imparted to an extent sufficient to furnish to most an important source of enjoyment, and to some the means of support. These two departments were opened at the commencement of the school, and have been ever since maintained. A little later the third department was opened, in which weaving, seating cane-bottomed chairs, sewing, knitting, and various kinds of fancy work are systematically taught. The "Kindergarten" was established in 1883 and proves a most valuable adjunct to all the departments.

The care exercised over the pupils of this institution, looks closely to their physical and moral well-being, and the details of the discipline are only such as are consistent with and will further this purpose; while the instruction is systematic and thorough, as the character and scholarship of those who have completed the prescribed course of study abundantly attest.

There has been paid from the state treasury up to October 1, 1898, for real estate, buildings, improvements, repairs and current expenses of the school, in all, the sum of \$1,189,760.55.

The whole number of pupils under instruction from the opening of the school, October 7, 1850, is 747, of whom 105 were in attendance September 30, 1898.

The average number of pupils the past year was 111, as against 103 the previous year; and the current expenses \$31,017.20, as against \$33,039.98.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

OFFICERS.

CHARLES O. MERICA,
SUPERINTENDENT AND STEWARD.

E. F. BOWMAN,
ASSISTANT STEWARD.

Mrs. ALICE W. MERICA,
MATRON.

PROF. J. K. MCGREGOR,
PRINCIPAL TEACHER.

The Wisconsin Industrial School for Boys is situated about three-fourths of a mile west of the railroad depots in the village of Waukesha, the county seat of Waukesha county.

It was organized as a house of refuge, and opened in 1860. The name was afterward changed to "State Reform School," and again to "Wisconsin Industrial School for Boys," its present title. The buildings are located on the southern bank of Fox river, in view of the trains as they pass to and from Milwaukee and Madison, presenting an attractive sight to the traveling public and furnishing good evidence of the parental care of the State authorities for the juvenile wards within its borders.

The buildings include a main central edifice, three stories high, used for the residence of the superintendent's family, office, chapel, school rooms, reading room and library, officers' kitchen, dining and lodging rooms, furnace room and cellar. On March 26, 1898, the factory building with all its contents, was destroyed by fire, the loss being about \$40,000.00. The Governor, Attorney General and Secretary of State authorized an indebtedness of \$40,000.00, and a new building was built during the summer of 1898.

On the east of the main central building are three family buildings, three stories high, each with a dining hall, play room, bath room, dressing room, hospital room, officers' rooms, dormitory and store room.

On the west of the main central buildings are four family buildings like those on the east in all respects, with the exception of the building at the west end of this line, which is a wooden building with a stone basement.

In the rear of this line of buildings is the shop building, 38x258 feet, three stories high, which embraces boot factory, sock and knitting factory, tailor shop, carpenter shop, engine room, laundry and steam drying room, bath rooms, store, store rooms, bakery and cellar, and three family buildings with room for fifty boys each.

There is on the farm, which consists of 404 acres of land, a comfortable house, a stone carriage and horse barn, two stories high, built in the most substantial manner, three convenient wooden barns, with sheds for cattle, wagons and farm machinery, and cellars for roots.

The total amount paid from the State Treasury up to October 1, 1898, for real estate, buildings, improvements, repairs, and current expenses is \$1,957,484.23.

The whole number of commitments since the opening of the school, August 3, 1860, is 4,102, of whom 305 were present September 30, 1898.

The average number of boys the past year was 307, as against 372 the previous year, and the current expenses were \$91,787.79, as against \$83,797.94.

STATE PRISON.

OFFICERS.

CHARLES C. McCLAUGHRY.

WARDEN AND STEWARD.

J. B. VOSBURGH,

DEPUTY WARDEN.

JACOB FUSS,

CLERK.

G. F. MESSEK, M. D.,

PRISON PHYSICIAN.

REV. G. H. S. SOMERVILLE,

CHAPLAIN.

REV. J. C. HARTMAN,

CHAPLAIN, CATHOLIC.

MISS PHOEBE C. GRIDER.

MATRON.

The State Prison was located in Waupun in July, 1851, by Messrs. John Bullen, John Taylor and A. W. Worth, who were appointed commissioners to determine such location under a law enacted that year. A contract was at once entered into for the construction of a temporary prison; in 1853 the contract was let for the mason work upon the south wing of the prison; and additions have been made from time to time since that date.

From March 28, 1853, to January 4, 1874, the office of the Prison Commissioner was an elective office, the commissioner having full control of the management of the prison.

From January 3, 1874, to June 1, 1881, the management was in the hands of three directors appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate. In place of a commissioner, the directors appointed a warden, who had charge and custody of the prison, to serve three years.

In June, 1881, the management of the prison was placed in the hands of the State Board, who have continued the control and custody as established by the directors.

The warden, steward and treasurer are appointed by the State Board of Control annually. All other officers are appointed by the board from time to time as vacancies occur, upon the nomination of the warden.

The convict labor was leased to M. D. Wells & Co., of Chicago, for the manufacture of boots and shoes, for five years, from January 1, 1878, and the contract was renewed with that firm for five years, beginning with January 1, 1883, at the rate of fifty cents per day of ten hours. Upon the expiration of the contract at the close of the year 1887, the contractors, by consent of the Board of Super-

vision, continued to employ the prisoners for several months, when the contract was renewed for five years without change of terms. On the expiration of said contract at the close of the year 1892, it was similarly renewed by consent of the Board of Control, for a further period of five years.

Manufacture on the part of the state was therefore discontinued on January 1, 1878. The prisoners' earnings for biennial period ending September 30, 1898, were \$103,815.99.

The grounds about the buildings embrace 24 acres, and a farm of 112 acres, about a mile distant, was added in 1885. The buildings comprise the center, 85x90 feet, occupied for offices, warden's apartments, dining and lodging rooms for officers, kitchens, bakery, etc. The two wings, 50x200 feet each, contain 504 cells, the deputy warden's residence and female prison with thirty-six cells, a work-shop 54x500 feet, two stories high, bath house, blacksmith and carpenter shop, barn, etc.

The total amount paid from the State Treasury for real estate, buildings, improvements, repairs and current expenses up to October 1, 1898, was \$1,792,542.38.

The whole number of prisoners received since the opening of the prison is 7,556. The number in confinement September 30, 1898, was 685—650 males and 15 females. The average number of prisoners during the past year was 645, as against 598 the preceding year, and the current expenses were (not including prisoners' earnings) \$97,514.88, as against \$90,209.07.

STATE PUBLIC SCHOOL.

OFFICERS.

M. T. PARK.

SUPERINTENDENT AND STEWARD.

W. E. BAILEY AND H. R. RAWSON,

STATE AGENTS.

J. H. VAN WAGNER,

CLERK.

MRS. MAGGIE A. LANCET,

MATRON.

Chapter 377, laws of 1885, made it the duty of the board of supervision, by and with the consent of the Governor, to select a suitable site and erect thereon buildings for a state school or temporary home for dependent and neglected children—such institution to be known as the "State Public School." Soon after the enactment of this law, the Board advertised for proposals for furnishing a site for this institution, and received responses from Stevens Point, Waupaca, Green Bay, Oshkosh, Fond du Lac, Ripon, New Lisbon, Sparta and La Crosse. Subsequently the Board visited all these places, inspected the sites proposed and canvassed the advantages of each locality, and, finally, with the approval of the Governor, selected Sparta as the locality for the school, accepting an offer of a tract of land embracing 164.8 acres as the site. This land lies in one regular body on the northeast of the city, being partly within its limits, having the La Crosse river for its eastern boundary, and one of the city streets as its western line. The location is in all respects a healthful one, possesses many attractions in itself, and commands a view of one of the finest landscapes in the state.

During the year 1886, three cottages were erected and equipped in accordance with the provisions of the law, two of them of solid brick, two stories and an attic in height, with stone basement and capable of accommodating one hundred pupils. The third cottage, a frame structure, veneered with brick, two stories and an attic above a stone basement, was devoted at first to the uses of the superintendent and his family, but subsequently to the accommodation of the young children, of whom it affords room for thirty.

The institution was opened for the reception of pupils on the 13th of November, 1886, with Robert T. Roberts as superintendent. It soon became apparent, from the rapidity with which commitments were made, that more room must be provided before the full benefits of the institution could be realized. Accordingly the legislature of 1887 made provisions for the erection of a central building, two cottages and such other structures as it should deem necessary. The board of supervision, during that year, had erected the buildings named, and in addition thereto a boiler and engine house and laundry and a barn. The central building is of brick, three stories in height upon a stone basement, and furnishes room for the superintendent and his family and employes, a general kitchen and large dining room, an assembly room and offices. The cottages are of brick, two stories and an attic in height, with a stone basement, and furnish accommoda-

tions for sixty pupils each. A school-house two stories in height, containing three class rooms and necessary halls on each floor, and furnishing accommodations for about 250 pupils, was erected in 1889, as were also a cold storage building, ice house and additional farm buildings; and a dwelling house on adjoining land purchased was reconstructed into a comfortable hospital.

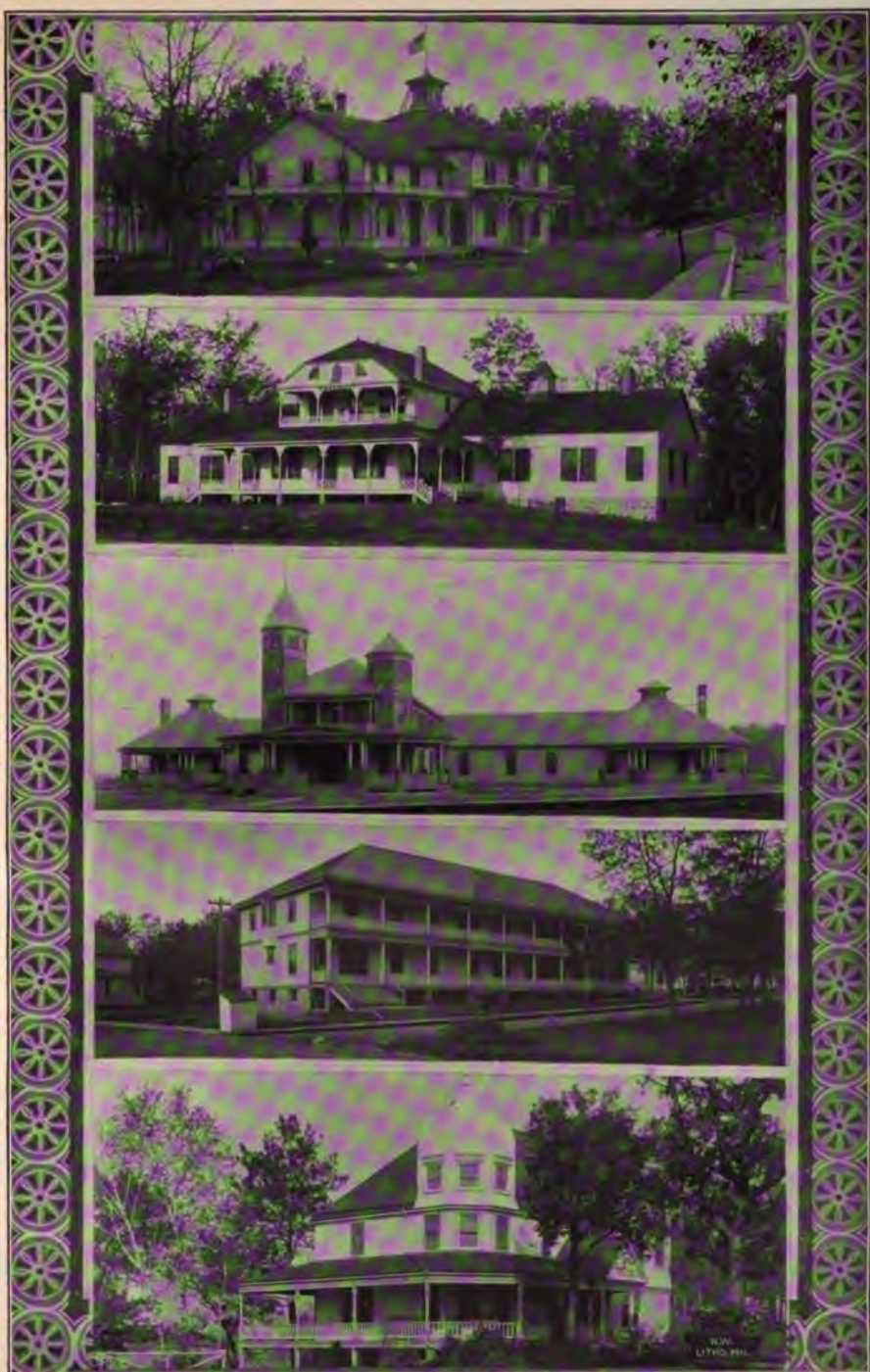
In August, 1891, the Board of Control elected F. L. Sanborn, of Ashland, to be the superintendent, in place of Mr. Roberts, whose term had expired.

July 7, 1892, fire, believed to be the work of an incendiary ward, destroyed the roof and upper story of the main building. The building was promptly reconstructed at a cost of \$4,814.96.

The primary object of the institution is to furnish a temporary home for dependent and neglected children until suitable homes can be found for them in good families. While they remain in the institution they are instructed in the elementary branches of an English education.

From the establishment of the institution up to September 30, 1898, there had been expended for site, permanent improvements, equipments and current expenses, \$620,967.88.

The whole number of children admitted up to September 30, 1898, was 1,921; the average number in the school for the fiscal year, ending September 30, 1896, was 262, and for the fiscal year ending with September last, the average number was 196. At the last named date 1,434 children had been placed in homes.



WISCONSIN VETERANS' HOME, WAUPACA.

WISCONSIN INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

OFFICERS OF THE BOARD OF MANAGERS.

PRESIDENT.

Mrs. G. C. SWALLOW.

VICE PRESIDENTS.

Mrs. C. J. RUSSELL,

Miss CHRISTINE DOIG

Mrs. EMANUEL FRIEND,

SECRETARY,

Mrs. A. J. KAINE.

TREASURER,

Miss MARY E. HOLLIDAY.

RESIDENT OFFICERS.

SUPERINTENDENT,

Mrs. EMMA F. BLAND.

ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENT,

Miss MARY J. BATTIN.

FAMILY MATRONS,

Miss ALICE GILSON,
Miss AMELIA KNEELAND,
Miss EMMA FELL,

Mrs. NELLA BELL,
Miss MARY L. ATWOOD,
Miss LOTTIE PHELPS.

PRINCIPAL TEACHERS,

Miss EMMA O. SKINNER,

Miss MARY E. SHEFFIELD,
Miss SARAH A. QAIFE.

KINDERGARTEN,

Miss NETTIE PIERCE.

STEWARD,

JOHN R. LOVE.

The Wisconsin Industrial School for Girls is located in Milwaukee, on Lake Avenue, in that part of the city known as North Point. It is capable of accommodating 160 inmates.

Its proper subjects are :

1. Violently inclined girls under 18, and boys under 10 years of age.
2. The stubborn and unruly, who refuse to obey their proper guardians.
3. Truants, vagrants and beggars.
4. Those found in circumstances of manifest danger of falling into habits of vice and immorality, for want of proper care.
5. Those under the above ages who have committed any offense punishable by fine or imprisonment in adult offenders.

Although the school was founded by private charity, and is under the control of a self-perpetuating board of managers, it is incorporated and employed by the state for the custody, guardianship, discipline and instruction of the aforementioned children. In default of responsible and efficient guardianship they are treated as minors and wards of the state, and by it they are committed to the guardianship of this board of ladies during minority.

The present statute provides that for each girl so committed the county from which such commitment is made shall pay not more than two dollars and fifty cents per week.

It is designed to be in no sense a penal institution, but it is a reformatory for the older, a temporary place of detention and instruction for the younger. Its objects are detention and reformation.

The school was organized under the act of 1875, and has received from the Legislature, in 1878, 1880, 1881, 1882, 1885, 1887, 1889, 1891 and 1893, sums amounting to \$83,000 for buildings, improvements, stocks and furnishings. The city of Milwaukee has also given for its use a tract of over eight acres of land, the state holding the title to this property.

The buildings, as completed by the successive appropriations, afford in all the requisites for distinct family life, three separate dwellings, designated as the Main Home, the Children's Home and the Cottage, and include a kindergarten room, two infirmaries, a laundry and three large school-rooms. The Children's Home takes boys and girls under eleven years of age; the Main Home the girls from eleven upwards, dividing them into four distinct classes, according to age and morals, with fair facilities for suitable separation and instruction; and the Cottage is an additional and entirely separate building for proper restraint and influence over the older and more depraved.

On leaving the school, children are either returned to their former homes or relatives, or given by adoption or indenture to the care of well-recommended families. Boys are transferred to the State Industrial School for Boys, if unfit for homes in families, when of unsuitable age to remain longer in the school.

THE HOME FOR THE FEEBLE-MINDED.

SUPERINTENDENT,
ALFRED W. WILMARTH.

STEWARD,
C. K. ERWIN.

CLERK,
VIOLA L. HAYTER.

MATRONS,
Mrs. E. K. JOSLIN, Mrs. J. I. BREWER, Mrs. S. J. JENKINS,

The legislature of 1895 instructed the Board of Control to acquire, by purchase or donation, sufficient land for a home for the feeble-minded and epileptic of the state, and appropriated \$100,000.00 for this purpose and the erection of suitable buildings.

In doing this the legislature builded well. The insane, the blind and the deaf, for many years have enjoyed the fostering care and liberal favors provided for them by the state. Their claims upon the practical sympathy of the community have been munificently responded to, and no one questions the duty of a prospering people to make the helpless the objects of their special care. But during all these years the public has ignored and neglected the idiot and the feeble-minded classes equally abject, equally deserving and in all respects equally entitled to our care and support. We confidently believe that the establishment now ready for them, if carried to the hoped-for development, will be the means of giving consolation to as many homes and happiness to as many stricken hearts as any or all of our other magnificent state institutions of which the people of Wisconsin are so justly proud.

The Board of Control obtained warranty deeds to the state of the 600 acres donated. In addition, a part of the cash bonus was used in purchasing adjoining lands likely to be needed in the near future, so that now the state owns a clear title to 1,021 acres of good land. The rest of the bonus, in accordance with a verbal agreement with the officials of the city of Chippewa Falls, has been used in grading and laying out drives and walks through 190 acres of this land set aside for the park grounds of the institution.

In the plans and arrangements of the buildings the Board has given much careful study and consideration. Visits to similar institutions in other states were made by members of the Board and the architect, in order to profit by the experiences and experiments of others.

The first point to be settled was the ultimate capacity of the institution. The highest authorities in the land were consulted, and they agreed that no institution of this kind should contain over 1,000 inmates. The Board, in view of the fact that the census shows about 3,000 feeble-minded and idiotic persons in the state, decided to cover the extreme limit and set the final capacity of the Home at 1,000. Everything so far has been constructed with that object in view. The power-house and heating plant has been built large enough for all future requirements; and so has the laundry building. The sewer system, the water-works pipes and the electric light mains are all large enough for any future use. It will be only necessary to put in additional machinery. The underground pipes will not have to be disturbed, nor will the buildings need to be enlarged. When the

Institution has been completed to its limited capacity of 1,000, there will be about twenty buildings, as follows:

An administration building; a dormitory for boys of 1st grade; a dormitory for girls of 1st grade; a dormitory for boys of 2d grade; a dormitory for girls of 2d grade; a dormitory for boys of 3d grade; a dormitory for girls of 3d grade; a dormitory for boys (epileptics); a dormitory for girls (epileptics); a custodial cottage for boys; a custodial cottage for girls; a gymnasium and assembly hall; a school building for boys; a school building for girls; a kitchen and general dining room for both classes; hospital building, laundry, power house, shops, farm, colony, barns, railway station, etc.

The appropriation of \$100,000.00 made by the legislature of 1895 has been used as follows:

Contract for one custodial building and one dormitory.....	\$57,997
Contract for power-house and laundry.....	10,350
Contract for steam-heating equipment.....	15,794
Contract for sewerage system.....	2,857
Contract for electric light plant.....	2,401
Contract for pumping machinery.....	1,720
Contract for water-works system.....	1,735
Preliminary work, architect's plans, surveying, superintendence of construction, lumber, implements and tools.....	4,037

The legislature of 1897 made a further appropriation of \$75,000.00, out of which a second cottage with a capacity of 150 inmates was built and other improvements made.

The capacity of the present buildings will be about 400, and at a cost not to exceed \$400.00 per bed, and in this is included the cost of power plant, laundry, sewerage, lighting and heating systems.

The buildings have been constructed with a view to solidity and permanence, and not one dollar has been spent for ornamentation. Nevertheless the cottages are handsome and imposing. There is nothing cheap and flimsy about them, but every kind of material used is of the very best. The roofs are slate, the gutters and cornices of copper, all the partitions are of brick, and the buildings are of slow-burning construction throughout, and as nearly fire-proof as is necessary.

WISCONSIN STATE REFORMATORY.

OFFICERS.

JAMES E. HEG,

GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT AND STEWARD.

W. J. THOMAS,

ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENT.

HORACE W. WALKER,

CLERK.

The State Reformatory was located midway between Green Bay and De Pere by the State Board of Control in 1897, under authority of chapter 246, laws of 1897.

The site comprises two hundred and two acres of land, bordering on the Fox river, and extending eastward to East river. The cost of the land was \$15,000.

The plans for the Reformatory were made by John Charles, of Menomonie, Wis., associated with A. C. Clas, of Milwaukee. The structure when completed will have a capacity to care for six hundred prisoners.

James E. Heg was appointed the first general superintendent on April 15, 1898, by the Board of Control, and the institution was opened in temporary quarters on August 31, of the same year, with twenty-four prisoners transferred from the state prison at Waupun.

Contracts were entered into by the Board on April 27 for construction of a portion of the north cell room, which will have one hundred and four cells. This is about one-third of the cell room on that side.

The buildings will be of white brick, except the front, which is of gray granite from Amberg, Wis. The institution will have all the modern improvements as regards sanitation, light and security.

The cells are five feet eight inches by nine feet, and seven feet six inches high, the front of each cell being composed of heavy iron gratings. The buildings are fire-proof.

W!

D. J. BROU



NATIONAL HOME FOR DISABLED VOLUNTEER SOLDIERS.

BRANCHES AND POSTOFFICE ADDRESSES.

Central—National Military Home, Montgomery County, Ohio.
 Northwestern—National Home, Milwaukee County, Wisconsin.
 Eastern—National Home, Togus, Maine.
 Southern—National Soldiers' Home, Elizabeth City County, Virginia.
 Western—National Military Home, Leavenworth County, Kansas.
 Pacific—Soldiers' Home, Los Angeles County, California.
 Marion—National Military Home, Grant County, Indiana.
 Danville—National Military Home, Vermillion County, Illinois.

MANAGERS.

THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES; THE CHIEF JUSTICE; THE
 SECRETARY OF WAR—Ex-Officio, Washington, D. C.
 GENERAL WILLIAM B. FRANKLIN, President, Hartford, Conn. Term expires
 1902.
 GENERAL WILLIAM J. SEWELL, 1st Vice President, Camden, N. J. Term
 expires 1904.
 COLONEL JOHN L. MITCHELL, 2d Vice President, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Term
 expires 1904.
 GENERAL THOMAS J. HENDERSON, Secretary, Princeton, Illinois. Term ex-
 pires 1902.
 GENERAL MARTIN T. MCMAHON, Times Building, New York City. Term ex-
 pires 1904.
 GENERAL ALFRED L. PEARSON, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. Term expires 1900.
 COLONEL GEORGE W. STEELE, Marion, Indiana. Term expires 1902.
 MAJOR WILLIAM H. BONSALE, Los Angeles, California. Term expires 1904.
 GENERAL CHARLES M. ANDERSON, Greenville, Ohio. Term expires 1900.
 COLONEL SIDNEY G. COOKE, Herington, Kas. Term expires 1900.
 GENERAL JOHN MARSHALL BROWN, Portland, Maine. Term expires 1902.

NORTHWESTERN BRANCH.

LOCAL MANAGER,

COLONEL JOHN L. MITCHELL, Milwaukee, Wis.

GOVERNOR,

COLONEL CORNELIUS WHEELER.

MAJ. J. E. ARMITAGE, Treasurer.	DR. A. I. COMFORT, Asst. Surgeon.
MAJ. W. W. ROWLEY, Qm. and C. S.	REV. E. P. WRIGHT, D. D., Prot. Chaplain.
MAJ. MOSES HARRIS, Adj. and Inspec.	REV. A. HAYDEN, S. J., Catholic Chaplain.
MAJ. ALMON CLARKE, Surgeon.	MRS. ANNIE KNOX, Matron.

NATIONAL HOME, MILWAUKEE COUNTY, WIS.

Number of members present date of last annual report, June 30, 1898.....	2,283
Number present and absent date of last annual report, June 30, 1898.....	2,324
Number of members present February 1, 1899.....	2,392
Number of members present and absent February 1, 1899.....	2,766



INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL, FOR BOYS. WAUKESHA.

The Northwestern branch of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers is beautifully situated about three miles from the city of Milwaukee, with which it is connected by an electric railway line. The main building, which affords quarters for 800 disabled volunteers, is an imposing structure, from the lofty tower of which floats the national banner. Five other substantially-built barracks furnish comfortable quarters for the remaining members. The hospital is a commodious and well-lighted building, in which about 400 sick and decrepit old soldiers receive kind care and attention, bestowed by the attending surgeons and a corps of skilled female nurses. A theater, in which entertainments are given by professional actors, hired for the purpose, a fine military band and orchestra, billiard, card and reading rooms and a library of about 9,000 volumes provide recreation and amusement for the disabled veterans. The Home grounds contain 385 acres, of which about one-half is cultivated. The remainder is a wooded park, traversed by shaded walks and drives, beautifully undulating, with several charming little lakes upon which pleasure boats are kept.

REQUIREMENTS FOR ADMISSION.

FIRST—An honorable discharge from the United States service for service in the War of the Rebellion or the Mexican war.

SECOND—Disability which prevents the applicant from earning his living by labor.

THIRD—Applicants for admission will be required to stipulate and agree to abide by all the rules and regulations made by the Board of Managers, or by their order; to perform all duties required of them, and to obey all the lawful orders of the officers of the Home. Attention is called to the fact, that by the law establishing the Home, the members are made subject to the rules and articles of war, and will be governed thereby in the same manner as if they were in the army of the United States.

FOURTH—A soldier or sailor must forward with his application for admission his discharge paper, and when he is a pensioner his pension certificate, and if he has been a member of a State Home, his discharge from that Home, before his application will be considered, which papers will be retained at the branch to which the applicant is admitted, to be kept there for him and returned to him when he is discharged. This rule is adopted to prevent the loss of such papers and certificate, and to hinder fraudulent practices; and no application will be considered unless these papers be sent with it. If the original discharge does not exist, a copy of discharge, certified by the War or Navy Department, or by the Adjutant-General of the state, must accompany the application. On admission he must also transfer his pension certificate to the Home, and the moneys secured thereby, and empower the treasurer of the Home to draw the said moneys, and to hold and dispose of them, subject to the laws of congress, and the rules, regulations, and orders which have been or may hereafter be made by the Board of Managers of said National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers.

FIFTH—Soldiers or sailors whose pensions exceed sixteen dollars the month are not eligible to the Home, unless the reasons are peculiar, and are explained to the manager and are satisfactory to him.

Those who have been members of State Homes must have been discharged from those Homes at least six months before they can be admitted to a Branch of the National Home except by a vote of the Board of Managers, and soldiers and sailors who have been dishonorably discharged from State Homes can only be admitted by a vote of the Board of Managers.

Admission to the Home may be procured, when vacancies exist, by applying to Colonel Cornelius Wheeler, National Home P. O., the Governor of the Northwestern Branch of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers.

PART VI.

THE JUDICIARY.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.

STATE GOVERNMENT.

MISCELLANEOUS STATE SOCIETIES, ETC.

THE JUDICIARY.

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.

Chief Justice — MELVILLE W. FULLER, Illinois, 1888.

<i>Justices</i> — J. M. Harlan, Kentucky 1877	George Shiras, Jr., Pennsylvania..... 1892
Horace Gray..... Massachusetts. 1881	Edward D. White..... Louisiana..... 1894
David J. Brewer..... Kansas..... 1889	Rufus W. Peckham..... New York..... 1895
Henry B. Brown..... Michigan..... 1890	Joseph McKenna..... California..... 1898

Clerk — J. H. McKenney, D. C..... 1880

Salaries: Chief Justice, \$10,500; Justices, \$10,000; Clerk, \$6,000.

Marshal — J. M. Wright, Kentucky... \$3,500 | *Reporter* — J. C. Davis, New York.... \$4,500

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURTS OF APPEALS.

FIRST CIRCUIT. — *Judges* — Mr. Justice Horace Gray; Circuit Judges, LeBaron B. Colt, W. L. Putnam; District Judges, Francis C. Lowell, Nathan Webb, Arthur L. Brown, Edgar Aldrich. *Clerk* — J. G. Stetsin. Boston, Mass.

SECOND CIRCUIT. — *Judges* — Mr. Justice Rufus W. Peckham; Circuit Judges, William J. Wallace, E. H. Lacombe, Nathaniel Shipman; District Judges, Hoyt H. Wheeler, W. K. Townsend, A. C. Coxe, Edward B. Thomas, Addison Brown. *Clerk* — William Parkins. New York city.

THIRD CIRCUIT. — *Judges* — Mr. Justice George Shiras, Jr.; Circuit Judges, M. W. Acheson, G. M. Dallas; District Judges, William Butler, Andrew Kirkpatrick, Joseph Buffington, Edward G. Bradford. *Clerk* — W. V. Williamson. Philadelphia.

FOURTH CIRCUIT. — *Judges* — Mr. Chief Justice Melville W. Fuller, Chief Justice United States; Circuit Judges, C. H. Simon-ton, Nathan Goff; District Judges, John J. Jackson, Thomas R. Purnell, Hamilton G. Ewart, W. H. Brawley, T. J. Morris, Edmund Waddill, Jr., John Paul. *Clerk* — H. T. Meloney. Richmond, Va.

FIFTH CIRCUIT. — *Judges* — Mr. Justice E. D. White; Circuit Judges, D. A. Pardee, A. P. McCormick; District Judges, W. T. Newman, Emory Spear, Charles Swaine, J. W. Locke, John Bruce, H. T. Toulmin, H. C. Niles, Charles Parlanze, Aleck Boardman, Edward R. Meek, D. E. Bryant, T. S. Maxey. *Clerk* — James M. McKee. New

Orleans, La.

SIXTH CIRCUIT. — *Judges* — Mr. Justice John M. Harlan; Circuit Judges, W. H. Taft, H. H. Lurton; District Judges, Albert C. Thompson, A. J. Ricks, H. H. Swan, H. F. Severens, J. W. Barr, E. S. Hammond, C. D. Clark. *Clerk* — Frank O. Loveland. Cincinnati, O.

SEVENTH CIRCUIT. — *Judges* — Mr. Justice Henry B. Brown; Circuit Judges, W. A. Woods, J. G. Jenkins; District Judges, Christian C. Kohlsaat, Feb 28, 1899, J. H. Baker, W. J. Allen, W. H. Seaman, R. Bunn. *Clerk* — Edw M. Holloway. Chi-cago, Ill.

EIGHTH CIRCUIT. — *Judges* — Mr. Justice D. J. Brewer; Circuit Judges, H. C. Cald-well, W. H. Sanborn, A. M. Thayer; Dis-trict Judges, William Lochren, O. P. Shiras, J. S. Woolson, Elmer B. Adams, J. F. Phillips, J. A. Williams, Moses Hallett, C. G. Foster, J. A. Riner, John H. Rogers, William H. Munger, Chas. F. Amidon, John E. Carland, John A. Marshall. *Clerk* — J. D. Jordan. St. Louis, Mo.

NINTH CIRCUIT. — *Judges* — Mr. Justice Joseph McKenna; Circuit Judges, E. M. Ross, William B. Gilbert, William W Mor-row; District Judges, James H. Beatty, John J. DeHaven, C. P. Bellinger, T. P. Hawley, O. Wellborn, Hiram Knowles, Cor-nelius H. Hanford, Chas. S. Johnson. *Clerk* — F. D. Monckton. San Francisco, Cal.

CIRCUIT COURTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

(Salaries of Circuit Judges, \$5,000 each.)

FIRST JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice Gray, Boston, Mass. Districts of Maine, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Rhode Island. *Circuit Judges*—Le Baron B. Colt, Bristol, R. I., July 5, 1854; W. L. Putnam, Portland, Me., March 17, 1892.

SECOND JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice Peckham, Districts of Vermont, Connecticut, New York. *Circuit Judges*—Wm. J. Wallace, Albany, N. Y., April 6, 1882; E. H. Lacombe, New York, May 26, 1887; Nathaniel Shipman, Hartford, Conn., March 17, 1892.

THIRD JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice Shiras, Pittsburg, Pa. Districts of New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware. *Circuit Judges*—Marcus W. Acheson, Pittsburg, Pa., Feb. 3, 1891; George M. Dallas, Philadelphia, Pa., March 17, 1892.

FOURTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Chief Justice Fuller, Chicago, Ill. Districts of Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, So. Carolina. *Circuit Judges*—C. H. Simonton, Charleston, S. C., Dec. 19, 1893; Nathan Goff, Clarksburg, W. Va., March 17, 1892.

FIFTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice White, Districts of Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Texas. *Circuit Judges*—Don A. Pardee, New Orleans, La., May 13, 1881; A. P. McCormick, Dallas, Tex., March 17, 1892.

SIXTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice Harlan, Districts of Ohio, Michigan, Kentucky, Tennessee. *Circuit Judges*—W. H. Taft, Cincinnati, O., March 17, 1892; H. H. Lurton, Nashville, Tenn., March 27, 1893.

SEVENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice Brown, Districts of Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin. *Circuit Judges*—W. A. Woods, Indianapolis, Ind., March 17, 1892; J. G. Jenkins, Milwaukee, Wis., March 23, 1893; Peter S. Grosecup, Chicago, Ill., Jan. 18, '99.

EIGHTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice Brewer, Leavenworth, Kas. Districts of Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, Wyoming, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Arkansas, Nebraska, Colorado, Utah, and territories of New Mexico and Oklahoma. *Circuit Judges*—W. H. Sanborn, St. Paul, Minn., March 17, 1892; H. C. Caldwell, Little Rock, Ark., March 4, 1890; Amos M. Thayer, St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 9, 1894.

NINTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice McKenna, San Francisco, Cal. Districts of California, Montana, Washington, Idaho, Oregon, Nevada and territories of Alaska and Arizona. *Circuit Judges*—E. M. Ross, Los Angeles, Cal., Feb. 22, 1895; W. B. Gilbert, Portland, Ore., March 18, 1892; William W. Morrow, San Francisco, Cal., May 20, 1897.

UNITED STATES COURT OF CLAIMS.

(Salaries of Judges, \$4,500 each.)

Chief Justice—C. C. NOTT, New York.

Judges—Lawrence Welden.... Illinois... 1883 | S. J. Peelle..... Indiana..... 1892
John Davis..... District of Columbia 1885 | Chas. B. Howry..... Miss 1897

Chief Clerk—Archibald Hopkins, Massachusetts, 1873, \$3,000.

JUSTICES OF THE UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.

(Names of the Chief Justices in italics.)

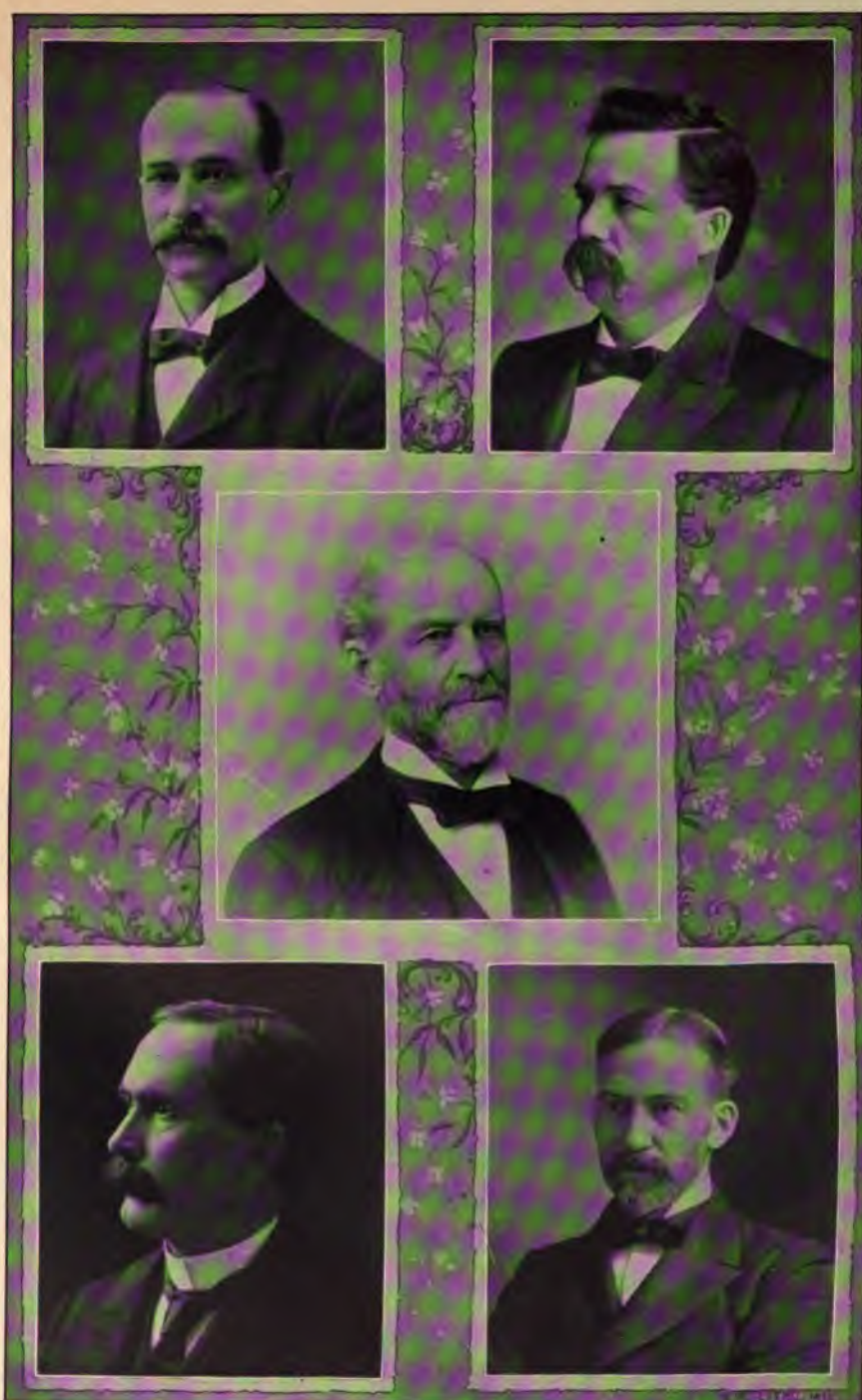
NAME.	SERVICE.		Born.	Died.
	Term.	Years.		
<i>John Jay</i> , New York.....	1789-1795	6	1745	1829
John Rutledge, South Carolina.....	1789-1791	2	1739	1800
William Cushing, Massachusetts.....	1789-1810	21	1783	1810
James Wilson, Pennsylvania.....	1789-1798	9	1742	1798
John Blair, Virginia.....	1789-1798	7	1732	1800
Robert H. Harrison, Maryland.....	1789-1790	1	1745	1790
James Iredell, North Carolina.....	1790-1799	9	1751	1799
Thomas Johnson, Maryland.....	1791-1793	2	1732	1819
William Paterson, New Jersey.....	1793-1806	13	1745	1806
<i>John Rutledge</i> , South Carolina.....	1795-1796	1	1739	1800
Samuel Chase, Maryland.....	1796-1811	15	1741	1811
<i>Oliver Ellsworth</i> , Connecticut.....	1796-1800	4	1745	1807
Bushrod Washington, Virginia.....	1798-1826	28	1762	1829
Alfred Moore, North Carolina.....	1799-1804	5	1755	1810
<i>John Marshall</i> , Virginia.....	1801-1835	34	1755	1835
William Johnson, South Carolina.....	1804-1834	30	1771	1834
Brock Livingston, New York.....	1806-1823	17	1767	1823
Thomas Todd, Kentucky.....	1807-1826	19	1765	1826
Joseph Story, Massachusetts.....	1811-1845	34	1779	1845
Gabriel Duval, Maryland.....	1811-1836	25	1732	1844
Smith Thompson, New York.....	1823-1813	20	1767	1843
Robert Trimble, Kentucky.....	1826-1828	2	1777	1828
John McLean, Ohio.....	1829-1861	32	1795	1861
Henry Baldwin, Pennsylvania.....	1830-1844	14	1779	1844
James M. Wayne, Georgia.....	1835-1867	32	1790	1867
<i>Roger B. Taney</i> , Maryland.....	1836-1864	28	1777	1864
Philip P. Barbour, Virginia.....	1839-1841	2	1784	1841
John Catron, Tennessee.....	1837-1865	28	1786	1866
John McKinley, Alabama.....	1837-1852	15	1780	1852
Peter V. Daniel, Virginia.....	1841-1860	19	1785	1860
Samuel Nelson, New York.....	1845-1872	27	1792	1873
Levi Woodbury, New Hampshire.....	1845-1851	6	1759	1851
Robert C. Grier, Pennsylvania.....	1846-1870	23	1794	1870
Benjamin R. Curtis, Massachusetts.....	1851-1857	6	1809	1874
John A. Campbell, Alabama.....	1853-1861	8	1811	1869
Nathan Clifford, Maine.....	1858-1881	23	1803	1881
Noah H. Swayne, Ohio.....	1861-1881	20	1804	1884
Samuel F. Miller, Iowa.....	1862-1890	28	1816	1890
David Davis, Illinois.....	1862-1877	15	1815	1846
Stephen J. Field, California.....	1863.....	.....	1816	*1897
<i>Salmon P. Chase</i> , Ohio.....	1864-1873	9	1808	1873
William Strong, Pennsylvania.....	1870-1880	10	1808	1885
Joseph P. Bradley, New Jersey.....	1870-1892	22	1813	1892
Ward Hunt, New York.....	1872-1882	10	1811	1886
<i>Morrison R. Waite</i> , Ohio.....	1874-1895	14	1816	1888
John M. Harlan, Kentucky.....	1877.....	.....	1833	.....
William B. Woods, Georgia.....	1880-1887	7	1824	1887
Stanley Matthews, Ohio.....	1881-1889	8	1824	1889
Horace Gray, Massachusetts.....	1881.....	.....	1828	.....
Samuel Blachford, New York.....	1882-1893	11	1820	1893
Lucius Q. C. Lamar, Mississippi.....	1883-1893	10	1825	1893
<i>Melville W. Fuller</i> , Illinois.....	1888.....	.....	1833	.....
David J. Brewer, Kansas.....	1889.....	.....	1837	.....
Henry B. Brown, Michigan.....	1890.....	.....	1836	.....
George Shiras, Jr., Pennsylvania.....	1892.....	.....	1832	.....
Howell E. Jackson, Tennessee.....	1897-1896	2	1832	1896
Edward D. White, Louisiana.....	1893.....	.....	1849	.....
Rufus W. Peckham, New York.....	1895.....	.....	1837	.....
Joseph McKenna, California.....	1897.....	.....	1843	.....

* Retired Dec. 1, 1897.

JUDGES OF THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT AND TERRITORIAL COURTS.

(Salaries, \$5,000 each.)

Districts.	Name.	Residence.	Date of commission.
Alabama, northern and middle	John Bruce	Montgomery	Feb. 27, 1875
Alabama, southern	H. T. Toulmin	Mobile	Jan. 13, 1887
Alaska	Chas. S. Johnson	Sitka	June 14, 1893
Arkansas, eastern	John A. Williams	Little Rock	Sept. 22, 1890
Arkansas, western	John H. Rogers	Fort Smith	Nov. 27, 1893
Arizona	Webster Street	Phoenix	Mar. 21, 1898
California, northern	John J. De Haven	San Francisco	June 8, 1897
California, southern	Olin Wellborn	Los Angeles	Mar. 1, 1905
Colorado	Moses Hullett	Denver	Jan. 12, 1877
Connecticut	W. K. Townsend	New Haven	Mar. 28, 1892
Delaware	Edw. G. Bradford	Wilmington	May 11, 1897
District of Columbia	E. F. Bingham	Washington	April 22, 1897
Florida, northern	Charles Swayne	Pensacola	May 17, 1889
Florida, southern	James W. Locke	Jacksonville	Feb. 1, 1872
Georgia, northern	Wm. T. Newman	Atlanta	Aug. 13, 1893
Georgia, southern	Emory Speer	Macon	Feb. 18, 1893
Idaho	James H. Beatty	Boise	Mar. 7, 1891
Illinois, northern	Christian C. Kohlstaet	Chicago	Feb. 28, 1899
Illinois, southern	Wm. J. Allon	Springfield	April 18, 1897
Indiana	John H. Baker	Indianapolis	Mar. 29, 1892
Judge for the Territory	John M. Thomas	Vinita	July 1, 1897
Indian Territory, northern	W. M. Springer	Muscogee	Mar. 20, 1895
Indian Territory, central	Wm. H. H. Clayton	McAllister	May 18, 1897
Indian Territory, southern	Hossa Townsend	Ardmore	Sept. 20, 1897
Iowa, northern	Oliver P. Shiras	Dubuque	Aug. 4, 1892
Iowa, southern	John S. Woolson	Mount Pleasant	Aug. 14, 1891
Kansas	Cassius G. Foster	Topeka	Mar. 10, 1874
Kentucky	John W. Barr	Louisville	April 16, 1890
Louisiana, eastern	C. Farlange	New Orleans	Jan. 15, 1894
Louisiana, western	Aleck Boardman	Shreveport	May 18, 1891
Maine	Nathan Webb	Portland	Jan. 24, 1882
Maryland	Thomas J. Morris	Baltimore	July 1, 1879
Massachusetts	Francis C. Lowell	Boston	Jan. 10, 1898
Michigan, eastern	Henry H. Swan	Detroit	Jan. 19, 1891
Michigan, western	Henry F. Severens	Grand Rapids	May 28, 1896
Minnesota	William Lochren	Minneapolis	May 18, 1896
Mississippi, two	Henry C. Niles	Kosciusko	Aug. 11, 1891
Missouri, eastern	E. B. Adams	St. Louis	May 17, 1895
Missouri, western	John F. Phillips	Kansas City	June 25, 1898
Montana	Hiram Knowles	Helena	Feb. 21, 1890
Nebraska	Wm. H. Munger	Omaha	Feb. 14, 1897
Nevada	Thomas P. Hawley	Carson City	Sept. 9, 1890
New Hampshire	Edgar Aldrich	Littleton	Feb. 20, 1891
New Jersey	A. Kirkpatrick	Newark	Nov. 20, 1896
New Mexico	Wm. J. Mills	Las Vegas	Jan. 31, 1898
New York, northern	Alfred C. Coxe	Utica	May 4, 1882
New York, southern	Addison Brown	New York City	June 2, 1881
New York, eastern	Edw. B. Thomas	Brooklyn	Feb. 15, 1898
North Carolina, eastern	Thos. R. Parnell	Raleigh	May 5, 1897
North Carolina, western	Hamilton G. Ewart	Hendersonville	July 13, 1898
North Dakota	Charles F. Amidon	Fargo	Aug. 31, 1896
Ohio, northern	A. J. Ricks	Cleveland	July 1, 1889
Ohio, southern	Albert C. Thompson	Cincinnati	Sept. 28, 1898
Oklahoma	John H. Burford	Guthrie	Feb. 16, 1898
Oregon	Chas. B. Bellinger	Portland	April 15, 1893
Pennsylvania, eastern	William Butler	Philadelphia	Feb. 19, 1879
Pennsylvania, western	Joseph Buffington	Pittsburg	Feb. 23, 1892
Rhode Island	Arthur L. Brown	Providence	Oct. 15, 1896
South Carolina	W. H. Brawley	Charleston	Jan. 18, 1891
South Dakota	John E. Carland	Sioux Falls	Aug. 31, 1896
Tennessee, eastern and middle	Charles D. Clark	Chattanooga	Jan. 21, 1895
Tennessee, western	Eli S. Hammond	Memphis	June 17, 1878
Texas, eastern	David E. Bryant	Sherman	May 27, 1890
Texas, western	Thomas S. Maxey	Austin	June 25, 1898
Texas, northern	Edw. R. Meek	Fort Worth	July 13, 1898
Utah	John A. Marshall	Salt Lake City	Feb. 4, 1896
Vermont	Hoyt H. Wheeler	Brattleboro	Mar. 16, 1877
Virginia, eastern	Edmund Waddill, Jr.	Richmond	Mar. 22, 1898
Virginia, western	John Paul	Harrisonburg	Mar. 3, 1893
Washington	C. H. Hanford	Seattle	Feb. 25, 1890
West Virginia	John J. Jackson	Parkersburg	Aug. 3, 1881
Wisconsin, eastern	W. H. Seaman	Sheboygan	April 3, 1893
Wisconsin, western	Romanzo Bunn	Madison	Oct. 30, 1877
Wyoming	John A. Biner	Cheyenne	Sept. 22, 1890



WISCONSIN SUPREME COURT.

JOHN B. WINSLOW.

JOHN B. CASSODAY,
Chief Justice.

ROUJET D. MARSHALL.

CHARLES V. BARDEEN.

JOSHUA ERIC DODGE.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT ATTORNEYS.

District.	Name.	Official address.
Alabama, northern	William Vaughn	Birmingham.
Alabama, middle	Warren S. Reese, Jr.	Montgomery.
Alabama, southern	Morris D. Wickersham	Mobile.
Alaska	Robert A. Friedrich	Sitka.
Arizona	Robert E. Morrison	Prescott.
Arkansas, eastern	Jacob Frieber	Little Rock.
Arkansas, western	James K. Barnes	Fort Smith.
California, northern	Henry S. Foote	San Francisco.
California, southern	Frank P. Flint	Los Angeles.
Colorado	Greeley W. Whitford	Denver.
Connecticut	Charles W. Comstock	Hartford.
Delaware	Lewis C. Vandegrift	Wilmington.
District of Columbia	Henry E. Davis	Washington.
Florida, northern	John Eagan	Pensacola.
Florida, southern	Joseph N. Stripling	Jacksonville.
Georgia, northern	Edgar A. Angier	Atlanta.
Georgia, southern	Marion Erwin	Macon.
Idaho	Robert V. Cozier	Boise City.
Illinois, northern	John C. Black	Chicago.
Illinois, southern	J. Otis Humphrey	Springfield.
Indiana	Albert W. Wishard	Indianapolis.
Indian Territory, northern	Pliny L. Soper	Vinita.
Indian Territory, central	John H. Wilkins	South McAlester.
Indian Territory, southern	William B. Johnson	Ardmore.
Iowa, northern	Horace G. McMillan	Cedar Rapids.
Iowa, southern	Lewis Miles	Corydon.
Kansas	Isaac E. Lambert	Topeka.
Kentucky	Reuben D. Hill	Louisville.
Louisiana, eastern	J. Ward Gurley, Jr.	New Orleans.
Louisiana, western	Milton C. Elstner	Shreveport.
Maine	Isaac W. Dyer	Portland.
Maryland	John C. Rose	Baltimore.
Massachusetts	Boyd B. Jones	Boston.
Michigan, eastern	William D. Gordon	Detroit.
Michigan, western	George G. Covell	Grand Rapids.
Minnesota	Robert G. Evans	St. Paul.
Mississippi, northern	Mack A. Montgomery	Oxford.
Mississippi, southern	Albert M. Lea	Vicksburg.
Missouri, eastern	Edward A. Rozier	St. Louis.
Missouri, western	William Warner	Kansas City.
Montana	William B. Rodgers	Helena.
Nebraska	Andrew Jackson Sawyer	Lincoln.
Nevada	Sardis Summerfield	Carson City.
New Hampshire	Charles J. Hamblott	Concord.
New Jersey	J. Kearney Rice	New Brunswick.
New Mexico	William B. Childers	Albuquerque.
New York, northern	Emory P. C'oso	Buffalo.
New York, southern	Henry L. Burnett	New York City.
New York, eastern	George H. Pettit	Brooklyn.
North Carolina, eastern	Claude M. Bernard	Raleigh.
North Carolina, western	Alfred E. Holton	Winston.
North Dakota	Patrick H. Rourke	Fargo.
Ohio, northern	Samuel D. Dodes	Cleveland.
Ohio, southern	William E. Bundy	Cincinnati.
Oklahoma	Samuel L. Overstreet	Guthrie.
Oregon	John H. Hall	Portland.
Pennsylvania, eastern	James M. Beck	Philadelphia.
Pennsylvania, western	Daniel B. Heimer	Pittsburg.
Rhode Island	Charles A. Wilson	Providence.
South Carolina	Abial Lathrop	Charleston.
South Dakota	James D. Elliott	Sioux Falls.
Tennessee, eastern	William D. Wright	Knoxville.
Tennessee, middle	Abram M. Tillman	Nashville.
Tennessee, western	George Randolph	Memphis.
Texas, northern	William H. Atwell	Dallas.
Texas, eastern	Sinclair Taliaferro	Galveston.
Texas, western	Henry Terrell	San Antonio.
Utah	Charles O. Whittemore	Salt Lake City.
Vermont	James L. Martin	Brattleboro.
Virginia, eastern	Edgar Allan	Richmond.
Virginia, western	Thomas M. Alderson	Abingdon.
Washington	Wilson R. Gay	Seattle.
West Virginia	Joseph H. Gaines	Charleston.
Wisconsin, eastern	Milton C. Phillips	Oshkosh.
Wisconsin, western	David F. Jones	La Crosse.
Wyoming	Timothy F. Burke	Cheyenne.

UNITED STATES MARSHALS.

District.	Name.	Residence.
Alabama, northern.....	Daniel N. Cooper.....	Birmingham.
Alabama, middle.....	Leander J. Bryan.....	Montgomery.
Alabama, southern.....	Frank Simmons.....	Mobile.
Alaska.....	James M. Shoup.....	Sitka.
Arizona.....	William M. Griffith.....	Tucson.
Arkansas, eastern.....	Henry M. Cooper.....	Little Rock.
Arkansas, western.....	Solomon F. Stahl.....	Fort Smith.
California, northern.....	John H. Shiu.....	San Francisco.
California, southern.....	Henry Z. Osborne.....	Los Angeles.
Colorado.....	Dewey C. Bailey.....	Denver.
Connecticut.....	Edon S. Bishop.....	New Haven.
Delaware.....	John Cannon Short.....	Wilmington.
District of Columbia.....	Aulick Palmer.....	Washington.
Florida, northern.....	Thomas F. McGourin.....	Pensacola.
Florida, southern.....	John F. Horr.....	Jacksonville.
Georgia, northern.....	Walter H. Johnson.....	Atlanta.
Georgia, southern.....	John M. Barnos.....	Macon.
Idaho.....	Frank C. Ramsey.....	Boise City.
Illinois, northern.....	John C. Ames.....	Chicago.
Illinois, southern.....	Charles P. Hitch.....	Springfield.
Indiana.....	Samuel E. Kercheval.....	Indianapolis.
Indian Territory, northern.....	Leo E. Bennett.....	Muscogee.
Indian Territory, central.....	Jasper F. Grady.....	South McAlester.
Indian Territory, southern.....	John S. Hammer.....	Ardmore.
Iowa, northern.....	Edward Knott.....	Dubuque.
Iowa, southern.....	George M. Christian.....	Des Moines.
Kansas.....	William Edgar Sterne.....	Topeka.
Kentucky.....	Adlison D. James.....	Louisville.
Louisiana, eastern.....	Charles Fontellou.....	New Orleans.
Louisiana, western.....	James M. Martin.....	Shreveport.
Maine.....	Hutson B. Saunders.....	Portland.
Maryland.....	William F. Airey.....	Baltimore.
Massachusetts.....	Henry W. Swift.....	Boston.
Michigan, eastern.....	William R. Bates.....	Detroit.
Michigan, western.....	A. Oron Wheeler.....	Grand Rapids.
Minnesota.....	Richard T. O'Connor.....	St. Paul.
Mississippi, northern.....	Alexander J. Cooke.....	Oxford.
Mississippi, southern.....	Frederick W. Collins.....	Jackson.
Missouri, eastern.....	Louis C. Rohle.....	St. Louis.
Missouri, western.....	Edwin R. Durham.....	Kansas City.
Montana.....	Joseph P. Woolman.....	Helena.
Nebraska.....	George H. Thummel.....	Omaha.
Nevada.....	J. F. Emmett.....	Carson City.
New Hampshire.....	Clark Campbell.....	Concord.
New Jersey.....	Thomas J. Alcott.....	Trenton.
New Mexico.....	Creighton M. Foraker.....	Santa Fe.
New York, northern.....	William R. Compton.....	Elmira.
New York, eastern.....	Charles J. Haubert.....	Brooklyn.
New York, southern.....	William Henkel.....	New York.
North Carolina, eastern.....	Henry C. Dockery.....	Raleigh.
North Carolina, western.....	James M. Millikan.....	Greensboro.
North Dakota.....	John E. Hageert.....	Fargo.
Ohio, northern.....	Matthias A. Smally.....	Cleveland.
Ohio, southern.....	Michael Devanney.....	Cincinnati.
Oklahoma.....	Canada H. Thompson.....	Guthrie.
Oregon.....	Zoeth Houser.....	Portland.
Pennsylvania, eastern.....	James B. Reilly.....	Philadelphia.
Pennsylvania, western.....	Frederick C. Leonard.....	Pittsburg.
Rhode Island.....	James S. McCabe.....	Providence.
South Carolina.....	Lawson D. Melton.....	Charleston.
South Dakota.....	Edward G. Kennedy.....	Sioux Falls.
Tennessee, eastern.....	Richard W. Austin.....	Knoxville.
Tennessee, middle.....	John W. Overall.....	Nashville.
Tennessee, western.....	Thomas H. Baker.....	Memphis.
Texas, northern.....	George H. Green.....	Dallas.
Texas, eastern.....	John Grant.....	Paris.
Texas, western.....	George L. Siebrecht.....	San Antonio.
Utah.....	Glen Miller.....	Salt Lake City.
Vermont.....	Fred A. Field.....	Rutland.
Virginia, eastern.....	Morgan Treat.....	Richmond.
Virginia, western.....	S. Brown Allen.....	Harrisonburg.
Washington.....	Clarence W. Ide.....	Tacoma.
West Virginia.....	John K. Thompson.....	Parkersburg.
Wisconsin, eastern.....	Thomas B. Reid.....	Milwaukee.
Wisconsin, western.....	William H. Canon.....	Madison.
Wyoming.....	Frank A. Hadsell.....	Cheyenne.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT AND DISTRICT COURTS FOR WISCONSIN.

EASTERN DISTRICT.

Circuit Judge—JAMES G. JENKINS, MILWAUKEE.
 District Judge—WM. H. SEAMAN, SHEBOYGAN.
 District Attorney—MILTON C. PHILLIPS, OSHKOSH.
 Marshal—THOMAS B. REID, APPLETON.
 Clerk—EDWARD KURTZ, MILWAUKEE.

Terms of Court.

AT MILWAUKEE—First Monday in January and October.
 AT OSHKOSH—Second Tuesday in June.

Counties Comprising District.

Brown	Fond du Lac ..	Marinette	Ozaukee	Washington ..
Calumet	Green Lake ...	Marquette	Racine	Waukesha,
Dodge	Kenosha	Milwaukee	Shawano	Waupaca,
Dor	Kewaunee	Oconto	Sheboygan	Wausara,
Florence	Langlade	Outagamie	Walworth	Winnebago.
Forest	Manitowoc			

WESTERN DISTRICT.

District Judge—ROMANZO BUNN, MADISON.
 District Attorney—DAVID F. JONES, SPARTA.
 Assistant District Attorney—HENRY T. SHELDON, MADISON.
 Marshal—W. H. CANON, MERRILL.
 Deputy Marshal—GEORGE W. LEVIS, LA CROSSE.
 Clerk—F. W. OAKLEY, MADISON.

Terms of Court.

AT MADISON—First Tuesday in December.
 Special Term—Third Tuesday in June and first Tuesday in October.
 AT LA CROSSE—Third Tuesday in September.
 AT EAU CLAIRE—First Tuesday in June.

Counties Comprising District.

Adams	Crawford	Jackson	Pepin	Sawyer,
Ashland	Dane	Jefferson	Pierce	Taylor,
Barron	Douglas	Juneau	Polk	Trempealeau,
Bayfield	Dunn	La Crosse	Portage	Vernon,
Buffalo	Eau Claire ...	Lafayette	Price	Vilas,
Burnett	Grant	Lincoln	Richland	Washburn,
Chippewa	Green	Marathon	Rock	Wood.
Clark	Iowa	Monroe	St. Croix	
Columbia	Iron	Oneida	Sauk	

UNITED STATES COURT COMMISSIONERS IN WISCONSIN.

EASTERN DISTRICT.		WESTERN DISTRICT.	
Francis Bloodgood.....	Milwaukee.	F. W. Oakley	Madison.
John F. Harper.....	Milwaukee.	W. D. McCue	Madison.
James H. Merrill.....	Oshkosh.	S. C. Harks.....	Madison.
Gustav E. Matile.....	Green Bay.	L. F. Patten	Janesville.
Charles E. Nichols.....	Marinette.	L. A. Doolittle.....	Eau Claire.
Charles F. Dillett	Shawano.	Alfred Harrison	La Crosse.
A. H. Kellogg.....	Appleton.	Guy C. Prentice	La Crosse.
Francis Williams.....	Sheboygan.	C. C. Pope	Superior.
		M. S. Bright	Superior.
		Phil. H. Perkins.....	West Superior.
		C. A. Lanoreux	Ashland.
		W. M. Tomkins	Ashland.
		A. L. Ruggles	Hurley.
		F. E. Bun p	Wausau.
		Levi J. Billings	Rhineland.

INTERNAL REVENUE DISTRICTS — WISCONSIN.

1st—HENRY FINK, Collector, Milwaukee.

Counties.			
Brown	Kenosha	Ozaukee	Waushara.
Calumet	Kowaunee	Racine	Winnebago.
Dodge	Manitowoc	Shawano	Langlade, except 8
Door	Marquette	Sheboygan	townships in west-
Florence	Marquette	Walworth	ern portion of said
Fond du Lac	Milwaukee	Washington	county.
Forest	Oconto	Waukesha	
Green Lake	Outagamie	Waupaca	

Collections for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1898, \$4,815,793.22.

2d—JAMES G. MONAHAN, Collector, Madison.

Counties.			
Adams	Dunn	Marathon	Sawyer.
Ashland	Eau Claire	Monroe	Taylor.
Barron	Grant	Oneida	Trempealeau.
Bayfield	Green	Pepin	Vernon.
Buffalo	Iowa	Pierce	Vilas.
Burnett	Iron	Polk	Washburn.
Chippewa	Jackson	Portage	Wood and western
Clark	Jefferson	Price	eight towns,
Columbia	Juneau	Richland	Langlade county.
Crawford	La Crosse	Rock	
Dane	Lafayette	St. Croix	
Douglas	Lincoln	Sauk	

Collections for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1898, \$554,601.03.

SUPREME COURT OF WISCONSIN.

Name.	Title of Office.	Salary.	Term expires.
JOHN B. CASSODAY	Chief Justice	\$5,000	Jan., 1903
JOHN B. WINSLOW	Justice	5,000	Jan., 1906
ROUJET D. MARSHALL	Justice	5,000	Jan., 1904
CHARLES V. BARDEEN	Justice	5,000	Jan., 1904
JOSHUA E. DODGE	Justice	5,000	Jan., 1902

CLARENCE KELLOGG.....Clerk	PAUL C. THORN. Stenographer and Copyist
JOHN R. BERRYMAN.....Librarian	CLARA E. LATHROP....Stenog. and Copyist
FREDERIC K. CONOVER.....Reporter	EDWARD H. SMITH....Stenog. and Copyist
R. B. HART.....Proof Reader to Reporter	GILSON G. GLASIER ..Stenog. and Copyist
WILLIAM H. ORVIS.....Messenger	CLARENCE L. BARDEEN..Sten. and Copyist
C. H. BEYLER.....	Messenger and Crier

Terms of Court at Madison.

JANUARY TERM—Tuesday preceding the second Wednesday in January.

AUGUST TERM—Second Tuesday in August.

WISCONSIN CIRCUIT COURTS.

STATEMENT showing the Names and Post-office Address of the Circuit Judges, and Times and Places for holding Circuit Courts in the several Counties in Wisconsin.

Salary of Circuit Judges, \$3,600 per annum, and \$400 for expenses.

The judge of any circuit may, by an order entered and recorded in the clerk's office, appoint not to exceed two extra terms of court, to be held in any county in his circuit, when he shall deem it necessary during any one year, and may or may not, in his discretion cause jurors therefor to be drawn and summoned as for other terms. At such extra terms the same business may be transacted as at a regular term for such county. *Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.*

Every term in any county in each circuit shall be a special term for the whole circuit, unless the court, by order filed in the clerk's office at least twelve days before any such term, shall otherwise order as to such county. *Sec. 2424, W. S. of 1898, as amended by Sec. 32, Ch. 351, L. 1899.*

FIRST CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—FRANK M. FISH, RACINE.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1903.

COUNTIES.	TERMS.	WHERE HELD.	LAWS.
Walworth.....	3d Monday in February..... 1st Monday in June..... 1st Monday in October.....	Elkhorn.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Racine	2d Monday in April..... 4th Monday in June..... 2d Monday in November....		
Kenosha	3d Monday in March..... 2d Monday in June..... 2d Monday in September....		
		Kenosha	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.

No jury shall be summoned for either of the terms to be held in the month of June. *Sec. 2424, W. S. of 1898.*

SECOND CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—D. H. JOHNSON, MILWAUKEE.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1906.

ADDITIONAL JUDGE—EUGENE S. ELLIOTT.

Term commences first Monday in January, 1900.

COUNTIES.	TERMS.	WHERE HELD.	LAWS.
Milwaukee...	1st Monday in January..... 1st Monday in April..... 1st Monday in July..... 1st Monday in October.....	Milwaukee.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.

A jury shall be summoned for the first day of each of said terms unless it is otherwise ordered by the court. *Sec. 2424, W. S. of 1898.*

THIRD CIRCUIT.**JUDGE — GEO. W. BURNELL, OSHKOSH.***Term expires first Monday of January, 1905.*

COUNTIES.	TERMS.	WHERE HELD.	LAWS.
Calumet	3d Monday in March..... } 1st Monday in October..... }	Chilton	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Green Lake...	3d Monday in January..... } 2d Monday in June..... }	Dartford	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Winnebago *..	1st Monday in May..... } 1st Monday in December.... }	Oshkosh	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
SPECIAL TERMS.			
Winnebago ...	1st Tuesday in February } and September..... }	Oshkosh	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.

*The court for said county shall be deemed to be open for the transaction of business from the commencement of one regular term to the commencement of another, and an adjournment of the term from day to day shall not be necessary to the validity of any proceeding therein. *Sec. 2424, W. S. of 1898.*

FOURTH CIRCUIT.**JUDGE — MICHAEL KIRWAN, MANITOWOC.***Term expires first Monday of January, 1905.*

COUNTIES.	TERMS.	WHERE HELD.	LAWS.
Sheboygan	2d Monday in April..... } 3d Monday in September..... }	Sheboygan ..	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Manitowoc....	Tuesday after 2d Monday in Jan. } Tuesday after 1st Monday in June }	Manitowoc...	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Kewaunee	2d Monday in May..... } 3d Monday in October..... }	Kewaunee ...	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Fond du Lac..	Tuesday after 3d Monday in Feb- ruary } Tuesday after 1st Monday in March } Tuesday after 1st Monday in July } Tuesday after 2d Monday in No- vember	Fond du Lac.	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.

No jury shall be summoned for the terms in February and July unless specially ordered by the judge. Such terms shall be a continuation of all terms therein which are not finally adjourned. * * * * No term of such court shall be at an end until an express order for final adjournment is made and entered, and one term may be adjourned beyond the beginning of the next term in same county. *Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.*



WISCONSIN VETERANS' HOME, WAUPACA.

FIFTH CIRCUIT.**JUDGE — GEORGE CLEMENTSON, LANCASTER.***Term expires first Monday of January, 1901.*

COUNTIES.	TERMS.	WHERE HELD.	LAWS.
Grant	3d Tuesday in February..... 2d Tuesday in October.....	Lancaster.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Iowa	3d Monday in March..... 4th Tuesday in September..		
Lafayette	2d Tuesday in June..... 1st Tuesday in December....	Darlington	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Richland.....	2d Tuesday in April..... 2d Tuesday in September....	Richland Center.	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Crawford	4th Tuesday in May..... 2d Tuesday in November....	Prairie du Chien	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.

SIXTH CIRCUIT.**JUDGE — ORVIS B. WYMAN, VIROQUA.***Term expires first Monday of January, 1901.*

COUNTIES.	TERMS.	WHERE HELD.	LAWS.
La Crosse.....	2d Tuesday in January..... 1st Tuesday in May..... 2d Tuesday in September....	La Crosse	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Monroe.....	3d Tuesday in March..... 1st Tuesday in October.....		
Trempealeau ..	1st Tuesday in March..... 3d Tuesday in October.....		
Vernon	2d Tuesday in June..... 2d Tuesday in December....	Viroqua.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Juneau.....	2d Tuesday in April..... 3d Tuesday in November....	Mauston.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.

SEVENTH CIRCUIT.**JUDGE — CHARLES M. WEBB, GRAND RAPIDS.***Term expires first Monday of January, 1903.*

COUNTIES.	TERMS.	WHERE HELD.	LAWS.
Adams	2d Tuesday in June..... } 3d Tuesday in December..... }	Friendship.....	Sec. 2421, W. S. 1898.
Portage	4th Monday in March..... } 3d Monday in November..... }	Stevens Point.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Waupaca	1st Monday in March..... } 4th Monday in October..... }	Waupaca	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Waushara	Last Tuesday in April..... } 3d Tuesday in September..... }	Wautoma	Sec. 2224, W. S. 1898.
Wood	2d Monday in May..... } 1st Monday in October..... }	Grand Rapids.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.

EIGHTH CIRCUIT.**JUDGE — EUGENE W. HELMS, HUDSON.***Term expires first Monday of January, 1903.*

COUNTIES.	TERMS.	WHERE HELD.	LAWS.
Buffalo.....	4th Monday in February..... } 4th Monday in October..... }	Alma	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Dunn.....	2d Monday in March..... } 2d Monday in September..... }	Menomonie	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Pepin	3d Monday in April..... } 3d Monday in October..... }	Durand	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Pierce.....	2d Monday in May..... } 3d Monday in November..... }	Ellsworth	Sec. 1, ch. 10, L. of 1899
St. Croix	4th Monday in March..... } 4th Monday in September..... }	Hudson	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.

The judge of said circuit may appoint, by order to be filed in the office of the clerk of the circuit court for each county therein, four special terms in each year at such times and places as he shall deem necessary and proper. Said order shall be filed at least four weeks before the time therein appointed for holding any such term, and the time of holding the same may be changed in like manner. At terms so appointed and held any and all business except the trial of issues of fact by a jury may be transacted. *Sec. 2424, W. S. of 1898.*

NINTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE — ROBERT G. SIEBECKER, MADISON.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1903.

COUNTIES.	TERMS.	WHERE HELD.	LAW.
Columbia	2d Tuesday in May	Portage	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
	1st Tuesday in December		
Dane*	2d Monday in January	Madison	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
	Monday after first Tuesday in April		
	4th Monday in June		
	3d Monday in September		
Marquette	1st Tuesday in June	Montello	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1893.
	Tuesday after 3d Monday in November		
Sauk	2d Tuesday in March	Baraboo	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
	3d Tuesday in October		

*But no jury shall be summoned for the term in June. *Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.*

TENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE — JOHN GOODLAND, APPLETON.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1904.

COUNTIES.	TERMS.	WHERE HELD.	LAW.
Florence	1st Tuesday in March	Florence	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
	3d Tuesday in September		
Forest	2d Tuesday in March	Crandon	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
	4th Tuesday in September		
Langlade	3d Monday in March	Antigo	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
	1st Monday in October		
Outagamie*	1st Tuesday in February	Appleton	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
	3d Monday in April		
	2d Monday in November		
Shawano	3d Monday in May	Shawano	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
	1st Monday in December		

*No jury shall be summoned for the February term in said county. *Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.*

ELEVENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—A. D. J. VINJE, SUPERIOR.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1901.

COUNTIES.	TERMS.	WHERE HELD.	LAWs.
Barron	2d Tuesday in April..... } 4th Tuesday in September.. }	Barron	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Burnett	1st Tuesday in March..... } 3d Tuesday in September.... }	Grantsburg	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Chippewa.....	1st Tuesday in May..... } 2d Tuesday in October..... }	Chippewa Falls.	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Douglas	1st Tuesday in February.... } 1st Tuesday in June..... } 2d Tuesday in November.... }	Superior	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Polk	2d Tuesday in March..... } 1st Tuesday in September... }	Balsam Lake....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Washburn	4th Tuesday in March..... } 4th Tuesday in August	Shell Lake.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.

TWELFTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—BENJAMIN DUNWIDDIE, JANESVILLE.

Appointed to fill vacancy expiring first Monday of January, 1901.

COUNTIES.	TERMS.	WHERE HELD.	LAWs.
Rock	4th Monday in January.... } 4th Monday in April..... } Wednesday next after the } first Monday in November }	Janesville.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Green	1st Tuesday in March..... } 3d Tuesday in June..... } 2d Tuesday in October..... }	Monroe	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Jefferson.....	1st Monday in February.... } 2d Tuesday in June..... } 3d Monday in September.... }	Jefferson	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.

No jury shall be summoned for either of the terms to be held in the months of January and June. Sec. 2424, W. S. of 1898.

THIRTEENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE — JAMES J. DICK, BEAVER DAM.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1906.

COUNTIES.	TERMS.	WHERE HELD.	LAW.
Dodge.....	4th Tuesda in September... 2d Tuesday in February.....	Juneau.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Ozaukee	1st Tuesday in September... 1st Tuesday in March.....	Port Washington	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Washington ..	4d Tuesday in October..... 3d Tuesday in March.....	West Bend.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Waukesha * ..	1st Tuesday in December .. 1st Monday in May..... 4th Tuesday in August (special)..... 1st Tuesday in February (special).....	Waukesha	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898

*No jury shall be summoned for the special terms. *Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.*

At any general or special term any and all business may be done arising or pending in any count. in said circuit which might be done at a general term in the several counties except the trial of issues of fact by a jury.

FOURTEENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE — SAMUEL D. HASTINGS, JR., GREEN BAY.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1902.

COUNTIES.	TERMS.	WHERE HELD.	LAW.
Brown.....	Last Monday in November.. 1st Monday in March..... 1st Monday in June.....	Green Bay.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Door	1st Tuesday in February.... Tuesday after 1st Monday in September	Sturgeon Bay....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Marinette.....	2d Monday in January..... 1st Monday in May	Marinette	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Oconto	1st Monday in October..... 2d Monday in April..... 2d Monday in November....	Oconto.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.

Said court for the county of Brown shall be deemed to be open for the transaction of business from the commencement of one regular term to the commencement of another, and an adjournment of the term from day to day shall not be necessary to the validity of any proceeding therein. * * * The jurors for each term in the counties of Brown, Oconto and Marinette shall be summoned to appear at or before 9 o'clock A. M. on the second day thereof. *Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.*

FIFTEENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE — J. E. PARISH, ASHLAND

Term expires first Monday of January, 1905.

COUNTIES.	TERMS.	WHERE HELD.	LAW.
Ashland.....	1st Monday in January..... 4th Monday in April..... 1st Monday in September....	Ashland.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Bayfield.....	1st Monday in June..... 3d Monday in October.....	Washburn.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Iron.....	3d Monday in June..... 2d Monday in November....	Hurley.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Priest.....	3d Monday in May..... 4th Monday in November....	Phillips.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Sawyer.....	3d Monday in April..... 1st Monday in December....	Hayward.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Taylor.....	Wednesday after the first Tuesday in April..... 1st Monday in October.....	Medford.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.

No jury shall be summoned for any such term if the presiding judge of the circuit shall file an order with the clerk of the court for any county therein, at least fifteen days before any general term in such county, directing that no jury shall be summoned; such order may be made whenever it shall appear that there is no necessity for a jury. Said judge may adjourn any general or special term of such court to the next ensuing general term or beyond the time fixed for holding general terms thereof in any county in the circuit.

SIXTEENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE — W. C. SILVERTHORN, WAUSAU.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1904.

COUNTIES.	TERMS.	WHERE HELD.	LAW.
Lincoln.....	4th Monday in February.... 3d Monday in September....	Merrill.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Marathon.....	1st Monday in May..... 2d Monday in November....	Wausau.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Oneida.....	Monday after 1st Tuesday of April..... 2d Monday in October.....	Rhineland.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Vilas.....	1st Monday in February.... 1st Monday in September....	Eagle River.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.

SEVENTEENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE — JAMES O'NEILL, NEILLSVILLE.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1904.

COUNTIES.	TERMS.	WHERE HELD.	LAWS.
Clark.....	3d Monday in April..... } 3d Monday in October..... }	Neillsville.....	Sec. 1, ch. 62, laws of 1899.
Eau Claire*...	3d Monday in March..... } 3d Monday in September.... }	Eau Claire.....	Sec. 1, ch. 62, laws of 1899.
Jackson.....	1st Monday in March..... } 1st Monday in September... }	Black River Falls	Sec. 1, ch. 62, laws of 1899.

*There shall also be held in the county of Eau Claire, on the second Monday in June, a special term for said circuit, but no jury shall be drawn for such term. *Sec. 1, ch. 62, laws of 1899.*

CIRCUIT COURT REPORTERS.

No. of district.	Name.	P. O. address.
1	Charles H. Welch.....	Milwaukee.
2	Richard Burke.....	Milwaukee.
3	William C. Kimball.....	Oshkosh.
4	H. A. Bush.....	Fond du Lac.
5	Charles Orton.....	Lancaster.
6	Alfred Harrison.....	La Crosse.
7	F. W. Spencer.....	Waupaca.
8	Charles A. Cross.....	Hudson.
9	F. C. Grant.....	Janesville.
10	F. S. Bradford.....	Appleton.
11	T. H. Wolford.....	Superior.
12	F. C. Grant.....	Janesville.
13	J. H. Sawyer.....	Beaver Dam.
14	James T. Parkes.....	Green Bay.
15	Joseph Cover.....	Ashland.
16	George Hart.....	Wausau.
17	Charles W. Fiske.....	Eau Claire.

CIRCUIT COURT COMMISSIONERS

In the several counties, appointed by the Circuit judges, as reported by the clerks of the Circuit Courts, January 1, A. D. 1890. The county judges of all counties, also have the powers of court commissioners.

ADAMS COUNTY.		COLUMBIA COUNTY.	
Geo. W. Waterman.....	Friendship	A. D. Bowman.....	Kilbourn
Charles R. Sickles.....	Friendship	W. C. Leitsch.....	Columbus
Irwin S. Berry.....	Kilbourn	Chas. L. Dering.....	Portage
ASHLAND COUNTY.		J. W. Coopman.....	Portage
Charles Brisley.....	Ashland	Peter Williams.....	Cambria
Ben S. Smith.....	Ashland	S. H. Watson.....	Lodi
C. A. Lamoreux.....	Ashland	CRAWFORD COUNTY.	
A. Pearce Tompkins.....	Ashland	L. F. S. Viele.....	Prairie du Chien
Geo. P. Russman.....	Ashland	G. L. Miller.....	Prairie du Chien
BARRON COUNTY.		Wm. H. Evans.....	Prairie du Chien
Fred B. Kinsley.....	Barron	O. B. Thomas.....	Prairie du Chien
James Robbins.....	Rice Lake	W. S. Manning.....	Soldiers' Grove
Clarence C. Coe.....	Barron	J. cob Kast.....	Bell Center
L. L. Constance.....	Rice Lake	DANE COUNTY.	
RAYFIELD COUNTY.		C. E. Buell.....	Madison
L. N. Clauson.....	Washburn	Chas. N. Brown.....	Madison
Fred T. Yates.....	Washburn	Gilbert E. Roe.....	Madison
T. H. Richey.....	Washburn	Herman Pfund.....	Madison
O. Flanders.....	Rayfield	J. C. Warner.....	Madison
E. Sauve.....	Iron River	Harry L. Butler.....	Madison
A. B. Mead.....	Iron River	DODGE COUNTY.	
BROWN COUNTY.		Geo. W. Morse.....	Juneau
G. E. Matile.....	Green Bay	H. W. Linder.....	Beaver Dam
J. F. Watermelon.....	Green Bay	F. M. Lawrence.....	Mayville
F. C. Cady.....	Green Bay	E. D. Doney.....	Waupun
C. W. Lomas.....	Green Bay	Chas. H. Gardner.....	Watertown
E. F. Parker.....	De Pere	DOOR COUNTY.	
BUFFALO COUNTY.		G. W. Allen.....	Sturgeon Bay
Theo. Buehler.....	Alma	DOUGLAS COUNTY.	
E. F. Ganz.....	Alma	W. E. Hochle.....	West Superior
M. L. Tuzola.....	Fountain City	W. M. Steele.....	West Superior
J. W. Whelan.....	Mondovi	W. B. Kollog.....	West Superior
P. H. Urness.....	Mondovi	C. H. Fridley.....	West Superior
BURNETT COUNTY.		George C. Cooper.....	West Superior
F. O. Olson.....	Grantsburg	George B. Hudnall.....	Superior
F. G. Dahlberg.....	Trade Lake	DUNN COUNTY.	
CALUMET COUNTY.		George Shafer.....	Menomonie
J. E. McMullon.....	Chilton	N. F. Carpenter.....	Menomonie
CHIPPEWA COUNTY.		J. R. Matthews.....	Menomonie
Arthur Gough.....	Chippewa Falls	J. C. Ticknor.....	Menomonie
L. J. Ruck.....	Chippewa Falls	EAU CLAIRE COUNTY.	
John P. Wall.....	Chippewa Falls	James T. Barber.....	Eau Claire
CLARK COUNTY.		Leman A. Brace.....	Eau Claire
R. F. Kuntz.....	Neillsville	Solon Barber.....	Eau Claire
Charles F. Grow.....	Neillsville	FLORENCE COUNTY.	
J. R. Sturdevant.....	Neillsville	Mac Sells.....	Florence
D. R. Freeman.....	Colb.	W. C. Haberkorn.....	Florence
B. M. Fullmer.....	Loyal	J. E. Parry.....	Florence
George Burke.....	Thorp	C. S. Hopkins.....	Commonwealth

CIRCUIT COURT COMMISSIONERS—Continued.

FOND DU LAC COUNTY.		KENOSHA COUNTY.	
H. F. Rose	Fond du Lac	James Cavanaugh	Kenosha
D. D. Sutherland	Fond du Lac	Myron A. Baker	Kenosha
J. W. Watson	Fond du Lac	Henry J. Hastings	Kenosha
J. M. Gooding	Fond du Lac	Gerald R. McDowell	Kenosha
R. L. Oliver	Wauwin	John C. Slater	Kenosha
J. J. Foote	Ripon	Gurdin Gillett	Kenosha
FOREST COUNTY.		KEWAUNEE COUNTY.	
P. Shay	Armstrong Creek	Frank Kwapii	Ahnapee
John Masbaum	North Crandon	J. B. McDermald	Ahnapee
L. F. Bliss	Crandon	A. D. Laughlin	Kewaunee
		A. L. Schmitz	Kewaunee
GRANT COUNTY.		LA CROSSE COUNTY.	
W. J. Brennan	Lancaster	C. L. Hood	La Crosse
Herman Buchner	Lancaster	John A. Daniels	La Crosse
R. D. Blanchard	Boscobel	P. W. Mahoney	La Crosse
W. E. Howe	Boscobel	T. J. Widvey	La Crosse
J. W. Murphy	Platteville	A. Harrison	La Crosse
W. H. Beebe	Platteville	G. C. Prentiss	La Crosse
GREEN COUNTY.		LAFAYETTE COUNTY.	
C. N. Carpenter	Brodhead	P. H. Conley	Darlington
John Luchsinger	Monroe	N. E. Tully	Darlington
Harvey Clark	Monroe	G. A. Marshall	Darlington
GREEN LAKE COUNTY.		John W. Blackstone	Shullsburg
John C. McConnell	Dartford	J. B. Simpson	Shullsburg
John J. Wood, Jr.	Berlin		
Perry Niskern	Berlin		
Fred Engelbracht, Jr.	Berlin		
IOWA COUNTY.		LANGLADE COUNTY.	
Calvert Spensley	Mineral Point	Geo. W. Latta	Antigo
J. M. Smith	Mineral Point	C. Werden Deane	Antigo
Ernest C. Fiedler	Mineral Point	T. W. Hogan	Antigo
Samuel W. Reese	Dodgeville	W. F. White	Antigo
Richard Carter	Dodgeville		
J. P. Smeiker	Dodgeville		
IRON COUNTY.		LINCOLN COUNTY.	
James Blackburn	Hurley	George Curtis, Jr.	Merrill
Joseph A. Chiofalo	Hurley	M. C. Porter	Merrill
Leonard VanHecke	Hurley	A. A. Heims	Merrill
W. H. Lucia	Hurley	T. J. Mathews	Merrill
Daniel Reed	Hurley	Peter Samphier	Tomahawk
JACKSON COUNTY.		MANITOWOC COUNTY.	
John G. Forbes	Black River Falls	G. G. Sedgwick	Manitowoc
Frank Johnson	Black River Falls	H. L. Markham	Manitowoc
Edwin Pierce	Merrillan	J. S. Anderson	Manitowoc
Mark Douglas	Melrose	John Chloupek	Manitowoc
		W. J. Wrieth	Two Rivers
JEFFERSON COUNTY.		MARATHON COUNTY.	
George H. Stafford	Ft. Atkinson	C. B. Bird	Wausau
W. H. Porter	Jefferson	M. B. Rosenberry	Wausau
O. C. Hahn	Watertown	Otto Krueger	Wausau
Harlow Reese	Watertown	Neal Brown	Wausau
H. T. Ames	Waterloo	C. H. Mueller	Wausau
		Andrew Flaig	Colby
JUNEAU COUNTY.		MARINETTE COUNTY.	
H. W. Barney	Mauston	H. M. Bird	Marinette
T. K. Dunn	Elroy	Chas. C. Daily	Marinette
Geo. S. Grubb	Mauston	Amos Holgate	Marinette
J. J. Hugues	New Lisbon	Jas. H. McGillan	Marinette
N. M. Hess	New Lisbon	Henry T. Soudder	Marinette
Richard Smith	New Lisbon		

CIRCUIT COURT COMMISSIONERS—Continued.

MARQUETTE COUNTY.

John Barry Montello
 F. J. Dodge Montello
 James Duff Packwaukee
 S. G. Mills Briggsville

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Hugh Ryan Milwaukee
 John F. Harper Milwaukee
 W. J. McElroy Milwaukee
 Kate Pier Milwaukee
 J. E. Roehr Milwaukee
 R. N. Austin Milwaukee
 Fred Scheiber Milwaukee

MONROE COUNTY.

D. F. Jones Sparta
 Howard Teasdale Sparta
 Chris. Maxwell Tomah
 H. C. Spaulding Tomah
 R. A. Richards Tomah

OCONTO COUNTY.

Francis X. Morrow Oconto
 A. Reinhart Oconto
 D. G. Claason Oconto
 L. S. Bailey Oconto
 L. J. Pingel Oconto

ONEIDA COUNTY.

S. H. Alban Rhinelander
 D. H. Walker Rhinelander
 A. W. Shelton Rhinelander
 Paul Browne Rhinelander
 C. C. Yawkey Hazelhurst

OUTAGAMIE COUNTY.

Frank W. Harriman Appleton
 Samuel Boyd Appleton
 Orlando E. Clark Appleton
 D. J. Brothers Kaukauna
 Louis Jacquot Hortonville
 F. M. Wilcox Seymour

OZAUKEE COUNTY.

Eugene S. Turner Port Washington
 Lafayette Towsley Port Washington
 Lathar Sauer Port Washington
 Wm. A. Tholen Port Washington
 Wm. M. Foster Port Washington

PEPIN COUNTY.

Fred Stahl Pepin
 C. M. Hilliard Durand
 J. J. Morgan Durand
 J. D. Eldridge Durand

PIERCE COUNTY.

John Foley Ellsworth
 A. Cook Maiden Rock
 D. J. Dill Prescott

POLK COUNTY.

F. B. Dorothy St. Croix Falls
 V. M. Babcock Amery
 James J. Kavanaugh Clear Lake

PORTAGE COUNTY.

A. J. Smith Amherst
 A. P. Egan Amherst
 H. H. Moore Plover

PRICE COUNTY.

M. Barry Phillips
 G. D. Meyers Prentice
 W. H. Wilson Phillips
 Geo. M. Chamberlain Phillips
 F. J. Salter Prentice

RACINE COUNTY.

John T. Wentworth Racine
 Wm. D. Thompson Racine
 R. L. Upchurch Racine
 Max W. Heck Racine
 A. Cary Judd Racine
 Francis Reuschlein Burlington

RICHLAND COUNTY.

O. F. Black Richland Center
 L. H. Bancroft Richland Center
 F. W. Burnham Richland Center
 Jas. H. Miner Richland Center
 K. W. Eastland Richland Center

ROCK COUNTY.

E. D. McGowan Janesville
 Ed. F. Carpenter Janesville
 L. F. Patten Janesville
 J. P. Towne Edgerton
 S. J. Todd Beloit

ST. CROIX COUNTY.

Harry H. Smith New Richmond
 H. C. Fickes Glenwood
 John W. Bashford Hudson
 S. J. Bradford Hudson
 Trueworthy Jewell Hudson
 Henry Anderson Baldwin
 Herman M. Johnston Glenwood

SAUK COUNTY.

J. L. Bonham Baraboo
 L. C. Hitchcock Baraboo
 E. Aug. Runge Baraboo
 H. N. Winchester Reedsburg
 W. A. Wyse Reedsburg
 Andrew Engeset Sauk City

SAWYER COUNTY.

Otto Christianson Hayward
 W. H. Marquette Hayward
 Geo. Harrington Hayward
 N. D. Rodman Reserve F. O.

SHAWANO COUNTY.

H. Kloosterman Shawano
 C. A. Balsler Shawano
 O. Andrews Shawano
 Frank Williams Wittenberg
 F. H. Bishop Cecil
 C. F. Dillett Shawano

CIRCUIT COURT COMMISSIONERS—Continued:

SHEBOYGAN COUNTY.		WASHBURN COUNTY.	
D. T. Phalen	Sheboygan	A. L. Bagbee	Shell Lake
F. H. Denison	Sheboygan	C. W. Haskins	Spooner
Francis Williams	Sheboygan		
A. C. Prescott	Sheboygan	WASHINGTON COUNTY.	
M. C. Mead	Plymouth	G. A. Knechenmeister]	West Bend
John E. Thomas	Sheboygan Falls	Fred. H. Haase	West Bend
		C. E. Robinson	West Bend
		J. C. Russell	West Bend
TAYLOR COUNTY.		WAUKESHA COUNTY.	
J. B. Hararty	Medford	D. J. Hemlock'	Waukesha
T. G. Jeffers	Medford	Ernst Merton	Waukesha
E. L. Urquhart	Medford	T. W. Parkinson	Waukesha
E. H. Schweppe	Medford	A. J. Dopp	Waukesha
Clinton Textor	Medford	Edwin Hurbut	Oconomowoc
Bernard Hoey	Medford	Oscar F. Jones	Oconomowoc
Wm. Pringle	Rib Lake		
TREMPEALEAU COUNTY.		WAUPACA COUNTY.	
A. A. Arnold	Galesville	J. E. Lehr	Clintonville
J. A. Rainey	Arcadia	Chas. Churchill	Waupaca
J. W. Gray	Trempealeau	S. D. Woodworth	New London
E. S. Hotchkiss	Independence	Gerrit T. Thorn	New London
		R. F. Taggart	Weyauwega
VERNON COUNTY.		WAUSHARA COUNTY.	
C. A. Roberts	Viroqua	S. A. Corning	Plainfield
Chas. H. Minshall	Viroqua	W. B. Angelo	Plainfield
C. M. Butt	Viroqua	W. N. Kelley	Plainfield
L. H. E. Webster	Hillsboro	John H. Thomas	Berlin
J. Henry Bennett	Viroqua	Gilbert Tennant	Wautoma
Jackson Silbaugh	Viroqua		
VILAS COUNTY.		WINNEBAGO COUNTY.	
Daniel Graham	Eagle River	E. R. Hicks	Oshkosh
A. J. Bolger	Minocqua	W. W. Waterhouse	Oshkosh
J. J. McGuire	Minocqua	J. H. Merrill	Oshkosh
C. O. E. O'Connor	Eagle River	Wesley Mott	Neshah
		Silas Bullard	Menasha
WALWORTH COUNTY.		WOOD COUNTY.	
J. F. Lyon	Elkhorn	J. W. Cochrane	Centralia
D. B. Barnes	Delavan	B. R. Goggins	Centralia
Jas. Simmons	Lake Geneva	B. M. Vaughan	Grand Rapids
Chas. S. Cooks	Whitewater	D. D. Conway	Grand Rapids
E. L. von Suessemilch	Delavan	E. M. Deming	Marshfield

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.

Corrected to January 1, 1899.

President—William McKinley, Ohio.
Secretary of State—John Hay, District of Columbia.
Secretary of the Treasury—Lyman J. Gage, Illinois.
Secretary of War—Russell A. Alger, Michigan.
Attorney General—John W. Griggs, New Jersey.
Postmaster General—Charles E. Smith, Pennsylvania.
Secretary of the Navy—John D. Long, Massachusetts.
Secretary of the Interior—E. A. Hitchcock, Missouri.
Secretary of Agriculture—James Wilson, Iowa.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

	<i>Salary.</i>
President—William McKinley, Ohio.....	\$50,000
Secretary—John Addison Porter, Conn.....	5,000
Assistant Secretaries—O. L. Pruden.....	2,800
George B. Cortelyou.....	2,800
Vice-Pres.—Garret A. Hobart, N. J.....	8,000
U. S. Dist. Marshal—Aulick Palmer, Washington, D. C.....	6,000

DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

Secretary—John Hay, D. C.....	\$8,000
Asst. Secretary—David J. Hill, N. Y.....	4,500
Second Asst. Sec.—Alvey A. Adee, D. C.....	4,000
Third Asst. Sec.—Thomas Willbur Cridler, W. Va.....	4,000
Solicitor—William L. Penfield, Ind.....	3,500
Chief Clerk—William H. Michael, Neb.....	2,500
Chief of Diplomatic Bureau—Sydney Y. Smith, D. C.....	2,100
Chief Con. Bureau—Robert S. Chilton, Jr., D. C.....	2,100
Chief of Bureau of Indexes and Archives—Pendleton King, N. C.....	2,100
Chief of Bureau of Accounts—Frank A. Branagan, Ohio.....	2,100
Chief of Bureau of Foreign Commerce—Frederic Emory, Md.....	2,100
Chief of Bureau of Rolls and Library—A. H. Allen, N. C.....	2,100
Chief of Bureau of Appointments—Robert Brent Mosher, Ky.....	2,100
Translator—Henry L. Thomas, N. Y.....	2,100
Private Secretary to Sec. of State—E. J. Babcock, N. Y.....	2,400

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

	<i>Salary.</i>
Secretary—Lyman J. Gage, Ill.....	\$8,000
Priv. Sec.—M. E. Alles, Ohio.....	2,400
Asst. Sec.—Horace A. Taylor, Wis.....	4,500
Asst. Sec.—W. B. Howell, N. J.....	4,500
Asst. Sec.—F. A. Vanderlip, Ill.....	4,500
Chief Clerk—Theo. F. Swayze, N. J.....	3,000
Chief of Appt. Div.—Charles Lyman, Conn.....	2,750
Chief of Warrants Div.—W. F. MacLennan.....	2,750
Chief of Pub. Moneys Div.—Eugene B. Daskam.....	2,500
Chief of Cus. Div.—John M. Comstock, N. Y.....	2,700
Acting Chief of Rev., Marine Div.—C. F. Shoemaker, N. Y.....	2,500
Chief of Stationery, Printing and Blanks Div.—Geo. Simmons, D. C....	2,500
Chief of Loans and Currency Div.—Andrew T. Huntington, Mass.....	2,500
Chief of Misc. Div.—Lewis Jordan, Ind.....	2,500
Supervising Special Agent—W. S. Chance.....	\$10 day
Government Actuary—Jos. S. McCoy, N. J.....	1,800

SUPERVISING ARCHITECT'S OFFICE.

Supervising Architect—James K. Taylor, Pa.....	\$4,500
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BUREAU OF ENGRAVING AND PRINTING.

Chief—C. Johnson, Ky.....	\$4,500
Asst. Chief—Thomas J. Sullivan, D. C.....	2,250
Superintendent Engraving Div.—John R. Hill, N. Y.....	3,000

OFFICE STEAMBOAT INSPECTOR.

Supervising Inspector—James A. Dumont, N. Y.....	\$3,500
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BUREAU OF STATISTICS.

Chief—O. P. Austin, D. C.....	\$3,000
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LIFE-SAVING SERVICE.

Genl. Supt.—S. I. Kimball, Me.....	\$4,000
Asst.—Horace L. Piper, Me.....	2,500

COMPTROLLERS.

Comptroller of the Treasury—R. J. Tracewell, Ind.....	\$5,000
Asst.—L. P. Mitchell, Ind.....	4,500
Chief Clerk—C. M. Foree, Ky.....	2,750
Chief Law Clerk—J. D. Terrill.....	2,750

REGISTER OF THE TREASURY.

Register—J. W. Lyons, Ga.....	\$4,000
Asst.—N. L. Chew, Ind.....	2,250

COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE.

Commissioner—G. W. Wilson, Ohio.....	\$6,000
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DIRECTOR OF THE MINT.

Director—Geo. M. Roberts, Iowa.....	\$4,500
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BUREAU OF NAVIGATION.

Commissioner—E. F. Chamberlain, N. Y.....	<i>Salary.</i> \$3,600
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UNITED STATES COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY.

Superintendent—H. W. Pritchett, Mo.....	\$6,000
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MARINE HOSPITAL SERVICE.

Supervising Surg.-Gen.—Walter Wyman, Mo.....	\$4,000
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AUDITORS.

Auditor for the Treasury Dept.—W. E. Andrews, Neb.....	\$3,600
Deputy—Edward McKitterick, Iowa	2,250
Auditor for the War Dept.—William W. Brown, Pa.....	3,600
Deputy—Dan A. Grosvenor, Ind.....	2,250
Auditor for the Interior Dept.—William Youngblood, Ala.....	3,600
Deputy—Robert S. Person, N. D.....	2,250
Auditor for the Navy Dept.—Frank H. Morris, Ohio.....	3,600
Deputy—John M. Ewing, Wis.....	2,250
Auditor for the State and other Depts.—Ernst G. Timme, Wis.....	3,600
Deputy—George W. Esterly, S. D.....	2,250
Auditor for the Postoffice Dept.—Henry A. Castle, Minn.....	3,600
Deputy—Abraham L. Lawshe, Ind.....	2,250

TREASURER OF THE UNITED STATES.

Treasurer—E. H. Roberts, N. Y.....	\$6,000
Asst. Treas.—J. F. Meline, D. C.....	3,600
Supt. Nat. Bank Red. Div.—Thos. E. Rogers, West Va.....	3,500

COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY.

Comptroller—Geo. C. Dawes, Ill.....	\$5,000
Deputy—L. O. Murray, N. Y.....	2,800

WAR DEPARTMENT.

Secretary—Russell A. Alger, Mich.
 Assistant Secretary of War—George D. Meiklejohn, Neb.
 Chief Clerk—John C. Scofield, Vt.
 Secretary to Secretary of War—V. L. Mason, D. C.
 Confidential Clerk to the Secretary of War—F. C. Squires, Mich.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY.

Major-General—Nelson A. Miles.
 Assistant Adjutant-General—Brig.-Gen. J. C. Gilmore, U. S. V.
 Aides-de-Camp—Lieut. Col. Francis Michler, A. A. G. U. S. V.; Lieut. Col.
 Marlon P. Maus, I. G. U. S. V.
 Chief Clerk—Capt. J. B. Morton, A. A. G. U. S. V.

ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

Adjutant General—Brig. Gen. Henry C. Corbin.
 Assistants—Col. Thos. Ward, Col. T. Schwan, Lieut. Col. W. H. Carter, Maj.
 H. O. S. Helstand, Maj. J. A. Johnston, Maj. W. A. Simpson, Lieut. L. C. Scherer,
 Lieut. W. C. Babcock.
 Chief Clerk—R. P. Thian.

INSPECTOR-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

Inspector-General—Brig.-Gen. J. C. Breckinridge.
Assistants—Lieut.-Col. E. A. Garlington, Maj. Thos. T. Knox.
Chief Clerk—W. H. Orcutt.

QUARTERMASTER'S DEPARTMENT.

Quartermaster-General—Brig.-Gen. Marshall I. Ludington.
Assistants—Col. F. J. Hecker, Col. Charles Bird, Col. W. S. Patten, Col. C. P. Miller, Col. J. M. Moore, Lieut.-Col. F. G. Hodgson, Lieut.-Col. M. C. Martin, Major J. Z. Dare, Major F. M. Schreiner.
Chief Clerk—Henry D. Saxton.
Depot Quartermaster—Lieut.-Col. T. E. True.

SUBSISTENCE DEPARTMENT.

Commissary-General—Col. Davis.
Assistants—Col. Wm. L. Alexander, Col. Geo. B. Davis.
Chief Clerk—Wm. A. DeCaindry.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Surgeon-General—Brig.-Gen. Geo. M. Sternberg.
Assistants—Col. C. H. Alden, Col. Dallas Bache, Lieut.-Col. Chas. Smart, Major Walter Reed, Major J. C. Terrill, Major Geo. E. Bushnell, Capt. E. L. Munson.
Chief Clerk—George A. Jones.
Attending Surgeon—Major E. C. Carter, Brig.-Surg. U. S. Vola.

PAY DEPARTMENT.

Paymaster-General—Brig.-Gen. T. H. Stanton.
Assistant—Maj. G. W. Baird.
Chief Clerk—G. D. Hanson.

CORPS OF ENGINEERS.

Chief of Engineers—Brig.-Gen. John M. Wilson.
Assistants—Lieut.-Col. A. Mackenzie, Lieut.-Col. James L. Lusk, Major Joseph E. Kuhn.
Chief Clerk—Wm. J. Warren.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS.

Officer in Charge—Col. Theo. A. Bingham.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

Chief of Ordnance—Brig.-Gen. D. W. Flagler.
Assistants—Major V. McNally, Major Charles Shaler, Major Charles S. Smith, Capt. William Crozier, Capt. J. C. Ayres, Capt. C. B. Wheeler.
Chief Clerk—John J. Cook.

JUDGE ADVOCATE-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

Judge Advocate-General—Brig.-Gen. G. N. Lieber.
Assistants—Lieut.-Col. Edgar S. Dudley and Maj. J. N. Morrison.
Chief Clerk—Lewis W. Call.

SIGNAL OFFICE.

Chief Signal Officer—Brig.-Gen. A. W. Greely.
Assistant—Capt. Otto A. Nesmith.
Disbursing Officer—Major E. O. Fechet.
Chief Clerk—Geo. A. Warren.

PUBLICATION OFFICE—WAR RECORDS.

Officer in Charge—Brigadier-General Fred C. Ainsworth.
Agent Collection Confed. Rec.—M. J. Wright.

NAVY DEPARTMENT.

	<i>Salary.</i>
Secretary—John D. Long, Massachusetts.....	\$8,000
Assistant Secretary—Charles H. Allen, Massachusetts.....	4,500
Chief Clerk—B. F. Peters, Pennsylvania.....	2,500
Private Secretary—L. H. Finney, Jr.....	2,250
Naval Militia—Lieut. W. H. H. Southerland.....	

BUREAU OF YARDS AND DOCKS.

Chief of Bureau—Civil Engineer Mordecai T. Endicott.
Lieut. L. L. Reamey.
Prof. O. G. Dodge.
Civil Engineer C. W. Parks.
Civil Engineer A. C. Cunningham.

BUREAU OF NAVIGATION.

Chief of Bureau—Capt. A. S. Crowninshield.
Commander—Francis W. Dickens, Assistant to Chief.
Lieutenant-Commander—J. M. Hawley.
Lieutenants—H. H. Whittlesey, J. J. Hunker, A. H. Davis.
Ensigns—J. F. Hines, W. W. Phelps, H. H. Ward.

NAUTICAL ALMANAC.

Superintendent—Prof. Wm. Harkness.
Professor—Prof. H. D. Todd.
Assistants—E. J. Loomis, W. S. Harshman, H. B. Hedrick.

OFFICE NAVAL INTELLIGENCE.

Chief Intelligence Officer—Commander Richardson Clover.
Lieutenant Commanders—W. H. Beehler, W. H. Driggs.
Lieutenants—G. H. Peters, H. W. Harrison.

HYDROGRAPHIC OFFICE.

Hydrographer—Commander J. E. Craig.
Commander—Z. L. Tanner.
Lieutenant Commander—W. H. Everett.
Lieutenant—R. G. Davenport.

LIBRARY AND NAVAL WAR RECORDS.

Superintendent—Prof. E. K. Rawson.

NAVAL OBSERVATORY.

Superintendent—Capt. C. H. Davis.
Assistant Lieutenant Commander—Walton Goodwin.
Lieutenant—W. V. Bronough.
Astronomical Director—Professor of Mathematics, Wm. Harkness.

Professors of Mathematics—J. R. Eastman, Edgar Frisby and S. J. Brown.
Assistant Astronomers—A. N. Skinner, H. M. Paul and Geo. A. Hill.
Directors of Nautical Almanac—Professor of Mathematics, Simon Newcomb.
Professors of Mathematics—W. W. Hendrickson and H. D. Todd.
Assistants—E. J. Loomis, H. B. Hedrick and W. S. Harshman.

BUREAU OF ORDNANCE.

Lieutenant Commander—E. C. Pendleton.
Chief—Capt. Chas. O'Neill.
Lieutenants—A. E. Culver—H. C. Poundstone, V. O. Chase.
Ensign—C. Davis.
Professor—P. R. Alger.

BUREAU OF EQUIPMENT.

Commander—R. B. Bradford.
Lieutenant Commander—Washburn Maynard.
Lieutenants—Wainwright Kellogg, G. B. Harber, Alex. Sharp, Jr., T. D. Griffin.

BUREAU OF CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIRS.

Chief Constructor—Philip Hichborn.
Naval Constructor—D. W. Taylor.
Assistant Constructor—R. B. Dashfield.

OFFICE OF JUDGE ADVOCATE-GENERAL.

Judge Advocate-General—Capt. S. C. Lemly, U. S. N.
Captain—C. H. Lanchelmer, U. S. M. C.
Lieutenant—Frank B. Case.
Ensign—George Mallison.

BUREAU OF MEDICINE AND SURGERY.

Surgeon-General—W. K. Van Reypen.
Assistant to Bureau—Surgeon J. C. Boyd.
Special Duty—P. A. Surgeon E. R. Stitt.

BUREAU OF SUPPLIES AND ACCOUNTS.

Paymaster-General—Edwin Stewart.
Assistant to Chief Paymaster—Henry G. Colby.
Paymaster—A. K. Michler.
Paymaster—T. S. Jewett.

NAVAL EXAMINING BOARD.

President—Rear-Admiral John A. Howell.
Members, Capts. Benj. F. Day and John Schouler.

BOARD OF MEDICAL EXAMINERS.

President—Medical Director Daniel McMutrie.
Members—Medical Inspector Joseph B. Parker.
Surgeon—Walter A. McClurg.

NAVAL RETIRING BOARD.

President—Rear Admiral J. A. Howell.
Members—Medical Director Grove S. Beardsley, Capts. B. J. Cromwell and
Geo. W. Coffin, and Medical Inspector Dwight Dickinson.

BUREAU OF STEAM ENGINEERING.

Engineer-in-Chief—George W. Melville.
 Chief Engineers—Harrie Webster, Alford B. Canaga, Albert B. Willits, Walter M. McFarland.

STATE, WAR AND NAVY DEPARTMENT BUILDING.

Superintendent—George W. Baird, Chief Engineer.

BOARD OF INSPECTION AND SURVEY.

President, Capt. Frederick Rogers; Capt. Robley D. Evans, Commander W. H. Emory, Chief Engineer C. R. Roelker, Major George C. Reid, Lieut. N. Sargent.

NAVAL DISPENSARY.

Surgeon—P. M. Rixey.

MUSEUM OF HYGIENE.

Medical Director—Charles H. White.
 Surgeon—A. C. Russell.

NAVY PAY OFFICE.

Paymaster—S. Rand.

HEADQUARTERS OF UNITED STATES MARINE CORPS.

Colonel Commanding—Charles Heywood.
 Adjutant and Inspector—Major Geo. C. Reid.
 Quartermaster—F. L. Denny.
 Paymaster—Major Green Clay Goodloe.
 Assistant Quartermaster—Capt. Charles L. McCawley.

MARINE BARRACKS, WASHINGTON, D. C.

Captain—F. H. Harrington.
 Second Lieutenants—R. E. Walker, B. F. Rittenhouse.
 Surgeon—Edward H. Green.

POSTOFFICE DEPARTMENT.

	<i>Salary.</i>
Postmaster-General—Chas. Emory Smith, Pennsylvania.....	\$8,000
Chief Clerk—Blain W. Taylor, West Virginia.....	2,500
Assistant Attorney-General—James N. Tyner, Indiana.....	4,000
Law Clerk—Harrison J. Barrett, North Carolina.....	2,500
Appointment Clerk—John H. Robinson, Mississippi.....	1,800
Superintendent and Disbursing Clerk—Rufus B. Merchant, Virginia....	2,100
Topographer—A. Von Haake.....	2,500

OFFICE FIRST ASSISTANT POSTMASTER-GENERAL.

First Assistant Postmaster-General—Perry S. Heath, Indiana.....	\$4,000
Chief Clerk—Geo. M. Allen, Indiana.....	2,000
Superintendent Division P. O. Sup.—M. W. Louis, Ohio.....	2,000
Superintendent Division Free Delivery—August W. Machen, Ohio.....	3,000

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.

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	<i>Salary.</i>
Chief Division of Salaries and Allowances—Geo. W. Beavers, New York..	2,200
Superintendent Money-Order System—James T. Metcalf, Iowa.....	3,500
Chief Clerk Money-Order System—E. M. Gadsden, Georgia.....	2,000
Superintendent Dead-Letter Office—D. P. Liebhardt, Indiana.....	2,500
Chief Clerk Dead-Letter Office—Ward Burlingame, Kansas.....	1,800
Chief Division of Correspondence—J. R. Ash, Pennsylvania.....	1,800

OFFICE SECOND ASSISTANT POSTMASTER-GENERAL.

Second Assistant P. M. General—W. S. Shallenberger, Pennsylvania....	\$4,000
Chief Clerk—George F. Stone, New York.....	2,000
Superintendent Railway Adjustments—J. H. Crew, Ohio.....	2,000
Chief Division of Inspection—Jas. B. Cook, District of Columbia.....	2,000
Chief Division Mail Equipment—Thos. P. Graham, New York.....	1,800
General Superintendent Railway Mail Service—Jas. E. White, Illinois..	3,500
Chief Clerk Railway Mail Service—Alexander Grant, Michigan.....	2,000
Superintendent Foreign Mails—N. M. Brooks, Virginia.....	3,000
Chief Clerk Foreign Mails—R. L. Maddox, Kentucky.....	2,000

OFFICE OF THIRD ASSISTANT POSTMASTER-GENERAL.

Third Assistant P. M. General—John A. Merritt, New York.....	\$4,000
Chief Clerk—Madison Davis, District of Columbia.....	2,000
Chief Division Postage Stamps—James H. Reeve, New York.....	2,550
Chief Division Finance—A. W. Bingham, Michigan.....	2,000

OFFICE OF THIRD ASSISTANT POSTMASTER-GENERAL.

Fourth Assistant P. M. General—Joseph L. Bristow, Kansas.....	\$4,000
Chief Clerk—P. H. Bristow, Iowa.....	2,000
Chief Division of Appointments—Carter B. Keene, Maine.....	2,000
Chief Division of Bonds and Commissions—C. B. Dickey, Ohio.....	2,000
Chief Post Office Inspector—W. E. Cochran, Colorado.....	3,000
Chief Clerk Division of Post Office Inspectors and Mail Depredations— John P. Clum, California.....	2,000

INTERIOR DEPARTMENT.

Secretary—E. A. Hitchcock, Missouri.....	\$8,000
First Assistant Secretary—Thomas Ryan, Kansas.....	4,500
Assistant Secretary—Webster Davis, Missouri.....	4,000
Chief Clerk—Edward M. Dawson, Maryland.....	2,750

GENERAL LAND OFFICE.

Commissioner—Binger Hermann, Oregon.....	\$5,000
Assistant Commissioner—W. A. Richards, Wyoming.....	3,000
Chief Clerk—Frederick P. Metzger, Missouri.....	2,250

OFFICE OF INDIAN AFFAIRS.

Commissioner—William A. Jones, Wisconsin.....	\$4,000
Assistant Commissioner—A. Clark Tonner, Ohio.....	3,000
Superintendent Indian Schools—Estelle Reel, Wyoming.....	3,000

PENSION OFFICE.

	<i>Salary.</i>
Commissioner—H. Clay Evans, Tennessee.....	\$5,000
First Deputy Commissioner—James L. Davenport, New Hampshire.....	3,600
Second Deputy Commissioner—Leverett M. Kelley, Illinois.....	3,600
Chief Clerk—William H. Bayly, Pennsylvania.....	2,250
Medical Referee—Jacob F. Raub, Pennsylvania.....	3,000

OFFICE OF COMMISSIONER OF RAILROADS.

Commissioner—James Longstreet, Georgia.....	\$4,500
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PATENT OFFICE.

Commissioner—Charles H. Duell, New York.....	\$5,000
Assistant Commissioner—Arthur P. Greeley, New Hampshire.....	3,000
Chief Clerk—Edward V. Shepard, New York.....	2,250

OFFICE OF EDUCATION.

Commissioner—W. T. Harris, Massachusetts.....	\$3,000
Chief Clerk—Lovick Pierce, Georgia.....	1,800

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY.

Director—Chas. D. Walcott, New York.....	\$6,000
Chief Clerk—Henry C. Rizer, Kansas.....	2,400

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.

Attorney-General—John W. Griggs, New Jersey.....	\$8,000
Solicitor-General—John K. Richards, Ohio.....	7,000
Assistant Attorney-General—James E. Boyd, North Carolina.....	5,000
Assistant Attorney-General—John G. Thompson, Illinois.....	5,000
Assistant Attorney-General—Louis A. Pradt, Wisconsin.....	5,000
Assistant Attorney-General—Henry M. Hoyt, Pennsylvania.....	5,000
Asst. Atty.-Gen. (Dept. of Int.)—Willis Van Devanter, Wyoming.....	5,000
Asst. Atty.-Gen. (P. O. Dept.)—James N. Tyner, Indiana.....	4,000
Solicitor of Int. Rev. Treas. Dept.—George M. Thomas, Kentucky.....	4,500
Solicitor for Dept. of State—William L. Penfield, Indiana.....	3,500
Law Clerk and Examiner of Titles—A. J. Bentley, Ohio.....	2,700
Chief Clerk and Supt. of Building—Cecil Clay, West Virginia.....	2,750
General Agent—Frank Strong.....	4,000
Disbursing Clerk—Henry Rehtin, Ohio.....	2,300
Appointment Clerk—Joseph P. Rudy, Pennsylvania.....	1,800
Attorney in Charge of Pardons—John H. Campbell, Illinois.....	2,400
Solicitor of Treas. (Treas. Dept.)—Maurice D. O'Connell, Iowa.....	4,500
Assistant Solicitor—Felix A. Reeve, Tennessee.....	3,000
Chief Clerk Solicitor's Office (Treas. Dept.)—Charles E. Vrooman, Iowa..	2,000

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

	<i>Salary.</i>
Secretary—James Wilson, Iowa.....	\$8,000
Assistant Secretary—Joseph H. Brigham, Ohio.....	4,500
Chief Clerk—Andrew Geddes, Iowa.....	2,500
Appointment Clerk—J. B. Bennett, Wisconsin.....	2,000
Chief of Weather Bureau—Willis L. Moore, Illinois.....	4,500
Chief of Bureau of Animal Industry—D. E. Salmon, North Carolina.....	4,000
Statistician—John Hyde, Nebraska.....	3,000
Chemist—H. W. Wiley, Indiana.....	2,500
Entomologist—L. O. Howard, New York.....	2,500
Botanist—F. V. Coville, New York.....	2,500
Biologist—C. Hart Merriam, New York.....	2,500
Chief of Division of Forestry—Gifford Pinchot, New York.....	2,500
Pomologist—Gustavus B. Brackett, Iowa.....	2,500
Chief of Division of Vegetables, Physiology and Pathology—B. T. Gal- loway, Missouri.....	2,500
Chief of Division of Soils—Milton Whitney, Maryland.....	2,500
Chief of Division of Agrozoology—F. Lamson-Scribner, Tennessee.....	2,500
Director Office of Experiment Stations—A. C. True, Connecticut.....	3,000
Chief Division of Accounts—F. L. Evans.....	2,500
Chief Division of Publications—George Wm. Hill, Minnesota.....	2,500
Horticulturist, Etc.—William Saunders, District of Columbia.....	2,500
Director in Charge of Road Inquiry—Martin Dodge, Ohio.....	3,000

INDEPENDENT DEPARTMENTS.

GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE.

Public Printer—F. W. Palmer, Illinois.....	\$4,500
Chief Clerk—W. H. Collins, District of Columbia.....	2,400
Foreman of Printing—H. T. Brian, Maryland.....	2,500
Foreman of Binding—H. C. Espey, District of Columbia.....	2,100

UNITED STATES CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.

Commissioners—John R. Proctor, Kentucky; John B. Harlow, Missouri; Mark S. Brewer, Michigan.....	\$3,500
Chief Examiner—A. R. Serven, New York.....	3,000
Secretary—John T. Doyle, New York.....	2,000

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR.

Commissioner—Carroll D. Wright, Massachusetts.....	\$5,000
Chief Clerk—Oren W. Weaver, Massachusetts.....	2,500
Disbursing Clerk—Chas. E. Morse, Pennsylvania.....	2,000

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION.

Hon. Martin A. Knapp, New York, Chairman.....	\$7,500
Hon. Judson C. Clements, Georgia.....	7,500
Hon. James D. Yeomans, Iowa.....	7,500
Hon. Charles A. Prouty, Vermont.....	7,500
Hon. William J. Calhoun, Illinois.....	7,500
Edward A. Moseley, Secretary.....	3,500

FIFTY-SIXTH CONGRESS.

From March 4, 1899, to March 3, 1901.—Republicans, 54; Democrats, 27; People's Party, 4; Silver, 2; Silver Republicans, 2; Independent, 1; Doubtful, 4.

(r) republican; (d) democrat; (p) populist; (s) silver; (ind) independent.

THE SENATE.

Garret A. Hobart, Vice-President, Presiding.

ALABAMA.		NEBRASKA.	
John T. Morgan, d.	1901	John M. Thurston, r.	1901
E. W. Pettus, d.	1903	M. L. Hayward, r.	1905
ARKANSAS.		NEVADA.	
James H. Berry, d.	1901	John P. Jones, s.	1903
James K. Jones, d.	1903	Wm. M. Stewart, s.	1905
CALIFORNIA.		NEW HAMPSHIRE.	
George C. Perkins, r.	1903	Wm. E. Chaudler, r.	1901
A Republican.	1905	Jacob H. Gallinger, r.	1903
COLORADO.		NEW JERSEY.	
Edward O. Wolcott, r.	1901	Wm. J. Sewell, r.	1901
Henry M. Teller, s. r.	1903	John Kean, r.	1905
CONNECTICUT.		NEW YORK.	
Orville H. Platt, r.	1903	Thomas C. Platt, r.	1903
Joseph E. Hawley, r.	1903	Chauncey M. Depew, r.	1905
DELAWARE.		NORTH CAROLINA.	
Richard R. Kenney, d.	1901	Marion Butler, p.	1901
A Republican.	1905	Jeter C. Pritchard, r.	1903
FLORIDA.		NORTH DAKOTA.	
Stephen R. Mallory, d.	1903	Henry C. Hansbrough, r.	1901
Samuel Pasco, d.	1905	T. J. McCumber, r.	1905
GEORGIA.		OHIO.	
Augustus O. Bacon, d.	1901	Joseph B. Foraker, r.	1903
Alexander S. Clay, d.	1903	Marcus A. Hanna, r.	1905
IDAHO.		OREGON.	
George L. Shoup, r.	1901	George W. McBride, r.	1901
Henry Heitfeld, p.	1903	Joseph Simon, r.	1903
ILLINOIS.		PENNSYLVANIA.	
Shelby M. Cullom, r.	1901	Boies Penrose, r.	1903
Wm. E. Mason, r.	1903	A Republican.	1905
INDIANA.		RHODE ISLAND.	
Chas. W. Fairbanks, r.	1903	George P. Wetmore, r.	1901
Albert J. Beveridge, r.	1905	Nelson W. Aldrich, r.	1905
IOWA.		SOUTH CAROLINA.	
John H. Gear, r.	1901	Benj. R. Tillman, d.	1901
Wm. B. Allison, r.	1903	Johr. L. McLaurin, d.	1903
KANSAS.		SOUTH DAKOTA.	
Lucien Baker, r.	1901	Rich. F. Pettigrew, s. r.	1901
Wm. A. Harris, p.	1903	James H. Kyle, ind.	1903
KENTUCKY.		TENNESSEE.	
William Lindsay, d.	1901	Thomas B. Turley, d.	1901
William J. Deboe, r.	1903	William B. Bate, d.	1905
LOUISIANA.		TEXAS.	
Donelson Caffery, d.	1901	Horace R. Chilton, d.	1901
Samuel D. McEnery, d.	1903	C. A. Culberson, d.	1905
MAINE.		UTAH.	
Wm. P. Frye, r.	1901	Joseph L. Rawlins, d.	1903
Eugene Hale, r.	1905	A Democrat.	1905
MARYLAND.		VERMONT.	
George L. Wellington, r.	1903	Jonathan Ross, r.	1901
Louis E. McComas, r.	1905	Redfield Proctor, r.	1905
MASSACHUSETTS.		VIRGINIA.	
George F. Hoar, r.	1901	Thos. S. Martin, d.	1901
Henry C. Lodge, r.	1905	John W. Daniel, d.	1905
MICHIGAN.		WASHINGTON.	
James McMillan, r.	1901	George Turner, p.	1903
Julius C. Burrows, r.	1905	Addison G. Foster, r.	1905
MINNESOTA.		WEST VIRGINIA.	
Knute Nelson, r.	1901	Stephen B. Elkins, r.	1901
Cushman K. Davis, r.	1905	Nathan B. Scott, r.	1905
MISSISSIPPI.		WISCONSIN.	
Will Van Amberg Sulli-		John C. Spooner, r.	1903
van, d.		Joseph Very Charles, r.	1905
Her. D. Money, d.	1905	WYOMING.	
MISSOURI.		Francis E. Warren, r.	1901
George G. Vest, d.	1903	Clarence D. Clark, r.	1905
Francis M. Cockrell, d.	1905		
MONTANA.			
Thomas H. Carter, r.	1901		
Wm. A. Clark, d.	1905		

* Temporary appointment by governor until meeting of legislature.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Republican, r; democrat, d; populist, p; fusion, f; silver, s; gold democrat, g, d; member of fifty-fifth congress, *.

Dis	Representative.	Home Postoffice.	Dis	Representative.	Home Postoffice.
ALABAMA.			ILLINOIS—cont.		
1	George W. Taylor, d*	Demopolis.	15	Benj. F. Marsh, r*	Warsaw.
2	Jesse F. Stallings, d*	Greenville.	16	Wm. E. Williams, d.	Pittsfield.
3	Henry D. Clayton, d*	Eufaula.	17	Ben. F. Caldwell, d.	Chatham.
4	Gaston A. Robbins, d*	Selma.	18	Thos. M. Jett, d*	Hillsboro.
5	Willis Brewer, d*	Hayneville.	19	Jos. B. Crowley, d.	Robinson.
6	John H. Bankhead, d*	Fayette.	20	Jas. R. Williams, d.	Carmi.
7	John L. Burnett, d.	Gadsden.	21	Wm. A. Rodenburg, r	East St. Louis.
8	Joseph Wheeler, d*	Wheeler.	22	George W. Smith, r*	Murphysboro.
9	O. W. Underwood, d*	Birmingham.	INDIANA.		
ARKANSAS.			1	J. A. Hemenway, r*	Boonville.
1	P. D. McCulloch, d*	Marianna.	2	Robt. W. Miers, d*	Bloomington.
2	John S. Little, d*	Greenwood.	3	Wm. T. Zenor, d*	Corydon.
3	Thomas C. McRae, d	Prescott.	4	E. M. Griffith, d*	Vevay.
4	William L. Terry, d*	Little Rock.	5	G. W. Fair, r*	Terre Haute.
5	Hugh A. Dinwiddie, d*	Fayetteville.	6	Jas. E. Watson, r	Rushville.
6	S. Brundidge, jr., d*	Searcy.	7	Jesse Overstreet, r*	Indianapolis.
CALIFORNIA.			8	Geo. W. Cromer, r	Muncie.
1	John A. Barham, r*	Santa Rosa.	9	Chas. B. Landis, r*	Delphi.
2	M. De Vries, d*	Stockton.	10	E. D. Crumpacker, r*	Valparaiso.
3	Victor H. Metcalf, r.	Oakland.	11	Geo. W. Steele, r*	Marion.
4	Julius Kahn, r	San Francisco.	12	J. M. Robinson, d.	Fort Wayne.
5	Eugene F. Loud, r*	San Francisco.	13	Abraham L. Drick, r	South Bend.
6	R. J. Walters, r	Los Angeles.	IOWA.		
7	J. C. Needham, r	Modesto.	1	Thomas Hedge, r	Burlington.
COLORADO.			2	Jos. R. Lane, r	Davenport.
1	John F. Shafrath, s*	Denver.	3	D. B. Henderson, r*	Dubuque.
2	John C. Bell, p*	Montrose.	4	Gilbert N. Haughe, r	Northwood.
CONNECTICUT.			5	Robt. G. Cousins, r*	Tipton.
1	E. Stevens Henry, r*	Rockville.	6	J. F. Lacey, r*	Oskaloosa.
2	N. D. Sperry, r*	New Haven.	7	John A. T. Hull, r*	Des Moines.
3	Charles A. Russell, r*	Dayville.	8	Wm. P. Hepburn, r*	Charlinda.
4	Ebenezer J. Hill, r*	Norwalk.	9	Smith McPherson, r	Red Oak.
DELAWARE.			10	J. P. Dolliver, r*	Fort Dodge.
1	John H. Hoffecker, r*	Smyrna.	11	Lot Thomas, r	Storm Lake.
FLORIDA.			KANSAS.		
1	S. M. Sparkman, d*	Tampa.	1	W. J. Bailey, r*	Baileyville.
2	Robert W. Davis, d*	Palatka.	2	Charles Curtis, r*	Top-ka.
GEORGIA.			3	J. D. Bowersock, r	Lawrence.
1	Rufus E. Lester, d*	Savannah.	4	E. R. Edgley, f*	Pittsburgh.
2	James M. Griegs, d*	Dawson.	5	J. M. Miller, r	Council Grove.
3	Elijah B. Lewis, d*	Montezuma.	6	W. A. Caldwell, r	Marysville.
4	Wm. C. Adamson, d*	Carrollton.	7	W. A. Reeder, r	Logan.
5	L. F. Livingston, d*	Kings.	8	C. I. Long, r*	Hutchinson.
6	Charles L. Bartlett, d	Macon.	KENTUCKY.		
7	John W. Maddox, d	Rome.	1	Chas. K. Wheeler, d*	Paducah.
8	Wm. M. Howard, d*	Lexington.	2	Henry D. Allen, d	Morganfield.
9	Farish C. Tate, d*	Jasper.	3	John S. Rhea, d*	Russellville.
10	Wm. H. Fleming, d*	Augusta.	4	David H. Smith, d*	Hodgenville.
11	Wm. C. Brantley, d*	Brunswick.	5	Oscar Turner, d	Louisville.
IDAHO.			6	Albert S. Berry, d*	Newport.
1	Edgar Wilson, s*	Boise City.	7	Evan E. Settle, d*	Owenton.
ILLINOIS.			8	George G. Gilbert, d.	Shelbyville.
1	James R. Mann, r*	Chicago.	9	Samuel J. Pugh, r*	Vanceburg.
2	Wm. Lorimer, r*	Chicago.	10	T. Y. Fitzpatrick, d*	Protonburg.
3	George P. Foster, d	Chicago.	11	Vincent Boring, r	London.
4	Thomas Cusack, d	Chicago.	LOUISIANA.		
5	Edw. T. Noonan, d	Chicago.	1	Adolph Meyer, d*	New Orleans.
6	Henry S. Boutell, r*	Chicago.	2	Robert C. Davoy, d*	New Orleans.
7	George E. Foss, r*	Chicago.	3	Robt. F. Broussard, d*	New Iberia.
8	Albert J. Hopkins, r*	Aurora.	4	Phanor Brezeals, d	Natchitoches.
9	Robt. R. Hitt, r*	Mount Morris.	5	Saml. T. Baird, d*	Biastrop.
10	Geo. W. Prince, r*	Galesburg.	6	S. M. Robertson, d*	Baton Rouge.
11	Walter Reeves, r*	Streator.	MAINE.		
12	Jos. G. Cannon, r*	Danville.	1	Thomas B. Reed, r*	Portland.
13	Vespasian Warner, r*	Clinton.	2	A Republican	.....
14	Jos. V. Graff, r*	Pekin.	3	Edwin C. Burleigh, r*	Augusta.
			4	Chas. A. Boutelle, r*	Bangor.

† At large.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES—Continued.

Dis	Representative.	Home Postoffice.	Dis	Representative.	Home Postoffice.
MARYLAND.			NEBRASKA—cont.		
1	John W. Smith, d	Snow Hill.	3	John S. Robinson, f..	Madison.
2	Wm B. Baker, r*	Aberdeen.	4	Wm L. Stark, f*	Aurora.
3	Frank C. Wachter, r..	Baltimore.	5	E. D. Sutherland, f* ..	Nelson.
4	James W. Denny, d ..	Baltimore.	6	William L. Groen, f* ..	Kearney.
5	Sydney E. Mudd, r* ..	Laplatas.	NEVADA.		
6	Geo. A. Pearce, r	Cumberland.		F. G. Newlands, † s..	Reno.
MASSACHUSETTS.			NEW HAMPSHIRE.		
1	Geo. P. Lawrence, r* ..	North Adams.	1	Cyrus A. Sulloway, r*	Manchester.
2	F. H. Gillett, r*	Springfield.	2	Frank G. Clark, r* ..	Petersboro.
3	J. E. Thayer, g. d	Worcester.	NEW JERSEY.		
4	G. W. Weymouth, r* ..	Fitchburg.	1	H. C. Loudenslager, r*	Paulsboro.
5	Wm. S. Knox, r*	Lawrence.	2	John J. Gardner, r* ..	Atlantic City.
6	Wm. H. Moody, r*	Haverhill.	3	Benj. F. Howell, r* ..	New Brunswick
7	E. W. Roberts, r	Chelsea.	4	J. S. Solomon, d	Bounton.
8	Saml. W. McCall, r	Winchester.	5	Jas. F. Stewart, r* ..	Paterson.
9	J. F. Fitzgerald, d*	Roston.	6	Richard W. Parker, r*	Newark.
10	Henry F. Naphen, d	Boston.	7	William D. Daly, d	Hoboken.
11	Chas. F. Sprague, r* ..	Brookline.	8	Chas. N. Fowler, r* ..	Elizabeth.
12	Wm. C. Lovering, r* ..	Taunton.	NEW YORK.		
13	Wm. S. Greene, r*	Fall River.	1	Townsend Scudder, d ..	Glenhead.
MICHIGAN.			2	John J. Fitzgerald, d ..	Brooklyn.
1	John B. Corliss, r*	Detroit.	3	Edmond H. Driggs, d*	Brooklyn.
2	Henry C. Smith, r	Adrian.	4	B. T. Clayton, d	Brooklyn.
3	Washington Gardner, r ..	Albion.	5	F. E. Wilson, d	Brooklyn.
4	E. Larue Hamilton, r*	Niles.	6	Mitchell May, d	Brooklyn.
5	Wm. A. Smith, r*	Grand Rapids.	7	Nicholas Muller, d	New York.
6	Saml. W. Smith, r*	Pontiac.	8	Daniel J. Riordan, d ..	New York.
7	Edgar Weeks, r	Mt. Clemens.	9	Thomas J. Bradley, d*	New York.
8	J. W. Forlney, r	Saginaw.	10	A. J. Cummings, d	New York.
9	Roswell P. Bishop, r*	Ludington.	11	William Sulzer, d*	New York.
10	R. O. Crump, r*	West Bay City.	12	G. B. McClellan, d* ..	New York.
11	William S. Mesick, r*	Mancelona.	13	Jefferson M. Levy, d ..	New York.
12	Carlos D. Sheldon, r*	Houghton.	14	W. Astor Chanler, d ..	New York.
MINNESOTA.			15	Jacob Ruppert, Jr, d ..	New York.
1	James A. Tawney, r* ..	Winona.	16	J. Q. Underhill, d	New Rochelle.
2	Jas. T. McCleary, r* ..	Mankato.	17	A. S. Tompkins, r	Nyack.
3	Joel P. Heatwole, r* ..	Northfield.	18	John H. Ketcham, r*	Dover Plains.
4	Fred. C. Stevens, r	St. Paul.	19	A. V. S. Cochran, r*	Hudson.
5	Loren Fletcher, r*	Minneapolis.	20	M. H. Glynn, d	Albany.
6	Page Morris, r*	Duluth.	21	John K. Stewart, r	Amsterdam.
7	Frank M. Eddy, r*	Glenwood.	22	L. N. Littauer, r*	Gloversville.
MISSISSIPPI.			23	L. W. Emerson, r	Warrensburg.
1	John M. Allen, d*	Tupelo.	24	C. A. Chickering, r* ..	Copenhagen.
2	Thomas Spight, d*	Ripley.	25	Jas. S. Sherman, r* ..	Utica.
3	T. C. Catchings, d*	Vicksburg.	26	George W. Ray, r*	Norwich.
4	Andrew F. Fox, d*	West Point.	27	M. J. Driscoll, r	Syracuse.
5	John S. Williams, d*	Yazoo.	28	Sereno E. Payne, r* ..	Auburn.
6	F. A. McLain, d*	Gloster.	29	Charles W. Gillet, r*	Addison.
7	Patrick Henry, d*	Brandon.	30	J. W. Wadsworth, r*	Geneseo.
MISSOURI.			31	J. M. E. O'Grady, r ..	Rochester.
1	James T. Loyd, d*	Shelbyville.	32	William H. Ryan, d	Buffalo.
2	William W. Rucker, d ..	Keytesville.	33	De A. S. Alexander, r*	Buffalo.
3	John Dougherty, d	Liberty.	34	W. B. Hooker, r*	Fredonia.
4	Chas. F. Cochran, d*	St. Joseph.	NORTH CAROLINA.		
5	Wm S. Cowherd, d*	Kansas City.	1	J. H. Small, d	Elizabeth City
6	D. A. De Armond, d*	Butler.	2	G. H. White, r*	Tarboro.
7	James Cooney, d*	Marshall.	3	Chas. R. Thomas, d	Newbern.
8	Richard P. Bland, d*	Lebanon.	4	John W. Atwater, d	Pittsboro.
9	Champ Clark, d*	Bowling Green.	5	Wm. H. Kitchin, d*	Roxboro.
10	Richard Barthold, r*	St. Louis.	6	John D. Bellamy, d	Wilmington.
11	Charles F. Joy, r*	St. Louis.	7	Theo. F. Klutz, d	Salisbury.
12	Charles E. Pearce, r*	St. Louis.	8	R. Z. Linney, r*	Taylorsville.
13	Edward S. Robb, d*	Perryville.	9	W. T. Crawford, d	Waynesville.
14	W. D. Vandiver, d*	Cape Girard'u	NORTH DAKOTA.		
15	M. E. Benton, d*	Neosho.		B. F. Spaulding, † r..	Fargo.
MONTANA.			OHIO.		
	A. J. Campbell, † d	Butte.	1	Wm. B. Sha'tue, r* ..	Cincinnati.
NEBRASKA.			2	J. H. Bromwell, r* ..	Cincinnati.
1	Elmer J. Burkett, r	Lincoln.	3	John L. Brenner, d* ..	Dayton.
2	David H. Mercer, r*	Omaha.	4	Robt. B. Gordon, d	St. Marys.
			5	David Meekison, d* ..	Napoleon.

† At large.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES—Continued.

Dis	Representative.	Home postoffice.	Dis	Representative.	Home postoffice.
OHIO—cont.			TENNESSEE.		
6	Seth W. Brown, r*	Lebanon.	1	W. P. Brownlow, r*	Jonesboro.
7	Walter L. Weaver, r*	Springfield.	2	H. R. Gibson, r*	Knoxville.
8	Archib. Lybraud, r*	Delaware.	3	John A. Moon, d*	Chattanooga.
9	J. H. Southard, r*	Toledo.	4	C. E. Snodgrass, d	Crossville.
10	Stephen Morgau, r	Oak Hill.	5	J. D. Richardson, d*	Murfreesboro.
11	C. H. Grosvenor, r*	Athens.	6	J. W. Gaines, d*	Nashville.
12	John J. Leutz, d*	Columbus.	7	N. N. Cox, d*	Franklin.
13	Jas. A. Norton, d*	Tiffin.	8	T. W. Sims, d*	Linden.
14	Winfield S. Kerr, r*	Mausfield.	9	R. A. Pierce, d*	Union City.
15	H. C. Van Voorhis, r*	Zanesville.	10	E. W. Carmack, d*	Memphis.
16	Lorenzo D. Inford, r*	St. Clairsville.	TEXAS.		
17	J. A. McDowell, d*	Millersburg.	1	Thos. H. Ball, d*	Huntsville.
18	Robert W. Taylor, r	Lisbon.	2	S. B. Cooper, d*	Beaumont.
19	Charles Dick, r*	Akron.	3	R. C. De Graffenreid, d*	Loneview.
20	F. O. Phillips, r*	Medina.	4	J. L. Sheppard, d	Pittsburg.
21	Theo. E. Burton, r*	Cleve.and.	5	Jos. W. Bailey, d*	Gainesville.
OREGON.			6	R. E. Burke, d*	Dallas.
1	Thomas H. Tougue, r*	Hillsboro.	7	R. L. Henry, d*	Waco.
2	M. A. Moody, r*	Dalles.	8	S. W. T. Lanham, d*	Weatherford.
PENNsylvania.			9	A. S. Burleson, d*	Austin.
	Galusha A. Grow, † r*	Glenwood.	10	R. B. Hawley, r*	Galveston.
1	S. A. Davenport, † r*	Erie.	11	R. Kleberg, d*	Cuero.
2	Robert Adams, Jr. r	Philadelphia.	12	J. L. Slayden, d*	San Antonio.
3	Wm. McAlcer, g. d*	Philadelphia.	13	J. H. Stephens, d*	Vernon.
4	James R. Young, r*	Philadelphia.	UTAH.		
5	Alfred C. Harmer, r*	Philadelphia.		B. H. Roberts, † d...	Centerville.
6	Thomas S. Butler, r*	West Chester.	VERMONT.		
7	Irving P. Wanger, r*	Norristown.	1	H. H. Powers, r*	Morrisville.
8	L. H. Barber, d*	Mauch Chunk.	2	Wm. W. Grout, r*	Barton.
9	Dan'l Ementrout, d	Reading.	VIRGINIA.		
10	Marriott Brooks, r*	Lancaster.	1	Wm. A. Jones, d*	Warsaw.
11	William Connell, r*	Scranton.	2	Wm. A. Young, d*	Norfolk.
12	S. W. Davenport, d	Plymouth.	3	John Lamb, d*	Richmond.
13	James W. Ryan, d*	Pottsville.	4	S. P. Epps, d*	Blackstone.
14	Marlin E. Olmstead, r	Harrisburg.	5	C. A. Swanson, d*	Chatham.
15	F. C. Wright, r*	Susquehanna.	6	Peter J. Otey, d*	Lynchburg.
16	H. B. Packer, r*	Wellsboro.	7	James Hay, d*	Madison.
17	Rufus K. Polk, d*	Danville.	8	J. F. Rixey, d*	Brandy.
18	T. M. Mahon, r*	Chambersburg.	9	Wm. F. Rea, d	Bristol.
19	Edward Ziegler, d*	York.	10	J. M. Quarles, d	Staunton.
20	Joseph E. Thropp, r	Bedford.	WASHINGTON.		
21	S. N. Jack, r*	Indiana.		F. W. Cushman, † r	Yakima.
22	John Daizell, r*	Pittsburg.		W. L. Jones, † r*	Yacoma.
23	Wm. H. Graham, r*	Allegheny.	WEST VIRGINIA.		
24	E. F. Acheson, r*	Washington.	1	B. B. Doveuer, r*	Wheeling.
25	J. B. Showalter, r*	Chicora.	2	A. G. Dayton, r*	Philippi.
26	A. Gaston, d*	Meadville.	3	D. E. Johnston, d	Bluefield.
27	Jos. C. Sibley, d*	Franklin.	4	R. H. Freer, r*	Harrisville.
28	James K. P. Hall, d	Ridgway.	WISCONSIN.		
RHODE ISLAND.			1	H. A. Cooper, r*	Racine.
1	Melville Burr, r*	Middleton.	2	H. B. Dahle, r	Mount Horeb.
2	A. P. Capron, r*	Smithfield.	3	Jos. W. Babcock, r*	Necedah.
SOUTH CAROLINA.			4	Th. bold Otjen, r*	Milwaukee.
1	William Elliott, d*	Beaufort.	5	S. S. Barney, r*	West Pond.
2	W. J. Talbert, d*	Clarksville.	6	J. H. Davidson, r*	Oshkosh.
3	A. C. Latimer, d*	Belton.	7	John J. Esch, r	La Crosse.
4	S. Wilson, d*	Spartanburg.	8	Ed. S. Minor, r*	Sturgeon Bay.
5	D. E. Fenley, d*	Yorkville.	9	Alex. Stewart, r*	Wausau.
6	James Norton d*	Mullins.	10	J. J. Jenkins, r*	Chippewa F'll-
7	J. W. Stokes, d*	Orangeburg.	WYOMING.		
SOUTH DAKOTA.				F. W. Mondell, † r	New Castle.
	R. J. Gamble, † r*	Yankton.			
	C. H. Burke, † r*	Pierre.			

† At large.

TERRITORIES.**ARIZONA.**

J. F. Wilson, d*.....Prescott.

NEW MEXICO.

Pedro Perea, r*.....Albuquerque.

OKLAHOMA.

Dennis Flynn, r*.....Guthrie.

REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS UNDER THE ELEVENTH CENSUS.

(* 356 MEMBERS.)

STATES	No. of Congressmen.	STATES.	No. of Congressmen.
Alabama (increase 1)	9	Montana	1
Arkansas (increase 1)	6	Nebraska (increase 3)	6
California (increase 1)	7	Nevada	1
Colorado (increase 1)	2	New Hampshire	2
Connecticut	4	New Jersey (increase 1)	8
Delaware	1	New York	34
Florida	2	North Carolina	9
Georgia (increase 1)	11	North Dakota	1
Idaho	1	Ohio	21
Illinois (increase 2)	22	Oregon (increase 1)	2
Indiana	13	Pennsylvania (increase 2)	20
Iowa	11	Rhode Island	2
Kansas (increase 1)	8	South Carolina	7
Kentucky	11	South Dakota	2
Louisiana	6	Tennessee	10
Maine	4	Texas (increase 2)	14
Maryland	6	Vermont	2
Massachusetts (increase 1)	13	Virginia	11
Michigan (increase 1)	12	Washington	2
Minnesota (increase 2)	7	West Virginia	4
Mississippi	7	Wisconsin (increase 1)	10
Missouri (increase 1)	15	Wyoming	1

* Under the tenth census the lower house contained 325 members. In this table the increase over the representation given by the tenth census, is put in parenthesis, thereby showing the states receiving increased representation under the present apportionment.

RATIO OF REPRESENTATION IN CONGRESS.

(1789 to 1863.)

Constitution	1789	Ratio.	30,000	Whole Number of Representatives	65
First census	1793	Ratio.	33,000	Whole Number of Representatives	105
Second census	1803	Ratio.	33,000	Whole Number of Representatives	141
Third census	1813	Ratio.	35,000	Whole Number of Representatives	181
Fourth census	1823	Ratio.	40,000	Whole Number of Representatives	213
Fifth census	1833	Ratio.	47,500	Whole Number of Representatives	240
Sixth census	1843	Ratio.	70,600	Whole Number of Representatives	224
Seventh census	1853	Ratio.	93,423	Whole Number of Representatives	254
Eighth census	1863	Ratio.	127,381	Whole Number of Representatives	244
Ninth census	1873	Ratio.	131,425	Whole Number of Representatives	283
Tenth census	1883	Ratio.	151,811	Whole Number of Representatives	325
Eleventh census ..	1893	Ratio.	173,901	Whole Number of Representatives	356

APPORTIONMENT OF REPRESENTATIVES

Under each census since the formation of the government.

States.	Admitted.	Under constitu- tion. Ratio 30,000.	First census. Ratio 33,000.	Second census. Ratio 33,000.	Third census. Ratio 35,000.	Fourth census. Ratio 40,000.	Fifth census. Ratio 47,700.	Sixth census. Ratio 70,000.	Seventh census. Ratio 81,423.	Eighth census. Ratio 127,351.	Ninth census. Ratio 131,425.	Tenth census. Ratio 151,911.	Eleventh census. Ratio 173,501.
Alabama	1819					3	5	7	7	6	8	9	9
Arkansas	1836							1	2	3	4	5	6
California	1850								2	3	4	5	6
Colorado	1876										1	2	3
Connecticut		5	7	7	7	6	6	4	4	4	4	4	4
Delaware		1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2
Florida	1845								1	1	2	2	2
Georgia		3	2	4	6	7	9	8	8	7	9	10	11
Idaho	1890												1
Illinois	1818					1	3	7	9	14	19	20	22
Indiana	1816					3	7	10	11	11	13	13	13
Iowa	1846								2	6	9	11	11
Kansas	1861										1	3	8
Kentucky	1792		2	6	10	12	13	10	10	9	10	11	11
Louisiana	1812					3	3	4	4	5	5	6	6
Maine	1820								7	8	8	8	4
Maryland		6	8	9	9	9	8	6	6	5	6	6	6
Massachusetts		8	14	17	20	13	12	10	11	10	11	12	13
Michigan	1837							3	4	6	9	11	12
Minnesota	1858								2	2	3	3	7
Mississippi	1817					1	2	4	5	5	6	7	7
Missouri	1821					1	2	5	7	9	13	14	15
Montana	1850												1
Nebraska	1867									1	1	3	6
Nevada	1864									1	1	1	1
New Hampshire		3	4	5	6	6	5	4	3	1	1	1	2
New Jersey		4	5	6	6	6	6	5	5	3	3	7	8
New York		6	10	17	27	34	40	34	33	31	33	34	34
North Carolina		5	10	12	13	13	13	9	8	7	8	9	9
North Dakota	1889												1
Ohio	1802				6	14	19	21	21	19	20	21	21
Oregon	1859								1	1	1	1	2
Pennsylvania		8	13	18	23	28	28	24	25	24	27	28	30
Rhode Island		1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
South Carolina		5	6	8	9	9	9	7	6	4	5	7	7
South Dakota	1889												2
Tennessee	1796			3	6	9	13	11	10	8	10	10	10
Texas	1845								2	4	6	11	13
Utah	1895												1
Vermont	1791		2	4	6	5	5	4	3	3	3	2	2
Virginia		10	19	22	23	22	21	15	13	11	9	10	10
Washington	1889												1
West Virginia	1863										3	4	4
Wisconsin	1848								3	6	8	9	10
Wyoming	1890											1	1
Total		65	105	141	181	213	240	223	234	243	203	332	387

PARTY DIVISIONS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, 55TH AND 56TH CONGRESSES.

STATES.	FIFTY-FIFTH CONGRESS.*			FIFTY-SIXTH CONGRESS.			STATES.	FIFTY-FIFTH CONGRESS.*			FIFTY-SIXTH CONGRESS.		
	Dem.	Rep.	Pop.	Dem.	Rep.	Pop.		Dem.	Rep.	Pop.	Dem.	Rep.	Pop.
Alabama	8	1	9	6	1	6	Nevada	2	1	1	1	2	1
Arkansas	6	1	6	6	1	6	New Hampshire	2	2	2	2	2	2
California	2	3	2	1	6	2	New Jersey	8	2	2	2	2	2
Colorado	2	2	2	2	2	2	New York	5	29	18	16	16	16
Connecticut	1	4	1	4	1	4	North Carolina	5	4	6	2	1	1
Delaware	1	1	1	1	1	1	North Dakota	1	1	1	1	1	1
Florida	2	2	2	2	2	2	Ohio	6	15	6	15	6	6
Georgia	11	11	11	11	11	11	Oregon	2	2	2	2	2	2
Idaho	1	1	1	1	1	1	Pennsylvania	3	27	10	20	10	10
Illinois	5	17	8	14	14	14	Rhode Island	2	2	2	2	2	2
Indiana	4	9	4	9	4	9	South Carolina	7	1	7	2	2	2
Iowa	2	11	2	11	2	11	South Dakota	1	1	1	2	2	2
Kansas	2	2	4	2	2	4	Tennessee	8	2	8	2	2	2
Kentucky	7	4	9	2	2	2	Texas	12	1	12	1	1	1
Louisiana	6	6	6	6	6	6	Utah	1	1	1	1	1	1
Maine	4	4	4	4	4	4	Vermont	2	2	2	2	2	2
Maryland	6	2	4	4	4	4	Virginia	8	2	10	2	2	2
Massachusetts	1	12	3	10	10	10	Washington	2	4	1	3	3	3
Michigan	2	10	12	12	12	12	West Virginia	4	1	10	1	1	1
Minnesota	7	7	7	7	7	7	Wisconsin	10	10	10	10	10	10
Mississippi	7	7	7	7	7	7	Wyoming	1	1	1	1	1	1
Missouri	13	3	12	3	3	3	Total	134†	206	16†	163	183	9**
Montana	1	1	1	1	1	1							
Nebraska	4	2	1	2	3	3							

* As constituted at the beginning of the first session. † Including 15 members classed as Fusionists. ‡ Including 3 members classed as Silver party. § There was one vacant seat (Missouri). ¶ Colorado, one Populist, one Silver party. ¶ The Nevada Representative is classed as Silver party. ** Seven Populists, 2 Silver party.

PARTY DIVISIONS

IN CONGRESS SINCE THE FORMATION OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY, IN 1856.

CONGRESSES.	Years.	SENATE.					HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.				
		Dem.	Rep. ²	Amer.	Union.	Ind.	Dem.	Rep.	Amer.	Union.	Ind.
XXXV.....	1857-1859	39	20	5	.....	.....	131	92	14	.....	.....
XXXVI.....	1859-1861	38	28	5	.....	.....	101	113	23	.....	.....
XXXVII.....	1861-1863	10	31	.....	2	.....	42	106	.....	28	.....
XXXVIII.....	1863-1865	9	36	.....	5	.....	75	102	.....	.....	9
XXXIX.....	1865-1867	11	41	.....	.....	.....	40	145	.....	.....	.....
XL.....	1867-1869	11	42	.....	.....	.....	69	143	.....	.....	.....
XLI.....	1869-1871	11	58	.....	.....	.....	78	151	.....	.....	.....
XLII.....	1871-1873	17	57	.....	.....	.....	103	138	.....	.....	5 ³
XLIII.....	1873-1875	20	47	.....	7 ³	.....	92	191	.....	.....	1 ⁴
XLIV.....	1875-1877	29	43	.....	2 ³	.....	168	107	.....	.....	.....
XLV.....	1877-1879	39	36	.....	1 ³	.....	151	142	.....	.....	.....
XLVI.....	1879-1881	44	32	.....	.....	.....	148	129	.....	.....	16 ³
XLVII.....	1881-1883	38	37	.....	1 ⁴	.....	138	146	.....	.....	10 ³
XLVIII.....	1883-1885	36	40 ³	.....	.....	.....	188	124	.....	.....	1 ³
XLIX.....	1885-1887	34	42	.....	.....	.....	204	120	.....	.....	1 ³
L.....	1887-1889	37	39	.....	.....	.....	168	153	.....	.....	4
LI.....	1889-1891	37	39	.....	.....	.....	159	166	.....	.....	.....
LII.....	1891-1893	39	47	.....	2 ³	.....	236	88	.....	.....	8 ³
LIII.....	1893-1895	44	38	.....	3 ³	.....	220	126	.....	.....	8 ³
LIV.....	1895-1897	39	42	.....	5 ³	.....	104	246	.....	.....	7 ³
LV.....	1897-1899	34	45	.....	10 ³	.....	131 ³	203	.....	.....	161 ³
LVI.....	1899-1901	28	55	.....	91 ¹	.....	163	185	.....	.....	91 ³

Parties as constituted at the beginning of each Congress are given. These figures were liable to change by contests for seats. ¹ During the Civil war most of the Southern States were unrepresented in Congress. ² Liberal Republicans. ³ Greenbackers. ⁴ David Davis, Independent, of Illinois. ⁵ Two Virginia Senators were Readjusters, and voted with the Republicans. ⁶ People's party, except that in the House of Representatives of the Fifty-fourth Congress one member is classed as Silver party. ⁷ Three Senate seats were vacant (and continued so) and two Representative seats were unfilled (Rhode Island had not yet effected a choice) when the session began. Rhode Island subsequently elected two Republicans. ⁸ Seven Populists, three Silver Republicans, one Silver Fusionist. ⁹ Including fifteen members classed as Fusionists. ¹⁰ Including three members classed as Silver party. There is one vacancy. ¹¹ Four Populists, two Silver party, two Independents, one Fusionist. ¹² Seven Populists, two Silver party.

FOREIGN LEGATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES.

Countries.	Name.	Rank.
Argentina.....	Dr. Martin Merou	E. E. and M. P.
	Senor Antonio del Viso	Secretary of Legation.
Austria-Hungary ...	Mr. L. H. Von Hengevar	E. E. and M. P.
	Baron Franz Riedl von Riedenau... ..	Secretary of Legation.
Belgium	Count G. de Lichtervelde	E. E. and M. P.
	Mr. Maurice Joostens	Counselor of Legation.
	Baron Raymond Nothomb	Secretary of Legation.
Bolivia.....	Senor Luis Paz	E. E. and M. P.
Brazil	Mr. J. F. de Assis Brasil	E. E. and M. P.
	Mr. Manoel de Oliveira Lima	First Secretary.
Chili	Senor Don Carlos Morla Vicuna	E. E. and M. P.
	Senor Don Eliodoro Infante	First Secretary.
China	Mr. Wu Ting-fang	E. E. and M. P.
	Mr. Shen Tung	First Secretary.
Colombia	Senor Don Jose M. Hurtado	E. E. and M. P.
	Senor Don Julio Rengifo	Secretary of Legation.
Costa Rica.....	Senor Don Joaquin B. Calvo	E. E. and M. P.
	Senor Don Luis Yglesias	Attache.
Denmark.....	Mr. Constantin Brun	E. E. and M. P.
Dominican Republic	Senor Don Alejandro Wos y Gil	Charge d'Affaires.
	Senor Don Perry Allen	Counselor, Legation.
Ecuador	Senor Don Luis Felipe Carbo	E. E. and M. P.
France	Mr. Jules Cambon	A. E. and P.
	Mr. Eugene Thiebaut	First Sec. and Charge d'Aff.
Germany.....	Herr Von Holleben	A. E. and P.
	Freiherr Speck von Sternberg	Counselor and First Sec'y.
Great Britain.....	Sir J. Pauncefoot, G. C. B., G. C. M. G.	A. E. and P.
	Mr. Godfrey Bland	First Secretary.
Guatemala.....	Senor Don Antonio Lazo Arriaga	E. E. and M. P.
	Dr. Joaquin Yola jr	Secretary.
Haiti.....	Mr. J. N. Leger	E. E. and M. P.
	Mr. Alfred Leger	Attache.
Italy	Baron de Fava	A. E. and P.
	Count Vinci	First Sec'y and Charge d'Aff.
Japan.....	Mr. Jutaro Komura	E. E. and M. P.
	Mr. Tsune Jiro Nakagawa	First Secretary.
Korea	Mr. Chin Pom Ye	E. E. and M. P.
	Mr. Tam E. Ye	Secretary.
Mexico.....	Senor Don Jose F. Godoy	First Sec'y and Charge d'Aff.
	Senor Don Enrique Santibanez	Second Secretary.
Netherlands	Mr. G. de Weckherlin	E. E. and M. P.
Portugal.....	Viscount de Santo Thyrso	E. E. and M. P.
Russia	Comte Cassini	A. E. and P.
	Mr. de Wollant	First Secretary.
Siam	Phya Visudaha	E. E. and M. P.
	Mr. Fred W. Vernay	Counselor.
Sweden and Norway	Mr. A. Grip	E. E. and M. P.
	Mr. G. V. T. de Strale	Secretary.
Switzerland.....	Mr. J. B. Pioda	E. E. and M. P.
	Mr. Walter Deucher	Sec. and Charge d'Affaires.
Turkey.....	Ali Ferrough Bey	E. E. and M. P.
	Adhem Bey	First Secretary of Legation.
Venezuela.	Senor Don Jose Andrade	E. E. and M. P.
	Senor Don Manuel M. Ponte, Jr.	Secretary.

UNITED STATES DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR SERVICE.

JANUARY 12, 1899.

EXPLANATION—A. E. and P., Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary; E. E. and M. P., Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary; M. R., Minister Resident; M. R. and C. G., Minister Resident and Consul-General.

Country.	Representative.	Location.	Appointed from	Salary.
Argentina	William I. Buchanan, E. E. & M. P. Francis S. Jones, Sec. Leg.	Buenos Ayres Buenos Ayres	Iowa..... Louisiana.....	\$10,000 1,500
Austria-Hungary	Chas. V. Herdlika, Sec. of Leg.	Vienna .....	.....	10,000
Belgium	Bellamy Storer, E. E. & M. P.	Vienna	Dist. of Colum	1,800
Bolivia	George H. Bridgman, E. E. & M. P.	Brussels.....	Ohio.....	7,500
Brazil	Charles Page Bryan, E. E. & M. P.	La Paz.....	New Jersey....	5,000
Chile	Thos C. Dawson, Sec. of Leg. Henry L. Wilson, E. E. & M. P.	Rio de Jan'ro Rio de Jan'ro	Illinois	12,000
China	Henry J. Londerink, Sec. of Leg.	Santiago.....	Iowa.....	1,800
Colombia	Edwin H. Colger, E. E. & M. P. H. G. Squiers, Sec. of Leg. Charles Burdett Hart, E. E. & M. P.	Santiago..... Peking..... Peking.....	Washington...	10,000 1,500 12,000 2,625
Costa Rica	James C. McNally, Sec. of Leg. and C. G. William L. Merry, E. E. & M. P.	Bogota..... Bogota.....	West Virginia Pennsylvania ..	10,000 2,000
Denmark	Rufus A. Lane, Sec. of Leg. Laurits S. Swenson, E. E. & M. P.	San Jose..... San Jose.....	..... .....	10,000
Ecuador	Archibald J. Sampson, E. E. & M. P.	Copenhagen..	Minnesota.....	7,500
France	Horace Porter, A. E. & P. Henry Vignand, Sec. of Em.	Quito..... Paris..... Paris.....	Arizona..... New York..... Louisiana.....	5,000 17,500 2,625
German Empire..	Andrew D. White, A. E. & P. John B. Jackson, Sec. of Em.	Berlin..... Berlin.....	New York..... New Jersey....	17,500 2,625
Great Britain ..	Joseph H. Choate, A. E. & P. Henry White, Sec. of Em.	London..... London.....	New York..... Rhode Island ..	17,500 2,625
Greece,Roumania, and Servia.....	William Woodville Rockhill, E. E. and M. P. and C. G.	Athens.....	Dist. of Col...	6,500
Guatemala and Honduras	W. Godfrey Hunter, E. E. and M. P. Arthur M. Beaupre, Sec. of Leg. and C. G.	Guatemala City..... Guatemala City.....	Kentucky.....	10,000
Haiti.....	William F. Powell, E. E. & M. P., also Chargé d'Affaires.	Port au Prince	Illinois	2,000
Italy	William F. Draper, A. E. & P. Lewis Morris Iddings, Sec. of Em.	Rome	New Jersey....	5,000
Japan	Alfred E. Buck, E. E. & M. P. Joseph R. Herod, Sec. of Leg.	Tokyo	Massachusetts	12,000
Korea	Horace N. Allen, M. R. & C. G. William F. Sands, Sec. of Leg.	Tokyo	New York.....	1,800
Liberia	Owen L. W. Smith, M. R. & C. G. James Robt. Spurgeon, Sec. of Leg.	Seoul	Georgia.....	12,000
Mexico.....	Powell Clayton, A. E. & P. Fenton R. McCreary, Sec. of Leg.	Seoul	Indiana.....	2,625
The Netherlands..	Stanford Nowel, E. E. & M. P. Maj. James N. Wheelan, Milit. At.	Monrovia	Ohio.....	7,500
		Monrovia	Dist. of Col...	1,500
		Mexico	N. Carolina...	4,000
		Mexico .....	.....	1,500
		The Hague...	Arkansas.....	17,500
			Michigan.....	2,625
			Minnesota.....	7,500

UNITED STATES DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR SERVICE—Con.

Country.	Representative.	Location.	Appointed from	Salary.
Nicaragua and Salvador.....	William L. Merry, E. E. & M. P.	(See Costa Rica)		
	John F. Baker, Sec. of Leg.	Managua.....		
Paraguay and Uruguay.....	William R. Finch, E. E. & M. P.	Montevideo, Uruguay...	Wisconsin.....	\$7,500
Persia	Arthur S. Hardy, M. R. & C. G.	Teheran.....	New Hampshire.....	5,000
	John Tyler, Interpreter			
Peru	Irving B. Dudley, E. E. & M. P.	Lima.....	California.....	10,000
	Richard R. Neill, Sec. of Leg.	Lima.....	Pennsylvania.....	1,500
Portugal	L. Townsend, E. E. & M. P.	Lisbon.....	Pennsylvania.....	5,000
	Lieut. S. L. H. Slocum, Mil. At.			
Russia	Charlomme Tower, A. E. & P.	St. Petersburg.....	Pennsylvania.....	17,500
	H. H. D. Pierce, Sec. of Em.	St. Petersburg.....	Massachusetts.....	2,625
Siam	Hamilton King, M. R. & C. G.	Bangkok.....	Michigan.....	5,000
	James A. Chivers, Interpreter			
Spain	Stanton Sickles*, Sec. of Leg.	Madrid.....		
Sweden and Norway	W. W. Thomas, Jr., E. E. & M. P.	Stockholm ..	Maine.....	7,500
Switzerland	J. G. A. Leishman, E. E. & M. P.	Berne.....	Pennsylvania.....	5,000
	Lieut. J. R. Williams, Mil. At.			
Turkey	Oscar S. Straus, E. E. & M. P.	Constantin'le.....	New York.....	10,000
	John W. Riddle, Sec. of Leg.	Constantin'le.....	Minnesota.....	1,800
Venezuela	F. B. Loomis, E. E. & M. P.	Caracas.....	Ohio.....	7,500
	W. W. Russell, Sec. of Leg.	Caracas.....	Maryland.....	1,500
Egypt	Thomas S. Harrison, A. & C. G.	Cairo.....		

*Note.—The diplomatic and consular officers of the United States in Spanish dominion have been withdrawn since the war with Spain.

CONSULS-GENERAL AND CONSULS, AGENTS AND CONSULAR AGENTS.

Place.	Name.	State.	Salary.
ARGENTINE REPUBLIC—			
Buenos Ayres.....	Daniel Mayer.....	West Virginia.....	\$2,500
Cordoba	J. M. Thome.....	Argen.....	Fees
Rosario	James M. Ayers.....	Ohio	Fees
AUSTRIA-HUNGARY—			
Budapest, Hungary.....	Frank Dyer Chester...	Massachusetts	Fees
Prague, Bohemia	Hugo Donzelmann.....	Wyoming	3,000
Reichenberg, Bohemia	Frank W. Mahin	Iowa	2,500
Trieste, Austria.....	Frederick W. Hossfeld...	Iowa	2,000
Vienna, Austria.....	Carl Bailey Hurst.....	Lis. of Columbia....	3,500
BELGIUM—			
Antwerp	George F. Lincoln.....	Connecticut.....	3,000
Brussels	George W. Roosevelt....	Pennsylvania.....	2,500
Ghent .....	.....	.....	1,000
Liege	Alfred A. Winslow.....	Indiana	1,500
BOLIVIA—			
La Paz.....	Gerard O. Zalles.....	Bolivia	Fees
BRAZIL—			
Bahia	Henry W. Furniss.....	Indiana.....	2,000
Para	K. K. Kennedy	Mississippi	2,000
Pernambuco	Benjamin F. Clark.....	New Hampshire	2,000
Rio de Janeiro.....	Eugene Seeger	Illinois.....	5,000
Santos .....	.....	.....	2,500
CHILE—			
Antofagasta	Charles C. Greene.....	Rhode Island.....	Fees
Arica.....	David Simpson.....	Chile	Fees
Cochimbo	Andrew Kerr.....	Chile	Fees
Iquique	Joseph W. Merriam.....	Massachusetts	Fees
Valparaiso.....	John F. Caples	Oregon	3,000
CHINA—			
Amoy.....	Anson B. Johnson.....	Colorado	3,500
Canton	Edward Bedloe.....	Pennsylvania	3,500
Chefoo	John Fowler	Massachusetts	2,500
Chinkiang	William Martin	New York	3,000
Fuchau	Samuel L. Gracey	Massachusetts	3,000
Hankau	Levi S. Wilcox	Illinois	3,000
Niuchwang	J. J. F. Bandinel.....	China	Fees
Shanghai	John Goodnow	Minnesota	5,000
Tien-Tsin	Jas. W. Ragsdale.....	California	3,500
COLUMBIA—			
Barranquilla	W. Irvin Shaw	Pennsylvania	2,000
Bogota	James McNally.....	Pennsylvania	2,000
Cartagena	Ralph Madrigal	Maryland	Fees
Colon (Aspinwall).....	William W. Cobbs.....	Virginia	3,000
Medellin	Thomas Herran	Colombia	Fees
Panama.....	Hezekiah A. Gudger....	North Carolina	4,000
COSTA RICA—			
San Jose.....	John C. Caldwell.....	Kansas.....	2,000
DENMARK AND DOMINIONS—			
Copenhagen	John C. Ingersoll.....	Illinois.....	1,500
St. Thomas, W. I.....	Mahlon Van Horne.....	Rhode Island	2,500
DOMINICAN REPUBLIC—			
Puerto Plata	Thomas Simpson.....	Rhode Island.....	Fees
Samana	Jean M. Villain.....	D. R.	Fees
Santo Domingo.....	Campbell L. Maxwell....	Ohio	2,000
ECUADOR—			
Guayaquil.....	Perry M. DeLeon.....	Georgia	3,000
FRANCE AND DOMINIONS—			
Algiers, Africa.....	Charles T. Grellet	California	Fees

CONSULS-GENERAL, CONSULS, ETC.—Continued.

Place.	Name.	State.	Salary.
FRANCE AND DOMINIONS-CON			
Bordeaux.....	Albion W. Tourgee.....	New York.....	\$3,000
Calais.....	James B. Milner.....	Indiana.....	2,000
Cognac.....	James H. Worman.....	New York.....	.....
Goree-Dakar, Africa.....	Peter Strickland.....	Connecticut.....	Fees
Grenoble.....	George B. Anderson.....	Dist. Columbia.....	1,500
Guadeloupe Island, W. I.....	Louis H. Ayne.....	Illinois.....	1,500
Harro.....	Alexander M. Thackara.....	Pennsylvania.....	3,500
Limoges.....	Walter T. Griffin.....	New York.....	1,500
Lyons.....	John C. Covert.....	Ohio.....	2,500
Marseilles.....	Robert P. Skinner.....	Ohio.....	2,500
Martinique, W. I.....	George L. Darte.....	Pennsylvania.....	1,500
Nantes.....	Joseph I. Brittain.....	Ohio.....	1,000
Nice.....	Harold S. Van Buren.....	New Jersey.....	1,500
Noumea, New Caledonia.....	Paul E. Wolf.....	New Jersey.....	Fees
Paris.....	John K. Gowdy.....	Indiana.....	5,000
Rheims.....	Wm. A. Prickett.....	New Jersey.....	2,000
Roubaix.....	William P. Atwell.....	District of Columbia.....	2,000
Rouen.....	H. R. Bigelow.....	Pennsylvania.....	Fees
Saigon, Cochin China.....	Edward Schneegans.....	Saigon.....	Fees
St. Bartholomew, W. I.....	R. Burton Dinzey.....	Pennsylvania.....	Fees
St. Etienne.....	Hilary S. Brunet.....	Pennsylvania.....	2,000
St. Pierre, Pierre Island.....	Charles M. Freeman.....	New Hampshire.....	Fees
Tahiti, Society Islands.....	Jacob L. Doty.....	New York.....	1,000
Tamatave, Madagascar.....	Mifflin W. Gibbs.....	Arkansas.....	2,000
Tunis, Africa.....	Alfred Chapolie.....	Tunis.....	Fees
GERMANY—			
Aix-la-Chapelle.....	Frank M. Brundage.....	Pennsylvania.....	2,500
Annaberg.....	John F. Winter.....	Illinois.....	2,500
Bamberg.....	Louis Stern.....	Minnesota.....	2,000
Barmen.....	Max Bouchsein.....	Illinois.....	3,000
Berlin.....	Frank H. Mason.....	Ohio.....	4,000
Bremen.....	Louis Lange.....	Illinois.....	2,500
Breslau.....	Chas. W. Erdman.....	Kentucky.....	1,500
Brunswick.....	Talbot J. Albert.....	Maryland.....	2,000
Chemnitz.....	James C. Monaghan.....	Rhode Island.....	2,500
Cologne.....	John A. Barnes.....	Illinois.....	2,000
Crefeld.....	Julian Phelps.....	Iowa.....	2,000
Dresden.....	Chas. L. Cole.....	Pennsylvania.....	3,000
Dusseldorf.....	George P. Pettit.....	Pennsylvania.....	2,000
Frankfort.....	Richard Guenther.....	Wisconsin.....	3,000
Freiburg, Baden.....	E. Theophilus Liefeld.....	Connecticut.....	1,500
Glauchau.....	George Sawyer.....	Connecticut.....	2,000
Hamburg.....	Hugh Pitcairn.....	Pennsylvania.....	2,500
Hanover.....	William K. Anderson.....	Michigan.....	1,500
Kehl.....	Max J. Baehr.....	Nebraska.....	1,500
Leipzig.....	Bratnard H. Warner.....	Maryland.....	2,000
Magdeburg.....	Henry W. Diederich.....	District Columbia.....	2,000
Mannheim.....	Walter J. Hoffman.....	District Columbia.....	1,500
Munich.....	George G. Pierie.....	Pennsylvania.....	1,500
Nuremberg.....	Gustav C. E. Weber.....	Ohio.....	3,000
Plauen.....	Thomas W. Peters.....	District Columbia.....	2,500
Stettin.....	John E. Kehl.....	Ohio.....	1,000
Stuttgart.....	Edward H. Ozmun.....	Minnesota.....	2,500
Weimar.....	Thomas E. Moore.....	District Columbia.....	2,000
Zittau.....	Wm. K. Herzog.....	Illinois.....	1,500
GREAT BRITAIN AND DOMINIONS—			
Aden, Arabia.....	Edwin S. Cunningham.....	Tennessee.....	Fees
Amherstburg, Ont.....	Chester W. Martin.....	Michigan.....	1,500
Antigua, W. I.....	Henry M. Hunt.....	Illinois.....	1,500
Auckland, N. Z.....	Frank Dillingham.....	California.....	2,000
Barbados, W. I.....	Samuel A. Macallister.....	Delaware.....	2,000
Bathurst, Africa.....	Henry Goldard.....	.....	Fees
Belfast, Ireland.....	William W. Touvelle.....	Ohio.....	3,000
Belize, Honduras.....	William L. Avery.....	Montana.....	1,500
Belleville, Ontario.....	Michael J. Hendrick.....	New York.....	2,500
Birmingham, England.....	Marshall Halstead.....	New York.....	2,000
Bombay, India.....	Haus J. Smith.....	South Dakota.....	2,000
Bradford, England.....	Erastus Sheldon Day.....	Connecticut.....	3,000
Bristol, England.....	Lorin A. Lathrop.....	California.....	1,500
Bruckville, Ont.....	Charles W. Merriman.....	Wisconsin.....	1,500

CONSULS-GENERAL, CONSULS, ETC.—Continued.

Place.	Name.	State.	Salary.
GREAT BRITAIN AND DOMINIONS—Con.			
Calcutta, India.....	Robert F. Patterson.....	Tennessee.....	\$5,000
Cape Town, Africa.....	James G. Stowe.....	Missouri.....	3,000
Cardiff, Wales.....	Daniel T. Phillips.....	Illinois.....	2,000
Ceylon, India.....	William Morey.....	Maine.....	1,500
Charlottetown, P. E. I.....	Delmar J. Vall.....	Vermont.....	1,500
Chatham, Ont.....	Charles E. Monteith.....	Idaho.....	2,000
Clifton, Ont.....	Harlan W. Brush.....	New York.....	1,500
Coaticook, Quebec.....	Joel Linsley.....	Vermont.....	1,500
Collingwood, Ont.....	William Small.....	District Columbia.....	Fees
Cork (Queenstown).....	Daniel Swiney.....	Ohio.....	2,000
Demerara, Guiana.....	George H. Moulton.....	Colorado.....	3,000
Dublin, Ireland.....	Joshua Wilbourn.....	Rhode Island.....	2,000
Dundee, Scotland.....	John C. Higgins.....	Delaware.....	2,500
Dunfermline, Scotland.....	John N. McCunn.....	Wisconsin.....	2,000
Edinburg, Scotland.....	Rufus Fleming.....	Ohio.....	2,500
Falmouth, England.....	Howard Fox.....	England.....	Fees
Fort Erie, Ont.....	Ossian Bedell.....	New York.....	1,500
Gaspé Basin, Quebec.....	Almar F. Dickson.....	Massachusetts.....	1,000
Gibraltar, Spain.....	Horatio J. Sprague.....	Massachusetts.....	1,500
Glasgow, Scotland.....	Samuel M. Taylor.....	Ohio.....	3,000
Goderich, Ont.....	Robert S. Chilton.....	District of Columbia.....	1,500
Guelph, Ont.....	Charles N. Daly.....	New Jersey.....	1,500
Halifax, N. S.....	John G. Foster.....	Vermont.....	3,500
Hamilton, Bermuda.....	W. Maxwell Greene.....	Rhode Island.....	2,000
Hamilton, Ont.....	James M. Shepard.....	Michigan.....	2,000
Hobart, Tasmania.....	Alexander G. Webster.....	Tasmania.....	Fees
Hong Kong, China.....	Rounsevelle Wildman.....	California.....	5,000
Huddersfield, England.....	Benjamin F. Stone.....	Ohio.....	2,500
Hull, England.....	William P. Smyth.....	Missouri.....	1,500
Kingston, Jamaica.....	Louis A. Dent.....	District Columbia.....	3,000
Kingston, Ont.....	Marshall H. Twitchell.....	Louisiana.....	1,500
Leeds, England.....	Lewis Dexter.....	Rhode Island.....	2,000
Liverpool, England.....	James Boyle.....	Ohio.....	5,000
London, England.....	William M. Osborne.....	Massachusetts.....	5,000
London, Ont.....	Henry S. Cuvert.....	Ohio.....	1,500
Malta (island).....	John H. Grout, Jr.....	Massachusetts.....	1,500
Manchester, England.....	William F. Grinnell.....	New York.....	3,000
Melbourne, Australia.....	John P. Bray.....	North Dakota.....	4,500
Moncton, N. B.....	Gustave Bentelspacher.....	Ohio.....	Fees
Montreal, Quebec.....	John L. Bittinger.....	Missouri.....	4,000
Morrisburgh, Ont.....	John E. Hamilton.....	Kentucky.....	1,500
Nassau, N. P.....	Thomas J. McLain.....	Ohio.....	2,000
Newcastle, England.....	Horace W. Metcalf.....	Maine.....	2,000
Newcastle, N. S. W.....	Frederick W. Goding.....	Illinois.....	Fees
Nottingham, England.....	William T. Cartright.....	England.....	Fees
Orillia, Ont.....	Ernest A. Wakefield.....	Maine.....	Fees
Ottawa, Ont.....	Charles E. Turner.....	Connecticut.....	3,000
Palmerston, Ont.....	Loton S. Hunt.....	New York.....	Fees
Plymouth, England.....	Joseph G. Stephens.....	Indiana.....	Fees
Port Antonio, Jamaica.....	Nicholas R. Snyder.....	Pennsylvania.....	Fees
Port Hope, Ont.....	Harry P. Dill.....	Maine.....	1,500
Port Louis, Mauritius.....	John P. Campbell.....	California.....	2,000
Port Rowan, Ont.....	George B. Killmaster.....	Michigan.....	Fees
Port Sarua, Ont.....	Neal McMillan.....	Michigan.....	1,500
Port Stanley, F. I.....	John E. Rowen.....	Iowa.....	1,500
Prescott, Ont.....	Grenville James.....	New York.....	1,500
Quebec.....	William W. Henry.....	Vermont.....	2,500
Rimouski, Quebec.....	Chas. A. Boardman.....	Maine.....	Fees
Sault Ste. Marie, Ont.....	Geo. W. Shotts.....	Michigan.....	Fees
Sheffield, England.....	James Johnson.....	New Jersey.....	2,500
Sherbrooke, Que.....	Paul Lange.....	New Hampshire.....	2,000
Sierre Leone, Africa.....	John T. Williams.....	North Carolina.....	1,500
Singapore, S. S.....	E. Spencer Pratt.....	Alabama.....	3,000
Southampton, England.....	John E. Hopley.....	Ohio.....	2,500
St. Helena (island).....	Robert P. Pooley.....	New York.....	1,500
St. Hyacinthe, Quebec.....	Joseph M. Authier.....	Rhode Island.....	1,500
St. John, N. B.....	Ira B. Myers.....	Indiana.....	2,000
St. John's, N. F.....	Martin J. Carter.....	Pennsylvania.....	1,500
St. John's, Quebec.....	Charles Deal.....	New York.....	1,500
St. Stephen, N. B.....	Chas. A. McCullough.....	Maine.....	1,500
Stanbridge, Quebec.....	Henry A. Burt.....	Vermont.....	Fees
Stratford, Ont.....	Augustus G. Seyfert.....	Pennsylvania.....	1,500

CONSULS-GENERAL, CONSULS, ETC.—Continued.

Place.	Name.	State.	Salary.
GREAT BRITAIN AND DOMINIONS—Con.			
Suva, Fiji.....	Alexander B. Joske.....	Fiji.....	Fees
Swansea, Wales.....	Griffith W. Frees.....	Wisconsin.....	\$2,500
Sydney, N. S.....	George N. West.....	District Columbia.....	1,500
Three Rivers, Quebec.....	Urbain J. Ledoux.....	Maine.....	1,000
Toronto, Ont.....	William L. Sewell.....	Ohio.....	2,000
Trinidad, W. I.....	Alvin Smith.....	Ohio.....	2,000
Tunstall, England.....	William H. Bradley.....	Illinois.....	2,500
Turk's Island, W. I.....	Henry H. Ellis.....	California.....	Fees
Vancouver, B. C.....	L. Edwin Dudley.....	Massachusetts.....	2,000
Victoria.....	Abraham E. Smith.....	Illinois.....	2,500
Wallaceburgh, Ont.....	Isaac G. Worden.....	Michigan.....	1,500
Windsor, N. S.....	Joseph T. Hoke.....	West Virginia.....	1,000
Windsor, Ont.....	Julius G. Lay.....	District Columbia.....	1,500
Winnipeg, Manitoba.....	Wm. H. H. Graham.....	Indiana.....	1,500
Woodstock, N. B.....	Frank C. Denison.....	Vermont.....	1,500
Yarmouth, N. S.....	Radcliffe H. Ford.....	Maine.....	1,500
GREECE—Athens.....			
Patras.....	Daniel E. McGinley.....	Wisconsin.....	2,500
	Alonzo C. Yates.....	Virginia.....	1,000
GUATEMALA—Guatemala.....			
	Arthur M. Boaupre.....	Illinois.....	2,000
HAITI—Cape Haitien.....			
Port-au-Prince.....	Lemuel W. Livingston.....	Florida.....	1,000
	John B. Terres.....	Haiti.....	
HONDURAS—			
Tegucigalpa.....	Frederick H. Allison.....	New York.....	2,000
Utilla.....	Benjamin Johnston.....	Iowa.....	1,000
ITALY—			
Castellamare di Stabia.....	Joseph E. Hayden.....	District Columbia.....	1,500
Catania.....	Alexander Heingartner.....	Ohio.....	1,000
Florence.....	Edward C. Cramer.....	Wisconsin.....	1,500
Genoa.....	James Fletcher.....	Iowa.....	1,500
Leghorn.....	James A. Smith.....	Vermont.....	1,500
Messina.....	Charles M. Caughy.....	Maryland.....	1,500
Milan.....	William Jarvis.....	New Hampshire.....	1,500
Naples.....	A. Homer Byington.....	Connecticut.....	1,500
Palermo.....	Church Howe.....	Nebraska.....	2,000
Rome.....	Hector de Castro.....	New York.....	3,000
Turin.....	Percy McElrath.....	New York.....	1,000
Venice.....	Henry A. Johnson.....	District Columbia.....	1,500
JAPAN—Nagasaki.....			
	Charles B. Harris.....	Indiana.....	3,000
Osaka and Hiogo (Kobe).....	Samuel S. Lyon.....	New Jersey.....	3,000
Tamsui, Formosa.....	James W. Davidson.....	Minnesota.....	1,500
Yokohama.....	John F. Gowey.....	Washington.....	4,000
KOREA—Seoul.....			
	Horace N. Allen.....	Ohio.....	7,500
LIBERIA—Monrovia.....			
	Owen L. W. Smith.....	North Carolina.....	4,000
MASKAT—Maskat.....			
			Fees
MEXICO—Acapulco.....			
	George W. Dickinson.....	New York.....	2,000
Chihuahua.....	William W. Mills.....	Texas.....	Fees
Ciudad Juarez.....	Charles W. Kidrick.....	Louisiana.....	2,500
Ciudad Porfirio, Diaz.....	Chas. P. Synder.....	West Virginia.....	2,000
Durango.....	Walter H. Faulkner.....	Texas.....	Fees
Ensenada.....			Fees
La Paz.....	Elias H. Cheney.....	New Hampshire.....	Fees
Matamoros.....	P. Merrill Griffith.....	Ohio.....	1,500
Mazatlan.....	Louis Kaiser.....	Illinois.....	1,500
Mexico.....	Andrew D. Barlow.....	Missouri.....	4,000
Monterey.....	John K. Pollard.....	Ohio.....	2,500
Nogales.....	James F. Darnell.....	Indiana.....	1,500
Nuevo Laredo.....	Robert Butler Mahone.....	Virginia.....	1,500
Progreso.....	Edward H. Thompson.....	Massachusetts.....	1,500
Saltillo.....	Charles Burr Towle.....	New Hampshire.....	Fees
Tampico.....	Samuel E. Magill.....	Illinois.....	2,000
Tuxpan.....	Abraham B. Jones.....	Alabama.....	Fees
Veracruz.....	William W. Canada.....	Indiana.....	3,000

CONSULS-GENERAL, CONSULS, ETC.—Continued.

Place.	Name.	State.	Salary.
MOROCCO—Tangier	Samuel Gunmore	New Jersey	\$2,000
NETHERLANDS AND DOMINIONS—Amsterdam	George J. Corey	Illinois	1,500
Batavia, Java	Sidney B. Everett	Massachusetts	1,000
Curacao, W. I.	Leonard B. Smith	Maine	2,000
Rotterdam	Soren Listoe	Minnesota	2,000
St. Martin, W. I.	Diedric C. Van Romondt	St. Mar.	Fees
NICARAGUA—Managua	Chester Donaldson	New York	2,000
San Juan del Norte	William B. Sorsby	Mississippi	2,000
PARAGUAY—Asuncion	John N. Ruffin	Tennessee	1,500
PERSIA—Teheran	Arthur S. Hardy	New Hampshire	5,000
PERU—Callao	William B. Dickey	Louisiana	3,500
PORTUGAL AND DOMINIONS—Funchal, Madeira	Thos. C. Jones	Kentucky	1,500
Lisbon	Jacob H. Theriot	New York	Fees
Lourenco, Marquez	W. Stanley Hollis	Massachusetts	2,000
St. Michael's, Azores	G. H. Pickereil	Ohio	1,500
ROUMANIA—Bucharest	Wm. G. Boxshall	Roum	
RUSSIA—Batun	James C. Chambers	New York	Fees
Moscow	Thomas Smith	New Jersey	Fees
Olessa	Thomas E. Heenan	Minnesota	2,000
Riga	Niels P. A. Boraholdt	Russia	Fees
St. Petersburg	William R. Holloway	Indiana	3,000
Vladivostok	Richard T. Greener	New York	2,500
Warsaw	Joseph Rawicz	Russia	Fees
SALVADOR—San Salvador	John Jenkins	Nebraska	2,000
SAMOA—Apia	Luther W. Osborn	Nebraska	3,000
SIAM—Bangkok	Hamilton King	Michigan	5,000
SOUTH AFRICAN REPUBLIC—Pretoria	Charles E. Macrum	Ohio	2,000
SPAIN AND DOMINIONS*—Baracoa, Cuba	Perry Glascock	Indiana	2,000
Barcelona	Herbert W. Bowen	New York	3,000
Cadiz	John Howell Carroll	Maryland	1,500
Cardenas, Cuba	German Bille	New York	1,500
Cienfuegos, Cuba	William T. Fee	Ohio	2,500
Coruna	Julio Harmony	New York	Fees
Garrucha	Jose Garcia Sues	Spain	Fees
Madrid	Ignacio F. Hernandez	Spain	Fees
Malaga	Richard M. Bartleman	Massachusetts	1,500
Manila, Philippines	Oscar F. Williams	New York	2,000
Matanzas, Cuba	Henry D. Saylor	Pennsylvania	3,000
Nuevitas	Henry Seymour	Pennsylvania	1,500
Sagua la Grande, Cuba	Walter B. Barker	Mississippi	2,000
Santiago de Cuba	Pulaski F. Hyatt	Pennsylvania	2,500
Teneriffe, Canary Islands	Sol Berliner	New York	Fees
SWEDEN AND NORWAY—Bergen, Norway	Victor E. Nelson	California	Fees
Christiania, Norway	Henry Bordewich	Minnesota	1,000
Gothemburg, Sweden	Robert S. S. Bergh	North Dakota	1,500
Stockholm, Sweden	Edward D. Winslow	Illinois	1,500
SWITZERLAND—Aarau	Henry H. Morgan	Louisiana	2,000
Basel	George Gifford	Maine	3,000
Berne	Adolph L. Frankenthal	Massachusetts	Fees
Geneva	Benjamin H. Ridgely	Kentucky	1,500

*The diplomatic and consular officers of the United States in Spanish dominions have been withdrawn during the continuance of the war with Spain.

CONSULS-GENERAL, CONSULS, ETC.—Continued.

Place.	Name.	State.	Salary.
SWITZERLAND—Con.			
St. Gall.....	Jas. T. DuBois.....	Pennsylvania.....	\$3,000
Zurich.....	Adam Lieberknecht.....	Illinois.....	2,000
TONGA—Nukualofa.....			
	Luther W. Osborn.....	Nebraska.....	.....
TURKEY AND DOMINIONS—			
Alexandretta.....	Horace L. Washington..	Texas.....	1,500
Bagdad.....	Rudolph Hurner.....	Turkey.....	.....
Beirut, Syria.....	Gabriel Bie Ravndal....	South Dakota.....	2,000
Cairo, Egypt.....	Thomas S. Harrison.....	Pennsylvania.....	5,000
Constantinople.....	Charles M. Dickinson....	New York.....	3,000
Erzerum.....	Leo Bergholz.....	New York.....	2,000
Jerusalem, Syria.....	Selah Merrill.....	Massachusetts.....	2,500
Sivas.....	Milo A. Jewett.....	Massachusetts.....	1,500
Smyrna.....	Rufus W. Lane.....	Ohio.....	2,500
URUGUAY—Colonia.....			
Montevideo.....	Benj. D. Manton.....	Rhode Island.....	Fees
Paysandu.....	Albert W. Swalm.....	Iowa.....	3,000
	John G. Hufnagel.....	Maryland.....	Fees
VENEZUELA—La Guayra.....			
Maracaibo.....	Louis Goldschmidt.....	New Hampshire.....	1,500
Puerto Cabello.....	Eugene H. Plumacher....	Tennessee.....	2,000
	Luther T. Ellsworth.....	Ohio.....	1,500
ZANZIBAR—Zanzibar.....			
	John C. Billheimer.....	Indiana.....	2,000

STATE GOVERNMENTS.

ALABAMA — CAPITAL, MONTGOMERY.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	Jos. F Johnston	Dec. 1, 1898	Dec. 1, 1900	\$3,000
Secretary of State	R. P. McDavid	Dec. 1, 1898	Dec. 1, 1900	1,800
Auditor.....	W. S. White	Dec. 1, 1898	Dec. 1, 1900	1,800
Treasurer.....	G. W. Ellis.....	Dec. 1, 1898	Dec. 1, 1900	2,100
Attorney-General.	C. G. Brown	Dec. 1, 1898	Dec. 1, 1900	2,500
Chief Justice.....	T. N. McClellan	Nov. 9, 1898	Nov. 1, 1904	3,600
Superintendent of Education	J. W. Abercrombie ..	Dec. 1, 1898	Dec. 1, 1900	2,250
Commissioner of Agriculture	I. F. Culver	Sept. 1, 1898	Sept. 1, 1900	2,100

ALASKA — CAPITAL, SITKA.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	John G. Brady.....	June 23, 1897	June 22, 1901	\$3,000
* Clerk of District Court and ex-officio Secretary.....	Albert D. Elliot.....	July 26, 1897	July 25, 1901	2,500
United States District Judge	Charles T. Johnson..	June 14, 1898	June 15, 1902	3,000

* Also Secretary of State.

ARIZONA — CAPITAL, PHOENIX.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	N O. Murphy.....	1898	1901	\$2,600
Secretary of State	C. H. Akers.....	1898	1900	1,800
Auditor.....	G. W. Vickers	1897	1900	1,000
Treasurer.....	T. W. Pemberton	1897	1900	1,000
Adjutant-General	H. W. Robinson	1897	1900 .....	.....
Chief Justice.....	Webster Street..	1897	1900	3,000
Clerk Supreme Court.....	Lloyd Johnson.....	1897	1900	1,800
Supt. Public Instruction.....	A. P. Shewman.....	1897	1900	1,200

Railroad Commissioners abolished.

ARKANSAS—CAPITAL, LITTLE ROCK.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	D. W. Jones.....	Jan., 1899	Jan., 1901	\$3,000
Secretary of State.....	Alex. C. Hull.....	Jan., 1899	Jan., 1901	1,800
Auditor.....	Clay Shinn.....	Jan., 1899	Jan., 1901	2,250
Treasurer.....	Thomas E. Little.....	Jan., 1899	Jan., 1901	2,250
Attorney General.....	Jeff. Davis.....	Jan., 1899	Jan., 1901	1,500
Commissioner State Lands.....	J. W. Condit.....	Oct. 31, 1898	Oct. 31, 1901	1,800
Supt. Public Instruction.....	J. J. Dowd.....	Oct. 31, 1898	Oct. 31, 1901	1,800
Commissioner of Agriculture.....	Frank Hall.....	Oct. 31, 1898	Oct. 31, 1901	1,800
Chief Justice.....	H. G. Bunn.....	Oct. 31, 1898	Oct. 31, 1901	3,000

CALIFORNIA—CAPITAL, SACRAMENTO.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	Henry T. Gage.....	Jan. 3, 1899	Jan. 3, 1903	\$5,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	J. H. Neff.....	Jan. 3, 1899	Jan. 3, 1903	\$10 day
Secretary of State.....	C. F. Curry.....	Jan. 3, 1899	Jan. 3, 1903	3,000
Comptroller.....	E. P. Colgan.....	Jan. 3, 1899	Jan. 3, 1903	3,300
Treasurer.....	Truman Reeves.....	Jan. 3, 1899	Jan. 3, 1903	3,000
Attorney General.....	T. L. Ford.....	Jan. 3, 1899	Jan. 3, 1903	3,000
Surveyor General.....	M. J. Wright.....	During pleasure of gov.		3,000
Labor Commissioner.....	E. L. Fitzgerald.....	During pleasure of gov.		2,400
Supt. of Public Instruction.....	T. J. Kirk.....	Jan. 3, 1899	Jan. 3, 1903	3,000
Chief Justice.....	W. H. Beatty.....	Jan. 3, 1899	Jan. 3, 1903	6,000
Clerk Supreme Court.....	Geo. W. Root.....	Jan. 3, 1899	Jan. 3, 1903	3,000

COLORADO—CAPITAL, DENVER.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	C. S. Thomas.....	Jan. 10, 1899	Jan., 1901.....	\$5,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	Francis Carney.....	Jan. 10, 1899	Jan., 1901.....	1,000
Secretary of State.....	Elmer F. Beckwith.....	Jan. 10, 1899	Jan., 1901.....	3,000
Treasurer.....	John F. Fesler.....	Jan. 19, 1899	Jan., 1901.....	3,000
Auditor.....	Geo. W. Temple.....	Jan. 10, 1899	Jan., 1901.....	6,000
Attorney General.....	D. M. Campbell.....	Jan. 10, 1899	Jan., 1901.....	2,500
Supt. Public Instruction.....	Helen L. Grenfell.....	Jan. 10, 1899	Jan., 1901.....	3,000

CONNECTICUT—CAPITAL, HARTFORD.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor	George E. Lounsbury	Jan. 4, 1899	Jan., 1901...	\$4,000
Lieutenant Governor	Lyman A. Mills	Jan. 4, 1899	Jan., 1901...	500
Secretary	Hube, Clark	Jan. 4, 1899	Jan., 1901...	1,500
Treasurer	Charles S. Musick	Jan. 4, 1899	Jan., 1901...	1,500
Comptroller	Thompson S. Grant	Jan. 4, 1899	Jan., 1901...	1,500
Chief Justice	C. B. Andrews	 1889	 1903	*4,500
Attorney General	Charles Phelps	Jan. 4, 1899	Jan., 1903...	*4,000

* \$1,000 for expenses.

DELAWARE—CAPITAL, DOVER.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor	Ebe W. Tunnell	3 Tu. Jan. '97	3 Tu. Jan. '01	\$2,000
Secretary of State	James H. Hughes	June 17, 1897	3 Tu. Jan. '01	*1,000
Attorney General	Robert C. White	Nov. 20, 1895	Nov. 20, 1900	2,000
Treasurer	Lewis H. Ball	Jan. 3, 1899	Jan. 3, 1901	2,000
Auditor	John A. Lingo	Jan. 3, 1899	Jan. 3, 1901	1,200
Chief Justice	Chas. B. Loez	.....	June 14, 1909	3,800
Chancellor	John R. Nicholson	.....	June 14, 1909	3,800
Insurance Commissioner	Edward Fowler	.....	Nov. 26, 1900	1,400

* And fees

FLORIDA—CAPITAL, TALLAHASSEE.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor	Wm. Bloxham	Jan. 5, 1897	Jan. 1, 1901	\$3,500
Secretary of State	Jno. L. Crawford	Jan. 5, 1897	Jan. 1, 1901	2,000
Attorney General	Wm. B. Lamar	Jan. 5, 1897	Jan. 1, 1901	2,000
State Treasurer	J. B. Whistfield	Jan. 5, 1897	Jan. 1, 1901	2,000
Comptroller	Wm. H. Reynolds	Jan. 5, 1897	Jan. 1, 1901	2,000
Supt. Public Instruction	Wm. N. Sheats	Jan. 5, 1897	Jan. 1, 1901	2,000
Commissioner of Agriculture	L. B. Wombwell	Jan. 5, 1897	Jan. 1, 1901	2,000

Adjutant General, Patrick Houston, appointed by the governor for four years—salary is \$1,000.

GEORGIA — CAPITAL, ATLANTA.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor	Allen D. Candler....	Nov. 1, 1893	Nov. 1, 1900	\$3,000
Secretary of State	Philip Cook	Nov. 1, 1893	Nov. 1, 1900	2,000
Comptroller-General	Wm. A. Wright.....	Nov. 1, 1893	Nov. 1, 1900	2,000
Treasurer	Wm. J. Speer	Nov. 1, 1893	Nov. 1, 1900	2,000
Attorney General	James M. Terrill	Nov. 1, 1893	Nov. 1, 1900	2,000
Commissioner of Agriculture	O. B. Stevens	Nov. 1, 1893	Dec. 1, 1901	2,000
Chief Justice	Thos. J. Simmons	July 1, 1894	Jan. 1, 1903	3,000
Clerk Supreme Court	Z. D. Harrison.....	Dec. 1, 1892	.....	4,000
Ch'n Railroad Commission	N. L. Trammell	Oct. 1, 1893	Oct. 1, 1899	2,500
Ch'n Prison Commission.....	Jos. Turner.....	.....	.....	.....

IDAHO — CAPITAL, BOISE.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor	Frank Steunenberg..	Jan. 2, 1899	Jan., 1901...	\$3,000
*Lieut. Governor	Jos. H. Hutchinson..	Jan. 2, 1899	Jan., 1901...	.....
Secretary of State	Mart Patrie	Jan. 2, 1899	Jan., 1901...	1,800
State Treasurer	Lucius C. Rice	Jan. 2, 1899	Jan., 1901...	1,000
State Auditor	Bartlett Sinclair	Jan. 2, 1899	Jan., 1901...	1,800
Attorney General	Samuel H. Hays	Jan. 2, 1899	Jan., 1901...	2,000
Supt. Public Instruction.....	Permeal French	Jan. 2, 1899	Jan., 1901...	1,500
Chief Justice	Joseph W. Huston....	Jan. 2, 1899	Jan., 1901...	3,000

*\$7.50 per diem during session of legislature.

ILLINOIS — CAPITAL, SPRINGFIELD.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor	John R. Tanner	Jan. 11, 1897	Jan., 1901...	\$5,000
Lieutenant Governor	Wm. A. Northcott....	Jan. 11, 1897	Jan., 1901...	1,000
Secretary of State	James A. Rose	Jan. 11, 1897	Jan., 1901...	3,500
Auditor	James S. McCullough ..	Jan. 11, 1897	Jan., 1901...	3,500
Treasurer	F. K. Whittemore	Jan. 9, 1899	Jan., 1901...	3,500
Adjutant General	J. N. Reece	Appointed.	.....	3,000
Supt. Public Instruction.....	Alfred Bayliss	Jan. 9, 1899	Jan., 1903...	3,500
Insurance Commissioner.....	J. R. B. Vauclieve....	Appointed.	Jan., 1901...	.....
Railroad Commissioner.....	C. J. Lindly	Appointed.	.....	3,500
Railroad Commissioner.....	Jos. E. Bidwell	Appointed.	.....	3,500
Railroad Commissioner.....	C. S. Rannells	Appointed.	.....	3,500

INDIANA — CAPITAL, INDIANAPOLIS.

Office.	Name.	Term began	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor	James A. Mount.....	Jan. 9, 1897	Jan. 9, 1901	\$5,000
Lieutenant Governor	William S. Huggard.....	Jan. 9, 1897	Jan. 9, 1901	1,000
Secretary of State	Union B. Hunt	Jan. 17, 1899	Jan. 17, 1901	6,500
Attorney General	William L. Taylor	Nov. 22, 1898	Nov. 22, 1900	7,500
Auditor	William H. Hart	Jan. 28, 1899	Jan. 28, 1901	7,500
Treasurer	Leopold Levy	Feb. 9, 1899	Feb. 9, 1901	6,500
Chief Justice	L. J. Monks	Jan. 1, 1900	Jan. 1, 1905	4,500
Supreme Court Clerk	Robert A. Brown	Nov. 22, 1898	Nov. 22, 1902	5,000
Supt. Public Instruction	Frank L. Jones	Mar. 15, 1899	Mar. 15, 1901	2,500
State Geologist	W. S. Blatchley	Nov. 19, 1898	Nov. 19, 1902	2,500

INDIAN TERRITORY — CAPITAL, TAHLEQUAH.

Office.	Name.	Term ends.	Salary.
Principal Chief	S. H. Mayer	Nov., 1899	\$1,500
Assistant Chief	Wash. Swimmer	Nov., 1899	1,000
Executive Secretary	C. J. Harris	Nov., 1899	1,000
Auditor	A. A. Taylor	Nov., 1899	500
Treasurer	D. W. Lipe	Nov., 1899	1,000
Chief Justice	C. L. Lynch	Nov., 1899	600
Supreme Court Clerk	Wm. F. Rasmus	Nov., 1899	400

IOWA — CAPITAL, DES MOINES.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor	Leslie M. Shaw	Jan., 1898	Jan., 1900	\$3,600
Lieutenant Governor	J. C. Milliman	Jan., 1898	Jan., 1900	550
Secretary of State	G. L. Dobson	Jan., 1899	Jan., 1901	2,200
Auditor	F. F. Merriam	Jan., 1899	Jan., 1901	2,200
Treasurer	John Herriott	Jan., 1899	Jan., 1901	2,200
Supt. of Public Instruction	R. C. Barrett	Jan., 1898	Jan., 1900	2,200
Chief Justice	Gifford S. Robinson	Jan. 1, 1894	Dec 31, 1899	4,000
Attorney General	Milton Remley	Jan., 1899	Jan., 1901	4,000
Railway Commissioner	Edward A. Dawson	Jan., 1897	Jan., 1900	2,200

KANSAS — CAPITAL, TOPEKA.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary
Governor	W. E. Stanley	Jan., 1899 ..	Jan., 1901 ..	\$3,000
Lieutenant Governor	H. E. Richter	Jan., 1899 ..	Jan., 1901 ..	\$6 day
Secretary of State	Geo. A. Clark	Jan., 1899 ..	Jan., 1901 ..	2,500
Auditor	Geo. E. Cole	Jan., 1899 ..	Jan., 1901 ..	2,500
Treasurer	Frank E. Grimes	Jan., 1899 ..	Jan., 1901 ..	2,500
Attorney General	A. A. Godard	Jan., 1899 ..	Jan., 1901 ..	2,500
Associate Justice	William R. Smith	Jan., 1899 ..	Jan., 1905 ..	3,000
Supt. Public Instruction	Frank Nelson	Jan., 1899 ..	Jan., 1901 ..	2,500

KENTUCKY — CAPITAL, FRANKFORT.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor	William O. Bradley ..	Dec. 10, 1895	Dec. 10, 1899	\$5,500
Lieutenant Governor	W. J. Worthington ..	Dec. 10, 1895	Dec. 10, 1899	*
Secretary of State	Charles Finley	Jan. 6, 1896	Jan. 1, 1900	3,000
Attorney General	W. S. Taylor	Jan. 6, 1896	Jan. 1, 1900	4,000
Auditor	Samuel H. Store	Jan. 6, 1896	Jan. 1, 1900	.....
Treasurer	Geo. W. Long	Jan. 6, 1896	Jan. 1, 1900	3,000
Supt. of Public Instruction ..	W. J. Davidson	Jan. 6, 1896	Jan. 1, 1900	2,500
Register of Land Office	Chas. O. Reynolds ..	Jan. 6, 1896	Jan. 1, 1900	2,000

* \$10 per day during session of legislature, or while acting.

LOUISIANA — CAPITAL, BATON ROUGE.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor	Murphy J. Foster	May 13, 1896	May, 1900 ..	\$3,000
Lieutenant Governor	Robert H. Snyder	May 13, 1896	May, 1900 ..	\$8 day
Secretary of State	John T. Michel	June 1, 1896	May, 1900 ..	1,800
Asst. Sec. of State and Com'r of Insurance	E. J. McGlone	May, 1896 ..	May, 1900 ..	*1,800
Auditor	W. W. Heard	May, 1896 ..	May, 1900 ..	2,500
State Treasurer	Alex. V. Fourquet	May, 1896 ..	May, 1900 ..	2,000
Attorney General	M. J. Cunningham	May, 1896 ..	May, 1900 ..	3,500
Adjutant General	Allen Jumel	May, 1896 ..	May, 1900 ..	2,000
Commissioner of Agriculture ..	J. G. Lee	May, 1896 ..	May, 1900 ..	2,500
Register State Land Office ..	John S. Lauier	May, 1896 ..	May, 1900 ..	1,500
Chief Justice	F. T. Nichols	May 27, 1892	May, 1904 ..	5,000

* And fees.

MAINE — CAPITAL, AUGUSTA.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor	Llewellyn Powers...	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1901...	\$2,000
Secretary of State	Byron Boyd	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1901...	1,500
State Treasurer	F. M. Simpson	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1901...	2,000
Attorney General	W. T. Haines	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1901...	1,000
Adjutant General	John T. Richards	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1901...	1,500
Chief Justice	John A. Peters	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1901...	3,500
Railroad Commissioner	Joseph B. Peaks	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1901...	2,500
Railroad Commissioner	B. F. Chadbourne	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1901...	2,000
Railroad Commissioner	F. Dantforth	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1901...	2,000
Insurance Commissioner	S. W. Carr	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1901...	.....

MARYLAND — CAPITAL, ANNAPOLIS.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor	Lloyd Lowndes	Jan., 1898...	Jan., 1900...	\$4,500
Secretary of State	Richard Dallam	Jan., 1898...	Jan., 1900...	2,000
Treasurer	Thos. J. Shryock	Feb., 1898...	Feb., 1900...	2,500
Adjutant General	L. Allison Wilmer .....	.....	.....	.....
Comptroller	A. L. Goldsborough	Jan., 1898...	Jan., 1900...	2,500
Attorney General	Harry M. Clabaugh	Jan., 1898...	Jan., 1900...	2,000
Chief Justice	James McSherry .....	.....	1902...	4,500
Supt. Public Instruction	Rev. E. B. Prettyman .....	.....	.....	.....
State Tax Commissioner	Robert F. Graham	Jan., 1898...	Jan., 1902...	2,500
Insurance Commissioner	F. Albert Kurtz	Mar., 1898...	Mar., 1900...	2,500

MASSACHUSETTS — CAPITAL, BOSTON.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor	Roger Wolcott	Jan. 5, 1899	Jan. 4, 1900	\$4,000
Lieutenant Governor	W. Murray Crane	Jan. 5, 1899	Jan. 4, 1900	2,000
Secretary	William M. Olin	Jan. 18, 1898	Jan. 17, 1900	3,500
Treasurer	E. P. Shaw	Jan. 18, 1899	Jan. 17, 1900	5,000
Auditor	John W. Kimball	Jan. 18, 1899	Jan. 17, 1900	3,500
Attorney General	Rosea M. Knowlton	Jan. 18, 1899	Jan. 17, 1900	5,000

MICHIGAN — CAPITAL, LANSING.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor	Hazen S. Pingree....	Jan. 1, 1899	Jan. 1, 1901	\$4,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	Orrin W. Robinson...	Jan. 1, 1899	Jan. 1, 1901	*
Secretary of State.....	Justus S. Stearns....	Jan. 1, 1899	Jan. 1, 1901	800
State Treasurer	George A. Steel.....	Jan. 1, 1899	Jan. 1, 1901	1,000
Auditor General	Roscoe D. Dix.....	Jan. 1, 1899	Jan. 1, 1901	3,000
Attorney General	Horace M. Orm.....	Jan. 1, 1899	Jan. 1, 1901	800
Com. of State Land Office...	William A. French....	Jan. 1, 1899	Jan. 1, 1901	800
Supt. of Public Instruction...	Jason E. Hammond....	Jan. 1, 1899	Jan. 1, 1901	1,000
Member Board of Education...	Frederick A. Platt....	Jan. 1, 1899	Jan. 1, 1901	Exp.
Member Board of Education...	Elias F. Johnson....	Jan. 1, 1899	Jan. 1, 1901	Exp.

*\$3.00 per day during legislative session.

MINNESOTA — CAPITAL, ST. PAUL.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor	John Lind.....	Jan. 3, 1899	Jan., 1901...	\$5,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	Lyndon A. Smith....	Jan. 3, 1899	Jan., 1901...	*
Secretary of State.....	Albert Berg.....	Jan. 3, 1899	Jan., 1901...	3,500
Auditor	Robert C. Dunn.....	Jan. 3, 1899	Jan., 1901...	3,000
Treasurer	August T. Keerner...	Jan. 3, 1899	Jan., 1901...	3,500
Attorney General	Wallace B. Douglas...	Jan. 3, 1899	Jan., 1901...	3,500
Clerk Supreme Court.....	D. F. Reese.....	Jan. 3, 1899	Jan., 1901...	1,500
Chief Justice.....	Chas. M. Start.....	Jan., 1895	Jan., 1901...	5,000
Associate Justices.....	Daniel Buck.....	Jan., 1894	Jan., 1900...	5,000
	Wm. Mitchell.....	Jan., 1894	Jan., 1900...	5,000
	Thomas Canty.....	Jan., 1894	Jan., 1900...	5,000
	L. W. Collins.....	Jan., 1895	Jan., 1901...	5,000
	John A. Lovely.....	Jan., 1900	Jan., 1906...	5,000
	C. L. Brown.....	Jan., 1900	Jan., 1906...	5,000
	C. L. Lewis.....	Jan., 1900	Jan., 1906...	5,000

*\$10 per day during session legislature.

MISSISSIPPI — CAPITAL, JACKSON.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor	A. J. McLaurin.....	Jan. 20, 1896	Jan. 20, 1900	\$3,500
Lieutenant Governor.....	J. H. Jones.....	Jan. 20, 1896	Jan. 20, 1900	*
Secretary of State.....	J. L. Power.....	Jan. 20, 1896	Jan. 20, 1900	2,000
Auditor	W. D. Holder.....	Jan. 20, 1896	Jan. 20, 1900	2,500
Treasurer	A. Q. May.....	Jan. 20, 1896	Jan. 20, 1900	2,500
Adjutant General	Wm. Henry.....	Jan. 20, 1896	Jan. 20, 1900	250
Chief Justice	T. H. Woods.....	Jan. 20, 1896	Jan. 20, 1900	3,500
Supreme Court Clerk.....	E. W. Brown.....	Jan. 20, 1896	Jan. 20, 1900	Perq.
Superintendent of Education	Henry L. Whitfield..	Sep. 12, 1898	Jan. 20, 1900	2,000
Railroad Commissioner.....	J. J. Evans.....	Jan. 20, 1896	Jan. 20, 1900	2,000
Railroad Commissioner.....	M. M. Evans.....	Jan. 20, 1896	Jan. 20, 1900	2,000
Railroad Commissioner.....	J. D. McInnis.....	Jan. 20, 1896	Jan. 20, 1900	2,000

*\$3.00 a day during special session of legislature. \$500.00 for regular session.

MISSOURI — CAPITAL, JEFFERSON CITY.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor	Lon V. Stephens	Jan. 11, 1897	Jan. 11, 1901	\$5,000
Lieutenant Governor	August H. Bolte	Jan. 11, 1897	Jan. 11, 1901	1,000
Secretary of State	A. A. Leachour	Jan. 11, 1897	Jan. 11, 1901	3,000
Auditor	J. M. Sibert	Jan. 11, 1897	Jan. 11, 1901	3,000
Treasurer	Frank L. Pitts	Jan. 11, 1897	Jan. 11, 1901	3,000
Attorney General	Edward C. Crow	Jan. 11, 1897	Jan. 11, 1901	3,000
Clerk of Supreme Court	John K. Green	1892		3,000
Railway and Warehouse Commissioner	T. J. Hennessey	Jan., 1897...	Jan., 1903...	3,000
Supt. Public Schools	Wm. T. Carrington	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1903...	3,000
Judge Supreme Court	Theodore Brace	Jan., 1897...	Jan., 1907...	4,500

MONTANA — CAPITAL, HELENA.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor	R. B. Smith	Jan. 4, 1897	Jan., 1901...	\$5,000
Lieutenant Governor	E. A. Spriggs	Jan. 4, 1897	Jan., 1901...	
Secretary of State	T. S. Hogan	Jan. 4, 1897	Jan., 1901...	3,000
Auditor and ex-officio Insur- ance Commissioner	T. W. Poindester, Jr	Jan. 4, 1897	Jan., 1901...	3,000
Treasurer	T. E. Collins	Jan. 4, 1897	Jan., 1901...	3,000
Attorney General	C. B. Nolan	Jan. 4, 1897	Jan., 1901...	3,000
Chief Justice	Theodore Brantly	Jan. 4, 1897	Jan., 1905	4,000
Clerk Supreme Court	Henry G. Ricketts	Jan., 1899	Jan., 1905	2,500
Supt. Public Instruction	E. A. Carleton	Jan. 4, 1897	Jan., 1901...	2,500

*\$10.00 per day during session of legislature.

NEBRASKA — CAPITAL, LINCOLN.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor	William F. Poynter	Jan. 5, 1899	Jan. 10, 1901	\$2,000
Lieutenant Governor	Edward A. Gilbert	Jan. 5, 1899	Jan. 10, 1901	\$10 day
Secretary of State	William F. Porter	Jan. 5, 1899	Jan. 10, 1901	2,000
Auditor Public Accounts	John F. Cornell	Jan. 5, 1899	Jan. 10, 1901	2,500
Treasurer	John B. Meserve	Jan. 5, 1899	Jan. 10, 1901	2,500
Supt. Public Instruction	William R. Jackson	Jan. 5, 1899	Jan. 10, 1901	2,000
Attorney General	Constantine J. Smyth	Jan. 5, 1899	Jan. 10, 1901	2,000
Commissioner Public Lands and Buildings	Jacob V. Wolf	Jan. 5, 1899	Jan. 10, 1901	2,000

NEVADA — CAPITAL, CARSON CITY.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	R. Sadler.....	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1902...	\$1,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	J. R. Judge.....	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1902...	500
Secretary of State.....	Eugene Howell.....	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1902...	3,000
Attorney General.....	W. D. Jones.....	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1902...	2,000
Comptroller.....	S. P. Davis.....	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1902...	2,400
Treasurer.....	D. M. Ryan.....	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1902...	2,400
Surveyor General.....	E. D. Keeley.....	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1902...	2,400

NEW HAMPSHIRE — CAPITAL, CONCORD.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	Frank W. Rollins....	Jan., 1899	Jan., 1901..	\$2,000
Secretary of State.....	Ezra S. Stearns.....	Jan., 1899	Jan., 1901..	*800
State Treasurer.....	Solon A. Carter.....	Jan., 1899	Jan., 1901..	1,800
Attorney General.....	E. G. Eastman.....	April, 1892	April, 1902..	2,500
Chief Justice.....	Isaac N. Boldgett....	Aug. 18, 1898	.....	3,500

* And fees.

NEW JERSEY — CAPITAL, TRENTON.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	Foster M. Voorhees..	Jan. 17, 1899	Jan. 16, 1902	\$10,000
Secretary of State.....	George Wurts	Apr. 1, 1897	Apr. 1, 1902	6,000
Treasurer	George B. Swain.....	Apr. 2, 1897	Apr. 2, 1900	6,000
Comptroller	William S. Hancock..	Apr. 2, 1897	Apr. 2, 1900	6,000
Attorney General.....	Samuel H. Grey	Apr. 5, 1897	Apr. 5, 1902	7,000
Clerk of Chancery.....	Lewis A. Thompson..	Mar. 30, 1896	Mar. 30, 1901	6,000
Clerk of Supreme Court.....	William Reker, Jr....	Nov. 2, 1897	Nov. 2, 1902	6,000
Supt. Public Instruction.....	Charles T. Baxter ..	Mar. 26, 1896	Mar. 26, 1899	3,000
Adjutant General	Wm. S. Stryker.....	.....	.....	1,200
Quartermaster General	Richard A. Donnelly..	.....	.....	1,200
Insurance Commissioner.....	William Bettle	Apr. 1, 1897	Apr. 1, 1900	4,000
Chief of Labor Bureau.....	William Stainsby....	Apr. 3, 1898	Apr. 3, 1903	2,500
Librarian	Morris R. Hamilton..	Jan. 29, 1898	.....	2,000
Chancellor	Alex. T. McGill	May 1, 1894	May 1, 1901	10,000
Chief Justice	Mercer Beasley	Mar. 8, 1892	Mar. 8, 1899	10,000

NEW MEXICO — CAPITAL, SANTA FE

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor	Miguel A. Otero	June 14, 1897	June 14, 1901	\$1,000
Secretary of Territory	Geo. H. Wallace	July 10, 1897	July 10, 1901	*1,800
Chief Justice	W. J. Mills	Feb. 16, 1898	Feb. 16, 1902	3,000

* Fees.

NEW YORK — CAPITAL, ALBANY.

Office.	Name.	Term began	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor	Theodore Roosevelt	Jan. 1, 1899	Dec. 31, 1900	\$10,000
Lieutenant-Governor	Timothy L. Woodruff	Jan. 1, 1899	Dec. 31, 1900	5,000
Secretary of State	John T. McDonough	Jan. 1, 1899	Dec. 31, 1900	5,000
Comptroller	William J. Morgan	Jan. 1, 1899	Dec. 31, 1900	6,000
Treasurer	John P. Jaekel	Jan. 1, 1899	Dec. 31, 1900	5,000
Attorney General	John C. Davies	Jan. 1, 1899	Dec. 31, 1900	5,000
State Engineer	Edward A. Bond	Jan. 1, 1899	Dec. 31, 1900	5,000
Supt. Public Instruction	Charles R. Skinner	Feb. 2, 1898	Mar. 1, 1901	5,000
Supt. of Insurance	Louis F. Payn	Feb. 2, 1897	Feb. 2, 1900	7,000
Supt. Public Works	To be appointed by new governor	Jan. 1, 1899	Dec. 31, 1900	6,000
Supt. of Banks	Frederick D. Kilburn	Mar. 27, 1896	Mar. 27, 1899	7,000
Railroad Commissioner	Frank M. Baker	Feb. 3, 1898	Feb. 3, 1903	8,000
Railroad Commissioner	Ashley W. Cole	Feb. 16, 1897	Feb. 16, 1902	8,000
Railroad Commissioner	George W. Dunn	Feb. 16, 1897	Feb. 16, 1902	8,000
Commissioner in Lunacy	Peter M. Wise	Feb. 17, 1897	.....	7,500
Commissioner in Lunacy	Wm. L. Parkhurst	Feb. 25, 1897	Dec. 31, 1902	3,500

NORTH CAROLINA — CAPITAL, RALEIGH.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor	D. L. Russell	Jan. 1, 1897	Jan. 1, 1901	\$1,000
Lieutenant Governor	C. A. Reynolds	Jan. 1, 1897	Jan. 1, 1901	*
Secretary of State	Cyrus Thompson	Jan. 1, 1897	Jan. 1, 1901	2,000
Auditor	H. W. Ayer	Jan. 1, 1897	Jan. 1, 1901	1,500
Treasurer	W. H. Worth .....	.....	Jan. 1, 1901	3,000
Adjutant General	A. D. Cowles .....	.....	.....	600
Supreme Court Clerk	T. S. Kenan .....	.....	.....	.....
Supt. Public Instruction	C. H. Mebone	Jan. 1, 1897	Jan. 1, 1901	1,600
Railroad Commissioner	L. C. Caldwell .....	.....	1899	.....
Railroad Commissioner	J. H. Pearson .....	.....	1899	2,000
Railroad Commissioner	D. H. Abbott .....	.....	1903	2,000
Insurance Commissioner	Secretary of State .....	.....	1895	2,000

* Per diem.

NORTH DAKOTA—CAPITAL, BISMARCK.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	F. B. Fancher.....	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1901...	\$3,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	J. M. Devine.....	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1901...	1,000
Secretary of State.....	Fred Falley.....	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1901...	2,000
State Auditor.....	A. N. Carlblom.....	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1901...	2,000
Treasurer.....	D. W. Driscoll.....	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1901...	2,000
Attorney General.....	J. F. Cowan.....	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1901...	2,000
Commissioner of Insurance.....	G. W. Harrison.....	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1901...	2,000
Supt. of Public Instruction.....	J. G. Halland.....	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1901...	2,000
Comr. of Agricul. and Labor.....	H. U. Thomas.....	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1901...	2,000
Commissioners of Railroads.....	L. L. Walton.....	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1901...	1,200
	Henry Erickson.....	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1901...	1,200
	John Simons.....	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1901...	1,200
Chief Justice.....	J. M. Bartholomew.....	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1901...	4,000

OHIO—CAPITAL, COLUMBUS.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	Asa S. Bushnell.....	2 Mo. Jan. '98	2 Mo. Jan. '00	\$8,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	Asahel W. Jones.....	2 Mo. Jan. '98	2 Mo. Jan. '00	4,000
Secretary of State.....	Charles Kinney.....	2 Mo. Jan. '99	2 Mo. Jan. '01	4,000
Auditor of State.....	Walter D. Guilbert.....	2 Mo. Jan. '98	2 Mo. Jan. '00	4,500
Treasurer of State.....	Samuel B. Campbell.....	2 Mo. Jan. '98	2 Mo. Jan. '00	4,500
Adjutant General.....	Herbert B. Kingsley.....	2 Mo. Jan. '98	2 Mo. Jan. '00	2,000
Chief Justice.....	Wm. T. Spear.....	Feb. '98	Feb. '03	4,000
Clerk Supreme Court.....	Josiah B. Allen.....	Feb. '99	Feb. '02	1,500
Attorney General.....	Frank S. Monnett.....	2 Mo. Jan. '98	2 Mo. Jan. '00	4,500
School Commissioner.....	Lewis D. Bonebrake.....	2 Mo. July '98	2 Mo. July '00	2,000
Insurance Commissioner.....	William S. Matthews.....	June '98	June '01	4,000
Railroad Commissioner.....	Ray S. Kayler.....	March '97	March '99	3,000

OKLAHOMA—CAPITAL, GUTHRIE.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	C. M. Barnes.....	May 26, 1897	May 26, 1901	\$2,600
Secretary.....	Wm. M. Jenkins.....	June 23, 1897	June 23, 1901	1,800
Attorney General.....	H. S. Cunningham.....	May 27, 1897	May 27, 1899	1,500
Superintendent and Auditor.....	S. N. Hopkins.....	Oct. 1, 1897	Oct. 1, 1899	2,400
Commissioner of Lands.....	Chas. H. Filson.....	July 1, 1897	July 1, 1901	2,400
Treasurer.....	F. M. Thompson.....	June 25, 1897	June 25, 1899	1,500
Oil Inspector.....	Amos Ewing.....	June 25, 1897	June 25, 1899	3,500
Librarian.....	Geo. H. Godson.....	Mch. 15, 1898	Mch. 15, 1900	1,000
Bank Examiner.....	S. M. Pugh.....	July 10, 1897	July 10, 1899	1,000
U. S. Attorney.....	J. L. Overstreet.....	June 1, 1898	June 1, 1902	5,000
Chief Justice.....	Jno. H. Burford.....	Nov. 1, 1897	Nov. 1, 1901	3,000

OREGON — CAPITAL, SALEM.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	T. T. Geer.....	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1903...	*\$1,500
Secretary of State.....	F. J. Dunbar.....	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1903...	71,500
Treasurer.....	Chas. Moore.....	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1903...	7800
State Printer.....	W. H. Leeds.....	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1903...	.....
Supt. Public Instruction.....	J. H. Ackerman.....	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1903...	1,800
Attorney General.....	D. R. N. Blackburn.....	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1903...	3,000
Supreme Judge.....	F. A. Moore.....	Jan., 1895...	Jan., 1904...	3,500

*And other allowances. †And fees.

PENNSYLVANIA — CAPITAL, HARRISBURG.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	Wm. A. Stone.....	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1903...	\$10,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	J. P. S. Gobin.....	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1903...	3,500
Secretary of State.....	W. W. Grist.....	(Appointed).....	.....	*5,000
Auditor General.....	L. G. McCauley.....	May, 1898...	May, 1901...	4,200
Treasurer.....	Jas. S. Beacom.....	May, 1898...	May, 1900...	6,200
Chief Justice.....	Jas. B. Sterrett.....	Jan., 1897...	Jan., 1900...	8,500
Secretary Internal Affairs.....	James W. Latta.....	May, 1899...	May, 1903...	.....
Superintendent Public Inst..	N. C. Schaffer.....	(Appointed).....	.....	3,050
Insurance Commissioner.....	I. W. Durham.....	(Appointed).....	.....	3,000
Banking Commissioner.....	(Vacant at present).....	.....	.....	5,000
Adjutant General.....	T. J. Stewart.....	(Appointed).....	.....	4,000
Attorney General.....	John P. Elkin.....	(Appointed).....	.....	5,000

* And fees.

RHODE ISLAND — CAPITAL, PROVIDENCE.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	Elisha Dyer.....	May 31, 1898	May 30, 1899	\$3,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	William Gregory.....	May 31, 1898	May 30, 1899	500
Secretary of State.....	Charles P. Bennett...	May 31, 1898	May 30, 1899	3,500
Attorney General.....	Willard B. Tanner...	May 31, 1898	May 30, 1899	4,500
Treasurer.....	Walter A. Read.....	May 31, 1898	May 30, 1899	2,500
Adjutant General.....	Frederic M. Sackett...	Nov. 4, 1895	Nov. 4, 1900	1,200
Quartermaster General.....	W. Howard Walker.....	Nov. 22, 1893	Nov. 21, 1903	1,000
Auditor.....	Albert C. Landers...	May 31, 1898	May 30, 1899	1,500
Chief Justice.....	Charles Matteson.....	During good	behavior....	5,500
Clerk Supreme Court.....	Bertram S. Blaisdell...	June, 1898	June, 1899	2,500
Com. Public Schools.....	Thomas B. Stockwell...	June 1, 1898	June 1, 1899	3,000
Insurance Commissioner.....	State Auditor (ex-off)	.....	.....	1,000
Railroad Commissioner.....	Edward L. Freeman.....	May 1, 1898	May 1, 1901	1,000
Commissioner of Industrial Statistics.....	Henry E. Tiepke.....	June 5, 1897	June 4, 1899	2,000

SOUTH CAROLINA — CAPITAL, COLUMBIA.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	W. H. Ellerbe.....	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1901...	\$3,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	M. B. McSweeney....	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1901...	*
Secretary of State.....	M. R. Cooper.....	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1901...	1,800
Comptroller General.....	J. P. Dorham.....	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1901...	1,600
Attorney General.....	G. Duncan Bellinger..	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1901...	1,500
Treasurer.....	W. H. Timmerman....	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1901...	2,400
Adjutant General.....	J. W. Floyd.....	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1901...	1,200
Chief Justice.....	Henry McIver.....	Jan. 22, 1898...	Jan. 22, 1906...	2,850
Clerk Supreme Court.....	U. R. Brooks.....	.....	.....	18,000
Supt. Education.....	J. J. McMahon.....	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1901...	1,800
Railroad Commissioners.....	W. D. Evans.....	Jan., 1895...	Jan., 1901...	1,800
	J. C. Wilborn.....	Jan., 1897...	Jan., 1903...	1,800
	C. W. Garriss.....	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1905...	1,900

*\$3 per day during session of legislature. † Fees.

SOUTH DAKOTA — CAPITAL, PIERRE.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	Andrew E. Lee.....	Jan. 3, 1899...	Jan. 3, 1901...	\$2,500
Lieutenant Governor.....	John T. Keene.....	Jan. 3, 1899...	Jan. 3, 1901...	*
Secretary of State.....	William H. Roddle....	Jan. 3, 1899...	Jan. 3, 1901...	1,800
Auditor of State.....	James B. Reeves.....	Jan. 3, 1899...	Jan. 3, 1901...	1,800
Treasurer.....	John Schamber.....	Jan. 3, 1899...	Jan. 3, 1901...	1,800
Attorney General.....	John L. Pyle.....	Jan. 3, 1899...	Jan. 3, 1901...	1,800
Supt. of Public Instruction..	E. E. Collins.....	Jan. 3, 1899...	Jan. 3, 1901...	1,900
Com'r of School and Public Lands.....	David Eastman.....	Jan. 3, 1899...	Jan. 3, 1901...	1,800
Railroad Commissioner.....	W. T. LaFollette.....	Jan. 5, 1897...	Jan. 3, 1901...	1,500
Railroad Commissioner.....	Alex. Kirkpatrick....	Jan. 5, 1897...	Jan. 3, 1902...	1,500
Railroad Commissioner.....	William G. Smith.....	Jan. 3, 1899...	Jan. 3, 1904...	1,800
Chief Justice.....	Dighton Corson.....	Jan. 5, 1897...	Jan. 1, 1900...	2,500
Associate Justice.....	H. G. Fuller.....	Jan. 5, 1897...	Jan. 1, 1900...	2,500
Associate Justice.....	Dick Haney.....	Jan. 5, 1897...	Jan. 1, 1900...	2,000

* \$10.00 per day during session of legislature.

TENNESSEE — CAPITAL, NASHVILLE.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	Benton McMillin.....	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1901...	\$5,000
Secretary of State.....	W. S. Morgan.....	Feb. 16, 1893...	Feb. 16, 1901...	3,000
Comptroller.....	T. F. King.....	Feb. 1, 1899...	Feb. 1, 1901...	3,500
Treasurer and Insurance Commissioner.....	E. B. Craig.....	Feb. 1, 1899...	Feb. 1, 1901...	3,500
Supt. Public Instruction.....	S. G. Gilbraith.....	Mar. 1, 1895...	App'd by Gov	2,000
Chief Justice.....	D. A. Snodgrass.....	Sept. 1, 1894...	Sept. 1, 1902...	3,000

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TEXAS — CAPITAL, AUSTIN.

Office.	Name.	Term began	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	Jos. D. Sayers	Jan., 1899.	Jan., 1901...	\$4,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	J. N. Browning	Jan., 1899.	Jan., 1901...	†
Secretary of State.....	J. W. Madden	Jan., 1899.	Jan., 1901...	2,000
Attorney General.....	T. S. Smith	Jan., 1899.	Jan., 1901...	4,000
Comptroller	R. W. Finley	Jan., 1899.	Jan., 1901...	2,500
Treasurer.....	J. W. Robbins	Jan., 1899.	Jan., 1901...	2,500
Commissioner General Land Office.....	Geo. W. Finger	Jan., 1899.	Jan., 1901...	2,500
Adjutant General.....	*	Jan., 1897.	Jan., 1901...	2,000
Railroad Commissioners	J. H. Reagan	Jan., 1897.	Jan., 1903.	4,000
	L. J. Storey	Jan., 1897.	Jan., 1901...	4,000
	Allison Mayfield	Jan., 1897.	Jan., 1903.	4,000

* Not yet appointed.

† \$5.00 per day during session of legislature.

UTAH — CAPITAL, SALT LAKE CITY.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	Heber M. Wells	Jan., 1898.	Jan., 1901...	\$2,000
Secretary of State	J. T. Hammond	Jan., 1898.	Jan., 1901...	2,000
Auditor Public Accounts	M. Richards, Jr.	Jan., 1898.	Jan., 1901...	1,500
Treasurer	J. Chipman	Jan., 1898.	Jan., 1901...	1,000
United States Attorney	John W. Judd	Jan., 1898.	Jan., 1901...	250
Chief Justice.....	G. W. Bartch	Jan., 1898.	Jan., 1901...	8,000
Insurance Commissioner.....	J. T. Hammond	(ex-officio) ..	.....	.....
School Commissioner.....	Dr. J. R. Park	Jan., 1898.	Jan., 1901...	1,500

VERMONT — CAPITAL, MONTPELIER.

Office.	Name	Term began.	Term ends	Salary
Governor.....	Edward C. Smith....	Oct. 6, 1899	Oct. 3, 1900	\$1,500
Lieutenant-Governor.....	Henry C. Bates.....	Oct. 10, 1899	Oct. 9, 1900	*
Secretary of State.....	Fred A. Howland....	Oct. 10, 1899	Oct. 9, 1900	1,700
State Auditor.....	Orion M. Barber.....	Oct. 11, 1898	Oct. 10, 1900	2,000
Treasurer	John L. Bacon.....	Oct. 6, 1898	Oct. 5, 1900	1,700
Chief Justice.....	Jonathan Ross	Dec. 1, 1899	Dec. 1, 1900	3,300

* \$6.00 per day during session of legislature.

VIRGINIA — CAPITAL, RICHMOND.

Office.	Name.	Term began	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	J. Hoge Tyler.....	Jan. 1, 1898	Dec. 31, 1901	\$5,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	Edward Echols.....	Jan. 1, 1898	Dec. 31, 1901	600
Secretary of State.....	J. T. Lawless.....	Jan. 1, 1898	Jan. 1, 1900	2,000
Attorney General.....	A. J. Montague.....	Jan. 1, 1898	Dec. 31, 1901	2,500
Auditor.....	Morton Marye.....	Jan. 1, 1898	Jan. 1, 1900	2,750
Treasurer.....	A. W. Harman, Jr.....	Jan. 1, 1898	Jan. 1, 1900	1,500
Adjutant General.....	Wm. Nalle.....	Jan. 1, 1898	Dec. 31, 1901	1,500
Chief Justice.....	James Keith.....	Jan. 1, 1898	Jan. 1, 1907	3,200
Supt. Public Instruction.....	J. W. Southall.....	Jan. 1, 1898	Jan. 1, 1900	1,800
Railroad Commissioner.....	Jas. C. Hill.....	Jan. 1, 1898	Jan. 1, 1900	2,500

WASHINGTON — CAPITAL, OLYMPIA.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	J. R. Rogers.....	Jan., 1897...	Jan., 1901...	\$4,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	Thurston Daniels.....	Jan., 1897...	Jan., 1901...	1,000
Secretary of State.....	Will D. Jenkins.....	Jan., 1897...	Jan., 1901...	2,500
Insurance Commissioner.....	Will D. Jenkins.....	Jan., 1897...	Jan., 1901...	2,500
Auditor.....	Neal Cheatham.....	Jan., 1897...	Jan., 1901...	2,000
Treasurer.....	C. W. Young.....	Jan., 1897...	Jan., 1901...	2,000
Attorney General.....	P. H. Winston.....	Jan., 1897...	Jan., 1901...	2,000
Commissioner Public Lands.	R. Bridges.....	Jan., 1897...	Jan., 1901...	2,000
Chief Justice.....	Elmon Scott.....	Chosen by court.		
Clerk Supreme Court.....	C. S. Reinhart.....	Pleasure of Supr. court.		2,000
Supt. Public Instruction.....	Frank J. Browne.....	Jan., 1897...	Jan., 1901...	2,500
State Printer.....	Gwin Hicks.....	Jan., 1897...		

WEST VIRGINIA — CAPITAL, CHARLESTON.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor.....	G. W. Atkinson.....	Mar. 4, 1897	1901.....	\$2,700
Secretary of State.....	W. M. O. Dawson.....	Mar. 4, 1897	1901.....	1,000
Auditor.....	L. M. La Follett.....	Mar. 4, 1897	1901.....	2,200
Treasurer.....	M. A. Kendall.....	Mar. 4, 1897	1901.....	1,400
Adjutant General.....	J. W. M. Appleton.....	Mar. 4, 1897	1901.....	1,500
Supreme Court Clerk.....	J. A. Halley.....	Appointed by Court.		1,000
Supt. Public Instruction.....	J. R. Trotter.....	Mar. 4, 1898		1,500
Insurance Commissioner.....				
Commissioner of Labor.....	I. V. Barton.....	App'd by Gov	four years...	1,200
Bank Examiner.....	O. B. Wetzal.....	App'd by Gov	annually....	1,200

WYOMING — CAPITAL, CHEYENNE.

Office.	Name.	Term began.	Term ends.	Salary.
Governor	De Forest Richards.	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1903...	\$2,500
Secretary of State.....	Fen. Chatterton.....	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1903...	2,000
Auditor	Leroy Grant.....	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1903...	2,000
Treasurer	George E. Abbott...	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1903...	2,000
Supt. Public Instruction	Thos. T. Tynan	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1903...	2,000
Justice Supreme Court	Jesse Knight	Jan., 1899...	Jan., 1907...	3,000

DEPENDENCIES.

CUBA—CAPITAL, HAVANA.¹

Military Governor and Commander, Division of Cuba,
Major General John R. Brooke.

HAWAII—CAPITAL, HONOLULU.²

President.....Sanford B. Dole.
Term expires in 1900.

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—CAPITAL, MANILA.³

Military Governor and Commander.....Major General E. S. Otis.

PORTO RICO—CAPITAL, SAN JUAN.⁴

Military Governor and Commander, Department of Porto Rico,
Major General Guy V. Henry.

¹Relinquished by Spain by the terms of the treaty of peace adopted by the Peace Commission, in session at Paris from October 1 to December 10, 1898.

²The treaty of annexation of the Republic of Hawaii to the United States was ratified by means of a joint resolution adopted by the House of Representatives June 15, and passed by the Senate June 17, 1898.

³Ceded to the United States by the treaty of peace adopted by the Peace Commission, in session at Paris from October 1 to December 10, 1898.



WISCONSIN STATE OFFICERS.

EDWARD SCOFIELD, Governor.

WM. H. PROEHLICH, Secretary of State.

GRAHAM L. RICK, Railroad Commissioner.

JAMES O. DAVIDSON, State Treasurer.

EDWARD H. HICKS, Attorney General.

JESSE STONE, Lieut. Governor.

EMIL GILJOHANN, Insurance Commissioner.

LORENZO D. HARVEY, State Superintendent.

STATE GOVERNMENT.

Office.	Name.	Residence.	Salary.
Governor.....	Edward Scofield.....	Oconto.....	\$5,000
Lieutenant Governor.....	Jesse Stone.....	Watertown.....	1,000
Secretary of State.....	William H. Froeblich.....	Jackson.....	5,000
Treasurer.....	James O. Davidson	Soldiers' Grove..	5,000
Attorney-General.....	Emmett R. Hicks	Oshkosh.....	5,000
Superintendent Public Instruction..	Lorenzo D. Harvey....	Milwaukee.....	1,200
Railroad Commissioner	Graham L. Rice.....	West Superior...	3,000
Insurance Commissioner.....	Emil Giljohann.....	Milwaukee.....	3,000

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Legal residence.</i>	<i>Nativity.</i>
GOVERNOR.		
Edward Scofield.....	Oconto.....	Pennsylvania.
LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR.		
Jesse Stone.....	Watertown.....	Wisconsin.
PRIVATE SECRETARY.		
William J. Anderson.....	Milwaukee.....	Quebec.
EXECUTIVE CLERK.		
Raymond R. Frazier.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
STENOGRAPHER.		
Julia I. Rudd.....	Reedsburg	Wisconsin.
MESSENGER.		
Capt. T. B. Hurst.....	Marinette.....	Pennsylvania.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Legal residence.</i>	<i>Nativity.</i>
SECRETARY OF STATE.		
William H. Froehlich.....	Jackson.....	Wisconsin.
ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE.		
Henry P. Schmidt.....	Milwaukee.....	Wisconsin.
CHIEF CLERK.		
Georg M. Hotschick.....	Milwaukee.....	Germany.
BOOK-KEEPER.		
Ernst Kuechle.....	Milwaukee.....	Indiana.
ASSISTANT BOOK-KEEPER.		
Edward Loew.....	Milwaukee.....	Austria.
ASSISTANT BOOK-KEEPER.		
George S. Read.....	Lake Geneva.....	New York.
PRINTING CLERK.		
Arthur A. Meggett.....	Sheboygan.....	Wisconsin.
ASSISTANT PRINTING CLERK.		
Henry J. Herbeck.....	Milwaukee.....	Bohemia.
FILING CLERK.		
E. A. Hartman.....	Manitowoc.....	Wisconsin.
INCORPORATION CLERK.		
William J. Betts.....	Superior.....	New Brunswick.
WARRANT CLERK.		
Katherine Haughton.....	Recreation.....	Canada.
NOTARIAL CLERK.		
G. H. McNeel.....	Fond du Lac.....	New York.
RECORDING CLERK.		
Martha C. Keyes.....	Eau Claire.....	New York.
REGISTRATION CLERK.		
Amund Belland.....	Viroqua.....	Norway.
STATISTICAL CLERK.		
Frederick Bullwinkel.....	Jefferson.....	Wisconsin.
SHIPPING CLERK.		
D. K. Smith.....	Big Bend.....	Wisconsin.
VAULT CLERK.		
Frank M. LeCount.....	Hartford.....	Wisconsin.
STENOGRAPHER.		
Marie M. Otto.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
CLERKS.		
Myron D. Fethers.....	Indian Ford.....	New York.
Thos. H. Edwards.....	Cobb.....	Wisconsin.
John Lorigan.....	Necedah.....	Pennsylvania.

STATE GOVERNMENT.

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TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Legal residence.</i>	<i>Nativity.</i>
STATE TREASURER.		
James O. Davidson.....	Soldiers' Grove.....	Norway.
ASSISTANT STATE TREASURER.		
Marcus C. Bergh.....	Viroqua.....	Wisconsin.
BOOK-KEEPER.		
George V. Borchsenius.....	Baldwin.....	Wisconsin.
ASSISTANT BOOK-KEEPER.		
Thomas M. Purtell.....	Cumberland.....	Ohio.
CORRESPONDING CLERK.		
John M. Nelson.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
DEPOSIT CLERK.		
Joseph Smethurst.....	Seneca.....	Ohio.
MAILING CLERK.		
O. S. Gunderson.....	Colfax.....	Norway.
COMMERCIAL CLERK.		
Amos W. Pollard.....	Portage.....	Wisconsin.
STENOGRAPHER.		
Ella K. Smith.....	New Richmond.....	Wisconsin.
NIGHT WATCH.		
John E. Brindley.....	Boscobel.....	Wisconsin.

ATTORNEY GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Legal residence.</i>	<i>Nativity.</i>
ATTORNEY GENERAL.		
E. R. Hicks.....	Oshkosh.....	Wisconsin.
ASSISTANT ATTORNEY GENERAL.		
C. E. Buell.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
SECOND ASSISTANT ATTORNEY GENERAL.		
R. F. Hamilton.....	Princeton.....	Wisconsin.
LAW EXAMINER.		
E. N. Warner.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
CLERK.		
J. W. Hicks.....	Oshkosh.....	Wisconsin.
STENOGRAPHER.		
O'iga Larson.....	Neenah.....	Wisconsin.
MESSANGER.		
A. A. Tempke.....	New Holstein.....	Wisconsin.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Legal residence.</i>	<i>Nativity.</i>
STATE SUPERINTENDENT.		
Lorenzo D. Harvey.....		New Hampshire.
HIGH SCHOOL INSPECTOR.		
W. D. Parker.....		Vermont.
ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENT.		
W. N. Parker.....		Wisconsin.
CHIEF CLERK		
Charles L. Harper.....		Virginia.
LIBRARY CLERK.		
Mae E. Schreiber.....		Wisconsin.
CLERK.		
Winona Merrick		New York.
CLERK.		
Grace H. Haynor.....		Wisconsin.

RAILROAD COMMISSIONER'S DEPARTMENT.

RAILROAD COMMISSIONER.		
Graham L. Rice.....	West Superior.....	Minnesota.
DEPUTY COMMISSIONER.		
James S. Stack.....	West Superior.....	Michigan.
JANITOR.		
William A. Owens.....	Dodgeville.....	New York.

INSURANCE DEPARTMENT.

COMMISSIONER.		
Emil Giljohann.....	Milwaukee.....	Wisconsin.
DEPUTY COMMISSIONER.		
E. C. True.....	Portage.....	Maine.
CHIEF CLERK.		
J. L. Neddersen.....	Milwaukee.....	Wisconsin.
ACTUARY.		
E. J. Guenther.....	Milwaukee.....	Wisconsin.

INSURANCE DEPARTMENT—Continued.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Legal residence.</i>	<i>Nativity.</i>
CLERK.		
Chas. A. Scott.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
CLERK.		
Robt. T. Hazelwood.....	Milwaukee.....	Wisconsin.
CLERK.		
Chas. H. Hubbell.....	Reedsburg.....	Wisconsin.
MAILING CLERK.		
Wm. H. Glenz.....	Madison.....	Germany.
FILING CLERK.		
Mrs. M. L. Montelth.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
STENOGRAPHER.		
Adah C. Green.....	Wyocena.....	Wisconsin.

BUREAU OF LABOR, CENSUS AND INDUSTRIAL STATISTICS.

COMMISSIONER.		
Halford Erickson.....	West Superior.....	Sweden.
DEPUTY COMMISSIONER.		
Charles Lewiston.....	Hudson.....	Norway.
CLERK.		
W. L. Balhelder.....	Durand.....	New York.
CLERK AND TYPEWRITER.		
LeRoy Thomas.....	West Superior.....	Wisconsin.
FACTORY INSPECTOR.		
H. P. Fischer.....	Milwaukee.....	Illinois.
ASSISTANT FACTORY INSPECTOR.		
J. J. Williams.....	Marshfield.....	New York.
CLERK AND JANITOR.		
Louis W. Krueger.....	Watertown.....	Wisconsin.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Legal residence.</i>	<i>Nativity.</i>
ADJUTANT GENERAL.		
Brig.-Gen. Charles R. Boardman.....	Oshkosh.....	Wisconsin.
ASSISTANT ADJUTANT GENERAL.		
Col. Worthie H. Patton.....	Oshkosh.....	New York.
CLERK NATIONAL GUARD DIVISION.		
Mary W. Priestley.....	Mineral Point.....	Wisconsin.
CLERK PENSION DIVISION.		
Edmund B. Gray.....	Milwaukee.....	New York.
CLERK VOLUNTEER SERVICE DIVISION.		
Joseph H. Whitney.....	Baraboo.....	Massachusetts.
CLERK AND STENOGRAPHER.		
William C. Ginty.....	Chippewa Falls.....	Wisconsin.
MESSENGER.		
Thomas B. Petford.....	Oshkosh.....	Wisconsin.

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL AND CHIEF OF ORDNANCE.		
Brigadier General Albert Sollday, Watertown.....		Pennsylvania.
ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER GENERAL.		
Colonel Allan F. Caldwell.....	Whitewater.....	Ohio.
ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER AND ACTING ORDNANCE OFFICER.		
Major Charles R. Williams.....	Camp Douglas.....	Wisconsin.
QUARTERMASTER SERGEANT.		
Edward S. Burroughs.....	Eau Claire.....	Wisconsin.
ORDNANCE SERGEANT.		
Henry Schall.....	Mauston.....	Germany.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC LANDS.*

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Nativity.</i>	<i>Office.</i>
William H. Froehlich.....	Wisconsin.....	Secretary of State.
James O. Davidson.....	Norway.....	State Treasurer.
Emmett R. Hicks.....	Wisconsin.....	Attorney General.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Legal residence.</i>	<i>Nativity.</i>
CHIEF CLERK.		
C. E. Morley.....	Readstown.....	New York.

ASSISTANT CHIEF CLERK.

B. J. Castle.....	Black River Falls.....	Ireland.
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CLERKS.

N. P. Stenjen.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
F. F. Chesak.....	Poniatowski.....	Wisconsin.
G. H. Charlesworth.....	Omro.....	England.
Mary B. Copp.....	Prescott.....	New York.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC PROPERTY.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Legal residence.</i>	<i>Nativity.</i>
SUPERINTENDENT.		
W. J. Scott.....	La Crosse.....	Ireland.

ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENT.

John Price, Jr.....	Wonevot.....	Wales.
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CHIEF CLERK.

F. D. Eyerly.....	Nellsville.....	Wisconsin.
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EMPLOYEES.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Legal residence.</i>	<i>Occupation.</i>
W. H. Dean.....	Madison.....	Chief Engineer.
E. Hickman.....	Milwaukee.....	Assistant Engineer.
W. E. Hall.....	Oconto.....	Assistant Engineer.
W. P. Higgins.....	Oconto.....	Chief Carpenter.
Chas. Gussman.....	Madison.....	Assistant Carpenter.
W. R. Norton.....	Darlington.....	Assistant Carpenter.
J. Longfield.....	Madison.....	Fireman.
J. Broadbent.....	Middleton.....	Fireman.
H. Van Keulen.....	Madison.....	State Painter.
C. D. Nelson.....	Algoma.....	Assistant State Painter.
Geo. H. Dean.....	Madison.....	Steam and Gas Fitter.
J. E. Keefe.....	Oconto.....	Receiving and Shipping Clerk.
J. A. Lins.....	Eagle.....	Storekeeper.
C. J. Kruse.....	Milwaukee.....	Foreman Labor Force.

*A bill to abolish this department and make it a part of the department of state passed the senate March 15, and as the Blue Book goes to press is receiving consideration in the assembly.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC PROPERTY—Continued.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Legal residence.</i>	<i>Occupation.</i>
E. M. Smith.....	Milwaukee.....	Police.
J. B. McCoy.....	Prairie du Sac.....	Police.
William Evans.....	Onalaska.....	Police.
Geo. H. Downie.....	Ashland.....	Police.
Henry Meyers.....	Neillsville.....	Police.
S. L. Serene.....	Pepin.....	Police.
S. O. Onsgard.....	Orford.....	Police.
Henry Shutter.....	McFarland.....	Police.
John Abaly.....	Madison.....	Night Watchman.
Thomas Barclay.....	La Crosse.....	Night Watchman.
Magnus Nelson.....	Oconto.....	Elevator Attendant.
James Colenso.....	Hurley.....	Janitor, Secretary of State.
John Huntley.....	Avon.....	Janitor, Corridors.
A. Knudtson.....	Eau Claire.....	Janitor, State Supt. Office.
E. P. Upham.....	Pardeeville.....	Janitor, Board of Control.
Peter Hanson.....	Bloomington.....	Janitor, Land Office.
H. A. Chase.....	Marshfield.....	Janitor, Agricultural Society Rooms.
A. T. Tucker.....	Whitehall.....	Janitor, Fish and Game Warden.
C. C. Lincoln.....	Tomahawk.....	Art Gallery Attendant and Janitor.
Chas. Oleson.....	Madison.....	Janitor, Water Closets.
M. J. Rawson.....	Whitewater.....	Janitor, Supt. Pub. Prop. Office.
A. M. Beach.....	Prairie du Chien.....	Janitor, Bank Examiner's Office.
J. H. McNair.....	Oshkosh.....	Jan., Bd. of Reg. of Normal Schools.
W. A. Owen.....	Dodgeville.....	Janitor, Railroad Commissioner.
T. B. Petford.....	Oshkosh.....	Janitor, Adjutant General.
Andrew McFadden.....	Oconto.....	Janitor, Chambers.
F. A. Bird.....	Madison.....	Janitor, G. A. R. and other rooms.
John Scanlan.....	Menomonie.....	Janitor, Dairy and Food Com.
Wm. Reid, Jr.....	Madison.....	Janitor, Insurance Com.
Wm. Southoff.....	Madison.....	Carpet Man.
James Burke.....	Madison.....	Cuspidor Cleaner.
Myrtle L. Orr.....	Oconto.....	Stenographer, half time.

STATE BOARDS, COMMISSIONS, AND AGENTS.

REGENTS OF UNIVERSITY.

See page 500.

REGENTS OF NORMAL SCHOOLS.

See page 506.

STATE BOARD OF CONTROL.

See page 520.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS FOR ADMISSION TO BAR.

L. J. Rusk, President.....	Chippewa Falls.
Gilbert M. Woodward.....	La Crosse.
A. L. Sanborn, Secretary.....	Madison.
S. N. Dickinson.....	West Superior.
W. D. Van Dyke.....	Milwaukee.

SCHEDULE OF MEETINGS FOR 1899 AND 1900.

At Milwaukee the 4th Tuesday of April and the 3d Tuesday of December.
At Madison the 4th Tuesday of August.

STATE LIBRARY.

TRUSTEES EX-OFFICIO.

John B. Cassoday.....	Chief Justice Supreme Court.
John B. Winslow.....	Justice Supreme Court.
Roujet D. Marshall.....	Justice Supreme Court.
Charles V. Bardeen.....	Justice Supreme Court.
Joshua E. Dodge.....	Justice Supreme Court.
Emmett R. Hicks.....	Attorney General.

LIBRARIAN.

John R. Berryman.....	Madison.
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MESSENGER.

William H. Orvis.....	Madison.
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STATE BOARD OF HEALTH AND VITAL STATISTICS.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Residence.</i>	<i>Term expires.</i>
Q. O. Sutherland, M. D.....	Janesville	1st Monday in Feb., 1900.
J. Henry McNeel, M. D.....	Fond du Lac.....	1st Monday in Feb., 1901.
Solon Marks, M. D.....	Milwaukee	1st Monday in Feb., 1902.
G. W. Harrison, M. D.	Ashland	1st Monday in Feb., 1903.
William F. Whyte, M. D.....	Watertown	1st Monday in Feb., 1904.
F. C. Sulter, M. D.....	La Crosse	1st Monday in Feb., 1905.
U. O. B. Wingate, M. D.....	Milwaukee	1st Monday in Feb., 1906.
Solon Marks, M. D.....	Milwaukee	President.
U. O. B. Wingate, M. D.....	Milwaukee	Secretary.

The State Board of Health was established by chapter 366, laws of 1876, and consists of seven members, one of whom is appointed annually by the governor, to serve for a period of seven years. The Board, however, elects its own officers, and its organic act provides that if the secretary is elected outside of the appointed members he becomes *ex-officio* a member of the Board, increasing the number of members to eight.

The Board meets in the months of January and June by legal requirement, and holds such other special meetings as are requested by members, or directed by the president. It has an annual appropriation of \$5,500.00 from which all expenses are paid, including all printing, except the printing of its biennial reports. No member of the Board receives any compensation for his services but the secretary, who is paid an annual salary which is fixed by the Board. The actual expenses of members when on duty are paid out of the appropriation.

The law by which the Board was established provides that it shall have a "general supervision of the interests of the health and life of the citizens of the state," and directs that "they shall make sanitary investigation and inquiries respecting the causes of disease, especially epidemics, the causes of mortality and the effects of localities, employments, conditions, habits and circumstances, and shall diffuse such information as they may deem proper among the people of the state." The law also gives to the Board an advisory relation to all local Boards of Health. Subsequent legislation has made the organization of such Boards obligatory in every town, village and city in the state, and has made it the duty of all physicians to report contagious diseases to such Boards, and of all such Boards to report to the State Board of Health relative to these diseases, and any other facts whenever required. During the year 1898, twelve hundred and forty-seven (1,247) of these local Boards reported their full organization to this Board in accordance with instructions, and through these Boards the State Board of Health has been able to reach nearly every locality in the state.

The Board has charge of all matters relating to general quarantine, and in emergency can make rules and regulations for the protection of the public health, which it is the duty of all local and general officers of the state to respect and enforce.

The Board invites correspondence and co-operation from all citizens of the state who are interested in the object for which it is laboring, to-wit: The prevention of disease, and the preservation of the health and lives of the people.

STATE BOARD OF PHARMACY.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Residence.</i>	<i>Term expires.</i>
H. O. Frank.....	Milwaukee	1899
A. F. Menges.....	Madison	1900
D. A. Taylor.....	Stevens Point	1901
E. B. Helmstreet.....	Janesville	1902
H. G. Thompson.....	Marinette	1903

OFFICERS OF THE BOARD.

Herman O. Frank.....	President.
E. B. Helmstreet.....	Secretary.

The State Board of Pharmacy was established by chapter 167, of the laws of 1882, amended in 1885, 1887, 1895 and 1897. The Board consists of five members, who are appointed by the governor, for a term of five years each.

Members receive five dollars per day for actual service, the secretary receiving no per diem, but a salary. All salaries and expenses are paid from receipts of examination, and dues from the druggists of the state.

The law establishing the Board provides that it shall be the duty of the Board to examine all applications for registration, submitted in proper form; to grant certificates of registration to such persons as may be entitled to the same under provisions of the act; to cause the prosecution of all persons violating its provisions; to report annually to the governor and to the Wisconsin Pharmaceutical Association upon the condition of pharmacy in the state, which said report shall also furnish a record of the proceedings of said Board for the year, as well as the names of all pharmacists registered.

The Board holds meetings for examination of applicants and such other business as pertains to its duties, at least once in three months. Thirty days' notice of such meetings is required to be given.

None but registered pharmacists can conduct a drug store or pharmacy; they must be the principals and managers of the store in all its management; neither can they allow any one not registered to sell medicines or poisons, or dispense physicians' prescriptions, except under their direct supervision.

No examination can be had except at the regular advertised meeting of the Board. No questions or standing of applicants are given out to anyone except to secretaries of State Board.

Licentiates in pharmacy by examination with required standing, 80 per cent., in other states, are registered without further examination.

All pharmacists are required to pay a fee of one dollar per year registration; they are held responsible for quality of all drugs and chemicals or medicines sold or dispensed by them. The average expenses of the Board have been \$1,000.00 a year, which has been paid from its own treasury and no funds have ever been drawn from the state. There has been paid to the state, funds from fines amounting to over \$3,000, exclusive of costs, in some seventy cases.

There are in Wisconsin 1,349 full grade pharmacists and 337 assistants, and 325 drug stores in the state.

STATE BOARD OF DENTAL EXAMINERS.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Residence.</i>	<i>Term expires.</i>
R. G. Richter, D. D. S.....	Milwaukee.....	May 2, 1899
C. C. Chittenden, D. D. S.....	Madison.....	May 2, 1900
W. H. Carson, D. D. S.....	Milwaukee.....	May 2, 1901
W. G. Oliver.....	Oconto.....	May 2, 1902
C. C. Wentworth.....	Milwaukee....	May 2, 1903

OFFICERS OF BOARD.

R. G. Richter, D. D. S.....	Milwaukee	President.
W. H. Carson, D. D. S.....	Milwaukee	Secretary.

The State Board of Dental Examiners was organized under chapter 129, laws of 1885. The Board is appointed by the governor. The expenses of the Board are paid out of fees received.

The Board meets annually on the third Tuesday in July, at the place selected for meeting of Wisconsin State Dental Society, which place of meeting is selected by the society.

The following is a synopsis of the business of the Board since its organization :

<i>Year ending.</i>	<i>Registered.</i>	<i>Licensed by diploma.</i>	<i>Licensed by examinations.</i>	<i>Applications.</i>	<i>Rejected.</i>	<i>Prosecutions.</i>	<i>Convictions.</i>	<i>Meetings held.</i>
September 30, 1886	352	20	5	5	.....	.....	.....	2
September 30, 1887	356	12	10	12	2	1	1	2
September 30, 1888	354	20	5	9	4	2	1	2
September 30, 1889	352	6	1	1	.....	.....	.....	1
September 30, 1890	363	35	3	4	1	2	1	2
September 30, 1891	373	52	7	10	3	3	2	2
September 30, 1892	375	53	9	9	.....	2	2	2
September 30, 1893	380	42	11	11	.....	.....	.....	2
September 30, 1894	449	47	8	21	13	.....	.....	2
September 30, 1895	496	46	10	15	5	.....	.....	2
September 30, 1896	518	60	17	23	9	.....	.....	2
September 30, 1897	659	79	17	23	5	2	2	3
September 30, 1898	708	107	9	24	16	1	1	4

STATE BOARD OF MEDICAL EXAMINERS.

J. R. Currens, M. D.,.....	Two Rivers, Wis.
Filip A. Forsbeck, M. D.,.....	Milwaukee, Wis.
Charles E. Quigg, M. D.,.....	Tomah, Wis.
H. B. Hitz, M. D.,.....	Milwaukee, Wis.
Harvey B. Dale, M. D.,.....	Oshkosh, Wis.
Samuel Bell, M. D., President, ...	Beloit, Wis.
H. M. Ludwig, M. D., Secretary,.....	Richland Center, Wis.

COMMISSIONERS OF FISHERIES.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Residence.</i>	<i>Term expires.</i>
The Governor ex-officio.		
Edwin E Bryant, President	Madison.	April 1, 1905.
W. J. Starr	Eau Claire	April 1, 1901
Calvert Spensley, Treasurer	Mineral Point	April 1, 1902.
James J. Hogan	La Crosse	April 1, 1901.
Henry D. Smith	Appleton	April 1, 1905.
Currie G. Bell	Bayfield	April 1, 1904.
E. A. Birge, Secretary	Madison.	
James Nevins, Superintendent	Madison.	

The Wisconsin Fish Commission was established in 1874, and originally consisted of three members. The number was increased to seven in 1878, six appointed by the governor and the other being the governor ex-officio. It maintains two hatcheries, one at "Nine Springs," four and one-half miles from Madison, for the hatching of brook trout and California trout, one at Bayfield for hatching brook trout, lake trout and wall-eyed pike, and a station at Oshkosh for the hatching of wall-eyed pike and fish requiring water of a higher temperature. The work of the commission is supported by an annual appropriation of \$20,000. During the two years last past the following distribution of fry was made:

<i>Names of Species.</i>	<i>1897.</i>	<i>1898.</i>
Brook trout	1,949,000	1,902,500
Rainbow trout	1,191,000	1,155,000
Lake trout (fry)	10,000,000	7,512,000
Lake trout (fingerlings)	10,000	.....
Whitefish	18,000,000	3,000,000
Wall-eyed pike	23,300,000	53,980,000
Muskallonge	11,000,000	.....
Black bass	4,500	112,200
White bass	9,115	23,420
Totals	65,463,615	67,685,120

The commission has a car fitted expressly for the collection, transportation and distribution of fish and fry, which greatly facilitates its work. This car traveled in 1897, 18,725 miles, and in 1898, 21,449 miles.

The rapid increase in the fishing industries of the state renders the work of this commission of the highest importance. In 1895 there was taken from the Wisconsin waters of Lakes Michigan, Superior and Green Bay, 33,804,855 pounds of fish, and in 1896, 44,161,200. In 1894 the industry on these lakes employed property to the amount of \$929,670, and 1,500 persons.

The inland fisheries are becoming more valuable each year. It is impossible to state their exact worth or to approximate it with any degree of accuracy. Their value lies not alone in the amount of food produced, but to a greater extent in the fact that they are a drawing attraction to summer tourists who come into the state to spend their summers or vacations in fishing and other recreations and lavishly spend their money while here. Excellent fishing also induces the summer resorters of Wisconsin to stay within the boundaries of Wisconsin in their search for recreation. The amount of money left within our borders on this account must extend into the hundreds of thousands of dollars annually, and is constantly increasing.

Persons desiring fry to stock streams or lakes may obtain all requisite information as to the conditions and method of obtaining them from any of the commissioners or the superintendent.

DAIRY AND FOOD COMMISSION.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Legal residence.</i>	<i>Nativity.</i>
COMMISSIONER.		
Henry C. Adams.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER.		
W. W. Chadwick.....	Monroe.....	Wisconsin.
CHEMIST.		
A. S. Mitchell.....	Milwaukee.....	Wisconsin.
DAIRY INSPECTOR.		
Norton J. Field.....	Milwaukee.....	Wisconsin.
STENOGRAPHER AND CLERK.		
Florence Q. Norton.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
MESSENGER.		
John Scanlan.....	Menomonie.....	Wisconsin.

BANK EXAMINER'S OFFICE.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Residence.</i>
Edward I. Kidd.....	Bank Examiner.....Prairie du Chien.
G. D. Bartz.....	Deputy Bank Examiner.....Wausau.
J. H. Rogers.....	Chief Clerk.....Milwaukee.
W. A. Richter.....	Clerk and Stenographer.....Milwaukee.
A. M. Beach.....	Messenger.....Prairie du Chien.

STATE TREASURY AGENT.

Ralph C. Vernon.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
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STATE PENSION AGENT.

Col. E. B. Gray.....	Milwaukee.
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STATE DRAUGHTSMAN.

Frank E. Noyes.....	Marinette.....	Wisconsin.
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STATE FISH AND GAME WARDEN.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Residence.</i>
James T. Ellarson.....	Wautoma.

STATE VETERINARIAN.

H. P. Clute	Marinetta.
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LUMBER INSPECTORS.

District No. 1.....	None
District No. 2.....	Harry H. Simpson.....
District No. 3.....	None
District No. 4.....	H. M. Laursen.....
District No. 5.....	None
District No. 6.....	D. L. McKay.....
District No. 7.....	None
District No. 8.....	None
District No. 9.....	James R. McKenzie.....
District No. 10.....	Geo. H. Bartlett.....
District No. 11.....	J. M. Easton.....
District No. 12.....	None
District No. 13.....	Timothy Atkinson
District No. 14.....	H. C. Grout.....
District No. 15.....	None
District No. 16.....	Moses Sarchet
District No. 17.....	D. H. Vaughn.....

TAX COMMISSIONERS.

Michael Griffin,.....	Eau Claire, Wis.
George Curtis, Jr, ...	Merrill, Wis.
Norman S Gilson, ...	Fond du Lac, Wis.

INSPECTORS OF ILLUMINATING OILS.

Giving the names of the deputy inspectors, with their post office address, and the boundaries of the districts assigned them as in force October 1st, 1898.

Inspector.	Post Office Address.	Territory Forming the Districts.
Dr. H. B. Tanner.	Kaukauna	State supervisor of oils.
A. P. Church	Antigo	Langlade county, and the towns on the Ashland division of the C. & N. W. Ry. in Shawano county from Antigo to Buckbee inclusive.
Dan Breen	Appleton	Outagamie county, except the city of Seymour, also the city of New London in Waupaca county.
M. J. Hart.....	Ashland	Ashland and Bayfield counties.
H. J. Hughes	Beaver Dam	Towns on the C. M. & St. P. Ry. from Randolph to Rubicon, inclusive, including Fox Lake and Burnett Junction.
Prof. E. G. Smith..	Beloit	South half of Rock county.
W. H. Nehls*.....	Benton	The towns of New Diggings, Elk Grove, Benton, Smelter, Hazel Green, Shullsburg, White Oak Springs, Monticello, and Jamestown in La Fayette and Grant counties.
Nick Gruber	Black River Falls	Jackson county, except the towns of Garfield, Cleveland and Merrillan.
Jos. Miller	Burlington	Towns of East Troy, Spring Prairie and Lyons in Walworth county, towns of Waterford, Rochester and Burlington in Racine county, towns of Wheatland, Randall and Salem, in Kenosha county.
Fred. Hanson	Chetek	Barron, Washburn and Sawyer counties, and towns on the Soo Railway in Chippewa county.
W. H. Howieson...	Chippewa Falls ..	South half of Chippewa county, towns of Thorp, Withee and Hixon, in Clark county, and towns on Wis. Central railway in Dunn county.
Arthur K. Breed..	Chilton	Calumet county, including the village of Kiel in Manitowoc county.
Fred Lindemann ..	Delavan	Towns of Darlen, Richmond, Delavan, Sugar Creek, Troy and LaFayette in Walworth county.
H. M. Orlady	Durand	Peplin county, and towns on Burlington Ry. in Buffalo county.
Geo. W. Williams..	Eau Claire	Eau Claire county except the town of Fairchild.
S. S. Lee	Evansville	The city of Janesville and towns on the C. & N. W. Ry. from Janesville to Evansville and Footville inclusive, all in Rock county.
Geo. H. Ferris.....	Fond du Lac	Fond du Lac county except the city of Ripon, the south half of Green Lake county, the towns of Chester, Le Roy, Lomira, Williamstown and Theresa in Dodge county.
S. T. Beattie	Florence	Florence county.
A. M. Anderson*...	Grantsburg	Burnett county.
J. H. Leonard	Green Bay	Brown, Kewaunee and Door counties, and the city of Seymour in Outagamie county.
Robert Dinsmore ..	Hudson	St. Croix county. Towns on C., St. P., M. & O. Ry. in Pierce county.
C. Reible	Hurley	Iron county.
Johnson A. Jackson	Kenosha	Kenosha county, except the towns of Wheatland, Randall and Salem.
Wm. H. Luth	La Crosse	La Crosse county, Trempealeau county, except the northern tier of towns; all of the towns on the Burlington Ry. in Vernon county.
J. E. Nethercut....	Lake Geneva	Towns of Geneva, Lynn, Bloomfield, and Walworth in Walworth county.

*See Appendix for changes.

INSPECTORS OF ILLUMINATING OILS — Continued.

Inspector.	Post Office Address.	Territory Forming the Districts.
R. J. McConnell*....	Madison	Dane county, except the towns of Mazomanie and Black Earth, towns on the C. & N. W. Ry. in Columbia county to Okee.
C. L. Newstrom....	Malden Rock	Pierce county except the towns on the C., St. P., M. & O. Ry.
Richard Maguire*..	Manitowoc	Manitowoc county except the town of Kiel.
W. J. Suelthohn*...	Marinette	Marinette county.
C. H. Doern.....	Marshfield	Wood county, and the towns on the Wis. Cen. Ry., from Marshfield to and including Medford, also Greenwood in Clark county, and the towns of Milan and Athens in Marathon county.
W. A. Scanlan	Menomonie	Dunn county, except the town on the Wis. Cen. Ry.
C. S. Stimers	Merrill	Lincoln county.
Geo. H. Francis...	Merrillan	Towns on the C., St. P., M. & O. Ry. from Merrillan to Mondovi inclusive, also town of Fairchild in Eau Claire county.
Kirke W. Tanner	Milton Jet	Towns of Fulton, Milton, and Lima in Rock county, also Whitewater in Walworth county, and Palmyra in Jefferson county.
Fred W. Kuth	Milwaukee	Milwaukee county.
B. T. Raymond*...	Monroe	Green county, also towns of Blanchard, Argyle, Fayette, Wlota, Darlington, Gratiot and Wayne in La Fayette county.
C. R. Roskie.....	Montello	Marquette, Adams and Waushara counties.
G. N. Huckins	Necedah	Necedah in Juneau county.
C. W. Johnson	Neenah	Cities of Neenah and Menasha in Winnebago county; towns on the Wis. Cen. Ry. from Neenah to Sheridan in Waupaca county inclusive.
Eli M. Wheaton ...	Nellisville	Clark county, except towns of Humbird and Greenwood, and northern tier of towns.
C. J. Francis	Oconto	Oconto county, also towns on C. & N. W. Ry. from Oconto to Clintonville inclusive.
A. A. Heald*.....	Osceola	Polk county.
W. H. Boyd.....	Oshkosh	Winnebago county, except the cities of Neenah and Menasha and the town of Nepeuskum.
M. Christianson ...	Phillips	Price county, and the towns of Westboro, Whittlessey and Chelsea in Taylor county.
John Fawcett*	Platteville	Towns on the C. & N. W. Ry. inclusive between Lancaster Jct., Barneveld, Lancaster, and Platteville. Towns on C., M. & St. P. Ry. inclusive between Platteville, Calamine and Mineral Point. Also towns on the Ill. Cen. Ry. in Iowa county. Also McCartney and Potosi on the Burlington Ry. All of the above in Grant, Iowa and La Fayette counties.
Chas. Mohr, Jr.....	Portage	Columbia county, except the towns of Lodi and West Point.
Chas. F. Brewer...	Racine	Racine county, except the towns of Waterford, Rochester and Burlington.
M. W. Shafer	Rhineland	Onelda, Villas and Forest counties.
Lee McMurtrey ...	Richland Center ..	Richland county.
C. W. Stewart	Ripon	Towns on the C. & N. W. Ry. from Ripon to Princeton inclusive, and towns on the C. M. & St. P. Ry. Ripon to Berlin, inclusive.

*See Appendix for changes.

INSPECTORS OF ILLUMINATING OILS — Continued.

Inspector.	Post Office Address.	Territory Forming the Districts.
J. C. Meyer.....	Sauk City	Towns on the C., M. & St. P. Ry. in Sauk, Dane and Iowa counties, from Prairie du Sac to Spring Green inclusive.
J. B. Stupfell	Sharon	Town of Sharon in Walworth county.
Geo. Sullivan*.....	Sheboygan	Sheboygan county.
T. L. McGlachlin ..	Stevens Point	Portage county. Waupaca county, except the towns on the Wis. Cen. Ry. and the city of New London.
C. J. Wells	Tomah	North half of Monroe county, Juneau county except the towns of Necedah, Plymouth and Wonewoc.
Jos. Omundson	Viroqua	Vernon county, except the western tier of towns. Also towns on the C., M. & St. P. Ry. from Viroqua Jct. south.
I. Werthelmer	Watertown	Jefferson county except the town of Palmyra; towns on the C. & N. W. Ry. from Watertown to Juneau. Towns on the C., M. & St. P. Ry. from Watertown to Elba.
T. H. Taylor	Waukesha	Waukesha county.
Ed. Helmann	Wausau	Marathon county except the towns of Milan and Athens.
O. P. Vaughan	Wauzeka	Crawford county. Towns on the C., M. & St. P. Ry. from Prairie du Chien to and including Avoca; towns on the C. & N. W. Ry. from Woodman to Werlev. Towns on the Burlington Ry. in Grant county to Cassville inclusive.
W. C. Bratz*.....	West Bend	Washington and Ozaukee counties.
John Dillor	West Superior	Douglas county.
Jas. R. DeGarmo ..	Wonewoc	Towns on the C. & N. W. Ry. from Summit to Merrimack in Monroe Juneau and Sauk counties.

*See Appendix for changes.

APPENDIX.

Since October 1st, 1898, the following changes have taken place in the list of deputies and their districts:

Mr. W. H. Nehls of Benton has resigned and his territory been turned over to other inspectors as noted below.

Mr. A. M. Anderson of Grantsburg has resigned and Mr. A. E. Nelson of the same place appointed to the vacancy.

Mr. Rob't McConnell of Madison has resigned and Mr. John Curran of the same place appointed to fill the vacancy.

Mr. Richard Maguire of Manitowoc has resigned and Mr. A. A. Whitney of the same place appointed to fill the vacancy.

Mr. W. J. Snelljohn of Marinette has resigned and Mr. Edward Peterson of the same place appointed to fill the vacancy.

The district presided over by Mr. B. T. Raymond of Monroe has been changed slightly so that it now reads, "Green County and Towns on Ill. Cen. Ry. in LaFayette County."

Mr. A. A. Heald of Osceola has resigned and Mr. S. C. Brown, whose post office address is St. Croix Falls, has been appointed in his place, "Polk Co."

Mr. Geo. Sullivan of Sheboygan has resigned and Mr. C. DeMasters of the same place appointed to fill the vacancy, and the district changed to read, "Sheboygan County only."

Mr. W. C. Bratz of West Bend has had his territory enlarged so that it now reads "Washington and Ozaukee Counties."

Mr. John Fuwett of Platteville has resigned and the territory in Grant, Iowa and LaFayette counties divided as follows:

Mr. Chas E. Stahl (Inspector), post office, Arthur, Grant Co. Territory, Tank stations at Platteville, Lancaster and Cuba City.

Mr. Thos. B. Mundy (Inspector), post office, Dodgeville, Iowa Co. Territory assigned, South half of Iowa county except Mineral Point; also tank stations of Montfort and Fennimore in Grant county.

Mr. James McGinty (Inspector), post office, Darlington, LaFayette County. Territory, LaFayette county except towns on the Ill. Cen. Ry., also Mineral Point in Iowa county.

MISCELLANEOUS STATE SOCIETIES.

The following associations and societies are not under the control of the state government, but are given here as a matter of information and reference. Some of them are encouraged by annual appropriations from the state, while the transactions of some of the associations are published by the state. The State Historical Society is the corporate trustee of the state; the governor, secretary of state and state treasurer are *ex-officio* members of its managing board; and vouchers for disbursements from its annual state appropriation are by law filed with the governor.

STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY OF WISCONSIN.

John Johnston	Milwaukee	President.
Reuben G. Thwaites	Madison	Secretary and Supt.
Frank F. Proudfit.....	Madison	Treasurer.
Isaac S. Bradley.....	Madison	Librarian and Asst. Supt.
Minnie M. Oakley.....	Madison	Assistant Librarian.
Florence E. Baker, Emma H. Blair, Mary S. Foster, Emma A. Hawley, Annie A. Nunna, Georgiana R. Shel- don, Iva A. Welsh.....	Madison	Library Assistants.

The Historical Society of Wisconsin was originally organized by members of the territorial legislature, in October, 1846, with A. Hyatt Smith as president, and Thomas W. Sutherland as secretary. January 30, 1849, there was a reorganization, with Gov. Nelson Dewey as president, a list of vice-presidents covering all the counties of the state, and Increase A. Lapham as secretary. But for various reasons the society did not prosper during its earlier years, and a second reorganization, with a new constitution, was effected under an act of legislature approved March 4, 1853. This charter the society still works under, and since the annual meeting on the first Thursday in January, 1854, the growth of its influence and importance has been steady and rapid. At this meeting, Lyman C. Draper, then of Philadelphia, was chosen secretary. With conspicuous ability, he served the society for thirty-three years, until the annual meeting of January 6, 1887, when he declined re-election; he was then in his 72d year, and desirous of devoting his remaining days (he died August 26, 1891) to completing some individual literary work which he had long had in hand. At this annual meeting of January 6, 1887, Reuben G. Thwaites, who had been for two years previous the assistant secretary, succeeded Dr. Draper as the executive officer of the society, and the editor of its publications. Daniel S. Durrle became identified with the society in 1856, as librarian, remaining constantly in service until his death, August 31, 1892. He was succeeded by Isaac S. Bradley, who had been assistant librarian since April, 1875.

When Secretary Draper took direction of the society's fortunes, its library consisted of but fifty volumes and pamphlets: there was neither museum nor art gallery, and the institution was quartered in a corner of the secretary of state's

office. Today the society is domiciled in the south wing of the capitol, two floors being devoted to its now famous library, and another—partitioned into three halls—to its growing museum of ethnology, archæology, and history, and its historical portrait gallery, in which are displayed oil portraits of over 200 distinguished Wisconsin pioneers and Indian chiefs. Its collection of relics of the War of Secession is large and interesting. About 50,000 persons visit the museum and portrait gallery annually, while the library attracts scholars and specialists from all parts of the union.

The library accessions number some 8,000 books and pamphlets per year. At present the shelves contain about 210,000 books and pamphlets, covering every department of American history, as well as taking a general sweep of English and continental history, and scientific development. The library is also particularly strong in genealogy, bound newspaper files, Shakespeariana, and sets of the periodicals indexed in "Poole." It has a notable collection of works by Wisconsin authors. Its collection of bound manuscripts numbers over 600 stout folio volumes, covering the frontier history of the Mississippi basin; and in Western history generally, no other library approaches this. It is of particular value as an aid to the students of the State University, who daily throng the reading rooms and deem the ample facilities for original research there given them, as one of the most important advantages of student life at the capital.

This flourishing institution ranks third in importance among American historical societies, and certainly it is the most important west of the Alleghanies; indeed, it is recognized by experts as in some respects the most active and enterprising of them all. It has done and is doing a noble work for Wisconsin—indeed for the entire west—by resurrecting and perpetuating the records of our development in its volumes of Wisconsin Historical Collections, fourteen in number, which contain practically all the materials now obtainable for the varied and romantic history of our commonwealth; by collecting and keeping up, abreast of the times, a library of Americana, which as to size and scope has but two rivals in this country, Harvard College and New York State Library, and they on the Atlantic slope; and by maintaining a museum and a portrait gallery which are of growing interest and educational value to the citizens of the state. The several publications of the society take high rank among men of letters everywhere, and are eagerly sought for by students of American history.

The society receives an annual appropriation of \$5,000, on condition that the sum shall be expended for the purposes of the society, and that the society shall hold all its present and future collections and property for the state, and shall not sell, mortgage, or dispose of, or remove from the capitol its collections without authority from the legislature; provided, that duplicates may be sold or exchanged for the benefit of the society. Upon moving into the new building, it will receive \$15,000 per annum. In addition to this annual appropriation, the officers of the society have collected, after twenty-four years of persistent efforts, by means of individual bequests, donations and membership dues, a binding fund of some \$29,000. An antiquarian fund is also well under way, to be devoted in due time to original historical investigation, or the purchase of rare manuscripts or other historic relics within the limits of the state. The Draper fund consisting of some \$6,000 worth of property, willed to the society by Dr. Draper, has been established; its income will be devoted to indexing and publishing the Draper Collection of early western manuscripts. Other special funds, particularly one for the purchase of accessions for the museum, are immediate needs.

A beautiful new fire-proof building is now being built at Madison for the society, by the state, in accordance with chapter 298 of the laws of 1895, as amended by chapters 237 and 293, laws of 1897. It is of Buff Bedford (Indiana) limestone, and promises to be by all means the finest building owned by the state. The society expects to move into its new quarters during the autumn of 1899.

WISCONSIN STATE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE.

President	T. L. Newton.....	Beaver Dam.
Vice-President	Geo. McKerrow.....	Sussex.
Secretary	John M. True.....	Baraboo.
Treasurer	<i>ex-officio</i> —J. O. Davidson.....	Madison.

MEMBERS OF BOARD.

At Large	Geo. Wylle.....	Leeds.
At Large	S. D. Hubbard	Mondovi.
1st District	H. A. Briggs	Elkhorn.
2d District	T. L. Newton	Beaver Dam.
3d District	Geo. G. Cox	Mineral Point.
4th District	B. B. Hopkins	Milwaukee.
5th District	George McKerrow	Sussex.
6th District	F. A. Huebner.....	Manitowoc.
7th District	Charles Linse	La Crosse.
8th District	C. G. Wilcox.....	De Pere.
9th District	David Wedgewood.....	Little Suamico.
10th District	John W. Thomas	Anson.

The Wisconsin State Board of Agriculture was created by act of the legislature of 1897, and consists of twelve members,—two from the state at large, and one from each congressional district of the state.

Members are appointed by the governor, for a term of three years, four members retiring annually, and not more than two-thirds of board can be of the same political party.

The secretary cannot be a member of the board, and the state treasurer is *ex-officio* treasurer of the board.

Members serve without compensation, being allowed only their actual expenses while in the performance of their duties.

A biennial report of the work of the board is submitted to the governor in each legislative year.

The first state fair under its auspices was held upon the grounds of the state in Milwaukee, Sept. 19-23, 1898. The office room assigned by the state to the board is in the west wing of capitol, upon the first floor.

STATE HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY.

Franklin Johnson	Baraboo	President.
O. W. Babcock.....	Omro	Vice-President.
A. J. Phillips.....	West Salem.....	Secretary.
R. J. Coe.....	Fort Atkinson.....	Treasurer.
Mrs. V. H. Campbell.....	Evansville	Corresponding Secretary.

WISCONSIN DAIRYMEN'S ASSOCIATION.

(Organized Feb. 15, 1872.)

OFFICERS.

H. C. Taylor.....	Orfordville	President.
G. W. Burchard.....	Fort Atkinson.....	Secretary.
H. K. Loomis.....	Sheboygan Falls.....	Treasurer.

Executive Board—Chester Hazen, Fond du Lac county; Stephen Faville, Dane county; H. C. Adams, Dane county; Prof. W. A. Henry, Dane county; W. D. Hoard, Jefferson county; C. H. Everett, Rock county; and the officers of the Association.

HOLSTEIN FRIESIAN BREEDERS' ASSOCIATION OF WISCONSIN.

(Incorporated February 15, 1892.)

J. Rust	North Greenfield.....	President.
Fred. E. Harriman.....	Appleton	Secretary.
Fred. Ziegler	Apple Creek.....	Treasurer.

WISCONSIN SHORT-HORN BREEDERS' ASSOCIATION.

George Wylie	Leeds	President.
J. B. Kiser	Oregon	Vice-President.
Charles Lawrence	Danville	Vice-President.
H. B. Drake.....	Beaver Dam...	Secretary and Treasurer.

Members of Executive Board—A. A. Arnold, Galesville, and D. H. Robertson, Morrisonville.

WISCONSIN JERSEY BREEDERS' ASSOCIATION.

George E. Bryant.....	Madison	President.
H. C. Taylor.....	Orfordville	Secretary.
E. F. Riley.....	Madison	Treasurer.

WISCONSIN SWINE BREEDERS' ASSOCIATION.

George Wylie	Leeds	President.
H. P. West.....	Fayetteville	Secretary.
E. E. Palmer.....	Springfield	Treasurer.

WISCONSIN SHEEP BREEDERS' AND WOOL GROWERS' ASSOCIATION.

I. N. Crawford.....	Mukwonago	President.
Andrew Kull	Lake Geneva.....	Vice-President.
H. J. Wilkinson.....	Whitewater	Secretary.
C. R. Gibbs.....	Whitewater ...	Corresponding Secretary.
W. H. Hardy.....	Genesee	Treasurer.

WISCONSIN STATE GRANGE.

(Organized Oct. 23, 1872.)

H. E. Huxley.....Neenah Master.
S. C. Carr.....Milton Junction..... Lecturer.
A. C. Powers.....Beloit Secretary.
Thomas Dickson Waneka Treasurer.

Executive Committee—S. C. Carr, Milton Junction; H. A. Morgan, Pleasant Valley, and J. J. Myrick, Waneka.

STATE FORESTRY ASSOCIATION.

B. S. Hoxie.....Evansville President.
C. A. Hutchins.....Beloit Vice-President.
L. S. Cheney.....Madison Treasurer.
Ernst Bruncken Milwaukee Secretary.

Other members of executive committee—H. C. Putnam, Eau Claire; J. H. Stout, Menomonie.

WISCONSIN BEE-KEEPERS' ASSOCIATION.

Frank Wilcox Mauston President.
Jacob Hoffman Monroe Vice-President.
N. E. France Platteville Secretary.
H. Lathrop Browntown Treasurer.

State Inspector of Apiaries—N. E. France, Platteville.

WISCONSIN AUXILIARY OF THE NATIONAL DAIRY UNION.

W. D. Hoard.....Fort Atkinson..... President.
John W. Decker.....Madison Secretary.
A. C. Van Elston.....Muscola Treasurer.

WISCONSIN STATE VETERINARY ASSOCIATION.

Dr. D. L. Roberts.....Waukesha President.
Dr. J. T. Roub.....Monroe Vice-President.
Dr. W. G. Clark.....Marinette Secretary.
Dr. Charles Schmidt Dodgeville Treasurer.

WISCONSIN CHEESE-MAKERS' ASSOCIATION.

J. A. Carswell.....	Lone Rock	President.
E. L. Aderhold.....	Neenah	Vice-President.
U. S. Baer.....	Madison	Secretary.
H. E. Austin.....	Homer	Treasurer.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

J. K. Powell.....	New Lisbon	1 year.
J. W. Decker.....	Madison	2 years.
Thomas Johnson	Boaz	3 years.

WISCONSIN FAIR MANAGERS' ASSOCIATION.

John M. True.....	Baraboo	President.
C. H. Harvey.....	Beaver Dam.....	Vice-President.
F. W. Harland.....	Waukesha	Vice-President.
J. P. Reeve.....	Sparta	Secretary and Treasurer.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

F. H. Nye.....	West Salem.
Kennedy Scott	Rio.
J. L. Kearney.....	Jefferson.

This Association was organized in 1894, and consists of officers of the various fairs held in the state.

Its object is to gain the best methods of the management of fairs, and to accomplish this, it holds annual conventions for the discussion of topics relating to fairs, the proceedings of which are published. Its first and second meetings were held in Milwaukee, and later it has met in the state agricultural rooms in the capitol at Madison.

WISCONSIN LIBRARY ASSOCIATION.

Mrs. Charles S. Morris.....	Berlin	President.
Charles H. Lee.....	Racine	Vice-President.
Miss M. M. Oakley	Madison	Secretary.
Miss Nellie C. Silverthorn.....	Wausau	Treasurer.

STATE FREE LIBRARY COMMISSION.

MEMBERS OF THE COMMISSION.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Residence.</i>	<i>Term expires.</i>
James H. Stout.....	Menomonie	1899.
Mrs. C. S. Morris.....	Berlin	1900.
Charles K. Adams.....	Madison	<i>ex-officio.</i>
L. D. Harvey.....	Milwaukee	<i>ex-officio.</i>
Reuben G. Thwaites	Madison	<i>ex-officio.</i>

OFFICERS OF THE COMMISSION.

James H. Stout.....	Menomonie	President.
Frank A. Hutchins	Madison	Secretary.
Miss L. E. Stearns.....	Milwaukee	Librarian.

The Wisconsin Free Library Commission was created by an act of the legislature of 1895. It consists of five members and its duties are to "give advice and counsel to all free libraries in the state and to all communities which may propose to establish them, as to the best means of establishing and administering such libraries, the selection of books, cataloging and other details of library management."

The Commission was organized December 3, 1895, and, although its means were very limited, it proved so useful that the legislature of 1897 gave it larger means and duties. It was reorganized, under the amended law, April 24, 1897. Since that time the secretary and librarian have devoted their full time to the work of the Commission. It has a permanent office in the capitol at Madison to which all official correspondence should be addressed and where all friends of libraries will be welcomed.

The Commission is not only willing but anxious to promote the free public library interests of Wisconsin and will cordially accept opportunities to give personal counsel and aid. It also invites information and suggestions from all friends of libraries.

The Commission issues a "Hand Book" which gives the text of the laws of the state relating to free public libraries, suggestions as to establishing, organizing and administering them and other useful information for members of library boards, librarians and others who are interested in libraries. It also issues a "Suggestive List of Books for Small Libraries," an illustrated report upon the "Free Traveling Libraries of Wisconsin," and other reports upon the various phases of library work which are undertaken in the state. Any of these pamphlets may be had upon application without cost.

During the past two years the growth and development of the libraries of Wisconsin have been so great as to attract attention throughout the nation. New free city and village libraries, supported by public taxation, have been founded in Algoma, Appleton, Baraboo, Cumberland, Durand, Hartland, Hillsboro, Kilbourn, Neillsville, North Freedom, North Milwaukee, Rhinelander, Rice Lake, Richland Center, Spring Green, Stevens Point, Thorp, Viroqua and Wausau. Libraries supported by individuals or associations have been turned over to the cities and adopted by them in Ashland, Lake Geneva, Sheboygan and Ripon, while wealthy individuals have given free libraries which they maintain to Mosinee and Tomahawk. Among the gifts and bequests which have been paid to public libraries during the same period are the following: the Harris bequest to Oshkosh, \$81,000; Hon. Philletus Sawyer to Oshkosh, \$25,000; the city of Oshkosh to its library, \$50,000; E. D. Smith to Menasha, a building and lot valued at \$22,000, and \$10,000 for endowment; Mrs. E. E. Vaughn to Ashland a business block and library valued at more than \$40,000; from the late J. J. Williams a bequest of \$5,000 to Beaver Dam; Mrs. Caroline Metcalf, \$15,000 to Milwaukee; August F. Uihlein, \$5,000, and the late Guido Hansen, \$1,000 to the same city; Jos. Dessert a building, lot and library costing over \$9,000 to Mosinee, and J. W. Lybrand, \$1,000 to Richland Center. Many other gifts in money,

ranging in amount from \$100 to \$1,000 were made to our libraries during the same period.

Early in January, 1899, Z. G. Simmons, of Kenosha, offered to give his home city and county a building and library that would cost \$100,000. In January and February, of the same year, free public libraries supported by taxation were established in Darlington, Reedsburg, Horicon, Fairchild, New Richmond, South Milwaukee, Colby and Kaukauna.

The Milwaukee public library has recently moved into a building, whose use it shares with the public museum, which cost about \$600,000, and the state is building a home for the libraries of the State Historical Society and State University which will cost nearly an equal amount. The E. D. Smith library building at Menasha has been completed at a cost of \$20,000, the Jos. Dessert library building at Mosinee has cost \$9,000, plans have been accepted at Oshkosh for a building that will cost \$50,000, and a building will be built by the city of Appleton for its library which will cost at least \$22,000.

The improvement in the work and character of our libraries has been as marked as the increase in their wealth. With but one exception the new libraries are proving real educational forces in their communities, while most of the old libraries have been brought to introduce modern methods.

No less striking has been the development of the free traveling library systems of the state. Two years ago Hon. J. H. Stout had 26 such libraries in Dunn county and J. D. Witter had 25 in Wood county. Now Mr. Stout has 37, Mr. Witter 34, the Free Library Commission 42, which go to all parts of the state, E. D. Smith has 15 which go out from Menasha, W. H. Bradley has four in northern Lincoln county, while the Women's Clubs of Berlin, Beloit, Green Bay, Marinette, Wausau, Merrill, La Crosse and Stevens Point, the Normal School at Platteville and the public libraries at Ashland and Chippewa Falls are the centers of other successful systems. In 1898 Jos. Dessert gave the Commission \$500 to buy traveling libraries for the farmers of the state.

In addition to its other work the Commission has collected and sent to its traveling library stations and to teachers in Northern and Central Wisconsin many thousands of popular magazines and children's periodicals. The latter are cheaply but substantially bound, and give both profit and pleasure to thousands of families whose opportunities of reading wholesome current literature have formerly been quite limited.

FREE CIRCULATING LIBRARIES.

Town.	Date of establishment.	City control.	No. of volumes.	Circulation in 1897.
Algoma.....	1898	1898		
Appleton.....	1897	1897	3,300	
Ashland.....	1887	1898	4,500	25,000
Baraboo.....	1897	1897	1,489	
Bayfield.....			1,450	8,531
Beaver Dam.....	1884	1885	7,075	24,489
Belleville.....	1887	1893	1,728	3,687
Beloit.....	1895	1895	5,060	82,000
Berlin.....			1,700	7,945
Black River Falls.....	1888	1876	1,730	3,000
Brodhead.....	1889		780	
Chippewa Falls.....	1894	1894	3,889	23,499
Colby.....	1899	1899		
Cumberland.....	1898	1898	241	
Darlington.....	1899	1899		
De Pere.....	1875	1896	2,000	
Durand.....	1898	1898	600	
Fairchild.....	1899	1899		
Eau Claire.....	1876	1876	3,091	49,922
Edgerton.....			1,500	
Fond du Lac.....	1877	1877	16,200	40,000
Fort Atkinson.....	1892	1893	1,742	8,844
Grand Rapids.....	1890	1890	3,810	13,801
Green Bay.....			5,700	46,415
Hartland.....	1897	1897	444	
Hayward.....			2,250	6,000
Hillsboro.....	1898	1898		
Horicon.....	1899	1899		
Janesville.....		1884	12,000	39,471
Kaukauna.....	1899	1899		
Kenosha.....	1896		3,322	24,101
Kilbourn.....		1898		
La Crosse.....	1888		14,137	43,400
Lake Geneva.....	1896	1894	583	2,707
Madison.....	1853	1873	15,700	70,875
Marinette.....		1874	3,600	15,700
Menasha.....	1896	1897	1,708	11,459
Menomonic.....	1876	1888	2,986	7,000
Menomonic (Memorial).....	1891		6,187	25,103
Merrill.....	1891	1891	4,650	19,000
Milwaukee.....	1847	1878	103,383	416,863
Mineral Point.....	1893		2,412	
Monroe.....	1876		3,600	15,674
Mosinee.....	1898			
Neenah.....	1882	1884	6,750	21,832
Neillsville.....	1895	1897	1,150	10,920
New London.....	1894		1,250	3,500
New Richmond.....	1899	1899		
North Freedom.....	1898	1898		
North Milwaukee.....	1898	1898		
Oconomowoc.....	1893		2,550	1,100
Oshkosh.....		1895	5,067	55,640
Racine.....	1896	1896	4,850	
Reedsburg.....	1899	1899		
Rhineland.....	1898	1898	650	
Rice Lake.....	1897	1897	886	9,900
Richland Center.....	1898	1898		
Ripon.....	1885	1898	2,050	2,100
Shawano.....	1899	1899		
Sheboygan.....		1897	2,935	22,221
South Milwaukee.....	1899	1899		
Sparta.....	1861	1874	3,400	6,000
Spring Green.....	1897	1897	600	3,000
Stevens Point.....	1897	1897	2,400	
Superior.....		1889	11,675	39,774
Thorn.....	1898	1898	115	
Tomahawk.....	1897		300	
Two Rivers.....	1891	1893	2,000	6,481
Viroqua.....	1893	1898	600	
Washburn.....	1885	1891	1,300	6,000
Wausau.....	1897	1897	2,000	
Wauwatosa.....	1886	1898	2,700	8,600

LIBRARIES SUPPORTED WHOLLY OR IN PART BY THE STATE.

Name of Library.	City.	No. of Volumes.	Librarian.
State (law)	Madison	31,251	John R. Berryman.
State Historical Society	Madison	100,880	Isaac S. Bradley.
State University	Madison	54,000	Walter M. Smith.
Academy of Sciences, Arts and Letters	Madison	18,000	Wm. S. Marshall.
Normal School — Milwaukee	Milwaukee	4,500	Miss Anne H. McNeil.
Normal School — Oshkosh	Oshkosh	5,358	Miss Anna G. Hubbard.
Normal School — Platteville	Platteville	5,600	Miss Bee A. Garduer.
Normal School — River Falls	River Falls	9,000	Miss Lillian Currier.
Normal School — Stevens Pt.	Stevens Point	5,000	Miss Elizabeth P. Simpson.
Normal School — Superior	West Superior	3,000	Miss Mary F. Carpenter.
Normal School — Whitewater	Whitewater	4,450	Miss Elizabeth P. Swan.
Industrial School for Boys	Waukesha	503	J. K. McGregor.
Industrial School for Girls	Milwaukee	575	
Northern Hospital for the Insane	Oshkosh	3,500	
State Hospital for the Insane	Madison	3,000	
School for the Blind	Janesville	3,028	
School for the Deaf	Delaun	2,400	
State Prison	Waupun	1,150	
Veterans' Home	Waupaca	987	W. O. Fisher.
State Reformatory	Green Bay		J. E. Heg.

COLLEGE OR ACADEMY LIBRARIES.

Name of Institution.	City or village.	Number of volumes.	Librarian.
Lawrence University	Appleton	15,124	Miss Zelia A. Smith.
North Wisconsin Academy	Ashland	700	Theodore Lathrop.
Wayland Academy	Beaver Dam	1,200	Homer Vosburgh.
Beloit College	Beloit	24,000	Charles A. Bacon.
St. John's Military Academy	Delafield	1,500	
Mission House	Herman	6,000	J. W. Grosshuesch.
Hillside Home	Hillside	2,500	
Milton College	Milton	5,500	Edwin Shaw.
Concordia College	Milwaukee	3,540	O. Hattstaedt.
German-English Academy	Milwaukee	1,243	
Marquette College	Milwaukee	10,000	Victor Putten.
Milwaukee Academy	Milwaukee	800	
National German-American Teachers' Seminary	Milwaukee	1,350	Max Griebach.
St. Lawrence College	Mt. Calvary	2,000	B. Mueller.
Mt. Horeb Academy	Mt. Horeb	200	
Nashotah House	Nashotah	10,000	
Sacred Heart College	Prairie du Chien	6,000	P. Mathias.
Racine College	Racine	10,000	Arthur Piper.
Home School	Racine	4,000	
St. Catharine's Academy	Racine	3,025	
Ripon College	Ripon	10,000	C. D. Marsh.
Catholic Normal School and Pio Nono College	St. Francis	1,852	
St. Clara Female Academy	Sinsinawa	8,000	
Stoughton Academy	Stoughton	700	
Northwestern University	Watertown	620	
Sacred Heart College	Watertown	1,500	
Carroll College	Waukesha	1,000	M. E. James.

WISCONSIN TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.

OFFICERS FOR 1899.

President—John T. Flavin, Watertown.

Secretary—H. A. Whipple, Whitewater.

Treasurer—W. L. Morrison, Merrill.

Vice-Presidents—W. H. Elson, West Superior; Fannie Holcomb, Milwaukee;
R. C. Ramsey, Peshtigo.

Members of the Executive Committee—Rose C. Swart, Oshkosh; Chas. F. Taylor, Wauwatosa; G. H. Hubbard, Madison; B. H. Jackson, Ashland, and G. Sims, River Falls.

This association was organized in 1853, and incorporated by legislative enactment in 1855. Its purpose is the mutual improvement of its members and the promotion of popular education throughout the state.

Since its organization this association has held forty-six annual, and since 1867, twenty-four semi-annual sessions. The annual sessions were held in July at a place determined upon by a committee of the association.

In 1889 the plan of holding two sessions was abandoned, and the time of the regular sessions was changed to December. The object of this change was to encourage the formation of section meetings. This change has resulted in the organization of four auxiliary State Teachers' Associations—a Southeastern, a Southwestern, a Northeastern and Northwestern, which associations now hold annual meetings in their respective sections of the state.

The State University, the normal schools, and the various colleges of the state, are largely represented in the work of the association by the members of their faculties. A considerable number of city and county superintendents, as well as high school and graded school teachers, are actively identified with it.

The membership fees are one dollar per annum for gentlemen, and fifty cents for ladies.

Though entirely non-partisan, the association has exercised much influence in shaping state legislation upon educational matters. Its deliberations consist mainly in the discussion of practical questions relating to school organization and management and methods of instruction. Some of the papers read before the association are published in the Wisconsin Journal of Education, which is the joint organ of the association and of the state department of public instruction. The Journal was originally edited under the direction of the association by a committee and editor directed to perform that duty. Subsequently it was published and edited by the state superintendent and his assistant. In the year 1885 the ownership of the Journal was transferred to the association, and it was placed under the editorial and business management of Dr. J. W. Stearns, professor of philosophy and pedagogy in the State University. In 1891 the Midland School Journal, published in Madison, was combined with the Wisconsin Journal of Education, which is now controlled and edited by J. W. Stearns and A. O. Wright. By the state law "each school district clerk and each town clerk or secretary of a town board of directors, may subscribe annually for one copy of the Wisconsin Journal of Education to be paid for by the district or town respectively, out of the school money."

PRESIDENT.

VICE-PRESIDENTS.

SECRETARY.

TREASURER.

LIBRARIAN.

CURATOR.

GEOLOGICAL AND NATURAL HISTORY SURVEY.

COMMISSIONERS.

OFFICERS OF THE COMMISSIONERS.

Director and Superintendent of the Survey.....E. A. Birge, Madison.

An appropriation was made by the legislature of 1897 of \$5,000 annually for two years. The Survey has given especial attention to the first, third, and fifth of the duties with which it was charged. Two geologists have been kept in the field during the past two years: Dr. E. R. Buckley has prepared an account of the building stone industries of the state, and Dr. Samuel Weidman has been engaged in the study of the geology of the region about Wausau and Merrill.

Mr. F. Roth, of the United States Department of Agriculture, prepared for the Survey an account of the forests of the state, in 1897, and during the past season Prof. L. S. Cheney of the State University has been engaged in preparing a report on the forest trees of the state. Prof. G. L. Collie of Beloit, Prof. D. P. Nicholson of Appleton, and Prof. R. D. Salisbury of Chicago have been engaged in preparing reports on the physical geography of certain portions of the state.

The study of the lakes of the state with reference to their availability as sources of water supply and for the cultivation of fish, has been begun by the preparation of maps showing the depth of the water in the more important lakes of the southern and eastern parts of the state. More than fifty lakes, from Waupaca on the north to Lake Geneva on the south, have been carefully investigated by the Survey. This work is under the charge of Prof. L. S. Smith, of Madison. Prof. C. Dwight Marsh, of Ripon, and Professor E. A. Birge, of the State University, have been engaged in the study of the lower animal and plant life of these lakes and in investigating the temperature of their waters.

The publications of the Survey are entitled bulletins and are issued in three series:

I. Economic Bulletins, which deal with the natural resources of the state. Two of these have been published:

1. On the Forestry Conditions of Northern Wisconsin, by Ellibert Roth, of the United States Department of Agriculture.
2. The Building and Ornamental Stones of Wisconsin, by E. R. Buckley. This is the most important publication of the Survey.

II. Scientific Bulletins, whose contents are of scientific rather than of economic importance. Of these two have been published:

1. The Instincts and Habits of the Solitary Wasps, by G. W. and E. G. Peckham.
2. The Igneous Rocks of the Fox River Valley, by S. Weldman.

III. Educational Bulletins. This series is designed especially for use in the schools. No bulletin in this series has as yet appeared. One is completed and is now ready for the printer. It is a paper of great scientific interest as well as of educational value. It is entitled:

1. Geography and Surface Geology of the Devils Lake Region, by R. D. Salisbury and W. W. Atwood.

Two other bulletins of this series are in preparation:

2. The Physical Geography of Southern Wisconsin, by G. L. Collie, Beloit, and
3. The Forest Trees of Wisconsin, by L. S. Cheney, Madison.

Besides these bulletins, the Survey has also issued hydrographic maps showing the depth of water in the principal lakes in the southern and eastern parts of the state. Maps have been issued covering the Chain of Lakes, Waupaca; the Oconomowoc-Waukesha lake district; lake Beulah and adjacent lakes; the Lauderdale lakes and Delavan lake; lake Geneva; Elkhorn lake. A map of lake Mendota is nearly prepared and will soon be issued. Besides the bulletins named above, others are in preparation and will be issued during the coming year.

Correspondence relating to the Survey should be addressed to

E. A. BIRGE, Director,
Madison, Wis.

WISCONSIN PRESS ASSOCIATION.

PRESIDENT.

M. P. Rindlaub.....Platteville Witness.

SECRETARY.

O. F. Roessler.....Jefferson Banner.

TREASURER.

Mrs. Flora B. Ginty.....Chippewa Falls Herald

VICE-PRESIDENTS.

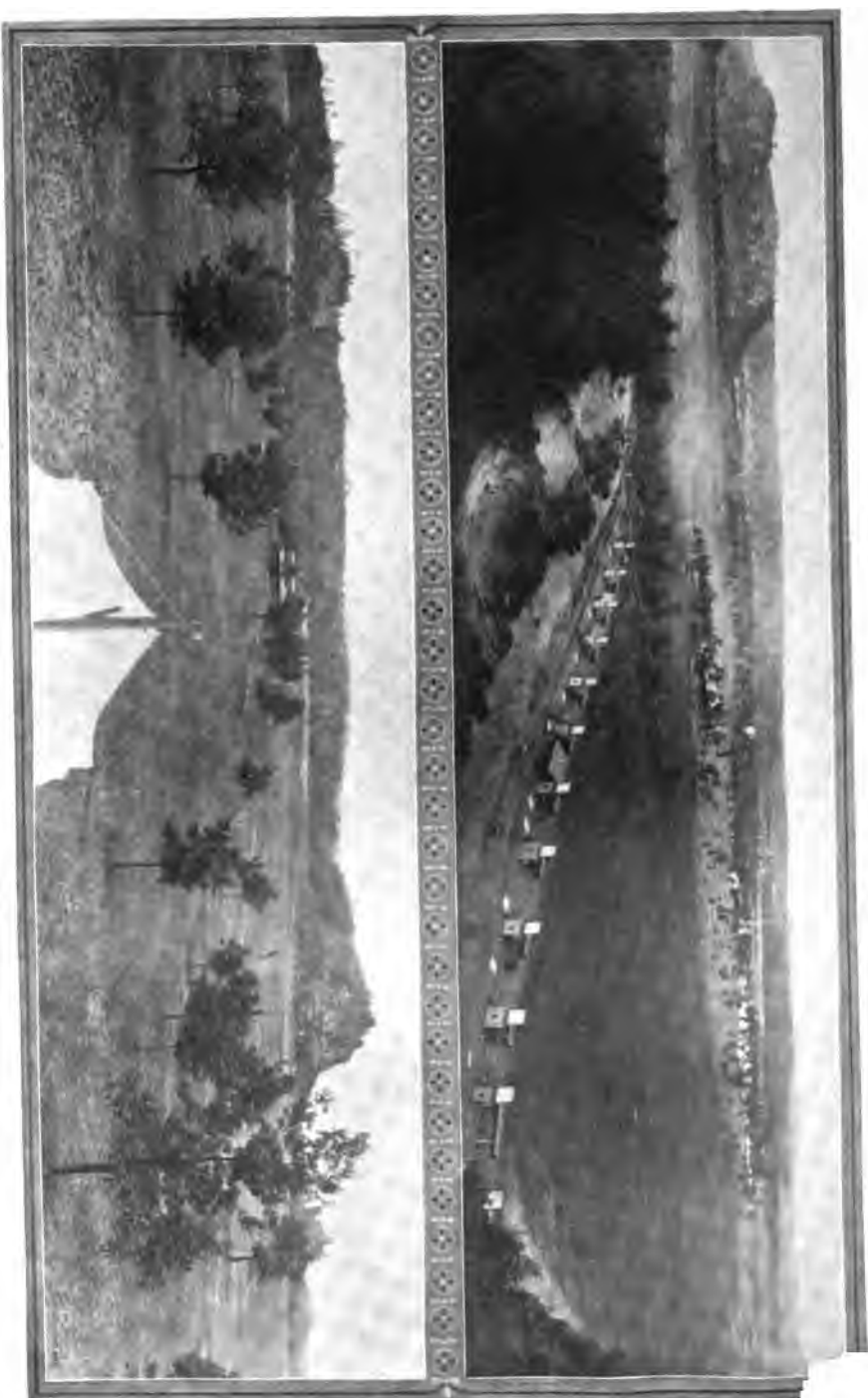
First District—James W. Wilmarth.....Janesville Gazette.
 Second—Roger M. Andrews.....The State, Madison.
 Third—T. K. Dunn.....Elroy Tribune
 Fourth—John G. Gregory.....Milwaukee Wisconsin
 Fifth—W. H. Burk.....Sheboygan Telegram.
 Sixth—L. W. Chapman.....Plainfield Sun.
 Seventh—W. L. Osborne.....La Crosse Republican and Leader.
 Eighth—Hattie B. Mayberg
 Ninth—Stanley Lathrop Ashland Helping Hand.
 Tenth—E. N. Bowers.....Rice Lake Chronotype.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

H. W. Meyer Appleton Volksfreund.
 H. M. Youmans Waukesha Freeman.
 John Nagle Manitowoc Post.
 Edwin Hurlbut Oconomowoc Free Press.
 George Crawford Mineral Point Democrat.

STATE BOARD OF ARBITRATION AND CONCILIATION.

Thomas Wadell Milwaukee.
 R. H. Edwards.....Oshkosh.
 George E. Willott.....Madison



WISCONSIN MILITARY RESERVATION, NEAR CAMP DOUGLAS.

WISCONSIN NATIONAL GUARD.

COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF AND STAFF.

Office.	Rank.	Name.	Residence.	Date of rank.
Commander-in-Chief	Governor	Edward Scofield.....	Oconto	Jan. 4, 1897
Adjutant and Inspector General	Brig. General	Charles R. Boardman	Oshkosh	Jan. 4, 1897
Assistant Adjutant General	Colonel	Worthie H. Patton.	Oshkosh	Apr. 2, 1897
Quartermaster and Commissary Gen'l	Brig. General	Albert Solliday.....	Watertown ..	Jan. 2, 1899
Quartermaster	Major	Charles R. Williams	Camp Dougl's	Apr. 2, 1897
Commissary of Subsistence	Captain	Edwin T. Markle.....	Fond du Lac	Apr. 5, 1892
Surgeon General	Brig. General	John B. Edwards.....	Mauston	Jan. 2, 1899
Genl. Insp. of Small Arms Practice	Colonel	George Graham.....	Tomah	Jan. 7, 1895
Paymaster	Major	Moses R. Doyon.....	Madison	June 7, 1888
Additional Paymaster	Captain	Gordon H. McNeel.....	Fond du Lac.	Apr. 30, 1887
Military Secretary	Colonel	Wm. J. Anderson.....	Milwaukee	Jan. 7, 1895
Aide-de-Camp	Colonel	Wm. J. Boyle	Milwaukee	Jan. 31, 1893
Aide-de-Camp	Colonel	Wm. C. Brumder	Milwaukee	Jan. 7, 1895
Aide-de-Camp	Colonel	Arthur C. Keyes.....	Oshkosh	Feb. 17, 1896
Aide-de-Camp	Colonel	Wm. C. Ginty	Chippewa Falls	Jan. 4, 1897
Aide-de-Camp	Colonel	Harry H. Coleman.....	Milwaukee	Jan. 4, 1897
Aide-de-Camp	Colonel	Wm. H. Young	Oconto	Jan. 4, 1897
Aide-de-Camp	Colonel	Wm. M. Farr	Kenosha	Mar. 9, 1897
Aide-de-Camp	Colonel	Benj. H. Dally	Milwaukee	Oct. 8, 1898
Aide-de-Camp	Colonel	Albert H. Hollister.....	Madison	Jan. 2, 1899
Aide-de-Camp	Colonel	David F. Powell.....	LaCrosse	Jan. 2, 1899

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Office.	Rank.	Name.	Residence.	Date of rank.
Surgeon General.....	Brig. General	John B. Edwards....	Mauston.	Jan. 2, 1899
Surgeon	Major	Edward H. Grannis....	Menomonie ..	June 15, 1899
Surgeon	Major	Frank C. Moulding ..	Watertown ..	June 16, 1899
Surgeon	Major	Joseph B. Whiting, Jr	Janesville	June 17, 1899
Assistant Surgeon	Captain	Ralph Chandler.....	Milwaukee	June 29, 1893
Assistant Surgeon	Captain	Charles F. King	Hudson	July 1, 1893
Assistant Surgeon	Captain	Wm. J. Cronyn	Milwaukee	Jan. 23, 1895
Assistant Surgeon	1st Lieuten'nt	Edgar C. Barnes.....	Ripon	June 15, 1899
Assistant Surgeon	1st Lieuten'nt	Geo. N. Hildershide ..	Arcadia	June 16, 1899
Assistant Surgeon	1st Lieuten'nt	Daniel S. McArthur ..	LaCrosse	June 17, 1899
Assistant Surgeon	1st Lieuten'nt	Theo. J. Redelings....	Marinette	June 18, 1899

REGIMENTAL FIELD AND STAFF OFFICERS.**First Regiment of Infantry.**

Organized by General Orders No. 25, April 26, 1882. Re-organized by General Order, No. 4, June 10, 1899. Headquarters, Milwaukee.

Rank.	Name.	Residence.	Date of rank.
Colonel	Otto H. Falk	Milwaukee.....	June 10, 1899
Lieutenant Colonel	George H. Joachim	Madison	June 11, 1899
Major	Daniel A. Stearns.....	Monroe	June 27, 1893
Major	John J. Lynch	Milwaukee.....	Oct. 2, 1896
Major	Abraham B. Cambier..	Milwaukee.....	Feb. 26, 1897
Major and Surgeon	Joseph B. Whiting, Jr.	Janesville.....	June 17, 1899
Captain and Adjutant	Howard Greene.....	Milwaukee.....	June 8, 1896
1st Lieut. and Battalion Adjt..	Frank A. Sullivan.....	Milwaukee.....	Dec. 22, 1890
1st Lieut. and Battalion Adjt..	Clarence Christensen..	Milwaukee.....	Sept. 25, 1894
1st Lieut. and Battalion Adjt..	Frederick F. West.....	Monroe	Mar. 4, 1895

Second Regiment of Infantry.

Organized by General Orders No. 25, April 26, 1882. Re-organized by General Orders No. 4, June 10, 1899. Headquarters, Appleton.

Colonel.....	Nathan E. Morgan	Appleton	June 11, 1899
Lieutenant Colonel	F. W. Gruetzmacher	Ripon	June 12, 1899
Major	Wallace P. Greene.....	Marinette.....	July 15, 1893
Major	Wilbur M. Lee	Oconto	June 10, 1899
Major	Julius A. Nemitz.....	Oshkosh.....	June 13, 1899
Major and Surgeon	Frank C. Moulding.....	Watertown.....	June 16, 1899
1st Lieutenant and Asst. Surg.	Edgar C. Barnes.....	Ripon	June 15, 1899
1st Lieutenant and Asst. Surg.	Theodore J. Reeling.....	Marinette.....	June 18, 1899
Captain and Adjutant	Charles A. Green.....	Appleton	Jan. 16, 1893
Captain and Quartermaster.....	Hugh E. Pomeroy.....	Appleton	Feb. 1, 1897
1st Lieut. and Commissary	Walter A. Marden.....	Oshkosh.....	Jan. 19, 1897
Captain and Chaplain	Edward H. Smith	Oshkosh.....	July 27, 1892
1st Lieut. and Batt. Adjutant.	Gustave Visch.....	Marinette.....	July 19, 1895
1st Lieut. and Batt. Adjutant.	Harry R. Lee.....	Appleton	June 16, 1894
1st Lieut. and Batt. Adjutant.	John H. Laabs	Oshkosh.....	June 16, 1899

Third Regiment of Infantry.

Organized by General Orders No. 10, April 30, 1883. Re-organized by General Orders No. 4, June 10, 1899. Headquarters, La Crosse.

Colonel	Orlando Holway	La Crosse.....	June 12, 1899
Lieutenant Colonel	Julius E. Kirchers.....	La Crosse.....	June 10, 1899
Major	Randolph A. Richards	Sparta	Oct. 19, 1897
Major	Joseph W. Ballard	Eau Claire.....	June 11, 1899
Major	John W. Hommel	Neillsville.....	June 12, 1899
Major and Surgeon	Edward H. Grannis	Menomonie.....	June 15, 1899
Captain and Asst. Surgeon.....	Charles F. King	Hudson	July 1, 1894
1st Lieut. and Asst. Surgeon.....	Daniel S. McArthur	La Crosse.....	June 17, 1894
Captain and Adjutant	Marshall Cousins	Eau Claire.....	June 17, 1899
Captain and Quartermaster.....	John Turner	Mauston	Feb. 14, 1895
1st Lieut. and Commissary	Wm. H. Becker	Menomonie.....	June 17, 1899
Captain and Chaplain	Charles E. Butters	Tomah	Oct. 1, 1898
1st Lieut. and Battalion Adjt..	Henry W. Klopff	Neillsville.....	May 22, 1891
1st Lieut. and Battalion Adjt..	Frank L. French	Sparta	July 15, 1896
1st Lieut. and Battalion Adjt..	William H. Smith	Superior	May 11, 1898

Tenth Separate Battalion.

Organized by General Orders No. 4, June 10, 1899. Headquarters, Milwaukee.

Major	Theo. K. Birkhauser ..	Milwaukee	July 11, 1899
1st Lieut. and Asst. Surgeon.....	George N. Hildershide..	Arcadia	June 16, 1899
1st Lieut. and Battalion Adjt..	Paul P. Kelly	Milwaukee.....	June 13, 1899

COMPANIES AND COMPANY OFFICERS.

First Regiment of Infantry.

Co.	Organized.	Re-organized.	Location.	Strength July 11, 1892.	Captains.	1st Lieutenants.	2nd Lieutenants.
A	Jan. 23, 1893	Dec. 6, 1894	Milwaukee.	69	John F. Marion	Charles H. Tucker	John J. Foley.
B	Apr. 25, 1879	Dec. 9, 1898	Ft. Atkinson.	68	Edgar J. Gibson	Fred Glazier	Clarence Aspinwall.
C	July 7, 1877	Nov. 28, 1898	Whitewater.	67	Frank B. Goodhue	Edward T. Weyher	Charles E. Johnson.
D	July 28, 1894		Milwaukee.	65	Emil Wilde	Adolph Patzer	Frank Muske.
E	Aug. 31, 1877	Dec. 19, 1898	Beloit.	63	Harvey R. Yeakel	Fred Y. Hart	Robert C. Maltress.
F	Apr. 24, 1889	June 12, 1899	Milwaukee.	58	Fred P. Cook	Edwin J. Backen	John R. McDowell
G	Mar. 21, 1875	Dec. 22, 1898	Madison.	79	Henry W. Quentmeyer	Henry C. Baker	John P. Joachim.
H	Mar. 30, 1882	Nov. 29, 1898	Monroe.	69	Matthias C. Durst	Arthur Musselman	
I	Oct. 24, 1877	May 1, 1899	Milwaukee.	56	Oliver E. Lewis	William A. Bolte	Richard B. Ramien.
J	Aug. 12, 1894	Dec. 12, 1898	Milwaukee.	62	Thaddeus Wild	Peter Pinzetti	Ladislau Cirzynski.
K	Aug. 12, 1894		Kenosha.	64	William W. Miller	Frank E. McCordy	
L	July 27, 1898		Oconomowoc.	62	Karl L. Froding	John B. Lyke	Arthur C. Tuttle.

Second Regiment of Infantry.

Co.	Organized.	Re-organized.	Location.	Strength July 11, 1892.	Captains.	1st Lieutenants.	2nd Lieutenants.
A	Sept. 25, 1899	Dec. 20, 1898	Marshfield.	63	Anton C. Martin	Alphonus Sutor	Otto Meyer.
B	Mar. 25, 1876	Dec. 17, 1898	Oshkosh.	55	Edward W. Paine	Henry Tyrivier	Joseph Blau.
C	Nov. 4, 1871	Dec. 19, 1898	Sheboygan.	66	Charles Bodemer	Herman Olson	Otto Burkhardt.
D	Mar. 28, 1879	Dec. 15, 1898	Ripon.	67	James E. Reugan	Frank J. Graham	Thomas B. Temple.
E	Apr. 7, 1880		Pond du Lac.	67	Emil C. Plonsky	Wm. J. F. Seve	James W. Dittmar.
F	Apr. 8, 1880	Dec. 28, 1898	Oshkosh.	65	Ulysses G. Carl	Charles W. Roeler	Emil T. Kraning.
G	Oct. 27, 1881	Dec. 14, 1898	Appleton.	61	Maurice S. Peerenborn	William H. Zuehlke	Clarence Peterman.
H	Dec. 29, 1884	Dec. 16, 1898	Manitowoc.	60	Norman Alfred Knudson	Alexand F. Stahl	Frank M. Mulvauey.
I	May 1, 1889	Dec. 13, 1898	Marquette.	65	Joshua Hodzias	Charles J. McCrory	George J. Diech.
J	Oct. 4, 1890	Dec. 20, 1898	Beaver Dam.	67	Philip J. Zink	Wm. Boarder	Arthur Tibbitts.
K	July 30, 1898		Rhineland.	65	Edward O. Brown	David H. Walker	Thomas F. Brennan.
L	May 2, 1896	Nov. 23, 1898	Oconto.	74	Wm. B. Hall	Albert J. Cummings	Frank W. Heath.

Third Regiment of Infantry.

A	May 15, 1875	May 5, 1893	Neillsville	65	Wm. J. Brewster	Ole A. Jackson	Charles A. Jackel.
B	August 1, 1873	May 4, 1889	La Crosse	60	Fred Schmitz	Otto E. Kanard	Joseph J. Miller.
C	June 18, 1887	May 10, 1899	Hudson	62	Wm. X. Burton	Leola Esslin	Earl W. Towers.
D	Oct. 11, 1875	May 1, 1899	Madison	59	Gerhard K. Behnken	Carl L. Behnken	Wm. J. Kessler.
E	July 23, 1898		Eau Claire	62	Otto H. Kitzman	Carl A. Franklin	Guy Goodell.
F	June 23, 1877		Portage	62	John C. Britt	Frederick E. Burbach	Otto Abraham.
G	December 30, 1882	May 3, 1899	Wausau	58	Jacob D. Womer	Eimer E. Lucas	
H	January 18, 1877	May 4, 1899	Menomonie	64	John W. Macauley	Chas. F. Laugewin.	Emmanuel Rossiter.
I	November 23, 1895	May 27, 1899	Superior	50	Harry W. Newton	Alv. S. Goodyear.	Irving E. Jones.
K	May 25, 1884	May 2, 1899	Toadish	64	Winfield W. Warren	Milton R. Gould	Theodore J. Hanson.
L	July 13, 1886	May 1, 1899	Sparta	63	Robert B. McCoy	John B. Shurman	Chas. H. Rawlinson.
M	December 28, 1892	May 3, 1899	La Crosse	63	Eugene H. Chamberlain		

Tenth Separate Battalion of Infantry.

A	July 27, 1898		Rice Lake	68	Edward K. Brayton	Charles J. Beecher	Victor H. Paradis.
B	July 25, 1898		Reed-burg	62	Wm. A. Wyse	Wm. L. Burdick	Albert H. Clark.
C	July 26, 1898		Chippewa Falls	52	Wm. G. Hartwell	John H. Stauley	John Wiley.
D	July 23, 1895		Ashland	62	David J. Mowatt	Daniel E. Richter	Wm. J. Ritchie.

Troop "A" 1st Cavalry.

April 27, 1890		Milwaukee	66	Wm. J. Grant	Wm. H. Halsey	Robert W. Mueller.
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Battery "A" 1st Light Artillery.

May 11, 1885	Oct. 18, 1898	Milwaukee	68	Charles F. Lindington	Geo. H. Kennedy	Harry J. Murphy.
General Staff					Guy D. Armitage	
Medical Department			20			
Field and Staff Officers			12			
Non-Commissioned Staff			38			
Musicians			24			
			84			
Total			2,352			

OFFICERS OF AGRICULTURAL SOCIETIES IN WISCONSIN.

The location of the fair is in every case (except where otherwise noted) the same as secretary's address.

COUNTIES	Name of Society.	President.	Secretary.	Postoffice address of Secretary.	Treasurer.
Adams	Adams County Agricultural Society	S. W. Pierce	D. McGregor	Friendship	G. W. Waterman.
Ashland	Ashland County Agricultural Society	John J. McEeban	R. F. Spencer	Ashland	John A. Watson.
Barron	Barron County Agricultural Society	W. W. Flinn	Jos. E. Cartright	Chetek	W. A. Kent.
Bayfield	Cumberland Agr. and Driving Park Assn.	S. H. Waterman.	H. S. Constock	Cumberland	H. C. Doolittle.
Brown	*Bayfield County Agricultural Society	K. G. Staples	Byron Ripley	Iron River	A. A. Hobbs.
Buffalo	*Brown County Fair and Park Association	H. Haemeister	D. W. Flatley	Green Bay	T. Joannes.
Burnett	Burnett County Agricultural Society	A. J. Walker	W. H. Smith	Mondovi	L. A. Merritt.
Calumet	Calumet County Agricultural Society	Peter Anderson	And. A. Anderson	Grantsburg	Caute Olson.
Chippewa	Chippewa County Agricultural Society	Tjork Oesan	Geo. D. Breed	Chilton	Winfield S. Lloyd.
Clark	Chippewa County Wisconsin Agr. and Indus. Soc.	James H. Agen	Jesse R. Sharp	Chippewa Falls	C. A. Hayes.
Columbia	Clark County Agricultural Society	E. D. Webster	M. S. Bailey	Chippewa Falls	E. R. Wiley.
Crawford	Columbia County Agricultural Society	George Bain	H. H. Heath	Trilo	G. L. Redmond.
Dane	Lodi Union Agricultural Society	Job Mills	Kennedy Scott	Lodi	J. M. Reynolds.
Dodge	Crawford County Agricultural Society	Charles Iverson	Andrew B. Withee	Soneca	A. R. Reynolds.
Douglas	Dane County Agricultural Society	S. L. Sheldon	Carl Subr	Madison	Robert Morris.
Dunn	Dodge County Fair Association	E. E. Williams	C. W. Harvey	Beaver Dam	Daniel Bechtel.
Eau Claire	Douglas County Agricultural Society	Fred M. Williams	C. W. Webb	West Superior	H. B. Drake.
Forest	Dunn County Agricultural Society	F. A. Vasey	R. W. Cronk	Louisville	Harry Rogers.
Grant	Eau Claire County Agricultural Society	S. D. Smith	E. W. Plummer	Fond du Lac	J. B. Chickering.
Green	*Aite Park Fair Association	Dr. T. F. Mayham	H. D. Muckle	Fond du Lac	Solon Barber.
Green Lake	Forest County Agricultural Society	J. W. Hawes	Samuel Shaw	Crandon	C. L. Handt.
Iowa	Grant County Agricultural Society	Delas Abrams	G. C. Wheeler	Lancaster	W. W. Waite.
Jackson	Boscobel Agr. and Driving Park Association	L. B. Ruk	F. C. Mulley	Boscobel	Richard Meyer, Jr.
Jefferson	Fennimore Fair and Driving Park Association	William Rogers	John Rogers	Fennimore	F. B. Sables.
Juneau	Blake's Prairie Agricultural Society	John Carey	Luciph Abraham	Bloomington	F. W. Varrell.
Kewaunee	Herdin Industrial and Agricultural Society	R. A. Etor	Frank H. Snock	Monroe	H. C. Eke.
La Crosse	Iowa County Agricultural Society	Chas. S. Morris	Chas. M. Willis	Berlin	Andrew Lewis.
	Southwestern Wisconsin Fair	W. V. Powell	W. J. Davey	Dodgeville	W. E. Williams.
	Merrillan Agr. and Driving Park Association	George G. Cox	F. L. Bennett	Mineral Point	P. Allen, Jr.
	Jefferson County Agricultural Society	A. S. Trow	E. L. Ornby	Black River Falls	S. N. Sandahl.
	Juneau County Agricultural Society	R. J. Washburne	C. H. Dates	Merrillan	M. P. Cannon.
	Kewaunee County Agricultural Society	A. C. Plummer	J. L. Kearney	Jefferson	F. P. Kispert.
	La Crosse County Agricultural Society	Charles Luttien	I. C. Baldwin	Mauston	F. A. Adler.
		Ira Richardson	James Murphy	Carlton	H. R. Erichsen.
			F. H. A. Nye	West Salem	C. H. Hawkins.

La Crosse	La Crosse Inter State Fair Association.	John Dender.	C. S. Van Auker	La Crosse.	T. H. Spence.
Lafayette	Lafayette County Agricultural Society.	George F. West.	W. E. Collins	Darlington	C. H. Michaelson.
Lanclade	Lanclade County Agricultural Society.	J. M. Nemis.	A. B. Wink	Adair	C. S. Swenson.
Lincoln	Lincoln County Agricultural Society.	John N. Colter	John E. W. Rice	Merrill	John F. Clark.
Manitowish	Manitowish County Agricultural Society.	Chris Nutt	Dr. E. F. Black	Manitowish	C. F. Feltner.
Marathon	Marathon County Agricultural Society.	S. M. Quaw	L. K. Felt	Wausau	Charles Mueller.
Marquette	Marquette County Agricultural Society.	John S. Cant	Chas. E. King	Westfield	Charles Luning.
Menomonie	Menomonie County Agricultural Society.	S. D. Hubbard	T. J. Fleming	Weston	W. W. Wyman.
Monroe	Monroe County Agricultural Society.	M. W. Stewart	H. J. Skinner	Tamiah	J. H. Reeve.
Neillsville	Neillsville County Agricultural Society.	John C. Curran	W. C. Jackson	Shawano	B. R. Lewis.
Onida	Onida County Agricultural Society.	Henry M. Chertson	M. T. Beck	Rhineland	A. L. Murphy.
Outagamie	Outagamie County Agricultural Society.	Huntley P. Pierce	M. F. Van Varen	Hornville	John J. Sherman.
Ozaukee	Ozaukee County Agricultural Society.	Wm. R. Thibault	J. J. Dietrich	Cadotte	Wm. J. Chickletter.
Pepin	Pepin County Agricultural Society.	J. J. Moran	W. B. Huntington	DeMarburg	L. E. Scharreder.
Pierce	Pierce County Agricultural Society.	J. W. Hancock	E. S. Duntelle	Ellsworth	W. R. Smith.
Polk	Polk County Fair Society.	T. H. Thompson	Geo. H. Ely	St Croix Falls	Harry D. Baker.
Portage	Portage County Agricultural Society.	A. G. Cate	A. J. Smith	Amherst	J. C. Webster.
Price	Price County Agricultural Society.	M. A. Thayer	George E. Oster	Stevens Point	Miss Clara Jackson.
Richland	Richland County Agricultural Society.	H. M. Beck	G. H. Chamberlain	Phillips	J. M. Keyes.
Rock	Rock County Agricultural Society.	O. J. Williams	D. W. Watt	Richland Center	J. W. McCoy.
St. Croix	St. Croix County Agricultural Society.	T. E. Egbert	W. J. Johnson	Richmond	C. J. Erickson.
Sauk	Sauk County Agricultural Society.	Henry Marriott.	Geo. Rabellie	Hudson	Franklin Johnson.
Shawano	Shawano County Agricultural Society.	M. J. Wallach	Geo. S. Patterson, Jr.	Baraboo	Harry Thornion.
Sheboygan	Sheboygan County Agricultural Society.	M. J. Wheeler, Sr.	D. E. Wacout	Shawano	E. A. Dow.
Trempealeau	Trempealeau County Agricultural Society.	Nic. Loriotch	O. E. Gaffron	Sheldon	Alfred Perry.
Vernon	Vernon County Agricultural Society.	S. E. Houghton	F. C. Richmond	Arcadia	Emil Maurer.
Walworth	Walworth County Agricultural Society.	Jas. Hopkins	B. A. Gipple	Galesville	J. A. Keldman.
Washington	Washington County Agricultural Society.	E. H. Warner	E. C. Getts	Whitehall	D. Wood.
Wausha	Wausha County Agricultural Society.	D. O. Mahoney	A. N. Jones	Hillsboro	F. G. Timber.
Waupaca	Waupaca County Agricultural Society.	P. A. M. so	A. W. Alexander	Virginia	John F. Mills.
Waushara	Waushara County Agricultural Society.	Stephen Lang	Geo. L. Harrington	Elkhor	John E. Brett.
Waushara	Waushara County Agricultural Society.	R. H. Brann	Joseph Ot	Elkhor Bend	Peter Camm.
Waushara	Waushara County Agricultural Society.	Robert Telford	Frank W. Harland	Waukecha	Wm. C. Smith.
Waushara	Waushara County Agricultural Society.	Gilbert Rolant	A. L. Hutchinson	Wauwesa	A. W. Haff.
Waushara	Waushara County Agricultural Society.	Wm. Wakenant, Jr.	Henry Cram	New London	E. H. Phipps.
Waushara	Waushara County Agricultural Society.		W. H. Berry	Wautoma	Geo. P. Walker.
Waushara	Waushara County Agricultural Society.		C. E. Angell	Oshkosh	Thos. Spalding.

at Fair be'd at Portage.

SALARIES OF COUNTY OFFICERS IN WISCONSIN FOR 1899.

Counties.	Popu- lation, 1885.	Sheriff.	Register of Deeds.	County Treasurer.	District Attorney.	County Clerk.	Clerk of Circuit Court.	County Surveyor.	Coroner.	County Superin- tendent.	County Judge.
Adams.....	7,532	Fees	Fees	\$600	\$250	\$600	Fees	Fees	Fees	\$500	\$800
Ashtland.....	17,241	Fees	Fees	2,200	1,000	2,600	Fees	Fees	Fees	400	1,000
Barren.....	20,122	†\$800	Fees	1,400	600	600	\$800	Fees	Fees	1,000	400
Bayfield.....	12,585	Fees	Fees	1,300	1,000	1,200	*300	Fees	Fees	800	800
Brown.....	47,622	Fees	Fees	1,400	1,000	1,400	Fees	Fees	Fees	1,000	800
Buffalo.....	16,931	Fees	Fees	700	400	800	Fees	Fees	\$15	800	800
Burnett.....	5,382	Fees	Fees	500	300	550	Fees	Fees	Fees	600	200
Calumet.....	17,144	Fees	Fees	700	400	700	Fees	Fees	Fees	800	1,000
Chippewa.....	28,727	Fees	Fees	1,400	1,000	1,600	*500	Fees	Fees	800	1,000
Clark.....	21,842	*2,000	Fees	1,900	800	1,900	*800	Fees	Fees	800	1,800
Columbia.....	30,883	Fees	Fees	1,200	700	1,200	*300	Fees	Fees	1,000	1,800
Crawford.....	17,223	2,300	Fees	1,600	900	1,700	Fees	Fees	Fees	†\$1,600	2,500
Dane.....	63,669	2,300	Fees	1,400	1,000	1,400	*800	Fees	Fees	1,200	2,400
Dodge.....	47,831	Fees	Fees	1,600	1,000	1,400	Fees	Fees	Fees	1,600	1,300
Door.....	16,969	Fees	Fees	600	400	800	255	Fees	Fees	800	600
Douglas.....	29,856	Fees	Fees	1,300	1,300	1,500	Fees	Fees	Fees	1,000	1,800
Dunn.....	25,095	Fees	Fees	1,500	600	1,000	*200	Fees	Fees	900	1,000
EAU Claire.....	53,172	Fees	Fees	1,000	1,000	1,200	Fees	Fees	Fees	900	1,000
Florence.....	2,850	Fees	*250	840	500	900	*300	Fees	Fees	240	500
Fond du Lac.....	47,438	Fees	Fees	1,000	1,000	1,100	Fees	Fees	Fees	1,000	2,000
Forest.....	1,238	Fees	Fees	800	500	800	350	Fees	Fees	50	200
Franklin.....	38,372	Fees	Fees	1,200	800	1,300	Fees	Fees	Fees	1,200	1,300
Green.....	15,939	Fees	Fees	900	600	1,000	Fees	Fees	Fees	800	950
Green Lake.....	25,429	Fees	Fees	800	600	650	Fees	Fees	Fees	800	1,000
Iowa.....	23,447	Fees	Fees	1,200	1,000	800	*450	Fees	Fees	*500	1,300
Jackson.....	16,722	Fees	Fees	1,000	1,000	1,000	Fees	Fees	Fees	500	200
Jefferson.....	36,317	Fees	Fees	1,000	1,000	1,000	Fees	Fees	Fees	1,000	2,000
Jewell.....	18,754	Fees	Fees	800	600	1,100	Fees	Fees	Fees	*850	900
Kenosha.....	17,548	Fees	Fees	1,000	600	1,000	Fees	Fees	Fees	750	1,100
Kewaunee.....	17,632	Fees	Fees	600	400	800	*300	Fees	Fees	800	1,000
La Crosse.....	43,810	*2,500	Fees	1,200	1,000	1,200	Fees	Fees	Fees	950	1,200
Lafayette.....	21,485	Fees	Fees	1,200	800	1,000	†\$600	Fees	Fees	*1,000	1,000
Lansing.....	11,092	Fees	Fees	1,800	800	1,500	600	Fees	Fees	500	600
Lincoln.....	14,765	Fees	Fees	1,000	800	1,200	*400	Fees	Fees	700	*400
Manitowish.....	40,802	Fees	Fees	1,400	1,000	1,200	*800	Fees	Fees	1,400	1,500
Manitowoc.....	98,565	Fees	Fees	1,400	1,200	1,500	Fees	Fees	Fees	1,200	1,500
Marathon.....	27,271	Fees	Fees	1,300	1,000	1,400	*\$100	Fees	Fees	800	1,000
Marquette.....	27,571	Fees	Fees	1,200	1,000	1,400	Fees	Fees	Fees	1,200	1,000

COUNTY OFFICERS.

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Marnette.....	10,203	250	Fees	550	300	550	400	Fees	800	850
Milwaukee.....	267,922	5,000	Fees	9,500	5,000	4,000	6,000	Fees	1,200	5,000
Monroe.....	26,350	1,000	Fees	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	Fees	800	1,000
Oconto.....	18,389	\$1,700	Fees	1,000	1,000	1,000	200	Fees	700	800
Oneida.....	7,020	1,500	Fees	1,000	900	1,000	200	Fees	600	400
Ontonagon.....	44,404	Fees	1,000	1,000	700	1,200	200	Fees	1,000	1,500
Ozaukee.....	18,545	Fees	1,000	1,000	500	1,750	400	Fees	900	1,000
Papin.....	7,567	Fees	550	550	250	550	150	Fees	500	1,350
Pierce.....	23,040	Fees	800	800	600	800	200	Fees	800	800
Polk.....	16,117	Fees	750	750	400	750	250	Fees	800	400
Portage.....	28,531	Fees	1,100	1,100	600	1,100	250	Fees	1,000	1,000
Price.....	7,257	\$1,200	Fees	1,000	500	1,000	300	Fees	500	1,000
Racine.....	41,110	2,000	Fees	1,000	1,200	1,000	Fees	Fees	800	1,800
Richland.....	19,619	Fees	1,800	1,800	1,500	1,800	Fees	Fees	800	2,800
Rock.....	48,414	\$1,500	Fees	1,000	1,200	1,200	Fees	Fees	800	2,000
St. Croix.....	25,870	Fees	1,600	1,600	1,000	1,100	Fees	Fees	800	2,000
Sauk.....	32,919	\$1,200	Fees	1,200	600	1,200	\$300	Fees	1,200	1,000
Sawyer.....	3,741	Fees	1,000	1,000	600	1,000	300	Fees	300	1,000
Shawano.....	22,573	\$750	Fees	900	600	1,000	200	Fees	800	800
Sheboygan.....	48,386	1,500	Fees	1,200	900	1,200	450	Fees	1,000	1,500
Taylor.....	8,498	2,000	Fees	1,000	500	1,000	250	Fees	1,000	400
Trempealeau.....	21,983	Fees	800	800	500	1,000	250	Fees	1,000	700
Vernon.....	27,035	Fees	800	800	800	900	200	Fees	1,000	500
Vilas.....	3,901	Fees	1,000	1,000	800	1,000	200	Fees	1,000	400
Walworth.....	29,162	Fees	1,000	1,000	800	1,000	Fees	Fees	1,000	1,400
Washington.....	4,266	\$1,200	Fees	1,750	800	1,000	\$100	Fees	1,000	300
Waushara.....	24,077	Fees	1,000	1,000	800	800	150	Fees	1,000	1,200
Waupaca.....	36,562	\$2,000	Fees	1,000	1,200	1,200	Fees	Fees	1,000	2,500
Waupata.....	30,793	1,500	Fees	1,000	1,000	1,000	\$100	Fees	1,000	800
Waushara.....	15,355	Fees	1,000	1,000	400	800	100	Fees	800	600
Winnebago.....	57,627	\$2,500	Fees	2,200	1,500	2,000	Fees	Fees	1,000	2,500
Wood.....	21,637	Fees	1,400	1,400	1,000	1,400	\$200	Fees	1,000	2,700

* And fees. ** And per diem. *** \$4 per day. † Salary for ensuing term fixed at \$207. †† \$4 per day and mileage. ††† This amount includes \$80 for registrar of probate. ††† For county business. ††† Two officers. ‡ And traveling expenses. § And \$2.25 per day traveling expenses.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

COUNTIES.	County Seats.	Sheriff.	Register of Deeds.
Adams	Friendship	Eben S. Hunt	David T. Bonnell.
Ashland	Ashland	Steve H. Smith	A. Ben. Evans.
Barron	Barron	John M. Rossbach	Willard L. Barton.
Bayfield	Washburn	John O. Sullivan	Geo. Calder.
Brown	Green Bay	Charles Prust	Fred. B. Warren.
Buffalo	Alma	Knute Johnson	Jake Bond.
Burnett	Grantsburg	Andrew G. Peterson	Andrew A. Anderson.
Calumet	Chilton	Peter Peterson	Edward J. Mooney.
Chippewa	Chippewa Falls	James Lavell	George W. Dorland.
Clark	Neillsville	William S. Tufts	Charles Cornelius.
Columbia	Portage	Lewis Leith	Ole Johnson.
Crawford	Prairie du Chien	William Hunter	Stephen L. Brown.
Dane	Madison	Geo. Monroe Kanouse	Ammund K. Reindahl.
Dodge	Juneau	Michael Lehner	Henry A. Schluckebier.
Door	Sturgeon Bay	Edson W. Washburn	Nickolas Nelson.
Douglas	Superior	Ignatius Snyder	Fred A. Russell.
Dunn	Menomonee	Henry Miller	Martin Flades.
Eau Claire	Eau Claire	Austin Chrisler	Hugh H. B. McMaster.
Florence	Florence	John W. Malloy	Frank Reynolds.
Fond du Lac	Fond du Lac	Charles Wesley Keys	John E. Holland.
Forest	Crandon	E. O. Woodbury	W. W. Waite.
Grant	Lancaster	John Fawcett	George Tuffley, Jr.
Green	Monroe	John W. Gardner	John Lewis.
Green Lake	Dartford	Luies A. Merrill	Samuel Owens.
Iowa	Dodgeville	David H. Griffiths	Patrick Grant.
Iron	Hurley	Charles Bonino	John Helsing.
Jackson	Black River Falls	Charles Frondson	Hans A. Johnson.
Jefferson	Jefferson	Fred. F. G. Jaenke	Edward C. Hager.
Juneau	Mauston	Morgan O. Loomis	William F. Winsor.
Kenosha	Kenosha	Henry H. Grimme	Wm. S. Gibbon.
Kewaunee	Kewaunee	Jacob J. Kulhanik	James H. Dewane.
La Crosse	La Crosse	Nels. R. Nelson	Edward Larsen.
Lafayette	Darlington	Geo. W. Turner	M. Michaelson.
Langlade	Antigo	Alb-rt R. Billings	John W. Parsons.
Lincoln	Merrill	Carl A. Rusch	John McPullian.
Manitowoc	Manitowoc	Henry Lehrmann	Bruno Mueller.
Marathon	Wausau	Thomas R. Malone	Edward C. Kretlow.
Marinette	Marinette	Bernard C. Nelson	Christ J. Johnson.
Marquette	Montello	Isaac V. Lytle	Caleb F. Fuller.
Milwaukee	Milwaukee	George Durner	Henry A. Vorges.
Monroe	Sparta	Andrew J. Carnahan	Chester H. Stevens.
Oconto	Oconto	Alex. J. Caldwell	Charles R. Bassett.
Oneida	Rhineland	Alvin Wismer	Charles E. Lokken.
Outagamie	Appleton	William Wilson	Bernhardt J. Zuehlke.
Ozaukee	Port Washington	Peter Watry	William Ahlhauser.
Pepin	Durand	Henry Buchanan	John Larson.
Pierce	Ellsworth	Michael Nugent	W. W. Walsingham.
Polk	Balsam Lake	Alex. Z. McLennan	Paul Nielsen.
Portage	Stevens Point	John Leahy	Geo E. Vaughn.
Price	Phillips	Mat Christianson	Robert L. Hurd.
Racine	Racine	Edward A. Rein	George H. Herzog.
Richland	Richland Center	James A. Sharp	John Brown.
Rock	Janesville	William H. Appleby	Oscar D. Rowe.
St. Croix	Hudson	Lloyd G. Green	James Walker.
Sauk	Baraboo	Edwin E. Nichols	William Faller.
Sawyer	Hayward	Fred L. Clark	Ralph Tilstad.
Shawano	Shawano	Duncan A. McDonell	Walter E. Wilson.
Sheboygan	Sheboygan	Henry J. Buchen	Harvey Klotzsch.
Taylor	Medford	Nick Bauer	John Gamber.
Trempealeau	Whitehall	Gilbert F. Steig	Henry N. Halvorson.
Vernon	Viroqua	F. W. Ericson	William Hutchinson.
Vilas	Eagle River	Thomas I. Loughlin	Nathaniel A. Garrison.
Walworth	Elkhorn	Seth H. Hollister	Henry D. Barnes.
Washburn	Shell Lake	Andrew E. Kennedy	Charles A. Shaver.
Washington	West Bend	William Shinnners	Chas. F. Leins.
Waukesha	Waukesha	Edward King	Daniel S. Camp.
Waupaca	Waupaca	Barney S. Peterson	William L. Evans.
Waushara	Wautoma	Horace J. Hawkins	Charles F. Youngman.
Winnebago	Oshkosh	Charles M. White	Joseph D. Hough.
Wood	Grand Rapids	Michael Vincent	James Vaughn.



WISCONSIN STATE FAIR GROUNDS, NORTH GREENFIELD.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

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COUNTY OFFICERS — Continued.

COUNTIES.	County Seats.	County Treasurer.	District Attorney.
Adams.....	Friendship.....	George W. Bingham.....	Platon G. Collip.
Ashland.....	Ashland.....	Elmer E. Tennont.....	David F. O'Keefe.
Barron.....	Barron.....	Wilfred A. Demers.....	William N. Fuller.
Bayfield.....	Washburn.....	L. N. Clausen.....	E. C. Alvord.
Brown.....	Green Bay.....	Andrew Ries.....	Samuel H. Cady.
Buffalo.....	Alma.....	Herman Altman.....	Martin L. Fugnia.
Burnett.....	Grantsburg.....	Thos. Tollefson.....	August J. Myrland.
Calumet.....	Chilton.....	George Luecker.....	Ernest Paulson.
Chippewa.....	Chippewa Falls.....	George Walter.....	William H. Stafford.
Clark.....	Neillsville.....	Edgar P. Houghton.....	Spencer M. Marsh.
Columbia.....	Portage.....	Byron Kinnear.....	Henry E. Andrews.
Crawford.....	Prairie du Chien.....	Fred W. Lewis.....	Ormsby B. Thomas.
Dane.....	Madison.....	Henry F. Wilkie.....	Matthew S. Dudgeon.
Dodge.....	Juneau.....	Carl T. Justmann.....	Martin L. Lueck.
Door.....	Sturgeon Bay.....	Joseph G. Dalemont.....	Y. V. Druetzer.
Douglas.....	Superior.....	John A. Robe.....	Isaac Ross.
Dunn.....	Menomonie.....	Elmer B. Hill.....	Josias E. Florin.
Eau Claire.....	Eau Claire.....	Julius Ewald.....	DeAlton S. Thomas.
Florence.....	Florence.....	Thaddeus J. Baird.....	William E. Dickenson.
Fond du Lac.....	Fond du Lac.....	Henry R. Potter.....	Michael K. Reilly.
Forest.....	Crandon.....	A. E. Hunley.....	John F. Hooper.
Grant.....	Lancaster.....	John B. Maner.....	William E. Howe.
Green.....	Monroe.....	Adam D. Schmid.....	Harvey Clark.
Green Lake.....	Dartford.....	George N. Clark.....	Fred Englebracht, Jr.
Iowa.....	Dodgeville.....	David E. Jacobs.....	Levi W. Pollard.
Iron.....	Hurley.....	Richard R. Trezona.....	Alba L. Ruggles.
Jackson.....	Black River Falls.....	Nicholas Gruber.....	F. J. Reichenbach.
Jefferson.....	Jefferson.....	Frank Heitz, Jr.....	Charles B. Rogers.
Juneau.....	Mauston.....	Hans P. Hanson.....	Julius T. Dethmar.
Kenosha.....	Kenosha.....	Charles J. Gronquist.....	Albert E. Buckmaster.
Kewaunee.....	Kewaunee.....	John Walecka.....	O. H. Brumminner.
La Crosse.....	La Crosse.....	John Freehoff.....	Thomas Morris.
Lafayette.....	Darlington.....	John J. Wren.....	E. F. Conley.
Lancaster.....	Antigo.....	James McHale.....	Thomas W. Hogan.
Lincoln.....	Merrill.....	Mathias P. Lockley.....	Fred J. Smith.
Manitowoc.....	Manitowoc.....	Peter Kaufmann.....	Edward Schmitz.
Marathon.....	Wausau.....	Anton Mehl.....	Herbut H. Mansson.
Marinette.....	Marinette.....	Joseph LeRoy.....	Wm. B. Quinlan.
Marquette.....	Montello.....	Julius Berndt.....	James Duff.
Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.....	Henry F. Schultz.....	Alvin C. Brazee.
Monroe.....	Sparta.....	Jay A. Mosher.....	H. C. Altizer.
Oconto.....	Oconto.....	Ole C. Madsen.....	James J. Gill.
Oneida.....	Rhineland.....	Carl Krueger.....	Samuel T. Walker.
Outagamie.....	Appleton.....	John Wunderlich.....	Fred M. Wilcox.
Ozaukee.....	Port Washington.....	Michael Even.....	Joseph Collins.
Pepin.....	Duraud.....	Albert Anderson.....	Wm. E. Plummer.
Pierce.....	Ellsworth.....	Ole Bergseng.....	Albert Combacker.
Polk.....	Balsam Lake.....	Peter H. Johnson.....	Ole E. Anderson.
Portage.....	Stevens Point.....	Martin O. Wroldstad.....	William F. Owen.
Price.....	Phillips.....	Olof A. Johnson.....	Henry C. Peters.
Racine.....	Racine.....	William J. Hay.....	Charles L. Lukes.
Richland.....	Richland Center.....	Phillip M. Smith.....	Frank W. Burnham.
Rock.....	Janesville.....	Asbel C. Thorpe.....	William A. Jackson.
St. Croix.....	Hudson.....	Ellsworth B. Heritage.....	James A. Treat.
Sauk.....	Baraboo.....	John S. Hall.....	Frank R. Bentley.
Sawyer.....	Hayward.....	Daniel McQuarry.....	John F. Riorday.
Shawano.....	Shawano.....	Frank B. Phillips.....	Edgar V. Werner.
Sheboygan.....	Sheboygan.....	Joseph Pfeiffer.....	Theodore Benfey.
Taylor.....	Medford.....	John Kraemer.....	Martin A. Buckley.
Trempealeau.....	Whitehall.....	Henry French.....	Robert S. Cowie.
Vernon.....	Viroqua.....	Albert T. Fortum.....	J. Henry Beunett.
Vilas.....	Eagle River.....	Winfield J. Kyes.....	C. Francis Colman.
Walworth.....	Elkhorn.....	Wm. H. Allen.....	Herbert O. Hamilton.
Washburn.....	Shell Lake.....	Thurston Evers.....	Lewis H. Mead.
Washington.....	West Bend.....	Lorenz Guth, Jr.....	Henry K. Butterfield.
Waukesha.....	Waukesha.....	George E. Waite.....	Vernon H. Tichenor.
Waupaca.....	Waupaca.....	Amel E. Herrmann.....	Edward E. Browne.
Wauwata.....	Wautoma.....	George W. Johnson.....	Walter D. Corrigan.
Winnebago.....	Oshkosh.....	Madison J. Rounds.....	W. W. Quatermass.
Wood.....	Grand Rapids.....	Mich'l G. Fleckenstein.....	Dennis D. Conway.

COUNTY OFFICERS.—Continued.

COUNTIES.	County seats.	County Clerk.	Clerk of Circuit Court.
Adams.....	Friendship.....	R. S. Harrison.....	Henry J. Darft.
Ashland.....	Ashland.....	Theodore R. Yankee.	James W. Good.
Barron.....	Barron.....	William M. Simpson.	Stephen E. Washburn.
Bayfield.....	Washburn.....	John Froese.	George F. McIntock.
Brown.....	Green Bay.....	Dan H. Martin.	Henry Watermolen.
Buffalo.....	Alma.....	Rudolph Mueller.	Christ J. Buehler.
Burnett.....	Grantsburg.....	Ole Erickson.	Newton Hickerson.
Calumet.....	Chilton.....	Edward G. Hart.	Sam Vincent.
Chippewa.....	Chippewa Falls.....	Magnus Firth.	Charles E. Pierson.
Clark.....	Neillsville.....	Charles M. Bradford.	Cyrus S. Stockwell.
Columbia.....	Portage.....	David R. Marshall.	Evon O. Jones.
Crawford.....	Prairie du Chien.	Charles Mitchell.	Will R. Graves.
Dane.....	Madison.....	Mark W. Terwilliger.	Andrew T. Torgeson.
Dodge.....	Juneau.....	Albert H. Bussewitz.	George W. Theisen.
Doot.....	Sturgeon Bay.....	James S. Halstead.	Allan Higgins.
Douglas.....	Superior.....	Chris Eimon.	William H. Locke.
Dunn.....	Menomonee.....	Charles G. Sedgwick.	Ole N. Olson.
Eau Claire.....	Eau Claire.....	Andrew Stensaaas.	Henry McBain.
Florence.....	Florence.....	Charles S. Hopkins.	Carl A. Johnson.
Fond du Lac.....	Fond du Lac.....	Arthur Schuessler.	Anton E. Leonard.
Forest.....	Crandon.....	P. Shay.	Barney McGeuley.
Grant.....	Lancaster.....	Charles F. Dickinson.	George E. Budd.
Green.....	Monroe.....	James W. Lyman.	Reuben T. Holcomb.
Green Lake.....	Dartford.....	Morris C. Gardenier.	Lorenus J. Brayton.
Iowa.....	Dodgeville.....	Benjamin Thomas.	Thomas Gibbon.
Iron.....	Hurley.....	Isaac Budeau.	George Meade.
Jackson.....	Black River Falls.	Martin Tallock.	Thomas P. Marsh.
Jefferson.....	Jefferson.....	Albert F. Haberman.	August Tancik, Jr.
Juneau.....	Mauston.....	Maurice Knickerbocker.	Louis Weidenbeck.
Kenosha.....	Kenosha.....	Wm. C. Crosby.	John B. Maloney.
Kewaunee.....	Kewaunee.....	William Rogers.	Joseph F. Valecka.
La Crosse.....	La Crosse.....	James E. Keizer.	Charles Smith, Jr.
La Fayette.....	Darlington.....	R. J. Lancaster.	Wm. B. Vail.
Langlade.....	Antigo.....	Fred Haysen.	Anton J. Nowotny.
Lincoln.....	Merrill.....	James E. Leary.	Richard W. Barrett.
Manitowoc.....	Manitowoc.....	Frederick Marech.	Patrick J. McMahon.
Marathon.....	Wausau.....	William J. Geheke.	Alfred A. Bock.
Marinette.....	Marinette.....	Geo. W. Thome.	Charles A. Budlong.
Marquette.....	Montello.....	Martin G. Ellison.	Frank J. Dodge.
Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.....	Otis T. Hare.	Gabe Ringenaldus.
Monroe.....	Sparta.....	Cleve Sutherland.	George F. Lillie.
Oconto.....	Oconto.....	Otto W. Block.	Charles D. Post.
Oneida.....	Rhinelanders.....	Edward P. Brennan.	Elijah C. Sturdevant.
Outagamie.....	Appleton.....	John Montgomery.	Thomas Reese.
Ozaukee.....	Port Washington.....	John C. Schroeling.	James Hedding.
Pepin.....	Durand.....	Charles K. Averill.	Louis Thalacker.
Pierce.....	Ellsworth.....	Ole J. Hohle.	Lafayette G. Spinney.
Polk.....	Balsam Lake.....	Ernst A. Schaun.	Nels A. Davidson.
Portage.....	Stevens Point.....	Chas. A. Lane.	Frank H. Tinn.
Price.....	Phillips.....	William Lippels.	Alexander Rassmussen.
Racine.....	Racine.....	Charles Bull.	Otto E. Ahrens.
Richland.....	Richland Center.....	Rob't R. Benton.	Charles A. Monson.
Rock.....	Janesville.....	Frank P. Starr.	Theodore W. Golden.
St. Croix.....	Hudson.....	Louis Ostby.	William J. Ebert.
Sauk.....	Baraboo.....	Edward H. Huebing.	Edward F. Dithmar.
Sawyer.....	Hayward.....	Otto Christianson.	Ole Hanson.
Shawano.....	Shawano.....	Frederick Waegli.	Harry F. Johnson.
Sheboygan.....	Sheboygan.....	Rodman B. Melvin.	Marvin M. Gilman.
Taylor.....	Medford.....	Andrew H. Peterson.	Frank N. Cleveland.
Trempealeau.....	Whitehall.....	Peter H. Johnson.	Frederick E. Beach.
Vernon.....	Viroqua.....	Don Sherman.	H. C. Gosling.
Vilas.....	Eagle River.....	John Radcliffe.	Michael Cronin.
Walworth.....	Elkhorn.....	Dyar L. Cowdry.	Theron R. Morgan.
Washburn.....	Shell Lake.....	Philander E. Leonard.	Athol Wynne.
Washington.....	West Bend.....	Arthur B. Braun.	Joseph Ott.
Waukesha.....	Waukesha.....	David N. Huchee.	John G. Gorth.
Waupaca.....	Waupaca.....	Lewis F. Shoemaker.	Clarence G. Burbank.
Wauwata.....	Wautoma.....	Charles A. McIntyre.	George S. Younglove.
Winneshago.....	Oshkosh.....	George P. Cronkhite.	Walter M. Lindeman.
Wood.....	Grand Rapids.....	William H. Reeves.	William White.

COUNTY OFFICERS—Continued.

COUNTIES.	County Seats.	County Surveyor.	Coroner.
Adams	Friendship	Marvin Lathrop	Norman M. Jones.
Ashland	Ashland	George Sell	Henry Scott.
Barron	Barron	Hosea B. Brewer	Isaac Bull.
Bayfield	Washburn	David F. Glover	H. G. Lampson.
Brown	Green Bay	Patrick H. Carlin	Allen W. Peasley.
Buffalo	Alma	Ed. Funke	Jasan M. Pratt.
Bureau	Grantsburg	Andrew Dohlstrom	M. L. Robey.
Calumet	Chilton	Elmer E. Thurston	Godfrey A. Holtz.
Chippewa	Chippewa Falls	John King	James E. Andrews.
Clark	Neillsville	Edward Schultz	Ezra Tompkins.
Columbia	Portage	Charles E. Corning	B. M. Allen.
Crawford	Prairie du Chien	Albert L. Huibaut	O. P. Vaughn.
Dane	Madison	William S. Marcy	Matthew W. Lynch.
Dodge	Juneau	William Duffy	Charles Bruecher.
Door	Sturgeon Bay	C. O. Guenther	William Walker.
Douglas	Superior	Martin Sparby	Zena A. Downs.
Dunn	Menomonie	Daniel W. Waite	George Galloway.
Eau Claire	Eau Claire	Charles Aldermen	Leopold Kortsch.
Florence	Florence	Alonzo A. Bradley	Robert Mitchell.
Fond du Lac	Fond du Lac	Byron Fairbanks	Alfred S. Wilkinson.
Forest	Crandon	Frank E. Cook	Wm. Vauzil.
Grant	Lancaster	Charles Sampson	James T. Taylor.
Green	Monroe	Daniel H. Morgan	Rufus C. Whitcomb.
Green Lake	Dartford	Robert H. Spragg	John E. Ades.
Iowa	Dodgeville	Robert L. Joiner	William P. Ruggles.
Iron	Hurley	James Guest	Thos. Morris.
Jackson	Black River Falls	Henry H. Powers	Eugene Krohn.
Jefferson	Jefferson	Edward Reichenback	Thomas Brooks.
Juneau	Mauston	John T. Patterson	Fred S. Bestow.
Kenosha	Kenosha	Jason Lathrop	Joseph E. Krichbaum.
Kewaunee	Kewaunee	Wm. T. Rooney	Charles S. Monahan.
La Crosse	La Crosse	George P. Braddish	Theodore Manstadt.
Lafayette	Darlington	Simon G. Beebe	A. G. Hawley.
Langlade	Antigo	David Edick	John W. Wines.
Lincoln	Merrill	John Schliet	Leroy H. Buchanan.
Manitowoc	Manitowoc	John O'Hara	Frederick S. Luhman.
Marathon	Wausau	William N. Allen	Willard C. Dickens.
Marinette	Marinette	Harry McCallum	James Sweedie.
Marquette	Montello	George E. Phillips	Charles W. Babcock.
Milwaukee	Milwaukee	Frederick Kirchmann	Jacob P. Van Lare.
Monroe	Sparta	Hamilton LaRue	Leonard H. Conger.
Oconto	Oconto	Eugene Fitzpatrick	Carl Bentz.
Oneida	Rhinelander	David H. Vaughn	Charles Decauter.
Outagamie	Appleton	Florian J. Harriman	Thomas E. Johnson.
Ozaukee	Port Washington	Fayette Towsley	Joseph Spehn.
Pepin	Durand	George McGilton	Henry Hoguo.
Pierce	Ellsworth	Belden R. Eaton	John Copley.
Polk	Balsam Lake	Seymour W. Blanding	George W. Bolckcom.
Portage	Stevens Point	Frank E. Halladay	Paul Roettger.
Price	Phillips	William H. Nichols	Alex. W. Nelson.
Racine	Racine	Sages G. Knight	Christian Strippel.
Richland	Richland Center	James M. Appleby	Edwin E. Neevlin.
Rock	Janesville	Perry F. Brown	Max Pfennig.
St. Croix	Hudson	John McClure	Frank Granger.
Sauk	Baraboo	David B. Hulburt	George B. Gibbons.
Stuyver	Hawward	Charles Jungberg	Walter S. Vance.
Shawano	Shawano	John A. Melendy	George W. Magee.
Sheboygan	Sheboygan	Louis Bode	Nathan S. Goodell.
Taylor	McFord	John A. Logan	Hans Anderson.
Trempealeau	Whitehall	Thomas G. Cox	Christopher E. Scott.
Vernon	Viroqua	W. H. Knower	G. P. Aiken.
Vilas	Engle River	James Carlin	Adolphus King.
Walworth	Elkhorn	William Child	Charles L. Lyon.
Washburn	Shell Lake	Henry J. Burke	Ole Soholt.
Washington	West Bend	Donald D. Cameron	Henry Koepko.
Waukesha	Waukesha	John P. Dey	Henry Muehl.
Waupaca	Waupaca	Simon P. Guthn	Stephen L. Perry.
Waushara	Waupaca	George Ellis	James Larson.
Winnobago	Oshkosh	William W. Gould	Tyler D. Phillips.
Wood	Grand Rapids	William Corcoran	James Haasl.

COUNTY OFFICERS — Continued.

COUNTIES.	County Superintendent.	Post Office.	* County Judge.
Adams	John P. Lewis	Friendship	John B. Keyes.
Ashland	W. L. Shupper rt.	Glidden	James McCully.
Barron	Charles H. Museus	Chetek	Henry S. Comstock.
Bayfield	Jessie B. Smith	Washburn	Howard Benton.
Brown	John B. Fournier	Green Bay	Howard J. Huntington.
Buffalo	Wm. J. Eberwein	Alma	Robert Lees.
Burnett	Tena N. Davidson	Grantsburg	Canute Olson.
Calumet	A. J. Leighton	Chilton	William Paulson.
Chippewa	Anna E. Schaffer	Chippewa Falls	John E. Pannier.
Clark	Emerence Walters	Neillsville	George L. Jackques.
Columbia	E. H. Burlingame	Portage	William S. Stroud.
Crawford	E. E. Brindley	Soldiers Grove	James A. Currau.
Dane	John L. Husebo (1st)	Madison	J. H. Carpenter.
Dodge	Guy Ives (2nd)	Black Earth	John A. Barney.
Door	John T. Flavin	Watertown	Charles A. Mass.
Douglas	W. T. Anderson	Sturgeon Bay	David E. Roberts.
Dunn	Jessie E. Crownhart	W. Superior	Robert Maccauly.
Eau Claire	Nelson O. Varnum	Eau Galle	Martin B. Hubbard.
Florence	Ethan A. Cleasby	Eleva	Frank Waring.
Fond du Lac	J. S. Penberthy	Florence	A. E. Richter.
Forest	Myron E. Kents	Fond du Lac	M. S. Barker.
Grant	Robert A. Edgar	Crandon	E. B. Goodsell.
Green	Charles H. Nye	Lancaster	John M. Becker.
Green Lake	Edward Blumer	Farmers Grove	Shorman G. Potter.
Iowa	Walter H. Hunt	Kingston	Aldro Jenks.
Iron	F. W. Metcalf	Dodgeville	A. Wanzor.
Jackson	D. E. Hill	Saxon	David Barclay.
Jefferson	F. B. Dell	Black River Falls	George Grimm.
Juneau	John A. Hazelwood	Jefferson	William G. Beebe.
Kenosha	M. L. Bunnell	Mauston	Russell H. Slosson.
Kewaunee	William Griffith	Wilnot	Louis Bruemmer.
La Crosse	Jeremiah Donovan	Kewaunee	John Brindley.
Lafayette	Barney M. Joestad	W. Salem	Charles F. O-born.
Langlade	J. H. Nattrass	Shullsburg	M. G. Flanagan.
Lincoln	Edward Nordman	Mullers Lake	Thos. J. Mathews.
Manitowoc	J. J. Hoffman	Merrill	J. S. Anderson.
Marathon	Fred Christianson	Manitowoc	Henry Miller.
Marquette	John F. Lamont	Wausau	Amos Holgate.
Milwaukee	R. C. Ramsey	Peshigo	Veil Dimond.
Monroe	James F. McDowell	Packwaukee	J. M. Pereles.
Oconto	L. B. Stiles	Bay View, Milw'kee	R. B. McCoy.
Oneida	A. A. Thompson	Tomah	H. F. Jones.
Outagamie	A. M. Royce	Oconto	James M. Harrigan.
Ozaukee	F. M. Mason	Rhineland	G. T. Moeskes.
Pepin	G. D. Ziegler	Appleton	Leopold Eghart.
Pierce	P. R. Kunny	Fredonia Station	Wm. B. Newcomb.
Polk	W. H. Kratzer	Arkansas	Allen P. Weld.
Portage	A. J. Ingli	Ellsworth	Ole Larson.
Price	J. P. Peterson	West Denmark	John A. Murat.
Racine	A. P. Een	Amherst	Edward W. Murray.
Richland	Elizabeth Fordyce	Phillips	C. B. Beldin.
Rock	W. W. Storms	Burlington	Levi H. Baucroft.
St. Croix	R. H. Burns	Richland Center	Ole Larson.
Sank	Wm. M. Ross (1st)	Footville	O. W. Arnquist.
Sawyer	David Throne (2nd)	Afton	Wm. T. Kelsey.
Shawano	Frank W. Bixby	Hammond	Jos. B. Alexander.
Sheboygan	H. D. Keyes	Delton	Marion Wacott.
Taylor	Edie Harrington	Hayward	Andrew Gilbertson.
Trempealeau	L. D. Roberts	Shawano	James C. Hobbs.
Vernon	George H. Drewry	Waldo	Robert A. Odell.
Vilas	Arthur Latton	Medford	D. O. Mahoney.
Walworth	L. S. Keith	Galesville	Niles O. Colman.
Washburn	H. L. Gardner	Viroqua	Jaynes B. Wheeler.
Washington	Alex. Higgins	Eagle River	Albert L. Burbee.
Waukesha	J. G. Voss	Elkhorn	Hiram W. Sawyer.
Waupaca	W. C. Crocker	Spooner	Milton S. Griswold.
Waushara	R. M. Derse	Hartford	James M. Hatch.
Winnebago	James K. Lowrey	Waukesha	J. S. Bugh.
Wood	D. F. Burnham	Waupaca	C. D. Cleveland.
	Charles T. Taylor	Wautoma	John A. Gaynor.
	O. E. Pederson	Winneconne	
	Otto L. Leu	Centralia	

* Post offices of county judges at the county seats.

DIRECTORY OF WISCONSIN FREE HIGH SCHOOLS, SHOWING LOCATION AND PRINCIPALS.

FOUR YEARS' COURSES.

Algoma.....	Elbert Phillips.	Kewaunee.....	M. McMahon.
Almond.....	A. H. Haberkorn.	Lake Geneva.....	A. F. Bartlett.
Antigo.....	C. O. Marsh.	Lake Mills.....	Allen B. West.
Appleton, 2d.....	R. W. Pringle.	Laucaster.....	L. L. Clarke.
Appleton, 3d.....	W. F. Winsey.	Lodi.....	J. Leidenberg.
Arcadia.....	G. O. Banting.	Madison.....	J. H. Hutchison.
Argyle.....	R. H. Mueller.	Manawa.....	C. B. Stanley.
Ashland.....	J. T. Hooper.	Marinette.....	Chas. J. Barr.
Augusta.....	Albert Hedler.	Marshall.....	W. H. Kelly.
Bangor.....	M. O. Hill.	Marshfield.....	J. B. Borden.
Baraboo.....	J. E. Ne Collins.	Mauston.....	A. H. Fletcher.
Bayfield.....	M. N. McIver.	Mayville.....	L. S. Keeloy.
Beaver Dam.....	H. B. Hubbell.	Mazomanie.....	William Kittle.
Heloit.....	Franklin E. Converse.	Medford.....	F. W. Thomas.
Berlin.....	Franklin A. Lowell.	Menasha.....	W. C. Hopkins, Jr.
Biramwood.....	M. P. Cady.	Merrill.....	Anna E. Anderson.
Black Earth.....	Kirk L. Hatch.	Milton Junction.....	Jas. T. Healy.
Black River Falls.....	J. H. Derse.	Mineral Point.....	Albert R. Jolley.
Bloomington.....	D. F. Lyons.	Mondovi.....	J. W. Nesbit.
Bo cobol.....	G. W. Gohrand.	Monroe.....	A. F. Rote.
Brandon.....	Charlton T. Beck.	Montfort.....	David James.
Brodhead.....	H. C. Buell.	Necedah.....	C. H. Mason.
Burlington.....	J. M. Turner.	Neeuab.....	O. J. Schuster.
Cassville.....	W. P. Colburn.	Neillsville.....	L. W. Wood.
Centralia.....	F. W. Stair.	New Lisbon.....	Chas. M. Fox.
Chetek.....	W. N. Mackin.	New London.....	Taylor Frye.
Chilton.....	F. A. Thayer.	New Richmond.....	Jno. Callahan.
Chippewa Falls.....	Robert L. Barton.	Oconomowoc.....	C. R. Cross.
Clinton.....	R. E. Loveland.	Oconto.....	R. L. Cooley.
Clintonville.....	W. H. Hickok.	Omro.....	E. E. Sheldon.
Cobb.....	W. R. Peters.	Onalaska.....	B. F. Oltman.
Columbus.....	M. H. Jackson.	Oregon.....	Franklin Gould.
Cumberland.....	Jay Hamilton.	Palmyra.....	C. W. McIntyre.
Darlington.....	James M. Stevens.	Pewaukee.....	John C. McDowell.
Deerfield.....	Martin Odland.	Phillips.....	E. C. Gotham.
De Forest.....	E. C. Meland.	Plainfield.....	Eber Dafeo.
Delavan.....	C. W. Rittenburg.	Plymouth.....	Otto Gaffron.
Depere.....	Violet M. Alden.	Portage.....	W. G. Clough.
Dodgeville.....	De Witt Elwood.	Poynette.....	Myron E. Baker.
Durand.....	D. E. Kiser.	Prairie du Chien.....	John A. Pratt.
East Troy.....	D. R. Jones.	Prairie du Sac.....	J. F. Bergen.
Eau Claire.....	M. S. Frawley.	Prescott.....	Ray B. MacLean.
Edgerton.....	Chas. D. Rosa.	Randolph.....	Watson C. Lea.
Elkhorn.....	C. D. Klipp.	Racine.....	A. N. Ozias.
Elroy.....	W. E. Uttendorfer.	Reedsburg.....	W. W. P. Roseman.
Ellsworth.....	C. J. Brewer.	Rhineland.....	Frank S. Hyer.
Evansville.....	H. F. Kling.	Rice Lake.....	E. C. MacClelland.
Fennimore.....	Elizabeth Clary.	Richland Center.....	A. E. Brainerd.
Florence.....	Wm. H. Allen.	Ripon.....	A. W. Tressler.
Fond du Lac.....	Elizabeth Waters.	River Falls.....	J. W. T. Ames.
Fort Atkinson.....	A. W. Weber.	Sauk City.....	J. E. Phillips.
Fox Lake.....	F. W. Lucas.	Seymour.....	R. H. Schmidt.
Glenwood.....	A. L. Thomson.	Sharon.....	G. M. Sheldon.
Grand Rapids.....	Geo. T. Blynd.	Shawano.....	H. W. Rood.
Green Bay.....	Wm. O. Brown.	Sheboygan.....	John E. Riordan.
Green Bay.....	A. W. Burton.	Sheboygan Falls.....	F. F. Showers.
Hartford.....	E. W. Pyror.	Shullsburg.....	Edward L. Hancock.
Hammond.....	J. C. Thomson.	Sparta.....	F. E. Doty.
Hayward.....	J. G. Adams.	Spring Green.....	W. H. Schulz.
Highland.....	W. W. Roberts.	Stevens Point.....	H. A. Simonds.
Horicon.....	E. T. Johnson.	Stoughton.....	Arthur H. Sholtz.
Hudson.....	S. B. Tobey.	Sturgeon Bay.....	E. E. Beckwith.
Hurley.....	John C. Bridgman.	Sun Prairie.....	James Melville.
Janesville.....	D. D. Mayne.	Tomah.....	Edwin H. Cassels.
Jefferson.....	W. J. Hammill.	Tomahawk.....	A. D. Prideaux.
Juneau.....	A. Pike West.	Two Rivers.....	Elmer E. Carr.
Kankana.....	Ira M. Allen.	Union Grove.....	H. C. Lawton.
Kenosha.....	E. C. Wiswall.	Viroqua.....	W. W. Williams.

**DIRECTORY OF WISCONSIN FREE HIGH SCHOOLS, SHOWING
LOCATION AND PRINCIPALS — Continued.**

FOUR YEARS' COURSES — Continued.

Walworth	J. W. Blodgett.	Wauwatosa	E. C. Cornelius.
Washburn	C. E. Wells.	West Bend	D. T. Kealey.
Waterloo	Geo. H. Landgraf.	West De Pere	J. D. Conley.
Watertown	C. F. Viebahn.	West Salem	C. E. Slothower.
Waukesha	H. L. Terry.	Weyauwega	J. J. Enright.
Waupaca	J. L. Thatcher.	Whitewater	H. A. Whipple.
Waupun	H. C. Curtis.	Winneconne	Geo. R. Frye.
Waupun	G. F. Loomis.	Wonewoc	M. H. White.
Wausau	C. C. Parlin.		

**DIRECTORY OF WISCONSIN FREE HIGH SCHOOLS, SHOWING
LOCATION AND PRINCIPALS.**

THREE YEARS' COURSES.

Albany	J. Allen Montgomery.	Middleton	T. T. Blakely.
Alma	J. H. Bille.	Montello	Mourits Mortenson.
Amherst	H. S. Perry.	Mount Hope	G. J. Zimmerman.
Avoca	V. L. Rehm.	Muscoda	Geo. W. Rankin.
Barron	W. S. Freeman.	Oakfield	Anon M. Olson.
Belleville	A. G. Hough.	Oakwood	M. H. Powell.
Benton	H. C. Case.	Pepin	Wm. Darling.
Bloomer	E. C. Roberts.	Peshigo	J. M. Bold.
Brillion	R. E. Carnecross.	Platteville	Chas. W. Macomber.
Cambria	C. E. Spicer.	Port Washington	T. J. Jones.
Cadott	Harry Mortenson.	Potosi	B. L. Bohn.
Cambridge	J. H. Hooper.	Reeseville	M. E. Terry.
Cedarburg	Charles Lau.	Rosendale	Alice M. Tetherly.
Colby	F. M. Jackson.	Sextonville	Chas. E. Gilmore.
Cuba City	Emery Bray.	Shell Lake	John N. Foster.
Fairchild	Edward M. Beeman.	Soldiers' Grove	B. L. Birkbeck.
Friendship	S. A. Stivers.	St. Croix Falls	Wm. Hedback.
Glenbeulah	F. J. Curtiss.	So. Milwaukee	John E. Roets.
Greenwood	B. O. Dodge.	Stanley	T. W. Davies.
Hazel Green	C. J. Morris.	Stockbridge	E. W. McCrary.
Hillsboro	A. F. Elmegreen.	Thorp	A. C. Finn.
Humbird	W. F. Lusk.	Trempealeau	Edward A. Ketcham.
Kiel	G. M. Morrissey.	Unity	G. A. Rogers.
Linden	S. Miles W. Thomas.	Viola	W. P. Morgan.
Lone Rock	A. B. Cook.	Waldo	Jno. W. Steenis.
Loyal	D. L. Hennessey.	Westfield	Chas. G. Hosmer.
Marion	A. A. Blandin.	Wilton	Will. Harrison.
Merrillan	F. F. Wood.	Wittenberg	P. F. Dolan.

CITY SUPERINTENDENTS.

City.	Name of Superintendent.	City.	Name of Superintendent.
Antigo.....	C. O. Marsh.	Milwaukee.....	H. O. R. Siefert.
Appleton.....	Carrie E. Morgan.	Mineral Point.....	Albert R. Jolley.
Ashland.....	B. B. Jackson.	Monroe.....	A. F. Rote.
Baraboo.....	J. E. Ne Collins.	Neshah.....	E. A. Williams.
Beaver Dam.....	C. W. Voorus.	New London.....	Taylor Frye.
Beloit.....	F. E. Converse.	Oconto.....	R. L. Cooley.
Berlin.....	N. M. Dodson.	Onalaska.....	B. F. Olman.
Brodhead.....	Emma C. Randall.	Oshkosh.....	Buel T. Davis.
Chippewa Falls.....	R. L. Hartog.	Portage.....	Dr. A. C. Kellogg.
Columbus.....	M. H. Jackson.	Prairie du Chien.....	R. J. Morrison.
De Pere.....	Dr. A. C. Mailer.	Racine.....	J. B. Estabrook.
Eau Claire.....	Otis C. Gross.	Reedsburg.....	H. N. Winchester.
Fond du Lac.....	L. A. Williams.	Rice Lake.....	James Robbins.
Grand Rapids.....	Geo. P. Hambrecht.	Ripon.....	C. Dwight Marsh.
Green Bay.....	F. G. Kraege.	Sheboygan.....	George Heller.
Hudson.....	Geo. D. Cline.	Stanley.....	T. W. Davies.
Janesville.....	D. D. Mayne.	Stevens Point.....	H. A. Simonds.
Kaukauna.....	E. A. Baker.	Sturgeon Bay.....	E. E. Beckwith.
Kenosha.....	G. R. McDowell.	Superior.....	W. H. Elson.
La Crosse.....	John P. Bird.	Tomahawk.....	A. D. Prideaux.
Madison.....	R. B. Dudgeon.	Watertown.....	C. F. Viebahn.
Marinette.....	J. T. Edwards.	Waupaca.....	H. H. Suhs.
Menasha.....	John Rosch.	Wausau.....	Karl Mathie.
Menomonee.....	J. E. Hoyt.	Whitewater.....	A. A. Upham.
Merrill.....	W. L. Morrison.		

COLLEGES, ACADEMIES, SEMINARIES AND THEOLOGICAL INSTITUTIONS.

Corporate Name.	Location.
Beloit College.....	Beloit, Wis.
Beloit Academy.....	Beloit, Wis.
Carroll College.....	Waukesha, Wis.
Catholic N. S. and Pio Nono College.....	St. Francis, Wis.
Christian Endeavor Academy.....	Endeavor, Wis.
Concordia College, German Evangelical Lutheran Synod.....	Milwaukee, Wis.
Evangelical Lutheran Theological Seminary.....	Milwaukee, Wis.
Evansville Seminary.....	Evansville, Wis.
German-English Academy.....	Milwaukee, Wis.
Hillside Home School.....	Hillside, Wis.
Kemper Hall.....	Kenosha, Wis.
Lac Du Flambeau Indian Industrial School.....	Lac du Flambeau, Wis.
Lawrence University.....	Appleton, Wis.
Marquette College.....	Milwaukee, Wis.
Milton College.....	Milton, Wis.
Milwaukee Academy.....	Milwaukee, Wis.
Milwaukee Downer College.....	Milwaukee, Wis.
Milwaukee Medical College.....	Milwaukee, Wis.
Mission House of Reformed Church.....	Franklin, Wis.
Nashotah House.....	Nashotah, Wis.
National German-American Teachers' Seminary.....	Milwaukee, Wis.
Northwestern University.....	Watertown, Wis.
North Wisconsin Academy.....	Ashland, Wis.
Racine College.....	Racine, Wis.
Ripon College.....	Ripon, Wis.
Sacred Heart College.....	Watertown, Wis.
Saint Clara Female Academy.....	Sinsinawa, Wis.
St. Catherine's Academy.....	Racine, Wis.
St. John's Military Academy.....	Delafield, Wis.
St. Lawrence College.....	Mt. Calvary, Wis.
St. Mary's Institute.....	Prairie du Chien, Wis.
Stoughton Academy and Business Institute.....	Stoughton, Wis.
University of the Sacred Heart.....	Prairie du Chien, Wis.
Wisconsin College of Physicians and Surgeons.....	Milwaukee, Wis.



WISCONSIN INDUSTRIAL, SCHOOL, FOR GIRLS, MILWAUKEE.

RAILROAD MILEAGE IN WISCONSIN.

NAME OF COMPANY.	Mileage in Wisconsin for year ending June 30, '95.	MILEAGE OF RAILROADS IN WISCONSIN BY YEARS.	
		Years.	Miles.
1. Abbotsford & Northeastern.....	15.16	1850	10.30
2. Ahnapee & Western.....	34.00	1851	35.48
3. Big Falls R'y Co.....	15.00	1852	71.48
4. Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul.....	1,650.71	1853	90.08
5. Chicago & Northwestern.....	1,623.81	1854	151.90
6. Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha.....	620.07	1855	318.78
7. Chicago, Burlington & Northern.....	222.56	1856	500.45
8. Chicago, Lake Shore & Eastern.....	12.25	1857	700.18
9. Chicago, Madison & Northern.....	91.31	1858	761.58
10. Chicago & Lake Superior.....	3.00	1859	849.48
11. Chippewa River & Menomonie.....	32.50	1860	830.71
12. Drummond & South Western.....	21.72	1861	900.71
13. Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic.....	106.53	1862	957.18
14. Duluth Short Line.....	1.75	1863	957.18
15. Duluth, Superior & Western.....	.....	1864	1,030.28
16. Dunbar & Wausaukee.....	13.50	1865	1,030.28
17. Eastern Railway Co. of Minnesota.....	22.10	1866	1,030.28
18. Fairchild & North Eastern.....	23.00	1867	1,030.28
19. Green Bay & Western.....	225.00	1868	1,089.04
20. Hazelhurst & South Eastern.....	17.00	1869	1,140.99
21. Iola & Northern.....	4.70	1870	1,286.43
22. Kewaunee, Green Bay & Western.....	36.70	1871	1,798.33
23. Kickapoo Valley & Northern.....	51.68	1872	1,975.41
24. Lake Superior Terminal & Transfer R'y Co....	15.70	1873	2,378.98
25. Mattoon R'y Co.....	19.35	1874	2,465.93
26. Milwaukee & Superior.....	25.04	1875	2,513.92
27. Marshfield & South Eastern.....	33.00	1876	2,647.64
28. Marinette, Tomahawk and Western.....	14.30	1877	2,707.74
29. Milwaukee & Wauwatosa.....	6.00	1878	2,798.07
30. Minnesota & Wisconsin.....	26.00	1879	2,909.90
31. Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie.....	271.43	1880	3,120.22
32. Northern Pacific.....	102.55	1881	3,425.22
33. Northwestern Coal R'y Co.....	19.61	1882	3,702.54
34. Oshkosh Transportation Co.....	4.28	1883	3,895.58
35. Rice Lake, Dallas & Menomonie.....	7.52	1884	4,259.48
36. St. Cloud, Grantsburg & Ashland.....	12.00	1885	4,336.41
37. West Range.....	7.00	1886	4,746.55
38. Winona Bridge R'y Co.....	.54	1887	5,082.62
39. Wisconsin & Chippewa.....	19.00	1888	5,272.04
40. Wisconsin & Michigan.....	32.82	1889	5,389.54
41. Whitcomb & Morris.....	6.00	1890	5,471.71
42. Wisconsin Central R. R. Co.....	430.13	1891	5,548.63
43. Wisconsin Central Co.....	211.97	1892	5,784.57
44. Chicago, Wisconsin & Minnesota.....	72.24	1893	5,925.47
45. Milwaukee & Lake Winnebago.....	95.37	1894	6,003.68
46. Packwaukee & Montello.....	7.96	1895	6,176.79
	.....	1896	6,093.31
Total mileage.....	6,284.16	1898	6,284.16

STATISTICAL LIST OF SENATORS FOR 1899.

District.	NAMES.	Political	COUNTIES REPRESENTED.	P. O. ADDRESS.	OCCUPATION.	NATIVITY.	AGE.	Came to State	Years in Legislature.
5	Anson, Frank A.	R.	Part of Milwaukee. J.	Milw., 1621 Grand Ave	Wholesale grocer.	New York	55	1868	1896, 97, 98.
16	Baxter, Charles H.	R.	Grant and Iowa	Laucaster	Banking	New York	57	1867	1893, 95, 97, 99.
27	Blasell, Wm. G.	R.	Columbia and Sauk	Lodi	Merchant	New York	42	1866	1899.
20	Donnett, Fred. A.	R.	Ozaukee and Sheboygan	Sheboygan	Manufacturer	Maine	50	1851	1897, 99.
6	Devos, William H.	R.	Part of Milwaukee. J.	Milw., 323 Third St.	Coal dealer	Wisconsin	41	1857	1897, 99.
7	Eaton, Barney A.	R.	Part of Milwaukee.	Cudahy	Horticulturist	Wisconsin	46	1853	1896, 97, 99.
9	Furnuo, Thomas	R.	Adams, Marquette, Wau- shara and Wood	Coloma Station	Farmer	Canada	53	1853	1899.
4	Green, J. Herbert	R.	Part of Milwaukee. J.	1215 Second St., Milw.	Merchant	Wisconsin	38	1860	1897, 99.
23	Harris, John H.	R.	Walworth and part of Jef- erson	Elkhorn	Manufacturer of but- ter and cheese	New York	43	1879	1899.
21	Hutton, William H.	R.	Portage and Waupaca	New London	Lumberman	New York	39	1860	1899.
13	Jacobs, Michael A.	D.	Dodge	Beaver Dam	Lumber and Coal	Wisconsin	39	1860	1899.
23	Jones, Alfred M.	R.	Washington and Waukesha.	Waukesha	Pres. and Mgr. Beth- esda Mfg. Spring Co.	New Hampshire	62	1891	1899.
15	Knudson, Norman A.	R.	Calumet and Manitowoc	Manitowoc	Clerk	Wisconsin	25	1874	1899.
23	Kreutzer, Andrew L.	R.	Clark and Marathon	Wausau	Lawyer	Wisconsin	36	1863	1899.
12	Lamoureux, Clarence A.	R.	Ashland, Barron, Bayfield, Iron, Sawyer and Wash- burn	Ashland	Lawyer	Wisconsin	38	1890	1897, 99.
21	McGillivray, James J.	R.	Jackson, Juneau and Men- roe	Black River Falls	Architect and manfr.	Canada	51	1866	1891, 93, 95, 97, 99.
2	Maller, Andrew C.	R.	Brown and Oconto	De Pere	Physician	Wisconsin	46	1853	1897, 99.
17	Martin, Harry C.	R.	Green, LaFayette and part of Rock	Darlington	Lawyer	Wisconsin	45	1854	1895, 99.

11	Mills, Edgar G.....	R.	Burnett, Douglas and Polk.	West Superior	Lawyer.....	Wisconsin.....	39	1880	1893, 99.
23	Munson, Oliver G.....	R.	Crawford, Richland and Vernon.....	Viroqua.....	Publisher and editor.	Iowa.....	43	1876	1897, 99.
3	Reynolds, John F.....	R.	Kenosha and Racine.....	Genoa Junction	Farmer.....	Wisconsin.....	47	1882	1893, 97, 99.
20	Elfordan, Daniel E.....	R.	Florence, Forest, Lincoln, Oneida, Launade, Price, Taylor and Vilas.....	Eagle River.....	Lawyer.....	Wisconsin.....	35	1881	1897, 99.
8	Roehr, Julius E.....	R.	Part of Milwaukee.....	140 Reed St., Milw.....	Lawyer.....	New York.....	39	1873	1897, 99.
1	Stebbins, De Wayne.....	R.	Door, Kewaunee and Marinette.....	Algoma.....	Banker and publisher.	New York.....	64	1885	1873, 95, 97, 99.
29	Stout, James H.....	R.	Chippewa and Dunn.....	Menomonie.....	Lumberman.....	Iowa.....	50	1889	1895, 97, 99.
15	Thayer, Lyman W.....	R.	Fond du Lac and Green Lake.....	Ripon.....	Farmer.....	Wisconsin.....	45	1884	1893, 95, 97, 99.
19	Weed, Henry I.....	D.	Winnebago.....	Oshkosh.....	Lawyer.....	New York.....	38	1865	1890.
25	Walton, Chauncey B.....	R.	Dane.....	Madison.....	Merchant.....	Ohio.....	54	1877	1897, 99.
24	Whelan, John W.....	R.	Buffalo, Eau Claire and Pepin.....	Mondovi.....	Banker.....	Wisconsin.....	53	1845	1893, 97, 99.
23	Withes, Levi.....	R.	La Crosse and Trempealeau.....	La Crosse.....	Lumberman.....	Maine.....	64	1883	1893, 95, 97, 99.
23	Whitehead, John M.....	R.	Parts of Rock and Jefferson.....	Janesville.....	Lawyer.....	Illinois.....	47	1883	1897, 99.
14	Whitman, Alexander B.....	R.	Outagamie and Shawano.....	Appleton.....	Lawyer and real estate.....	Maine.....	45	1857	1897, 99.
30	Woodworth, D. W.....	R.	Pierce and St. Croix.....	Ellsworth.....	Physician and surg'n.....	Ohio.....	53	1865	1895, 97, 99.

STATE SENATORS, 1899, ALPHABETICALLY ARRANGED, SHOW- ING COMMITTEE SERVICE.

Anson	Manufactures (Ch.), Legislative Expenditures, Bills on Third Reading.
Baxter	Finance, Banks and Insurance, Claims (Jt., Ch.), Military Affairs.
Bissell	State Affairs, Manufactures, Agriculture.
Dannett	Railroads, Public Lands (Ch.), Agriculture.
Davos	Railroads, Manufactures, Corporations (Ch.).
Eaton	Railroads, Public Health, Bills on Third Reading (Ch.).
Farne	Manufactures, Town and County Organization, Privileges and Elections.
Green	Finance, Banks and Insurance, Corporations, (Jt.) Committee on Fish and Game (Ch.).
Harris	State Affairs, Railroads, Privileges and Elections.
Hatton	Education, Manufactures, Federal Relations, (Jt.) Committee on Fish and Game.
Jacobs	Railroads, Engrossed Bills.
Jones	State Affairs, Privileges and Elections (Ch.), Engrossed Bills.
Kandson	Public Lands, Military Affairs, (Jt.) Committee on Fish and Game.
Kreutzer	Judiciary, Public Lands, Military Affairs.
Lamoureux	Judiciary (Ch.), Enrolled Bills.
McGillivray	State Affairs (Ch.), Agriculture, (Jt.) Committee on Claims.
Mailor	Railroads, Education, Public Health (Ch.).
Martin	Judiciary, Education, Federal Relations.
Mills	Judiciary, Town and County Organization, Federal Relations (Ch.).
Munson	State Affairs, Finance, Banks and Insurance, (Jt.) Committee on Printing (Ch.).
Reynolds	Railroads, Legislative Expenditures (Ch.), Agriculture.
Riordan	Judiciary, Assessment and Collection of Taxes, Town and County Organization (Ch.).
Roehr	Judiciary, Finance, Banks and Insurance (Ch.), Roads and Bridges.
Stebbins	Corporations, Military Affairs, (Jt.) Committee on Charitable and Penal Institutions (Ch.), (Jt.) Committee on Printing.
Stout	Education (Ch.), Corporations, (Jt.) Committee on Charitable and Penal Institutions.
Thayer	Assessment and Collection of Taxes, Corporations, Roads and Bridges (Ch.).
Weed	Roads and Bridges, (Jt.) Committee on Claims.
Wolton	Railroads, Military Affairs (Ch.), Enrolled Bills.
Whelan	Judiciary, Finance, Banks and Insurance, Agriculture (Ch.).
Wither	Railroads (Ch.), Privileges and Elections, Bills on Third Reading.
Whitehead	Judiciary, Assessment and Collection of Taxes (Ch.), Privileges and Elections.
Whitman	Judiciary, Legislative Expenditures, Engrossed Bills (Ch.).
Woodworth	Education, Public Health, Enrolled Bills (Ch.), (Jt.) Committee on Charitable and Penal Institutions.

STANDING COMMITTEES OF THE SENATE.

On Judiciary.

Senators Lamoreux, chairman,
Roehr,
Whitman,
Whelan,
Riordan,
Whitehead,
Mills,
Kreutzer,
Martin.

On State Affairs.

Senators McGillivray, chairman,
Munson,
Jones,
Bissell,
Harris.

On Finance, Banks and Insurance.

Senators Roehr, chairman,
Baxter,
Green,
Whelan,
Munson.

On Railroads.

Senators Withee, chairman,
Devos,
Dennett,
Welton,
Mailer,
Reynolds,
Harris,
Eaton,
Jacobs.

On Education.

Senators Stout, chairman,
Woodworth,
Mailer,
Martin,
Hatton.

On Manufactures.

Senators Anson, chairman,
Fearn,
Hatton,
Devos,
Bissell.

On Assessment and Collection of Taxes.

Senators Whitehead, chairman,
Thayer,
Riordan.

On Corporations.

Senators Devos, chairman,
Thayer,
Stout,
Green,
Stebbins.

On Town and County Organization.

Senators Riordan, chairman,
Fearn,
Mills.

On Public Lands.

Senators Dennett, chairman,
Knudson,
Kreutzer.

On Public Health.

Senators Mailer, chairman,
Woodworth,
Eaton.

On Military Affairs.

Senators Welton, chairman,
Baxter,
Stebbins,
Knudson,
Kreutzer.

On Privileges and Elections.

Senators Jones, chairman,
Whitehead,
Withee,
Harris,
Fearn.

On Legislative Expenditures.

Senators Reynolds, chairman,
Anson,
Whitman.

On Federal Relations.

Senators Mills, chairman,
Martin,
Hatton.

On Agriculture.

Senators Whelan, chairman,
McGillivray,
Dennett,
Bissell,
Reynolds.

On Roads and Bridges.

Senators Thayer, chairman,
Roehr,
Weed.

On Engrossed Bills.

Senators Whitman, chairman,
Jones,
Jacobs.

On Enrolled Bills.

Senators Woodworth, chairman,
Lamoreux,
Welton.

On Bills on Third Reading.

Senators Eaton, chairman,
Withee,
Anson.

STATISTICAL LIST OF MEMBERS OF THE ASSEMBLY FOR 1899.

Seat	Name.	Politics.	Counties Represented.	P. O. Address.	Occupation.	Nativity.	Age	Came to state.	Years in Legislature.
3	Adams, John W.	D.	Kewaunee.	Kewaunee.	Farmer.	Wisconsin.	37	1862	1899.
43	Anderson, Nicholas.	R.	Dane, 2d district.	Albion.	Farmer.	Wisconsin.	43	1856	1899.
76	Baldock, Jeremiah W.	R.	Calumet.	Brant.	Farmer.	Ohio.	57	1862	1899.
34	Barber, Whitman A.	R.	Sheboygan, 3d district.	Waldo.	Farmer.	Wisconsin.	46	1853	1899.
98	Barlow, John M.	R.	Juneau.	New Lisbon.	Merchant.	Massachusetts.	66	1856	1899.
63	Becker, Nicholas E.	D.	Ozaukee.	Random Lake.	Farmer.	Luxemburg.	57	1854	1899.
59	Benson, Lewis.	D.	Jefferson, 2d district.	Madison.	Farmer.	Wisconsin.	49	1850	1899.
84	Bryant, George E.	R.	Dane, 1st district.	Eau Claire.	Farmer.	Massachusetts.	67	1856	1899.
12	Buffington, Byron A.	R.	Portage, 1st district.	Onalaska.	Banker and grocer.	Wisconsin.	46	1852	1899.
80	Buttles, Mark M.	R.	La Crosse, 2d district.	Superior.	Farmer.	New York.	54	1845	1897, '99.
9	Cashin, Patrick H.	D.	Douglas, 2d district.	Stevens Point.	Retired merchant.	Wisconsin.	49	1851	1897, '99.
27	Catlin, Charles L.	R.	Walworth, 2d district.	Darien.	Lawyer.	Pennsylvania.	57	1845	1899.
75	Clough, Darwin P.	R.	Outagamie, 2d district.	Westby.	Stock dealer.	New York.	61	1863	1899.
73	Dahl, A. H.	R.	Vernon.	Rear Creek.	Farmer.	Wisconsin.	51	1848	1899.
15	Dengel, Edward J.	R.	Milwaukee, 10th district.	721 15th Street, Milwaukee.	Merchant.	Wisconsin.	40	1849	1899.
41	Dodge, A. Clarke.	R.	Green.	Wauke.	Bookkeeper.	Wisconsin.	33	1866	1899.
51	Dresser, Lester B.	R.	Polk and Burnett.	Monroe.	Lumber dealer.	Vermont.	65	1835	1899.
99	Ela, George.	R.	Racine, 2d district.	St. Croix Falls.	Merchant.	Wisconsin.	34	1864	1897, '99.
60	Eline, Francis M.	D.	Milwaukee, 6th district.	Rochester.	Dairyman.	Wisconsin.	31	1868	1899.
86	Evans, David Jr.	R.	Waushara.	Berlin.	Lawyer.	Wisconsin.	23	1871	1899.
48	Farr, Joseph E.	R.	Oncida, Price and Vilas.	Phillips.	Farmer.	North Wales.	51	1853	1899.
57	Feigs, Julius.	R.	Milwaukee, 11th district.	654 Muskego Ave., Milwaukee.	Lumberman.	Pennsylvania.	35	1869	1899.
8	Flaherty, Michael J.	D.	Brown, 2d district.	Stark.	Merchant.	Wisconsin.	38	1861	1897, '99.
29	Foro, William M.	R.	Richland.	Richland Center.	Live stock dealer.	Wisconsin.	37	1862	1899.
81	Frost, Fred J.	R.	Portage, 2d district.	Almond.	Insurance.	Ohio.	56	1853	1897, '99.
4	Gagnon, Jonas.	D.	Manitowoc, 2d district.	Two Rivers.	Manufacturer.	Wisconsin.	41	1858	1899.
32	Galloway, Martin O.	R.	Sheboygan, 1st district.	Sheboygan.	Butter and egg dealer.	Canada.	53	1843	1899.
67	Gawn, August M.	D.	Milwaukee, 14th district.	824 Windlake Ave., Milwaukee.	Butter and egg dealer.	Wisconsin.	37	1862	1899.
62	Gerner, Anos E.	D.	Wood.	Milwaukee.	Art glass manufacturer.	Germany.	30	1872	1897, '99.
17	Gilmore, Henry S.	D.	Dodge, 2d district.	Dexterville.	Lumberman and attorney.	New York.	37	1883	1899.
44	Groosmaat, A. L.	R.	Milwaukee, 15th district.	Heaver Dam.	Farmer.	Wisconsin.	51	1843	1899.
70	Grube, Herman.	D.	Jefferson, 1st district.	131 Green Bay Ave., Milwaukee.	Real estate and insurance.	Wisconsin.	45	1854	1899.
				Watertown.	Merchant.	Wisconsin.	45	1854	1899.

91	Guth, Louis D.	R.	Washington	Kewaskum	Insurance.	Wisconsin	42	1887	1899.
23	Hall, Albert R.	R.	Dunn	Knapp	Farmer	Vermont	53	1880	1899.
54	Harvey, Frederic	R.	Milwaukee, 7th district	Hauwaosa	Farmer	Wisconsin	42	1887	1899.
24	Harvey, Leslie C.	R.	Oconto	Oconto	Lawyer	Wisconsin	30	1889	'99.
8	Hobbs, William E.	R.	Douglas, 1st district	West Superior	Farmer	New York	51	1889	1899.
87	Hobbs, John	R.	Trempealeau	Arctalia	Farmer	Wisconsin	51	1884	1899.
92	Holland, John	R.	Wauwatosa	Elkton	Live stock dealer.	Norway	51	1886	'99.
25	Hurlbut, Wm H.	R.	Wauwatosa, 1st district	Elkton	Physician	New York	62	1887	'99.
31	Humphrey, Frank W.	R.	Winnetka	Marquette	Banker	Wisconsin	47	1887	1899.
32	Hunt, Robert O.	R.	Winnetka, 1st district	Oshkosh	Farmer	Wisconsin	28	1873	1899.
93	Ives, F. Balzer	R.	Waukegan, 2d district	Oshkosh	Farmer	Wisconsin	41	1884	1899.
94	Jensen, A. P.	R.	Waukegan, 2d district	Oshkosh	Farmer	Wisconsin	41	1884	1899.
71	Johnson, F. P.	R.	Waukegan, 2d district	Oshkosh	Farmer	Wisconsin	47	1887	'99.
97	Johnson, James B.	R.	Waukegan, 2d district	Oshkosh	Farmer	Wisconsin	40	1889	1899.
47	Keele, Francis B.	R.	Waukegan, 2d district	Oshkosh	Farmer	Wisconsin	54	1885	1899.
83	Kempsey, Chas. H.	R.	Adams and Marquette	Mukwonago	Hardware	Wisconsin	43	1886	1899.
70	Kier, John	R.	Dodge, 1st district	Mukwonago	Hardware	Wisconsin	51	1845	1899.
61	Killick, Matt R.	D.	Milwaukee, 2d district	Mukwonago	Hardware	Wisconsin	51	1845	1899.
63	Lange, Louis A.	D.	Milwaukee, 2d district	Mukwonago	Hardware	Wisconsin	51	1845	1899.
91	Loren, Frank	R.	Fond du Lac, 1st district	Mukwonago	Hardware	Wisconsin	51	1845	1899.
56	Loth, Ernst	R.	Ashland and Iron	Mukwonago	Hardware	Wisconsin	51	1845	1899.
26	McDonald, Thomas	R.	Milwaukee, 12th district	Mukwonago	Hardware	Wisconsin	51	1845	1899.
73	McGrath, Thomas J.	R.	Grant, 1st district	Mukwonago	Hardware	Wisconsin	51	1845	1899.
5	McGrover, John	D.	Brown, 1st district	Mukwonago	Hardware	Wisconsin	51	1845	1899.
53	McLeod, Arthur W.	R.	Forest, Florence and Langlade	Mukwonago	Hardware	Wisconsin	51	1845	1899.
22	Middleton, William J.	R.	Bayfield, Sawyer and Green Lake	Mukwonago	Hardware	Wisconsin	51	1845	1899.
65	Minch, Oscar F.	D.	Green Lake	Mukwonago	Hardware	Wisconsin	51	1845	1899.
37	Morse, Robert	R.	Dane, 2d district	Mukwonago	Hardware	Wisconsin	51	1845	1899.
39	Morgan, John E.	R.	Rock, 2d district	Mukwonago	Hardware	Wisconsin	51	1845	1899.
24	Morse, Calvin R.	R.	Sauk, 2d district	Mukwonago	Hardware	Wisconsin	51	1845	1899.
78	Mosher, Orville W.	R.	Pierce	Mukwonago	Hardware	Wisconsin	51	1845	1899.
85	Olson, George	R.	St. Croix	Mukwonago	Hardware	Wisconsin	51	1845	1899.
42	Orton, Philo A.	R.	Jackson	Mukwonago	Hardware	Wisconsin	51	1845	1899.
51	Overback, Henry, Jr.	R.	Lafayette	Mukwonago	Hardware	Wisconsin	51	1845	1899.
20	Polley, Horace N.	R.	Door	Mukwonago	Hardware	Wisconsin	51	1845	1899.
79	Porter, Hugh	R.	Rock, 3d district	Mukwonago	Hardware	Wisconsin	51	1845	1899.
100	Rasmussen, Kapp E.	R.	Eau Claire, 2d district	Mukwonago	Hardware	Wisconsin	51	1845	1899.
Sp	Ray, George H.	R.	Crawford	Mukwonago	Hardware	Wisconsin	51	1845	1899.
69	Rehlich, Joseph T.	R.	La Crosse, 1st district	Mukwonago	Hardware	Wisconsin	51	1845	1899.
36	Richardson, John E.	D.	La Crosse, 1st district	Mukwonago	Hardware	Wisconsin	51	1845	1899.
19	Riepley, Henry A.	R.	Milwaukee, 5th district	Mukwonago	Hardware	Wisconsin	51	1845	1899.
93	Rietzier, Henry, Jr.	R.	Sheboygan Falls	Mukwonago	Hardware	Wisconsin	51	1845	1899.
16	Rowell, Mark W.	R.	Fond du Lac, 2d district	Mukwonago	Hardware	Wisconsin	51	1845	1899.

STATISTICAL LIST OF MEMBERS OF THE ASSEMBLY FOR 1899 — Continued.

Seat	Name.	Politics.	Counties Represented.	P O Address.	Occupation.	Nativity.	Age	Came to state.	Years in Legislature.
14	Rusk, Lucurgus J.	R.	Chippewa, 1st district.	Chippewa Falls	Lawyer	Ohio	48	1852	1899.
40	Ryan, John	R.	Grant, 2d district.	North Andover	Farmer	Wisconsin	62	1837	1899.
2	Ryan, Michael W.	D.	Lincola and Taylor	Medford	Lumberman	Wisconsin	62	1852	1899.
77	Saran, Chris.	R.	Winnebago	Oshkosh	Lawyer	Germany	60	1848	1899.
11	Schoenbaum, George H.	R.	Milwaukee, 9th district.	617 21st St., Milwaukee	Lawyer	Germany	60	1848	1899.
39	Slade, S. Dwight	R.	Kenosha	Slades Corners	Tinner	Wisconsin	32	1867	1899.
38	Sueddon, John	R.	Milwaukee, 3d district.	1236 Kinickinnic, Milwaukee	Farmer	Wisconsin	50	1849	1899.
53	Soltwedel, Henry J.	R.	Milwaukee, 13th district.	936 2d St., Milwaukee	Ironworker	Scotland	57	1873	1899.
89	Steiger, Emil H.	R.	Waupaca, 1st district.	Fremont	Barber	Germany	43	1868	1899.
82	Sturdevant, Lafayette M.	R.	Clark	Neillsville	Lumberman	Wisconsin	1871	1899.	
10	Thessenhusen, R. F.	R.	Milwaukee, 8th district.	325 16th Ave. Milwaukee	Lawyer	Pennsylvania	43	1865	1899.
13	Thomas, John W.	R.	Chippewa, 2d district.	Anson	Contractor	Wisconsin	35	1864	1899.
31	True, John M.	R.	Sauk, 1st district.	Baraboo	Dairymen	Wales	53	1857	1895, '97, '99.
45	Vandercook, G. E.	R.	Marathon, 1st district.	Spencer	Farmer	New Hampshire	61	1866	1897, '99.
19	Wagner, John C.	R.	Racine, 1st district.	Racine	Publisher	Wisconsin	83	1866	1899.
17	Wells, Jabez H.	R.	Columbia, 1st district.	Portage	Hotel-keeper	Wisconsin	46	1853	1899.
88	Werheim, George J.	R.	Marathon, 2d district.	Wausau	Hotel-keeper	Wisconsin	65	1855	1895, '99.
49	Wheeler, William J.	R.	Rock, 1st district.	Janesville	Lawyer	Germany	37	1891	1897, '99.
95	Williams, Edwin A.	R.	Winnebago, 2d district.	Neeah	Insurance and real estate	Wisconsin	52	1847	1899.
96	Willott, Joseph, Jr.	R.	Manitowoc	Manitowoc	Edge tool manufacturer.	England	44	1872	1899.
72	Wyllie, Theophilus A.	R.	Outagamie, 1st district.	Appleton	Miller	England	54	1866	1899.
83	Wyllie, George	R.	Columbia, 2d district.	Leeds	Farmer	Scotland	51	1857	1897, '99.
55	Zinn, August	R.	Milwaukee, 4th district.	413 23th St., Milwaukee	Manufacturing jeweler	Wisconsin	40	1859	1899.

COMMITTEES.

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MEMBERS OF THE ASSEMBLY. 1899, ALPHABETICALLY ARRANGED SHOWING COMMITTEE SERVICE.

Adams	Manufactures.
Anderson	Federal Relations, Agriculture.
Baldock	Corporations, Public Health and Sanitation.
Barber	Assessment and Collection of Taxes, (Jt.) Charitable and Penal Institutions.
Barlow	State Affairs, Engrossed Bills.
Becker	Public Lands.
Benson	Agriculture, Dairy and Food.
Bryant	Cities, Privileges and Elections.
Buffington	Finance, Banks and Insurance (Ch.), Engrossed Bills.
Buttles	Enrolled Bills (Ch.), (Jt.) Claims.
Cashin	(Jt.) Claims.
Catlin	Privileges and Elections, Judiciary.
Clough	State Affairs, Ways and Means.
Daggett	Agriculture, Ways and Means.
Dahl	Education, Legislative Expenditures.
Dengel	State Affairs, Legislative Expenditures.
Dodge	Cities, Legislative Expenditures.
Dresser	Education (Ch.), Lumber and Mining.
Ela	Judiciary, Education.
Elme	Judiciary.
Evans	Public Health and Sanitation, Dairy and Food.
Farr	Town and County Organization, Legislative Expenditures (Ch.).
Feige	Railroads, Lumber and Mining.
Flaherty	Military Affairs.
Fozo	Engrossed Bills (Ch.), (Jt.) Printing.
Frost	Education, Lumber and Mining.
Gagnon	Ways and Means.
Galaway	Railroads, Lumber and Mining.
Gawin	Corporations.
Germer	Finance, Banks and Insurance.
Gilmore	(Jt.) Charitable and Penal Institutions.
Grootemaat	Corporations, Military Affairs.
Grube	Cities.
Guth	Finance, Banks and Insurance, Military Affairs.
Hall	Assessment and Collection of Taxes (Ch.), Public Improvements.
Hartung	Public Improvements, (Jt.) Claims.
Harvey	Judiciary, (Jt.) Fish and Game (Ch.).
Hoehle	Judiciary, Public Improvements.
Holcomb	Railroads, Dairy and Food.
Holland	Agriculture, Enrolled Bills.
Hurlbut	Engrossed Bills, (Jt.) Charitable and Penal Institutions (Ch.).
Humphrey	Finance, Banks and Insurance, Roads and Bridges.
Hunt	Railroads, Military Affairs.
Ives	Railroads.
Jenson	Manufactures, Roads and Bridges (Ch.).
Johnson	Public Health and Sanitation (Ch.), Dairy and Food.
Johnston	Education, Military Affairs.
Keene	Cities (Ch.), Enrolled Bills.
Kempley	Privileges and Elections, Agriculture.
Kessler	Legislative Expenditures.
Killilea	State Affairs.
Lange	Privileges and Elections, (Jt.) Printing.

Logan	Town and County Organization, (Jt.) Fish and Game.
Loth	Federal Relations, Roads and Bridges.
McDonald	Assessment and Collection of Taxes, Privileges and Elections (Ch.).
McGrath	State Affairs (Ch.), Assessment and Collection of Taxes.
McGreer	Assessment and Collection of Taxes.
McLeod	Judiciary, Military Affairs.
Middleton	Manufactures, Town and County Organization.
Minch	Education.
More	Roads and Bridges, (Jt.) Charitable and Penal Institutions.
Morgan	Town and County Organization (Ch.), Dairy and Food.
Morse	Cities, Public Lands.
Mosher	Bills on Third Reading, (Jt.) Claims.
Olson	Cities, Bills on Third Reading.
Orton	Judiciary, Assessment and Collection of Taxes.
Overbeck	Corporations (Ch.), (Jt.) Fish and Game.
Parker	Finance, Banks and Insurance, Corporations.
Polley	Assessment and Collection of Taxes, Public Lands (Ch.).
Porter	Roads and Bridges, Bills on Third Reading (Ch.).
Rasmussen	State Affairs, Public Lands.
Rechlies	Roads and Bridges.
Richardson	Cities, Corporations.
Ripley	Education, Lumber and Mining (Ch.).
Roettiger	State Affairs, (Jt.) Fish and Game.
Rowell	Railroads, Federal Relations.
Rusk	Judiciary, Military Affairs (Ch.).
Ryan, John	Federal Relations, Agriculture.
Ryan, M. W.	Public Health and Sanitation, Town and County Organization.
Sarau	Cities, Federal Relations (Ch.).
Schoenbaum	Corporations, Ways and Means (Ch.).
Slade	Public Lands, Dairy and Food (Ch.).
Sneddon	Manufactures, Bills on Third Reading.
Soltwedel	Privileges and Elections, (Jt.) Charitable and Penal Institutions.
Steiger	Manufactures, Privileges and Elections.
Sturdevant	Judiciary, Enrolled Bills.
Thiessenhusen	Cities, Public Improvements.
Thomas	Railroads (Ch.), Dairy and Food.
True	Dairy and Food, (Jt.) Claims (Ch.).
Vandercook	Judiciary, (Jt.) Printing (Ch.).
Wagner	Railroads, Ways and Means.
Wells	Finance, Banks and Insurance, Public Improvements (Ch.).
Werheim	Railroads, Manufactures.
Wheeler	Judiciary (Ch.).
Williams	Finance, Banks and Insurance, Enrolled Bills.
Willott	Railroads, Public Health and Sanitation.
Willy	Railroads, Engrossed Bills.
Wylie	Agriculture (Ch.), Bills on Third Reading.
Zinn	Manufactures (Ch.), (Jt.) Fish and Game.

STANDING COMMITTEES OF THE ASSEMBLY.

Judiciary.

Messrs. Wm. G. Wheeler, chairman,
 Philo A. Orton,
 L. J. Rusk,
 L. M. Sturdevant,
 Charles M. Catlin,
 Arthur W. McLeod,
 G. E. Vandercook,
 L. C. Harvey,
 Wm. E. Hoehle,
 George Ela,
 Francis M. Eline.

State Affairs.

Messrs. T. J. McGrath, chairman,
 Kapp E. Rasmussen,
 Henry Roettiger,
 Darwin P. Clough,
 John M. Barlow,
 Edward J. Dengel,
 Matt. R. Killilea.

Cities.

Messrs. Francis B. Keene, chairman,
 Chris. Sarau,
 George E. Bryant,
 George Olson,
 A. Clarke Dodge,
 John E. Richardson,
 Calvin R. Morse,
 Reinhold F. Thiessenhusen,
 Herman Grube.

Finance, Banks and Insurance.

Messrs. Byron A. Buffington, chairman,
 L. Holden Parker,
 Frank W. Humphrey,
 Edwin A. Williams,
 Louis D. Guth,
 Jabez H. Wells,
 Amos E. Germer.

Railroads.

Messrs. John W. Thomas, chairman,
 Robert O. Hunt,
 Mark W. Rowell,
 David L. Holcomb,
 Joseph Willott, Jr.,
 Julius Feige,
 Theophilus A. Willy,
 George Werheim,
 Martin O. Galaway,
 John C. Wagner,
 Badger F. Ives.

Education.

Messrs. Lester B. Dresser, chairman,
 James Johnston,
 George Ela,
 Fred. J. Frost,
 Henry A. Ripley,
 A. H. Dahl,
 Oscar F. Minch.

Manufactures.

Messrs. August Zinn, chairman,
 George Werheim,
 Andrew Jensen,
 William J. Middleton,
 John Sneddon,
 Emil H. Steiger,
 John W. Adams.

Assessment and Collection of Taxes.

Messrs. Albert R. Hall, chairman,
 Horace N. Polley,
 Philo A. Orton,
 Thos. J. McGrath,
 Whitman A. Barber,
 Thos. McDonald,
 John McGreer.

Corporations.

Messrs. Henry Overbeck, chairman,
 L. Holden Parker,
 J. W. Baldock,
 A. L. Grootemaat,
 John E. Richardson,
 George Schoenbaum,
 August M. Gawin.

Town and County Organization.

Messrs. John E. Morgan, chairman,
 Joseph R. Farr,
 Frank Logan,
 William J. Middleton,
 Michael W. Ryan.

Public Lands.

Messrs. Horace N. Polley, chairman,
 S. Dwight Slade,
 Kapp E. Rasmussen,
 Calvin R. Morse,
 Nicholas E. Becker.

Military Affairs.

Messrs. L. J. Rusk, chairman,
 James Johnston,
 Arthur W. McLeod,
 Robert O. Hunt,
 A. L. Grootemaat,
 L. D. Guth,
 Michael J. Flaherty.

Public Health and Sanitation.

Messrs. F. P. Johnson, chairman,
 Joseph Willott, Jr.,
 J. W. Baldock,
 David Evans, Jr.,
 Michael W. Ryan.

Legislative Expenditures.

Messrs. Joseph R. Farr, chairman,
 A. H. Dahl,
 Edward J. Dengel,
 A. Clarke Dodge,
 John Kessler.

Privileges and Elections.

Messrs. Thomas McDonald, chairman,
Charles L. Catlin,
Henry J. Soltwedel,
George E. Bryant,
Emil H. Steiger,
Charles H. Kempley,
Louie A. Lange.

Federal Relations.

Messrs. Chris. Sarau, chairman,
Nicholas Anderson,
Mark W. Rowell,
John Ryan,
Ernst Loth.

Roads and Bridges.

Messrs. Andrew Jensen, chairman,
Ernst Loth,
Robert More,
Hugh Porter,
Frank W. Humphrey,
Joseph T. Rechlicz.

Agriculture.

Messrs. George Wylie, chairman,
Henry L. Daggett,
John Ryan,
Charles H. Kempley,
Nicholas Anderson,
Bjorn Holland,
Lewis Benson.

Ways and Means.

Messrs. George Schoenbaum, chairman,
Darwin P. Clough,
J. C. Wagner,
Henry L. Daggett,
Jonas Gagnon.

Lumber and Mining.

Messrs. Henry A. Ripley, chairman,
L. B. Dresser,
Fred A. Frost,
Martin O. Galaway,
Julius Feige.

Public Improvements.

Messrs. Jabes H. Wells, chairman,
Albert R. Hall,
Frederick Hartung,
William E. Hochle,
R. F. Thiessenhusen.

Dairy and Food.

Messrs. S. Dwight Slade, chairman,
John E. Morgan,
David L. Holcomb,
John M. True,
John W. Thomas,
F. P. Johnson,
David Evans, Jr.,
Lewis Benson.

Engrossed Bills.

Messrs. William M. Fogo, chairman,
John M. Sarlow,
B. A. Buffington,
William H. Hurlbut,
T. A. Willy.

Enrolled Bills.

Messrs. Mark M. Buttles, chairman,
L. M. Sturdevant,
Edwin A. Williams,
Francis R. Keene,
Bjorn Holland.

Bills on Third Reading.

Messrs. Hugh Porter, chairman,
Orville W. Mosher,
George Olson,
John Sneddon,
George Wylie.

JOINT COMMITTEES.

SENATE.	ASSEMBLY.
Claims.	Claims.
Senators Baxter, chairman. McGillivray. Weed.	Messrs. John M. True, chairman, Orville W. Mosher, Mark M. Buttle, Frederick Hartung, Patrick H. Cashin.
Charitable and Penal Institutions.	Charitable and Penal Institutions.
Senators Stebbins, chairman. Woodworth. Stout.	Messrs. William H. Hurlbut, chairman, Robert More, Whitman A. Barber, Henry J. Soltwedel, Henry S. Gilmore.
Printing.	Printing.
Senators Munson, chairman. Stebbins.	Messrs. G. E. Vandercreek, chairman, Wm. M. Fogo, Louie A. Lange.
Fish and Game.	Fish and Game.
Senators Green, chairman. Knudson. Hutton.	Messrs. L. C. Harvey, chairman, Henry Overbeck, Jr., Henry Roettiger, Frank Logan, August Zinn.

LIST OF EMPLOYEES OF THE WISCONSIN LEGISLATURE—1899.

SENATE.

Name.	Position.	Occupation.	Nativity.	P. O. Address.	County.
Walter L. Houser	Chief clerk.	Publisher	Pennsylvania	Mondovi	Buffalo.
Will F. Cady	Clerk.	Accountant	Wisconsin	Janesville	Rock.
Henry C. Schultz	Journal clerk	Publisher	Wisconsin	La Crosse	La Crosse.
Andrew Rood	Bookkeeper	Publisher	Norway	Palmyra	Jefferson.
F. W. Bruce	Proof reader	Editor	Vermont	Racine	Racine.
F. E. Andrews	Engrossing clerk	Retired	Wisconsin	Bloomer	Chippewa.
H. E. Polly	Enrolling clerk	Banking	Wisconsin	Lodi	Columbia.
J. C. McFarland	Index clerk	Architect	Indiana	Richland Center	Richland.
R. H. Clark	Assistant index clerk	Merchant	Canada	Milwaukee	Milwaukee.
M. Schmidt	Clerk, judiciary committee	Accountant	Germany	West Superior	Douglas.
W. H. Burk	Clerk, claims committee	Editor	Wisconsin	Sheboygan	Sheboygan.
L. S. Dunn	Clerk, committee state affairs	Editor	Wisconsin	Warrens	Mouree.
H. Roemer	Clerk, committee state affairs	Carpenter	Germany	Milwaukee	Milwaukee.
Joseph S. Green	Custodian engrossing-room	Retired	Canada	Milwaukee	Milwaukee.
G. E. Dixon	Custodian enrolling-room	Publisher	Wisconsin	Brodhead	Green.
C. A. Pettibone	Stenographer	Publisher	New York	Oconomowoc	Waukesha.
A. F. Wright	Sergeant at-arms.	Lawyer	Missouri	Cumberland	Barren.
Christopher Paulus	Postmaster	Accountant	Wisconsin	Milwaukee	Milwaukee.
H. M. Knowlton	Assistant postmaster	Publisher	Wisconsin	Waterloo	Jefferson.
F. W. Meinke	Document clerk	Notary and insurance	Wisconsin	Westfield	Marquette.
Ben. S. Thayer	Document clerk	Student.	Wisconsin	Ripon	Pond du Lac.
A. E. Mead	Clerk	Attorney	Wisconsin	Ashland	Ashland.
Ed. Schaffland	Enrollment clerk	Accountant	Wisconsin	Manitowoc	Manitowoc.
E. P. Bennett	Assistant engrossing clerk	Printer	Wisconsin	Mineral Point	Iowa.
Edwin Blair	Comparing clerk	Student	Wisconsin	Waukesha	Waukesha.
Irene Whitman	Clerk, com. eng. bills.	Student	Wisconsin	Appleton	Outagamie.
Joseph Elliott	Clerk, com. on bills 3d reading	Lumberman	Canada	Arbor Vitae	Vilas.
F. W. Guidager	Door keeper	Student	Wisconsin	Waupaca	Waupaca.
E. Westernhagen	Door keeper	Merchant	Germany	Milwaukee	Milwaukee.
M. S. Cyboruski	Comparing clerk	Printer	Wisconsin	Milwaukee	Milwaukee.
D. Graham	Comparing clerk	Student	Wisconsin	Darlington	Lafayette.
W. J. Hocking	Comparing clerk	Farmer.	Ohio	Stanton	St. Croix.
M. E. Tilden	Doorkeeper.				

H. M. Allen.....	Doorkeeper.....	Farmer.....	Wisconsin.....	Avalanche.....	Vernon.....
E. F. Ascart.....	Committee room attendant.....	Contractor.....	Belgium.....	Rosiere.....	Kewaunee.....
E. D. Corlett.....	Committee room attendant.....	Student.....	Connecticut.....	Economowoc.....	Waukesha.....
Ross Preston.....	Caulitor.....	Farmer.....	Wisconsin.....	West De Pere.....	Brown.....
Louis Enlieter.....	Custodian.....	Contractor.....	New York.....	Cudahy.....	Alwaukee.....
W. G. Fyler.....	Night watchman.....	Farmer.....	Massachusetts.....	Sellsville.....	Clark.....
W. M. Gault.....	Labourer.....	Machinist.....	Maine.....	Madison.....	Dane.....
Dana C. Woodworth.....	Messenger.....	Student.....	Wisconsin.....	Ellsworth.....	Pierce.....
W. C. May.....	Messenger.....	Student.....	Wisconsin.....	Watertown.....	Jefferson.....
E. C. Stohand.....	Messenger.....	Student.....	Wisconsin.....	Waukegan.....	Alwaukee.....
Edw. Jones.....	Messenger.....	Farmer.....	Wisconsin.....	Franklin.....	Rock.....
Edgar Mills.....	Messenger.....	Student.....	Wisconsin.....	West Superior.....	Douglas.....
M. Johnson.....	Messenger.....	Student.....	Wisconsin.....	Manitowoc.....	Manitowoc.....

LIST OF EMPLOYEES OF WISCONSIN LEGISLATURE—1899.
ASSEMBLY.

Name.	Age.	Position.	Occupation.	Years in State	Nativity.	Post Office.	County.
Winslow A. Nowell.....	38	Chief clerk.....	Journalist.....	35	New Hampshire.....	Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.
Fredric W. Coon.....	48	Asst. chief clerk.....	Publisher and editor.....	45	Wisconsin.....	Edgerton.....	Rock.
Carleton H. Wells.....	34	Journal clerk.....	Contractor.....	34	Wisconsin.....	Appleton.....	Outagamie.
Fred Nelson.....	34	Journal clerk.....	Hotel keeper.....	18	Sweden.....	Prentice.....	Price.
Jos. B. Foster.....	35	Bookkeeper.....	Manufacturer.....	35	Wisconsin.....	Beloit.....	Rock.
Claire Currier.....	21	Bookkeeper.....	Law student.....	21	Wisconsin.....	Stoughton.....	Dane.
Fred H. Hartwell.....	24	Index clerk.....	Lawyer.....	24	Wisconsin.....	La Crosse.....	La Crosse.
John H. Frazier.....	30	Proof reader.....	Publisher and editor.....	30	Wisconsin.....	Viola.....	Richland.
Lawrence H. Berges.....	59	Stationery clerk.....	Merchant.....	34	New York.....	Whitewater.....	Washington.
Charles W. Blay.....	25	Engraving clerk.....	Insurance.....	9	Iowa.....	Fillmore.....	Walworth.
Clarence C. Fish.....	45	Enrolling clerk.....	Contractor.....	35	Pennsylvania.....	Janesville.....	Rock.
Almeda Sturdevant.....	19	Stenographer.....	Stenographer.....	19	Wisconsin.....	Neenah.....	Winnebago.
Albert C. Brownell.....	22	Stenographer.....	Farmer.....	22	Wisconsin.....	Neillsville.....	Clark.
Albert J. Wolf.....	33	Assistant engrossing clerk.....	Farmer.....	33	Wisconsin.....	Ogdensburg.....	Waupaca.
C. E. Shaffer.....	25	Assistant enrolling clerk.....	Teacher.....	21	Wisconsin.....	Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.
William Eggert.....	25	Assistant index clerk.....	Plumber.....	25	Wisconsin.....	Madison.....	Dane.
Andrew Nelson.....	30	Custodian engrossing room.....	Farmer & contractor.....	30	Wisconsin.....	Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.
Mary E. Chadwick.....	47	Custodian enrolling room.....	Plumber.....	27	Denmark.....	Ellison Bay.....	Door.
Anna Haseltine.....	40	Comparing clerk.....	Bookkeeper.....	40	Wisconsin.....	Watertown.....	Jefferson.
Nellie L. Proctor.....	25	Comparing clerk.....	Bookkeeper.....	25	Wisconsin.....	Baraboo.....	Sauk.
Alluna Christie.....	39	Comparing clerk.....	Journalist.....	39	Wisconsin.....	Fall River.....	Columbia.
Henry S. Sloan.....	31	Clerk of committee.....	Lawyer.....	17	Minnesota.....	Superior.....	Douglas.
William H. Field.....	30	Clerk of committee on state affairs.....	Bookkeeper.....	30	Wisconsin.....	Edgerton.....	Rock.
Emma C. Fogo.....	23	Clerk of committee on engrossed bills.....	Bookkeeper.....	24	Iowa.....	Green Bay.....	Brown.
J. T. Atwater.....	37	Clerk of committee on enrolled bills.....	Journalist.....	23	Wisconsin.....	Richland Center.....	Richland.
J. D. Stuart.....	42	Clerk of committee on their third reading.....	Farmer.....	37	Wisconsin.....	Bangor.....	La Crosse.
Jas. H. Ages.....	51	Sergeant-at-arms.....	Abstractor.....	40	Pennsylvania.....	Prairie du Chien.....	Crawford.
B. C. Walters.....	47	Assistant sergeant-at-arms.....	Real estate and ins.....	12	America.....	West Superior.....	Douglas.
H. F. Dunsmore.....	55	Postmaster.....	Dealer in s&g tramps.....	45	Germany.....	Appleton.....	Outagamie.
C. L. Turney.....	49	Assistant postmaster.....	Farmer.....	34	America.....	Hudson.....	St. Croix.
H. J. Conlin.....	36	Day attendant.....	Lumberman.....	43	America.....	Ladell.....	Chippewa.
Joseph Gross.....	51	Door keeper.....	Stone cutter.....	49	America.....	Bayfield.....	Bayfield.
						Campbells Port.....	Fond du Lac.

ASSEMBLY EMPLOYES.

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H. H. Reynolds	42	Door keeper.	Locator.	31	Ireland	Butternut.	Ashland.
N. F. Pierce	68	Door keeper.	Insurance agent.	44	America	Shoeyan Falls.	Sheboygan.
D. Ray	56	Door keeper.	Clerk.	10	America	West Superior.	Douglas.
H. T. Mower	45	Gallery attendant.	Miller.	45	America	Wauwatosa.	Milwaukee.
John Grootemaat	32	Gallery attendant.	Decorator.	32	America	Milwaukee.	Milwaukee.
John H. Johnson	28	Document clerk.	Salesman.	25	America	Cameron.	Barron.
M. L. Burdick	42	Document clerk.	Merchant.	42	America	Milwaukee.	Milwaukee.
Bernan Miller	63	Porter.	Farmer.	33	Germany	Wausau.	Narathon.
Martin Thompson	52	Cloak room attendant.	Contractor.	43	Norway	Eau Claire.	Eau Claire.
F. G. Dahlberg	42	Cloak room attendant.	Dealer in farm impl.	30	Sweden	Trade Lake.	Burnett.
A. C. Hoover	54	Night watch.	Farmer.	44	America	Wolf Creek.	Polk.
D. Thiele	43	Flagman.	Carpet dealer.	39	Germany	Milwaukee.	Milwaukee.
H. F. Fagel	36	Custodian committee room.	Machinist.	36	America	Oshkosh.	Winnebago.
Ra'ph C. Pickering	21	Custodian committee room.	Stenographer.	17	America	Superior.	Douglas.
Goodworth Lillsand	13	Page.	Clerk.	13	America	Madison.	Dane.
Walter Nebel	13	Page.	Student.	13	America	Madison.	Dane.
Albert Haven	15	Page.	Student.	13	America	Madison.	Dane.
Willie Doty	15	Page.	Student.	13	America	Madison.	Dane.
Arthur Funking	13	Page.	Printer.	15	America	Oconto.	Oconto.
Geol Cooper	13	Page.	News boy.	15	America	Milwaukee.	Milwaukee.
Geol Blanchard	15	Page.	Student.	15	America	Spring Green.	Sauk.
Earl V. Gen	13	Page.	Student.	8	America	Volby.	Marathon.
Harley Peden	15	Page.	Student.	8	America	West Superior.	Douglas.
Stanley Morse	12	Page.	Student.	12	America	Madison.	Dane.
John Colling	29	Page.	Painter.	29	America	River Falls.	Pierce.
Thos. Lloyd	21	Page.	Student.	21	America	Milwaukee.	Milwaukee.
						LaCrosse.	LaCrosse.

PART VII.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

STATES AND TERRITORIES WITH POPULATION—1840 TO 1890.

States and Territories.	1840.	1850.	1860.	1870.	1880.	1890.
Total	17,069,453	23,191,876	31,443,221	38,558,371	50,155,783	62,622,250
Alabama	12 590,756	12 771,623	13 964,301	16 996,992	17 1,263,505	17 1,513,017
Alaska						
Arizona						
Arkansas	25 97,574	26 209,887	26 433,450	26 484,471	24 802,525	24 1,128,179
California		29 92,597	38 879,994	24 560,247	24 864,694	22 1,308,130
Colorado						
Connecticut	20 800,978	21 870,792	21 460,147	25 537,454	28 622,700	29 746,258
Delaware	26 78,085	30 91,532	32 112,216	35 125,015	39 146,908	43 168,498
District of Col.	23 43,712	33 51,687	35 75,080	34 131,700	36 177,624	39 220,392
Florida	27 54,477	31 87,442	31 140,424	38 187,748	34 269,483	32 391,428
Georgia	9 691,392	9 906,185	11 1,037,236	12 1,194,108	13 1,542,180	13 1,687,353
Idaho						
Illinois	14 476,183	11 851,470	4 1,711,951	4 2,539,861	4 3,077,871	3 3,826,361
Indiana	10 685,966	7 968,416	6 1,336,428	6 1,660,637	6 1,978,801	8 2,192,404
Indian Ter*						
Iowa	20 48,112	27 192,214	20 674,913	11 1,194,020	10 1,624,615	10 1,911,896
Kansas						
Kentucky	6 779,928	8 983,405	9 1,155,684	8 1,321,011	8 1,648,690	11 1,858,635
Louisiana	19 352,411	18 517,762	17 708,002	21 728,913	22 939,946	25 1,118,587
Maine	13 501,793	16 583,169	22 628,279	23 626,915	27 648,936	30 661,096
Maryland	13 470,019	17 533,034	19 637,049	20 780,894	23 934,943	27 1,042,390
Massachusetts	6 737,692	6 944,514	7 1,231,066	7 1,457,351	7 1,783,085	6 2,238,943
Michigan	23 212,267	20 397,654	16 749,113	13 1,184,053	9 1,636,937	9 2,093,889
Minnesota		36 6,077	30 172,023	28 439,706	26 780,773	20 1,301,626
Mississippi	17 375,651	13 606,526	14 791,805	18 827,922	18 1,131,597	21 1,289,600
Missouri	16 383,702	13 632,044	8 1,182,012	5 1,721,295	5 2,168,380	5 2,679,184
Montana						
Nebraska						
Nevada						
N. Hampshire	22 284,374	22 317,976	27 326,073	31 318,300	31 346,991	33 376,530
New Jersey	18 373,306	19 489,555	21 672,035	17 906,096	19 1,131,116	18 1,444,933
New Mexico		32 61,547	34 93,510	37 91,874	40 119,565	13 158,593
New York	1 2,428,921	1 3,097,394	1 3,880,735	1 4,382,739	1 5,082,871	1 5,997,858
N. Carolina	7 753,419	10 869,039	12 992,622	14 1,071,361	15 1,399,750	16 1,617,947
N. Dakota						
Ohio	8 1,519,467	8 1,980,329	8 2,339,511	8 2,668,260	8 3,198,069	4 3,672,816
Oklahoma						
Oregon						
Pennsylvania	2 1,724,033	2 2,811,786	2 2,906,215	2 3,521,951	2 4,282,891	2 5,258,014
Rhode Island	24 108,830	26 147,545	29 174,630	32 217,353	33 276,531	35 345,606
S. Carolina	11 594,398	14 668,507	18 703,706	22 705,606	21 995,577	23 1,151,149
South Dakota						
Tennessee	5 829,210	5 1,002,717	10 1,109,801	9 1,258,620	19 1,542,359	13 1,767,518
Texas		25 212,592	23 604,215	19 818,579	11 1,591,749	7 2,235,523
Utah		35 11,380	37 40,273	39 86,786	39 143,963	40 207,905
Vermont	21 291,948	23 314,120	28 315,098	30 330,561	32 333,296	36 332,422
Virginia	4 1,239,797	4 1,421,661	5 1,596,318	10 1,225,163	14 1,512,565	15 1,655,980
Washington			40 11,594	43 23,965	42 75,116	34 349,390
West Virginia						
Wisconsin	30 80,945	34 305,391	15 775,861	27 442,014	29 618,457	28 762,734
Wyoming						

NOTE.—The narrow column under each census year shows the order of the states and territories according to magnitude of population.
 *Not included in totals.

(STATE AND FEDERAL CENSUS BY COUNTIES.)

COUNTIES.	1836.	1838.	1840.	1842.	1846.	1847.	1850.	1855.	1860.	1865.	1870.	1875.	1880.	1885.	1890.	1895.
Adams.....							187	6,968	6,492	5,698	6,801	6,502	6,741	6,821	6,889	7,533
Ashland.....								236	515	236	221	750	1,559	6,941	20,063	17,241
Barron.....								13	353	269	538	3,737	7,023	13,596	15,416	20,083
Bayfield.....													534	3,431	7,390	12,723
Brown.....							6,215	6,699	11,795	13,262	25,168	35,373	34,900	36,921	39,184	45,625
Buffalo.....								532	3,864	6,776	11,123	14,219	15,328	16,483	18,921	22,623
Butte.....											1,706	1,456	3,140	4,807	5,982	7,582
Rumelt.....							1,743	3,631	12	171	12,335	13,065	16,631	17,667	18,639	20,747
Calumet.....											8,311	15,065	15,492	15,135	16,143	17,727
Chippewa.....							615	3,885	1,885	3,278	8,311	13,965	15,492	15,135	16,143	17,727
Clark.....								232	769	1,011	3,450	7,262	10,715	15,423	17,708	20,342
Columbia.....											28,902	28,903	28,065	29,555	30,868	30,963
Crawford.....							9,565	17,965	24,411	26,112	28,902	28,903	28,065	29,555	30,868	30,963
Dane.....							2,498	3,323	8,068	11,011	13,075	15,798	15,644	16,181	16,987	18,578
Dawson.....							16,639	37,714	43,922	50,192	53,068	52,735	53,234	58,400	59,578	65,669
Dodge.....							19,138	42,818	48,441	48,441	47,035	48,394	45,928	44,984	44,984	47,351
Door.....								739	2,948	3,068	4,919	8,020	11,648	15,532	16,989	18,969
Douglas.....								395	812	532	1,122	741	655	704	741	741
Dunn.....								1,796	2,704	5,170	9,485	13,427	16,815	21,951	23,664	25,046
Eau Claire.....								3,162	5,251	5,251	10,769	15,991	19,902	34,769	30,673	38,172
Florence.....																
Fond du Lac.....							139	24,784	34,154	42,029	46,273	50,241	46,855	46,855	47,580	47,580
Forest.....																
Grant.....							16,198	23,170	31,189	33,618	37,979	39,086	37,892	37,277	36,651	36,372
Green.....							8,596	14,527	19,808	20,646	23,611	22,027	21,729	23,071	22,752	23,470
Green Lake.....									12,663	12,598	13,195	14,481	16,008	16,008	16,117	16,117
Groveland.....							9,522	15,235	18,997	20,657	24,544	24,133	23,628	22,872	22,113	22,113
Holmes.....																
Iron.....																
Jackson.....								1,099	4,170	5,631	7,857	11,359	13,283	15,902	15,797	16,722
Jefferson.....							15,317	26,969	30,483	30,596	34,050	34,908	32,155	34,236	33,530	34,917
Juneau.....									8,770	10,013	12,386	15,300	15,590	17,024	17,121	18,754
Kenosha.....							10,734	12,377	13,900	12,676	13,177	13,907	15,550	14,137	15,545	16,545
Kewaunee.....								1,109	5,530	7,039	10,251	14,465	15,805	17,178	16,153	17,682
La Crosse.....								3,994	12,169	14,834	20,295	23,945	27,072	34,791	38,901	43,610
Lafayette.....							9,335	16,064	18,134	20,393	22,667	23,169	27,278	34,791	38,901	43,610
La Pointe.....							987									
Langlade.....																
Lincoln.....																
Manitowoc.....																
Marathon.....							3,702	13,018	22,416	26,762	33,399	38,456	40,923	38,692	37,831	40,923
Marquette.....							499	447	2,892	3,678	5,395	10,111	17,121	27,053	30,304	36,596
		</														

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN.

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Marquette.....	2,883	3,131	5,605	15	59	989	2,261	508	1,427	8,233	7,327	8,057	8,597	8,907	9,487	9,676	10,278
Milwaukee.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	15,925	22,791	31,077	46,265	62,515	72,320	89,936	122,927	138,523	189,690	236,101	287,622
Monroe.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,407	8,410	11,652	16,532	21,026	21,806	23,549	24,111	26,350
Oconto.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,501	3,592	4,859	8,322	13,812	9,543	13,205	15,009	18,339
Oneida.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,010	7,080
Outagamie.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,914	9,587	11,852	18,440	25,558	28,716	35,659	38,660	44,404
Ozaukee.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	12,973	15,662	14,862	15,579	16,545	15,462	15,737	14,943	16,545
Pepin.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,393	2,393	3,002	4,659	5,816	6,226	6,972	6,832	7,567
Pierce.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,720	4,672	6,324	10,003	15,101	17,744	19,645	20,365	23,040
Polk.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	547	1,400	1,677	3,422	6,738	10,018	12,881	12,968	16,117
Portage.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,151	7,507	8,145	10,640	14,856	17,731	23,243	24,788	28,531
Price.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7,257
Racine.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	20,673	21,860	22,884	26,742	28,702	30,921	35,398	36,268	41,110
Richland.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,584	9,732	12,186	15,736	17,353	18,174	19,303	19,121	19,619
Rock.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	31,364	36,690	36,033	38,039	38,039	38,623	42,620	43,220	48,414
St. Croix.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,040	5,362	7,235	11,039	14,956	18,956	22,379	23,139	25,570
Sauk.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	13,614	18,983	20,154	23,868	26,932	28,729	30,359	30,575	32,919
Sawyer.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	254	829	1,389	3,165	6,638	10,371	16,629	19,236	22,573
Shawano.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	20,301	26,875	27,671	31,773	34,021	34,246	38,600	42,459	48,396
Sheboygan.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	493	2,559	5,199	10,728	14,962	2,311	5,703	6,731	8,098
Taylor.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,823	11,007	13,644	18,673	21,524	23,235	24,423	25,111	27,938
Trempealeau.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,801
Vilas.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	22,662	26,496	25,773	25,992	26,259	26,249	27,602	27,960	29,162
Walworth.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	17,862	23,622	24,019	23,905	23,962	23,442	23,692	22,751	24,296
Washington.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	18,897	23,622	27,029	28,233	11,523	28,967	31,123	33,270	36,062
Waukesha.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	24,012	28,831	27,029	28,233	11,523	28,967	31,123	33,270	36,062
Waupaca.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,437	8,561	11,208	15,533	19,646	20,964	25,340	26,794	30,793
Waushara.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,341	8,570	9,002	11,379	29,425	12,668	13,921	13,507	15,365
Winnebago.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	17,439	25,770	29,167	37,325	43,033	42,741	50,396	60,097	67,627
Wood.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,423	2,423	2,965	3,911	6,045	8,961	14,368	15,127	21,687
Total.....	11,683	18,139	30,945	44,478	135,277	210,546	305,991	552,109	775,881	968,825	1,054,670	1,315,480	1,563,413	1,866,880	1,987,915	.....	.....

Note.—In 1890, the population of Wisconsin Territory was 2,945, and there were but two counties, Brown and Crawford.

AREAS OF STATES AND TERRITORIES IN SQUARE MILES.

ELEVENTH CENSUS UNITED STATES, 1890.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Gross area.	Water surface.	Land surface.
Total.....	3,025,600	55,600	2,970,000
Alabama.....	52,250	710	51,540
Arizona.....	113,020	100	112,920
Arkansas.....	53,850	805	53,045
California.....	158,360	2,380	155,980
Colorado.....	103,925	280	103,645
Connecticut.....	4,990	145	4,845
Delaware.....	2,050	90	1,960
District of Columbia.....	70	10	60
Florida.....	53,690	4,440	54,240
Georgia.....	59,475	495	58,980
Idaho.....	84,800	510	84,290
Illinois.....	56,650	650	56,000
Indiana.....	36,350	440	35,910
Indian Territory.....	31,400	400	31,000
Iowa.....	56,025	550	55,475
Kansas.....	82,080	380	81,700
Kentucky.....	40,400	400	40,000
Louisiana.....	48,720	3,300	45,420
Maine.....	33,040	3,145	29,895
Maryland.....	12,210	2,350	9,860
Massachusetts.....	8,315	275	8,040
Michigan.....	58,915	1,485	57,430
Minnesota.....	83,363	4,100	79,263
Mississippi.....	46,810	470	46,340
Missouri.....	69,415	680	68,735
Montana.....	146,090	770	145,310
Nebraska.....	77,510	670	76,840
Nevada.....	110,700	960	109,740
New Hampshire.....	9,305	800	8,505
New Jersey.....	7,815	390	7,425
New Mexico.....	122,580	120	122,460
New York.....	49,170	1,550	47,620
North Carolina.....	52,250	3,670	48,580
North Dakota.....	70,795	600	70,195
Ohio.....	41,060	300	40,760
Oklahoma (a).....	39,030	200	38,830
Oregon.....	96,030	1,470	94,560
Pennsylvania.....	45,215	230	44,985
Rhode Island.....	1,250	165	1,085
South Carolina.....	30,570	400	30,170
South Dakota.....	77,650	800	76,850
Tennessee.....	42,050	300	41,750
Texas.....	205,790	3,490	202,300
Utah.....	84,970	2,780	82,190
Vermont.....	9,565	430	9,135
Virginia.....	42,450	2,325	40,125
Washington.....	69,190	2,300	66,890
West Virginia.....	24,780	135	24,645
Wisconsin.....	56,040	1,590	54,450
Wyoming.....	97,890	315	97,575
Delaware bay.....	620	620	.....
Raritan bay and Lower New York bay.....	100	100	

a Including Cherokee country and No Man's Land.

FORMATION OF STATES.

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Table of States admitted, with date of ratification of constitution and date of admission into Union since adoption of same, and how formed.

	Name of States and Territories.	Ratification or date of admission.	How formed.
1	Alabama	1819	Formed from territory ceded United States by South Carolina and Georgia; seceded January 11, 1861; readmitted July 13, 1868.
2	Alaska		Russia, treaty 1867.
3	Arizona		Mexico, treaty 1848, and "Gadsden purchase," 1852.
4	Arkansas	1836	France, treaty 1803, under name of "Louisiana."
5	California	1850	Mexico, treaty 1848.
6	Colorado	1876	Mexico, treaty 1848, and France, 1803.
7	Connecticut	1788	One of the thirteen original states.
8	Delaware	1787	One of the thirteen original states.
9	Dist. of Columbia		Established under 17th clause of 8th. section constitution United States. From Maryland and Virginia acts of states, 1788-89.
10	Florida	1845	From territory ceded United States by Spain, treaty 1819; seceded January 11, 1861; readmitted June 25, 1868.
11	Georgia	1788	One of the thirteen original states; seceded January 19, 1861; readmitted act of July 15, 1870.
12	Idaho	1890	From territory ceded by France, treaty 1803.
13	Illinois	1818	Virginia.
14	Indiana	1816	Virginia.
15	Indian Territory		France, treaty 1803.
16	Iowa	1846	From portion of territory of Wisconsin as territory of Iowa, June 12, 1838.
17	Kansas	1861	Territory ceded by France, 1803, and Texas, 1850.
18	Kentucky	1792	Territory of Virginia.
19	Louisiana	1812	France, treaty 1803; seceded January 26, 1861; readmitted July 9, 1868.
20	Maine	1820	Massachusetts.
21	Maryland	1788	One of the thirteen original states.
22	Massachusetts	1788	One of the thirteen original states.
23	Michigan	1837	Virginia.
24	Minnesota	1858	France, treaty 1803.
25	Mississippi	1817	France, treaty 1803; Georgia and South Carolina; seceded January 9, 1861; readmitted act February 23, 1870.
26	Missouri	1821	France, treaty 1803.
27	Montana	1889	France, treaty 1803.
28	Nebraska	1867	France, treaty 1803.
29	Nevada	1864	Mexico, treaty 1848.
30	New Hampshire	1793	One of the thirteen original states.
31	New Jersey	1787	One of the thirteen original states.
32	New Mexico		Mexico, treaty 1848.
33	New York	1788	One of the thirteen original states.
34	North Carolina	1789	One of the thirteen original states; seceded May 21, 1861; readmitted July 4, 1868.
35	North Dakota	1889	France, 1803.
36	Ohio	1802	Virginia.
37	Oklahoma		From portion of Indian Territory.
38	Oregon	1859	France, 1803; Spain, 1819, and Great Britain, 1846.
39	Pennsylvania	1787	One of the thirteen original states.
40	Rhode Island	1790	One of the thirteen original states.
41	South Carolina	1788	One of the thirteen original states; seceded December 20, 1860; readmitted July 9, 1868.
42	South Dakota	1889	France, 1803.
43	Tennessee	1796	North Carolina; seceded May 6, 1861; readmitted July 24, 1866.
44	Texas	1845	Originally part of Republic of Mexico. By revolt independence established and annexed to United States; seceded February 1, 1861; readmitted act March 30, 1870.
45	Utah		Mexico, treaty 1848, and Gadsden purchase, 1852.
46	Vermont	1791	New York.
47	Virginia	1788	One of the thirteen original states; area at date of ratification was 61,352 square miles; on December, 31, 1862, portion was set off and admitted into Union as "West Virginia"; seceded April 17, 1860; readmitted act of, January 26, 1870.
48	Washington	1889	France, 1803; northern boundary settled by treaty with Great Britain; "Oregon, treaty," June 15, 1846.
49	West Virginia	1862	Virginia.
50	Wisconsin	1848	Michigan, as territory of Wisconsin, April 20, 1836.
51	Wyoming	1890	France, 1803.

AREA AND POPULATION BELONGING TO VARIOUS STATES.

The following table gives a general view of the area, population, and density of population of the states of the world and of the dependencies, including protectorates and spheres of influence belonging to each:

	Area, Square Miles.	Population.	
		Total.	Per Square Mile.
EUROPEAN —			
Austria.....	115,900	23,895,400	205
Hungary.....	125,000	17,463,000	139
Austria-Hungary.....	240,900	41,358,400	171
Belgium.....	11,370	6,292,300	551
Bulgaria.....	37,800	3,310,000	88
Denmark.....	14,800	2,172,000	147
Possessions.....	87,000	127,280	.....
Total Denmark.....	101,800	2,299,200	.....
France.....	204,100	38,343,000	188
Asia.....	276,600	23,707,000	.....
Africa.....	2,151,100	20,000,000	.....
America.....	48,040	378,000	8
Oceania.....	9,170	93,000	10
Total France.....	2,689,010	82,514,000	.....
German Empire—			
Prussia.....	134,500	29,957,000	223
Bavaria.....	29,280	5,595,000	191
Saxony.....	5,790	3,503,000	605
Württemberg.....	7,530	2,037,000	271
Other States.....	31,600	8,338,000	264
Total.....	209,700	49,428,000	237
Africa.....	920,920	8,370,000	.....
Pacific.....	102,150	400,000	.....
Total German Empire.....	1,231,770	58,198,000	.....
Greece.....	25,000	2,187,000	87
Italy.....	110,620	30,725,000	278
Africa.....	546,100	6,259,000	.....
Total Italy.....	656,720	36,984,000	.....
Montenegro.....	3,630	200,000	55
Netherlands.....	12,600	4,733,000	374
Asia.....	736,400	32,617,000	.....
America.....	46,500	107,900	.....
Total Netherlands.....	795,500	37,457,900	.....
Portugal.....	35,800	5,050,000	141
Asia.....	7,000	939,300	.....
Africa.....	735,300	4,432,000	.....
Total Portugal.....	778,000	10,421,300	.....
Roumania.....	48,300	5,800,000	120
Russia, European.....	2,095,000	99,553,000	47
Russia, Asiatic.....	6,565,000	18,049,000	3
Total Russia.....	8,660,000	117,602,000	13
Servia.....	19,050	2,256,000	118
Spain.....	197,700	17,565,600	88
Asia.....	116,280	7,121,000	.....
Africa.....	213,900	136,000	.....
America.....	45,200	2,439,000	56
Total Spain.....	603,080	27,261,600	.....

AREA, POPULATION BELONGING TO VARIOUS STATES.—Con.

	Area, Square Miles.	Population.	
		Total.	Per Square Mile.
Sweden.....	172,800	4,824,000	28
Norway.....	124,000	2,001,000	16
Switzerland.....	15,900	2,918,000	183
Turkey**—			
European.....	61,270	4,780,000	78
Asiatic.....	637,640	21,608,000	31
African.....	388,740	1,300,000	3
Total Turkey.....	1,147,580	27,688,000	24
United Kingdom.....	121,000	38,105,000	315
India.....	1,800,000	287,223,000	160
Rest of Asia.....	150,400	4,902,000	.....
Africa.....	2,477,800	39,423,000	.....
America.....	3,614,400	6,780,800	2
Australasia.....	3,174,000	4,297,900	1
Total United Kingdom.....	11,337,400	380,733,500	.....
ASIATIC —			
Afghanistan.....	.....	4,000,000	.....
China Proper.....	1,320,000	386,000,000	292
Dependencies.....	2,398,000	16,680,000	5
Total China.....	4,218,000	402,680,000	95
Corea.....	82,000	10,500,000	128
Japan.....	147,700	41,100,000	278
Persia.....	628,000	7,654,000	12
Siam.....	200,000	5,000,000	25
AFRICAN —			
Congo Independent State.....	900,000	30,000,000	.....
Egypt Proper.....	10,700	6,818,000	638
Morocco.....	219,000	5,000,000	.....
Orange Free State.....	48,300	207,500*	4
South African Republic.....	119,140	490,000*	.....
Liberia.....	14,360	1,068,000	74
NORTH AMERICAN —			
Mexico.....	767,000	12,056,000	15
United States.....	2,949,000†	62,622,250	21
CENTRAL AMERICAN.....	170,000	3,033,000	18
SOUTH AMERICAN —			
Argentine Republic.....	1,125,000	3,963,600	4
Bolivia.....	567,400	2,020,000	4
Brazil.....	3,209,900	14,002,000	4
Chili.....	294,000	2,915,000	10
Colombia.....	506,000	3,879,000	8
Ecuador.....	120,000	1,270,000	10
Paraguay.....	98,000	459,645‡	4
Peru.....	464,000	2,621,000	6
Uruguay.....	72,100	728,000	10
Venezuela.....	583,900§	2,323,500	4

** Immediate possessions. * Including natives. † Exclusive of 562,000 square miles in Indian Territory and Alaska. ‡ Including Indians. § Venezuelan figures.

HEADS OF THE GOVERNMENTS OF THE WORLD.

DECEMBER 1, 1898.

Country.	Official Head.	Title.	Acceded.
Abyssinia	Menelik II	Emperor	Mar. 12, 1889
Afghanistan	Abdur Rahman Khan	Ameer	July 22, 1880
Annam	Bun-Can	King	Jan. 30, 1889
Argentine Republic	Julio A. Roca	President	Oct. 12, 1889
Austria-Hungary	Francis Joseph	Emperor	Dec. 2, 1848
Baluchistan	Mir Mahmud	Khan	Aug. 1893
Belgium	Leopold II	King	Dec. 10, 1865
Bokhara	Said Abdul Ahad	Ameer	Nov. 12, 1885
Bolivia	Señor Severo Fernandez Alonzo	President	1896
Borneo	Hasim Jalilul Alam Akamaldin	Sultan	May, 1885
Brazil	Señor Campos Salles	President	Oct., 1889
Bulgaria	Ferdinand	Prince	Aug. 11, 1887
Central America, U. S. of	(Confederation dissolved)		
Chili	Frederico Errázuriz	President	Sept. 18, 1893
China	Kuang Hsu (Dowager Empress rules)		
Colombia	General Quinto Calderon	Emperor	Jan. 12, 1875
Congo Free State	Leopold (King of the Belgians)	President	1896
Costa Rica	Rafael Iglesias	Sovereign	Apr. 30, 1885
Dahomey	Guthill	President	May 8, 1888
Denmark	Christian IX	King	Jan. 15, 1848
Dominican Republic	General Ulises Heureaux	King	Nov. 13, 1863
Ecuador	General Eloy Alfaro	President	Sept. 1, 1886
Egypt	Abbas Pacha	President	Sept., 1895
France	Emile Loubet	Khédive	Jan. 7, 1872
Germany	William II	President	Feb. 18, 1893
Prussia	William II	Emperor	June 15, 1888
Bavaria	Otto	King	June 13, 1886
Saxony	Albert	King	Oct. 29, 1873
Württemberg	William II	King	Oct. 6, 1891
Baden	Frederick	Grand Duke	Sept. 5, 1856
Hesse	Ernst Louis V	Grand Duke	Mar. 13, 1892
Lippe-Detmold	Adolphus	Prince	1895
Anhalt	Frederick	Duke	May 22, 1871
Brunswick	Prince Albrecht	Regent	Oct. 21, 1883
Mecklenburg-Schwerin	Frederick Francis IV. (A Regency)		
Mecklenburg-Strelitz	Frederick William	Grand Duke	Apr. 10, 1897
Oldenburg	Peter	Grand Duke	Sept. 6, 1890
Saxe-Altenburg	Ernest	Grand Duke	Feb. 27, 1853
Saxe-Coburg and Gotha	Alfred (Duke of Edinburgh)	Duke	Aug. 3, 1853
Saxe-Meiningen	George II	Duke	Aug. 23, 1893
Saxe-Weimar	Karl Alexander	Duke	Sept. 20, 1866
Waldeck-Pyrmont	Frederick	Grand Duke	July 5, 1853
Great Britain and Ireland	Victoria	Prince	May 12, 1841
Greece	George	Queen	June 20, 1857
Guatemala	Manuel Estrada Cabrera	King	Oct. 31, 1863
Haiti	General Tiresias Simon Sam	President	1892
Honduras	Terencio Sierra	President	Mar. 31, 1896
India (British)	Victoria	President	Nov. 19, 1898
Italy	Humbert	Empress	Jan. 1, 1877
Japan	Mutsuhito	King	Jan. 9, 1874
Khiva	Seid Mehomed Rahim	Mikado	Feb. 13, 1867
Korea	Li Hsi	Kahn	1885
Liberia	William David Coleman	Emperor	Jan., 1864
Luxembourg	Adolphus (Duke of Nassau)	President	Nov. 13, 1896
Mexico	General Porfirio Diaz	Grand Duke	Nov. 23, 1890
Monaco	Albert	President	Dec. 1, 1896
Montenegro	Nicholas	Prince	Sept. 10, 1889
Morocco	Muley Abdul Azziz	Prince	Aug. 14, 1890
Nepal	Surendra Bikram Shamsheer Jang	Sultan	June 11, 1894
Netherlands	Wilhelmina	Maharaja	1884
Nicaragua	General José Santos Zelaya	Queen	Nov. 23, 1890
Oman	Seyyid Feysal bin Turkee	President	Oct., 1893
Orange Free State	M. T. Steyn	Sultan	June 4, 1888
Paraguay	General Eguaguiza	President	Feb. 19, 1896
Persia	Muzafer ed Din	President	Nov. 23, 1894
Peru	General Nicola Pierola	Shah	May 1, 1896
Portugal	Carlos	President	Aug. 12, 1895
Roumania	Charles	King	Oct. 19, 1889
Russia	Nicholas II	King	Mar. 26, 1841
		Emperor	Nov. 2, 1894

HEADS OF THE GOVERNMENTS OF THE WORLD—Continued.

Country.	Official Head.	Title.	Acceded.
Salvador.....	General Gutierrez (deposed)....	President	June 5, 1894
Samoa		King	
Sarawak	Sir Charles Johnson Brooke....	Raja	June 11, 1868
Servia	Alexander	King	Mar. 6, 1889
Siam	Khoulalongkorn	King	Oct. 1, 1868
Spain	Alphonso XIII. (a minor).....	King	May 17, 1898
Sweden and Norway..	Oscar II	King	Sept. 18, 1872
Switzerland	E. Ruffy	Pre-ident	Dec. 21, 1887
Transvaal(S.AfricanRep.)	Stephanus J. Paul Kruger.....	President	Feb., 1896
Tunis	Sidi Ali Pasha	Bey	Oct. 28, 1832
Turkey	Abdul Hamid II	Sultan	Aug. 31, 1876
United States of America.	William McKinley	President	Mar. 4, 1897
Uruguay	Jose Cuestas (ad interim).....	President	Aug., 1897
Venezuela	General Andrade	President	1897
Zanzibar	Hamoud Bin Mohamed	S'lt'a Seyyid	1896

STATISTICS OF THE COUNTRIES OF THE WORLD.

Countries.	Population.	Sq. Miles.	Capitals.
China.....	432,680,000	4,218,401	Peking.
British Empire*.....	381,637,874	11,335,406	London.
Russian Empire.....	129,211,113	8,644,109	St. Petersburg.
United States.....	75,000,000	3,602,590	Washington.
United States and Colonies.....	78,000,000	3,756,380	Washington.
Philippines.....	8,000,000	143,000	Manila.
Porto Rico.....	900,000	3,600	San Juan.
Hawaii.....	100,020	6,740	Honolulu.
Sulu, Carolines, Guam.....	2,300	50	
France and Colonies.....	63,169,967	3,357,836	Paris.
France.....	4,517,975	204,177	Paris.
Colonies.....	21,448,084	2,923,679	
Algeria.....	3,870,000	260,000	Algiers.
Senegal, etc.....	183,237	580,000	St. Louis.
Tunis.....	1,500,000	45,000	Tunis.
Cayenne.....	28,502	46,697	Cayenne.
Cambodia.....	1,700,000	32,254	Saigon.
Cochin-China.....	1,224,000	13,692	
Tonquin.....	12,000,000	60,000	Hanoi.
New Caledonia.....	62,752	7,624	Noumea.
Tahiti.....	12,800	462	
Sahara.....	1,100,000	1,550,000	
Madagascar.....	3,500,000	230,000	Antananarive.
German Empire†.....	52,279,901	211,108	Berlin.
Prussia.....	31,855,123	134,467	Berlin.
Bavaria.....	5,380,382	29,291	Munich.
Saxony.....	3,500,513	5,789	Dresden.
Wurtemberg.....	2,085,443	7,531	Stuttgart.
Baden.....	1,656,817	5,403	Karlsruhe.
Alsace-Lorraine.....	1,603,987	5,602	Strasbourg.
Hesse.....	956,170	2,965	Darmstadt.
Mecklenburg-Schwerin.....	575,140	5,137	Schwerin.
Hamburg.....	622,530	158	
Brunswick.....	372,580	1,425	Brunswick.
Oldenburg.....	341,250	2,479	Oldenburg.
Saxe-Weimar.....	313,668	1,387	Weimar.
Anhalt.....	247,603	906	Dessau.
Saxe-Meiningen.....	214,697	953	Meiningen.
Saxe-Coburg-Gotha.....	198,717	760	Gotha.
Bremen.....	180,443	99	
Saxe-Altenburg.....	161,129	511	Altenburg.
Lippe.....	123,250	472	Detmold.
Reuss (younger line).....	112,118	319	Gera.
Mecklenburg-Strelitz.....	98,371	1,181	Neu Strelitz.
Schwarzburg-Rudolstadt.....	83,339	364	Rudolstadt.
Schwarzburg-Sond's's'n.....	73,623	333	Sondershausen.
Lubeck.....	76,485	115	
Waldeck.....	56,565	433	Arolsen.
Reuss (elder line).....	53,787	122	Greiz.
Schaumburg-Lippe.....	37,204	131	Buckeburg.
German Africa.....	5,930,000	822,000	
Austro-Hungarian Empire.....	41,827,700	201,591	Vienna.
Japan.....	41,089,940	147,669	Tokio.
Netherlands.....	4,430,870	12,680	The Hague.
Netherlands and Colonies.....	33,042,238	778,187	The Hague.
Borneo.....	1,073,500	203,714	
Celebes.....	2,000,000	72,000	
Java.....	21,974,161	50,848	Batavia.
Moluccas.....	333,000	42,420	Amboyna.
New Guinea.....	200,000	150,755	
Sumatra.....	2,750,000	170,744	
Surinam.....	57,141	46,090	Paramaribo.
Turkish Empire.....	33,559,787	1,632,533	Constantinople.
European Turkey.....	4,790,000	63,850	
Asiatic Turkey.....	16,133,900	729,170	
Tripoli.....	1,000,000	398,873	Tripoli.
Bulgaria.....	3,154,375	37,860	Sofia.
Egypt.....	9,700,000	400,000	Cairo.
Italy.....	29,699,785	110,665	Rome.
Italy and Colonies.....	34,970,785	425,763	Rome.
Abyssinia.....	4,500,000	189,000	

* These estimates of the population and area of the British Empire include the recently acquired great possessions in Africa. † Estimated for January 1, 1890. ‡ In Europe.

STATISTICS OF THE COUNTRIES OF THE WORLD.—Cont.

Countries.	Population.	Sq. Miles.	Capitals.
Italy—Con.			
Eritrea	660,000	56,100	
Somal Coast	210,000	70,000	
Spain	17,550,216	196,173	Madrid.
Spanish Africa	437,000	203,767	
Spanish Islands	127,172	1,967	
Brazil	18,000,000	3,219,000	C. Rio Janeiro.
Mexico	12,570,195	767,316	City of Mexico.
Korea	10,319,000	85,000	Seoul.
Congo State	8,000,000	802,000	
Persia	7,653,600	636,000	Teheran.
Portugal	4,705,178	34,038	Lisbon.
Portugal and Colonies	11,073,881	951,785	Lisbon.
Portuguese Africa	5,416,000	841,025	
Portuguese Asia	847,503	7,923	
Sweden and Norway	6,785,898	297,321	
Sweden	4,784,081	172,876	Stockholm.
Norway	2,000,817	124,445	Christiania.
Morocco	6,500,000	314,000	Fes.
Belgium	6,030,043	11,373	Brussels.
Siam	5,700,000	280,550	Bangkok.
Roumania	5,376,000	46,314	Bucharest.
Argentine Republic	4,042,990	1,096,013	Buenos Ayres.
Colombia	4,600,000	331,420	Bogota.
Afghanistan	4,000,000	279,000	Cabul.
Chile	3,500,000	256,960	Santiago.
Peru	2,800,000	405,040	Lima.]
Switzerland	2,833,334	15,981	Berne.
Bolivia	2,300,000	472,000	La Paz.
Greece	2,433,806	24,977	Athens.
Denmark	2,172,205	14,780	Copenhagen.
Denmark and Colonies	2,288,193	101,403	Copenhagen.
Iceland	72,445	39,756	Reykjavik.
Greenland	9,780	46,740	Godthaab.
West Indies	33,763	118	
Venezuela	2,323,988	566,159	Caracas.
Servia	2,096,043	18,757	Belgrade.
Nepaul	2,000,000	56,800	Khatmandu
Cuba	1,600,000	41,655	Havana.
Oman	1,600,000	81,000	Muscat.
Guatemala	1,470,000	46,774	N. Guatemala.
Ecuador	1,300,000	144,000	Quito.
Liberia	1,050,000	14,000	Monrovia.
Hayti	930,000	29,830	Port au Prince.
Transvaal	800,000	110,193	Pretoria.
Salvador	816,000	7,228	San Salvador.
Uruguay	950,000	72,112	Montevideo.
Khiva	700,000	22,320	Khiva.
Paraguay	476,000	145,000	Asuncion.
Honduras	450,000	42,638	Tegucigalpa.
Nicaragua	400,000	51,660	Managua.
Dominican Republic	350,000	20,596	San Domingo.
Montenegro	245,390	3,486	Cettinje.
Costa Rica	265,000	19,945	San Jose.
Orange Free State	133,518	41,484	Bloemfontein.

VALUE OF GOLD AND SILVER IMPORTED AND EXPORTED.

Value of gold and silver coin and bullion imported into and exported from the United States, fiscal years 1838-1895.

YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30—	GOLD.		SILVER.	
	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.
1838	\$11,674,883	\$ 740,263	\$ 6,072,233	\$ 2,767,783
1839	1,161,580	2,892,310	4,430,596	5,884,431
1840	3,085,157	1,468,300	6,797,656	6,948,714
1841	1,269,419	843,883	3,719,184	9,190,949
1842	757,294	1,134,002	3,329,722	3,679,537
YEAR ENDING JUNE 30—				
1843	17,066,437	300,258	5,253,698	1,220,533
1844	1,613,304	1,183,116	4,217,125	4,271,098
1845	818,850	2,210,979	3,251,392	6,395,516
1846	910,413	1,629,348	2,867,319	2,275,920
1847	21,574,931	975,301	2,546,358	931,723
1848	3,408,755	8,370,785	1,951,529	7,470,831
1849	4,068,617	1,015,359	2,582,583	4,389,289
1850	1,776,706	2,513,948	2,852,086	5,009,046
1851	3,569,690	4,767,333	1,884,413	24,705,419
1852	3,658,059	2,636,142	1,646,985	40,037,991
1853	2,427,356	1,894,323	1,774,028	25,592,552
1854	3,212,719	2,491,894	3,726,623	38,789,610
1855	1,092,802	1,151,797	2,567,010	55,095,546
1856	990,305	852,698	3,217,327	44,892,787
1857	6,654,636	5,154,301	5,807,163	63,982,621
1858	11,596,068	7,505,558	7,780,428	45,037,589
1859	2,125,397	3,805,748	5,309,392	60,281,163
1860	2,508,786	1,499,188	6,041,319	65,047,151
1861	242,391,930	2,624,103	4,047,681	26,166,477
1862	13,007,011	35,439,908	2,508,041	1,447,131
1863	5,530,538	6,169,276	4,053,567	57,987,131
1864	11,176,769	100,661,634	1,938,843	4,734,101
1865	6,498,228	58,381,033	3,311,544	9,262,193
1866	8,196,261	71,197,309	2,503,831	14,816,762
1867	17,024,866	39,026,627	5,045,609	21,841,745
1868	8,737,443	73,306,344	5,450,925	21,387,753
1869	14,132,568	36,003,498	5,675,308	21,134,882
1870	12,056,950	33,635,962	14,362,229	24,519,701
1871	6,883,561	66,686,218	14,386,463	31,755,780
1872	8,717,458	49,548,760	5,026,231	30,328,774
1873	8,682,447	44,856,717	12,798,490	39,751,559
1874	19,503,137	34,042,420	8,951,769	32,587,965
1875	13,696,793	66,980,977	7,203,924	25,151,165
1876	7,992,709	31,177,050	7,943,972	25,329,252
1877	26,246,234	26,590,374	14,528,180	29,571,983
1878	13,330,215	9,204,455	16,191,099	24,535,670
1879	5,624,948	4,587,614	14,671,052	20,409,627
1880	80,758,396	3,639,025	12,275,914	13,503,894
1881	100,031,259	2,565,132	10,544,238	16,841,715
1882	31,377,054	32,587,880	8,085,396	16,829,599
1883	17,734,149	11,600,888	10,755,242	20,219,445
1884	22,831,317	41,081,957	14,594,945	28,051,426
1885	26,691,694	8,477,892	16,550,627	33,753,633
1886	20,743,349	42,952,191	17,850,307	29,511,219
1887	42,910,601	9,701,187	17,260,191	26,256,504
1888	43,934,317	18,376,234	20,514,232	28,149,510
1889	10,372,145	60,033,246	24,682,380	36,716,783
1890	13,097,146	17,350,193	27,524,147	36,039,102
1891	18,516,112	86,461,880	26,278,916	23,533,551
1892	50,162,879	50,305,533	28,764,734	33,800,562
1893	22,069,380	108,966,655	34,233,999	41,947,812
1894	72,989,563	77,162,228	19,965,713	51,007,072
1895	38,384,760	66,502,136	20,211,179	47,812,988
1896	33,607,853	112,412,465	27,214,015	60,576,373
1897	85,021,992	40,412,151	30,588,438	63,225,273
1898	120,402,185	15,533,719	30,929,451	55,751,597
Total	\$1,208,760,653	\$1,754,160,188	\$639,647,469	\$1,648,275,516

1 Nine months. 2 Includes gold and silver coin and bullion. 3 Includes gold in ores.
 4 Includes gold in ores and copper matte. 5 Includes silver in ores.
 6 Includes silver in ores and copper matte.

COMMERCIAL RATIO OF SILVER TO GOLD.

The commercial ratio of silver to gold for each year from 1687 to 1894 is shown in the following table:

From 1867 to 1832 the ratios are taken from Dr. Adolph Soetbeer's tables; from 1833 to 1878 from Pixley and Abell's tables; from 1879 to 1894 from daily cablegrams from London to the Bureau of the Mint.

Year.	Ratio.	Year.	Ratio.	Year.	Ratio.	Year.	Ratio.	Year.	Ratio.	Year.	Ratio.
1687.	14.94	1722	15.17	1757	14.87	1792	15.17	1827	15.74	1862	15.35
1688.	14.94	1723	15.20	1758	14.85	1793	15.00	1828	15.78	1863	15.37
1689.	15.02	1724	15.11	1759	14.15	1794	15.37	1829	15.78	1864	15.37
1690.	15.02	1725	15.11	1760	14.14	1795	15.55	1830	15.82	1865	15.44
1691.	14.98	1726	15.15	1761	14.54	1796	15.65	1831	15.72	1866	15.43
1692.	14.92	1727	15.24	1762	15.27	1797	15.41	1832	15.73	1867	15.57
1693.	14.83	1728	15.11	1763	14.99	1798	15.59	1833	15.93	1868	15.59
1694.	14.87	1729	14.92	1764	14.70	1799	15.74	1834	15.73	1869	15.60
1695.	15.02	1730	14.81	1765	14.83	1800	15.68	1835	15.90	1870	15.57
1696.	15.00	1731	14.94	1766	14.80	1801	15.46	1836	15.72	1871	15.57
1697.	15.20	1732	15.09	1767	14.85	1802	15.26	1837	15.83	1872	15.63
1698.	15.07	1733	15.18	1768	14.80	1803	15.41	1838	15.86	1873	15.92
1699.	14.94	1734	15.39	1769	14.72	1804	15.41	1839	15.82	1874	16.17
1700.	14.81	1735	15.41	1770	14.62	1805	15.79	1840	15.62	1875	16.59
1701.	15.07	1736	15.18	1771	14.66	1806	15.52	1841	15.70	1876	17.88
1702.	15.52	1737	15.02	1772	14.52	1807	15.43	1842	15.87	1877	17.22
1703.	15.17	1738	14.91	1773	14.62	1808	16.08	1843	15.93	1878	17.94
1704.	15.22	1739	14.91	1774	14.62	1809	15.96	1844	15.85	1879	18.40
1705.	15.11	1740	14.94	1775	14.72	1810	15.77	1845	15.92	1880	18.05
1706.	15.27	1741	14.92	1776	14.55	1811	15.33	1846	15.90	1881	18.16
1707.	15.44	1742	14.85	1777	14.54	1812	16.11	1847	15.80	1882	18.19
1708.	15.41	1743	14.85	1778	14.68	1813	16.25	1848	15.85	1883	18.64
1709.	15.31	1744	14.87	1779	14.80	1814	15.04	1849	15.78	1884	18.57
1710.	15.22	1745	14.98	1780	14.72	1815	15.26	1850	15.70	1885	19.41
1711.	15.29	1746	15.13	1781	14.78	1816	15.28	1851	15.46	1886	20.78
1712.	15.31	1747	15.26	1782	14.42	1817	15.11	1852	15.59	1887	21.13
1713.	15.24	1748	15.11	1783	14.48	1818	15.35	1853	15.33	1888	21.99
1714.	15.13	1749	14.80	1784	14.70	1819	15.33	1854	15.33	1889	22.10
1715.	15.11	1750	14.55	1785	14.92	1820	15.62	1855	15.38	1890	19.76
1716.	15.09	1751	14.39	1786	14.96	1821	15.95	1856	15.38	1891	20.92
1717.	15.13	1752	14.54	1787	14.92	1822	15.80	1857	15.27	1892	23.72
1718.	15.11	1753	14.54	1788	14.65	1823	15.84	1858	15.38	1893	26.49
1719.	15.09	1754	14.48	1789	14.75	1824	15.82	1859	15.19	1894	32.56
1720.	15.04	1755	14.68	1790	15.04	1825	15.70	1860	15.29		
1721.	15.05	1756	14.94	1791	15.06	1826	15.76	1861	15.50		
1720.	15.04	1755	14.68	1790	15.04	1825	15.70	1860	15.29	1895	31.60
1721.	15.05	1756	14.94	1791	15.05	1826	15.76	1861	15.50	1896	30.66
										1897	34.28

CIRCULATION OF MONEY IN THE UNITED STATES.

Year.	Amount of money in United States.	Amount in circulation.	Population.	Money per capita.	Circulation per capita.
1870	\$142,101,477	\$193,407,252	31,443,321	\$14.06	\$13.85
1881	452,005,767	448,405,767	32,064,000	14.09	13.98
1882	358,451,079	334,697,744	32,704,000	10.96	10.23
1883	674,167,263	595,394,038	33,365,000	20.23	17.84
1884	705,588,067	669,641,478	34,046,000	20.72	19.67
1885	770,129,755	714,702,995	34,748,000	22.16	20.57
1886	754,327,251	673,488,244	35,469,000	21.27	18.99
1887	728,200,612	661,992,069	36,211,000	20.11	18.28
1888	716,553,578	680,103,661	36,973,000	19.38	18.39
1889	715,351,180	684,452,891	37,756,000	18.95	17.60
1890	722,868,461	675,212,794	38,556,371	18.73	17.50
1891	741,312,174	715,889,003	39,555,000	18.75	18.10
1892	762,721,565	734,309,549	40,596,000	18.70	18.19
1893	774,445,610	751,881,809	41,677,000	18.58	18.04
1894	806,024,781	776,083,031	42,796,000	18.83	18.13
1895	798,273,509	754,101,947	43,961,000	18.16	17.16
1896	790,663,284	727,609,349	45,137,000	17.52	16.12
1897	763,063,847	722,314,383	46,358,000	16.46	15.58
1898	791,253,576	729,132,634	47,598,000	16.62	15.32
1899	1,031,521,541	818,631,793	48,866,000	21.52	16.75
1880	1,205,929,197	973,382,228	50,155,783	24.04	19.41
1881	1,406,541,823	1,114,238,119	51,316,000	27.41	21.71
1882	1,480,531,719	1,174,290,419	52,493,000	28.20	22.37
1883	1,643,489,816	1,230,303,696	53,693,000	30.60	22.91
1884	1,705,454,189	1,241,925,969	54,911,000	31.06	22.65
1885	1,817,658,336	1,292,568,615	56,148,000	32.37	23.02
1886	1,808,559,694	1,252,700,525	57,404,000	31.50	21.82
1887	1,900,442,672	1,317,539,143	58,680,000	32.39	22.45
1888	2,062,935,919	1,372,170,870	59,974,000	34.39	22.88
1889	2,075,350,711	1,380,361,649	61,289,000	33.86	22.52
1890	2,144,226,159	1,429,241,270	62,622,250	34.24	22.83
1891	2,196,224,075	1,497,440,707	63,975,000	34.31	23.41
1892	2,372,599,501	1,601,347,187	65,520,000	36.21	24.44
1893	2,323,402,392	1,596,701,245	66,916,000	34.70	23.85
1894	2,420,434,781	1,660,808,708	68,397,000	35.39	24.28
1895	2,398,607,420	1,601,968,473	69,878,000	34.33	22.93
1896	2,347,306,006	1,506,434,966	71,390,000	32.88	21.10
1897	2,497,465,572	1,640,209,519	72,937,000	34.24	22.49
1898	2,637,433,375	1,837,859,895	74,522,000	35.39	24.66

NOTE.—The difference between the amount of money in the country and the amount in circulation represents the money in the Treasury.

Currency certificates, act of June 8, 1872, are included in the amount of United States notes in circulation in the tables for the years 1873 to 1891, inclusive; since 1891 they are reported separately.

The foregoing tables present the revised figures for each of the years given.

**COMMISSIONERS FROM OTHER STATES FOR TAKING THE
ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND PROOF OF DEEDS.**

Name.	P. O. Address.	Term expires.	States represented.
Francis Bloodgood.....	102 Wis. St., Milwaukee.	During pleasure of governor Jan. 5, 1901..... Jan. 7, 1900..... Jan. 15, 1901..... Dec. 8, 1902..... Feb. 3, 1900.....	Florida. Iowa. Kansas. Louisiana. Missouri. Maine. Michigan. Tennessee. Virginia. Georgia. Illinois. Indiana. New York. New Jersey.
John B. Fairchild.....	Marinette.....	Nov. 2, 1900.....	Michigan.
Wm. W. Strong.....	Kenosha.....	Aug. 27, 1901.....	Michigan.

**LIMITATIONS OF REDEMPTION OF TAX SALES IN EACH
STATE AND TERRITORY IN THE UNITED STATES.**

States.	Time.	States.	Time.
Alabama.....	2 yrs.	Nebraska.....	2 yrs.
Arizona.....	1 yr.	Nevada.....	** None.
Arkansas.....	2 yrs.	New Hampshire.....	2 yrs.
California.....	1 yr.	New Jersey.....	3 yrs.
Colorado.....	3 yrs.	New Mexico.....	3 yrs.
Connecticut.....	1 yr.	New York.....	1 yr.
Delaware.....	†None.	North Carolina.....	1 yr.
District of Columbia.....	2 yrs.	North Dakota.....	3 yrs.
Florida.....	2 yrs.	Ohio.....	2 yrs.
Georgia.....	1 yr.	Oklahoma.....	2 yrs.
Idaho.....	1 yr.	Oregon.....	2 yrs.
Illinois.....	2 yrs.	Pennsylvania.....	†2 yrs.
Indiana.....	2 yrs.	Rhode Island.....	1 yr.
Iowa.....	3 yrs.	South Carolina.....	†None.
Kansas.....	3 yrs.	South Dakota.....	2 yrs.
Kentucky.....	2 yrs.	Tennessee.....	None.
Louisiana.....	2 yrs.	Texas.....	†2 yrs.
Maine.....	1 yr.	Utah.....	4 yrs.
Maryland.....	1 yr.	Vermont.....	1 yr.
Massachusetts.....	2 yrs.	Virginia.....	2 yrs.
Michigan.....	1 yr.	Washington.....	1 yr.
Minnesota.....	3 yrs.	West Virginia.....	1 yr.
Mississippi.....	2 yrs.	Wisconsin.....	3 yrs.
Missouri.....	†None.	Wyoming.....	3 yrs.
Montana.....	3 yrs.		

† No redemption.

‡ Varies in incorporated cities, but does not exceed four years.

** Six months on real estate; otherwise no redemption, except that minors and persons laboring under legal disability have until six months after the disability is removed.

† Except in incorporated cities.

‡ Various extensions exist when the state is the purchaser.

DIAGRAM OF DAILY WAGES PAID IN 1490 FACTORIES AND WORKSHOPS IN WISCONSIN FOR THE YEARS
1896 AND 1897, AS REPORTED TO THE BUREAU OF STATISTICS.
(SAME ESTABLISHMENTS REPORTING EACH YEAR.)

Classification 1896.	Proportions.	Percent- ages.
\$4.00 And over.	1,030	1.05
\$3.50 But under \$4.00	1,533	1.57
\$3.00 But under \$3.50	1,496	1.53
\$2.50 But under \$3.00	3,990	4.07
\$2.00 But under \$2.50	9,744	9.86
\$1.50 But under \$2.00	26,310	26.89
\$1.25 But under \$1.50	23,869	24.39
\$1.00 But under \$1.25	9,524	9.73
\$0.75 But under \$1.00	8,709	8.90
\$0.50 But under 75c.	8,749	8.94
Less than .50	2,913	2.97
Totals,	Whole number of persons—97,867.	100.00

DIAGRAM OF DAILY WAGES PAID IN 1499 FACTORIES AND WORKSHOPS IN WISCONSIN FOR THE YEARS
1896 AND 1897, AS REPORTED TO THE BUREAU OF STATISTICS.

(SAME ESTABLISHMENTS REPORTING EACH YEAR.)

Classification 1897.	Proportions.	Percent- ages.
\$4.00 And over.	■ 961	0.83
\$3.50 But under \$4.00	■ 1,674.	1.68
\$3.00 But under \$3.50	■ 1,639	1.64
\$2.50 But under \$3.00	■ 3,860	3.87
\$2.00 But under \$2.50	■ 11,350	11.38
\$1.50 But under \$2.00	■ 23,937	24.00
\$1.25 But under \$1.50	■ 25,657	25.72
\$1.00 But under \$1.25	■ 8,939	8.93
\$0.75 But under \$1.00	■ 8,764	8.78
\$0.50 But under 75c.	■ 9,363	9.39
Less than .50	■ 3,716	3.72
Totals,	Whole number of persons—99,733.	100.00

OFFICERS OF NATIONAL POLITICAL COMMITTEES.

REPUBLICAN.

Appointed by the National Convention at St. Louis, Mo., June, 1896.
Headquarters—Chicago.

Chairman M. A. Hanna, Cleveland, O.
Secretary Charles Dick, Washington, D. C.
Treasurer James G. Cannon, New York.

DEMOCRATIC.

Appointed by the National Convention at Chicago, July, 1896.
Headquarters—Chicago.

Chairman James K. Jones, Washington, Ark.
Secretary C. A. Walsh, Ottumwa, Iowa.
Treasurer Wm. F. St. John, New York City.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC.

Appointed by the National Convention at Indianapolis, Ind., September, 1896.
Headquarters—Chicago and New York.

Chairman Wm. D. Bynum.
Secretary John P. Frenzel.

PEOPLE'S PARTY.

Appointed by the National Convention in St. Louis, Mo., July, 1896.
Headquarters—Washington, D. C.

Chairman Marlon Butler, Raleigh, N. C.
Secretaries J. A. Edgerton, Lincoln, Neb.; M. C. Rankin, Terre Haute, Ind.

PROHIBITION.

Appointed by the National Convention at Pittsburg, Pa., May, 1896.
Headquarters—Albion, Mich.

Chairman Samuel Dickie, Albion, Mich.
Vice Chairman James H. Tate, Nashville, Tenn.
Secretary W. T. Wardwell, 26, Broadway, N. Y.

NATIONAL.

Appointed by the National Convention at Pittsburg, Pa., May, 1896.
Headquarters—Alliance, Ohio.

Chairman.....L. B. Logan, Alliance, O.
Vice Chairman.....John P. St. John, Olathe, Kan.
Secretary.....D. J. Thomas, Alliance, O.

SOCIALIST LABOR.

Appointed by the National Convention at New York City, July, 1896.
Headquarters—New York City.

Secretary.....Henry Kuhn, 184 William St., New York City.
Treasurer.....Alvan S. Brown.

REPUBLICAN CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE.

OFFICERS.

JOSEPH W. BABCOCK, Chairman.
JAMES S. SHERMAN, Vice-Chairman.
JESSE OVERSTREET, Secretary.
FREDERICK F. SCHRADER, Ass't Secretary.
WILLIAM B. THOMPSON, Treasurer.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John A. T. Hull, Iowa.	John L. Willson, Washington.
Joseph G. Cannon, Illinois.	James T. McCleary, Minnesota.
David H. Mercer, Nebraska.	H. C. Loudenslager, New Jersey.
Redfield Proctor, Vermont.	Richmond Pearson, North Carolina.
J. H. Gallinger, New Hampshire.	

Alabama.....Rep. W. F. Aldrich.	Nebraska.....Rep. D. H. Mercer.
California.....Rep. Samuel G. Hilborn.	New Hampshire.....Senator Gallinger.
Colorado.....Senator Wolcott.	New Jersey....Rep. H. C. Loudenslager.
Connecticut.....Senator Platt.	New York.....Rep. J. S. Sherman.
Idaho.....Senator Shoup.	North Carolina.Rep. Richmond Pearson.
Illinois.....Rep. J. G. Cannon.	Ohio.....Rep. H. C. Van Voorhis.
Indiana.....Rep. Jesse Overstreet.	Oregon.....Senator McBride.
Iowa.....Rep. J. A. T. Hull.	Pennsylvania.....Rep. W. C. Arnold.
Kansas.....Rep. Charles Curtis.	Tennessee.....Rep. Henry R. Gibson.
Kentucky.....Rep. D. G. Colson.	Texas.....Rep. R. B. Hawley.
Maine.....Rep. C. A. Boutelle.	Vermont.....Senator Proctor.
Maryland.....Rep. William B. Baker.	Virginia.....Rep. Jas. A. Walker.
Massachusetts.....William C. Lovering.	Washington.....Senator Willson.
Michigan.....Rep. George Spalding.	West Virginia.....Rep. Warren Miller.
Minnesota.....Rep. Jas. T. McCleary.	Wisconsin.....Rep. J. W. Babcock.
Missouri.....Rep. Chas. E. Pearce.	Wyoming.....Senator Warren.
Montana.....Senator Carter.	

WISCONSIN POLITICAL COMMITTEES.

REPUBLICAN STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

OFFICERS.

JOSEPH B. TREAT, Chairman.
GARDNER P. STICKNEY, Secretary.
LEANDER FERGUSON, Treasurer.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Joseph B. Treat....Chairman Ex-officio.	C. W. Fraser.....Waukesha.
C. C. Gittings.....Racine.	Ira P. Coon.....Plainfield.
Geo. E. Bryant.....Madison.	N. C. Foster.....Fairchild.
James A. Stone.....Reedsburg.	Charles Reynolds Jacksonport.
C. M. Gregg.....Milwaukee.	Norman B. Black.....Marinette.

MEMBERS OF STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

First District— C. C. Gittings.....Racine. P. C. Wilder.....Evanville. Second District— Geo. E. Bryant.....Madison. L. N. Coapman.....Wyocena. Third District— D. T. Parker.....Fennimore. James A. Stone.....Reedsburg. Fourth District— C. M. Gregg.....Milwaukee. Wm. Stevenson Milwaukee. Fifth District— C. W. Fraser.....Waukesha. J. F. Bruss.....Cedarburg.	Sixth District— Leander Ferguson Brandon. Ira P. Coon.....Plainfield. Seventh District— N. C. Foster.....Fairchild. W. T. Sarles.....Sparta. Eighth District— Charles Reynolds Jacksonport. Frank A. Cady.....Marshfield. Ninth District— Norman B. Black.....Marinette. James Houston Fisfield. Tenth District— Isaac H. Wing.....Bayfield. Frank Ostrander....West Superior.
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DEMOCRATIC STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

OFFICERS.

GEORGE W. PECK, Chairman, Milwaukee.
C. J. NOEL, Secretary, Marinette.
JAMES A. SHERIDAN, Attorney, Milwaukee.

MEMBERS OF STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

First District— George Ward Darlington. William B. Vance.....Racine. Second District— George W. Sloan.....Juneau. Albert Goetz Jefferson. Third District— R. A. Watkins.....Lancaster. J. L. R. McCollum....Twin Bluffs. Fourth District— Vincent A. Schoenecker.Milwaukee. Ignatz Czerwinski Milwaukee. Fifth District— Wm. Schlicht Sheboygan. W. P. Jochem.....Cedarburg.	Sixth District— George B. Hilton.....Oshkosh. A. C. Jelleff.....Ripon. Seventh District— Olaf R. Skaar.....La Crosse. W. H. Frawley.....Eau Claire. Eighth District— D. D. Conway.....Grand Rapids. R. J. McGeehan.....De Pere. Ninth District— Daniel J. Madagin.....Marinette. Thomas Mathews Merrill. Tenth District— W. H. Stafford.....Chippewa Falls. J. R. Mathews.....Menomonie.
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NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

OFFICERS.

ELLIS B. USHER, Chairman.
JOHN B. WEBB, Secretary.
JOHN JOHNSTON, Treasurer, Milwaukee.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Ellis B. Usher.	H. W. Hostman.
E. P. Hackett.	John Nagle.
Rollin B. Mallory.	Dr. Rush Winslow.

MEMBERS OF STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

First District—	Sixth District—
A. M. Valentine.....Janesville.	S. S. Bowers.....Fond du Lac.
John O'Brien.....Darlington.	John Nagle.....Manitowoc.
W. W. Strong.....Kenosha.	Seventh District—
Second District—	T. F. Frawley.....Eau Claire.
B. J. Stevens.....Madison.	C. H. Schweizer.....La Crosse.
C. C. Eaton.....Columbus.	Frank Oderbolz.....Black River Falls.
Albert Sollday.....Watertown.	Eighth District—
Third District—	Dr. Rush Winslow.....Appleton.
L. F. S. Viele.....Prairie du Chien.	John P. Hume.....Marshfield.
George Crawford.....Mineral Point.	H. F. Hagemeister.....Green Bay.
W. A. Wyse.....Reedsburg.	Ninth District—
Fourth District—	E. A. Edmonds.....Oconto Falls.
E. P. Hackett.....Milwaukee.	Charles Crogster.....Ashland.
Rollin B. Mallory.....Milwaukee.	John N. Cotter.....Merrill.
H. J. Hilbert.....Milwaukee.	Tenth District—
Fifth District—	Joseph Tuteur.....West Superior.
Richard Weaver.....Sussex.	John E. Glover.....New Richmond.
Dow Maxon.....Cedar Creek.	
H. W. Hostman.....Plymouth.	

PROHIBITION PARTY STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

J. E. CLAYTON, Chairman, Milwaukee.
E. W. DRAKE, Secretary, Milwaukee.
ALTIE REED WALKER, Assis't Sec'y and Treas., Milwaukee.
W. R. NETHERCUT, Milwaukee.
H. H. TUBBS, Elkhorn.

MEMBERS OF STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

First District—	Sixth District—
H. H. Tubbs.....Elkhorn.	G. W. Sherwood.....Markesan.
Jno. W. Corse.....Racine.	Geo. C. Hill.....Rosendale.
Second District—	Seventh District—
C. F. Cronk.....Madison.	F. R. Sebenthall.....Eau Claire.
A. B. Bissell.....Morrisonville.	Wm. Sherman.....Rockland.
Third District—	Eighth District—
H. P. Gunnison.....North Freedom.	C. W. Lomas.....Green Bay.
John Gillam.....Baraboo.	Jno. W. Evans.....Waupaca.
Fourth District—	Ninth District—
E. W. Drake.....Milwaukee.	C. C. Hamilton.....Granite Heights.
A. L. Goddard.....Milwaukee.	M. Rufsvold.....Marinette.
Fifth District—	Tenth District—
W. R. Nethercut.....Wauwatosa.	E. L. Jackson.....West Superior.
W. W. Brown.....Merton.	Geo. J. Constance.....Cumberland.

PEOPLE'S PARTY STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

OFFICERS.

ROBERT SCHILLING, Chairman, Milwaukee.
 F. W. STEARNS, Secretary, Milwaukee.
 HENRY SMITH, Treasurer, Milwaukee.

MEMBERS OF STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

Dist.		Dist.	
1. Frank Smock	Monroe.	6. Robert E. Anger.....	Oshkosh.
2. L. Woodward	Pardeeville.	7. John Lyon	Eau Claire.
3. B. F. Washburn.....	Excelsior.	8. Daniel DeVroey.....	Green Bay.
4. Robert Schilling	Milwaukee.	9. C. M. Boyles.....	Wausau.
5. F. W. Stearns.....	Milwaukee.	10. John Powers	Ellsworth.

NATIONAL (NOW LIBERTY) PARTY.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Adolph R. Bucknam, Chairman.	Newell Demeritt.
Mrs. W. E. Thompson, Secretary.	Geo. Wisnon.
John W. Evans, Treasurer.	W. D. Ringsdorf.
Wm. A. Ward.	

MEMBERS OF STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

First District— Lily Runals, W. C. Lawshe.	Sixth District— Geo. Wisnon, Andrew Jenson.
Second District— Oliver H. Crowl, Henry W. Hunt.	Seventh District— W. A. Ward, Annette J. Shaw.
Third District— E. B. Knowlton, W. I. Carpenter.	Eighth District— John P. Zonne, Geo. Ratcliff.
Fourth District— Mrs. W. E. Thompson, Milona L. Fitts.	Ninth District— J. F. Knudson, Gideon Young.
Fifth District— Mrs. M. W. Law, L. L. Sowles.	Tenth District— John Bartlett.

WISCONSIN SOCIALIST LABOR PARTY.

MEMBERS OF STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

Otto R. E. Gunderman, Sec'y, Milwaukee.	F. R. Wilke.
Frank Krueger, Treasurer.	John Stephen.
Richard Koepfel.	Fred Schuster.
Rudolph Wilke.	Carl Shultz.

SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY OF AMERICA.

MEMBERS OF STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

Victor L. Berger.....	Organizer	O. R. Stoll	Eau Claire
Howard Tuttle	Milwaukee	John Doerfler	Milwaukee
Emil Mohr	Sheboygan	Edward Ziegler	Milwaukee
Robert Melster	Milwaukee	E. P. Hassinger	Brodhead
Charles Richter	Racine	Jacob Hunger	Milwaukee

POLITICAL PLATFORMS.

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL PLATFORM.

ADOPTED AT ST. LOUIS, JUNE 18, 1896.

The republicans of the United States, assembled by their representatives in national convention, appealing for the popular and historical justification of their claims to the matchless achievements of thirty years of republican rule, earnestly and confidently address themselves to the awakened intelligence, experience and conscience of their countrymen in the following declaration of facts and principles:

For the first time since the civil war the American people have witnessed the calamitous consequences of full and unrestricted democratic control of the government. It has been a record of unparalleled incapacity, dishonor and disaster. In administrative management it has ruthlessly sacrificed indispensable revenue, entailed an unceasing deficit, eked out ordinary current expenses with borrowed money, piled up the public debt by \$262,000,000 in time of peace, forced an adverse balance of trade, kept a perpetual menace hanging over the redemption fund, pawned American credit to alien syndicates and reversed all the measures and results of successful republican rule. In the broad effect of its policy it has precipitated panic, blighted industry and trade with prolonged depression, closed factories, reduced work and wages, halted enterprise and crippled American production, while stimulating foreign production for the American market. Every consideration of public safety and individual interest demands that the government shall be rescued from the hands of those who have shown themselves incapable to conduct it without disaster at home and dishonor abroad, and shall be restored to the party which for thirty years administered it with unequalled success and prosperity, and in this connection we heartily indorse the wisdom, patriotism and success of the administration of President Harrison.

THE TARIFF.

We renew and emphasize our allegiance to the policy of protection as the bulwark of American industrial independence and the foundation of American development and prosperity. This true American policy taxes foreign products and encourages home industry; it puts the burden of revenue on foreign goods; it secures the American market for the American producer; upholds the American standard of wages for the American workingman; it puts the factory by the side of the farm and makes the American farmer less dependent on foreign demand and price; it diffuses general thrift and founds the strength of all on the strength of each. In its reasonable application it is just, fair and impartial, equally opposed to foreign control and domestic monopoly, to sectional discrimination and individual favoritism. We denounce the democratic tariff as sectional, injurious to the public credit and destructive to business enterprise. We demand such an equitable tariff on foreign imports which come into competition with American products as will not only furnish adequate revenue for the necessary expenses of the government, but will protect American labor from degradation to the wage level of other lands. We are not pledged to any particular schedules. The question of rates is a practical question, to be governed by the conditions of the time and of production; the ruling and uncompromising principle is the protection and development of American labor and industry. The country demands a right settlement and then it wants rest.

RECIPROCITY.

We believe the repeal of the reciprocity arrangements negotiated by the last republican administration was a national calamity, and we demand their renewal and extension on such terms as will equalize our trade with other nations, remove the restrictions which now obstruct the sale of American products in the ports of other countries and secure enlarged markets for the products of our farms, forests and factories. Protection and reciprocity are twin measures of republican policy and go hand in hand. Democratic rule has recklessly struck down both, and both must be re-established—protection for what we produce; free admission for the necessities of life which we do not produce; reciprocal agreements of mutual interest which gain open markets for us in return for our open market to others. Protection builds up domestic industry and trade and secures our own market for ourselves; reciprocity builds up foreign trade and finds an outlet for our surplus.

SUGAR.

We condemn the present administration for not keeping faith with the sugar producers of this country. The republican party favors such protection as will lead to the production on American soil of all the sugar which the American people use and for which they pay other countries more than \$100,000,000 annually.

WOOL AND WOOLENS.

To all our products—to those of the mine and field, as well as to those of the shop and factory, to hemp, to wool, the product of the great industry of sheep husbandry, as well as to the finished woolens of the mill—we promise the most ample protection.

MERCHANT MARINE.

We favor restoring the early American policy of discriminating duties for the up-building of our merchant marine and the protection of our shipping in the foreign-carrying trade, so that American ships—the product of American labor, employed in American shipyards, sailing under the stars and stripes and manned, officered and owned by Americans—may regain the carrying of our foreign commerce.

THE CURRENCY.

The republican party is unreservedly for sound money. It caused the enactment of the law providing for the resumption of specie payments in 1879. Since then every dollar has been as good as gold. We are unalterably opposed to every measure calculated to debase our currency or impair the credit of our country. We are, therefore, opposed to the free coinage of silver, except by international agreement with the leading commercial nations of the world, which we pledge ourselves to promote; and until such agreement can be obtained the existing gold standard must be preserved. All our silver and paper currency must be maintained at parity with gold, and we favor all measures designed to maintain inviolably the obligations of the United States and all our money, whether coin or paper, at the present standard, the standard of the most enlightened nations of the earth.

PENSIONS.

The veterans of the union army deserve and should receive fair treatment and generous recognition. Whenever practicable they should be given the preference in the matter of employment, and they are entitled to the enactment of such laws as are best calculated to secure the fulfillment of the pledges made to them in the dark days of the country's peril. We denounce the practice of the pension bureau, so recklessly and unjustly carried on by the present administration, of reducing pensions and arbitrarily dropping names from the rolls as deserving the severest condemnation of the American people.

FOREIGN RELATIONS.

Our foreign policy should be at all times firm, vigorous and dignified, and all our interests in the western hemisphere carefully watched and guarded. The Hawaiian Islands should be controlled by the United States, and no foreign power should be permitted to interfere with them; the Nicaraguan canal should be built, owned and operated by the United States; and by the purchase of the Danish Islands we should secure a proper and much-needed naval station in the West Indies.

ARMENIAN MASSACRES.

The massacres of Armenians have aroused the deep sympathy and just indignation of the American people, and we believe that the United States should exercise all the influence it can properly exert to bring these atrocities to an end. In Turkey American residents have been exposed to the gravest dangers and American property destroyed. There and everywhere American citizens and American property must be absolutely protected at all hazards and at any cost.

THE MONROE DOCTRINE.

We reassert the Monroe doctrine in its full extent, and we reaffirm the right of the United States to give the doctrine effect by responding to the appeals of any American state for friendly intervention in case of European encroachment. We have not interfered, and shall not interfere, with the existing possessions of any European power in this hemisphere, but those possessions must not on any pretext, be extended. We hopefully look forward to the eventual withdrawal of the European powers from this hemisphere and to the ultimate union of all English-speaking parts of the continent by the free consent of its inhabitants.

CUBA.

From the hour of achieving their own independence the people of the United States have regarded with sympathy the struggles of other American people to free themselves from European domination. We watch with deep and abiding interest the heroic battle of the Cuban patriots against cruelty and oppression, and our best hopes go out for the full success of their determined contest for liberty. The government of Spain having lost control of Cuba, and being unable to protect the property or lives of resident American citizens or to comply with its treaty obligations, we believe that the government of the United States should actively use its influence and good offices to restore peace and give independence to the island.

THE NAVY.

The peace and security of the republic and the maintenance of its rightful influence among the nations of the earth demand a naval power commensurate with its position and responsibility. We therefore favor the continued enlargement of the navy and a complete system of harbor and seacoast defenses.

FOREIGN IMMIGRATION.

For the protection of the quality of our American citizenship and of the wages of our workmen against the fatal competition of low-priced labor, we demand that the immigration laws be thoroughly enforced and so extended as to exclude from entrance to the United States those who can neither read nor write.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

The civil-service law was placed on the statute book by the republican party, which has always sustained it, and we renew our repeated declarations that it shall be thoroughly and honestly enforced and extended wherever practicable.

FREE BALLOT.

We demand that every citizen of the United States shall be allowed to cast one free and unrestricted ballot and that such ballot shall be counted and returned as cast.

LYNCHING.

We proclaim our unqualified condemnation of the uncivilized and barbarous practice well known as lynching or killing of human beings suspected or charged with crime without process of law.

NATIONAL ARBITRATION.

We favor the creation of a national board of arbitration to settle and adjust differences which may arise between employers and employes engaged in interstate commerce.

HOMESTEADS.

We believe in an immediate return to the free-homestead policy of the republican party and urge the passage by congress of the satisfactory free-homestead measure which has already passed the house and is now pending in the senate.

THE TERRITORIES.

We favor the admission of the remaining territories at the earliest practicable date, having due regard to the interests of the people of the territories and of the United States. All the federal officers appointed for the territories should be selected from the bona-fide residents thereof, and the right of self-government should be accorded as far as practicable.

ALASKA.

We believe the citizens of Alaska should have representation in the congress of the United States to the end that needful legislation may be intelligently enacted.

TEMPERANCE.

We sympathize with all wise and legitimate efforts to lessen and prevent the evils of intemperance and promote morality.

RIGHTS OF WOMEN.

The republican party is mindful of the rights and interests of women. Protection of American industries includes equal opportunities, equal pay for equal work and protection to the home. We favor the admission of women to wider spheres of usefulness and welcome their co-operation in rescuing the country from democratic and populist mismanagement and misrule.

Such are the principles and policies of the republican party. By these principles we will abide and these policies we will put into execution. We ask for them the considerate judgment of the American people. Confident alike in the history of our great party and in the justice of our cause, we present our platform and our candidates in the full assurance that the election will bring victory to the republican party and prosperity to the people of the United States.

REPUBLICAN STATE PLATFORM.

Adopted by the State Convention at Milwaukee, August 17th and 18th, 1898.

The republicans of Wisconsin, in convention assembled, congratulate the nation upon its magnificent achievements under the wise and patriotic policies of the republican party. Its most signal triumphs, both in peace and in war, since the organization of that party, have been won under its rule.

We heartily approve and endorse the administration of President McKinley.

His efforts to avert hostilities with Spain, and gain the desired end, through peaceful means, earn for him the approval of all good men, and were wise and right; when war became inevitable his quiet, resolute, vigorous action demonstrated his thorough comprehension of the nation's needs and wishes, and when the powers of the enemy had been crushed and terms of peace were asked, his magnanimity and sense of justice stood forth typifying the noblest traits of our American character, and commanding the respect and approval of the civilized world.

We welcome the return of peace, and express our gratitude and thanks to the brave men of the army and navy, who have maintained the honor of our flag, and again proved to the world the qualities of American patriotism. We extend joyous welcome to our returning Wisconsin boys, who have deservedly gained the highest honors among the volunteer troops.

We express our perfect confidence in the administration, to wisely and justly conclude terms of peace, having regard for the welfare of the inhabitants of the conquered territory and the best interests of our own people.

We reaffirm the declarations of the last republican national convention.

We believe that the declaration in the St. Louis national republican platform for the maintenance of the gold standard and the parity of our forms of money should be enacted into law, and the money of the American people should be made and kept, like all its institutions, the best in the world.

We congratulate the nation on the return of prosperity.

We endorse the present state administration.

Wisconsin's prompt response to the call of the president for troops and the attention given by our governor to the detail of the equipment and training, and constant solicitude for their health and comfort in camp and field, are the source of gratification.

We demand the immediate enactment of such laws as may be necessary to compel all persons and corporations, engaged in business within the state, except such fraternal and other associations as are now expressly exempted from taxation by law, to contribute their just and equal share towards the burden of taxation.

We demand the immediate enactment of a law forbidding any railroad company, sleeping-car company, steamboat or steamship company, express company, telegraph company, or telephone company, to issue or deliver to any public official in this state any pass, frank or privilege of free transportation of himself or property, or the free transmission of messages over telephone or telegraph lines, and that the giving or receiving of any such pass, frank or privilege shall be made a penal offense, both as to the giver and receiver.

We believe in perfect liberty of conscience; non-sectarianism in public affairs, separation of church and state; in free common schools, and the utmost independence of individual thought, speech and action consistent with the law and the rights of others.

Recognizing that the present caucus and convention law is not free from defects, we favor such legislation as will secure to every citizen the freest expression of his choice in the selection of candidates.

We condemn the practice, which we are informed has prevailed for many years, both in democratic and republican administrations, of making advance payments from the state treasury on account of salaries of officers and employees, and we insist that such practice shall absolutely cease, and that no moneys be

paid out of the treasury for any purpose otherwise than in strict conformity to law.

The existence of the lobby at the seat of government during the session of the legislature to control legislation in the interests of private corporations, or special interests, is an evil that should be abolished by law.

DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL PLATFORM.

Adopted at Chicago, July 9, 1896.

We, the democrats of the United States, in national convention assembled, do reaffirm our allegiance to those great essential principles of justice and liberty upon which our institutions are founded and which the democratic party has advocated from Jefferson's time to our own--freedom of speech, freedom of the press, freedom of conscience, the preservation of personal rights, the equality of all citizens before the law, and the faithful observance of constitutional limitations.

During all these years the democratic party has resisted the tendency of selfish interests to the centralization of governmental power and steadfastly maintained the integrity of the dual scheme of government established by the founders of this republic of republics. Under its guidance and teachings the great principle of local self-government has found its best expression in the maintenance of the rights of the states and in its assertion of the necessity of confining the general government to the exercise of powers granted by the constitution of the United States.

The constitution of the United States guarantees to every citizen the rights of civil and religious liberty. The democratic party has always been the exponent of political liberty and religious freedom, and it renews its obligations and reaffirms its devotion to these fundamental principles of the constitution.

THE MONEY PLANK.

Recognizing that the money question is paramount to all others at this time, we invite attention to the fact that the constitution named silver and gold together as the money metals of the United States, and that the first coinage law passed by congress under the constitution made the silver dollar the money unit and admitted gold to free coinage at a ratio based upon the silver-dollar unit.

We declare that the act of 1873 demonetizing silver without the knowledge or approval of the American people has resulted in the appreciation of gold and a corresponding fall in the prices of commodities produced by the people; a heavy increase in the burden of taxation and of all debts, public and private; the enrichment of the money-lending class at home and abroad; the prostration of industry and impoverishment of the people.

We are unalterably opposed to monometallism, which has locked fast the prosperity of an industrious people in the paralysis of hard times. Gold monometallism is a British policy, and its adoption has brought other nations into financial servitude to London. It is not only un-American, but anti-American, and it can be fastened on the United States only by the stifling of that spirit and love of liberty which proclaimed our political independence in 1776 and won it in the war of the revolution.

We demand the free and unlimited coinage of both silver and gold at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the aid or consent of any other nation. We demand that the standard silver dollar shall be a full legal tender equally with gold for all debts, public and private, and we favor such legisla-

tion as will prevent for the future the demonetization of any kind of legal-tender money by private contract.

We are opposed to the policy and practice of surrendering to the holders of the obligations of the United States the option reserved by law to the government of redeeming such obligations in either silver coin or gold coin.

INTEREST-BEARING BONDS.

We are opposed to the issuing of interest-bearing bonds of the United States in time of peace, and condemn the trafficking with banking syndicates which, in exchange for bonds, and at an enormous profit to themselves, supply the federal treasury with gold to maintain the policy of gold monometallism.

NATIONAL BANKS.

Congress alone has the power to coin and issue money, and President Jackson declared that this power could not be delegated to corporations or individuals. We therefore denounce the issuance of notes intended to circulate as money by national banks as in derogation of the constitution, and we demand that all paper which is made a legal tender for public and private debts, or which is receivable for duties to the United States, shall be issued by the government of the United States and shall be redeemable in coin.

TARIFF RESOLUTION.

We hold that tariff duties should be levied for purposes of revenue, such duties to be so adjusted as to operate equally throughout the country and not discriminate between class or section, and that taxation should be limited by the needs of the government, honestly and economically administered. We denounce as disturbing to business the republican threat to restore the McKinley law, which has twice been condemned by the people in national elections, and which, enacted under the false plea of protection to home industry, proved a prolific breeder of trusts and monopolies, enriched the few at the expense of the many, restricted trade and deprived the producers of the great American staples of access to their natural markets.

Until the money question is settled, we are opposed to any agitation for further changes in our tariff laws, except such as are necessary to meet the deficit in revenue caused by the adverse decision of the Supreme court on the income tax. But for this decision by the Supreme court there would be no deficit in the revenue under the law passed by the democratic congress in strict pursuance of the uniform decisions of that court for nearly 100 years, that court having in that decision sustained constitutional objections to its enactment which had previously been overruled by the ablest judges who have ever sat on that bench. We declare that it is the duty of congress to use all the constitutional power which remains after that decision, or which may come from its reversal by the court as it may hereafter be constituted, so that the burdens of taxation may be equally and impartially laid, to the end that wealth may bear its due proportion of the expenses of the government.

IMMIGRATION AND ARBITRATION.

We hold that the most efficient way of protecting American labor is to prevent the importation of foreign pauper labor to compete with it in the home market, and that the value of the home market to our American farmers and artisans is greatly reduced by a vicious monetary system which depresses the prices of their products below the cost of production, and thus deprives them of the means of purchasing the products of our home manufactures; and, as labor creates the wealth of the country, we demand the passage of such laws as may be necessary to protect it in all its rights.

We are in favor of the arbitration of differences between employers engaged in interstate commerce and their employees, and recommend such legislation as is necessary to carry out this principle.

TRUSTS AND POOLS.

The absorption of wealth by the few, the consolidation of our leading railroad systems, and the formation of trusts and pools require a stricter control by the federal government of those arteries of commerce. We demand the enlargement of the powers of the interstate commerce commission, and such restrictions and guaranties in the control of railroads as will protect the people from robbery and oppression.

DECLARE FOR ECONOMY.

We denounce the profligate waste of the money wrung from the people by oppressive taxation, and the lavish appropriations of recent republican congresses, which have kept taxes high, while the labor that pays them is unemployed, and the products of the people's toil are depressed in price till they no longer repay the cost of production. We demand a return to that simplicity and economy which befits a democratic government, and a reduction in the number of useless offices, the salaries of which drain the substance of the people.

FEDERAL INTERFERENCE IN LOCAL AFFAIRS.

We denounce arbitrary interference by federal authorities in local affairs as a violation of the constitution of the United States, and a crime against free institutions, and we especially object to government by injunction as a new and highly dangerous form of oppression by which federal judges, in contempt of the laws of the states and rights of citizens, become at once legislators, judges and executioners, and we approve the bill passed at the last session of the United States senate, and now pending in the house of representatives, relative to contempt in federal courts, and providing for trials by jury in certain cases of contempt.

PACIFIC RAILROADS.

No discrimination should be indulged by the government of the United States in favor of any of its debtors. We approve the refusal of the LIId congress to pass the Pacific railroad funding bill, and denounce the efforts of the present republican congress to enact a similar measure.

PENSIONS.

Recognizing the just claims of deserving union soldiers, we heartily indorse the rule of the present commissioner of pensions, that no name shall be arbitrarily dropped from the pension roll; and the fact of enlistment and service shall be deemed conclusive evidence against disease and disability before enlistment.

ADMISSION OF TERRITORIES.

We favor the admission of the territories of New Mexico, Oklahoma and Arizona into the union as states, and we favor the early admission of all the territories having the necessary population and resource to entitle them to statehood, and while they remain territories we hold that the officials appointed to administer the government of any territory, together with the District of Columbia and Alaska, should be bona-fide residents of the territory or district in which the duties are to be performed. The democratic party believes in home rule, and that all public lands of the United States should be appropriated to the establishment of free homes for American citizens.

We recommend that the territory of Alaska be granted a delegate in congress, and that the general land and timber laws of the United States be extended to said territory.

SYMPATHY FOR CUBA.

The Monroe doctrine, as originally declared, and as interpreted by succeeding presidents, is a permanent part of the foreign policy of the United States, and must at all times be maintained.

We extend our sympathy to the people of Cuba in their heroic struggle for liberty and independence.

CIVIL-SERVICE LAWS.

We are opposed to life tenure in the public service. We favor appointments based upon merit, fixed terms of office, and such an administration of the civil-service laws as will afford equal opportunities to all citizens of ascertained fitness.

THIRD-TERM RESOLUTIONS.

We declare it to be the unwritten law of this republic, established by custom and usage of 100 years, and sanctioned by the examples of the greatest and wisest of those who founded and have maintained our government, that no man should be eligible for a third term of the presidential office.

IMPROVEMENT OF WATERWAYS.

The federal government should care for and improve the Mississippi river and other great waterways of the republic so as to secure for the interior states easy and cheap transportation to tide water. When any waterway of the republic is of sufficient importance to demand aid of the government, such aid should be extended upon a definite plan of continuous work until permanent improvement is secured.

Confiding in the justice of our cause and the necessity of its success at the polls, we submit the foregoing declarations of principles and purposes to the considerate judgment of the American people. We invite the support of all citizens who approve them and who desire to have them made effective through legislation for the relief of the people, and the restoration of the country's prosperity.

DEMOCRATIC STATE PLATFORM.

Adopted at Milwaukee, August 31, 1898.

We, the democrats of the state of Wisconsin, in state convention assembled, do affirm our allegiance to the democratic principles—justice, liberty and equality, upon which our institutions are founded and which the democratic party has advocated from Jefferson's time to our own, and we declare our firm devotion to the democratic principles as enunciated in the Chicago platform of 1896.

We congratulate the citizens of the nation on their loyalty and ardent patriotism displayed in the prosecution of the late war, and we especially honor the American army and navy for their valor and intrepid bravery on land and sea, and we condemn in unstinted measure the war department for the blunders and crimes committed against the brave boys in blue in camp and on foreign battlefields, by selfish contractors, incompetent surgeons and vain, heartless army officers, appointed for political purposes, and we hereby pledge to our brave soldiers

and sailors who survive this war, our earnest and loyal support to secure the punishment of the guilty parties.

The republican party of this state at its last convention presented only one issue for this campaign, namely: Shall the republican administration of the last four years be endorsed by the people? We accept that issue, and challenge them to defend against the following charges and specifications:

First—You have recklessly and profligately conducted the business of the state, thereby largely and unnecessarily increasing the state taxes and imposing unnecessary and unjust burdens upon the tax-payers.

Second—You have carried upon the payroll employees and clerks who have drawn salaries without rendering service.

Third—You have discriminated in favor of corporations and against the people.

Fourth—Your governor has been the subservient tool of corporations, instead of the servant of the people, attested by his vetoes of legislation imposing restrictions or obligations upon corporations, as well as by other official acts familiar to the people and unnecessary to enumerate.

Fifth—You promised that you would not remit the judgments in the treasury cases. You violated that promise and thereby dissipated the property of the state without receiving any consideration.

Sixth—Your management of the state's funds has been disgraceful. You have paid salaries long before they were earned, loaned money from the treasury without security and without authority of law, while the practices disclosed by the so-called "Doodle Book" are only a sample of your incompetency and lack of integrity, and show an utter contempt of express law.

Seventh—You adopted a resolution in your state convention of 1896 opposing the giving by corporations or the taking by public officials of passes and franks. You defeated legislation calculated to carry out that resolution, and your governor has flagrantly violated that pledge; and his use of passes and franks has made him notorious.

Eighth—Your party has been dominated by a machine composed of wire-pullers, tricksters and corporation menials, who have used your party for the promotion of their individual and selfish interests, and for the advancement of the corporate interests they represent.

Ninth—More than forty per cent. of the delegates who attended the convention that nominated your candidate for governor, recognizing the truth of the above charges, refused to endorse his administration, and denounced him as being unworthy of further honors.

We make these further declarations:

It is a notorious and unchallenged fact that large sums of money have been drawn from the treasury by state officers and their favorites to the great scandal of the state and in direct violation of law. We promise a rigid public investigation of these acts and the prosecution of all persons implicated therein.

We are in favor of a primary election law to replace the present method of nominating candidates for office, to the end that all nominations shall be made by direct vote of the people.

We believe in the referendum, the submission of all laws to the vote of the people, as the best and only means of safeguarding both the interests and liberties of the common people and averting oligarchic tendencies.

We favor honest legislation, state and national, to the end that capital and corporate property shall bear its full share of the burdens of taxation.

We are in favor of a good road system and shall encourage the improvement of the public highways of the state.

We promise an economical administration of the business of the state, and a reduction of the state taxes to the lowest rate consistent therewith.

We most emphatically declare against the blighting evil of the lobby in legislative halls and pledge ourselves to the enactment of such legislation as will make it a penal offense for corporations and individuals either to employ or engage in improperly influencing legislation by methods of the lobby.

We declare that it is a wrong against public interests and morals for a public officer to receive a gift or favor from a person or corporation. We therefore pledge ourselves to the enactment at the first opportunity of a law prohibiting

the issue of passes, by railroads, express, telephone, telegraph, sleeping car and street railway companies, to all public officials and delegates to political conventions, with provisions imposing severe penalties upon both giver and receiver for the violation thereof, and that as soon as possible it may be made a constitutional provision.

To the full discharge of the pledges herein made in letter and in spirit, and to a correction of the errors and abuses herein complained of, we pledge the candidates nominated by this convention.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL PLATFORM.

Adopted at Indianapolis, Sept. 3, 1896.

This convention has assembled to uphold the principles upon which depend the honor and welfare of the American people, in order that democrats throughout the union may unite their patriotic effort to avert disaster from their country and ruin from their party.

The democratic party is pledged to equal and exact justice to all men of every creed and condition; to the largest freedom of the individual consistent with good government; to the preservation of the federal government in its constitutional vigor and to the support of the states in all their just rights; to economy in the public expenditures; to the maintenance of the public faith and sound money, and it is opposed to paternalism and all class legislation.

The declarations of the Chicago convention attack individual freedom, the right of private contract, the independence of the judiciary and the authority of the president to enforce federal laws. They advocate a reckless attempt to increase the price of silver by legislation, to the debasement of our monetary standard, and threaten unlimited issues of paper money by the government. They abandon for republican allies the democratic cause of tariff reform to court the favor of protectionists to their fiscal heresy.

In view of these and other grave departures from democratic principles, we cannot support the candidate of the convention nor be bound by its acts. The democratic party has survived many defeats, but could not survive a victory won in behalf of the doctrine and policy proclaimed in its name at Chicago.

The conditions, however, which make possible such utterances from a national convention are the direct result of class legislation by the republican party. It still proclaims, as it has for years, the power and duty of government to raise and maintain prices by law, and it proposes no remedy for existing evils except oppression and unjust taxation.

The national democracy here convened therefore renews its declaration of a faith in democratic principles especially as applicable to the conditions of the times.

FOR TARIFF FOR REVENUE ONLY.

Taxation, tariff, excise or direct, is rightfully imposed for public purposes, and not for private gain. Its amount is justly measured by public expenditures, which should be limited by scrupulous economy. The sum derived by the treasury from tariff and excise levies is affected by the state of trade and of consumption. The amount required by the treasury is determined by the appropriations made by congress. The demand of the republican party for an increase in tariff tax has its pretext in the deficiency of revenue, which has its causes in the stagnation of trade and reduced consumption, due entirely to the loss of confidence that has followed the populist threat of free coinage and depreciation of our money and the republican practice of extravagant appropriations beyond the needs of good government.

We arraign and condemn the populist conventions of Chicago and St. Louis for their co-operation with the republican party in increasing these conditions, which are pleaded in justification of a heavy increase of burdens of the people and a further resort to protection.

We therefore denounce protection and its ally, free coinage of silver, as schemes for the personal profit of a few at the expense of the many, and oppose the two parties which stand for these schemes as hostile to the people of the republic, whose food and shelter, comfort and property are attacked by higher taxes and depreciated money.

In fine, we re-affirm the historic democratic doctrine of tariff for revenue only.

TO DEVELOP AMERICAN SHIPPING.

We demand that henceforth modern and liberal policies toward American shipping shall take the place of our imitation of the restricted statutes of the eighteenth century, which were abandoned by every maritime power but the United States, and which, to the nation's humiliation, have driven American capital and enterprise to the use of alien flags and alien crews, have made the stars and stripes an almost unknown emblem in foreign countries and have virtually extinguished the race of American seamen.

We oppose the pretense that discriminating duties will promote shipping. That scheme is an invitation to commercial warfare upon the United States, un-American in the light of our great commercial treaties, offering no gain whatever to American shipping, while greatly increasing ocean freights on our agricultural and manufactured products.

GOLD STANDARD IS UPHELD.

The experience of mankind has shown that, by reason of their natural qualities, gold is the necessary money of the large affairs of commerce and business, while silver is conveniently adapted to minor transactions, and the most beneficial use of both together can be insured only by the adoption of the former as a standard of monetary measure and the maintenance of silver at a parity with gold by its limited coinage under such safeguards of law.

Thus is the largest possible enjoyment of both metals gained, with the value universally accepted throughout the world, which constitutes the only practical currency, assuring the most stable standard, and especially the best and safest money for all who earn a livelihood by labor or the produce of husbandry. They cannot suffer when paid in the best money known to man, but are the peculiar and most defenseless victims of a debased and fluctuating currency, which offers continued profits to the money-changer at their cost.

Realizing these truths, demonstrated by long public inconvenience and loss, the democratic party, in the interests of the masses and of equal justice to all, practically established, by the legislation of 1834 and 1853, the gold standard of monetary measurement, and likewise entirely divorced the government from banking and currency issues.

To this long-established democratic policy we adhere, and insist upon the maintenance of the gold standard and the parity therewith of every dollar issued by the government, and are firmly opposed to the free and unlimited coinage of silver and to the compulsory purchase of silver bullion. But we denounce, also, the further maintenance of the present costly patchwork system of national paper currency as a constant source of injury and peril.

We assert the necessity of such intelligent currency reform as will confine the government to its legitimate functions, completely separated from the banking business, and afford to all sections of our country a uniform, safe and elastic bank currency under government supervision, measured in volume by the needs of business.

PRAISE FOR MR. CLEVELAND.

The patriotism, fidelity and courage with which President Cleveland has fulfilled his great public trust, the high character of his administration, its wisdom and energy in the maintenance of civil order and the enforcement of the laws,

its equal regard for the rights of every class and every section, its firm and dignified conduct of foreign affairs, and its sturdy persistence in upholding the credit and honor of the nation, are fully recognized by the democratic party, and will secure to him a place in history beside the fathers of the republic.

We also commend the administration for the great progress made in the reform of the public service, and we indorse its efforts to extend the merit system still further. We demand that no backward step be taken, but that the reform be supported and advanced until the undemocratic spoils system of appointments shall be eradicated.

INTERNATIONAL ARBITRATION.

We demand strict economy in the appropriations and in the administration of the government.

We favor arbitration for the settlement of international disputes.

We favor a liberal policy of pensions to deserving soldiers and sailors of the United States.

The Supreme court of the United States was wisely established by the framers of our constitution as one of the three co-ordinate branches of the government. Its independence and authority to interpret the law of the land without fear or favor must be maintained. We condemn all efforts to defame the tribunal or impair the confidence and respect which it has deservedly had.

The democratic party ever has maintained and ever will maintain the supremacy of law, the independence of its judicial administration, the inviolability of contract and the obligation of all good citizens to resist every illegal trust, combination and attempt against the just rights of property and the good order of society, in which are bound up the peace and happiness of our people.

Believing these principles to be essential to the well-being of the republic, we submit them to the consideration of the American people.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC STATE PLATFORM.

Adopted by the State Convention, August 26, 1896.

The democrats of Wisconsin, assembled in convention, hereby declare their love for, and allegiance to, the time-honored principles of Jefferson; Jackson, Van Buren, Tilden and Cleveland, and refuse to abandon or be driven from them by the action of the Chicago convention of July, 1896.

In the selection of candidates by a party convention, differences as to men are non-essential, and party allegiance, as well as good faith, requires acquiescence by the minority in the fairly expressed will and action of the majority. But when fundamental, vital party principles are trampled under foot, repudiated and scoffed at, and rank heresies promulgated in their stead as party principles and rule of action, the will and action of a majority has no more binding effect upon the minority in a political organization than a resolution would have, attempting to control their manhood and personal honor.

The majority who controlled and directed the Chicago convention was largely men whose names were unknown in democratic councils and whose declarations and action prove them to be strangers as well to democratic principles and traditions.

They invaded the rights of state in the selection of delegates and acting censors over state conventions made selections of state representatives, unseating men elected by unanimous acclamation, for no reason save that they had the power of a majority.

They refused to recognize the honesty and integrity of the national democratic administration because it had the patriotism, honesty and integrity to protect the public credit by the only means in its power,

They declared against the protection of life and property by national interference when the exigency demanded it, and thus encouraged and invited mobs, anarchy, destruction of property and bloodshed.

They declared for an unlimited issue of paper money by the government without provision for its redemption.

They declared for an unlimited coinage of silver at a largely fictitious value, thus debasing the coin of the realm and aiming a blow at the financial credit of the government and the business prosperity of the citizens.

They refused to exempt pre-existing contracts from payment in this debased currency, and thus recognized and invited repudiation of public and private contracts.

They declared for liberal and generous pensions to the soldiers of the republic, but provided for their payment in debased currency that would rob them of one-half of their support; and to fully carry out their pernicious and revolutionary schemes, they assailed the Supreme court of the nation, and shadowed their purpose to change its constitution, so that no judicial determination should prove an obstacle in the carrying into execution their proposed policy.

They concluded their work by the selection as a candidate for the presidency of William Jennings Bryan, of Nebraska, whose democracy, if he has any, sits so loosely upon him that the populist convention at St. Louis hailed his nomination with delight as the harbinger of success to their communistic theories, and they, too, gave him their nomination under the assurance made in their convention that he was in spirit and in truth a populist.

We, as democrats, denounce the action of the Chicago convention as being in open violation of the principles of the democratic party, and refuse to recognize or be bound by it; and to distinguish ourselves from that portion of our old party who may elect to support Mr. Bryan, irrespective of the declarations of the conventions which nominated him, hereby declare the organization made here to-day shall be known as the national democratic party, and invite all good citizens to co-operate with us in putting the stamp of condemnation upon the populist and anarchical heresies promulgated at Chicago and endorsed at St. Louis.

We declare, as democrats, that it is the duty of every citizen of the republic to protect and preserve its national honor and credit at home and abroad; that good government gives the greatest liberty to the citizen consistent with public peace, social order and the rights of persons and property.

We declare that it is the highest duty of the government to enforce its laws, preserve peace and good order, to punish crime and to protect and preserve the lives, liberty and property of its citizens.

We further declare as a fundamental principle of the democratic party that the government should be honestly and economically administered, and that no more taxes should be levied either by customs, duties or otherwise than is actually necessary to support the government so honestly and economically administered, keep its faith sacred and preserve its credit.

In the words of the national democratic platform of 1892, "We hold to the use of both gold and silver without discrimination against either metal or charge for mintage, but the dollar unit of coinage of both metals must be of equal intrinsic and exchangeable value, or be adjusted through international agreement or by such safeguards of legislation as shall ensure the maintenance of a parity of the two metals, and the equal power of every dollar at all times in the markets and in the payment of debt; and we demand that all paper currency shall be kept at par with and redeemable in such coin. We insist upon this policy as especially necessary for the protection of the farmer and laboring classes, the first and most defenseless victims of unstable money and a fluctuating currency."

And to create and maintain the integrity of that dollar, we adopt the words of the democratic party of Wisconsin, assembled in convention, in June, 1896, in favor of gold, the highest monetary standard of the world, as the true measure of undfluctuating value.

PEOPLE'S PARTY NATIONAL PLATFORM.

Adopted at St. Louis, Mo., July 24, 1896.

The people's party, assembled in national convention, reaffirms its allegiance to the principles declared by the founders of the republic, and also to the fundamental principles of just government as enunciated in the platform of the party in 1892. We recognize that through the connivance of the present and preceding administrations, the country has reached a crisis in its national life, as predicted in our declaration four years ago, and that prompt and patriotic action is the supreme duty of the hour. We realize that while we have political independence, our financial and industrial independence is yet to be attained by restoring to our country the constitutional control and exercise of the functions necessary to a people's government, which functions have been basely surrendered by our public servants to corporate monopolies. The influence of European money changers has been more potent in shaping legislation than the voice of the American people. Executive power and patronage have been used to corrupt our legislatures and defeat the will of the people, and plutocracy has thereby been enthroned upon the ruins of democracy. To restore the government intended by the fathers and for the welfare and prosperity of this and future generations, we demand the establishment of an economic and financial system which shall make us masters of our own affairs and independent of European control, by the adoption of the following:

DECLARATION OF PRINCIPLES.

I. FINANCE.

1. We demand a national money, safe and sound, issued by the general government only, without the intervention of banks of issue, to be a full legal tender for all debts, public and private; a just, equitable and efficient means of distribution direct to the people and through the lawful disbursements of the government.
2. We demand the free and unrestricted coinage of silver and gold at the present legal ratio of sixteen to one, without waiting for the consent of foreign nations.
3. We demand the volume of circulating medium be speedily increased to an amount sufficient to meet the demands of business and population and to restore the just level of prices of labor and production.
4. We denounce the sale of bonds and the increase of the public interest bearing debt made by the present administration as unnecessary and without authority of law, and demand that no more bonds be issued, except by specific act of congress.
5. We demand such legislation as will prevent the demonetization of the lawful money of the United States by private contract.
6. We demand that the government, in payment of its obligations, shall use its option as to the kind of money in which they are to be paid, and we denounce the present and preceding administrations for surrendering this option to the holders of government obligations.
7. We demand a graduated income tax to the end that aggregated wealth shall bear its just proportion of taxation, and we regard the recent decision of the Supreme court relative to the income tax law as a misinterpretation of the constitution and an invasion of the rightful powers of congress over the subject of taxation.
8. We demand that postal savings banks be established by the government for the safe deposit of the savings of the people and to facilitate exchange.

II. TRANSPORTATION.

1. Transportation being a means of exchange and a public necessity, the government should own and operate the railroads in the interest of the people and on a non-partisan basis; to the end that all may be accorded the same treatment

in transportation and that the tyranny and political power now exercised by the great railroad corporations, which result in the impairment if not the destruction of the political rights and personal liberties of the citizens may be destroyed. Such ownership is to be accomplished gradually in a manner consistent with sound public policy.

2. The interest of the United States in the public highways built with public moneys and the proceeds of extensive grants of land to the Pacific railroads, should never be alienated, mortgaged or sold, but guarded and protected for the general welfare as provided by the laws organizing such railroads. The foreclosure of existing liens of the United States on these roads should at once follow default in the payment thereof by the debtor companies; and at the foreclosure sales of said roads the government shall purchase the same if it becomes necessary to protect its interests therein, or if they can be purchased at a reasonable price; and the government shall operate said railroads as public highways for the benefit of the whole people, and not in the interest of the few, under suitable provisions for protection of life and property, giving to all transportation interests equal privileges and equal rates for fares and freights.

3. We denounce the present infamous schemes for refunding these debts and demand that the laws now applicable thereto be executed and administered according to their true intent and spirit.

4. The telegraph, like the post office, being a necessity for the transmission of news, should be owned and operated by the government in the interest of the people.

III. LAND.

1. True policy demands that the national and state legislation shall be such as will ultimately enable every prudent and industrious citizen to secure a home, therefore the land should not be monopolized for speculative purposes. All lands now held by railroads and other corporations in excess of their actual needs should by lawful means be reclaimed by the government and held for actual settlers only, subject to the right of every human being to a home on the soil, and private land monopoly, as well as alien ownership, should be prohibited.

2. We condemn the frauds by which the land grant Pacific railroad companies have, through the connivance of the interior department, robbed multitudes of actual bona fide settlers of their homes and miners of their claims and we demand legislation by congress which will enforce the exception of mineral land from such grants after as well as before patent.

3. We demand that bona fide settlers on all public lands be granted free homes as provided in the national homestead law, and that no exception be made in the case of Indian reservations when opened for settlement, and that all lands now not patented come under this demand.

IV. DIRECT LEGISLATION.

We favor a system of direct legislation through the initiative and referendum, under proper constitutional safeguards.

V. GENERAL PROPOSITIONS.

1. We demand the election of president, vice president and United States senators by a direct vote of the people.

2. We tender to the patriotic people of Cuba our deepest sympathy in their heroic struggle for political freedom and independence, and we believe the time has come when the United States, the greatest republic of the world, should recognize that Cuba is and of right ought to be a free and independent state.

3. We favor home rule in the territories and District of Columbia and the early admission of the territories as states.

4. All public salaries should be made to correspond to the price of labor and its products.

5. In times of great industrial depression idle labor should be employed on public works, as far as practicable.

6. The arbitrary course of the courts in assuming to imprison citizens for indirect contempt and ruling them by injunction should be prevented by proper legislation.

7. We favor just pensions for our disabled union soldiers.

8. Believing that the elective franchise and an untrammelled ballot are essential to a government of, for and by the people, the people's party condemn the wholesale system of disfranchisement adopted in some of the states as unrepugnant and undemocratic, and we declare it to be the duty of the several state legislatures to take such action as will secure a full, free and fair ballot and an honest count.

While the foregoing propositions constitute the platform upon which our party stands, and for the vindication of which its organization will be maintained, we recognize that the great and pressing issue of the pending campaign upon which the present presidential election will turn, is the financial question, and upon this great and specific issue between the parties, we cordially invite the aid and co-operation of all organizations and citizens agreeing with us upon this vital question.

PEOPLE'S PARTY STATE PLATFORM.

Adopted by the State Convention, August 31, 1898.

The people's party of Wisconsin, in convention assembled, while denouncing the unnatural conditions brought about by violating the constitution of the United States, proposes a return to first and honest principles by overthrowing the existing unnatural and undemocratic conditions.

Farmers, laborers, small manufacturers and merchants, in fact all but those who are combined in trusts and other monopolies, have been deprived of natural opportunities, that were grabbed and monopolized for the benefit of the privileged classes, who can control not only the executive and legislative, but even the judicial departments of our government, by the baneful power of aggregated wealth.

While labor produces all wealth, but few of those who toil have homes of their own, and yet they are asked to be patriotic and love their country, whose laws deprive them of natural opportunities.

To revive industry, accelerate commerce and advance agriculture, we demand changes in law by constitutional, honest and common sense methods that will curtail the power of grasping corporations and return the right to rule to the people, to whom it belongs.

As preliminary measures to this end we demand the following legislation:

1. Direct legislation known as the initiative and referendum, so that the people may initiate good laws and veto bad ones; the power to recall incompetent or dishonest officials by popular vote, and proportional representation.

2. Public control of all public utilities, national, state and local.

3. The issue of all money by the government directly to the people in connection with government banks. We hold that the issue is not so much between gold and silver, but whether the money of the country shall be controlled by the government or by private banking corporations.

4. Whenever an industry becomes so centralized in the hands of a trust as to assume the nature of a monopoly and a menace to the interest or the welfare of the people, such industry should be conducted by the government in the interest of the people.

5. A graduated income and inheritance tax; the principle of the income tax which now applies in this state only to favored corporations should be extended to all.

6. A uniform primary election law, so that voters can choose their candidates by direct vote.

7. The abolition of the arbitrary power assumed by judges, who have perverted law and common sense by unjustifiable injunctions.

8. Municipal home rule.

9. In the interest of labor, we demand a legal eight-hour work day for all industrial pursuits, sanitary inspection of workshops, mines and buildings; liability of employers for injury to health, body and life without regard to the negligence of co-employees; abolition of the contract system in all public work and in the state prisons; a legal cash pay day; the abolition of the sweating system and the prohibition of blacklisting and child labor.

10. We demand that the granting of passes, franks or other gratuities by corporations, persons or firms, and the receiving of the same by public officials, be prohibited by law and made a criminal offense.

11. We demand that the discrimination in interest on tax certificates be abolished and the rate be reduced to not more than 10 per cent. per annum.

12. We deplore the infamous misconduct of the war department in the management of the war with Spain, and demand that a rigid investigation be ordered by the president, and the guilty parties be severely punished. It is a disgrace to our country that a war started to save the starving Cubans should lead to the starving of patriotic American soldiers.

The people's party submits this platform as well as its admirable national platform to the consideration of the people of Wisconsin, and asks their co-operation to give our country relief from the rule of trusts and combinations of all kinds.

PROHIBITION NATIONAL PLATFORM.

Adopted at Pittsburg, May 27, 1896.

We, the members of the prohibition party, in national convention assembled, renewing our declaration of allegiance to Almighty God as the rightful ruler of the universe, lay down the following as our declaration of political purpose:

The prohibition party, in national convention assembled, declares its firm conviction that the manufacture, exportation, importation and sale of alcoholic beverages has produced such commercial, industrial, social and political wrongs, and is now so threatening the perpetuity of all our social and political institutions, that the suppression of the same by a national party organized therefor is the greatest object to be accomplished by the voters of our country, and is of such importance as that it of right ought to control the political action of all our patriotic citizens until such suppression is accomplished. The urgency of this cause demands the union without further delay of all citizens who desire the prohibition of the liquor traffic. Therefore, be it resolved, that we favor the legal prohibition, by state and national legislation, of the exportation, interstate transportation and sale of alcoholic beverages; that we declare our purpose to organize and unite all the friends of prohibition into one party, and in order to accomplish this end, we deem it but right to leave every prohibitionist the freedom of his own convictions upon all other political questions, and trust our representatives to legislate upon other political questions as the changes occasioned by prohibition and the welfare of the whole people shall demand.

PROHIBITION STATE PLATFORM.

The prohibition party of Wisconsin in convention assembled at Oshkosh, August 25th, 1898, makes the following declaration of its principles:

1. For the prohibition of the manufacture, importation and sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage.
2. The prohibition of the liquor traffic is right in principle; and all systems of taxing and licensing the same are wrong in principle, vicious in theory and failures in practice.
3. To the end that we may have an honest and economical administration of city government, we demand the abolition of the liquor traffic, so that the people, and not the saloons, shall control the election of officers.
4. Believing that many reforms are imperatively needed in our state relating to equal taxation, ownership, regulation, taxation and control of monopolies; the abolition of the free pass and frank system of bribing public officials; reduction in the cost of state, county, city and town government; and that as the purchasable saloon vote is the one great hindrance to the election of honest men to deal with these questions, we demand prohibition.
5. That as the liquor traffic is the robber of labor and the destroyer of wealth, we can never enjoy the full measure of individual and national prosperity until prohibition is secured.
6. We demand that all territory hereafter acquired by, as well as that lately annexed to, the United States shall be under prohibition. That we put upon our banner, never to be taken down, the motto: "No more saloon territory."

NATIONAL SILVER NATIONAL PLATFORM.

Adopted at St. Louis, July 24, 1896.

The national silver party, in convention assembled, hereby adopts the following declaration of principles:

THE MONEY QUESTION.

The paramount issue at this time in the United States is indisputably the money question. It is between the gold standard, gold bonds and bank currency on the one side, and the bimetallic standard, no bonds and government currency on the other. On this issue we declare ourselves to be in favor of a distinctively American financial system. We are unalterably opposed to the single gold standard, and demand the immediate return to the constitutional standard of gold and silver by the restoration by this government, independent of any foreign power, of the unrestricted coinage of both gold and silver into standard money at the ratio of 16 to 1, and upon terms of exact equality as they existed prior to 1873; the silver coin to be a full legal tender equally with gold for all debts and dues, public and private, and we favor such legislation as will prevent for the future the demonetization of any kind of legal-tender money by private contract.

We hold that the power to control and regulate a paper currency is inseparable from the power to coin money and hence that all currency intended to circulate as money should be issued and its volume controlled by the general government only, and should be legal tender.

BOND ISSUES.

We are unalterably opposed to the issue by the United States of interest-bearing bonds in time of peace, and we denounce as a blunder worse than a crime

the present treasury policy, concurred in by a republican house, of plunging the country into debt by hundreds of millions in the vain attempt to maintain the gold standard by borrowing gold; and we demand the payment of all coin obligations of the United States, as provided by existing laws, in either gold or silver coin, at the option of the government, and not at the option of the creditor.

DEMONETIZATION OF SILVER.

The demonetization of silver in 1873, enormously increased the demand for gold, enhancing its purchasing power and lowering all prices measured by that standard, and since that unjust and indefensible act the prices of American products have fallen upon an average nearly 50 per cent., carrying down with them proportionately the money value of all other forms of property. Such fall of prices has destroyed the profits of legitimate industry, injuring the producer for the benefit of the non-producer, increasing the burden of the debtor, swelling the gains of the creditor, paralyzing the productive energies of the American people, relegating to idleness vast numbers of willing workers, sending the shadows of despair into the home of the honest toiler, filling the land with tramps and paupers and building up colossal fortunes at the money centers.

In the effort to maintain the gold standard the country has, within the last two years, in a time of peace and plenty, been loaded down with \$262,000,000 of additional interest-bearing debt under such circumstances as to allow a syndicate of native and foreign bankers to realize a net profit of millions on a single deal. It stands confessed that the gold standard can only be upheld by so depleting our paper currency as to force the prices of our products below the European and even below the Asiatic level, to enable us to sell in foreign markets, thus aggravating the very evils of which our people so bitterly complain, degrading American labor, and striking at the foundation of our civilization itself.

The advocates of the gold standard persistently claim that the cause of our distress is overproduction—that we have produced so much that it has made us poor—which implies that the true remedy is to close the factory, abandon the farm and throw the multitude of people out of employment, a doctrine that leaves us unnerved and disheartened and absolutely without hope for the future. We confirm it to be unquestioned that there can be no such economic paradox as overproduction and at the same time tens of thousands of our fellow-citizens remaining half-clad and half-fed, and who are piteously clamoring for the common necessities of life.

MONEY OF THE CONSTITUTION.

Over and above all other questions of policy, we are in favor of restoring to the people of the United States the time-honored money of the constitution—gold and silver; not one, but both—the money of Washington and Hamilton and Jefferson and Monroe and Jackson and Lincoln, to the end that the American people may receive honest pay for an honest product; that the American debtor may pay his just obligations in an honest standard, and not in a standard that has appreciated 100 per cent. above all the great staples of our country, and to the end further that silver-standard countries may be deprived of the unjust advantage they now enjoy in the difference in exchange between gold and silver—an advantage which tariff legislation alone cannot overcome.

We therefore appeal to the people of the United States to leave in abeyance for the moment all other questions, however important and even momentous they may appear, to sunder, if need be, all former party ties and affiliations, and unite in one supreme effort to free themselves and their children from the domination of the money power—a power more destructive than any which has ever been fastened upon the civilized men of any race or in any age. And upon the consummation of our desires and efforts we invoke the gracious favor of divine Providence.

Inasmuch as the patriotic majority of the Chicago convention embodied in the financial plank of its platform the principles enunciated in the platform of the American bimetallic party, promulgated at Washington, D. C., Jan. 23, 1896, and

herein reiterated, which is not only the paramount, but the only real issue in the pending campaign, therefore, recognizing that their nominees embody these patriotic principles, we recommend that this convention nominate William J. Bryan, of Nebraska, for president, and Arthur Sewall, of Maine, for vice president.

NATIONAL PARTY NATIONAL PLATFORM.

Adopted at Pittsburg, May 29, 1896.

The national party, recognizing God as the author of all just power in government, presents the following declaration of principles, which we pledge ourselves to enact into effective legislation when given the power to do so:

THE LIQUOR TRAFFIC.

1. The suppression of the manufacture and sale, importation, exportation and transportation of intoxicating liquors for beverage purposes. We utterly reject all plans for regulating or compromising with this traffic, whether such plans be local option, taxation, license or public control. The sale of liquors for medicinal and other legitimate uses should be controlled by the state, without profit, and with such regulations as will prevent fraud or evasion.

2. No citizen should be denied the right to vote on account of sex.

THE FINANCES.

3. All money should be issued by the general government only, and without the intervention of any private citizen, corporation or banking institution. It should be based upon the wealth, stability and integrity of the nation. It should be a full legal tender for all debts, public and private, and should be of sufficient volume to meet the demands of the country. And for the purpose of honestly liquidating our own outstanding coin obligations we demand the full and unlimited coinage of both silver and gold at the ratio of 16 to 1, without consulting any one other nation.

4. The initiative and referendum and proportional representation should be adopted.

PUBLIC LANDS.

5. Free land is the common heritage of the people, and should be preserved from monopoly and speculation. All unearned grants of land, subject to forfeiture, should be retained by the government, and no portion of the public domain should hereafter be granted, except to actual settlers, continuous use being essential to tenure.

OWNERSHIP OF RAILROADS, ETC.

6. Railroads, telegraphs and other natural monopolies should be owned and operated by the government, giving to the people the benefit of service and protecting them from all cost.

TAXATION.

7. The national constitution should be so amended as to allow the national revenues to be raised by equitable adjustment of taxation on the properties and incomes of the people, and importation duties should be levied as a means of securing equitable commercial relations with other nations.

8. The contract convict-labor system, through which speculators are enriched at the expense of the state, should be abolished.

SUNDAY LAWS.

9. All citizens should be protected by law in their right to one day of rest in seven, without oppressing any who conscientiously observe any other than the first day of the week.

10. The American public schools, taught in the English language, should be maintained, and no public fund should be appropriated for sectarian institutions.

ELECTION OF PRESIDENT.

11. The president, vice president and United States senators should be elected by direct vote of the people.

12. Ex-soldiers and sailors of the United States army and navy, their widows and minor children, should receive liberal pensions, graded on disability and time of service, not merely as a debt of gratitude, but for service rendered in the preservation of the union.

IMMIGRATION.

13. The immigration laws should be so secure as to exclude paupers and criminals. None but citizens of the United States should be allowed to vote in any state, and naturalized citizens should not vote until one year after naturalization papers have been issued.

14. Having herein presented our principles and purposes, we invite the co-operation and support of all citizens who are with us substantially agreed.

SOCIALIST LABOR NATIONAL PLATFORM.

Adopted at New York, July 9, 1896.

PLATFORM.

The socialist labor party of the United States, in convention assembled, re-asserts the inalienable rights of all men to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness.

With the founders of the American republic, we hold that the purpose of government is to secure every citizen in the enjoyment of this right; but in the light of our social conditions we hold, furthermore, that no such right can be exercised under a system of economic inequality, essentially destructive of life, of liberty and of happiness.

With the founders of this republic, we hold that the true theory of politics is that the machinery of government must be owned and controlled by the whole people; but in the light of our industrial development we hold, furthermore, that the true theory of economics is that the machinery of production must likewise belong to the people in common.

To the obvious fact that our despotic system of economics is the direct opposite of our democratic system of politics can plainly be traced the existence of a privileged class, the corruption of government by that class, the alienation of public property, public franchises and public functions to that class, and the abject dependence of the mightiest of nations upon that class.

Again, through the perversion of democracy to the ends of plutocracy, labor is robbed of the wealth which it alone produces, is denied the means of self-employment, and, by compulsory idleness in wage slavery, is even deprived of the necessities of life.

Human power and natural forces are thus wasted, that the plutocracy may rule.

Ignorance and misery, with all their concomitant evils, are perpetuated; that the people may be kept in bondage.

Science and invention are diverted from their humane purpose to the enslavement of women and children.

Against such a system the socialist labor party once more enters its protest. Once more it reiterates its fundamental declaration that private property in the natural sources of production and in the instruments of labor is the obvious cause of all economic servitude and political dependence.

The time is fast coming when, in the natural course of social evolution, this system, through the destructive action of its failures and crises on the one hand, and the constructive tendencies of its trusts and other capitalistic combinations on the other hand, shall have worked out its own downfall.

We, therefore, call upon the wage-workers of the United States, and upon all other honest citizens, to organize under the banner of the socialist labor party into a class-conscious body, aware of its rights and determined to conquer them by taking possession of the public power; so that, held together by an indomitable spirit of solidarity under the most trying conditions of the present class struggle, we may put a summary end to that barbarous struggle by the abolition of classes, the restoration of the land and all the means of production, transportation and distribution to the people as a collective body, and the substitution of the Co-Operative Commonwealth for the present state of planless production, industrial war and social disorder; a commonwealth in which every worker shall have the free exercise and full benefit of his faculties, multiplied by all the modern factors of civilization.

RESOLUTIONS.

With a view to immediate improvement in the condition of labor, we present the following demands:

1. Reduction of the hours of labor in proportion to the progress of production.
2. The United States shall obtain possession of the railroads, canals, telegraphs, telephones and all other means of public transportation and communication; the employees to operate the same co-operatively under control of the federal government and to elect their own superior officers, but no employee shall be discharged for political reasons.
3. The municipalities shall obtain possession of the local railroads, ferries, water works, gas works, electric plants, and all industries requiring municipal franchises; the employees to operate the same co-operatively under control of the municipal administration and to elect their own superior officers, but no employee shall be discharged for political reasons.
4. The public lands declared inalienable. Revocation of all land grants to corporations or individuals, the conditions of which have not been complied with.
5. The United States have the exclusive right to issue money.
6. Congressional legislation providing for the scientific management of forests and waterways, and prohibiting the waste of the natural resources of the country.
7. Inventions to be free to all; the inventors to be remunerated by the nation.
8. Progressive income tax and tax on inheritances; the smaller incomes to be exempt.
9. School education of all children under 14 years of age to be compulsory, gratuitous and accessible to all by public assistance in meals, clothing, books, etc., where necessary.
10. Repeal of all pauper, tramp, conspiracy and sumptuary laws. Unabridged right of combination.
11. Prohibition of the employment of children of school age and the employment of female labor in occupations detrimental to health or morality. Abolition of the convict-labor contract system.
12. Employment of the unemployed by the public authorities (county, city, state and nation).
13. All wages to be paid in lawful money of the United States. Equalization of woman's wages with those of men where equal service is performed.
14. Laws for the protection of life and limb in all occupations, and an efficient employers' liability law.

15. The people to have the right to propose laws and to vote upon all measures of importance, according to the referendum principle.
16. Abolition of the veto power of the executive (national, state and municipal), wherever it exists.
17. Abolition of the United States senate and all upper legislative chambers.
18. Municipal self-government.
19. Direct vote and secret ballot in all elections. Universal and equal right of suffrage without regard to color, creed or sex. Election days to be legal holidays. The principle of proportional representation to be introduced.
20. All public officers to be subject to recall by their respective constituencies.
21. Uniform civil and criminal law throughout the United States. Administration of justice to be free of charge. Abolition of capital punishment.

SOCIALIST LABOR STATE PLATFORM.

During the last twenty years a revolution has been accomplished in the economic and political institutions of the country. Private property, once in the possession of the numerous masses, has passed over into the hands of a few capitalists through the development of production.

The capitalists utilize this revolution, not only for the purpose of enriching themselves ever more, but also for the purpose of ever more degrading and enslaving the workers. Capitalism has brought on the gradual disappearance of the so-called middle class; it has brought on misery and want to the producers of all wealth and degraded the wives and children of these to the condition of intellectual and physical cripples; it enacts class law and commits untold injustice—and all this only in order to affirm its rule. Under the capitalist system justice becomes a farce and freedom a hollow phrase. Intelligence, the genius of light and truth, is not utilized for the purpose of elevating mankind, but for the purpose of degrading and enslaving it. All institutions that could be used for the benefit of the people are turned by the capitalists into dollars and cents for himself.

All "social reforms," all "philanthropies," all attempts proceeding from the rich classes to heal the social distemper, are ineffectual, corrupt and reactionary. The contrasts between rich and poor, property-holders and non-property-holders cannot be removed by any "reforms;" they can be removed only by the complete overthrow of the present social and industrial system, and the establishment of the socialist co-operative system.

Proceeding from this logical point of view, we declare the class struggle to be the only means by which the working class can free themselves from their unworthy condition. We warn the working men against all other parties, especially against the demagogues in the people's party and the social democracy, who continually keep the workers divided. We therefore call upon the workingmen to join the socialist labor party—the only party that holds aloft, clean and unsullied, the banner of revolutionary and international socialism.

We endorse the policy of our national organs, the "People" and "Vorwaerts," and recommend to all workers that they subscribe for the same.

We endorse the platform adopted by the socialist labor party, in national convention assembled, on July 4, 1896, in the city of New York.

SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY OF AMERICA NATIONAL PLATFORM.

The Social Democratic Party of America declares that life, liberty and happiness for every man, woman and child are conditioned upon equal political and economic rights.

That private ownership of the means of production and distribution of wealth has caused society to split into two distinct classes with conflicting interests, the small possessing class of capitalists, or exploiters of the labor force of others, and the ever-increasing large dispossessed class of wage-workers, who are deprived of the socially-due share of their product.

That capitalism, the private ownership of the means of production, is responsible for the insecurity of subsistence, the poverty, misery and degradation of the ever-growing majority of our people.

That the same economic forces which have produced and now intensify the capitalist system will compel the adoption of socialism, the collective ownership of the means of production for the common good and welfare, or result in the destruction of civilization.

That the trade union movement and independent political action are the chief emancipating factors of the working class, the one representing its economic, the other its political wing, and that both must co-operate to abolish the capitalist system of production and distribution.

Therefore, the social democratic party of America declares its object to be the establishment of a system of co-operative production and distribution through the restoration to the people of all the means of production and distribution, to be administered by organized society in the interest of the whole people, and the complete emancipation of society from the domination of capitalism.

The wage-workers and all those in sympathy with their historical mission to realize a higher civilization should sever connection with all capitalist and reform parties and unite with the social democratic party of America.

The control of the political power by the social democratic party will be tantamount to the abolition of capitalism and of all class rule.

The solidarity of labor connecting us with millions of class-conscious fellow workers throughout the civilized world will lead to international socialism, the brotherhood of man.

As steps in this direction, we make the following demands:

1. Revision of our antiquated federal constitution, in order to remove the obstacles to full and complete control of government by all the people, irrespective of sex.
2. The public ownership of all industries controlled by monopolies, trusts and combines.
3. The public ownership of all railroads, telegraph, telephone, all means of transportation, communication, water works, gas and electric plants, and all other public utilities.
4. The public ownership of all gold, silver, copper, lead, coal, iron and all other mines: also of all oil and gas wells.
5. Reduction of the hours of labor in proportion to the increasing of production.
6. The inauguration of a system of public works and improvements for the employment of a large number of the unemployed, the public credit to be utilized for that purpose.
7. All useful inventions to be free to all, the inventor to be remunerated by the public.
8. Labor legislation to be made national instead of local, and international where possible.
9. National insurance of working people against accidents, lack of employment and want in old age.
10. Equal civil and political rights for men and women, and the abolition of all laws discriminating against women.

11. The adoption of the initiative and referendum, and the right of recall of representatives by the voters.

12. Abolition of war, as far as the United States are concerned, and the introduction of international arbitration instead.

DEMANDS FOR FARMERS.

The social democratic party of America does not hope for the establishment of social order through the increase of misery, but on the contrary expects its coming through the determined, united efforts of the workers of both city and country to gain and use the political power to that end. In view of this we adopt the following platform for the purpose of uniting the workers in the country with those in the city:

1. No more public land to be sold, but to be utilized by the United States or the state directly for the public benefit, or leased to farmers in small parcels of not over 640 acres, the state to make strict regulations as to improvement and cultivation. Forests and water-ways to be put under direct control of the nation.

2. Construction of grain elevators, magazines and cold storage buildings by the nation, to be used by the farmers at cost.

3. The postal, railroad, telegraph and telephone services to be so united that every post and railroad station shall also be a telegraph and telephone center. Telephone service for farmers, as for residents of cities, to be at cost.

4. A uniform postal rate for the transportation of agricultural products on all railroads.

5. Public credit to be at the disposal of counties and towns for the improvement of roads and soil and for irrigation and drainage.

SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY OF AMERICA STATE PLATFORM.

The first demand of man's nature is to be free; the second is the opportunity to better his condition. Only freedom and opportunity make the pursuit of happiness possible. We are often told that we live in a free country, under a free government, and that no man possesses special privileges. This is not true. To call a man free does not make him so. To call a country a republic does not mean that the people rule.

A man must be master of the conditions of his own life, or at least enjoy an equal right for an existence with everybody else, or he is a slave. What does it mean to be a slave? to be compelled to accept the conditions of another for the privilege of existing? If a man has to sell himself, i. e., his time, to another individual, in order to make a living, his life depends on somebody else. That, alas! is the condition the working people are in to-day.

The claim that the workman is free to accept or refuse the terms of the employer is sheer nonsense. When the alternative is starvation or exile, he must accept. For this reason all talk about "freedom of contract" is an insult to the intelligence of the people. If the workers were at least as sure of their shelter, clothing and food as their employers, then there might be freedom of contract. The necessity that compels one man to work for another, whether he wishes to or not, makes one man the slave of another. Under these conditions workmen are merchandise. The abolition of negro slavery brought an end to only one kind of servitude. Industrial slavery degrades the most useful part of the population and breeds and perpetuates ignorance, misery and corruption throughout society.

Corruption prevails not only in official circles, but everywhere in our present society. The little extravagances of our officials is a small matter, indeed, compared to the great exploitation of the workers by the capitalist classes as a whole.

Nothing short of a constitutional revolution can bring help, and where is that to come from? The old political parties do not differ materially from each other. Both are the property of the class that lives by the toll of the wage-slave. Both parties are increasing corruption. The leaders of the now dying people's party have joined forces with the plunderers of labor. The so-called reform parties have failed because they tried to change men without changing the conditions that they lived under.

The social democratic party, therefore, calls on all honest men who do not yet despair of the future of humanity, to unite under its banner. We do not aim at a

mere change in office-holders, for we realize that until the present economic system is changed, the best of men can do little and are themselves in danger of being corrupted.

We see that the private ownership of the means of production, i. e., the leaving of the nation's industries in the hands of a greedy few, is responsible for the present state of society. It is, therefore, the aim of the social democratic party of America to emancipate the people from their degrading condition by the socialization of the means of production, distribution and exchange. In this way only can the natural and acquired advantages of our country be equitably shared by the whole people, and the source of avarice and corruption be abolished.

The first steps toward the transformation and reorganization of society must necessarily be a limitation of the present unbridled exploitation, and by the consequent raising of the standard of life within the masses. As measures tending to palliate the evils of our present system of society, we endorse the demands of our national platform, and, furthermore, present the following measures for immediate enactment in the state of Wisconsin:

1. The fixing of a normal working day in all industries which are working under the factory system. The working day shall not exceed eight hours. Also an unbroken rest for at least thirty-six hours for every wage-worker every week.

2. Prohibition of the employment of children under 16 years of age (under penalty of fine). The employment of women at night in factories and workshops to be also forbidden.

3. School education of all children under 16 years of age to be compulsory, gratuitous and accessible to all, by public assistance in meals, clothing, etc., whenever necessary. Free maintenance of such pupils, male or female, in higher educational institutions after 16 years of age as are judged to be fitted for further education.

4. Books and utensils to be furnished free to all the children in the public schools and higher institutions.

5. Repeal of all pauper, tramp and conspiracy laws. Employment of the unemployed by the public authorities (county, city and state).

6. Legal incorporation by the state of Wisconsin trade unions and Farmers' alliances. The state of Wisconsin to insure farmers' property against fire, hail, etc., at a rate not to exceed the cost.

7. Laws for the protection of health, life and limb and an efficient employers' liability law.

8. Free administration of the law and free legal assistance to all citizens, and compensation to persons accused, imprisoned or condemned unjustly.

9. Free medical assistance and a free supply of remedies to all.

10. A graduated income and property tax to meet all public expenses which are to be met by taxation. The corporations to pay their just share accordingly.

11. Universal suffrage without distinction of sex of all adults who can read and write in any language. Holding elections on a legal day of rest.

12. Direct legislation by the people by means of the initiative and the veto. The veto power of the governor to be abolished. The imperative mandate for our legislators and also proportional representation in order to have the minorities represented. The senate to be abolished.

THE CONGRESSIONAL AND LEGISLATIVE APPORTIONMENT.

In force, 1896.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

(Chapter 453, Laws 1891.)

Section 1. Until otherwise provided by law, the state of Wisconsin shall be divided into ten congressional districts, each of which shall be entitled to elect one representative in the congress of the United States, and the territory comprising each district shall be divided as follows:

The counties of Racine, Kenosha, Walworth, Rock, Green and Lafayette shall constitute the first congressional district.

The counties of Jefferson, Dodge, Dane and Columbia shall constitute the second congressional district.

The counties of Adams, Juneau, Vernon, Sauk, Richland, Crawford, Grant and Iowa shall constitute the third congressional district.

The 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 11th, 12th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th and 18th wards of the city of Milwaukee and the towns of Franklin, Greenfield, Lake and Oak Creek, in Milwaukee county, shall constitute the fourth congressional district.

The counties of Sheboygan, Ozaukee, Washington and Waukesha, and the 10th and 13th wards of the city of Milwaukee and the towns of Granville, Milwaukee and Wauwatosa in Milwaukee county, shall constitute the fifth congressional district.

The counties of Waushara, Marquette, Green Lake, Fond du Lac, Winnebago, Calumet and Manitowoc, shall constitute the sixth congressional district.

The counties of Pepin, Eau Claire, Buffalo, Trempealeau, Jackson, Monroe and La Crosse, shall constitute the seventh congressional district.

The counties of Wood, Portage, Waupaca, Outagamie, Brown, Kewaunee and Door, shall constitute the eighth congressional district.

The counties of Clark, Taylor, Price, Ashland, Oneida, Lincoln, Marathon, Shawano, Langlade, Forest, Florence, Marinette and Oconto, shall constitute the ninth congressional district.

The counties of Bayfield, Douglas, Burnett, Sawyer, Washburn, Polk, Barron, Chippewa, St. Croix, Dunn and Pierce, shall constitute the tenth congressional district.

Section 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

ASSEMBLY DISTRICTS.

(Chapter 1—Special session Wisconsin Legislature, 1896.)

Section 1. Until there shall be a new apportionment, the assembly districts of this state shall be constituted as follows:

The county of Barron shall constitute an assembly district.

The county of Calumet shall constitute an assembly district.

The county of Clark shall constitute an assembly district.

The county of Crawford shall constitute an assembly district.

The county of Door shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Dunn shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Green shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Green Lake shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Iowa shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Jackson shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Juneau shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Kenosha shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Kewaunee shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Lafayette shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Marinette shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Monroe shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Oconto shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Ozaukee shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Pierce shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Richland shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of St. Croix shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Shawano shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Trempealeau shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Vernon shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Washington shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Waushara shall constitute an assembly district.
 The county of Wood shall constitute an assembly district.
 The counties of Adams and Marquette shall constitute an assembly district.
 The counties of Ashland and Iron shall constitute an assembly district.
 The counties of Bayfield, Sawyer and Washburn shall constitute an assembly district.
 The counties of Buffalo and Pepin shall constitute an assembly district.
 The counties of Burnett and Polk shall constitute an assembly district.
 The counties of Forest, Florence and Langlade shall constitute an assembly district.
 The counties of Lincoln and Taylor shall constitute an assembly district.
 The counties of Oneida, Price and Vilas shall constitute an assembly district.
 Brown County: 1. The towns of Ashwaubenon, Howard, Pittsfield, Sunmico, and the city of Green Bay shall constitute the first assembly district of Brown county. 2. The towns of Allouez, Bellevue, De Pere, Eaton, Glenmore, Green Bay, Holland, Humboldt, Lawrence, Morrison, New Denmark, Preble, Rockland, Scott and Wrightstown and the city of De Pere shall constitute the second assembly district of Brown county.
 Chippewa County: 1. The towns of Lafayette, Sigel, Tilden and Wheaton, the village of Cadott, and the Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, Eighth, Ninth and Tenth wards of the city of Chippewa Falls shall constitute the first assembly district of Chippewa county. 2. The towns of Anson, Arthur, Auburn, Big Bend, Bloomer, Cleveland, Colburn, Eagle Point, Edson, Elarabeau, Lawrence and the First ward of the city of Chippewa Falls shall constitute the second assembly district of Chippewa county.
 Columbia County: 1. The towns of Arlington, Caledonia, Dekorra, Fort Winnebago, Lewiston, Lodi, Newport, Pacific and West Point and the village of Poynette and the city of Portage shall constitute the first assembly district of Columbia county. 2. The towns of Columbus, Courtland, Fountain Prairie, Hampden, Leeds, Lowville, Marcellon, Otsego, Randolph, Scott, Springvale and Wyocena and the villages of Pardeeville, Rio and the West ward of the village of Randolph, and the city of Columbus shall constitute the second assembly district of Columbia county.
 Dane County: 1. The towns of Blooming Grove, Burke, Dunn, Madison, Rutland and the city of Madison shall constitute the first assembly district of Dane county. 2. The towns of Albion, Bristol, Christiana, Cottage Grove, Deerfield, Dunkirk, Medina, Pleasant Springs, Sun Prairie, Vienna, Windsor, York and the villages of Deerfield and Sun Prairie and the city of Stoughton shall constitute the second assembly district of Dane county. 3. The towns of Berry, Black Earth, Blue Mounds, Cross Plains, Dane, Fitchburg, Mazomanie, Middleton,

Montrose, Oregon, Perry, Primrose, Roxbury, Springdale, Springfield, Vermont, Verona, Westport and the villages of Belleville and Waunakee shall constitute the third assembly district of Dane county.

Dodge County: 1. The towns of Ashippun, Clyman, Emmett, Herman, Hubbard, Hustisford, Lebanon, Le Roy, Lomira, Rubicon, Shields, Theresa, Williamstown, the village of Horicon, the Fifth and Sixth wards of the city of Watertown, and the city of Mayville shall constitute the first assembly district of Dodge county. 2. The towns of Beaver Dam, Calamus, Chester, Burnett, Elba, Fox Lake, Lowell, Oak Grove, Portland, Trenton and Westford, and the villages of Fox Lake, Lowell, Reeseville, the East ward of the village of Randolph, and the cities of Beaver Dam and Juneau, and the South ward of the city of Waupun shall constitute the second assembly district of Dodge county.

Douglas County: 1. The Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth and Sixth wards of the city of Superior shall constitute the first assembly district of Douglas county. 2. The towns of Brule, Gordon, Nebagamain and Superior, and the First, Seventh, Eighth and Ninth wards of the city of Superior shall constitute the second assembly district of Douglas county.

Eau Claire County: 1. The towns of Seymour, and the city of Altoona, and the First, Second, Third, Fifth, Sixth and Eighth wards of the city of Eau Claire shall constitute the first assembly district of Eau Claire county. 2. The towns of Bridge Creek, Brunswick, Clear Creek, Drammen, Fairchild, Lincoln, Ludington, Otter Creek, Pleasant Valley, Union and Washington, and the village of Fairchild and the city of Augusta and the Fourth and Seventh wards of the city of Eau Claire shall constitute the second assembly district of Eau Claire county.

Fond du Lac County: 1. The towns of Calumet, Empire, Forest, Fond du Lac, Friendship, Marshfield, Osceola, Taychedah, and the city of Fond du Lac shall constitute the first assembly district of Fond du Lac county. 2. The towns of Alto, Ashford, Auburn, Byron, Eden, Eldorado, Lamartine, Metomen, Oakfield, Ripon, Rosendale, Springdale, Waupun, the village of Brandon, and the city of Ripon, and the North ward of the city of Waupun shall constitute the second assembly district of Fond du Lac county.

Grant County: 1. The towns of Bloomington, Boscobel, Castle Rock, Fennimore, Hickory Grove, Lancaster, Liberty, Little Grant, Marion, Millville, Mt. Hope, Mt. Ida, Muscoda, Patch Grove, Watterstown, Wingville, Woodman, Wyalusing, and the villages of Bloomington, Fennimore, Montfort, Muscoda, and the cities of Boscobel and Lancaster shall constitute the first assembly district of Grant county. 2. The towns of Beetown, Cassville, Clifton, Ellenborough, Glen Haven, Hazel Green, Harrison, Jamestown, Lima, Paris, Platteville, Potosi, Smelzer, Waterloo, and the villages of Cassville, Cuba City, Hazel Green, Potosi, and the city of Platteville shall constitute the second assembly district of Grant county.

Jefferson County: 1. The towns of Cold Springs, Concord, Farmington, Hebron, Ixonia, Palmyra, Sullivan and Watertown, and the village of Palmyra, and the First, Second, Third, Fourth, and Seventh wards of the city of Watertown shall constitute the first assembly district of Jefferson county. 2. The towns of Aztalan, Jefferson, Koshkonong, Lake Mills, Milford, Oakland, Summer and Waterloo, the villages of Lake Mills and Waterloo and the cities of Fort Atkinson and Jefferson shall constitute the second assembly district of Jefferson county.

La Crosse County: 1. The town of Campbell, and the First, Second, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, Ninth, Tenth, Eleventh, Twelfth, Thirteenth, Fourteenth, Fifteenth, Sixteenth, Nineteenth, and Twentieth wards of the city of La Crosse shall constitute the first assembly district of La Crosse county. 2. The towns of Bangor, Barre, Burns, Farmington, Greenfield, Hamilton, Holland, Onalaska, Shelby and Washington, and the city of Onalaska, and the Third, Eighth, Seventeenth and Eighteenth wards of the city of La Crosse shall constitute the second assembly district of La Crosse county.

Manitowoc County: 1. The towns of Cato, Centerville, Liberty, Manitowoc, Manitowoc Rapids, Meeme, Newton, and the city of Manitowoc shall constitute the first assembly district of Manitowoc county. 2. The towns of Cooperstown,

Eaton, Franklin, Gibson, Kossuth, Maple Grove, Mishicot, Rockland, Schleswig, Two Creeks, Two Rivers, and the villages of Kiel and Reedsville and the city of Two Rivers shall constitute the second assembly district of Manitowoc county.

Marathon County: 1. The towns of Bergen, Berlin, Brighton, Cassell, Cleveland, Day, Eau Claire, Emmett, Frankfort, Halsey, Hamburg, Holton, Hull, Johnson, Maine, Marathon, McMillan, Mosinee, Rib Falls, Reilbrock, Spencer, Stettin and Wein, and the villages of Marathon City, McMillan and Mosinee, and the East ward of the city of Colby shall constitute the first assembly district of Marathon county. 2. The towns of Easton, Eldron, Harrison, Hewitt, Knowlton, Kronenwetter, Norrie, Pike Lake, Plover, Texas, Wausau and Weston and the city of Wausau shall constitute the second assembly district of Marathon county.

Milwaukee County: 1. The First, Third and Seventh wards of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute the first assembly district of Milwaukee county. 2. The Second and Fourth wards of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute the second assembly district of Milwaukee county. 3. The towns of Franklin, Oak Creek and Lake and the villages of Cudahy and South Milwaukee and the Seventeenth ward of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute the third assembly district of Milwaukee county. 4. The Fifteenth and Sixteenth wards of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute the fourth assembly district of Milwaukee county. 5. The Fifth and Twelfth wards of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute the fifth assembly district of Milwaukee county. 6. The Sixth and Eighteenth wards of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute the sixth assembly district of Milwaukee county. 7. The towns of Greenfield and Wauwatosa and the village of Wauwatosa shall constitute the seventh assembly district of Milwaukee county. 8. The Eighth ward of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute the eighth assembly district of Milwaukee county. 9. The Ninth ward of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute the ninth assembly district of Milwaukee county. 10. The Tenth ward of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute the tenth assembly district of Milwaukee county. 11. The Eleventh ward of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute the eleventh assembly district of Milwaukee county. 12. The Nineteenth and Twentieth wards of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute the twelfth assembly district of Milwaukee county. 13. The Thirteenth ward of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute the thirteenth assembly district of Milwaukee county. 14. The Fourteenth ward of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute the fourteenth assembly district of Milwaukee county. 15. The towns of Granville, Milwaukee and the village of Whitefish Bay and the Twenty-first ward of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute the fifteenth assembly district of Milwaukee county.

Outagamie County: 1. The towns of Center, Dale, Ellington, Grand Chute, Greenville and the city of Appleton shall constitute the first assembly district of Outagamie county. 2. The towns of Black Creek, Bovina, Buchanan, Cleora, Deer Creek, Freedom, Hortonville, Kaukauna, Liberty, Maine, Maple Creek, Osborn, Seymour, and the village of Hortonville, and the cities of Kaukauna and Seymour, and the Third ward of the city of New London shall constitute the second assembly district of Outagamie county.

Portage County: 1. The towns of Carson, Eau Claire, Hull, Sharon, and the city of Stevens Point shall constitute the first assembly district of Portage county. 2. The towns of Alban, Almond, Amherst, Belmont, Buena Vista, Grant, Lanark, Linwood, New Hope, Pine Grove, Plover, Stevens Point and Stockton shall constitute the second assembly district of Portage county.

Racine County: 1. The First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth and Sixth wards of the city of Racine shall constitute the first assembly district of Racine county. 2. The towns of Burlington, Caledonia, Dover, Mt. Pleasant, Norway, Raymond, Rochester, Waterford, Yorkville, Union Grove, and the Seventh ward of the city of Racine shall constitute the second assembly district of Racine county.

Rock County: 1. The towns of Janesville, La Prairie and Rock, and the city of Janesville shall constitute the first assembly district of Rock county. 2. The towns of Bradford, Center, Fulton, Harmony, Johnstown, Lima, Magnolia, Milton, Porter and Union, and the village of Evansville, and the city of Edgerton

shall constitute the second assembly district of Rock county. 3. The towns of Avon, Beloit, Clinton, Newark, Plymouth, Spring Valley, Turtle and the village of Clinton and the city of Beloit shall constitute the third assembly district of Rock county.

Sauk County. 1. The towns of Baraboo, Delton, Dellona, Excelsior, Fairfield, Freedom, Greenfield, Merrimac, Prairie du Sac, Sumpter, and the villages of Ableman, North Freedom, Prairie du Sac and Sauk City, and the city of Baraboo shall constitute the first assembly district of Sauk county. 2. The towns of Bear Creek, Franklin, Honey Creek, Ironton, La Valle, Reedsburg, Spring Green, Troy, Washington, Westfield, Winfield, Woodland, and the village of La Valle and the city of Reedsburg shall constitute the second assembly district of Sauk county.

Sheboygan County: 1. The First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth and Eighth wards of the city of Sheboygan shall constitute the first assembly district of Sheboygan county. 2. The towns of Holland, Herman, Mosel, Sheboygan, Sheboygan Falls and Wilson, and the village of Sheboygan Falls, and the Sixth and Seventh wards of the city of Sheboygan shall constitute the second assembly district of Sheboygan county. 3. The towns of Greenbush, Lima, Lyndon, Mitchell, Plymouth, Rhine, Russell, Scott and Sherman, and the village of Elkhart Lake, and the city of Plymouth shall constitute the third assembly district of Sheboygan county.

Walworth County: 1. The towns of East Troy, Lafayette, La Grange, Lyons, Spring Prairie, Sugar Creek, Troy and Whitewater, and the village of Elkhorn and the city of Whitewater shall constitute the first assembly district of Walworth county. 2. The towns of Bloomfield, Darlen, Delavan, Geneva, Linn, Richmond, Sharon, Walworth, and the city of Lake Geneva shall constitute the second assembly district of Walworth county.

Waukesha County: 1. The towns of Brookfield, Eagle, Mukwonago, Muskego, New Berlin, Ottawa, Vernon, Waukesha and the city of Waukesha shall constitute the first assembly district of Waukesha county. 2. The towns of Delafield, Genesee, Lisbon, Menomonee, Merton, Oconomowoc, Pewaukee, Summit and the city of Oconomowoc shall constitute the second assembly district of Waukesha county.

Waupaca County: 1. The towns of Caledonia, Dayton, Farmington, Fremont, Lind, Little Wolf, Royalton, Scandinavia, St. Lawrence, Waupaca, Weyauwega and the villages of Fremont, Scandinavia and Weyauwega and the city of Waupaca shall constitute the first assembly district of Waupaca county. 2. The towns of Bear Creek, Dupont, Harrison, Helvetia, Iola, Larrabee, Lebanon, Matteson, Mukwa, Union and Wyoming and the city of Clintonville and the First, Second, Fourth and Fifth wards of the city of New London shall constitute the second assembly district of Waupaca county.

Winnebago County: 1. The town of Oshkosh, and the First, Second, Fourth, Fifth, Seventh, Eighth, Tenth, Eleventh and Twelfth wards of the city of Oshkosh shall constitute the first assembly district of Winnebago county. 2. The towns of Clayton, Menasha, Neenah, Vinland, Winchester, Winneconne and Wolf River, and the village of Winneconne, and the cities of Menasha and Neenah shall constitute the second assembly district of Winnebago county. 3. The towns of Algoma, Black Wolf, Nekimi, Nepeuskun, Omro, Poygan, Rushford and Utica, and the Third, Sixth, Ninth and Thirteenth wards of the city of Oshkosh shall constitute the third assembly district of Winnebago county.

SENATORIAL DISTRICTS.

(Chapter 1—Special session Wisconsin Legislature, 1896.)

Section 2. Until there shall be a new apportionment, the senatorial districts of this state shall be constituted as follows:—

1. The counties of Door, Kewaunee and Marinette shall constitute the first senatorial district.
2. The counties of Brown and Oconto shall constitute the second senatorial district.
3. The counties of Kenosha and Racine shall constitute the third senatorial district.
4. The Sixth, Thirteenth, Eighteenth and Twenty-first wards of the city of Milwaukee, and the village of Whitefish Bay, and the towns of Granville and Milwaukee shall constitute the fourth senatorial district.
5. The First, Second, Third, Fourth, Seventh, Fifteenth and Sixteenth wards of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute the fifth senatorial district.
6. The Ninth, Tenth, Nineteenth and Twentieth wards of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute the sixth senatorial district.
7. The Fourteenth and Seventeenth wards of the city of Milwaukee and the villages of Cudahy, South Milwaukee and Wauwatosa, and the towns of Lake, Oak Creek, Franklin, Greenfield and Wauwatosa shall constitute the seventh senatorial district.
8. The Fifth, Eighth, Eleventh and Twelfth wards of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute the eighth senatorial district.
9. The counties of Adams, Marquette, Waushara and Wood shall constitute the ninth senatorial district.
10. The counties of Pierce and St. Croix shall constitute the tenth senatorial district.
11. The counties of Burnett, Douglas and Polk shall constitute the eleventh senatorial district.
12. The counties of Ashland, Barron, Bayfield, Iron, Sawyer and Washburn shall constitute the twelfth senatorial district.
13. The county of Dodge shall constitute the thirteenth senatorial district.
14. The counties of Outagamie and Shawano shall constitute the fourteenth senatorial district.
15. The counties of Calumet and Manitowoc shall constitute the fifteenth senatorial district.
16. The counties of Grant and Iowa shall constitute the sixteenth senatorial district.
17. The counties of Green and Lafayette, and the towns of Avon, Beloit, Clinton, Newark, Plymouth, Spring Valley, Turtle, and the village of Clinton and the city of Beloit, in the county of Rock, shall constitute the seventeenth senatorial district.
18. The counties of Fond du Lac and Green Lake shall constitute the eighteenth senatorial district.
19. The county of Winnebago shall constitute the nineteenth senatorial district.
20. The counties of Ozaukee and Sheboygan shall constitute the twentieth senatorial district.
21. The counties of Portage and Waupaca shall constitute the twenty-first senatorial district.
22. The towns of Bradford, Center, Fulton, Harmony, Janesville, Johnstown, Lima, La Prairie, Magnolia, Milton, Porter, Rock and Union, and the village of Evansville, and the cities of Edgerton and Janesville, in the county of Rock, and the towns of Aztalan, Jefferson, Koshkonong, Lake Mills, Milford, Oakland, Summer and Waterloo and the villages of Lake Mills and Waterloo, and the cities of Fort Atkinson and Jefferson, in the county of Jefferson, shall constitute the twenty-second senatorial district.
23. The county of Walworth and the towns of Cold Springs, Concord, Farmington, Hebron, Ixonia, Palmyra, Sullivan and Watertown, and the village of

Palmyra, and the First, Second, Third, Fourth and Seventh wards of the city of Watertown, in the county of Jefferson, shall constitute the twenty-third senatorial district.

24. The counties of Buffalo, Eau Claire and Pepin shall constitute the twenty-fourth senatorial district.

25. The counties of Clark and Marathon shall constitute the twenty-fifth senatorial district.

26. The county of Dane shall constitute the twenty-sixth senatorial district.

27. The counties of Columbia and Sauk shall constitute the twenty-seventh senatorial district.

28. The counties of Crawford, Richland and Vernon shall constitute the twenty-eighth senatorial district.

29. The counties of Chippewa and Dunn shall constitute the twenty-ninth senatorial district.

30. The counties of Florence, Forest, Langlade, Lincoln, Oneida, Price, Taylor and Vilas shall constitute the thirtieth senatorial district.

31. The counties of Jackson, Juneau and Monroe shall constitute the thirty-first senatorial district.

32. The counties of La Crosse and Trempealeau shall constitute the thirty-second senatorial district.

33. The counties of Washington and Waukesha shall constitute the thirty-third senatorial district.

Section 3. Every incorporated village, whether mentioned in this act or not, that is not entirely separate from any town for the purposes of assessment and taxation, shall be considered as a portion of the town which it forms a part. Every incorporated village that is entirely separate from any town, and any town or ward that may have been omitted in this act, shall join two assembly districts in which it is situated, if it shall be entirely surrounded by territory forming such district, and also be a part of the same senatorial district as such assembly district. If, however, any such incorporated village, town or ward that may have been omitted in this act, shall join two assembly districts in the same county, it shall form a part of the assembly district which it may adjoin having the smallest population, and also be a part of the senatorial district of which such assembly district forms a part.

Section 4. This act shall be published in the official state paper and be in force from and after its passage and publication, and no other publication shall be required. Such act shall also be included in the volume of laws that may be passed by the legislature at its session in 1897 and no other publication in a volume shall be required. The journals of the proceedings of the senate and assembly of the present session of the legislature shall also be included in the printed volumes of the legislature of 1897 and no printing of such proceedings in a separate volume shall be required.

Approved February 28, 1896.

PART VIII.



BIOGRAPHICAL.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES.

MEMBERS OF THE FIFTY-SIXTH CONGRESS.

SENATORS.

JOHN C. SPOONER (Rep.), of Madison, was born January 6, 1843, in Lawrenceburg, Dearborn county, Indiana; was educated at the University of Wisconsin, from which institution he graduated in 1864; came to Wisconsin June 1, 1859, and settled at Madison; removed from Madison to Hudson, Wis., in September, 1870, where he resided until 1893, when he returned to Madison, where he has since resided, being by profession a lawyer. He entered the war as a private in Co. D, 40th Wis. Inf. Vols.; was Captain of Co. A, 50th Wis. Inf. Vols., and at the close of service was brevetted major; was private and military secretary to Gov. Lucius Fairchild for a time and was assistant attorney general under Attorneys General Charles R. Gill and S. S. Barlow; was member of legislature from St. Croix county in 1872; he was elected January 28, 1885, to succeed Hon. Angus Cameron as United States senator, serving from March 4, 1885, to March 4, 1891; was nominated by the republicans for governor of Wisconsin in 1892, but was defeated; he was nominated and elected United States senator January 27, 1897, to succeed Hon. W. F. Vilas, receiving every republican vote in both houses.

JOSEPH VERY QUARLES (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born at Kenosha, Wis. (then Southport), Dec. 16, 1843. In 1862 he entered the University of Michigan, but interrupted his course of study in the spring of 1864 to enter the army as private in the 39th Wisconsin volunteers. He was mustered out as First Lieutenant, Co. C, and returned to his studies, graduating in 1868. He then studied law, and in 1868 formed at Kenosha a partnership with Mr. O. S. Head, one of the oldest and ablest practitioners of the state. Mr. Quarles was district attorney for Kenosha county for six years, mayor of Kenosha in 1876, member of the assembly in 1879, and state senator from 1880-1882. In the United States senatorial contest of 1881 Mr. Quarles received a very flattering vote, but insisted upon having his name withdrawn. At the expiration of his term of office he moved to Racine, Wis., where he entered into partnership with the present justice of the Supreme court, John B. Winslow. Six years later he made Milwaukee his home, and there organized the law firm of Quarles, Spence & Quarles, of which he is the senior member. This is now one of the leading firms of the state. Mr. Quarles was elected to the United States senate and entered upon his duties March 4, 1899.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

Kenosha, Racine, Walworth, Rock, Green and Lafayette counties. Population in 1895—181,142.

HENRY ALLEN COOPER (Rep.), of Racine, was born in Walworth county, Wisconsin; received a common school and collegiate education, graduating at the Northwestern University in 1873, and from the Union College of Law in 1875; is by profession a lawyer; resided in Chicago from 1873 to 1879; otherwise has always resided in Wisconsin; began practice in Burlington, Racine county, in 1879; in 1880 was elected district attorney; re-elected without opposition in 1882 and 1884; delegate to National republican convention in 1884; state senator in 1886; was elected member of the Fifty-third Congress in 1902. In 1904 he was elected to the Fifty-fourth Congress, receiving 21,072 votes, against 12,334 for Andrew Kull, democrat; 2,828 for Hamilton Utley, people's; and 1,615 for Alex. S. Kaye, prohibitionist. In 1906 he was elected to the Fifty-fifth Congress, receiving 28,235 votes, against 14,723 for Jeremiah L. Mahoney, democrat, and 1,084 for George W. White, prohibitionist. In 1908 he was elected to the Fifty-sixth congress, receiving 19,887 votes, against 11,447 for Clinton Babbitt, democrat, and 995 for John Carlisle Huffman, prohibitionist.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Columbia, Dane, Dodge and Jefferson counties. Population in 1895—180,705.

HERMAN BJORN DAHLE (Rep.), of Mount Horeb, Dane county, was born March 30, 1855, in the town of Perry, Dane county, Wisconsin; received his education in the district schools of his native town and in the University of Wisconsin. He resided at Mount Horeb from August, 1877, to March, 1888, where he conducted a general mercantile business, in which he is still interested, and is also the principal owner of the Mount Horeb bank. He never before held a political office. He was elected to congress in 1898, receiving 16,892 votes, against 15,768 votes for James E. Jones, democrat, and 846 votes for Jabez B. Smith, prohibitionist.

THIRD DISTRICT.

Grant, Iowa, Crawford, Richland, Sauk, Vernon, Juneau and Adams counties. Population in 1895—184,881.

JOSEPH WEEKS BABCOCK, of Necedah, was born in Swanton, Vt., March 6, 1850; removed with his parents to Iowa in 1855; was educated at Mount Vernon and Cedar Falls; removed from Iowa in 1881, and settled in Necedah, where he has since resided, being engaged in the manufacture of lumber; was elected to the Wisconsin assembly in 1888, and served as chairman of the Committee on Incorporations, and was re-elected in 1890; was elected chairman of the National Republican Congressional Committee in 1894, and re-elected in 1896-8; was elected to the Fifty-third and Fifty-fourth Congresses, and re-elected to the Fifty-fifth Congress as a republican, receiving 26,691 votes, against 15,168 votes for A. J. Davis, fusion democrat. He was re-elected to Congress in 1898, receiving 19,195 votes, against 12,037 for Thomas L. Cleary, democrat, and 1,025 for Richard B. Griggs, prohibitionist.



WISCONSIN REPRESENTATIVES, 56TH CONGRESS.

ALEXANDER STEWART.

HENRY A. COOPER.

JOHN J. JENKINS.

HERMAN B. DAHLE.

SAMUEL S. BARNEY.

JOHN J. ESCH.

JOSEPH W. BARCOCK.

EDWARD S. MINOR.

JAMES H. DAVIDSON.

THEOBALD OTJEN.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

The first, second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth, eleventh, twelfth, fourteenth, fifteenth, sixteenth, seventeenth, eighteenth and nineteenth wards of the city of Milwaukee (all the city, except the tenth, thirteenth, twentieth and twenty-first wards) and the towns of Franklin, Greenfield, Lake and Oak Creek, in Milwaukee county. Population in 1895—212,407.

THEODALD OTJEN (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born October 27, 1851, at West China, Michigan. He was educated at an academy at Marine City, Michigan, and at a private school in Detroit. He graduated from the Michigan University law department in 1875. He resided at Milwaukee from 1870 to 1872, and has resided there continuously since 1882. He was yard foreman of the rolling mills during the former period, and since 1875 has been an attorney at law. He was the village attorney of Bay View, Wisconsin, from 1883 to 1886, alderman of Milwaukee and member of the Milwaukee public library and museum board from April, 1887, to April, 1894. He was defeated for congress in 1892 and 1893, and for comptroller of the city of Milwaukee in 1890, but in every case running largely ahead of his ticket. He was elected to the house of representatives in 1894, receiving 17,997 votes, against 12,375 for David S. Rose, democrat, and 7,110 for Henry Smith, populist. In 1896 he was elected to the Fifty-fifth Congress, receiving 25,806 votes, against 21,429 for Robert Schilling, democrat, and 433 for Robert May, prohibitionist. He was elected to the Fifty-sixth Congress in 1898, receiving 15,903 votes, against 14,022 for Joseph G. Donnelly, democrat; 2,227 for Robert Schilling, people's; 993 for Louis A. Arnold, social democrat, and 500 for John Moser, socialist labor.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

Sheboygan, Ozaukee, Washington and Waukesha counties, and the tenth, thirteenth, twentieth and twenty-first wards of the city of Milwaukee, and the towns of Granville, Milwaukee and Wauwatosa in Milwaukee county. Population in 1895—201,095.

SAMUEL S. BARNEY (Rep.), of West Bend, Washington county, was born January 31, 1846, at Hartford, Wisconsin. He received his education in the public schools and at Lombard University at Galesburg, Ill. He taught at Hartford from 1869 to 1872, when he commenced the study of law with the late attorney general, L. F. Frisby, and was admitted to practice in 1872. He has ever since practiced law at West Bend, and is now senior member of the firm of Barney & Knechenmeister. He edited the Washington County Republican, now the Hartford Press, at West Bend, in 1872 and 1873; was superintendent of schools of Washington county for four years, beginning January 1, 1876, and was an unsuccessful candidate for congress against General Bragg in the old fifth district in 1884. He was elected to the house of representatives in 1894, receiving 18,081 votes, against Henry Blank, democrat, who received 13,057, and Fred C. Runge, populist, who received 3,794. In 1896 he was elected to the Fifty-fifth Congress, receiving 26,613 votes, against 16,492 for George W. Winans, democrat, and 557 for Henry Mensing, socialist labor candidate. He was elected to the Fifty-sixth Congress in 1898, receiving 17,056 votes, against 13,233 for Charles E. Armin, democrat; 997 for William B. Rubin, people's; 1,088 for George Eckelman, social democrat; 342 for Albert F. Hutz, socialist labor, and 228 for William Nethercut, prohibitionist.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

Waushara, Marquette, Green Lake, Fond du Lac, Winnebago, Calumet and Manitowoc counties. Population in 1895—205,106.

JAMES H. DAVIDSON (Rep.), was born June 18, 1858, in Colchester, Delaware county, New York; received a common school education in the public schools

and at Walton Academy, Walton, New York; was a teacher in the public schools of Delaware and Sullivan counties, New York, for several years, and for one year was engaged in the same occupation at Princeton, Green Lake county, Wisconsin; began the study of law at Walton, New York, in the office of Fancher & Sewell, and graduated from the Albany Law School as president of the class in 1884. Subsequently removed to Green Lake county, Wisconsin, and commenced the practice of law in that county in 1887; was elected district attorney of Green Lake county in 1888, and in 1890 was chosen chairman of the republican congressional committee for the sixth district of Wisconsin, and continued in that position until he was nominated for congress on the 20th of August, 1896. On January 1, 1892, he removed to Oshkosh, Wisconsin, and became a member of the law firm of Thompson, Harshaw & Davidson, which partnership continued for three years, when he withdrew and continued the practice alone. In May, 1895, he was appointed city attorney of that city for a term of two years; was elected to the Fifty-fifth Congress as a republican, receiving 26,649 votes, against 18,044 for William F. Gruenewald, democrat, and 626 for James F. Thompson, prohibitionist. He was elected to the Fifty-sixth Congress in 1898, receiving 20,107 votes, against 16,680 for Frank C. Stewart, democrat; 738 for William H. Clark, prohibitionist.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Buffalo, Eau Claire, Jackson, La Crosse, Monroe, Pepin and Trempealeau counties.
Population in 1895—166,315.

JOHN JACOB ESCH (Rep.), of La Crosse, was born near Norwalk, Monroe county, Wisconsin, March 20, 1861. He was educated in the public schools of Milwaukee and Sparta, Wisconsin; entered the State University in 1878, and graduated from the modern classical course in 1882. The next four years he spent in reading law and teaching at Sparta; was offered the principalship of the high school, but declined and entered the University Law School, graduating in the class of 1887. From this time to the present he has been engaged in practice at La Crosse as a member of the firm of Winter, Esch & Winter. In 1883 he organized the Sparta Rifles, afterwards known as Co. I, 3d Regiment W. N. G., and was its captain until 1887. Also helped organize Co. M, 3d Regiment W. N. G., at La Crosse, and was at one time its captain. Never held but one elective office, that of city treasurer of Sparta, and this for only one year. Has always been a republican. In 1898 he was elected to the Fifty-sixth Congress, receiving 16,125 votes, against 8,128 for John F. Doherty, democrat, and 689 for L. W. Wood, prohibitionist.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

Wood, Portage, Waupaca, Outagamie, Brown, Kewaunee and Door counties.
Population in 1895—205,580.

EDWARD S. MINOR (Rep.), of Sturgeon Bay, was born in Jefferson county, New York, in 1840. He came with his parents to Wisconsin in 1845, first settling in the town of Greenfield, Milwaukee county. He subsequently lived in the city of Milwaukee two years. He, with his parents, then settled on a farm in Sheboygan county. In 1857 he removed to Door county. He received his education in the common schools and at a private academy. In 1861 he enlisted as a private soldier in Company G, 2d Wisconsin volunteer cavalry, participating in all the raids, expeditions, engagements and battles in which the regiment took part during the war. He was promoted to corporal-sergeant, second and first lieutenant, and as such was mustered out with his regiment, December, 1865. After his return home from the army he became a merchant in Door county. He continued in this business till the spring of 1884, at which time he was appointed superintendent of the Sturgeon Bay and Lake Michigan Ship Canal, which position he held for seven years. He is the owner of some marine property, and is a licensed master of steam vessels. In connection with a large stone quarry he owns and operates a steam tug and two scows. Mr. Minor was elected to

the Wisconsin assembly in 1878, and was re-elected in 1880 and 1881. He was elected to the state senate in 1883 and 1885, and was president pro tempore of that body during the latter term. He was also a member of the Wisconsin fish commission for four years. He has held numerous local offices at various times and was mayor of the city of Sturgeon Bay in 1895. He was elected to the Fifty-fourth Congress, receiving 19,902 votes, against 15,522 for Lyman E. Barnes, democrat; 330 for A. J. Larrabee, people's, and 949 for John Faville, prohibitionist. In 1896 he was elected to the Fifty-fifth Congress, receiving 26,471 votes, against 16,845 for George W. Cate, democrat, and 580 for John W. Evans, prohibitionist. He was re-elected to Congress in 1898, receiving 16,910 votes, against 13,668 for Phil. Sheridan, democrat, and 629 for John W. Evans, prohibitionist.

NINTH DISTRICT.

Clark, Taylor, Price, Ashland, Oneida, Lincoln, Marathon, Shawano, Langlade, Forest, Florence, Marinette and Oconto counties. Population in 1895—205,313.

ALEXANDER STEWART (Rep.) was born September 12, 1829, in York county, Province of New Brunswick, and received a common school education at that place. In 1849 he removed to what is now Marathon county, and settled where the city of Wausau is now located, engaging in the lumber business, which occupation he has ever since followed. Aside from his selection as a delegate from his district to the national republican convention at Chicago in 1884, he has neither aspired to nor held public office of any description. He was elected to the Fifty-fourth Congress in 1894, receiving 22,741 votes, against 14,910 for Thomas Lynch, democrat; 2,187 for John F. Miles, people's, and 785 for John J. Sherman, prohibitionist. In 1896 he was elected to the Fifty-fifth Congress, receiving 30,438 votes, against 17,705 for William W. O'Keefe, democrat. In 1898 he was elected to the Fifty-sixth Congress, receiving 20,825 votes, against 14,378 for Wells M. Ruggles, democrat, and 663 for Edwin Kerawill, prohibitionist.

TENTH DISTRICT.

Bayfield, Douglas, Burnett, Sawyer, Washburn, Polk, Barron, Chippewa, St. Croix, Dunn and Pierce counties. Population in 1895—195,362.

JOHN J. JENKINS (Rep.), of Chippewa Falls, was born at Weymouth, England, August 20, 1843; received a common school education, and came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1852; resided at Baraboo until 1870, when he removed to Chippewa Falls, where he has ever since resided, practicing his profession as a lawyer; served during the civil war as a member of Co. A, 6th Wis. Inf.; was clerk of the Sauk county circuit court from 1867 to 1870, when he resigned; was a member of the assembly in 1872, county judge of Chippewa county from 1872 to 1876, has been city attorney of Chippewa Falls for five terms; was appointed United States attorney of the territory of Wyoming by President Grant in 1876; was elected to the house of representatives of the Fifty-fourth Congress in 1894, receiving 19,836 votes, against 9,054 for E. C. Kennedy, democrat; 1,531 for John Holt, prohibitionist, and 3,855 for William Monroe, populist. In 1896 he was elected to the Fifty-fifth Congress, receiving 28,149 votes, against 14,823 for Frederick H. Remington, democrat; scattering, 26. In 1898 he was elected to the Fifty-sixth Congress, receiving 17,601 votes, against 8,435 votes for John R. Mathews, democrat; 969 for William B. Hopkins, prohibitionist, and 864 for Carl Pieper, people's.

STATE OFFICERS.

Terms of office expire first Monday of January, 1902.

GOVERNOR.

EDWARD SCOFIELD (Rep.), of Oconto, was born in Clearfield county, Pennsylvania, March 28, 1842; received a common school education and is by occupation a lumberman; came to Wisconsin in 1868, and settled at Oconto; enlisted in Co. K, 11th Pa. Reserves, June 7, 1861; was successively promoted to corporals and sergeant, and April 15, 1863, to first lieutenant; after the battle of South Mountain was commissioned captain. He participated in all the battles and marches of his regiment up to the battle of the Wilderness, May 5, 1864, where he was taken prisoner; he was reported dead and his friends mourned him, and thus he was permitted to read his own obituary. He was a prisoner ten months, during which time he was incarcerated in twelve different southern prisons, being released at Wilmington, N. C., March 1, 1865; March 13, 1865, he was brevetted major. Since the war he has been engaged with the engineer corps of the A. & G. W. R. R., and is now a member of the Scofield & Arnold Lumber Co. He was elected state senator for the First Senate district in 1886 for four years, receiving 6,177 votes, against 5,919 votes for Amos Holgate, democrat; was chairman of the committee on engrossed bills in the 38th session; he was elected governor in 1896, receiving 264,981 votes (the largest number ever cast for a candidate for governor in Wisconsin), against 169,257 votes for Willis C. Silverthorn, democrat; 8,140 votes for Joshua H. Berkey, prohibitionist; 1,306 votes for Christ Tutthrop, socialist labor, and 407 votes for Robert Henderson, nationalist; scattering, 16. During the Spanish-American war of 1898, Governor Scofield showed great executive ability in the work of preparing the Wisconsin National Guard for the field, and gave his personal attention to the welfare of the troops while they were in the volunteer service of the United States army. He was re-elected governor in 1898, receiving 173,137 votes, against 135,353 votes for Hiram Wilson Sawyer, democrat; 8,518 votes for Albinus A. Worsley, populist; 8,078 votes for Eugene W. Chafin, prohibitionist; 2,544 votes for Howard Tuttle, social democrat of America, and 1,473 votes for Henry Riese, socialist labor.

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.

JESSE STONE (Rep.), of Watertown, Jefferson county, was born August 23, 1836, in Lincoln, Lincolnshire, England, and received his education in the common schools; came to this country in 1841 and to Wisconsin August 1, 1869; has always resided at Watertown, Jefferson county, and is a manufacturer by occupation. He was elected to the assembly in 1880 and again in 1882; was a member of the school board of the city of Watertown in 1882; was an unsuccessful candidate for the assembly in 1881 and for the state senate in 1890; was a delegate to the national convention in 1888 and also in 1892; was a member of the state central committee from 1888 until 1894, and was elected to the assembly in 1896. He was elected lieutenant governor in 1898, receiving 180,038 votes, against 126,306 votes for Peter V. Deuster, democrat; 8,267 votes for Spencer Palmer, people's; 7,846 votes for Willis W. Cooper, prohibitionist; 2,535 votes for Edward P. Hassinger, social democrat of America; 1,543 votes for Herman C. Gauger, socialist labor.

SECRETARY OF STATE.

WILLIAM H. FROELICH (Rep.), of Jackson, Washington county, was born at Jackson, his present home, June 22, 1857. His education was received in the public, private and parochial schools of the town of Jackson, and he is a graduate of the Spencer Business College, of Milwaukee. He was employed as clerk in Milwaukee from 1874 to 1877, and was assistant bookkeeper for the T. A. Chapman Company from 1878 to 1880; he entered into business for himself as a dealer in general merchandise and grain at Jackson, June 1, 1880; was postmaster at Jackson from 1881 to 1893; has been justice of the peace since 1887 and member of the school board since 1891; was first elected town clerk in 1893, and re-elected without opposition until he became secretary of state. He was nominated for the assembly in 1892, but was defeated by the democratic candidate; he was again nominated for the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,310 votes, against 2,200 for Herman Corton, democrat; he was re-elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,845 votes, against 2,463 votes for Geo. W. Jones, democrat. He was elected secretary of state in 1898, receiving 180,548 votes, against Peter Olson Stromme, democrat, who received 125,636 votes; Winfred L. Arven, people's, 7,009; Charles F. Cronk, prohibitionist, 7,664; Thomas C. P. Meyers, social democrat of America, 2,540; Eugene B. Bartell, socialist labor, 1,550.

STATE TREASURER.

JAMES O. DAVIDSON (Rep.), of Soldiers' Grove, was born in Norway, February 10, 1854, and was educated in the common schools of his native country. He came to Wisconsin in 1872, residing first at Madison, later at Boscobel, and since 1877 at Soldiers' Grove. He has been engaged for twenty-one years in the mercantile business. He was president of the village of Soldiers' Grove in 1888 and 1889, treasurer in 1892 and 1893, and again in 1897 and 1898; was elected to the assembly in 1892 and re-elected in 1894, and again in 1896. He was chairman of the republican committee of the Third Congressional District for years; was elected state treasurer in 1898, receiving 180,805 votes, against 125,115 votes for Constantine J. M. Malek, democrat; 7,986 votes for John Powers, people's; 7,803 for William Larson, prohibitionist; 2,591 for August Mohr, social democrat of America, and 1,552 for Christian Emmerich, socialist labor.

ATTORNEY GENERAL.

EMMETT R. HICKS (Rep.), was born at Waukau, Winnebago county, Wisconsin, March 7, 1854. Shortly after his birth his parents moved to the village of Omro, in Winnebago county, where they now reside. He received a common school education and finished at the high school in the village of Omro, in 1870. Taught in the country schools and in the village three years, and entered the University of Wisconsin, at Madison, in 1873. Graduated with the degree of B. S. in 1876. Taught the high school at the city of Waupun three years, studying law in the meantime in the office of Eli Hooker, with whom he boarded. Took the law course in the University of Wisconsin and graduated in 1880, taking the degree of LL. B. During this time he took special post graduate work at the university and received the degree of M. A. Immediately after graduation, opened a law office in the city of Oshkosh, where he has ever since resided and practiced law. From 1895 to 1898 he was a member of the County Board of Supervisors

of Winnebago county, and during these four years was elected and served as chairman of the Board. He was elected attorney general in 1898, receiving 180,169 votes, against 125,504 votes for H. H. Grace, democrat; 7,968 votes for Lester Woodward, people's; 7,573 votes for Wesley Mott, prohibitionist; 2,608 votes for Richard Elsner, social democrat of America, and 1,560 votes for Julius Andreesen, socialist labor.

STATE SUPERINTENDENT.

L. D. HARVEY (Rep.), was born in New Hampshire in 1848. Has resided in Wisconsin since 1850. Until fifteen years ago he lived on a farm in Rock county, and attended the district school such portions of the year as necessary attention to the work of the farm would allow. He completed a college course in Milton College in 1872, having taught four winter terms in district schools to secure money to assist in paying college expenses. Since leaving college he has had experience in the educational field covering work in private schools, ungraded village schools, high school and normal schools, and has served as a member of the Board of Education in two of the leading cities of the state—in Sheboygan for five years and Oshkosh for one year. While member of the Board of Education in Sheboygan he was also city superintendent of the schools. In the normal school work he was for seven years institute conductor and teacher of political economy and civics in the Oshkosh Normal School and for six years was president of the Milwaukee Normal School. While serving as superintendent of schools in Sheboygan he was engaged in the practice of law and in business enterprises. In 1890 he was president of the Wisconsin Teachers' Association, and since 1892 has been chairman of the legislative committee of that association. In 1897 he was vice president of the National Educational Association, and president of the library department of that association, to which office he was re-elected in 1898. He is at present the state representative on the board of directors of the National Educational Association and member of the national council of the association. In 1890 he was the republican candidate for state superintendent, but was defeated. In 1898 he was elected state superintendent, receiving 180,439 votes, against 125,314 votes for William Henry Schulz, democrat; 7,843 votes for Asa H. Craig, people's; 7,548 votes for Augustin L. Whitcomb, prohibitionist; 2,538 votes for Rudolph O. Stoll, social democrat of America, and 1,566 votes for Frank E. Wilke, socialist labor.

RAILROAD COMMISSIONER.

GRAHAM L. RICE (Rep.), of West Superior, Douglas county, Wisconsin, was born at Winona, Minn., August 22, 1858, where he received an academic education. In 1879 he removed to Pierce county, Wisconsin, engaging in business, and in 1887 removed to West Superior, Douglas county, Wisconsin, where he engaged in the newspaper business, publishing the first morning daily in Douglas county, at which place he has resided since. He is by profession a newspaper man; was secretary of the republican county committee in 1888, and appointed postmaster of West Superior by President Harrison in 1889, serving four years. In 1893 he was elected to the city council from the seventh ward of Superior, and is at present chairman of the republican city committee of Superior. He was elected railroad commissioner of Wisconsin in 1898, receiving 180,136 votes, against 125,567 votes for C. A. Wilcox, democrat; 8,032 votes for Robert E. Anger, people's; 7,589 votes for George Clithero, prohibitionist; 2,554 votes for Charles Richter, social democrat of America, and 1,579 votes for August Greifenhagen, socialist labor.

INSURANCE COMMISSIONER.

EMIL GILJOHANN (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born November 7, 1851, in that city. He received his education in the German and English Academy and public schools of Milwaukee. He learned the trade of cigar maker and packer, working at the trade for twelve years, after which he went on the road as a traveling salesman. After spending several years on the road, he embarked in the cigar business in Milwaukee, which he conducted successfully. His health failing, he was obliged to dispose of the business and went to live in the country. Returning to the city, he was appointed United States gauger December 1, 1893, which position he held until the advent of President Cleveland's last administration. Four years ago he was assistant secretary of the republican county committee of Milwaukee county, and was appointed Deputy Insurance Commissioner January 1, 1895, and upon the resignation of William A. Fricke, October 15, 1898, was appointed by the governor as Commissioner of Insurance. He was elected Commissioner of Insurance in 1898, receiving 180,019 votes, against 124,719 votes for John Franklin Schindler, democrat; 7,983 for Charles W. Teney, people's; 7,777 for Edward Berg, prohibitionist; 2,559 for Eugene H. Rooney, social democrat of America; 1,564 for Richard Koeppel, socialist labor.

WISCONSIN LEGISLATURE

SENATE

The senate consists of thirteen members, who hold their office for four years and receive a compensation of \$2000 for each regular session. Senators representing odd numbered districts were elected in 1906, and hold office until January 1, 1910. Those from even numbered districts were elected in 1904, and hold office until January 1, 1908. The population given is from the census of 1900.

The lieutenant governor is president of the senate, but can vote only in case of a tie, when he has the casting vote therein.

The senate contains 32 Republicans and 1 Democrat.

FIRST DISTRICT

Dane, Kewaunee and Marinette counties. Population, 1906—61,972.

LEO WAINE STUBBS, R. of Algoma, Kewaunee county, was born at Central, Nevada county, N. Y., April 3, 1846 and came to Wisconsin with his parents in the fall of the same year. He received a common school education and graduated at the United States naval academy at Annapolis, serving four years during the civil war as an officer in the United States navy. He resided in Racine until 1874 when he removed to Algoma, formerly Alnapee, where he has since made his home. He is master of the Bank of Algoma and publisher of the Algoma Record. Was president of the "Waukegan" battleship fund committee and attended the launching at San Francisco, November 24, 1893. He was a member of the assembly in 1874, and has been a member of the Kewaunee county board for 25 years. He was nominated for the assembly in 1879, but defeated by a narrow majority, was re-nominated in 1879 and elected by a large majority. He was elected to the state senate in 1884, receiving 4,322 votes, against 4,771 for C. C. Bailey, democrat and populist, and 294 for G. A. Jacobson, prohibitionist. Was re-elected to the state senate in 1888, receiving 5,849 votes, against 2,711 votes for Amos H. Gate, democrat.

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SECOND DISTRICT

Brown and Oconto counties. Population, 1906—61,962.

ANDREW CALDWELL MAILER, Rep., was born April 4, 1853, in DePere, Brown county, and is of Scotch parentage. He was educated in the public and private schools of DePere, Lawrence University at Appleton, Wis., University of Michigan at Ann Arbor, Rush Medical College, Chicago, and Bellevue Hospital Medical College in New York, graduating from Rush Medical College in 1875 and from Bellevue Hospital Medical College in 1882. He has lived in DePere except when engaged in teaching school and attending college. Was connected with the drug business about four years before entering the profession of medicine. He was a member of the DePere board of education six years, from 1880 to 1886, superintendent of city schools for two years, and president of the board two years; was mayor of DePere from 1892 to 1894, and health officer of the city several terms. He received the unanimous nomination for senator at the second district senatorial convention, 1896, and was elected state senator, receiving 7,040 votes against Benj. A. Godfredson, democrat, who received 5,607 votes, and Edward Cauldy, prohibitionist, who received 140 votes.

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THIRD DISTRICT.

Racine and Kenosha counties. Population, 1895—58,658.

JOHN F. REYNOLDS (Rep.), of Genoa Junction, was born in the town of Randall, in Kenosha county, July 25, 1852. He received a common school education, and attended a commercial college at Rockford, Illinois, and the State Normal School at Platteville. With the exception of nine years' residence at Rockford, he has spent his entire life farming in the town of Randall. He has been chairman of the town of Randall since 1892, and was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,137 votes, against 1,623 for George H. Kroncke, democrat, and 91 for Larrabee, populist; was re-elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,691 votes, against 1,814 votes for John M. Orvis, democrat; 60 votes for Robert S. Houston, national democrat, and 1 vote for ——— Roberts. He was elected to the state senate in 1896, receiving 5,928 votes, against 4,823 votes for L. G. Bohmerick, democrat, and 306 votes for Charles E. Erskine, prohibitionist.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

The Sixth, Thirteenth, Eighteenth and Twenty-first Wards of the City of Milwaukee, and the Village of Whitefish Bay, and the Towns of Granville and Milwaukee. Population, 1895—56,118.

J. HERBERT GREEN (Rep.), was born September 7, 1860, in Fond du Lac, Wis. Was educated in the public schools at Oshkosh; moved from Fond du Lac to Oshkosh in 1861, to Chicago in 1880 and to Milwaukee in 1884; was general salesman in wholesale dry goods house in Chicago from 1880 to 1888. Opened business in Milwaukee as retail dry goods merchant in 1888, retiring from that business in 1897, and now engaged in real estate business. Was a member of the Milwaukee county republican committee in 1896. He was elected to the state senate in 1896, receiving 6,262 votes, against Fred C. Fass, democrat-populist, who received 5,358 votes, and Jac. Four, socialist labor, who received 161 votes.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

The First, Second, Third, Fourth, Seventh, Fifteenth, Sixteenth Wards of the City of Milwaukee. Population, 1895—59,252.

FRANK A. ANSON (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born at Peru, Clinton county, New York, March 8, 1844. He received a common school education. From the age of 13 to 16 he was a sailor on the lakes. He then settled in Montpelier, Vt., where he engaged in clerking in a store. In 1863 he enlisted as a private in Battery "E," 1st Artillery 11th Vermont Reg. Vol. He was promoted to regimental commissary sergeant, thence to regimental quartermaster sergeant, thence to Second Lieutenant, Battery "C," 1st Artillery 11th Vermont Reg. Vol., thence to First Lieut. Battery "A," 1st Artillery of the same regiment; thence to adjutant of the regiment. He was mustered out of service, September 1, 1865. He served during the year 1864 and spring of 1865 in 2d Brigade (Old Vermont Brigade), 2d Division 6th Army Corps, Army of the Potomac, and participated in battles of Spottsylvania, Cold Harbor, Petersburg, June 18th to 20th, Fort Stevens, Petersburg, March 25th, Petersburg, April 2d, and Appomattox (Lee's Surrender), April 9th, 1865. He is a member of E. B. Wolcott Post No. 1, G. A. R., Milwaukee, also of the Commandery of Wisconsin, Military Order of Loyal Legion of the United States, of which he has been senior vice commander. During the years 1866-7 he was engaged in business at Whitehall, Washington county, N. Y. In 1868 he came to Wisconsin, settling in Milwaukee where he has since resided. He is a wholesale grocer. He was elected to the assembly in 1894. Appointed by Gov. Peck as a member of the Legislative Visiting Committee of the charitable and penal institutions of the state. He was re-elected to the assembly in 1896, and was a prominent candidate for speaker. He was elected to the state senate in 1898, receiving 5,571 votes, against 4,910 votes for H. J. Steinman, democrat, and 351 votes for C. J. Hamblitzer, people's.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

The Ninth, Tenth, Nineteenth and Twentieth Wards of the City of Milwaukee. Population, 1895—59,417.

WILLIAM H. DEVOS (Rep.), was born November 19, 1857, in Milwaukee, and is of Hollandish parentage; he is a graduate of Milwaukee public schools and Spencerian Business College. He was engaged in the milling business until January, 1895, and since April, 1896, has been in the coal business. He represented the 9th ward of the city of Milwaukee as alderman on the city council from April, 1894, to April, 1896; was defeated for alderman in April, 1896. He was elected to the state senate in November, 1896, receiving 6,821 votes, against Max Hottelett, democrat-populist, who received 4,966 votes, and Chas. L'Ample, socialistic labor, who received 238 votes.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

The Fourteenth and Seventeenth Wards of the City of Milwaukee, and the Villages of Cudahy, South Milwaukee and Wauwatosa, and the Towns of Lake, Oak Creek, Franklin, Greenfield and Wauwatosa. Population, 1895—57,722.

BARNEY AUGUSTUS EATON (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born October 20, 1853, in the town of Lake, Milwaukee county, and received a common school and business education in Milwaukee; has resided in Milwaukee county, excepting five years, from 1873 to 1878, when he was a resident of Georgetown, Colorado; is a farmer and small fruit grower by occupation; represented his district in the assembly in 1894; was president of the village of Cudahy in 1895-96; president of the Cudahy high school board of education in 1895, director of the Town of Lake Fire Insurance Company six years and served as school director twelve years. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,492 votes, against 1,818 for F. E. Mansfield, populist; was elected to the state senate in 1898, receiving 3,813 votes, against 3,209 votes for Thomas J. Flemming, democrat, and 597 votes for Martin S. Cyborowski, populist.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

The Fifth, Eighth, Eleventh and Twelfth Wards of the City of Milwaukee. Population, 1895—55,413.

JULIUS EDWARD ROEHR (Rep.), was born March 6, 1860, in Brooklyn, N. Y.; was educated in the public schools of Brooklyn and Milwaukee, and attended the Wisconsin University at Madison from 1879 to 1881, graduating therefrom in June, 1881; came to Wisconsin in May, 1873, settling in Milwaukee, where he has since resided; has practiced law since 1881; was nominated for member of assembly by the republicans of the eighth assembly district in 1892, and was defeated by the Bennett law issue; in the spring of 1892 he was nominated on the republican ticket for judge of the superior court, but was defeated by Judge John C. Ludwig; was appointed circuit court commissioner for Milwaukee county by Judge D. H. Johnson in 1888 and re-appointed in 1894; represented the 4th congressional district at the republican national convention at St. Louis in 1896; was elected to the senate in 1896, receiving 6,681 votes, against 5,600 for Michael Kruszka, the democrat-populist fusion candidate, and 126 for Oswald Schubert, the socialist labor candidate.

NINTH DISTRICT.

Adams, Marquette, Waushara and Wood counties. Population, 1895—54,727.

THOMAS FEARNE (Rep.), was born November 14, 1846, in the city of Hamilton, Canada, and received his education in the common schools. He came to Wisconsin in 1855, and settled in the town of Richfield, Adams county, where he resided until 1864, when he removed to Coloma, Waushara county, his present home. He is by occupation a farmer; was sheriff of Waushara county in 1883-4; in 1891-2 was clerk of his town, and for eighteen years chairman of the town board of supervisors. He was elected to the state senate in 1898, receiving 6,480 votes, against 3,288 for William A. Roblier, democrat.

TENTH DISTRICT.

Pierce and St. Croix counties. Population, 1895—48,910.

DEMPSTER W. WOODWORTH (Rep.), was born May 25, 1846, in Windham, Portage county, Ohio; was educated in the common schools of Ohio and Hiram (Ohio) College; came to Wisconsin in September, 1868, and settled at Ellsworth, Pierce county, which has ever since been his home; is a practicing physician and surgeon; was associate editor of the Pierce Co. Herald from 1869 to 1873, and partial owner of the same paper from 1884 to 1894; was an examining surgeon for U. S. pensions from 1872 to 1894. He was elected to the senate in 1894 to fill the unexpired term of Hon. Wm. H. Phipps, and re-elected in 1896, receiving 7,035 votes, against 3,997 votes for Mark M. Landerson, democrat, and 333 votes for Melvin Johnson, prohibitionist.

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ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

Burnett, Douglas and Polk counties. Population, 1895—51,995

EDGAR G. MILLS (Rep.), of West Superior, was born in the town of Aurora, Waushara county, Wis., September 15, 1860, and was educated in the common and high schools of Waushara, Marquette, Winnebago and Green Lake counties. From 1886 to 1890 he resided at St. Cloud, Minnesota. He removed to West Superior in the fall of 1890; was a candidate for the republican nomination for congress in 1894. He is a lawyer by profession, and was a member of the assembly from Douglas county, session of 1893. He was elected to the state senate in 1898, receiving 5,332 votes, against 639 votes for Joseph S. Konkel, democrat.

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TWELFTH DISTRICT.

Ashland, Barron, Bayfield, Iron, Sawyer and Washburn counties. Population, 1895—63,303.

CLARENCE A. LAMOREUX (Rep.), was born September 20, 1860, in Portage county, Wis.; was educated in the common and high schools of Wisconsin; resided in Dodge county from the time he was one year old until he was 20; in Cumberland, Wis., from 1881 to 1884, and since 1884 in Ashland; has been a practicing attorney at law since he was 21 years of age. He published the Cumberland (Wis.) Herald from 1881 to 1884; was postmaster at Cumberland for two years, resigning on account of removal to Ashland. He was elected to the senate in 1896, receiving 10,315 votes, against 4,966 votes for A. E. Kennedy, democrat.

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THIRTEENTH DISTRICT.

The County of Dodge. Population, 1895—47,851.

MICHAEL ANSELM JACOBS (Dem.), of Beaver Dam, was born March 26, 1860, in Lomira, Dodge county, Wisconsin, removing to the town of Beaver Dam with his parents March 20, 1868. He was educated in the district schools of Lomira and Beaver Dam and St. Mary's school of the latter city, completing his studies with one term at Mt. Calvary College. He acquired most of his education after leaving school, possessing a private library of over six hundred volumes. He resided with his parents, working upon the farm, until February 26, 1887, when he removed to the city of Beaver Dam, and engaged in the retail lumber and coal business, in which he continued for four and one half years, when in company with a few others he organized the German National Bank of Beaver Dam, which opened for business August 5, 1891, Mr. Jacobs being chosen assistant cashier and one of the directors. He was elected clerk of the town of Beaver Dam in the spring of 1884, and re-elected in 1885 and 1886, resigning in February, 1887, on account of removing from the town to the city; was elected county clerk of Dodge county in November, 1888, and re-elected in November, 1890, holding the

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office two full terms. Mr. Jacobs was appointed chief clerk of the General Land Office at Washington, D. C., April 6, 1893, and continued in that position until December 20, 1893, when he resigned on account of urgent personal business at home. While chief clerk he was appointed World's Fair Commissioner for the Interior Department to the World's Fair at Chicago, and had charge of the opening of the Cherokee outlet in Oklahoma in September, 1893, by special appointment from Hoke Smith, Secretary of the Interior; was delegate to second congressional democratic convention in 1892 and chairman of the democratic congressional committee from 1892 to 1894; was delegate to the thirteenth judicial district convention held at Waukesha in 1896, which nominated J. J. Dick for circuit judge. Is at present actively engaged in the lumber and coal business at Beaver Dam. He was elected to the state senate in 1898, receiving 4,874 votes, against 4,043 for David P. Doty, republican.

FOURTEENTH DISTRICT.

Outagamie and Shawano counties. Population, 1895—66,077.

A. B. WHITMAN (Rep.), was born April 1, 1854, in Turner, Maine; was educated in the common schools at Hortonville, Wis.; afterwards attended Lawrence University, from which he graduated in 1875; came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1857, first settling at Algoma, now part of the city of Oshkosh; afterwards moved to Hortonville, Outagamie county, where he worked in a saw mill and in the lumber woods, attending school part of the time; resided at Oshkosh (then called Algoma) from 1857 to 1859; at Hortonville from 1859 to 1870; went to Appleton in 1870, where he took a course at Lawrence University; taught school in Sturgeon Bay and northern Wisconsin eight years; studied law while teaching school and was admitted to the bar in 1882; settled in Appleton and practices law and deals in real estate; was city superintendent of schools in Appleton from 1882 to 1889, district attorney of Outagamie county from 1889 to 1891; city attorney of Appleton in 1894, 1895 and 1896; organized the Appleton Advancement Association, an organization to legitimately develop Appleton and Fox River Valley industries, and as secretary of this association, has helped start many industries at Appleton. He was elected to the senate in 1896, receiving 8,427 votes, against 5,733 votes for Dr. H. R. McComb, democrat and populist; 196 votes for J. B. Sanborn, prohibitionist, and 52 votes for B. M. Gurnee, nationalist.

FIFTEENTH DISTRICT.

Calumet and Manitowoc counties. Population, 1895—58,546.

NORMAN A. KNUDSON (Rep.), of Manitowoc, was born in that city April 30, 1874, which place has ever been his home. He was educated in the high school of Manitowoc, and his occupation is that of a clerk. He has always taken great interest in military affairs; was mustered into the Wisconsin National Guard in 1890, and at the call of the President for volunteers, patriotically tendered his services to the government, and was mustered into the United States army May 12, 1898, as First Lieutenant of Co. H, Second Wisconsin volunteers, participating in the Porto-Rican expedition during the Spanish-American war. He was elected to the state senate in 1898, receiving 4,891 votes, against 4,854 votes for John P. Watt, democrat, and 74 votes for Abraham Andrews, social democrat of America.

SIXTEENTH DISTRICT.

Grant and Iowa counties. Population, 1895—61,819.

CHARLES HENRY BAXTER (Rep.), of Lancaster, Grant county, was born in Stillwater, Saratoga county, New York, November 15, 1841, and was educated in the public schools in New York and Wisconsin; came to Wisconsin in 1857 and settled on a farm near Lancaster; enlisted as private in Company C, 25th Regiment Wisconsin Volunteer Infantry, in August, 1862; was with that regiment until after the fall of Vicksburg; was also private in Company A, 41st

Regiment Wisconsin Volunteer Infantry, and afterward captain Company K, 4th Regiment Wisconsin Volunteer Infantry; was appointed chief of ordnance, district of Middle Tennessee, by Gen. Geo. H. Thomas, and attached to the staff of Gen. Van Cleve and Gen. Milroy; was mayor of the city of Lancaster; member of the council; member of county board of supervisors; member republican state central committee eight years; chairman of the county central committee twenty years; president Southwestern Wisconsin Veterans' Association ten years; delegate at large to the G. A. R. encampment in California in 1885; also in Boston, Mass., in 1890; was the republican candidate for the assembly in 1886; was elected to the state senate in 1892, receiving 5,972 votes, against 5,211 for Jacob Bremer, democrat, and three scattering; was elected to the state senate in 1896, receiving 8,440 votes, against Morton Eastman, democrat, who received 5,727 votes.

SEVENTEENTH DISTRICT.

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La Fayette and Green Counties, and the Towns of Avon, Beloit, Clinton, Newark, Plymouth, Spring Valley, Turtle, and the Village of Clinton, and the City of Beloit, in the County of Rock. Population, 1895—61,000.

HARRY CHAPMAN MARTIN (Rep.), of Darlington, La Fayette county, Wis., was born at Darlington, December 15, 1854, and received his early education in the public schools of that place, after which he taught school for one year and then attended the University of Wisconsin, from which institution he graduated in 1879. Immediately thereafter he returned home and studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1881, and has ever since been practicing law at Darlington. Very soon after his admission to the bar he was appointed county superintendent of schools of La Fayette county, and was twice thereafter elected to that office, holding the office of county superintendent for nearly six years. In 1887 he was elected mayor of the city of Darlington and was re-elected in 1888. He was city attorney for several years thereafter and was elected district attorney of La Fayette county in 1892; was a member of the republican state central committee for four years; is at present president of the school board of the city of Darlington; was elected to the assembly in 1895 to fill vacancy occasioned by the death of James Freeman; was elected to the state senate in 1898, receiving 6,584 votes, against 3,794 votes for Renaldo R. Fleck, democrat.

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EIGHTEENTH DISTRICT.

Fond du Lac and Green Lake counties. Population, 1895—63,375.

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LYMAN WELLINGTON THAYER (Rep.), was born October 30, 1854, at Wausau, Wis.; was educated in Wausau common schools and Jones' Commercial College at St. Louis, Mo. Lived at Wausau until 1886 when he removed to Ripon, where he has since resided. Was engaged in lumbering at Wausau until 1886, and has since been engaged in stockraising. Has been repeatedly elected chairman of the town of Ripon since 1890; was chairman of county board of supervisors of Fond du Lac county in 1895; was elected to the assembly in 1892 and to the state senate in 1894 to fill the unexpired term of Hon. S. M. Sinend, resigned. Was made chairman of the joint committee on apportionment, and also chairman of the joint special committee on apportionment at the special session of the legislature in February, 1896; was re-elected to the senate in 1896, receiving 8,229 votes against 6,617 votes for Benj. F. Sweet, fusion democrat. He was elected president pro tempore of the senate in 1897, and in 1899. Mr. Thayer was also honored with the chairmanship of the joint legislative caucus that nominated Hon. J. V. Quarles to the United States senate.

NINETEENTH DISTRICT.

The County of Winnebago. Population, 1895—57,627.

HENRY IRWIN WEED (Dem.), of Oshkosh was born in Livingston county, New York, on the 10th day of February, 1861. His father was killed at the battle of the Wilderness and in 1865 his mother and grandparents moved with him

to Wisconsin, where they settled on a farm in the town of Utica, Winnebago county. He was educated in the common schools and in the universities at Appleton and Madison. After leaving the state university he studied law, was admitted to the bar in 1883 and has since practiced law in Oshkosh. He was a member of the staff of Governor Peck with the rank of colonel. From 1890 to 1895 he was city attorney of Oshkosh and in 1896 was the nominee of his party for attorney general. He was elected to the state senate in 1898, receiving 5,269 votes, against 5,136 votes for George A. Buckstaff, republican, and 271 votes for Carlos Judson, prohibitionist.

TWENTIETH DISTRICT.

Ozaukee and Sheboygan counties. Population, 1895—64,941.

FRED A. DENNETT (Rep.), was born May 19, 1849, in Greenville, Piscataquis Co., Maine; came to Wisconsin with parents at age of two years, and settled three miles north of Sheboygan at Pigeon river; moved thence to Sheboygan, where he lived two years, and thence to Sheboygan Falls, where he lived until 21 years of age; was educated in the common schools at Sheboygan Falls, Wis., and Bryant, Stratton & Spencer's Commercial College, Milwaukee. He went to Beloit in the employ of Proctor & Stone, reaper manufacturers, and was afterward secretary of that company. Was subsequently engaged in manufacturing binders and mowers in Milwaukee; was for two years general eastern agent for Wm. Deering & Co., of Philadelphia; returned to Sheboygan in 1886 to engage in the manufacture of furniture, where he has since resided. He established the Wisconsin Chair Co. at Port Washington in 1888, which at present employs 400 hands. He was chief clerk of the senate in 1875, and for ten consecutive years previous held the different clerkships in the assembly; was for several sessions bookkeeper and assistant clerk. He was elected to the state senate in 1896, receiving 8,263 votes, against 5,346 votes for James Leahy, democrat-populist candidate.

TWENTY-FIRST DISTRICT.

Portage and Waupaca counties. Population, 1895—59,324.

WILLIAM H. HATTEN (Rep.), New London, Wis., was born in state of New York. Occupation, lumberman. He was elected to state senate in 1898, receiving 5,958 votes, against 2,934 for Dr. Carl von Neupert, democrat, and 256 for E. C. Williams, prohibitionist.

TWENTY-SECOND DISTRICT.

The towns of Bradford, Center, Fulton, Harmony, Janesville, Johnstown, Lima, La Prairie, Magnolia, Milton, Porter, Rock and Union, and the cities of Evansville, Edgerton and Janesville, in the county of Rock, and the towns of Aztalan, Jefferson, Koshkonong, Lake Mills, Milford, Oakland, Sumner and Waterloo, and the cities of Fort Atkinson and Jefferson, in the county of Jefferson. Population, 1895—50,352.

JOHN M. WHITEHEAD (Rep.), was born July 29, 1852, on a farm near Hillsboro, Illinois. Was educated at a select school, Hillsboro Academy, preparatory department of Wabash College, Crawfordsville, Ind. (1871-2), Williston Seminary, Easthampton, Mass. (1872-3), Yale College (1873-77), where he took the degree of A. B. He studied law in the office of Leaming & Thompson at Chicago, and was admitted to the bar of Illinois in October, 1880, and to the bar of Wisconsin in September, 1883. He came to Wisconsin in August, 1883, settling at Janesville, where he has since resided. Has been a member of the county board of Rock county, representing the 4th ward of Janesville. Was elected to the state senate in 1896, receiving 7,105 votes, against 4,725 votes for W. W. Reed, democrat, and 1 vote for W. T. Vankirk.

TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT.

The county of Walworth, and the towns of Cold Springs, Concord, Farmington, Hebron, Ixonia, Palmyra, Sullivan and Watertown, and the village of Palmyra, and the First, Second, Third, Fourth and Seventh wards of the city of Watertown, in the county of Jefferson. Population, 1895—47,449.

JOHN H. HARRIS (Rep.), was born August 29, 1856, in Antwerp, Jefferson county, New York, receiving his education at Ives Seminary in that city. In

1879 he came to Wisconsin and settled at Clinton Junction, afterwards removing to Spring Prairie and from that place to Elkhorn, Walworth county, where he now resides, his business being that of a butter and cheese manufacturer. He was supervisor of the town of Elkhorn in 1896, 1897 and 1898. He was elected to the state senate in 1898, receiving 4,410 votes, against 3,158 for Louis C. Baker, democrat, and 850 votes for Lorenzo D. Tracy, prohibitionist.

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TWENTY-FOURTH DISTRICT.

Buffalo, Eau Claire and Pepin counties. Population, 1895—57,670.

JOHN W. WHELAN (Rep.), was born Nov. 1, 1845, and is a native of Wisconsin. He was educated in the common schools and Wisconsin University, graduating from the latter institution in the class of 1871; resided at Monches, Waukesha county, from 1845 to 1872; Fort Worth, Texas, from 1872 to 1874; Eau Claire, Wis., from 1874 to 1876; Mondovi, Buffalo county, from 1876 to the present time; taught several terms of school prior to 1872; studied law with Judge Barclay at Fort Worth, Texas, and at Eau Claire, and was admitted to the bar in that city in 1876, and has practiced law ever since at Mondovi; lives on a farm of 500 acres adjoining Mondovi city; has been president of the Bank of Mondovi since its organization; was member of the Wisconsin legislature in 1889 and 1890, and served several terms as chairman of the county board of supervisors of Buffalo county; was nominated for the assembly in 1890 on the republican ticket, but was defeated by John Leonhardy, democrat. He was elected to the senate in 1896, receiving 7,943 votes, against 3,857 for Victor Wolf, democrat, and 225 votes for John D. Eldridge, prohibitionist.

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TWENTY-FIFTH DISTRICT.

Clark and Marathon counties. Population, 1895—57,940.

ANDREW L. KREUTZER (Rep.), of Wausau, Marathon county, was born in the year 1863, in Germantown, Washington county, and received his education in the common schools and the Law Department of the University of Wisconsin. He resided for a time in the village of Grafton, Ozaukee county. He is by profession a lawyer and a member of the law firm of Bump, Kreutzer & Rosenberry. He was elected district attorney of Marathon county in 1894, and was re-elected to the same office in 1896, overcoming a large democratic majority. He was appointed by Governor Upham a commissioner to the Atlanta Exposition in 1895; was appointed on Governor Scofield's staff with the rank of colonel, and was the acting judge advocate general of the Wisconsin National Guard during the years 1897-8. He was elected to the senate in 1898, receiving 5,314 votes, against 2,708 for R. B. Salter, democrat.

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TWENTY-SIXTH DISTRICT.

The county of Dane. Population, 1895—65,669.

CHAUNCEY B. WELTON (Rep.) was born September 1, 1844, at Sharon, Ohio. He was educated in the common schools and the academy at Weymouth, Ohio; came to Wisconsin in May, 1855, but returned to Ohio in 1858; went to Michigan at the close of the civil war and moved from there to Wisconsin in 1877; resided at Rockton, Vernon county, from 1877 to 1882, at Windsor from 1882 to 1884, and has since been a resident of Madison. Was in the mercantile business at Allegan, Mich., in 1873-4; Kalamazoo, Mich., in 1875-6; Rockton, Wis., 1878 to 1881; Windsor, Wis., 1882-3; and in Madison since 1884. He was clerk of the town of Whitestown, Vernon county, in 1881, and commander of the Department of Wisconsin G. A. R., in 1892; served in the war of the Rebellion in Co. I, 103d Ohio Vol. Inf., from August 21, 1862, to close of war. He was elected to the state senate in 1896, receiving 9,016 votes, against 6,607 votes for Wm. Charleton, democrat, and 438 votes for J. B. Smith, prohibitionist.

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TWENTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Columbia and Sauk counties. Population, 1895—63,787.

WILLIAM G. BISSELL (Rep.), of Lodi, was born September 18, 1857, at Massena, St. Lawrence county, New York, removing to Lodi, Wisconsin, in the spring of 1866, with his parents, who settled upon a farm. He received his education in the public schools and at Albion Academy. His occupation was that of a farmer and traveling salesman until 1896, when he engaged in the business of general merchandising at Lodi. He was elected to the state senate in 1898, receiving 6,364 votes, against 3,948 for Edmund S. Baker, democrat, and 377 votes for James M. Blachly, prohibitionist.

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TWENTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT.

Crawford, Richland and Vernon counties. Population, 1895—63,857.

OLIVER G. MUNSON (Rep.), of Viroqua, was born March 2, 1856, in Howard county, Iowa; was educated in the common and high schools of Iowa and Minnesota; came to Wisconsin in 1876; resided in Richland Center ten years and at Viroqua thirteen years; is an editor and publisher, having published the Richland Republican ten years and the Vernon County Censor eleven years; has been city clerk of Richland Center, supervisor from city of Viroqua, bookkeeper in the state senate several terms and assistant chief clerk of the assembly two terms. He was elected to the senate in 1896, receiving 9,361 votes, against 5,221 votes for B. F. Washburn, the fusion candidate, and 1 vote for A. J. Shaufl.

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TWENTY-NINTH DISTRICT.

Chippewa and Dunn counties. Population, 1895—53,753.

JAMES H. STOUT (Rep.), of Menomonie, was born at Dubuque, Iowa, September 25, 1848, and was educated in the public schools of Dubuque and in the Chicago University. He came to Wisconsin in 1889, and has ever since been engaged in the lumber business at Menomonie. He has been for several years one of the trustees of the Dunn county insane asylum; president of the Menomonie board of education, life member of the Dubuque library and life trustee of the Findlay hospital at Dubuque. He was elected to the senate in 1894, receiving 7,298 votes against 1,405 for Carl Preper, populist, and ten scattering; was re-elected to the senate in 1898, receiving 4,341 votes, against 2,712 votes for Wilson Hopkins, democrat.

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THIRTIETH DISTRICT.

Florence, Forest, Langlade, Lincoln, Onelda, Price, Taylor and Vilas counties. Population—1895, 56,611.

DANIEL E. RIORDAN (Rep.) was born September 7, 1863, in Berlin, Green Lake county, Wis.; was educated in Berlin high school and Valparaiso (Indiana) normal school; studied law in the office of R. L. D. Potter at Berlin, Wis., and in the office of J. F. Riordan at Hayward, Wis.; resided at Berlin until 1891, at Hayward from 1891 to 1892, and at Eagle River, Vilas county, from 1892 to the present time; taught school, attended school and studied law until 1892; was admitted to the bar in 1892 and has since practiced law; was appointed judge of the municipal court of Vilas county by Gov. Upham in April, 1895, and still holds the office; was nominated for the office of district attorney of Vilas county in 1896 and declined; was elected to the senate in 1896, receiving 10,837 votes, against 6,195 votes for H. R. Fehland, democrat.

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THIRTY-FIRST DISTRICT.

Jackson, Juneau and Monroe counties. Population, 1895—61,826.

JAMES J. MCGILLIVRAY (Rep.), of Black River Falls, Jackson county, was born at Barrachios, Gasble county, Canada, East, June 16, 1848. He received his education in the common schools, and came to Wisconsin, making his home at Black River Falls, November 21, 1866. He is an architect and manufacturer of sash, doors and blinds. He was elected to the assembly in 1890, and re-elected in 1892. During his first term in the assembly he was sponsor of the "anti-trust bill," also the bills exempting wide tired wagons from taxes; for reduction of interest on money loaned to school districts from 6 and 7 to 4 per cent., and reduction of interest on tax sale certificates from 25 to 15 per cent. In the senate in 1897, he introduced and was instrumental in securing the passage of bills to prohibit the state from accepting bounties from cities and towns for the location of public institutions; exempting sugar factories from taxation for five years; to promote the health of children of the state by causing vaccine to be stamped by the manufacturer; to promote health and honesty in the dairy interests; also a memorial to congress requesting that body to submit to the people of the United States a constitutional amendment empowering them to control trusts and combinations. Mr. McGillivray was the author of the anti-trust bill, designed to enable the state to regulate trusts, which was passed by both houses but vetoed by the Governor. Not discouraged by the veto he obtained permission to introduce another bill to overcome the objections of the Governor. He was the second member of the committee on claims, second on the committee on state affairs and during his entire service in the legislature has taken an active and earnest part in all the important legislation. He was elected to the state senate in 1894, receiving 8,573 votes against 3,820 for J. R. Hinckley, democrat, and 491 for D. L. Brown, prohibitionist, and re-elected in 1898, receiving 6,769 votes, against 3,816 votes for G. W. Bishop, democrat.

THIRTY-SECOND DISTRICT.

La Crosse and Trempealeau counties. Population, 1895—65,573.

LEVI WITHEE (Rep.), of La Crosse, La Crosse county, was born in Norridge-wood, Me., October 26, 1834, and received a common school education in Maine; came to Wisconsin in 1853, and settled at La Crosse; has for the most of the time resided there since; is by occupation a lumberman; has not before held public office; was elected state senator in 1892, receiving 5,802 votes, against 5,203 for George Y. Freeman, democrat, 644 for John N. Jones, people's party, and 38 for C. H. Van Wormer, prohibitionist; was re-elected state senator in 1896, receiving 9,545 votes, against 4,739 votes for Herman E. Simpson, democrat.

THIRTY-THIRD DISTRICT.

Washington and Waukesha counties. Population, 1895—60,639.

ALFRED MILES JONES (Rep.), of Waukesha, was born February 5, 1837, in the New England village of New Durham, New Hampshire, and was educated in the H. P. Kimball Institute at Rockford, Ill. He came to Wisconsin in 1894, and settled in the city of Waukesha. Previous to his coming to the state he was a resident of Hebron, McHenry county, and Warren, Jo Daviess county, Ill.; was a member of the lower house of the Illinois legislature of 1872, 1873 and 1874; a member of the board of commissioners of Joliet penitentiary, being for three years and six months its secretary; collector of internal revenue of the northern district of Illinois; United States marshal of the northern district of Illinois under President Garfield, and for twelve years chairman of Illinois republican state central committee. He was elected to the state senate in 1898, receiving 6,060 votes, against 5,452 for Thomas McCarty, democrat, and 240 for Thomas Dimond, prohibitionist.

ASSEMBLY.

The assembly consists of 100 members, who are chosen biennially by districts, and who receive a compensation of \$500 for their term of office. The speaker is chosen by the members, and receives \$500 for his services.

The assembly contains 81 republicans, 19 democrats.

ADAMS AND MARQUETTE COUNTIES.

Population in 1895—17,735.

CHARLES H. KEMPLEY (Rep.), of Packwaukee, was born January 30, 1848, on a farm in the town of Yorkville, Racine county, Wisconsin, removing to Marquette county with his parents in 1850 and settling on a farm in the town of Buffalo, where he has since resided. He received his education in a district school and business college. He is by occupation a farmer and breeder of blooded stock. He has held several town offices and has been chairman of the town of Buffalo for five years. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 2,460 votes, against 1,142 for Robert J. Walsh, democrat. p

ASHLAND AND IRON COUNTIES.

Population in 1895—22,579.

FRANK LOGAN (Rep.), of Hurley, Iron county, was born in Wattsburg, Erie county, Pennsylvania, February 4, 1848. He came to Wisconsin in 1868, and located at Badger, Portage county, afterwards removing to Waupaca county and later to Iron county. He is by occupation a farmer and lumberman; was clerk of the town of Knight, Iron county, in 1890, supervisor in 1891, highway commissioner in 1892, chairman of the town board of supervisors in 1893 and 1895, and sheriff of Iron county in 1897 and 1898. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 2,285 votes, against 1,773 for John Litomius, democrat. p

BARRON COUNTY.

Population in 1895—20,122.

KAPP E. RASMUSSEN (Rep.) was born October 17, 1860, in Island of Laland, Denmark; came to the United States in 1867, and settled at Pine Lake, Waukesha county, Wisconsin; has also resided in Adams and Marquette counties, and in Barron county since 1881. He was educated in the common schools of Oxford and other schools of Marquette and Adams counties; read law in the office of Judge W. P. Swift for three years, from 1882 to 1884, being admitted to the bar of Barron county in 1884; was clerk of the town of Stanfold that year, city attorney of Rice Lake in 1892, and supervisor for first ward, Rice Lake, from 1893 to 1897. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 1,736 votes, against 613 for Frank H. Partlow, democrat, and 135 for Charles S. Ganett, people's. p

DAYFIELD, SAWYER AND WASHBURN COUNTIES.

Population in 1895—20,602.

ARTHUR WILLIAM McLEOD (Rep.), of Washburn, Bayfield county, was born September 26, 1872, in Alpena, Michigan. He came to Wisconsin in 1886,

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and settled at Eagle River, Vilas county; was educated in high schools of this state and the University of Wisconsin. He is by profession a lawyer; was city attorney of Washburn in 1895 and 1896, district attorney of Bayfield county in 1897 and 1898, and secretary of the congressional committee of the tenth district two terms. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 2,148 votes, against 724 for William H. Packard, democrat.

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BROWN COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Ashwaubenon, Howard, Pittsfield, Suamico and the city of Green Bay. Population in 1895—22,823.

THOMAS J. McGRATH (Rep.), of Green Bay, was born January 15, 1859, in Victoria county, Canada; was educated in the common schools of Canada and by private study; came to this country and to Wisconsin in December, 1875; lived in Waupaca county from 1875 to 1877; in Minnesota from 1877 to 1888; and since that time in Green Bay, Brown county. He was a farmer and general laborer up to 1880, carpenter and jobber from 1880 to 1884; railroad bridge builder from 1884 to 1890, and since that time, a general contractor; cast his first vote for James A. Garfield for president; was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,704 votes, against 1,724 votes for John E. Shaughnessy, democrat, and 61 votes for Dr. W. M. Ringsdorf, prohibitionist; was re-elected in 1898, receiving 1,923 votes, against 1,490 for Albert L. Gray, democrat.

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Second District. The towns of Allouez, Bellevue, De Pere, Eaton, Glenmore, Green Bay, Holland, Humboldt, Lawrence, Morrison, New Denmark, Preble, Rockland, Scott and Wrightstown, and the city of De Pere.

Population in 1895—22,800.

MICHAEL J. FLAHERTY (Dem.), of Stark, was born July 7, 1862, in the town of Morrison, Brown county, and was educated in the schools of Morrison and Glenmore. His business is that of a general live stock dealer and farmer. He was the treasurer of the school district in which he resides during 1895, and was again elected to the same position in 1898; was treasurer of the town of Morrison in 1898, which position he now holds. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 1,636 votes, against 1,427 for Thomas Turriff, republican.

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BUFFALO AND PEPIN COUNTIES.

Population in 1895—24,498.

HENRY ROETTIGER, Jr. (Rep.), of Fountain City, Buffalo county, was born at Fountain City, his present home, where he received a common school education. His business is that of carpenter and general contractor, and he has held the offices of city clerk, city treasurer, city mayor, supervisor and county treasurer. Was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 2,629 votes, against 1,410 for William B. Smith, democrat.

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BURNETT AND POLK COUNTIES.

Population, 1895—22,009.

LESTER B. DRESSER (Rep.), of St. Croix Falls, was born in Osceola, Polk Co., Wisconsin, Sept. 3, 1864. He attended district school until seventeen years of age, then entered the Northern Indiana Normal school at Valparaiso, Ind., from which he graduated in 1883. In 1884 he was elected principal of the high school at St. Croix Falls, Wis., which position he held for two years, giving it up for the superintendency of schools of Polk county, which he held for four years. In 1889 he was elected village clerk of St. Croix Falls, and was re-

elected to this office four times. He has served four consecutive terms as president of that village. He also has served on the school board. He entered the general merchandise business in 1890, and still follows it. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,383 votes, against Simon Thorson, independent republican candidate, whose vote was 1,564, and A. M. Greely (fusion candidate) of the democratic and people's party, who received 1,025 votes; was re-elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 2,546 votes, against 452 for George H. Ely, fusion.

CALUMET COUNTY

Population, 1895--17,744.

JEREMIAH WALLACE BALDOCK (Rep.), of Brant, was born in Parma, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, March 11, 1842; came to Wisconsin in 1852, locating in Chilton, Calumet county in 1853; received a common school education and is engaged in farming. He enlisted in Co. A, 18th Wis. Vol. Inf., in 1861, and was transferred to Co. K in March, 1862; re-enlisted as a veteran at Huntsville, Ala., in the winter of 1863-4; was taken prisoner at the battle of Shiloh, April 6, 1862, and was among the number of Wisconsin paroled prisoners sent to quell the Indian disturbances of 1862 in this state; rejoined the regiment at Vicksburg, May, 1863, and took part in the siege of that city; also in the battles around Chattanooga in the fall of 1863; was with the regiment guarding railroad and skirmishing at Allatoona, Ga., and in the memorable chase after General Wheeler through east and middle Tennessee, August, 1864; was in the battles of Allatoona, October 5, 1864, and Kingston, N. C., March, 1865; at the surrender of Johnson, and review at Washington, D. C.; was promoted from private to corporal, sergeant and lieutenant. He has been many years commander of Post No. 40, G. A. R., and president of Calumet County Veterans' Association; was elected member of the assembly in 1898, receiving 1,463 votes, against 1,320 for Andrew Hopfensperger, democrat, and 63 for William R. Bishop, people's.

CHIPPEWA COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Lafayette, Sigel, Tilden and Wheaton, the village of Ondott, and the Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, Eighth, Ninth and Tenth wards of the city of Chippewa Falls.

Population in 1895--14,211.

LYCURGUS J. RUSK (Rep.), of Chippewa Falls, was born March 13, 1851, in the county of Perry, state of Ohio, and in 1852 came with his parents to Viroqua, Vernon county, Wisconsin. He received his education in the village schools of Viroqua and the University of Wisconsin, graduating from the latter with the class of 1870. His profession is that of a lawyer. He was Governor Rusk's private secretary during the years 1882, 1883, 1884 and 1885, and now holds the appointment from the supreme court as one of the members of the Board of Examiners for Admission to the Bar. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 1,136 votes, against 1,088 for Albert Nunke, democrat.

Second District. The towns of Anson, Arthur, Auburn, Big Bend, Bloomer (including village of Bloomer), Cleveland, Colborn, Eagle Point, Eksen (including Boyd village), Flambeau, Lawrence and the First ward of the city of Chippewa Falls.

Population in 1895--14,516.

JOHN W. THOMAS (Rep.), of Anson, was born in Wales, March 31, 1846, coming to this country with his parents in 1849. His first residence was in Tioga county, Pennsylvania, where he received a common school education. He was left an orphan at the age of seven, and came to Wisconsin in 1857 with a

family of friends, with whom he settled in the town of Anson. He is a farmer and dairyman by occupation, and received first premium on wheat and dairy butter at the world's fair. He enlisted in February, 1864, in the Thirty-sixth Wisconsin Volunteers, serving to the end of the war. He participated in the brilliant service of his regiment in Grant's campaign of 1864, before Richmond and Petersburg. He was town clerk seven years, secretary of the school board for three years, and served four years as town treasurer, two years as supervisor and seven years as town chairman. He was chairman of the county board for two years, was elected county treasurer in 1884, and was defeated for reelection in 1886 by a small majority, receiving over five hundred votes more than Governor Rusk in the county. He was president of the Chippewa County Agricultural Society in 1883, and has served eight years as secretary. He was treasurer of the Eagle Point Insurance company two years and director for 14 years, which position he now holds, and has become by his long service and intimate connection with local affairs, an expert in town and county matters. In 1897 he was appointed by the governor a member of the State Board of Agriculture, and reappointed in 1899 for three years. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, and re-elected in 1896, receiving 1,931 votes, against 1,436 for Henry Kramer, democrat and populist, and 60 for Chas. S. Oliver, prohibitionist; was re-elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 1,241 votes, against 998 for Robert Coddington, democrat. P

CLARK COUNTY.

Population in 1895—21,342.

LAFAYETTE M. STURDEVANT (Rep.), of Neillsville, Clark county, was born September 17, 1856, in Chandler's Valley, Pennsylvania. He came to Wisconsin in 1865 and settled in the town of Pine Valley, Clark county. He grew to manhood upon the farm and was educated in the schools of his county. By strict application to his studies he was able to secure a certificate to teach, and from 1872 to 1878 taught school and studied law. By profession he is a lawyer, having been admitted to the bar in 1878. He held the office of district attorney of his county four years, 1884, 1885, 1890 and 1891, and was chairman of the Clark county republican committee from 1894 to 1898. He was elected to the assembly from Clark county in 1898, receiving 2,120 votes, against 904 for Samuel J. Shafer, democrat, and 91 for Leicester Allen, prohibitionist. P P a

COLUMBIA COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Arlington, Caledonia, Dekorra, Fort Winnebago, Lewiston, Lodi (including village of Lodi), Newport (including Kilbourn City village), Pacific and West Point, and the village of Poynette, and the city of Portage.

Population in 1895—15,122.

JABEZ H. WELLS (Rep.), of Portage, Columbia county, was born at Fort Winnebago, Columbia county, October 10, 1853, and was educated in the common schools of his county. His business is that of hotel keeper and he is proprietor of the Emder house at Portage. He held the office of clerk of Portage city in 1882, and clerk of the circuit court of Columbia county from 1883 to 1887. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 1,349 votes, against 1,008 for Daniel H. Grady, democrat, and 503 for Adam Faucett, independent. P

Second District. The towns of Columbus, Courtland (including Cambria village), Fountain Prairie, Hampden, Leeds, Lowville, Marcellon, Otsego, Randolph, Scott, Springvale and Wyocena and the villages of Pardeeville, Rio and the West ward of the village of Randolph, and the city of Columbus.

Population in 1895—15,746.

GEORGE WYLIE (Rep.), of Leeds, Columbia county, was born January 6, 1848, near Campbelltown, Argyleshire, Scotland, and received a common school

education; came to this country and to Wisconsin in 1857; resided at Wauwatosa, Milwaukee county, from 1857 to 1864, and at Leeds, Columbia county, from 1864 to the present time; is by occupation a farmer and breeder of pure bred short horn cattle and Poland China swine; was chairman of the town of Leeds continuously from 1883 to 1890 and again elected chairman in 1896-97-98. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,573 votes, against 1,100 for Samuel Sampson, democrat and populist, and 168 for Robert F. Roberts, prohibitionist. March 2, 1899, was appointed by Acting Governor Stone a member of the State Board of Agriculture. Was re-elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 1,972 votes against 990 for Peter C. Irvine, democrat. P

CRAWFORD COUNTY.

Population in 1895—17,203.

HUGH PORTER (Rep.), of Seneca, was born in Morgan county, Ohio, Sept. 23, 1843. He received a common school education, and by occupation is a farmer; came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1854, and settled at a place then called Newport, in Columbia county, removing in 1855 to Allamakee county, Iowa; thence to his present home in August of the same year, where he has since resided. Entered the service in February, 1865, as a private in Company F, 49th Wis. Regt. Vol. Inf., being discharged in November following; has since been engaged in farming and has held different town offices. Was elected member of assembly in 1886, re-elected in 1888, and again in 1898, receiving 1,828 votes, against 1,213 for Peter N. Peterson, democrat. P

DANE COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Blooming Grove, Burke, Dunn, Madison, Rutland, and the city of Madison.

Population in 1895—22,002.

GEORGE EDWIN BRYANT (Rep.), of Madison, was born February 11, 1832, in the village of Baldwinville, town of Templeton, Worcester county, Massachusetts. Mr. Bryant takes pride in the fact that in political sentiment he is a firm believer in the policies, principles and theories of government advocated and established by Alexander Hamilton and practiced by Abraham Lincoln, Ulysses S. Grant and Admiral George Dewey. He was educated in the celebrated schools of Fitzwilliam, N. H., Black River Academy, Ludlow, Vt., and Norwich University, being a cadet at the latter institution with the illustrious soldiers, Major-Generals Grenville M. Dodge, T. E. G. Ransom, and Admiral George Dewey, a room-mate of the latter. The degree of LL. D. was conferred by said university. He read law with Norcross & Snow of Fitchburg, Mass., and was admitted to the bar at Worcester. He came to Madison in 1856, becoming the partner of the distinguished lawyer, Myron H. Orton. He is still engaged in the practice of law and is also a farmer and breeder of cattle and horses. He was elected alderman of the city of Madison in 1861, county judge of Dane county in 1865, 1869 and 1873, state senator in 1874, secretary of the State Agricultural Society from 1878 to 1882, inclusive; was quartermaster general from 1875 to 1881; postmaster of Madison from 1882 to 1886 and from 1890 to 1894; a member of the republican state central committee in 1896 and 1898; delegate to state convention in 1861, 1888, 1890, 1894, 1896, 1898; delegate to the republican national convention in 1880; delegate to the state conventions in 1876, and in 1896 elected a delegate to the national convention; also delegate to many congressional, senatorial, assembly and county conventions. The secession of South Carolina found Geo. E. Bryant the captain of the Madison Guards, an independent uniformed company, performing military service without pay, the services of which company, on the 9th day of January, 1861, were tendered to Gov. Randall, being the first to offer its services in the defense of the nation. On the fall of Sumter, it was the first company in the state accepted, and became a part of the first regi- PP

ment, enlisted for a term of three months. In September, 1861, he was commissioned colonel of the 12th Wisconsin regiment and became a part of the army of the Tennessee. At the battle of Atlanta, on the 22d of July, 1864, he was in command of the first brigade of the Third Division of the Seventeenth Army Corps, and successfully repulsed repeated charges on front and rear made by the divisions of Cleburne and Cheatham. Of this Sherman said: "To have held this key point proved fighting qualities in the troops rarely equaled, and a cool headiness in commanding officer which made an irresistible army." Mr. Bryant was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 2,389 votes, against 2,386 for Daniel Bechtel, democrat.

Second District. The towns of Albion, Bristol, Christiansa, Cottage Grove, Deerfield, Dunkirk, Medina, Pleasant Springs, Sun Prairie, Vienna, Windsor, York and the villages of Deerfield and Sun Prairie, and the city of Stoughton.

Population in 1895—21,421.

NICHOLAS ANDERSON (Rep.), of Albion, was born October 22, 1856, in said town, and educated in the Albion academy; also resided for a time at Stoughton. He is a farmer by occupation; was town supervisor in 1891, 1892 and 1893; was director of the Albion Mutual Fire Insurance company from January, 1893, till January, 1899; elected president of said insurance company January, 1898; was also chairman of the board of trustees of the East Koshkonong Congregational church for five years. Was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 2,430 votes, against 1,067 for Charles O. Tellefson, democrat. P

Third District. The towns of Berry, Black Earth, Blue Mounds, Cross Plains, Dane, Fitchburg, Mazomanie, Middleton, Montrose, Oregon, Perry, Primrose, Roxbury, Springdale, Springfield, Vermont, Verona, Westport, and the villages of Belleville, Waunakee, Oregon and Mazomanie.

Population in 1895—22,246.

OSCAR F. MINCH (Dem.), of Paoli, Dane county, was born November 16, 1868, at Paoli, Wisconsin, and was educated in the common schools of Paoli, the Madison high school and Wisconsin University, graduating from the latter institution in 1893; resided at Paoli from birth until 1883; Madison from 1883 to 1893, since 1893 at Paoli; was engaged in the baking and confectionery business at Madison from 1888 to 1892, and since 1893 has been associated with his father in the custom milling business under the firm name of F. H. Minch & Son. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,608 votes, against 2,394 for C. G. Lappley, republican, and 153 for John Schumann, prohibitionist; was re-elected in 1898, receiving 1,932 votes, against 1,797 for Homer A. Stone, republican. N

DODGE COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Ashippun, Clyman, Emmett, Herman, Hubbard, Hustisford, Lebanon, LeRoy, Lomira, Rubicon, Shields, Theresa, Williams town, the village of Horicon, the Fifth and Sixth wards of the city of Watertown, and the city of Mayville.

Population in 1895—24,234.

JOHN KESSLER (Dem.), of Watertown, was born in Bavaria, Germany, December 14, 1847, and with his parents in 1856 came to the United States, and settled in Milwaukee. He has also resided in Green Bay, Kenosha, La Crosse, Oconomowoc, Council Bluffs, Iowa, and Chicago, Ill., while employed at the trade of cigar maker. He was educated in the common schools and the Muelhauser

parochial school of Milwaukee. In 1894 he was elected alderman of the Fifth ward of the city of Watertown by the democratic party, and in 1895, 1896 and 1897 was nominated and elected by the democratic and republican parties. During his terms of office he served as chairman of the committee on public buildings, street lighting, streets and buildings, and on various other committees, and was elected president of the council in 1897. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 2,580 votes, against 2,144 for Frank M. Lawrence, republican. P

Second District. The towns of Beaver Dam, Calamus, Chester, Burnett, Elba, Fox Lake, Lowell, Oak Grove, Portland, Trenton and Westford, and the villages of Fox Lake, Lowell, Reeseville, the East ward of the village of Randolph, and the cities of Beaver Dam and Juneau, and the South ward of the city of Waupun.

Population in 1895—23,567.

HENRY S. GILMORE (Dem.), of Beaver Dam, was born in Yorkville, Racine county, November 14, 1848, and removed with his parents to Dodge county in 1855, settling on a farm in the town of Calamus, where he lived until 1883, when he removed to the city of Beaver Dam, where he has since resided, with the exception of three seasons spent in North Dakota, where he now owns and operates a large wheat farm. He was educated in the common schools, at Wayland academy and at a Spencerian business college in Milwaukee. He was chairman of the town of Calamus for two years, member of the county board of Dodge county for eight years, member of the Beaver Dam city council from 1887 to 1896, serving the last two years as president of that body. He is at present mayor of the city of Beaver Dam, having been elected in April, 1897, and re-elected in 1898. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, and during the session of 1895 was a member of the committee on Assessment and Collection of Taxes, and the joint committee on Charitable and Penal Institutions; was re-nominated in 1896, receiving the unanimous vote of his party in convention, but was defeated in the election by Samuel R. Webster. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 2,104 votes, against 2,006 for Samuel R. Webster, republican. P

DOOR COUNTY.

Population in 1895—16,969.

HENRY OVERBECK, Jr. (Rep.), of Sturgeon Bay, was born February 2, 1853, at Tonawanda, N. Y.; was educated in the common schools; came to Wisconsin in 1854; lived at Ahnapee until 1887, and since then at Sturgeon Bay; is by occupation a telegraph operator and insurance agent, and has been manager of the Western Union at Sturgeon Bay since 1887; owned a half interest in the Ahnapee Record from 1882 to 1885; was chairman of the eighth congressional district republican committee from 1894 to 1896, and is still a member of the committee; is serving his third term as chairman of county committee. Was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,298 votes, against 1,004 for Joseph Harris, fusion candidate of the democrats, populists and independent republicans; was re-elected in 1898, receiving 1,555 votes against 683 for James Cunningham, democrat. Pa

DOUGLAS COUNTY.

First District. The Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth and Sixth wards of the city of Superior.

Population in 1895—15,016.

WILLIAM E. HOEHLE (Rep.), of West Superior, was born March 17th, 1866, in Kings county, New York. He came to Wisconsin in 1869, settling in Port Washington, and has resided in the cities of Green Bay, Oshkosh, Appleton and Sheboygan. Received his education in the common and high

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schools and a Wisconsin business college. He is by profession a lawyer; studied law in the offices of ex-Senator William Kennedy, of Appleton, and County Judge Howard J. Huntington, of Green Bay, and was admitted to the bar in the fall of 1887. He was president of the Superior board of education in 1893, and city attorney of the same city in 1895. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 1,290 votes, against 906 for Carl J. Norquist, republican. P

Second District. The towns of Brule, Gordon, Nebagamain and Superior, and the First, Seventh, Eighth and Ninth wards of the city of Superior.

Population in 1895—14,970.

CHARLES L. CATLIN (Rep.), of Superior, was born at Great Bend, Susquehanna county, Pennsylvania, February 26th, 1842. Came with his parents in 1845 to Green Lake Wisconsin, later removing to Hudson (then Willow River), Wisconsin, where his father, F. P. Catlin, went as register of the land office. Was educated in Hudson common schools; was page of the legislature in 1861. Enlisted in November, 1861, in Co. D, 2d Wisconsin cavalry, serving at the front about two years. Was at the battle of Prairie Grove, Ark., December 7, 1861; later detailed as chief clerk draft rendezvous at Madison under Col. Chapman, U. S. A.; from there detailed to adjutant general's office in Washington, where he was mustered out in 1865. Studied law at Columbian College Law School in Washington, graduating in 1867, and was admitted to practice in supreme court, District of Columbia; was private secretary to Caleb Cushing in 1867 and 1868. In 1868 he returned to Pennsylvania and engaged in the practice of law there for several years; in 1876 returned to Hudson, Wisconsin, and there became a member of the law firm of Baker, Spooner & Catlin. Removed to St. Paul in 1881 as assistant to John C. Spooner, then general solicitor for the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha Ry. Co., and served in that capacity until 1884, when he resigned his position with the company to locate at Superior as attorney of the Land & River Improvement company, which was then engaged in founding the town site of West Superior (now the city of Superior), and spent the ensuing winter at Washington looking after the various interests of the new city in the departments and before Congress. In the spring of 1885 the law firm of Catlin & Butler (consisting of Mr. Catlin and Henry S. Butler) was formed and has continued until now, with the addition later of Thomas E. Lyons, the present firm being Catlin, Butler & Lyons. Mr. Catlin has been connected with numerous enterprises at Superior and, with Mr. Butler and others, established the Bank of Commerce in 1888, of which he was president for a number of years and with which he is still connected. Was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 1,477 votes, against 795 for William Conness, democrat. P

DUNN COUNTY.

Population in 1895—25,006.

ALBERT R. HALL (Rep.), of Knapp, was born at Hartford, Windsor county, Vermont, April 20, 1841; removed with his parents to Boston, Mass., four years later; attended the public schools of Boston until 1856, when he removed with his parents to Minnesota. Enlisted in Company D, Second Regiment Minnesota Volunteer Infantry, June 21, 1861; promoted corporal and first sergeant; engaged in battles of Mill Springs, Perryville, Hoover's Gap and Chickamauga; was wounded at Chickamauga, September 20, 1863; taken prisoner, paroled ten days thereafter and exchanged the following May; joined his regiment near Resaca, Georgia, and continued with it on the Atlanta campaign as far as Kennesaw Mountain, when his three years term of service expired. Was mustered out July 4, 1864; returned to Minnesota and assisted in recruiting Company G, Eleventh Regiment Minnesota Volunteer Infantry; commissioned first lieutenant; returned south with his regiment and was appointed provost marshal of the

post of Gallatin, Tennessee, which position he held until the close of the war; was mustered out with his regiment June 20, 1865; served as town clerk and justice of the peace, and represented Hennepin county in the lower house of the Minnesota legislature seven terms, three of which he served as speaker; removed to Knapp in 1880, where he has since resided. Is by occupation a farmer and manufacturer. Has served as chairman of the town board, and president of the Dunn County Agricultural Society. Was one of the Dunn County Asylum building commission, and has since been one of the asylum trustees. Was elected to the assembly in 1890, 1892, 1894, 1896, and again re-elected in 1898, receiving 1,885 votes, against 727 for John E. Dennis, democrat; 116 for Carl B. Bird, people's, and 101 for Frank P. Vasey, prohibitionist. 9

EAU CLAIRE COUNTY.

First District. The town of Seymour and the city of Altoona, and the First, Second, Third, Fifth, Sixth, Eighth, Ninth and Tenth wards of the city of Eau Claire.

Population in 1895—16,576.

BYRON A. BUFFINGTON (Rep.), of Eau Claire, Eau Claire county, was born November 27, 1852, in Dodge Center, Dodge county, Wisconsin, and was educated in the public schools of Eau Claire and Faribault Military school at Faribault, Minnesota; has resided in Eau Claire since 1856; and was engaged in general merchandising from 1874 to 1883; wholesale grocer from 1883 to 1893; president of the Chippewa Valley Bank from 1894 to 1896; director of the Valley Lumber company, and also director of the Carson-Rand Lumber company, of Eau Claire. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,178 votes, against 1,338 for Frank A. Seenthal, the democratic, populist and prohibitionist fusion candidate; was re-elected in 1898, receiving 1,362 votes, against 1,053 for William H. Frawley, democrat, and 86 for Peter Truax, prohibitionist. N

Second District. The towns of Bridge Creek, Brunswick (including Porters Mills village), Clear Creek, Drammen, Fairchild, Lincoln, Ludington, Otter Creek, Pleasant Valley, Union and Washington, and the village of Fairchild and the city of Augusta, and the Fourth and Seventh wards of the city of Eau Claire.

Population in 1895—16,596.

HORACE N. POLLEY (Rep.), of the town of Bridge Creek, Eau Claire county, Wisconsin, was born March 10, 1842, in the town of Massena, St. Lawrence county, New York. Was educated in the public schools of his native county and Columbia county, Wisconsin. Came west with his parents in 1848, settling at West Point, Columbia county, Wisconsin, where he resided until 1858, when he returned to St. Lawrence county, New York, remaining there until the spring of 1861, when he returned to his former home at West Point, Wis. Removed to the town of Bridge Creek (P. O. Augusta), Eau Claire county, in 1866, and has been a resident there since that time. Is a brick mason by trade, but for the last twenty years his occupation has been that of a farmer. Has been assessor of the town of Bridge Creek from 1885 to the present time. Enlisted as a musician in Company H, Eleventh Regiment Wisconsin Infantry, October 24, 1861, and was honorably discharged on the 12th day of February, 1864, at Indianola, Tex., by reason of re-enlistment as a veteran volunteer under general order No. 191; was promoted to the position of principal musician of the same regiment February 29, 1864, and was honorably discharged September 16, 1865, at Mobile, Ala. He was elected to the assembly from the Second District of Eau Claire county in 1896, receiving 2,245 votes, against 1,288 for Obadiah Works, democrat, populist and prohibitionist, and 1 for Mark Seenthal; was re-elected November 8, 1898, receiving 1,280 votes, against 851 for Frank Luther Clarke, democrat, and 53 for Chas. L. Allen, prohibitionist. P

FOND DU LAC COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Calumet, Empire, Forest, Fond du Lac, Friendship, Marshfield, Osceola, Taycheedah, and the city of Fond du Lac.

Population in 1895—23,499.

LOUIE A. LANGE (Dem.), of Fond du Lac, was born in Chicago, Illinois, May 31, 1854; came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1856, settling in Fond du Lac; in 1861 moved with his father's family to Milwaukee, where he was educated in the public schools and Engleman's Academy, until he entered the law offices of John W. and A. L. Cary, at the age of 13 years, continuing his studies while messenger boy and clerk; returned to Fond du Lac in 1870; entered the printing office of Edward Beeson, attending evening school while he learned the printing business; in 1874 was city editor of La Porte (Ind.) Chronicle, and in 1877 of the Fond du Lac Commonwealth; was engaged on the Evening Wisconsin, Milwaukee in 1881-2; in 1883 bought an interest in the Reporter at Fond du Lac, establishing a daily. In 1885 he purchased the Reporter plant; in 1894 he consolidated the Fond du Lac Journal and The Reporter, and is now proprietor of the Reporter Printing House; was appointed a director of the public library in 1891; re-appointed in 1895; was elected alderman and president of the common council and board of education for four years; was elected to the assembly in 1892; appointed by Governor Peck as a member of the visiting committee of the charitable and penal institutions of the state. He was re-elected to the assembly in 1894, 1896 and in 1898, being honored with the longest continuous term bestowed upon any representative in the history of Fond du Lac county. In 1895, 1897 and in 1899 Mr. Lange received the complimentary vote of the minority for speaker. In 1898 received 2,335 votes, against 2,159 for Simon Schaefer, republican, and 34 for Charles D. Smith.

Second District. The towns of Alto, Ashford, Auburn, Byron, Eden, Eldorado, Lamartine, Metomen, Oakfield, Ripon, Rosendale, Springvale, Waupun, the village of Brandon and the city of Ripon, and the North ward of the city of Waupun.

Population in 1895—23,937.

HENRY A. RIPLEY (Rep.), of Oakfield, Fond du Lac county, Wisconsin, was born in Sand Lake, Renesselaer county, New York, March 4, 1842, and moved with his parents to Wisconsin, settling in Oakfield, Fond du Lac county, in 1844, where he has ever since resided. He received a common school education at home, afterward attending the high school in Fond du Lac. He taught school for a number of years during the winter, and engaged in farming in the summer season. For the last twenty-five years he has been in the lumber and coal business in the village of Oakfield. Has been a member of the village High School Board for the last fifteen years. He was elected to the assembly in 1898 by 2,257 votes, against 1,670 for Samuel M. Pedrick, democrat, and 121 for Chester E. Tripp, populist.

GRANT COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Bloomington, Boscobel, Castle Rock, Fennimore, Hickory Grove, Lancaster, Liberty, Little Grant, Marion, Millville, Mount Hope, Mount Ida, Muscoda, Patch Grove, Watterstown, Wingville, Woodman, Wyalusing, and the villages of Bloomington, Fennimore, Montfort, Muscoda, and the cities of Boscobel and Lancaster.

Population in 1895—18,917.

THOMAS McDONALD (Rep.), of Lancaster, was born February 24, 1865, at Lancaster, Grant county, Wisconsin; was educated in the common schools and Bayless College, at Dubuque; graduated from the latter institution in 1884; has

always resided at Lancaster, living on a farm until 26 years of age; was in the mercantile business three years, since which time he has been an insurance solicitor. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,677 votes, against 1,765 for J. J. Oswald, democrat; was re-elected in 1898, receiving 2,110 votes, against 1,435 for Rolandus A. Watkins, democrat, and 132 for W. T. Scott, independent. N

Second District. The towns of Beetown, Cassville, Clifton, Ellenborough, Glen Haven, Hazel Green, Harrison, Jamestown, Lima, Paris, Platteville, Potosi, Smelser, Waterloo, and the villages of Cassville, Cuba City, Hazel Green, Potosi, and the city of Platteville.

Population in 1895—19,455.

JOHN RYAN (Rep.), of North Andover, was born in the village of Cassville, Grant county, June 10, 1837, and was educated in the district schools of his native county. His occupation is that of a farmer, paying special attention to stock raising and dairying, owning and working a farm of 320 acres on Blake's Prairie. He has ever been actively interested in educational work; was clerk of the school board of his district for twenty years or more; has been a justice of the peace in his town for twenty-five years, and has held several other offices of trust and responsibility. Was president of the Bloomington Farmers' Fire Insurance Company twelve years and is at present president of the North Andover Dairy Company. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 2,079 votes, against 1,420 for Thomas Jenkins, Jr., democrat. P

GREEN COUNTY.

Population in 1895—23,420.

A. CLARKE DODGE (Rep.), of Monroe, was born November, 1834, in the town of Barre, Washington county, Vermont, and was educated in the common schools and Barre Academy. He came to Monroe, Wisconsin, in 1855, and his business is dealing in lumber, grain and coal. He was five times chairman of the Board of Supervisors of Green county; delegate to the Republican National convention in 1884; presidential elector on the republican ticket in 1888; member of the board of education in Monroe twenty-five years, most of the time its chairman. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 2,100 votes, against 1,393 for Ira M. J. Chryst, democrat; 164 for Albert A. Ten Eyck, populist, and 128 for John Legler, prohibitionist. PB

GREEN LAKE COUNTY.

Population in 1895—15,939.

WILLIAM J. MIDDLETON (Rep.), of Berlin, was born August 11, 1852, in the city of Berlin, Green Lake county, Wisconsin. He received his education in the common and high schools of the city of Berlin, and is by occupation a farmer. He was elected chairman of the Board of Supervisors of his town in 1883, and has been chosen by the electors to that position each year since. He has also been one of the directors of the Berlin National bank since its organization. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 1,912 votes, against 1,708 for Gustav E. Teske, democrat; 62 for Thomas J. Crabtree, prohibitionist, and 57 for George B. McCracken, people's. P

IOWA COUNTY.

Population in 1895—23,447.

BJORN HOLLAND (Rep.), of Hollandale, was born in Norway, July 5, 1841. In 1846 his parents emigrated to America, bringing with them nine children, and locating in La Grange, Walworth county, Wisconsin. Six months after their arrival in the new land the father died. Then began a struggle with the widow and children. In summers the boy Holland worked for farmers; in winter he attended the district school of the neighborhood. In 1861-2-3 he attended for a portion of each year the Albion Academy, in Dane county. He taught district schools for nine terms, and was principal of a private school in Chicago in 1865-6-'70 and '71. In 1865, as one of the firm of Holland Bros., he became interested in merchandising at Moscow and Adamsville. In that business he continued until 1882. Since then he has been a farmer, merchant and stock dealer in the new village of Hollandale, a place named after him. In the year 1867 he held the office of town clerk. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 2,315 votes, against 1,827 votes for John M. Smith, democrat, and 236 for John P. Parmley, prohibitionist. P

JACKSON COUNTY.

Population, 1895—16,722.

GEORGE OLSON (Rep.), of Taylor, Jackson county, was born May 20, 1841, in the city of Fredrikstad, Norway; came to this country to Boston, Mass., in July, 1867; was educated first at the common school and later spent six years at the Latin School (similar to our high school and college departments) in his native city. After leaving school he commenced clerking for a large mercantile establishment and during that period of time frequented the business college for two seasons. Before leaving for America he was engaged as bookkeeper for a wholesale firm in Christiania, the capital of Norway. The last twenty years, in this country, he has been a successful traveling salesman for a Chicago firm, which position he still holds. Mr. Olson moved from Chicago to his farm, near Taylor, Wis., in the spring of 1887, where he has since resided. Besides running his farm, he is interested in a lumber yard and a general store at Taylor. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 1,625 votes, against 649 for M. P. Cannon, democrat. N

JEFFERSON COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Cold Springs, Concord, Farmington, Hebron, Ixonia, Palmyra, Sullivan and Watertown, and the village of Palmyra, and the First, Second, Third, Fourth and Seventh wards of the city of Watertown.

Population in 1895—18,287.

HERMAN G. GRUBE (Dem.), of Watertown, Jefferson county, was born March 3, 1854, in the town of Emmet, Dodge county, and educated at the Northwestern University, Watertown, this state. He has resided in Oconomowoc, Waukesha county. By occupation he is a merchant; was alderman of the First ward of the city of Watertown during the years 1894 and 1895. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 1,724 votes, against 1,284 for Arthur J. Thorne, republican. P

Second District. The towns of Aztalan, Jefferson, Koshkonong, Lake Mills, Millford, Oakland, Sumner and Waterloo, the villages of Lake Mills and Waterloo, and the cities of Fort Atkinson and Jefferson.

Population in 1895—18,030.

LEWIS BENSON (Dem.), of Oakland, was born in the town of Oakland, Jefferson county, October 23, 1850. He received his education in the common schools

of his town and the Cambridge high school. He is a farmer by occupation, and has always lived upon the farm where he now resides. He was elected supervisor of the town of Oakland in the years 1885-90, and chairman of the town board of supervisors in 1891-5 and 1897-8. He was nominated for member of assembly in 1896, but defeated by 38 votes. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 1,766 votes, against 1,567 for Gilbert Rutherford, republican. P

JUNEAU COUNTY.

Population in 1895—18,754.

JOHN M. BARLOW (Rep.), of New Lisbon, was born May 17, 1833, in the town of Lee, Berkshire county, Massachusetts, and received a common school and academic education in his native town. He resided five years in Medina, New York, and in 1856 came to East Troy, Walworth county, Wisconsin, removing from that place to Mukwonago, Waukesha county, where he remained three years; from there he went to New Lisbon, his present home, in 1870, where he engaged in the mercantile business. He has been trustee and village president of New Lisbon nine years, and county supervisor since 1889—nine years, three years of which he was chairman of the board. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 2,290 votes, against 1,611 for J. W. Wightman, democrat. P

KENOSHA COUNTY.

Population in 1895—17,548.

S. DWIGHT SLADE (Rep.), of Slade's Corners, was born February 8, 1849, in the town of Wheatland, Kenosha county, Wisconsin, and was educated in the schools of his native town, the Lake Geneva Seminary and the Janesville Commercial School. By occupation he is a farmer and conducts a creamery in connection with his farm; was chairman of the town board of supervisors from 1883 to 1890. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 2,130 votes, against 1,682 for William A. McKesson, democrat. P

KEWAUNEE COUNTY.

Population in 1895—17,632.

JOHN W. ADAMS (Dem.), of Kewaunee, was born July 4th, 1862, at Kewaunee, now the city of Kewaunee. He now resides in the town of West Kewaunee, and was educated at the public schools at Kewaunee and Lawrence University at Appleton. He taught in the public schools of Kewaunee county for ten years, beginning at the age of sixteen. His occupation at the present time is farming. He was town chairman during the years 1892, 1893, 1896, and 1897, and chairman of the county board in 1893-94; was elected justice of the peace in April, 1898, and to the assembly November 8th, 1898, receiving 1,648 votes, against 1,338 for John L. Haney, republican. P

LA CROSSE COUNTY.

First District. The town of Campbell, and the First, Second, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, Ninth, Tenth, Eleventh, Twelfth, Thirteenth, Fourteenth, Fifteenth, Sixteenth, Nineteenth and Twentieth wards of the city of La Crosse.

Population in 1895—21,851.

GEORGE H. RAY (Rep.), of La Crosse, was born at St. Stephens, New Brunswick, October 4, 1847, both his father and mother being American citizens. He was educated in the common schools at St. Stephens, and came to this country at the age of eighteen, residing in Rockland and Gardner, Maine. During his residence at Gardner he served two years in the city council of that place.

He came to Wisconsin in 1878, and has, with the exception of a brief residence at Neillsville, resided continuously at La Crosse. He served six years upon the county board of La Crosse county, being for two years chairman of the board. He is a member of the board of trustees of Beloit College, president of the State Bank of La Crosse, and a stockholder and director in the Gem City Saw Mill company, of Quincy, Illinois. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,070 votes, against 1,536 for H. A. Pammel, democrat; 124 votes for John N. Jones, prohibitionist, and 470 for John Marquette, populist; was re-elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 3,291 votes, against 1,650 for R. C. Kuhn, silver democrat and populist, and 65 votes for Dr. H. C. Miller, prohibitionist; was again elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 2,040 votes, against 1,257 votes for Frank S. Walker, democrat, and 86 for William Goble, prohibitionist. He was unanimously elected speaker of the Forty-fourth Assembly, 1899. P

Second District. The towns of Bangor (including village of Bangor), Barre, Burns, Farmington, Greenfield, Hamilton (including West Salem village), Holland, Onalaska, Shelby and Washington, and the city of Onalaska, and the Third, Eighth, Seventeenth and Eighteenth wards of the city of La Crosse.

Population in 1895—21,750.

MARK M. BUTTLES (Rep.), of Onalaska, La Crosse county, was born April 30, 1844, in Chautauqua county, New York, and came to Wisconsin in 1845; was educated in the common schools of La Crosse county; resided in Walworth county from 1845 to 1852; in Rock county from 1852 to 1854; in La Crosse county from 1854 to 1860; was engaged in mining, railroading and cattle raising in the Western territory from 1864 to 1873, returning to La Crosse county in 1873; from 1873 to 1879 he was a dealer in lumber, grain and live stock; from 1882 to 1898 was a merchant and stock buyer at Onalaska; was sheriff of La Crosse county in 1880-81; served as a member of the county board in 1888, 1889, 1890, 1895, 1896; enlisted as a private in company "A," First Wisconsin Cavalry, in 1861, and served two years, until disabled and honorably discharged. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,933 votes, against 1,579 for Frederick Schnell, democrat and populist, and 121 for Cornelius Hoffman, prohibitionist; was re-elected in 1898, receiving 1,739 votes, against 1,176 for James H. Mason, democrat, and 95 for Christian M. Casberg, prohibitionist. P

LAFAYETTE COUNTY.

Population in 1895—21,488.

PHILO A. ORTON (Rep.), of Darlington, was born in Hamilton, Madison county, New York, receiving his education at Madison (now Colgate) University in his native city and at Beloit College. He came to Wisconsin in 1850, and settled at Beloit, where he lived five years, when he removed to his present home. He is a lawyer by profession; was elected district attorney of Lafayette county in 1862, and county judge in 1870; was appointed University Regent in 1874, and for over twenty years was president of the board of education of the city of Darlington. He was elected to the assembly in 1893, receiving 2,220 votes, against 2,014 for James H. Clark, democrat, and 103 for Byron J. Eaton, prohibitionist. P

LANGLADE, FOREST AND FLORENCE COUNTIES.

Population in 1895—15,230.

JOHN MCGREER (Dem.), of Antigo, was born in the village of Jordan, Portage county, Wisconsin, May 5, 1849, and received a common school education. He removed with his parents to the town of Sharon, Portage county, in the year 1865, and remained there until the year 1893, when he removed to Antigo,

Langlade county, where he has since resided. He is by occupation a farmer and real estate dealer; has been school clerk, town clerk, chairman of town board, assessor, justice of the peace, census enumerator (in 1880), postmaster, and for two years secretary of the Langlade County Agricultural Society; was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 1435 votes, against 1,255 for George W. Latta, republican. P

LINCOLN AND TAYLOR COUNTIES.

Population, 1895—23,263.

MICHAEL W. RYAN (Dem.), of Medford, was born in Burlington, Vermont, December 10, 1847. He came to Wisconsin in 1852, and lived in Milwaukee five years, removing to Waukesha in 1857, where he received his education. He enlisted in the Third Wisconsin Cavalry on the 1st of January, 1864, and was in all the battles and skirmishes of his battalion from that time till the close of the war. He was a delegate to the democratic state conventions of 1890, 1894 and 1896, and has held the office of county treasurer, postmaster for two terms, and served his city as an alderman. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 2,406 votes, against 2,022 for W. H. Flett, republican. PP

MANITOWOC COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Cato, Centerville, Liberty, Manitowoc, Manitowoc Rapids, Meeme, Newton, and the city of Manitowoc.

Population in 1895—20,119.

JOSEPH WILLOTT, Jr. (Rep.), of Manitowoc, Manitowoc county, was born June 29, 1855, at Oldbury, Worcestershire, England. He came to America in 1867, and resided at Mishawaka, Indiana, till 1872, when he came to Wisconsin, settling at Manitowoc. He was educated in the common schools of England and America. His occupation is manufacturing axes and edge tools; has been a member of the board of supervisors of Manitowoc county, and alderman of Manitowoc from 1887 to the present time, except the year 1893. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 2,095 votes, against 1,597 for Henry Vits, democrat, and 22 for D. R. Giblin, social democrat of America. P

Second district. The towns of Cooperstown, Eaton, Franklin, Gibson, Kossuth, Maple Grove, Mishicott, Rockland, Schleswig, Two Creeks, Two Rivers, and the villages of Kiel and Reedsville, and the city of Two Rivers.

Population in 1895—20,683.

JONAS GAGNON (Dem.), of Two Rivers, was born in the town of Dunham, Canada, August 31, 1846, and was educated in the common schools of Two Rivers City. He came with his parents to Wisconsin in 1848, settling at Two Rivers. He is a merchant and manufacturer by occupation. In early life he taught school seven years, and was captain of a tug on Lake Michigan nine years, and still holds a captain's papers; was an alderman of his city, supervisor nine years, and school commissioner five years. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 1,881 votes, against 1,404 for Wenzel E. Kabat, republican, and 46 for Arnold Zander, social democrat of America. P

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES.

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MARATHON COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Bergen, Berlin, Brighton, Cassell, Cleveland, Day, Eau Claire, Emmett, Frankfort, Halsey, Hamburg, Holton, Hull, Johnson, Maine, Marathon, McMillan, Mosinee, Rib Falls, Reitsbrock, Spencer, Stettin and Wein, and the villages of Marathon City, McMillan and Mosinee, and the east ward of the city of Colby.

Population in 1895—18,174.

GILBERT E. VANDERCOOK (Rep.), of Spencer, Marathon county, was born June 1, 1866, at Newberg, Washington county, Wisconsin, and was educated in the public schools of the state. Soon after leaving the public schools he entered the country printing office, and served an apprenticeship. For many years he successfully edited and published papers in northern Wisconsin, and also did work on Milwaukee and Chicago papers. He has held several township offices, and was appointed chief clerk in the state department in 1895, and afterwards made Assistant Secretary of State. He was graduated from the University of Wisconsin Law School in 1896. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 1,563 votes, against 1,313 votes for Jacob Klehl, democrat, and 163 votes for Anthony Veder, populist. P

Second District. The towns of Easton, Eldron, Harrison, Hewitt, Knowlton, Kronenwetter, Norrie, Pike Lake, Plover, Texas, Wausau and Weston, and the city of Wausau.

Population in 1895—18,424.

GEORGE WERHEIM, SR. (Rep.), of Wausau, was born January 6, 1834, in Hesse Homburg, Germany, and was educated in the common schools of that country. After coming to the United States he lived for a time in New York and Chicago, locating at Wausau, Wisconsin, in 1855. He is a manufacturer of sash, doors, blinds, etc.; has held the offices of marshal, under sheriff, trustee and treasurer of Wausau city, the latter office seven years; was a member of the legislature of 1895; was again elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 1,637 votes, against 1,334 for John H. Kennedy, democrat, and 133 for Charles Fleming, people's. P

MARINETTE COUNTY.

Population in 1895—27,271.

ROBERT OGDEN HUNT (Rep.), of Peshtigo, Marinette county, was born June 27th, 1873, on a farm in the township of Peshtigo, Wisconsin, receiving his education in the schools of the village of Peshtigo, which has always been his home. He was clerk of the circuit court of Marinette county from 1895 to 1899. Was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 2,878 votes, against 1,581 for John B. Wood, democrat. P

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

First District. The First, Third and Seventh wards, Milwaukee.

Population in 1895—20,871.

FRANCIS B. KEENE (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born in Milwaukee, December 11th, 1856. After attending private schools there, he was for four years, 1871 to 1875, at Racine College, and then entered Harvard College, from which he was graduated in 1880, in the same class with Governor Roosevelt, of New York. For several years after leaving college he was on the engineer corps of the C. & M. & St. P. R. R., occupied in locating and building extensions to that system. He

resigned his position there to enter the coal business in Milwaukee, in which he was long engaged. In recent years he has been active in newspaper and other literary work and has long been identified with the national work for improved municipal government. He was secretary of the Milwaukee Carnival Association that celebrated the semi-centennial of Wisconsin in 1898. He is a trustee of Milwaukee-Downer College. In the spring of 1898 he was nominated for alderman by the republicans of the first ward, Milwaukee, but was defeated, though he ran ahead of the party ticket. He was elected to the assembly in November, 1898, receiving 1,873 votes, against 1,863 cast for his democratic opponent, Michael Rohlinger, 301 for Arthur McKenna, people's, and 51 for David White, social democrat of America.

Second District. The Second and Fourth wards of the city of Milwaukee.

Population in 1895—19,626.

MATTHEW R. KILLILEA (Dem.), of Milwaukee, was born November 7, 1861, at Poygan, Winnebago county, Wisconsin, and received his education in the common schools of his native town, the Daggett College of Oshkosh, and the College of Law of the University of Wisconsin, graduating with the class of 1891. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 1,903 votes, against 1,503 for Edward C. Notbohm, republican, 153 for Elias Lehmann, people's, and 102 for E. Krupp, social democrat of America.

Third District. The towns of Franklin, Oak Creek and Lake, and the villages of Cudahy and South Milwaukee, and the Seventeenth ward of the city of Milwaukee.

Population in 1895—20,520.

JOHN SNEDDON (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born August 7, 1842, in the city of Holytown, Bothwell, Lanarkshire, Scotland, where he received his education. He came to America in 1873, locating in Milwaukee. His occupation is that of an iron and steel worker. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 1,474 votes, against 1,121 for James McIver, democrat; 194 for Hubert W. Ward, populist; 59 for Oswald Schubert, socialist labor, and 45 for Geo. Landwehr, social democrat of America.

Fourth District. The Fifteenth and Sixteenth wards of the city of Milwaukee.

Population in 1895—18,755.

AUGUST ZINN (Rep.), 2619 Prairie St., Milwaukee, was born April 23, 1859, in Milwaukee, and was educated in the public school of the second ward of his native city. His business is that of a wholesale jeweler, and he has always made Milwaukee his home. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 2,119 votes, against 1,233 for Solomon Dalberg, democrat, 125 for James W. Bass, people's, and 80 for Louis Firnges, social democrat of America.

Fifth District. The Fifth and Twelfth wards of the city of Milwaukee.

Population in 1895—21,152.

ALBERT WOYCIECHOWSKI (Dem.), of Milwaukee, was born April 3, 1868, at Lohrens, Germany, and came to Wisconsin in 1869. Was educated in the St. Catherine's parochial and public schools of Milwaukee. His business was that of a railway man. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 1,503 votes, against 1,381 for James E. Wildish, republican; 348 for Herman E. Franke, people's; 84 for John Heymann, social democrat of America, and 53 for V. Dietrich, socialist labor. Died February 10, 1899, during the session of the legislature.

JOSEPH T. RECHLICZ (Dem.), of Milwaukee, was born in Posen, Prussian Poland, May 21, 1862. In 1880 he came to Milwaukee, and secured a position as laborer with the E. P. Allis works. He was later advanced to the position of shipping clerk and continued in that capacity for nine years. For the past four years he has conducted a grocery and saloon at 392 Maple street. He is secretary of St. Stanislaus Mutual Aid association, and a member of the board of trustees of the United Catholic societies of the United States. He was elected to the assembly February 28, 1890, at a special election held in the Fifth district of Milwaukee county, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Albert Woyciechowski, receiving 727 votes, against 491 for F. J. Holtz, republican. N

Sixth District. The Sixth and Eighteenth wards of the city of Milwaukee.

Population in 1895—24,581.

FRANCIS M. ELINE (Dem.), of Milwaukee, was born May 1, 1871, in the First ward of the city of Milwaukee. He was educated in a private school and Marquette College in Milwaukee. After graduating from the latter institution he went to Georgetown University, Washington, D. C., where he received the degree of A. M., in course; also attended the Georgetown University law school, obtaining the degree of LL. B. in 1894. Was admitted to the bar in Wisconsin in 1894, but returned to Georgetown University for a post graduate law course, attaining the degree of Master of Law in 1895. The city of Milwaukee has always been his home, and he has been engaged in active practice of the law in that city since 1895. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 1,975 votes, against 1,803 for Charles Niss, Jr., republican; 207 for John Weinmann, populist; 98 for Edward Zeigler, social democrat of America, and 67 for Emil Groeschel, socialist labor. N

Seventh District. The towns of Greenfield and Wauwatosa, and the city of Wauwatosa.

Population in 1895—20,057.

FREDERICK HARTUNG (Rep.), of Wauwatosa, was born July 30, 1857, at Wauwatosa, Milwaukee county, Wisconsin, and received his education in the common schools of the town of Wauwatosa and the German-English Academy of Milwaukee. He is a farmer by occupation. He was treasurer of the town of Wauwatosa in the year 1888; was elected assessor of said town in 1893-4-5; was elected chairman of the Board of Supervisors of the town of Wauwatosa in 1896 for two years, and re-elected to the same place in the spring of 1898. Was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 1,941 votes, against 943 for Charles Cuppel, democrat. P

Eighth District. The Eighth ward of the city of Milwaukee.

Population in 1895—15,618.

REINHOLD F. THIESSENHUSEN (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born in Milwaukee November 17, 1864, and was educated in the public schools of his native city, which has always been his home, and he has never before held a political office. His business is that of a carpenter and contractor. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 1,372 votes, against 902 for Joseph B. Conrad, democrat; 179 for Louis Gell, people's; 54 for Andrew Longstad, social democrat of America, and 29 for Chas. Bartsch, socialist labor. N

Ninth District. The Ninth ward of the city of Milwaukee.

Population in 1895—16,933.

GEORGE H. SCHOENBAUM (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born in the city of Milwaukee, March 6, 1867, and educated in the Ninth ward public school of that city. He is engaged in the business of tinning and furnace manufacturing. This is the first office of public trust that he has held. He was elected to the assembly in 1895, receiving 1,038 votes, against 953 for Joseph Staeger, democrat; 187 for Jacob Welsch, people's; 141 for Paul Ronneburger, social democrat of America, and 66 for Ernst Schuffenhauer, socialist labor.

Tenth District. The Tenth ward of the city of Milwaukee.

Population in 1895—16,052.

EDWARD J. DENGEL (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born October 7, 1866, in that city, and received his education in the public schools of the Tenth ward. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 1,000 votes against 802 for A. C. G. De Heus, democrat; 236 for Wm. Biesel, people's, and 36 for Otto Schultiz, socialist labor.

Eleventh District. The Eleventh ward of the city of Milwaukee.

Population in 1895—18,648.

JULIUS FEIGE (Rep.), of Milwaukee, Milwaukee county, was born July 10, 1861, in Milwaukee, and was educated in the public and parochial schools of that city, where he has always resided; is a merchant by occupation. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 1,898 votes, against 1,638 for August Schmidt, the fusion candidate, and 51 for W. Dobrowsky, socialist; was re-elected in 1898, receiving 1,040 votes, against 856 votes for Antor Lohr, democrat; 263 for John Zellinski, people's; 118 for James Sheehan, social democrat of America, and 88 for John Meyer, socialist labor.

Twelfth District. The Nineteenth and Twentieth wards of the city of Milwaukee.

Population in 1895—26,432.

ERNST LOTH (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born in Milwaukee, June 4, 1863, receiving his education in the public schools of that city. His business is that of keeping a restaurant and saloon. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 1,898 votes, against 1,435 for Theodore Hausmann, democrat; 404 for Emil Beidel, social democrat of America; 228 for T. J. Weber, people's, and 112 for Hy Wensing, socialist labor.

Thirteenth District. The Thirteenth ward of the city of Milwaukee.

Population in 1895—15,291.

HENRY J. SOLTWEDEL (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born August 4, 1859, at Beuthen, Germany. He came with his parents to this country in 1868, settling in the Thirteenth ward of the city of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, receiving his education in the public and parochial schools of that city. Since 1873 his occupation has been that of a barber, and for the past thirteen years he has been proprietor of the Schlitz hotel barber shop. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 1,067 votes, against 821 for Henry Ferge, democrat; 186 for Chas. H. Firnhaber, people's, and 72 for Jos. Kubasch, socialist labor.

Fourteenth District. The Fourteenth ward of the city of Milwaukee.

Population in 1895—17,145.

AUGUST M. GAWIN (Dem.), of Milwaukee, was born August 27, 1869, in Posen, Germany, and was educated in the Milwaukee public and parochial schools; came with his parents to Milwaukee April 20, 1872, and has resided there ever since; is an artist by profession and is engaged in the art glass business. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 1,662 votes, against 506 for Andrew Reuter, republican, 865 for M. S. Cyborowski, populist, and 18 for Carl Bartsch, socialist labor. He was re-elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 1,196 votes, against 452 for Martin Schubert, republican, and 200 for Vincent Badura, people's. N

Fifteenth District. The towns of Granville, Milwaukee and the villages of Whitefish Bay and North Milwaukee, and the Twenty-first ward of the city of Milwaukee.

Population in 1895—16,246.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN GROOTEMAAT (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born December 12, 1864, in Milwaukee, receiving his education in the public schools and commercial college of that city, which place he has always made his home. His business is that of a real estate dealer, insurance agent and money broker. He was a member of the common council of the city of Milwaukee from 1893 to 1897. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 1,060 votes, against 726 for Wm. Zimmermann, democrat; 158 for Jos. Braun, social democrat of America, and 76 for Carl Schurtz, socialist labor. P

MONROE COUNTY.

Population in 1895—26,350.

FREDERICK P. JOHNSON (Rep.), of Ontario, was born October 14, 1859, in the town of Sterling, Vernon county. Was educated in the Viroqua high school, the University of Chicago, and the Hahnemann Medical College of Chicago, from which he was graduated in 1884. He is by profession a physician and surgeon. He resided in the town of Stanley, Barron county, four years, in which town he held the office of clerk two years. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 2,733 votes, against 1,821 for Austin Wright, democrat, and 150 for John H. Moseley, prohibitionist. P

OCONTO COUNTY.

Population in 1895—18,339.

LESLIE C. HARVEY (Rep.), of Oconto, was born October 25, 1869, in Green Leaf, Brown county, Wisconsin; was educated in the public schools of Wisconsin and at Valparaiso (Ind.) College; came to Oconto county with his parents at the age of three years; has resided there ever since; taught in the public schools of Oconto county until elected to the office of register of deeds in 1894; served as one of the Columbian guards at the World's Columbian exposition; was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,791 votes, against 1,304 for William Guthrie, the fusion candidate of the democrats and populists. He was the youngest man in the legislature of 1897 and served on the Judiciary committee and also as one of the joint special committee on the revision of the statutes of 1898; since 1897 he has carried on a law, collection and real estate business at Oconto. He was re-elected to the assembly in 1898, having the leading vote of any candidate on the ticket, receiving 1,991 votes, against 1,116 votes for William Guthrie, democrat. P

ONEIDA, PRICE AND VILAS COUNTIES.

Population in 1895—18,118.

JOSEPH R. FARR (Rep.), of Phillips, Price county, was born April 8, 1864, in Fallbrook, Tioga county, Pa. He came to Wisconsin in 1869, settling in the town of Packwaukee, Marquette county, where he lived upon the farm until sixteen years of age. He attended the public school winters, in which he attained sufficient education to procure a teacher's certificate, but being attracted by opportunities to more rapidly acquire wealth, he went in 1880 to Price county to work in the pineries, where he was employed in various capacities such as scaler, foreman, land-looker, estimator and surveyor. For the past few years he has been in the lumbering business for himself; has been one of the foremost citizens of his county in building up northern Wisconsin; is president of the Price County Land and Improvement company, and mayor of the city of Phillips, which place has been his home since 1880, except four years' residence at Eau Claire. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 2,726 votes, against 1,794 for D. H. Walker, democrat. P

OUTAGAMIE COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Center, Dale, Ellington, Grand Chute, Greenville, and the city of Appleton.

Population in 1895—21,710.

THEOPHILUS A. WILLY (Rep.), of the city of Appleton, was born April 16, 1845, at Somersetshire, England, and came to America in 1866, settling in the city of Appleton, where he has since resided. He was educated in the common schools of England, and was engaged as a miller and buyer of grain from 1866 to 1870; from 1870 to 1878 he was a manufacturer of staves and lumber, and also a dealer in merchandise. In 1878 he returned to his former occupation, which he has since followed. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 1,954 votes, against 1,759 for Hubert Wolf, democrat. N

Second District. The towns of Black Creek, Boyina, Buchanan, Cicero, Deer Creek, Freedom, Hortonville, Kaukauna, Liberty, Maine, Maple Creek, Osborn, Seymour, and the village of Hortonville, and the cities of Kaukauna and Seymour, and the Third ward of the city of New London.

Population in 1895—22,694.

HENRY L. DAGGETT (Rep.), was born May 9, 1848, in Janesville, Rock county. He moved to Fond du Lac in 1854, and was educated in the public schools and O. P. De Land's Business College of that city. His first employment was in a retail store, afterwards in a wholesale house. From 1872 to 1880 he was employed by the C. & N. W. R. R. as foreman in the freight department at Fond du Lac. In 1881 he moved to the town of Deer Creek, Outagamie county, where he has been successful as a farmer and dairyman. Was town clerk of Deer Creek in 1883 and 1884, school clerk six years, from 1890 to 1896, and has held the office of chairman since 1895. Was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 1,857 votes, against 1,303 for A. A. Nugent, democrat. P

OZAUKEE COUNTY.

Population in 1895—16,545.

NICHOLAS EDWARD BECKER (Dem.), of Fredonia (P. C. address, Random Lake), was born August 23, 1842, at Wormeldingen, in the grand-duchy of Luxemburg, and was educated at the boys' school—German and French—of his

native place. He came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1854 and settled on the farm where he still resides. By occupation he is a farmer, but taught school from 1866 to 1882, and is widely known among the Luxemburgers in the United States by his poetical productions in their home dialect. He was town clerk from 1868 to 1877, and again from 1883 to 1887, and has been chairman of the town board since 1895. He was chairman of the democratic county committee in 1887, 1888, 1889 and 1890; has been a notary public since 1879, and justice of the peace from 1867 to the present time. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 1,414 votes, against 951 for W. H. Rintelmann, republican. P 96

PIERCE COUNTY.

Population in 1895—23,040.

CALVIN RANDALL MORSE (Rep.), of River Falls, was born August 11, 1847, at Bethel, Windsor county, Vermont. In 1856 he came to Wisconsin with his parents, who settled at River Falls. He received his education in the schools of that place. He is a newspaper publisher, and besides attending to this duty, has held the office of supervisor, alderman, school board director, etc. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 1,725 votes, against 568 for Ferris M. White, democrat; 93 for Cassius D. Hawn, prohibitionist, and 92 for David H. Baker, people's. P

PORTAGE COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Carson, Eau Claire, Hull, Sharon, and the city of Stevens Point.

Population in 1895—14,442.

PATRICK HENRY CASHIN (Dem.), of Stevens Point, Portage county, was born April 4, 1851, in the town of Granville, Milwaukee county, and was educated in the district school of Granville; resided in Granville from birth until 1877, at Kansas City, Mo., from 1877 to 1882, and at Stevens Point from 1882 to the present time; was a carpenter and contractor until 1877, then engaged in the barber and city express business until 1882, when he embarked in the barber and liquor business, from which he retired November 30, 1896; was alderman from 1886 to 1892, president of the Stevens Point city council in 1892, and was nominated for mayor in 1892, and alderman in 1896, but was defeated. Was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 1,914 votes, against 1,378 for A. R. Week, republican. Was elected mayor of Stevens Point in 1897, while a member of the assembly. He was re-elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 1,307 votes, against 820 votes for Thomas Hyde, republican. P

Second District. The towns of Alban, Almond, Amherst, Belmont, Buena Vista, Grant, Lanark, Linwood, New Hope, Pine Grove, Plover, Stevens Point and Stockton.

Population in 1895—14,089.

FRED J. FROST (Rep.), of Almond, Portage county, was born in said town and county, May 20, 1858. He attended the district school, the high schools of Berlin and Oshkosh and the Oshkosh Normal School. Is a farmer, also engaged in the general insurance business, and dealer in agricultural implements. Was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 1,331 votes, against 951 for Lars L. Loberg, democrat. N

RACINE COUNTY.

First District. The First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth and Sixth wards of the city of Racine.

Population in 1895—21,463.

JOHN C. WAGNER (Rep.), of Racine, was born and educated in the city from which he was elected. He has resided in Chicago, Detroit, Michigan and White-water; his business was formerly that of hotel keeping in his native town. He served his city as supervisor from 1892 to 1896, and was elected sheriff of Racine county in 1896. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 1,962 votes against 1,923 for William P. Packard, democrat; 459 for Martin Jesko, people's, and 138 for Stedmond Jackson, prohibitionist. P

Second District. The towns of Burlington, Caledonia, Dover, Mt. Pleasant, Norway, Raymond, Rochester, Waterford, Yorkville, Union Grove, and the Seventh ward of the city of Racine.

Population in 1895—19,647.

GEORGE ELA (Rep.), of Rochester, was born in the town in which he resides, October 11, 1868. He was educated in the Rochester Seminary, graduating from that school in 1887, and from the University of Wisconsin in 1894. His business is that of a dairyman and stock raiser; he held the office of supervisor of the town of Rochester in 1895, 1896, 1897 and 1898, and was chairman of the county board of supervisors of Racine county in 1896, 1897 and 1898. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 1,587 votes, against 1,434 for Adam Apple, democrat, and 89 for Hiram I. Hawks, people's. P

RICHLAND COUNTY.

Population in 1895—19,619.

WILLIAM M. FOGO (Rep.), of Richland Center, was born June 18, 1841, in Columbiana county, Ohio; was educated in the common schools of Ohio and Wisconsin; came to Wisconsin with his parents in the year 1853, settling in the town of Marshall, Richland county; has been editor and publisher of the Republican Observer, of Richland Center, since 1873; he enlisted in Co. F, 2d Wis. Vol. Cavalry, December 10, 1861, serving one year; re-entered the army in 1864 as sergeant major of the 42d Wis. Vol. Infantry and served until mustered out at the close of the war. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,540 votes, against 2,133 for F. O. Smith, democrat and populist, and 158 for John Maly, prohibitionist; was re-elected in 1898, receiving 1,779 votes, against 1,603 for J. E. Coffland, democrat, and 161 for John Maly, prohibitionist. N

ROCK COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Janesville, La Prairie and Rock, and the city of Janesville.

Population in 1895—16,084.

WILLIAM G. WHEELER (Rep.), of Janesville, Rock county, was born November 11, 1861, in the town of La Prairie, Rock county, Wisconsin, and was educated in the district and high schools of Rock county, graduating from the Janesville high school April 22, 1881; in December, 1881, he entered the law office of Winans and Fethers as a student and read law until August 24, 1884, when was admitted to the bar; has always resided at Janesville. From September 1884, to June 6, 1885, he was deputy clerk of the circuit court of Rock county;

was clerk of the circuit court from June 6, 1885, to January, 1887, since which time he has practiced law in Janesville; was district attorney of Rock county from January, 1891, to January, 1895. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,235 votes, against 1,499 for John Winans, democrat; was re-elected in 1898, receiving 1,616 votes, against 1,305 votes for Charles C. Russell, democrat. P

Second District. The towns of Bradford, Center, Fulton, Harmony, Johnstown, Lima, Magnolia, Milton, Porter and Union, and the village of Evansville, and the city of Edgerton.

Population in 1895—16,238.

ROBERT MORE (Rep.), of Emerald Grove, was born May 21, 1843, in Stirlingshire, Scotland. He came with his parents to America and to Wisconsin in 1846, settling on section one, town of Bradford, Rock county, where he has since resided. He is a farmer by occupation, and received his education in the district and high schools of his adopted county. He held the office of chairman of the town board of supervisors from 1887 to 1897, inclusive, and the chairmanship of the Rock county board of supervisors during 1896 and 1897. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 1,746 votes, against 812 for William Zull, democrat. P

Third District. The towns of Avon, Beloit, Clinton, Newark, Elymouth, Springvalley, Turtle, and the village of Clinton, and the city of Beloit.

Population in 1895—16,092.

LOWELL HOLDEN PARKER (Rep.), of Beloit, was born November 30, 1848, in Belvidere, Boone county, Illinois. He came to Beloit in 1850, and was educated in the public schools of Beloit and the college of that city. In 1873 he entered the law class of Michigan University, and was graduated in 1875. Engaged in the practice of law from 1875 to 1879 at Beloit with O. H. Orton (son of the late Judge H. S. Orton), under the firm name of Orton & Parker. In 1879, with Fred A. Dennett, under the firm name of Parker and Dennett, he engaged in the manufacture of harvesters and binders, continuing in that business till 1882; assisted in organizing second national bank of Beloit, which opened its doors for business July 1, 1882, in which institution he has held the positions of assistant cashier, cashier and president, still holding the last named place; has also been a member of the Beloit city school board for eleven years. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 2,134 votes, against 535 for James B. Van Alstine, democrat. P

ST. CROIX COUNTY.

Population in 1895—25,870.

ORVILLE W. MOSHER (Rep.), was born November 8, 1853, near Waupun in Dodge county, Wisconsin. He was educated in country schools and the Waupun high school, and graduated from the classical course, Ripon College, in 1879. Was principal of the high school at New Richmond, Wisconsin, from 1879 to 1883. From 1883 to date he has been engaged in buying and shipping grain and farm produce. In 1890 he organized the Northern Grain company, and has been its president ever since; also president of the New Richmond school board for nine years. He was elected trustee of St. Croix County Asylum for Insane at its opening, in 1896, and unanimously re-elected in 1897. Was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 1,929 votes, against 1,759 for Herman Heblink, democrat, and 125 for Elisha G. Partridge, prohibitionist. P

SAUK COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Baraboo, Delton, Dellona, Excelsior, Fairfield, Freedom, Greenfield, Merrimac, Prairie du Sac, Sumpter, and the villages of Ableman, North Freedom, Prairie du Sac, and Sauk City, and the city of Baraboo.

Population in 1895—16,523.

JOHN M. TRUE (Rep.), of Baraboo, was born in Moultonboro, Carroll county, New Hampshire, in 1838; received an academic education at New Hampton, New Hampshire, and for several years taught in the schools of New Hampshire, Massachusetts and Maine; came to Wisconsin in 1866, settling upon a farm in Greenfield, Sauk county. In 1874 was elected register of deeds of his county, a position he held for six years. In the meantime he moved to the city of Baraboo, purchased a farm in the suburbs and engaged in live-stock farming. He has been eight years assessor of the city of Baraboo, eight years supervisor of his ward, and is serving his fourth year as chairman of the county board of supervisors. Has been for over twenty years officially connected with the Sauk County Agricultural Society; was four years secretary of the State Agricultural Society, and held the presidency of the Wisconsin State Board of Agriculture until he resigned March 2, 1899, to accept the secretaryship of the same board. He was regent of the State University from 1889 to 1892, being chairman of the farm committee, and a member of the executive committee during that time. Has been a member of the Baraboo board of education for eighteen years, and is president of the city free library board. He was for many years actively engaged in the work of Wisconsin farm institutes as a conductor. Has served several years as chairman of the republican county committee of Sauk county. He was elected to the assembly from his present district in 1896, and re-elected in 1898, receiving 1,491 votes, against 737 for L. Q. Smith, democrat, and 125 for H. J. Farnum, prohibitionist.

Second District. The towns of Bear Creek, Franklin, Honey Creek, Ironston, La Valle, Reedsburg, Spring Green (including village of Spring Green), Troy, Washington, Westfield, Winfield, Woodland, and the village of La Valle and the city of Reedsburg.

Population in 1895—16,396.

JOHN E. MORGAN (Rep.), of Spring Green, Sauk county, was born June 14, 1847, at Coalport, Meigs county, Ohio; was educated in the public schools of Spring Green and Spring Green Academy; came to Wisconsin in the spring of 1854, residing twenty-four years in the township of Spring Green and twenty years in Spring Green village; taught school winters and farmed summers from 1867 to 1874; was a farmer from 1874 to 1878, since which time he has been engaged in shipping hogs, cattle and sheep to Milwaukee and Chicago; was deputy sheriff from 1887 to 1892; president of the board of education from 1890 to the present time. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,048 votes, against 1,582 for Henry W. Sorge, democrat. He was appointed member of the Board of Regents of the University of Wisconsin, February, 1898, from the 3d District, for the term of three years. He was re-elected in 1898, receiving 1,278 votes, against 1,095 for Adolph Schoenmann, democrat; 83 for Douglas R. Kellogg, prohibitionist, and 73 for Willson Hood, independent.

SHAWANO COUNTY.

Population in 1895—22,573.

FRANK W. HUMPHREY (Rep.), of Shawano, was born in the town of Lima, Sheboygan county, Wisconsin, November 7, 1852. His parents came to Wisconsin in the early '40s, and his father died when he was twelve years of age. His early years were spent in hard work on the farm without educational ad-

vantages. After his father's death the management of the farm devolved largely upon his young shoulders, but his perseverance, energy and pluck carried him through the struggles and trials of the ensuing years, until 1876, when, at the age of 24, he entered Lawrence University, and by his own labor and supervision of the management of the farm, paid his way through college, graduating with the class of 1881. In 1882 he located at his present home, and in connection with D. P. Andrus established the Shawano County Bank. Mr. Humphrey was the first vice president, and held that position two years, when upon the departure of Mr. Andrus, he was elected cashier and has held that position continuously to the present time, and is also one of the principal stockholders. He still maintains his interest in agriculture and owns and operates three farms in the immediate vicinity of Shawano. In the years 1895-6-7 he held the office of high-school clerk, and was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 1,930 votes, against 1,423 for Herman Naber, democrat.

SHEBOYGAN COUNTY.

First District. The First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth and Eighth wards of the city of Sheboygan.

Population in 1895—16,647.

MARTIN O. GALAWAY (Rep.), of Sheboygan, was born December 27, 1862, in the village of Sheboygan Falls, receiving his education in the public schools of that place, and is engaged in the business of a wholesale dealer in butter and eggs. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 1,307 votes, against 1,270 votes for Thomas H. Lynch, democrat.

Second District. The towns of Holland, Herman, Mosel, Sheboygan, Sheboygan Falls and Wilson, and the village of Sheboygan Falls, and the Sixth and Seventh wards of the city of Sheboygan.

Population in 1895—16,089.

JOHN E. RICHARDSON (Rep.), of Sheboygan Falls, was born September 10, 1840, in the village of Sheboygan Falls, and educated in the high school at that place. He is a farmer and was elected chairman of the Sheboygan Falls high school board in 1889, 1892, 1895 and 1898. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 1,211 votes, against 1,116 votes for Reinhardt Fromme, democrat, and 63 for Robert Conger, people's.

Third District. The towns of Greenbush (including the village of Greenbush), Lima, Lyndon, Mitchell, Plymouth, Rhine, Russell, Scott and Sherman, and the village of Elkhart Lake and the city of Plymouth.

Population in 1895—15,660.

WHITMAN A. BARBER (Rep.), of Waldo, was born October 17, 1853, in the town of Lyndon, Sheboygan county, and was educated in the common schools of his town, except the last year of his school life, which was spent at Ripon College. His business is that of a farmer, and he has always lived in Sheboygan county. In 1874 he was appointed United States gauger, which position he held four years; was assessor two years, and chairman of town board of supervisors six years. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 1,561 votes, against 1,031 votes for Gerhard Franzen, democrat, and 82 for John F. Kramer, people's.

TREMPEALEAU COUNTY.

Population in 1895—21,963.

DAVID L. HOLCOMB (Rep.), of Arcadia, Trempealeau county, was born in Greenbush, Sheboygan county, Wisconsin, April 26, 1848, removing with his parents to Floyd, Floyd county, Iowa, in 1857, where he assisted his father upon the farm summers and attended district school winters. He returned to Wisconsin and settled at Arcadia in 1867, engaging one year as a farm hand, and after that for ten years was a teacher in the public schools of Trempealeau county, since which time he has been a farmer; from 1883 to 1889 was president of the school board, and is now serving again, having been elected in 1898; in 1889 was president of Arcadia Agricultural and Driving Association; in 1891, 1892, 1897 and 1898 was chairman of the town of Arcadia; in 1892 was elected to the assembly, and again elected in 1898, receiving 2,121 votes, to 712 for Peter Nelson, democrat, and 141 for Wilber P. Massuere, prohibitionist.

VERNON COUNTY.

Population in 1895—27,035.

ANDREW H. DAHL (Rep.), of Westby, was born in Columbia county, April 13, 1859, and was educated in the high school at Viroqua and the Northwestern Business College at Madison. Vernon county has been his home since 1864, and he is engaged in the business of dealing in general merchandise. He was supervisor of the village of Westby during 1896 and 1897, and trustee of Vernon county asylum for the term beginning in 1897. Was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 2,915 votes, against 839 for William Lind, democrat.

WALWORTH COUNTY.

First District. The towns of East Troy, Lafayette, La Grange, Lyons, Spring Prairie, Sugar Creek, Troy and Whitewater, and the village of Elkhorn, and the city of Whitewater.

Population in 1895—14,333.

WILLIAM HENRY HURLBUT (Rep.), of Elkhorn, was born in the town of Venice, Cayuga county, New York, January 8, 1837, and educated at Groton Academy, Groton, N. Y.; at Cortland Academy, Homer, N. Y., and at the Eclectic Medical Institute, Cincinnati, O. He came to Wisconsin in 1856, settling at Clinton, Rock county; has also resided at Beloit, Rock county, and at Elkhorn, Walworth county, since 1870. By profession he is a physician and surgeon; was supervisor of Elkhorn in 1879, and has been United States examining surgeon for pensions since 1877; also attending physician for Walworth county insane asylum since 1883. Was elected to the assembly in 1896 and again in 1898, receiving 1,658 votes, against 734 for Thomas Wogan, democrat, and 121 for Thomas W. Barbour, prohibitionist.

Second District. The towns of Bloomfield, Darien (including Darien village), Delavan (including Delavan village), Geneva, Linn, Richmond, Sharon (including Sharon village), Walworth, and the city of Lake Geneva.

Population in 1895—14,824.

P. CLOUGH (Rep.), of the village of Darien, was born November the town of Fenner, Madison county, New York, receiving his education in district schools of that place. He came to Wisconsin in 1863, and at Darien for the past twenty-four years, where he is a dealer in

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live stock; was assessor for three years, also chairman of town board in 1878, and from April, 1885, to April, 1897. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 1,709 votes, against 520 for Fred C. Smith, democrat, and 157 for Livingston E. Parker, prohibitionist. P

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

Population in 1895—24,077.

LOUIS D. GUTH (Rep.), of Kewaskum, was born May 25, 1857, in the town of Polk, Washington county, Wisconsin, receiving his education in the common schools, the Northwestern University, at Watertown, where he was a student for two years, and at the Milwaukee Spencerian Business College, graduating from the last named institution January 9, 1876. He resided for a time in Minneapolis, Minn., but for eleven years past his home has been at Kewaskum, where he is engaged in the insurance business; was chairman of the board of supervisors of his town in 1894, 1895 and 1897; also special treasury agent for the state of Wisconsin. Was elected to the assembly in 1898 by 2,332 votes, against 2,303 for Adolph Rosenheimer, democrat. P

WAUKESHA COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Brookfield, Eagle, Mukwonago, Muskego, New Berlin, Ottawa, Vernon, Waukesha, and the city of Waukesha.

Population in 1895—18,215.

JAMES JOHNSTON (Rep.), of Mukwonago, was born March 7, 1845, in the town of Waukesha, Waukesha county, and was educated in the common schools of his native town and at Milton College. He resided for a time at Palmyra, Jefferson county; was engaged in the hardware business at Mukwonago. He is a veteran of the war of 1861 to 1865, serving his country in the 13th Regiment Wis. Vol. Inf. from August, 1861, to January, 1866. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 1,989 votes, against 1,504 for S. M. Martin, democrat, and 112 for Wm. H. Stockman, prohibitionist. N

Second District. The towns of Delafield (including Hartland village), Genesee, Lisbon, Menomonee (including Menomonee Falls village), Merton, Oconomowoc, Pewaukee (including Pewaukee village), Summit and the city of Oconomowoc.

Population in 1895—18,347.

MARK W. ROWELL (Rep.), of Hartland, was born February 4, 1856, in the village of Hartland, Waukesha county. He was educated in the Hartland public school and Beaver Dam high school, and is by occupation a farmer. He was president and supervisor of the village of Hartland in 1891 and 1892; village treasurer in 1893 and 1894, and has been treasurer of the school board since 1888. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 1,860 votes, against 1,562 for Gustav Meissner, democrat, and 122 for Winfield D. Cox, prohibitionist. P

WAUPACA COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Caledonia, Dayton, Farmington, Fremont, Lind, Little Wolf, Royaltown, Scandinavia, St. Lawrence, Waupaca, Weyauwega, and the villages of Fremont, Scandinavia, Manawa, Weyauwega, and the city of Waupaca.

Population in 1895—16,222.

EMIL H. STEIGER (Rep.), of Fremont, Waupaca county, was born September 17, 1871, in the town in which he now resides, and was educated in the

public schools and the Oshkosh Business College. His business is that of wholesale dealer in wood, potatoes, real estate and hay for the Wisconsin Grass Twine Co., and he is also interested in logging. He held the office of supervisor of his village in 1897 and 1898, and is a member of the Waupaca republican county committee. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 2,131 votes, against 504 for W. W. Crane, democrat, and 129 for Truman Rich, prohibitionist. 2 Pa

Second District. The towns of Bear Creek, Dupont, Harrison, Helvetia, Iola (including Iola village), Larrabee, Lebanon, Matteson, Mukwa, Union and Wyoming, and the city of Clintonville, and the First, Second, Fourth and Fifth wards of the city of New London.

Population in 1895—14,571.

ANDREW JENSEN (Rep.), of Ogdensburg, was born near the city of Copenhagen, Denmark, June 2, 1852. In 1867 he came with his parents to Neenah, Wis., where they resided one summer. In the fall of the same year they removed to Ogdensburg, Wis., which has since been his post office address, though in 1884 he removed from the village to a farm in the township of Helvetia, his present home. He is a lumberman and farmer by occupation, and received his education in the common schools of Denmark and Ogdensburg, Wis. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,332 votes, against 791 votes for G. Sullivan, democrat; was re-elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 1,383 votes, against 514 for Chas. Rice, democrat.

WAUSHARA COUNTY.

Population in 1895—15,355.

WILLIAM HUGHES (Rep.), of Aurora, was born August 11, 1841, in the county of Radnor, Wales, and was educated in the common schools of that country. He came to America and to Wisconsin in May, 1869, and has resided in the town of Aurora, Waushara county, ever since; is a farmer by occupation; served as chairman of the town board of his town from 1889 to 1895; was elected chairman of the county board in 1892, and re-elected in 1893; is a stockholder and treasurer of the Waushara Dairymen's Association, and has taken an active interest in dairy and agricultural progress in his county. He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 3,207 votes, against 442 for John Morrisey, democrat, and 107 for J. L. Evans, prohibitionist; was re-elected in 1899, receiving 2,404 votes, against 319 for Wm. N. Kelly, democrat; 106 for Daniel W. Cate, prohibitionist, and 74 for Herbert E. Frisbie, people's. Mr. Hughes died February 4, 1899, during the session of the legislature.

DAVID EVANS, JR. (Rep.), of the town of Aurora, Waushara county, was born September 17, 1848, in Caernarvon, North Wales. He came with his parents to America in 1853, settling at Strong's Landing (where now is built the city of Berlin), and was educated in the common schools of the state. He served as a private in Co. C, 41st Regiment, and Co. B, 49th Regiment Wis. Vol. Inf. during the war of the rebellion. Since the war he served on the United States revenue cutter as gunner and quartermaster on the following ships and stations: "John A. Dix," Lakes Superior and Huron; "Andrew Johnson," Lake Michigan; "Robert Morris," Mobile bay and Gulf of Mexico. He has crossed the Atlantic ocean six times in sailing vessels, visiting England, Scotland, Wales, Ireland, British West Indies, Guatemala, Honduras, Bermuda, and has sailed eight of the coasts of French Africa (east coast), Canary Islands, St. Thomas, Porto Rico, San Domingo, Jamaica and Cuba. He has partly as a delegate to the republican congressional and state convention; a member of G. A. R. Post No. 4, Berlin, of which he has been His occupation is dairying and general farming. He was treas-

urer of the town of Aurora in 1875-6, and was elected chairman of the town board of supervisors the spring of 1898. He was elected to the assembly February 21, 1899, at a special election held to fill the vacancy caused by the death of William Hughes, receiving 1,002 votes, against 435 for B. O. Storm, republican. P

WINNEBAGO COUNTY.

First District. The town of Oshkosh, and the First, Second, Fourth, Fifth, Seventh, Eighth, Tenth, Eleventh and Twelfth wards of the city of Oshkosh.

Population in 1895—19,372.

F. BADGER IVES (Dem.), of Oshkosh, was born November 13, 1858, in Waupaca county, Wisconsin, and received his education in the common and commercial schools of the city of Oshkosh, later attending the Chicago Law School for one winter. He resided in Chicago four years. He is president of the F. B. Ives company, commission merchants and wholesale jobbers in fruits, produce and groceries. He held the office of alderman from the Fifth ward of his city in 1889 and 1890. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 1,966 votes, against 1,791 for Louis F. Thiessen, republican, and 81 for William Phell, prohibitionist. P

Second District. The towns of Clayton, Menasha, Neenah, Vinland, Winchester, Winneconne and Wolf River, and the village of Winneconne, and the cities of Menasha and Neenah.

Population in 1895—19,372.

EDWIN A. WILLIAMS (Rep.), of Neenah, was born November 9, 1847, at Lake Geneva, Walworth county, Wisconsin; received his education in the common schools, Hillsdale College, Michigan, and Platteville, Wisconsin, Normal school, graduating from the latter institution in 1873. Has always resided in Wisconsin, removing to Kenosha county in early boyhood, working on a farm until nineteen years of age, when he engaged in teaching school winters, until he reached his majority, after which time he confined himself entirely to the profession of teaching. Was principal of the Winneconne, Wisconsin, schools during the years 1875, 1876, 1877 and 1878, and of the Fourth ward school of Oshkosh in 1879, and of the Menasha high school during the years 1880, 1881 and 1882. Was afterward superintendent of Menasha schools for two years, and was elected and served as justice of the peace three years. Removed to Neenah in 1888, and engaged in the real estate and insurance business, which he still follows. Was elected mayor of the city in 1894, and is now serving his fourth year as superintendent of city schools. Was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 1,681 votes, against 1,640 for J. M. Pleasants, democrat. P

Third District. The towns of Algoma, Black Wolf, Nekimi, Nepeuskun, Omro (including village of Omro), Poygan, Rushford and Utica, and the Third, Sixth, Ninth and Thirteenth wards of the city of Oshkosh.

Population in 1895—18,883.

CHRISTIAN SARAU (Rep.), of Oshkosh, Wisconsin, was born in Segeberg, Holstein, Germany, June 7, 1839, and received a common school education in Manitowoc county and at Oshkosh, Wisconsin. He came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1848, settling on a farm in the town of Mishicot, Manitowoc county, removing to Oshkosh in 1854, where he has resided ever since. He studied law with O. L. Lane and N. L. Whittemore in Oshkosh, and was admitted to the bar in 1878. In 1861 he was chosen assessor, holding the office six

years, and in 1866 was elected justice, and is now serving his twentieth year. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 1,918 votes, against 1,364 for Daniel Lawler, democrat and populist, and 126 for Andrew B. Niven, prohibitionist.

WOOD COUNTY.

Population in 1895—21,637.

AMOS E. GERMER (Dem.), of Dexterville, was born May 28, 1862, at Cincinnati, Cortland county, New York, and was educated in the common schools of that place, the Cincinnati Academy, University of Iowa and Chicago College of Law—the law department of Lake Forest University, Chicago. He came to Seymour, this state, in 1883, and resided one year at Ogdensburg, Waupaca county, and two years at Pittsville, Wood county. He is a lawyer by profession and lumberman by occupation. He was alderman and president of the city council of Pittsville the first year of the incorporation of that city, and also member of the school board at Dexterville several terms. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, receiving 1,820 votes, against 1,663 votes for Peter N. Christensen, republican.

OFFICERS OF THE SENATE.

WALTER L. HOUSER, of Mondovi, Buffalo county, chief clerk of the senate, was born May 6, 1855, at Tidioute, Pennsylvania, and came to Wisconsin in 1865. He received a common school and academic education. He first settled in Pierce county, where he resided until 1870, when he removed to Pepin county, where he remained until 1874, when he returned to Pierce county for a short time. Since 1875 he has resided in Mondovi. He is editor of the Mondovi Herald. Has been justice of the peace, municipal judge for five years, and mayor. At the session of the legislature of 1895, he was chosen chief clerk of the senate, having been nominated by acclamation in the republican caucus; he was re-elected chief clerk in 1897, receiving 30 of the 31 votes cast, and re-elected to the same position in 1899.

CHARLES A. PETTIBONE, Oconomowoc, Waukesha county, Wisconsin, sergeant-at-arms of the senate, was born in the town of Hartsville, Steuben county, New York, May 26, 1841; received a common school and partial collegiate education at Wayland and Lawrence Universities; is by profession an editor; came to Wisconsin in 1850 and settled in the town of Beaver Dam, Dodge county; published the New London News, at New London, in 1874, and The Telephone, at Mayville, in 1877, and is at present editor and proprietor of the Oconomowoc Republican; enlisted August 15, 1861, in Company C, First Wisconsin Cavalry; served as a private, second lieutenant and captain, acted as A. A. Q. M. of brigade and first division cavalry department of Cumberland; took part in most of the engagements in which the regiment participated; was mustered out of service March 7, 1865; was elected state senator for the Thirteenth District in 1886, for four years. Was chairman of the committee on Printing in the 38th session. In 1895 and 1897 he was chosen sergeant-at-arms of the senate by acclamation, receiving the nomination in the republican caucuses by acclamation; was re-elected sergeant-at-arms of the senate in 1899.

OFFICERS OF THE ASSEMBLY.

WINSLOW A. NOWELL, chief clerk of the assembly, of Milwaukee, was born at Portsmouth, N. H., January 31, 1840. He received a common school and academic education. Was in business employment as bookkeeper and cashier in the city of New York from 1856 until 1863, removing to Milwaukee during the latter year and engaging in mercantile business, and subsequently in paper manufacturing. His present occupation is that of a journalist. He was an alderman in 1872, commissioner of public works from 1873 to 1876, deputy United States marshal from 1878 to 1880, and postmaster at Milwaukee, by appointment of President Harrison, from October 1, 1889, to December 31, 1893. From 1885 to 1889 he was secretary of the Republican State Central committee. He was chief clerk of the session of 1877, and was again elected to that position in 1895, and re-elected in 1897 and 1899.

JAMES HERMAN AGEN (Rep.), was born April 29, 1847, in Montpelier, Vt. He removed to Wyoming county, New York, at an early age, where he was educated in the public schools; he located in Osage, Iowa, in 1866, engaging in farming, lumber and grain business. He served six years as the chairman of the board of supervisors, two years in the city council, and was connected with the State Fair. Came to Wisconsin March 10, 1887, settling at West Superior, where he has since been engaged in the business of real estate, loans and fire insurance. He was president of the West Superior Chamber of Commerce in 1890-91; represented his ward as alderman in 1893-94; was president of the Douglas County Agricultural Society, and also president of the Northwestern Wisconsin State Fair Association in 1895-96. Mr. AGEN has an enviable war record, having served two years and nine months in the First New York Dragoons; he was in forty-two battles, serving under Gen. Phil. Sheridan; was wounded in the battle of Winchester, in 1864. In recognition of his vallant services in the war of the rebellion, he was made a member of the staff of Jack Adams at the national encampment at Pittsburg, in 1894. During his residence in West Superior he has been recognized as an important and leading factor in the development and settlement of the great northern or "New Wisconsin." He was elected to the assembly in 1896, receiving 2,038 votes over his opponent, who received 1,166, and was chosen sergeant-at-arms of the assembly in 1899.

JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT.

JOHN B. CASSODAY, chief justice, was born in Herkimer county, New York, July 7, 1830; removed with his widowed mother to Tioga county, Pennsylvania, three years later. His early studies were pursued in the common schools, at the academies in Wellsboro and Knoxville, Pennsylvania, and two years at the Alfred academy, where he graduated. He spent one year at the Michigan University and then attended the Albany law school; afterwards reading in a law office in Wellsboro, Pennsylvania. In July, 1857, he settled in Janesville, Wisconsin, and continued actively in practice until called to the supreme bench; was member of the assembly in 1865, and again in 1877, when he was elected speaker of that body. In 1880, November 11, he was appointed by Governor William E. Smith, as associate justice of the supreme court, a vacancy having been caused by the promotion of Associate Justice Cole to the chief justiceship to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Chief Justice Edward G. Ryan. He was elected associate justice in April, 1881, and again in April, 1889, and is a professor in the College of Law, University of Wisconsin, lecturing on constitutional law. He is the author of "Cassoday on Wills," a law text book published in 1893. He became chief justice upon the death of Chief Justice Orton in July, 1895, by virtue of his seniority in service.

JOHN B. WINSLOW was born October 4, 1851, at Nunda, Livingston county, New York. He graduated at Racine college, Wisconsin, in 1871, and entered upon the study of the law in the law office of E. O. Hand, and later in the law office of Fuller & Dyer. He finished his course of reading at the law department of the University of Wisconsin, from which he graduated in 1875, and entered upon the practice at Racine. He was for several years city attorney of Racine. In April, 1883, he was elected circuit judge of the first judicial circuit, and entered upon judicial duties in January, 1884, serving in that capacity, being re-elected, until May 4, 1891, when he was appointed associate justice of the supreme court, in place of Hon. David Taylor, deceased. In April, 1892, he was elected to fill the residue of Judge Taylor's term; in April, 1895, he was re-elected for a full term; in 1889 he was special lecturer on criminal practice in the College of Law in the University of Wisconsin.

ROUJET D. MARSHALL was born December 27, 1847, in Nashua, N. H.; was educated principally at the Delton Academy, Baraboo Collegiate Institute and Lawrence University. The Marshalls came to this country from England in 1650 and settled at Boston. The subject of this sketch came to Wisconsin in 1854; resided at Delton, Sauk county, until 1872, and since that time at Chippewa Falls; commenced the study of law at the age of 17, which he continued with his school work till he was 24, since which time he has been actively engaged in the profession; was county judge of Chippewa county from 1876 to 1883; member of the board of regents of the University of Wisconsin from 1884 to 1889; elected circuit judge of the eleventh circuit in April, 1888, and re-elected in April, 1894; was appointed to the supreme bench in August, 1895, and was elected to the supreme bench in April, 1896, for the unexpired term of Chief Justice Orton, deceased; was re-elected April 6, 1897, for a full term.

CHAS. V. BARDEEN was born in Brookfield, Madison county, N. Y., September 23d, 1850, removing to Wisconsin in 1855; graduated at Albion Academy in 1869, and entered the law office of J. P. Towne of Edgerton, Wisconsin, in 1874. Finished his studies in the law department of the State University, graduating with class of 1875, and commenced the practice of his profession at Wausau,

Marathon county, Wisconsin. Was city attorney, district attorney and city superintendent of schools. In April, 1891, was elected judge in the 16th judicial circuit, and re-elected in 1897. Was appointed justice of the supreme court in January, 1898, to succeed Hon. A. W. Newman, deceased. In April, 1898, was elected for the residue of Judge Newman's term.

JOSHUA ERIC DODGE was born October 25th, 1854, in West Cambridge (now Arlington), Middlesex county, Mass.; received his education in the public schools of that place, Westford Academy, at Westford in the same county, and graduated with the class of 1875 from Iowa College at Grinnell, Iowa; graduated from the Law School of the Boston University in 1877. He was admitted to the bar by the supreme court of Massachusetts in that year; moved to Racine, Wis., in March, 1878, and there continued in the general practice of the law until September, 1893, when he was appointed assistant attorney general of the United States, which position he occupied until July, 1897, when he returned to Wisconsin and engaged in practice at Milwaukee until his appointment as associate justice of the supreme court upon the resignation of Mr. Justice Pinney on November 22d, 1898; was member of Assembly in 1891 and 1892, and was appointed a member of the Board of Commissioners for the Promotion of Uniformity of Legislation in the United States, April 18th, 1893.

HEADS OF INSTRUCTIONAL FORCE AT THE UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN.

PRESIDENT OF THE UNIVERSITY.

CHARLES KENDALL ADAMS, LL. D., President of the University of Wisconsin, was born January 24, 1835, at Derby, Vermont; graduated at the University of Michigan; pursued his studies at Ann Arbor, Bonn, Heidelberg, Leipzig, Berlin and Paris; received the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1861; Master of Arts in 1862; Doctor of Laws by Harvard University in 1886; was student in University of Michigan from 1857 to 1862; assistant professor of Latin and history from 1862 to 1867; professor of history from 1867 to 1885; dean of the school of political science from 1881 to 1885; president of the Cornell University from 1885 to 1892, and elected president of the University of Wisconsin in 1892; president of Am. Historical Association, 1890; president of North Central Association of Colleges and Preparatory Schools, 1896; is the author of *Democracy and Monarchy in France*, 1872, German edition, 1874; *Manual of Historical Literature*, 1882, 3rd edition, 1889; *British Orations*, 3 vols., 1883; *Christopher Columbus, His Life and Works*, 1892; editor in chief of *Johnson's Universal Cyclopedia*, 8 vols., 1895.

VICE-PRESIDENT OF THE UNIVERSITY.

JOHN BARBER PARKINSON, A. M., Vice-President of the University, professor of Constitutional and International Law, was born near Edwardsville, Madison county, Illinois, April 11, 1834; graduated at the University of Wisconsin in 1860; was appointed instructor in 1861; was a regent of the university in 1866, appointed full professor—the first from the Alumni—in 1867, and vice-president in 1885; has been connected with the university over thirty years; several addresses of his read before the State Agricultural Society, the Academy of Sciences, Arts and Letters, and other societies have been published; courses of lectures on International Law, English and American Constitutional Law and Political Economy have also been prepared, but have not yet been published.

EDWARD ASAHEL BIRGE, PH. D., Dean of the College of Letters and Science, was born September 7, 1851, at Troy, N. Y.; graduated from Williams College in 1873, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and received the degree of Master of Arts in 1876; studied zoology in the Agassiz Museum of Comparative Zoölogy at Cambridge, Mass., until December, 1875; received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy from Harvard University in 1878, and of Doctor of Science (honorary) from the Western University of Pennsylvania in 1897; studied histology and physiology in the University of Leipzig, Germany, during the college year 1880-1; elected instructor in natural history at the University of Wisconsin in 1875; professor of zoölogy in 1879, and in 1891 received the additional office of dean of the College of Letters and Science. He is secretary of the Wisconsin Commissioners of Fisheries and superintendent of the Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey. His papers are on scientific subjects, mainly in the *Archiv für Physiologie*, the *Biologisches Centralblatt*, and the *Transactions of the Wisconsin Academy of Sciences, Arts, and Letters*.

WILLIAM ARNON HENRY, Agr. B., Dean of the College of Agriculture, was born at Norwalk, Ohio, June 16, 1850. His early life was spent on a farm in northwestern Ohio. He studied at the Defiance, Ohio, high school, Holbrook normal school, and Ohio Wesleyan University. Was principal of the New Haven, Indiana, high school, 1871. Principal of the Boulder, Colorado, high school, 1873-76. Entered Cornell University in the fall of '76, and was graduated from that institution in 1880, with the degree of Bachelor of Agriculture. In the summer of 1897 was with Professor C. V. Riley of the United States Entomological Commission, Washington, D. C. During 1879 and 1880 was assistant in the botanical department at Cornell university. Was appointed professor of botany and agriculture, University of Wisconsin, beginning work in September, 1880. In 1882, was relieved of botanical work and elected professor of agriculture. In 1887 was given charge of the work of the experiment station under the title of Director. In 1891 was appointed Dean of the College of Agriculture. Present title, Dean of the College of Agriculture and Director of the Agricultural Experiment Station. Since 1887 has served as staff correspondent for the *Breeders' Gazette*, Chicago. In 1881-2, under the direction of the legislature, he conducted experiments in the manufacture of sugar from amber cane, and the ensiling of fodders, the report of the work being embraced in two volumes published by the state. The Experiment Station, under his direction, has issued fourteen annual reports and seventy bulletins. He is the author of the chapter on Cattle Feeding in the special report on Diseases of Cattle and Cattle Feeding, published by the Department of Agriculture, Washington. By direction of the legislature of 1895, he prepared a hand book for the homeseeker, a volume of 200 pages, with nearly 100 half-tone illustrations setting forth the agricultural features of northern Wisconsin. In December, 1896, he published a bulletin of 40 pages, showing that Wisconsin is adapted to the production of sugar from the beet root. In March, 1898, he published a volume of 661 pages on stock feeding, entitled "Feeds and Feeding: a Hand Book for the Student and Stockman."

JOHN BUTLER JOHNSON, B. S., C. E., Dean of the College of Mechanics and Engineering; born in Ohio in 1850; received a common and high school education; taught schools of various grades from 1867 to 1874, when he entered the University of Michigan, where he graduated in 1878. From 1878 to 1883 was engaged as engineer on the U. S. Lake Survey, and on the Mississippi River Commission. Since 1883 was Professor of Civil Engineering in Washington University, St. Louis, until the time of his appointment in this University, in January, 1899. He is a member of the Institution of Civil Engineers, London, England; of the American Society of Civil Engineers; of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers; Fellow and Past Vice President of the American Association for the Advancement of Science; secretary and past president of the Society for the Promotion of Engineering Education; president of the Engineers' Club, of St. Louis; member of the International Society for the Testing of Engineering Materials; member of the American Water Works Association; member of the St. Louis Academy of Sciences; member of the Missouri Historical Society, and since its organization has been chairman of the Executive Committee of the St. Louis Railway Club, this being the largest association of the kind in the country. He has published the following works: 1, Topographical Surveying, 1884; 2, Theory and Practice of Surveying, 1888; 3, Modern Frame Structures, 1893; 4, Engineering Contracts and Specifications, 1895; 5, Materials of Construction, 1897, 6, two volumes of indexed notes on current engineering literature, covering the period from 1884 to 1895. He has been a constant contributor to the proceedings of engineering societies and journals since 1880. None of his work can be considered as elementary in character, and as indicating their importance it may be mentioned that their combined list price is \$32. Their use is very general in the engineering schools throughout the country. Professor Johnson's address in the summer of 1896, as president of the Society for the Promotion of Education in Engineering, attracted wide attention, both in this country and in Europe. The subject of his address was "A Higher Industrial and Commercial Education as an Essential Condition of our Future Material Prosperity."

RICHARD THEODORE ELY, Ph. D., LL. D., Director of the School of Economics, Political Science and History, and Professor of Political Economy, was born at Ripley, Chautauqua county, New York, April 13, 1854. Columbia College, A. B., 1876; A. M., Columbia College, 1879; Ph. D., Heidelberg University, 1879; LL. D., Hobart College, 1892; Fellow in Letters, Columbia College, 1878-79; student at the universities of Halle, Heidelberg and Geneva, and at the Royal Statistical Bureau, Berlin, 1877-80; holder of the chair of Political Economy, Johns Hopkins University, 1881-92; secretary of the American Economic Association, 1885-92; member of the Baltimore Tax Commission, 1885-86; member of the Maryland Tax Commission, 1886-88; Professor of Political Economy and Director of the School of Economics, Political Science and History in the University of Wisconsin, 1892. Publications—*French and German Socialism in Modern Times*, New York, 1883; *The Past and the Present of Political Economy*, Baltimore, 1884; Japanese translation, Japan, 1888; *Taxation in American States and Cities*, New York, 1888; Japanese translation, Tokyo, Japan, 1894; *Problems of To-Day*, New York, 1888; *Social Aspects of Christianity*, New York, 1889; also London, 1894; *An Introduction to Political Economy*, New York and London, 1891; Japanese translation, Tokyo, Japan, 1890; Dutch translation, Amsterdam, Holland, 1897; *Outlines of Economics* (College edition), New York, 1893, also in raised characters for the blind; *Socialism and Social Reform*, New York and London, 1894; *the Social Law of Service*, New York, 1896. Frequent contributions to the *North American Review*, the *Forum*, *Harper's Magazine*, the *Century*, *Outlook*, *Harper's Weekly*, the *Independent*, etc.

GEORGE CARY COMSTOCK, Director of Washburn Observatory, was born in 1855, at Madison, Wis. Was educated in common schools and University of Michigan, graduating from the latter in 1877. Recorder and Assistant United States Lake Survey, seasons of 1874-77. Assistant in Observatory of the University of Michigan, 1878. Assistant engineer, United States Improvement of the Mississippi River, 1879. Assistant in Washburn Observatory, University of Wisconsin, 1880-83. Graduated from Law School, University of Wisconsin, 1883. Computer, Nautical Almanac Office, Washington, 1883-84. Astronomer, Washburn Observatory, 1884-85. Professor of Mathematics and Astronomy, Ohio State University, 1885-87. Professor of Astronomy, University of Wisconsin, and Associate Director Washburn Observatory, 1887. Director Washburn Observatory, 1889. Visited the principal European observatories, 1890 and 1894. Published five volumes of Publications of the Washburn Observatory. *Method of Least Squares*, 1889. Numerous scientific papers in the *Astronomical Journal*, *Sidereal Messenger*, *Astronomy and Astro-Physics*, *Astronomische Nachrichten*, *Astro-physical Journal*, etc.

EDWIN EUSTACE BRYANT, Dean of the College of Law, was born January 10, 1835, in Milton, Chittenden county, Vermont. He received an academic education in the New Hampshire Institute, spending two years in the classical department; removed to Wisconsin in 1857, was admitted to the bar and began the practice of law at Monroe. Was engaged in the practice of law at Monroe until the rebellion broke out, when he enlisted as a private in Company C, Third Wisconsin Infantry. He was promoted to sergeant-major before leaving the state; served three years, first as lieutenant, and in 1862 became adjutant of his regiment under Colonel, now General Thomas H. Ruger. In July, 1864, he was appointed commissioner of enrollment for the third district of Wisconsin, and in February, 1865, was commissioned lieutenant-colonel of the Fifth Wisconsin Infantry, and served one year in Missouri. In 1868 he was appointed adjutant-general of the state and private secretary to Governor Fairchild. At the expiration of Governor Fairchild's administration, in 1872, he re-entered the practice of law, in partnership with W. F. Vilas. In 1876, he again became adjutant-general under Governor Ludington, was reappointed by Governor Smith, in 1878, and continued in office until 1882; was a member of the legislature in 1878, and served as chairman of the committee on revision of the state statutes; was appointed by W. F. Vilas to revise and annotate eighteen volumes of the supreme court reports, and reported the thirty-seventh volume. In 1884

was appointed assistant attorney general of the Postoffice Department, which position he held four years. In 1889, General Bryant was elected Dean of the College of Law of the University of Wisconsin, to which he has since given his entire time and attention. He has been a fertile writer on subjects relating to his profession. In 1869, associated with John C. Spooner, he published an edition of Town Laws, with forms and instructions for town officers. While connected with the postoffice department he edited the Postal Guide, and compiled a volume of postal laws and regulations and a manual of instructions to post-office inspectors. He is the author of several works on legal subjects: *The Wisconsin Justice*, a manual for justices of the peace (1884), *Code Pleading* (1894), *Elementary Law* (1895), *Code Forms for use in Wisconsin*, besides various notes of lectures. His military experiences are recorded in the *History of the Third Regiment Wisconsin Veteran Volunteers*, written by him, published in 1891. In 1896, he wrote a history of the Supreme court of Wisconsin for the Green Bag, a law magazine published in Boston. In 1898, he brought out "*Wisconsin Code Practice*," an elaborate work on procedure in the courts of Wisconsin; and is completing at present the second volume of the same. He has been president of the Commissioners of Fisheries since 1893.

CHARLES NOBLE GREGORY, A. M., LL. B., Professor of Law and Associate Dean of the College of Law, University of Wisconsin, was born at Unadilla, Otsego county, N. Y., August 27, 1851. He removed to Madison, Wis., with his father (the late Hon. J. C. Gregory) in 1858. Graduated with honor at the University of Wisconsin in 1871, taking the Latin salutatory, and a year later graduated in the College of Law of the University of Wisconsin. Studied law with the firm of Gregory & Pinney, composed of his father and Mr. Justice Pinney, late of the supreme court of Wisconsin, and became junior partner of the firm. Later was a member of the firms of Gregory & Gregory, and of Gregory, Bird & Gregory. He for years held an annual retainer from C., M. & St. P. Ry. Served three years as alderman of the city of Madison (1882-3-4), one year as a member of the Board of Education, and one year as president of the Alumni Association of the University of Wisconsin. Edited *The Tariff Reform Advocate* in 1888, and has published articles in *old Scribner's Magazine*, *Littell's Living Age*, *Overland Monthly*, *Harper's Weekly*, *Outing*, *Youth's Companion*, *New York Nation*, *New York Evening Post*, *New York Independent*, *Harvard Law Review*, *The London Law Times*, *The Legal Adviser*, *The Law Quarterly Review of London*, *The American Law Review*, *The American Lawyer*, *The Law Register and Review*, and in the publications of the American Bar Association, and many western newspapers and publications. Has also published pamphlets on "*The Corrupt Use of Money in Elections, and Laws for Its Prevention*," and given addresses in New York, Chicago and elsewhere on the topic. He has long been a member of the General Committee of the National Civil Service Reform Association, and is president of the Wisconsin Civil Service Reform Association, and also a member of the American Bar Association. In 1897, he was made a member of the general council of the American Bar Association, and elected one of the three elective members of its executive committee, and he was re-elected in 1898. He is one of the curators of the State Historical Society and one of the directors of the Madison Free Library. He was elected to his present position in the faculty in June, 1894.

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of <i>quo warranto</i> , may issue from supreme court, sec. 3, art. 7, state con.	28
may issue from circuit court, sec. 8, art. 7, state con.	29

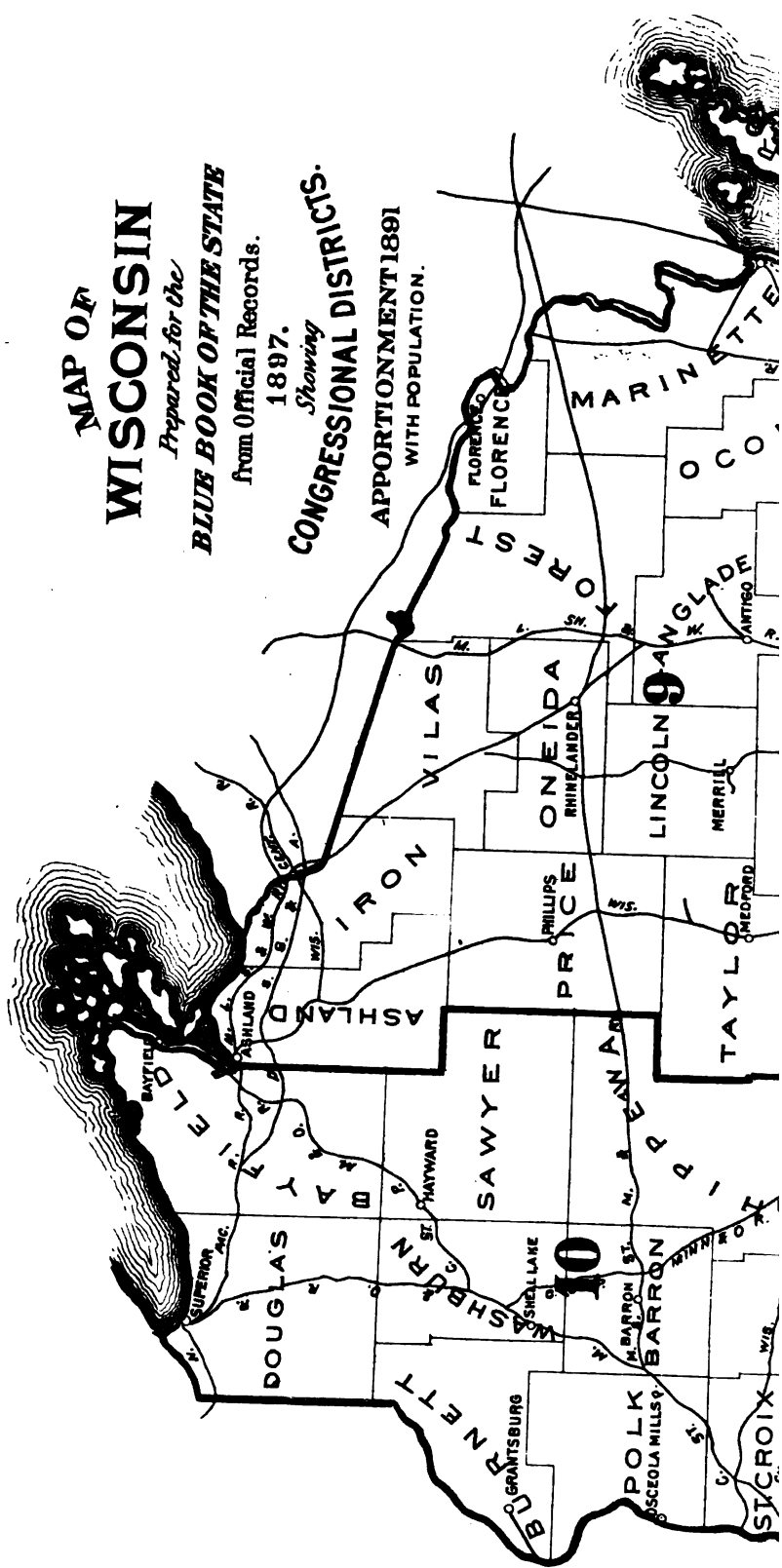
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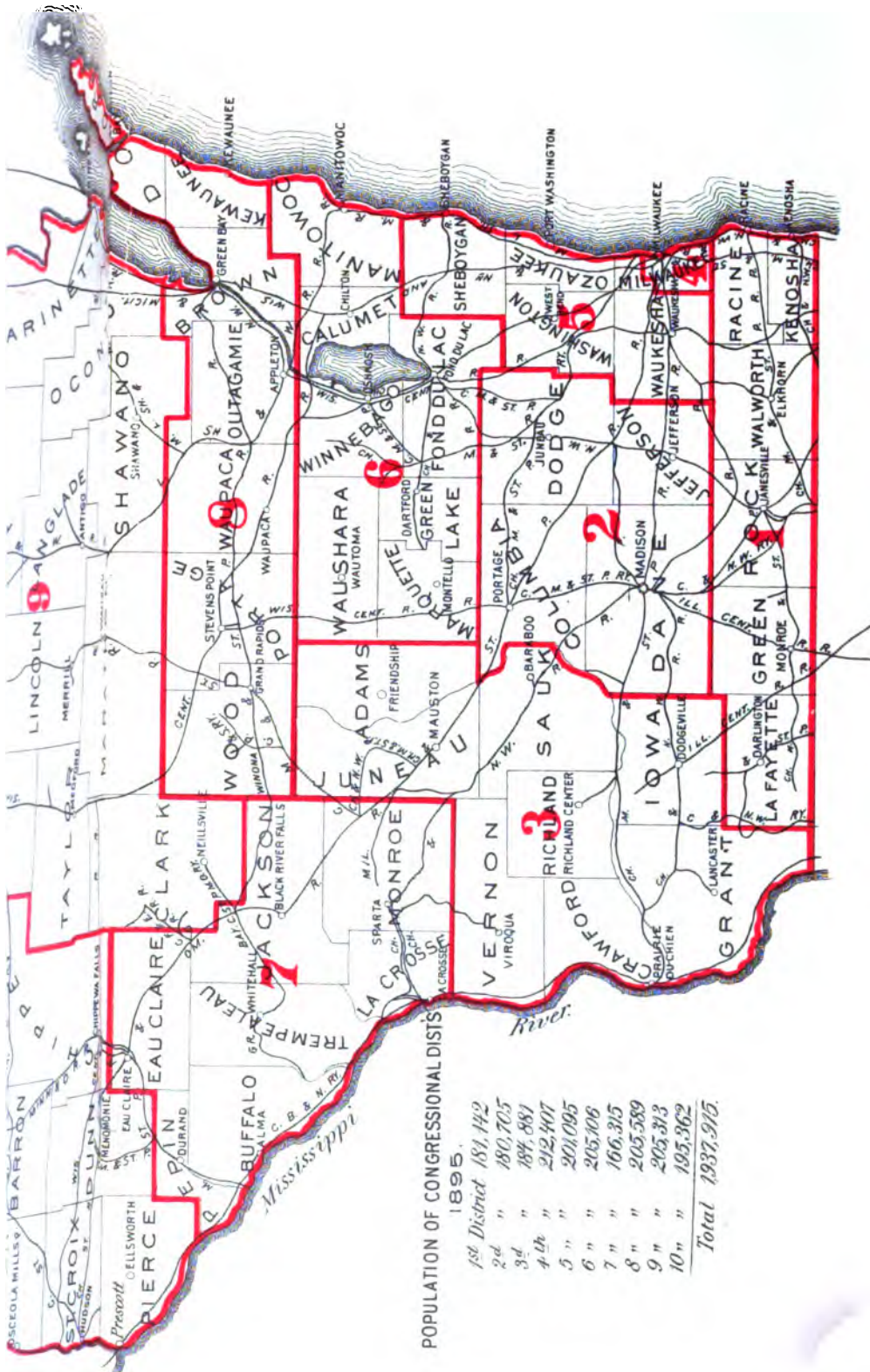
YEAR, political, when to commence, sec. 1, art. 13, state con.	34-45
YEAS AND NAYS, entered on journal, sec. 5, art. 1, U. S. con.	6
when shall be taken in legislature, sec. 20, art. 4, state con.	25
on passage of what, shall be entered upon the journal, sec. 8, art. 8, state con.	31
may be required by one-fifth	79
to be taken alphabetically	79
all present shall vote unless excused, when called and decision announced, no member allowed to vote	79
how questions are determined by	79-80
no member to vote unless present	80

MAP OF WISCONSIN

Prepared for the
BLUE BOOK OF THE STATE
from Official Records.
1897.

Showing
CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.
APPORTIONMENT 1891
WITH POPULATION.



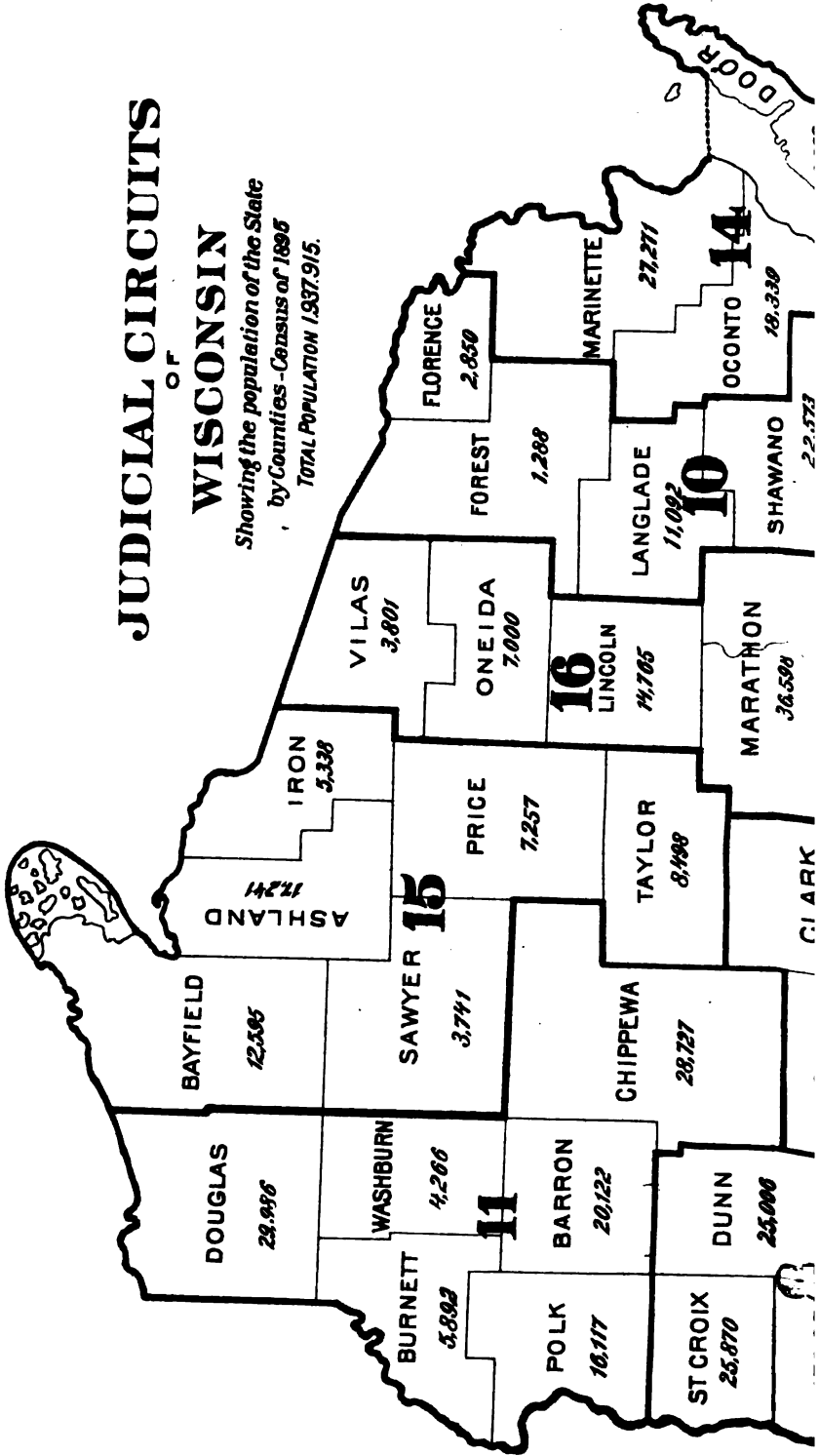


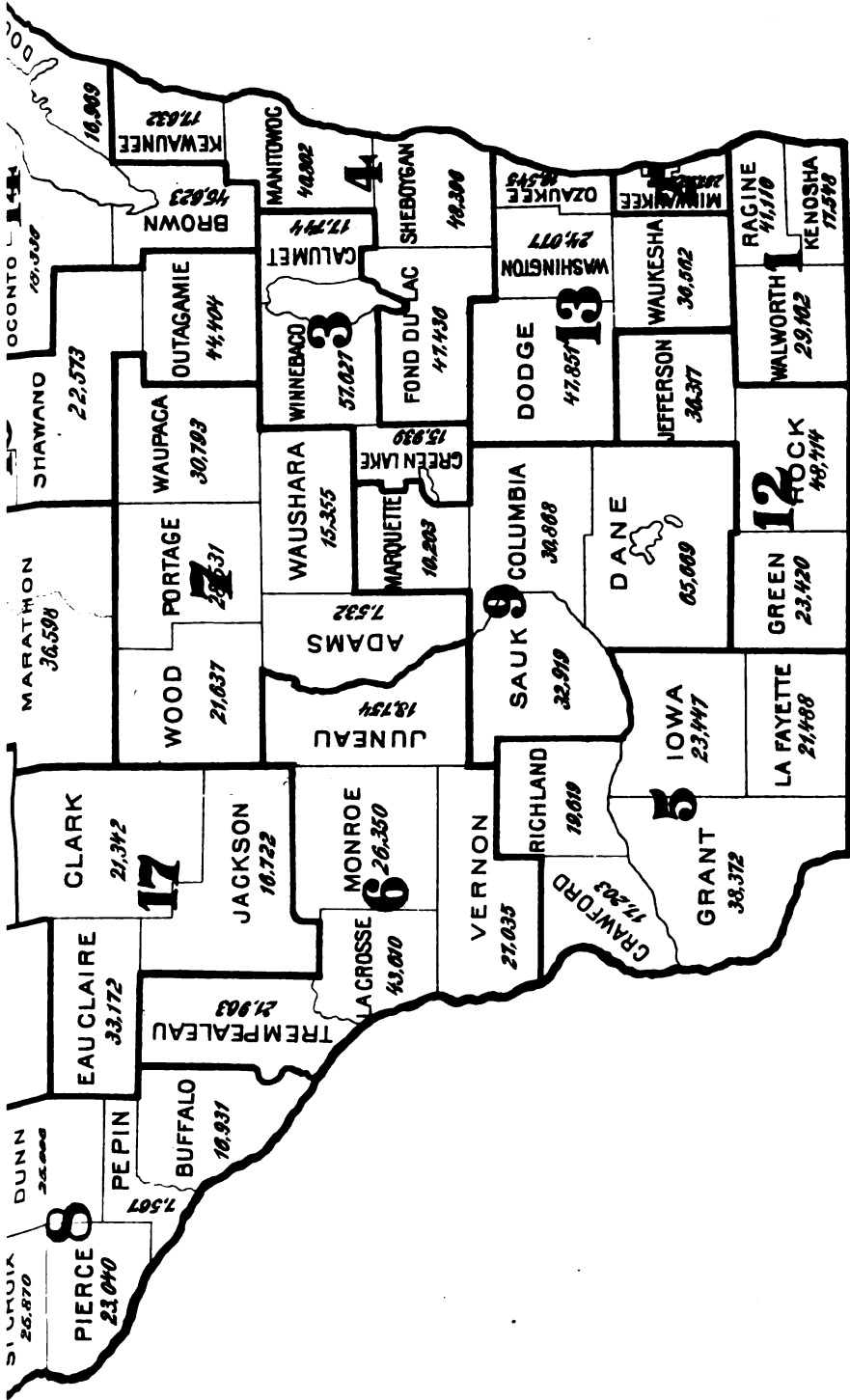
POPULATION OF CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS

1895.	
1st District	181,442
2d "	180,705
3d "	184,881
4th "	212,407
5 "	201,095
6 "	205,106
7 "	166,315
8 "	205,589
9 "	205,313
10 "	195,362
Total	1,937,915.

JUDICIAL CIRCUITS OF WISCONSIN

*Showing the population of the State
by Counties - Census of 1895
TOTAL POPULATION 1,937,915.*





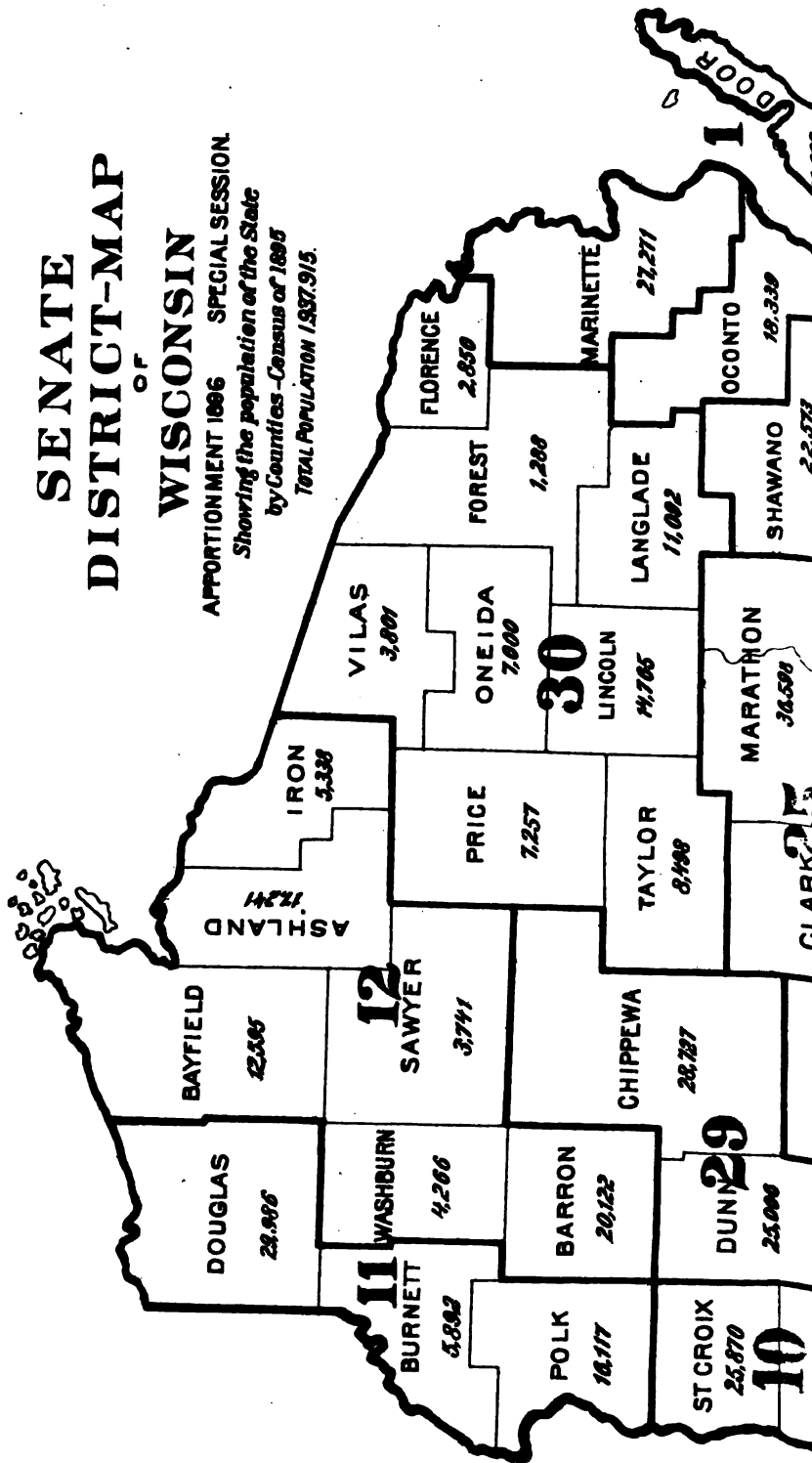
SENATE DISTRICT-MAP OF

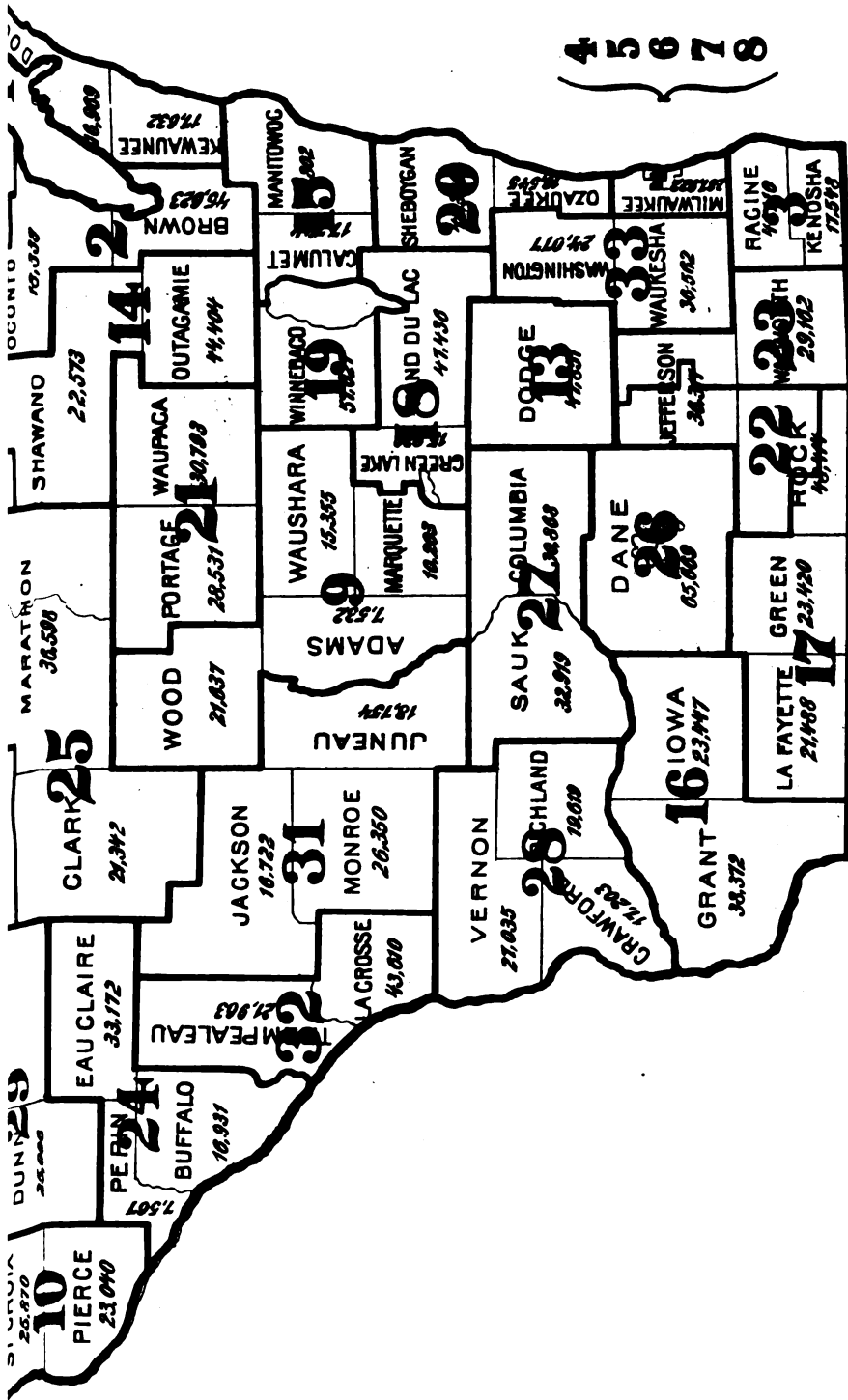
WISCONSIN

APPORTIONMENT 1896 SPECIAL SESSION

*Showing the population of the State
by Counties - Census of 1895*

TOTAL POPULATION 1,937,915.





4 5 6 7 8



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